

**MATH11007 SHEET 15: PARAMETRIC CURVES, ARCLENGTH
ETC.**

Set on Tuesday, February 14: Qs 2, 4, and 5.

- (1) For the following curves, find (i) y' and (ii) y'' .

(a) $x(t) = 1 + t, y(t) = t + t^2$.
(b) $x(t) = 1 + 1/t^2, y(t) = 3t + 1$.
(c) $x(t) = a \cos(2t), y(t) = b \sin t$.
(d) $x(\theta) = a \cos^2 \theta, y(\theta) = b \sin^3 \theta$.
(e) $x(t) = e^{-t} \cos t, y(t) = e^{-t} \sin t$.

Plot these curves using Maple's `plot[parametric]` command. Then, for (a)-(d), find an equation of the form $y = f(x)$ for the curve. Hence verify your answers.

- (2) Find the cartesian coordinates of the highest point of the curve of parametric equation $x(t) = e^t, y(t) = t - t^2$.

- (3) Find the equations of the tangent line and of the normal line to the following curves at the specified point.

(a) $x(t) = ae^{-t}, y(t) = be^{2t}$ at $t = 0$.
(b) $x(\theta) = a \cos^4 \theta, y(\theta) = a \sin^4 \theta$ at $\theta = \pi/3$.

- (4) Consider the curve defined by $x(t) = t^2 - 1$ and $y(t) = t^3 - t$. Locate the points where the tangent line is (i) horizontal and (ii) vertical. Show that, at the point where the curve crosses itself, the two tangent lines are mutually orthogonal.

- (5) Find the length of the following curves.

(a) $x(t) = e^t \cos t, y(t) = e^t \sin t, z(t) = e^t, 0 \leq t \leq 3$.
(b) $x(t) = \ln \sqrt{1+t^2}, y(t) = \arctan t, z(t) = 1, 0 \leq t \leq 1/\sqrt{3}$.
(c) $x(\theta) = 2 \cos \theta + \cos(2\theta) + 1, y(\theta) = 2 \sin \theta + \sin(2\theta), 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/4$.

- (6) The position of a particle at time t is given by

$$x(t) = \frac{t^2}{2}, y(t) = \frac{1}{9}(6t+8)^{\frac{3}{2}}, z(t) = t, 0 \leq t \leq 4.$$

Find the distance travelled by the particle.

- (7) Show that the curvature of a straight line is 0.

- (8) Find the points of maximum curvature of the curve $x(t) = 2 \tan t, y(t) = \tan^2 t$.

REFERENCES

1. Frank Ayres, Jr. and Elliott Mendelson, *Schaum's Outline of Calculus, Fourth Edition* Chapters 37 and 38, Mc-Graw-Hill, 1999.