

# Markov chains from a distance: shocking particles

Márton Balázs

School of Mathematics

Matrix, University of Bristol, 2 December, 2020

Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

Stationary distribution

The infinite model

Hydrodynamics

Characteristics

End of the traffic jam

Start of the traffic jam

Remarks

$\mathbf{A} \oplus \ominus 0$  model

# Being ageless

⌚ ← This will be an *Exponential* alarm clock that rings at time  $\tau$ .  
We like its *memoryless property*.

# Being ageless

⌚ ← This will be an *Exponential* alarm clock that rings at time  $\tau$ .  
We like its *memoryless property*.

~~> What is the probability that an ⌚ rings within a small time  $t$ ?

# Being ageless

⌚ ← This will be an *Exponential* alarm clock that rings at time  $\tau$ .  
We like its *memoryless property*.

↝ What is the probability that an ⌚ rings within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} = 1 - \mathbf{P}\{\tau > t\} = 1 - e^{-t} \simeq 1 - (1-t) + \text{error} = t + \text{error}.$$

# Being ageless

⌚ ← This will be an *Exponential* alarm clock that rings at time  $\tau$ .  
We like its *memoryless property*.

~~> What is the probability that an ⌚ rings within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} = 1 - \mathbf{P}\{\tau > t\} = 1 - e^{-t} \simeq 1 - (1-t) + \text{error} = t + \text{error}.$$

~~> What is the probability that *two* independent ⌚ both ring within a small time  $t$ ?

# Being ageless

⌚ ← This will be an *Exponential* alarm clock that rings at time  $\tau$ .  
We like its *memoryless property*.

↝ What is the probability that an ⌚ rings within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} = 1 - \mathbf{P}\{\tau > t\} = 1 - e^{-t} \simeq 1 - (1-t) + \text{error} = t + \text{error}.$$

↝ What is the probability that *two* independent ⌚ both ring within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} \cdot \mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} \simeq t^2 + \text{error} = \text{error}.$$

# Being ageless

⌚ ← This will be an *Exponential* alarm clock that rings at time  $\tau$ .  
We like its *memoryless property*.

↝ What is the probability that an ⌚ rings within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} = 1 - \mathbf{P}\{\tau > t\} = 1 - e^{-t} \simeq 1 - (1-t) + \text{error} = t + \text{error}.$$

↝ What is the probability that *two* independent ⌚ both ring within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} \cdot \mathbf{P}\{\tau \leq t\} \simeq t^2 + \text{error} = \text{error}.$$

→ More ⌚'s, even smaller probability.

# Being ageless

~ What is the probability that *none* of  $k$  independent  's ring within a small time  $t$ ?

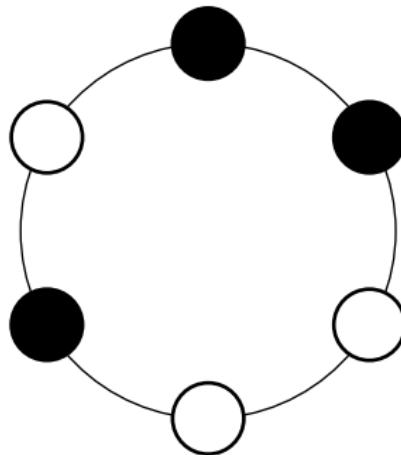
# Being ageless

~ What is the probability that *none* of  $k$  independent  's ring within a small time  $t$ ?

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{P}\{\text{none of them ring}\} &= \mathbf{P}\{\tau > t\}^k \\ &= e^{-kt} \\ &\simeq (1 - kt) + \text{error.}\end{aligned}$$

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

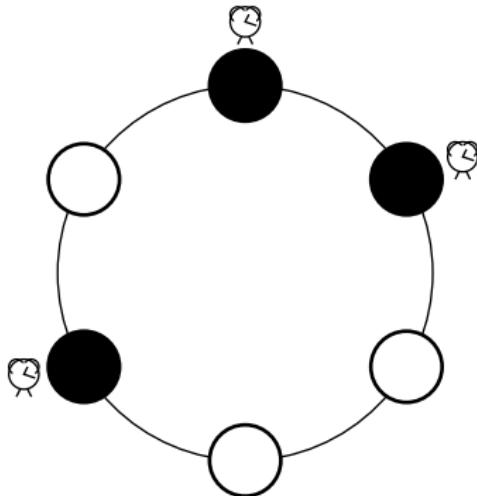
*TASEP*



$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

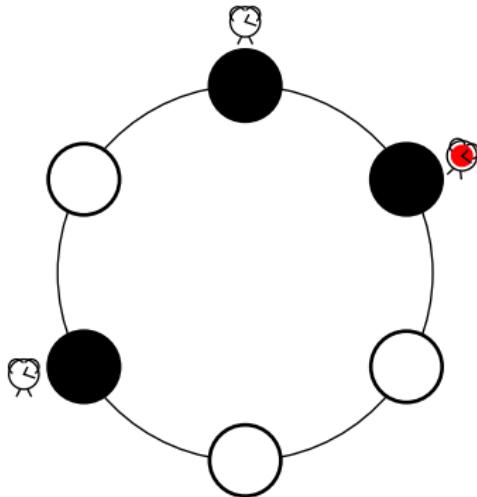


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

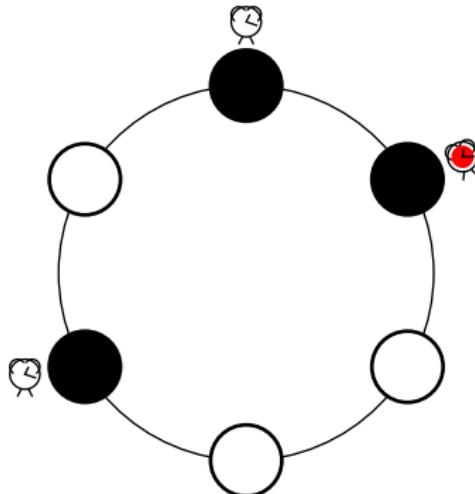


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

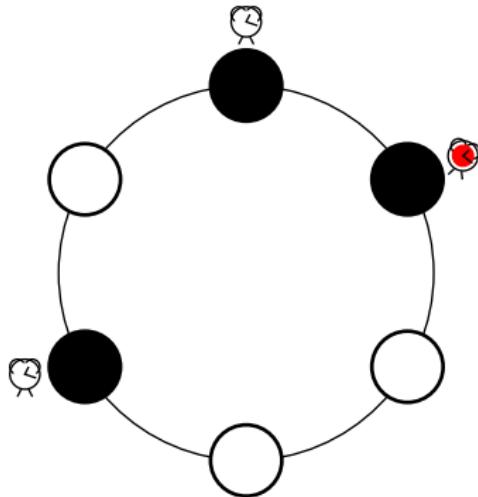


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

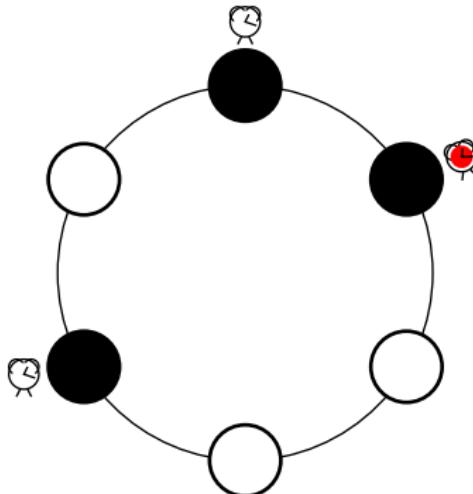


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

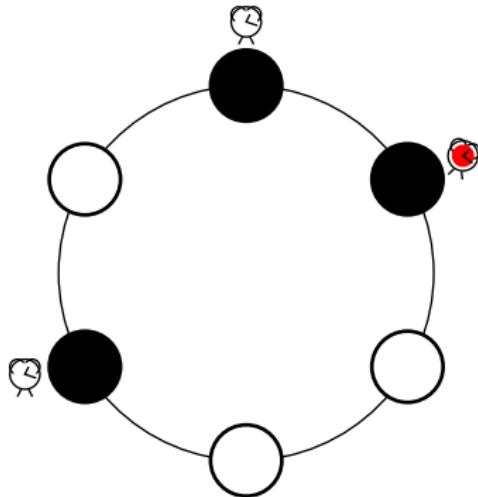


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

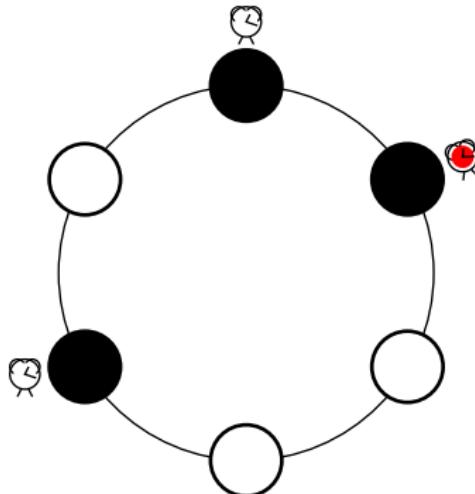


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

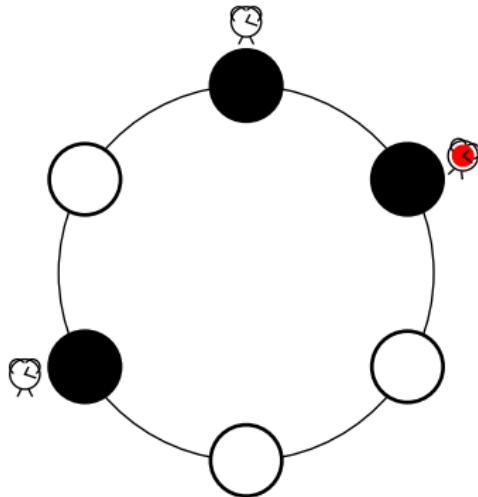


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

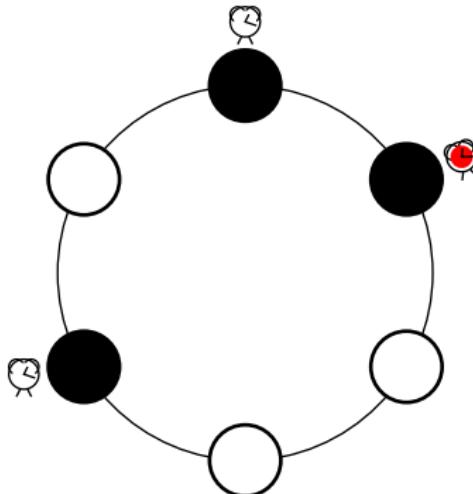


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

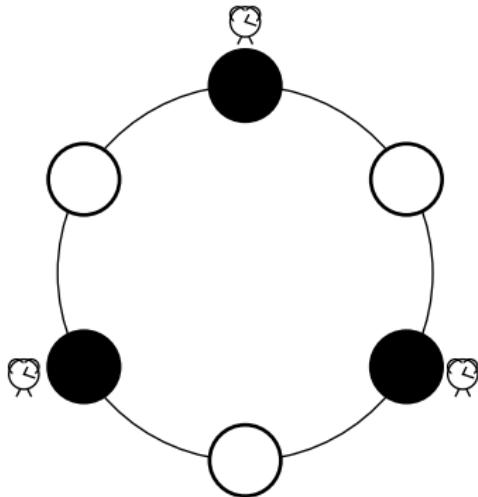


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

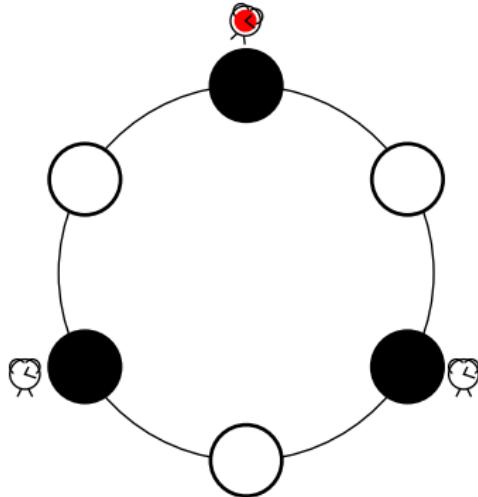


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

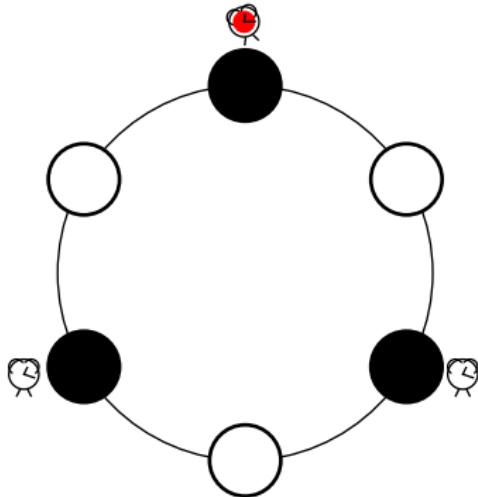


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

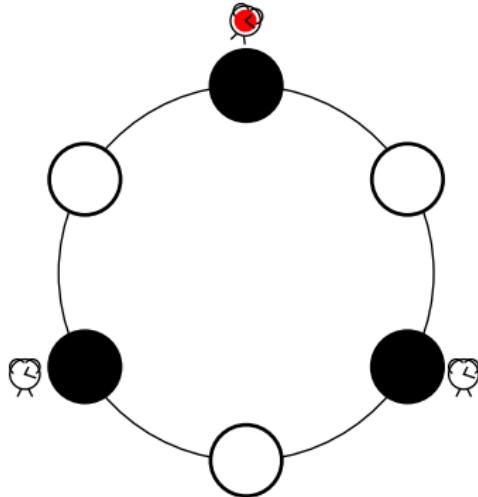


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

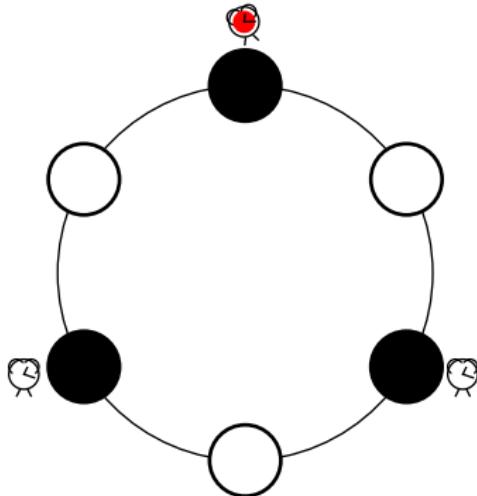


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

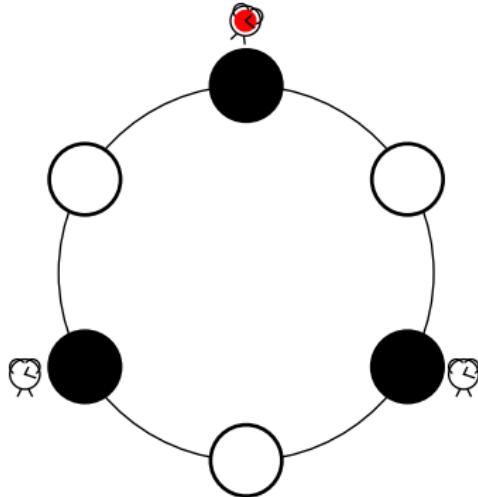


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

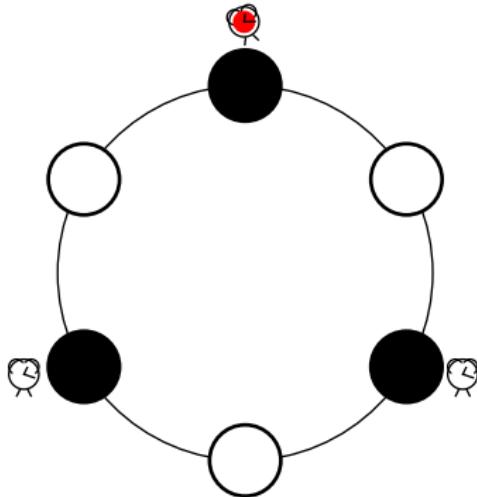


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

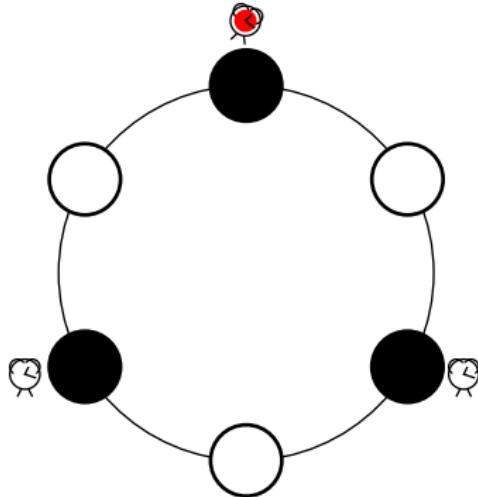


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

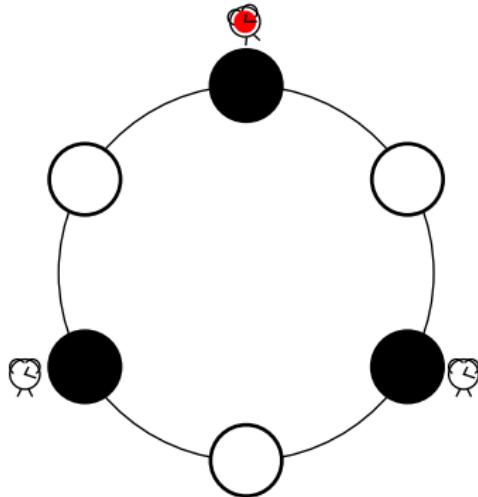


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

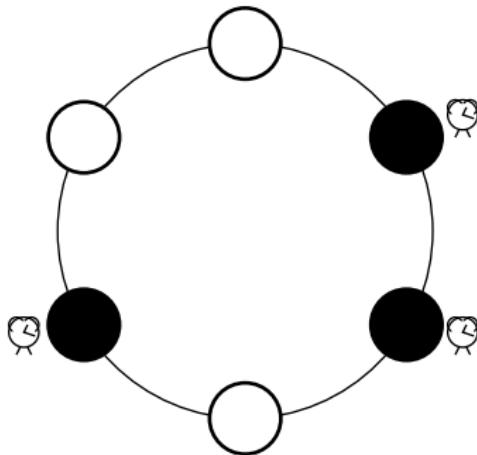


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

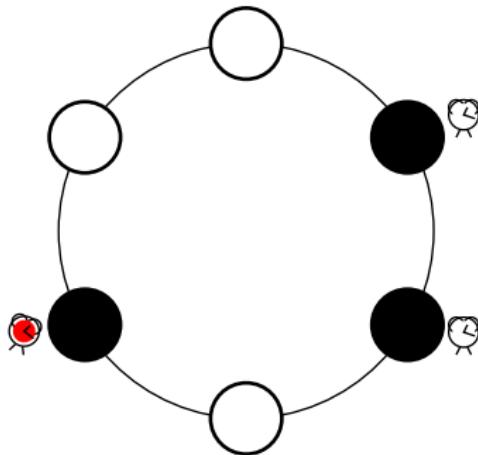


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

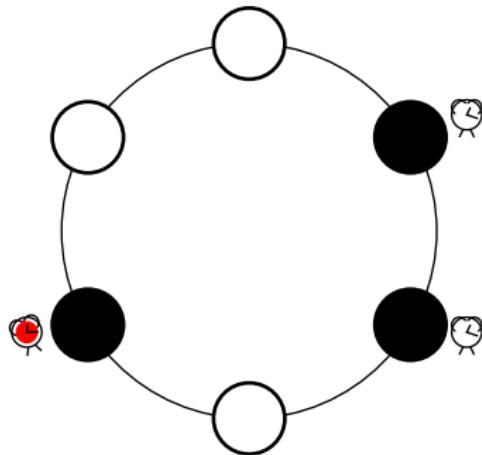


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

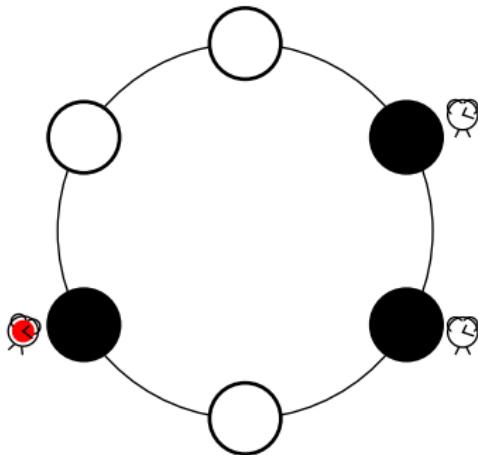


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

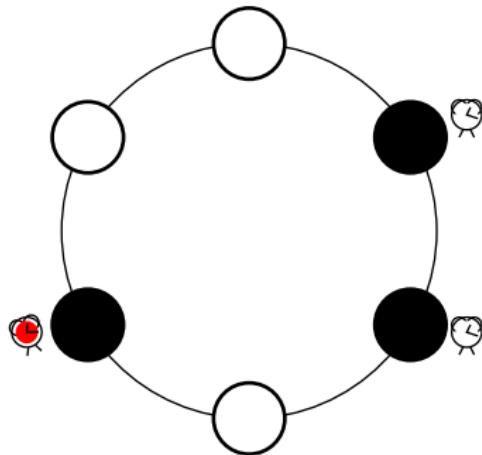


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

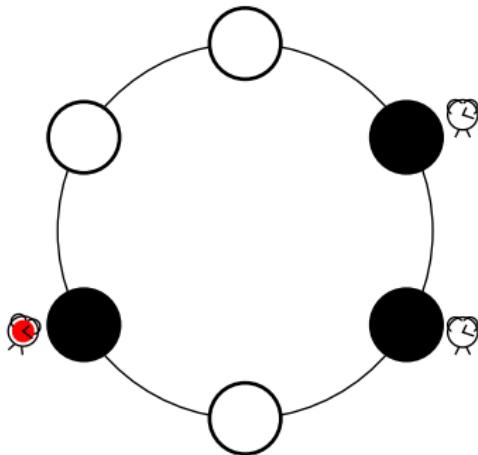


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

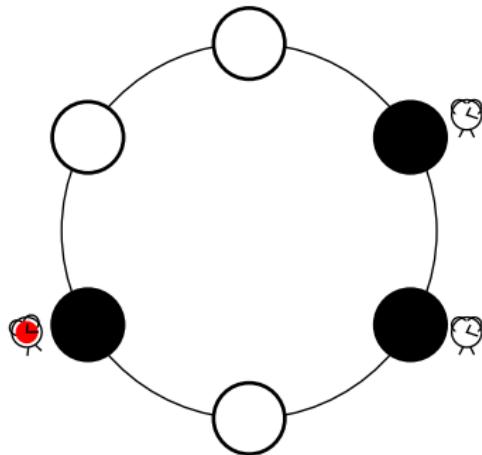


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

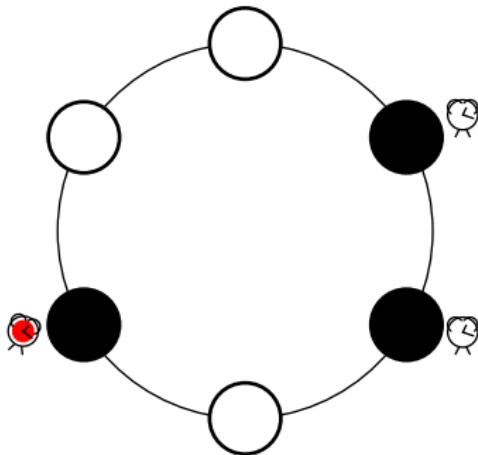


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

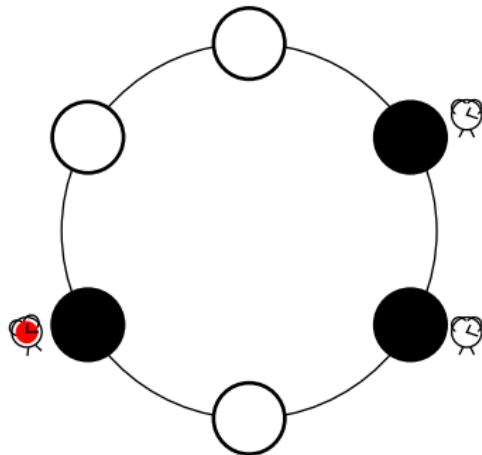


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

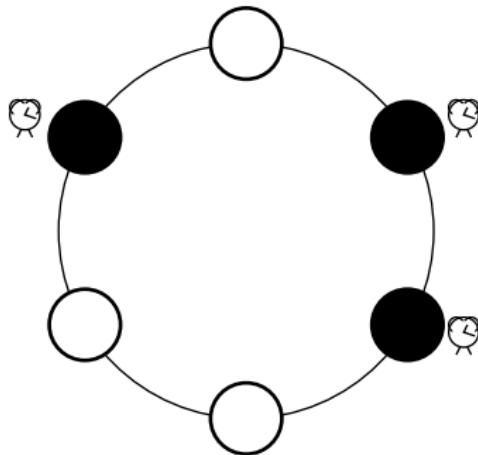


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

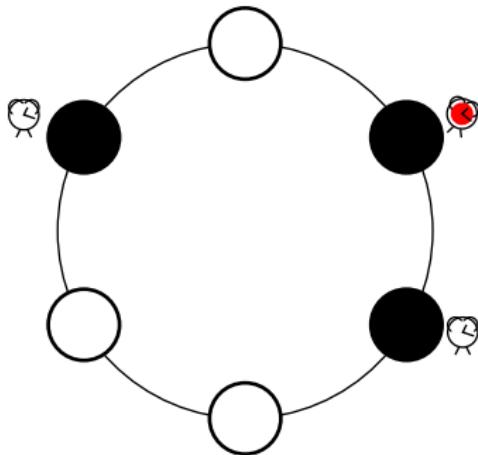


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

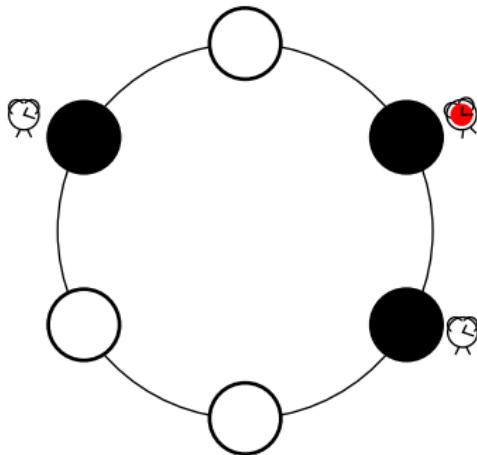


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

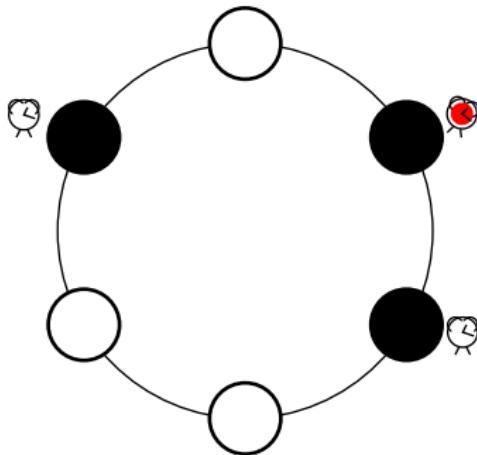


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

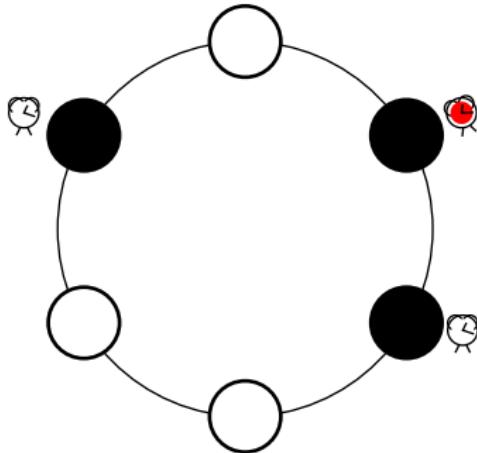


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

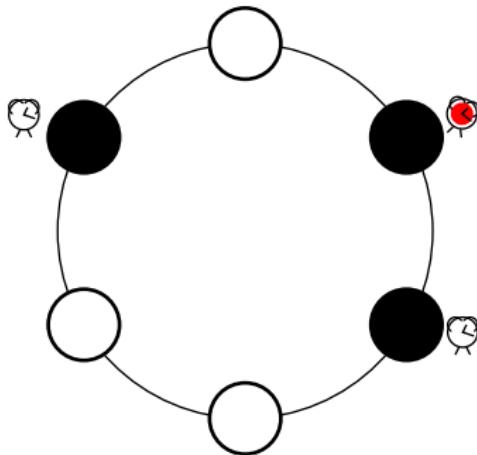


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

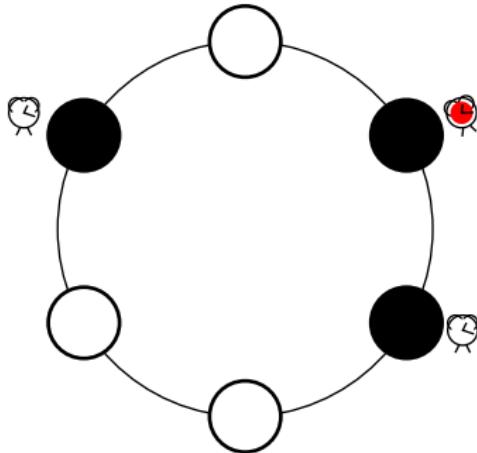


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

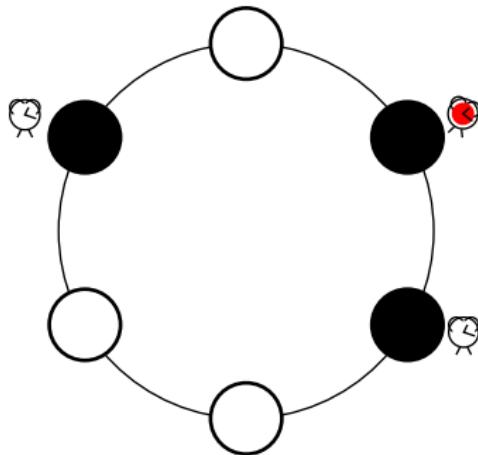


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

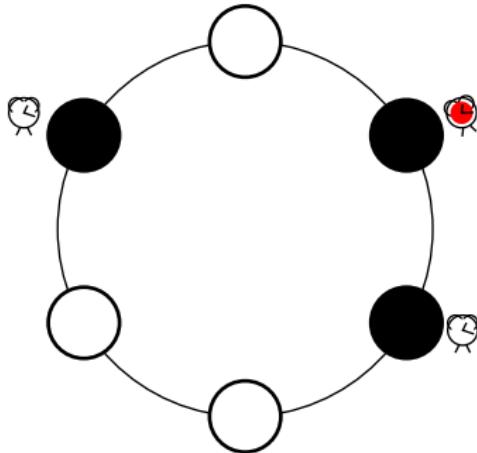


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

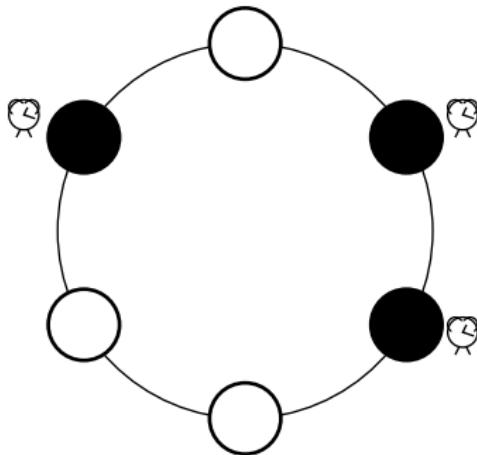


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right.

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP

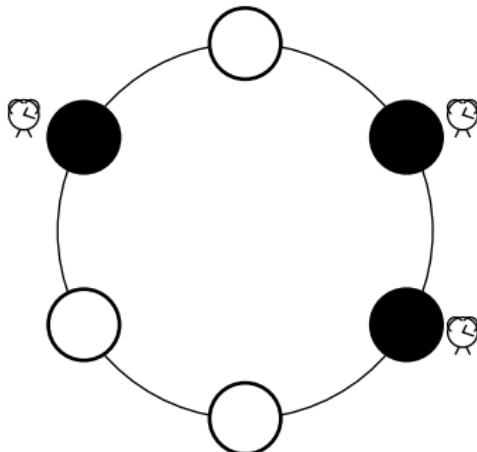


$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right. **But sometimes it's blocked.**

# The Totally Asymmetric Simple Exclusion Process

TASEP



$m$  balls in  $N$  possible slots.

Each listening to its own . When that rings, the ball tries to jump to the right. **But sometimes it's blocked.**

**Memoryless, independent 's**  $\Rightarrow$  if we know the present, no need to know the past. *Markov property*, makes things handy.

# Stationary distribution

Random process  $\rightsquigarrow$  need to talk about *distributions*.

# Stationary distribution

Random process  $\rightsquigarrow$  need to talk about *distributions*.

What is the stationary distribution **the one that's unchanged in time**?

# Stationary distribution

Random process  $\rightsquigarrow$  need to talk about *distributions*.

What is the stationary distribution **the one that's unchanged in time**?

## Theorem

With  $N$  and  $m$  fixed, the distribution that gives equal chance to each (*m-ball*) configuration, is stationary.

# Stationary distribution

Random process  $\rightsquigarrow$  need to talk about *distributions*.

What is the stationary distribution **the one that's unchanged in time**?

## Theorem

With  $N$  and  $m$  fixed, the distribution that gives equal chance to each (*m-ball*) configuration, is stationary.

### 1<sup>st</sup> remark.

In this case every configuration occurs with probability  $1/\binom{N}{m}$ .

# Stationary distribution

Random process  $\rightsquigarrow$  need to talk about *distributions*.

What is the stationary distribution **the one that's unchanged in time**?

## Theorem

With  $N$  and  $m$  fixed, the distribution that gives equal chance to each (*m-ball*) configuration, is stationary.

### 1<sup>st</sup> remark.

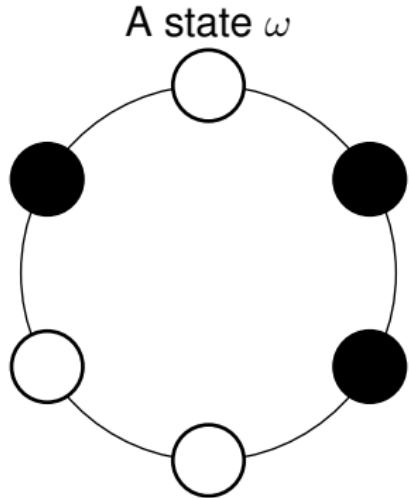
In this case every configuration occurs with probability  $1/\binom{N}{m}$ .

### 2<sup>nd</sup> remark.

With fixed  $N$ ,  $m$ , there is no other stationary distribution.

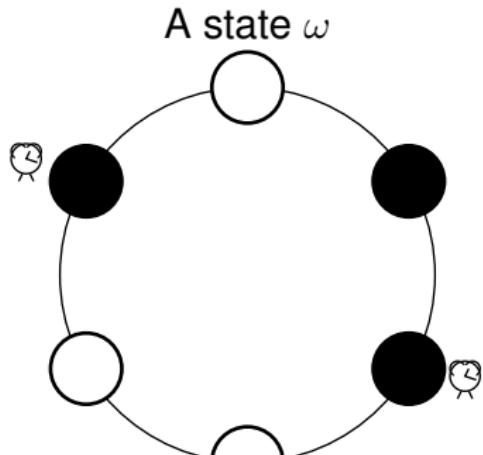
# Stationary distribution

Almost proof



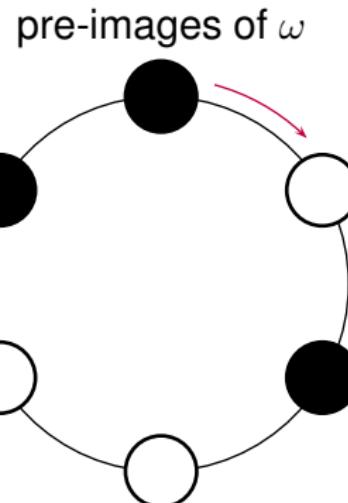
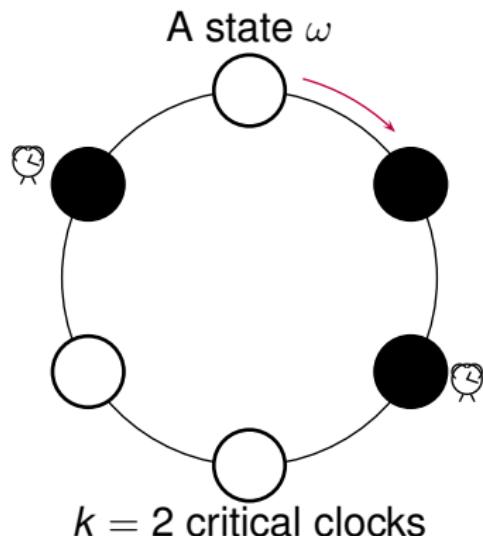
# Stationary distribution

Almost proof



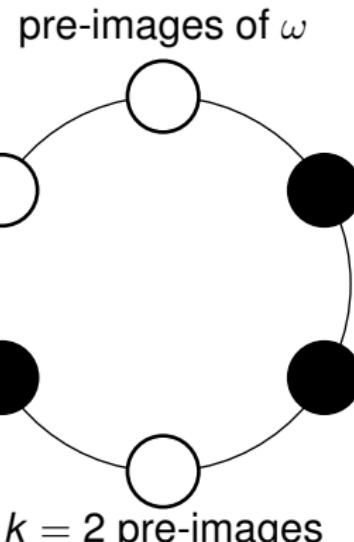
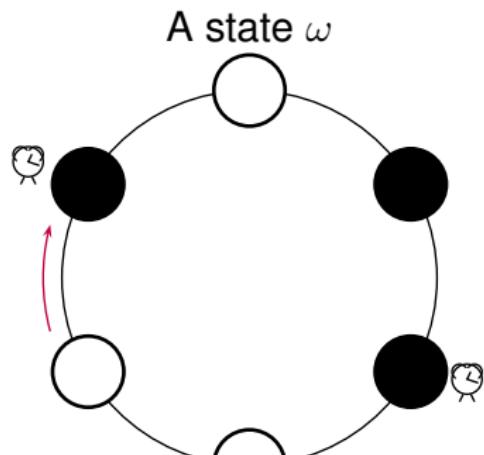
# Stationary distribution

Almost proof



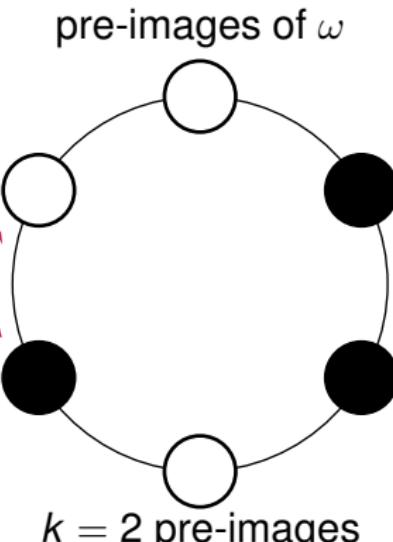
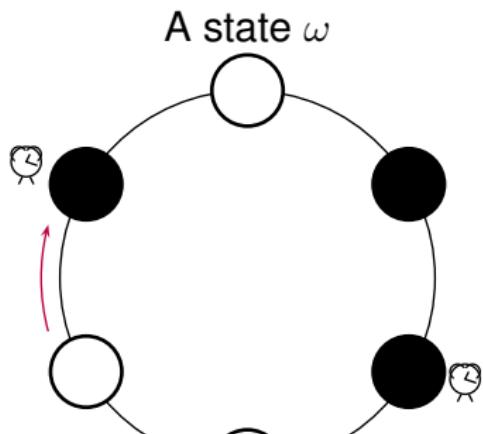
# Stationary distribution

Almost proof



# Stationary distribution

Almost proof



The number of critical clocks for  $\omega$  = the number of pre-images of  $\omega$  =  $k$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

Suppose that each configuration has the same probability  $p$  at time  $s$ . What is the probability of the state  $\omega$  after a small time  $t$ ?

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

Suppose that each configuration has the same probability  $p$  at time  $s$ . What is the probability of the state  $\omega$  after a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

Suppose that each configuration has the same probability  $p$  at time  $s$ . What is the probability of the state  $\omega$  after a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and no jumps within time } t\}$$

$$+ \mathbf{P}\{\text{was a pre-image of } \omega \text{ at time } s, \text{ and jumps to } \omega\}$$

$$+ \text{error (at least two jumps occur within the small time } t)$$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

Suppose that each configuration has the same probability  $p$  at time  $s$ . What is the probability of the state  $\omega$  after a small time  $t$ ?

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and no jumps within time } t\}$$

$$+ \mathbf{P}\{\text{was a pre-image of } \omega \text{ at time } s, \text{ and jumps to } \omega\}$$

$$+ \text{error (at least two jumps occur within the small time } t)$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and none of the } k \text{ critical } \textcircled{Q} \text{ 's ring}\}$$

$$+ \sum_{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega} \mathbf{P}\{\eta \text{ at time } s \text{ and the right critical } \textcircled{Q} \text{ rings}\}$$
$$+ \text{error}$$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and none of the } k \text{ critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s ring}\}$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} \mathbf{P}\{\eta \text{ at time } s \text{ and the right critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s rings}\}$$

+ error

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and none of the } k \text{ critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s ring}\}$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} \mathbf{P}\{\eta \text{ at time } s \text{ and the right critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s rings}\}$$

+ error

$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} p \cdot t + \text{error}$$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and none of the } k \text{ critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s ring}\}$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} \mathbf{P}\{\eta \text{ at time } s \text{ and the right critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s rings}\}$$

+ error

$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} p \cdot t + \text{error}$$

$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + k \cdot p \cdot t + \text{error}$$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and none of the } k \text{ critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s ring}\}$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} \mathbf{P}\{\eta \text{ at time } s \text{ and the right critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s rings}\}$$

+ error

$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} p \cdot t + \text{error}$$

$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + k \cdot p \cdot t + \text{error} = p + \text{error}.$$

# Stationary distribution

## Almost proof

$$\mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s+t\}$$

$$= \mathbf{P}\{\omega \text{ at time } s \text{ and none of the } k \text{ critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s ring}\}$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} \mathbf{P}\{\eta \text{ at time } s \text{ and the right critical } \text{⌚}'\text{s rings}\}$$

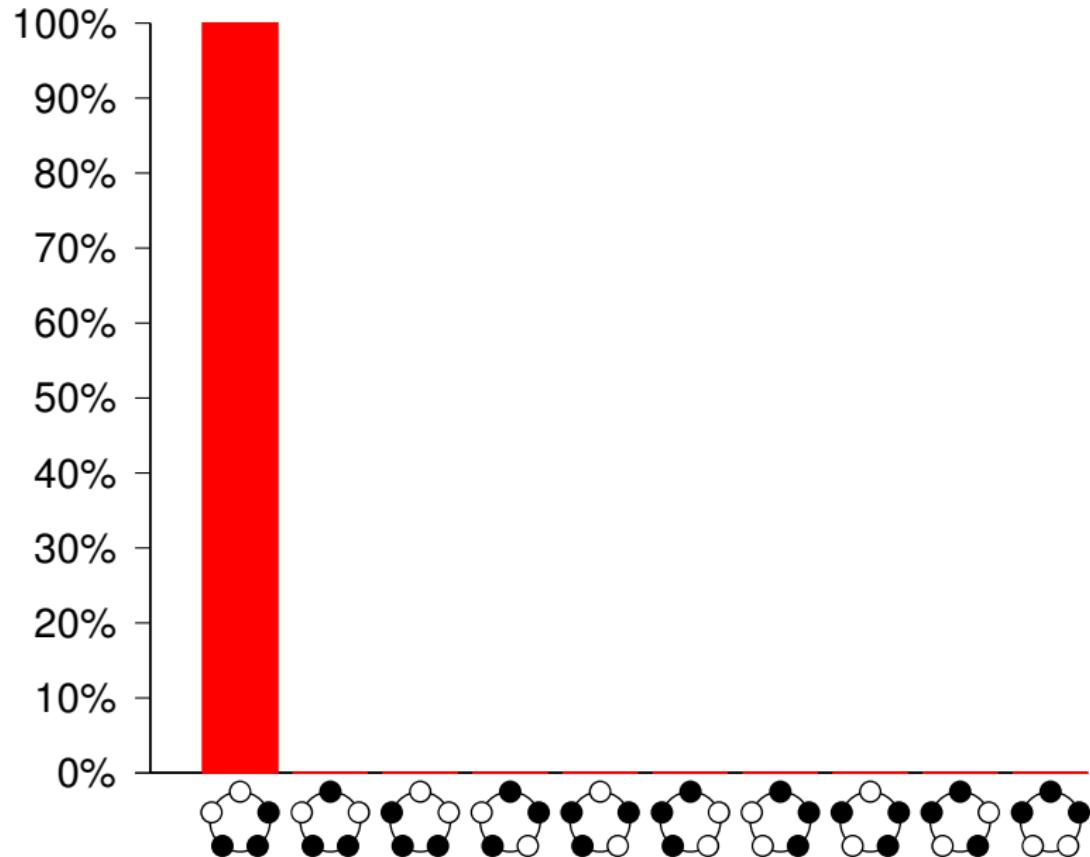
+ error

$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + \sum_{\substack{\eta \text{ is a pre-image of } \omega}} p \cdot t + \text{error}$$

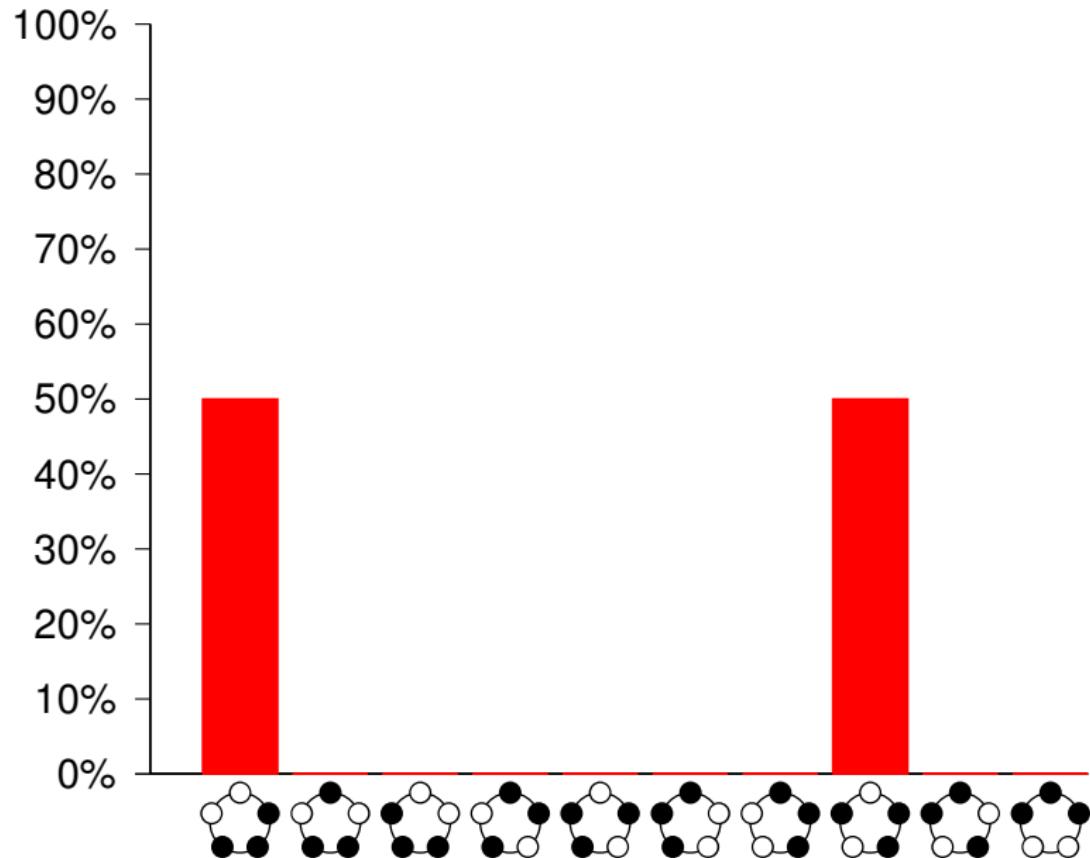
$$= p \cdot (1 - kt) + k \cdot p \cdot t + \text{error} = p + \text{error}.$$

In fact  $\text{error} \simeq t^2$ , stays small if summed up for more and more smaller and smaller intervals of length  $t$ . □

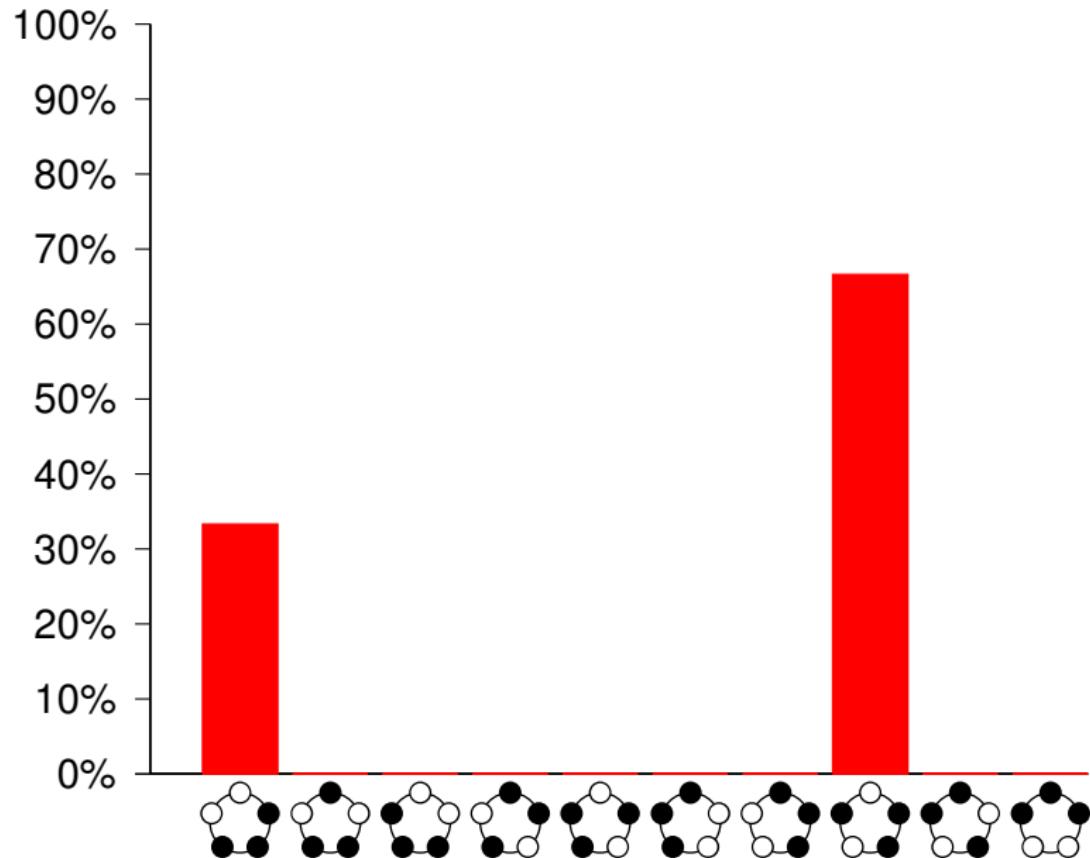
# Stationary distribution



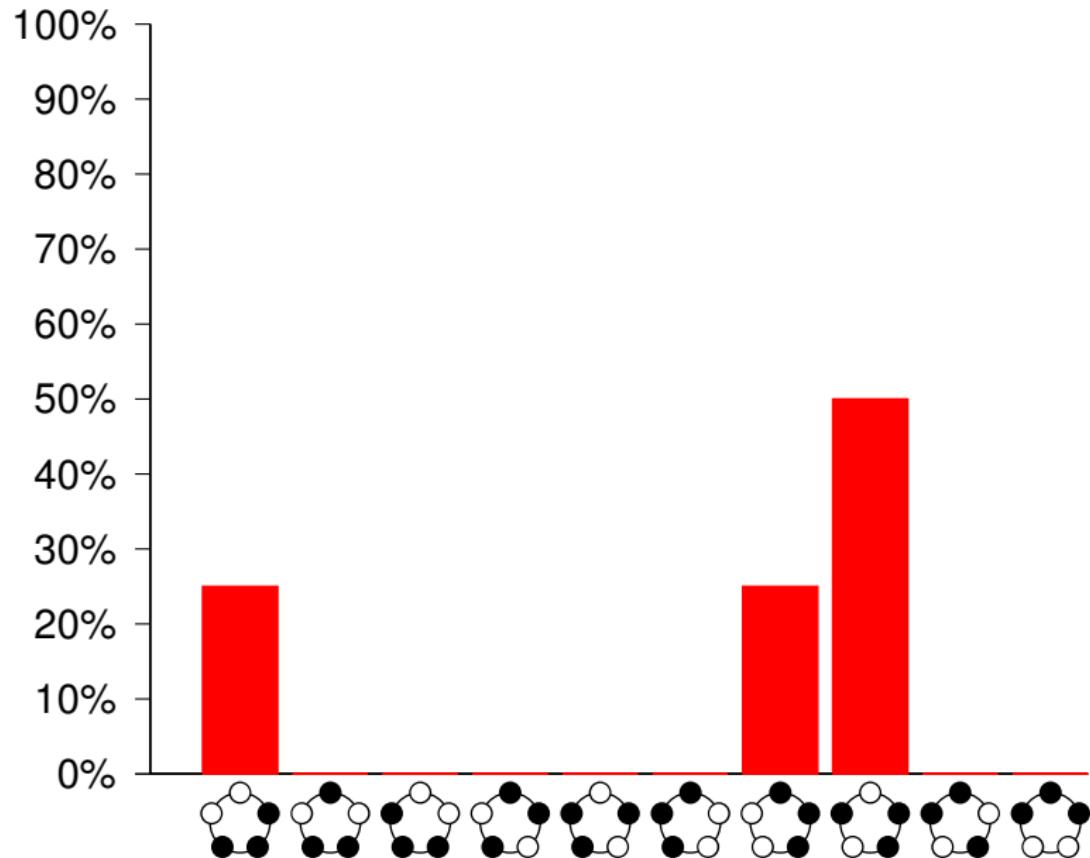
# Stationary distribution



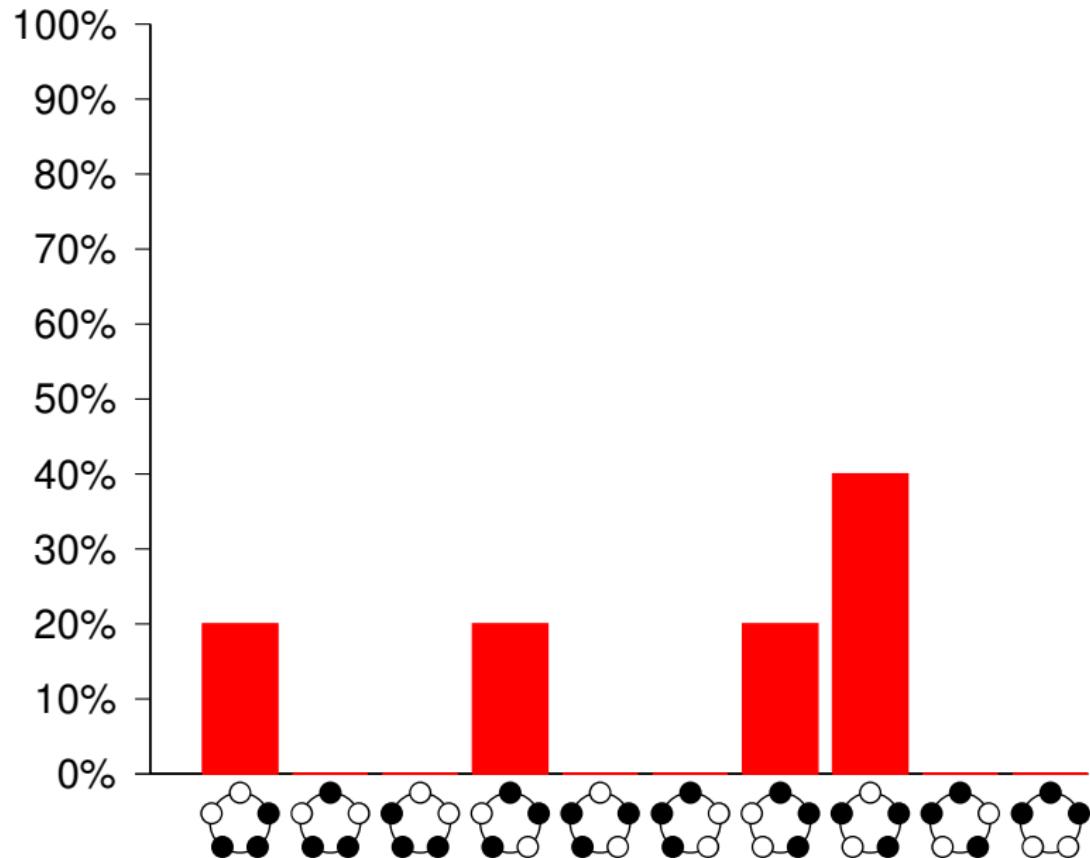
# Stationary distribution



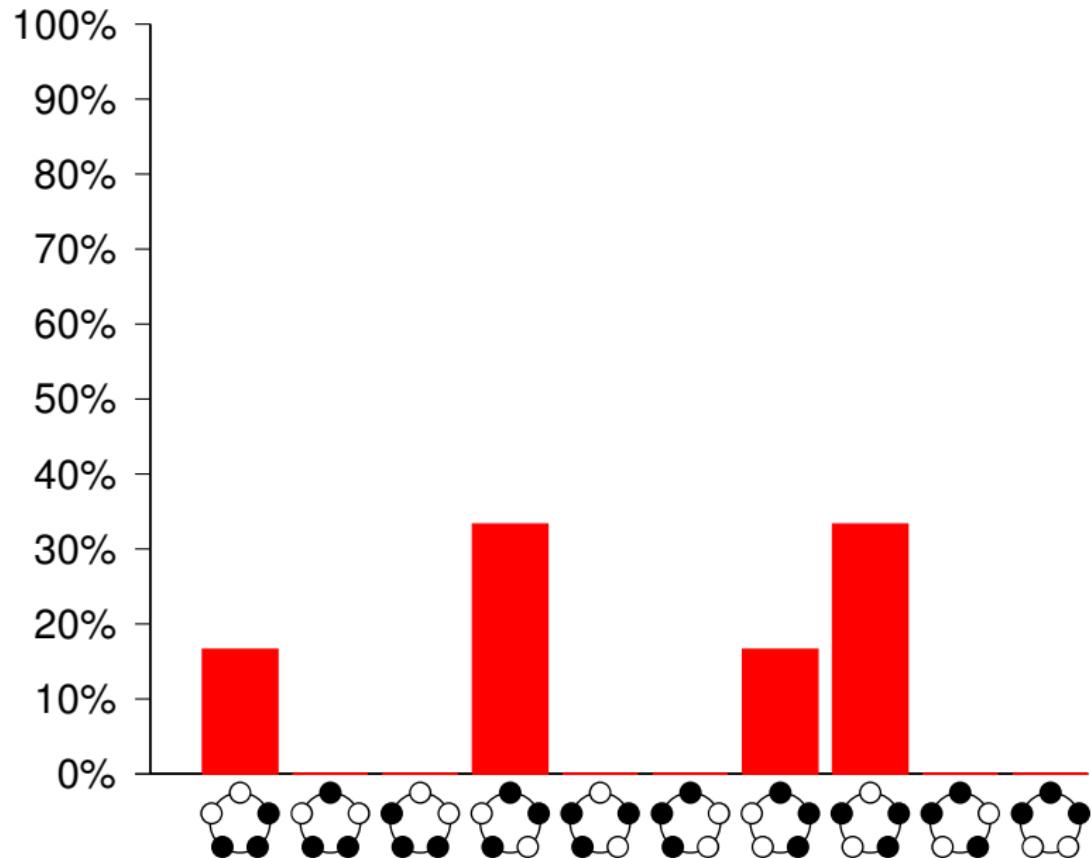
# Stationary distribution



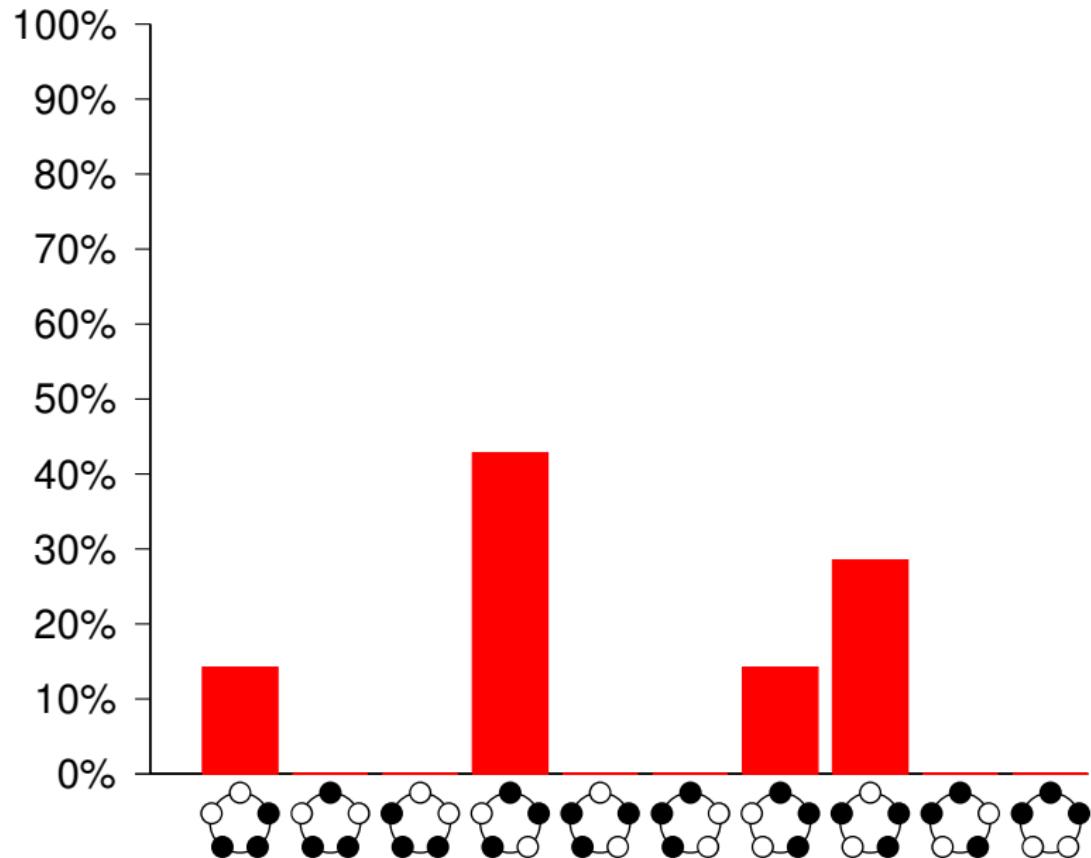
# Stationary distribution



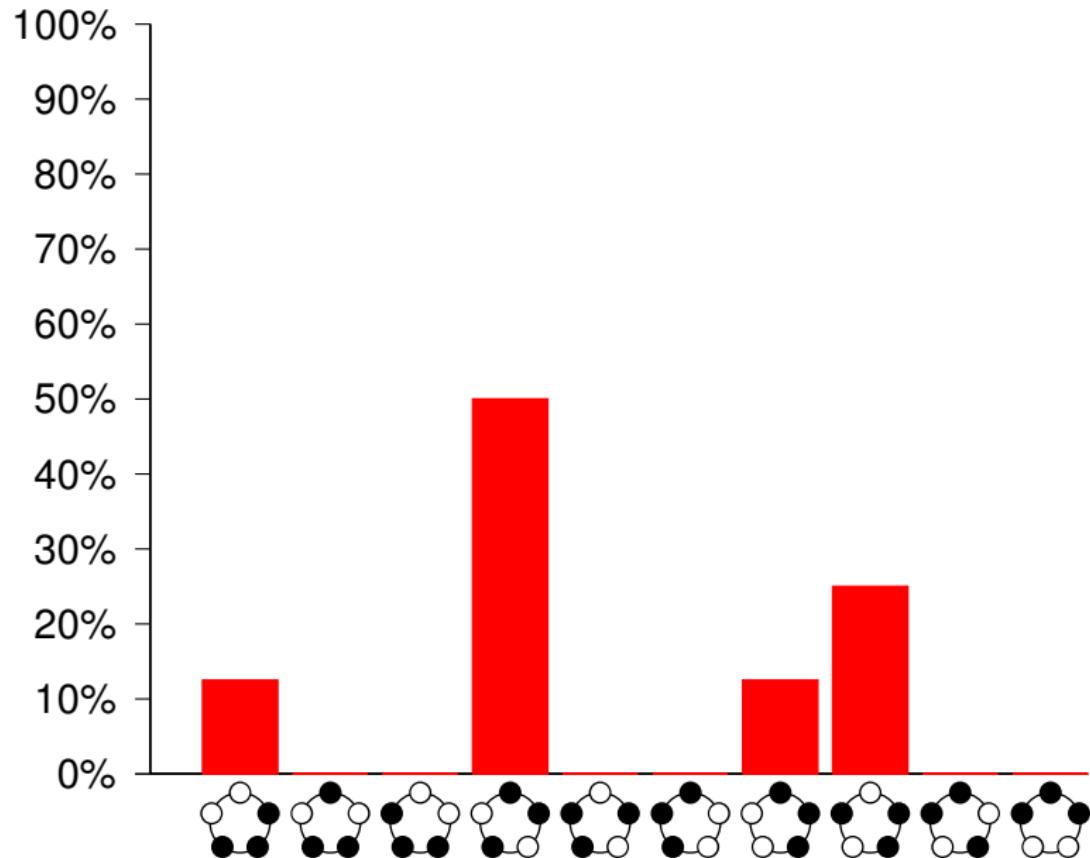
# Stationary distribution



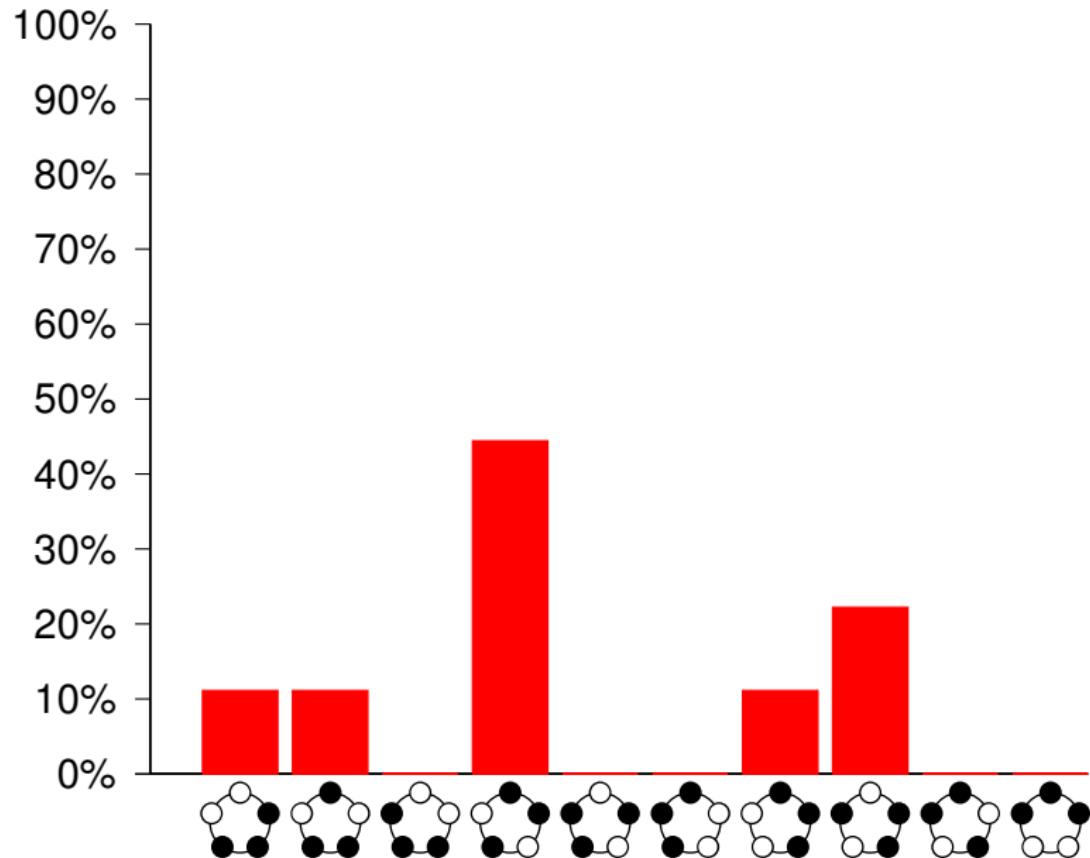
# Stationary distribution



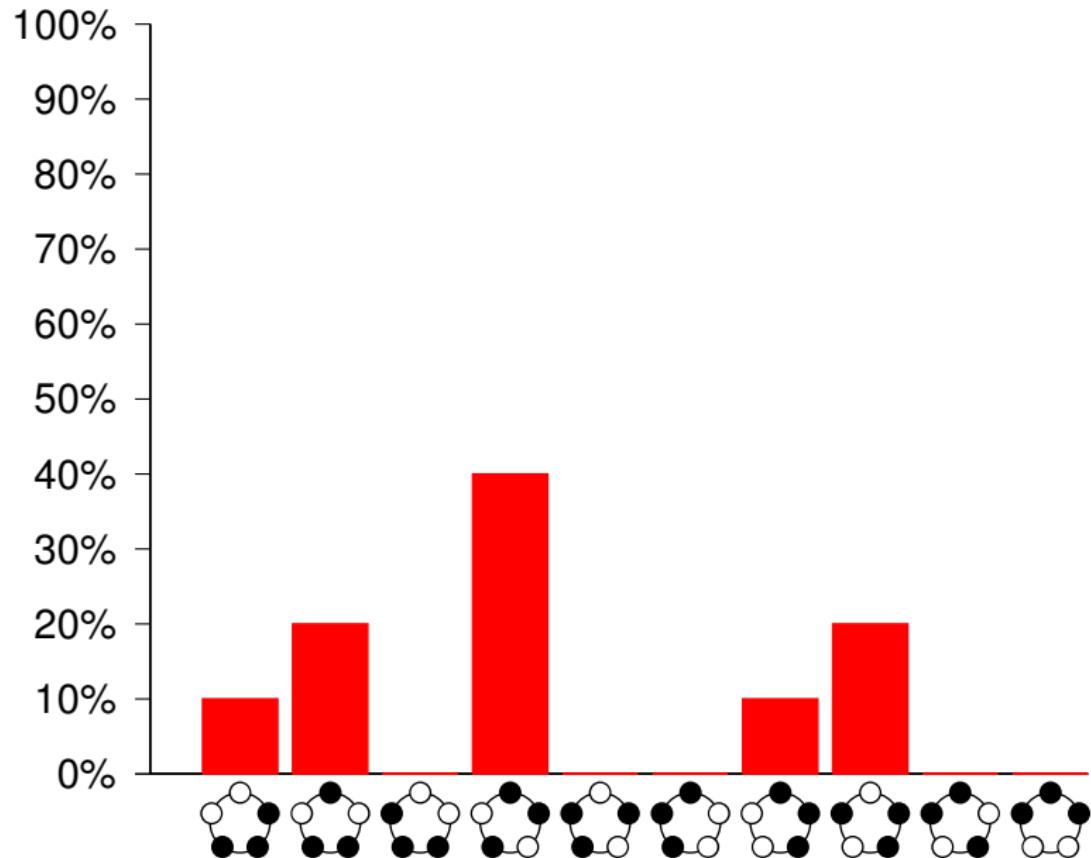
# Stationary distribution



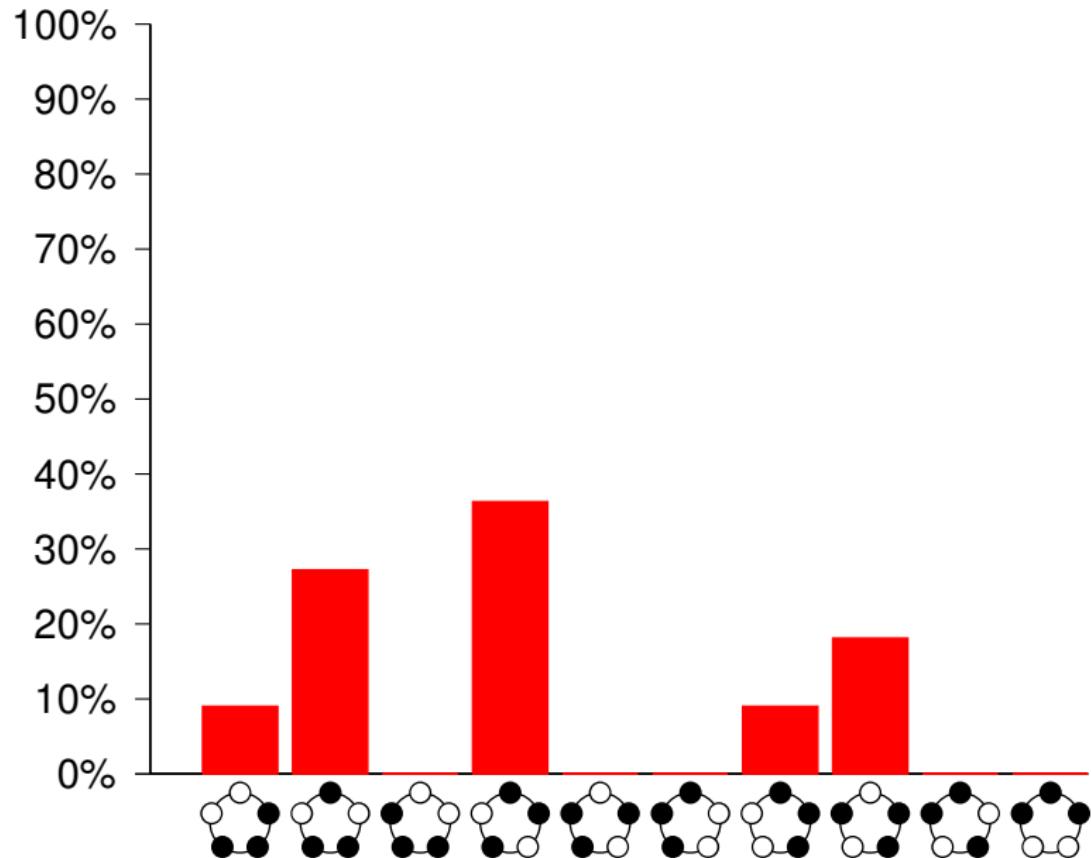
# Stationary distribution



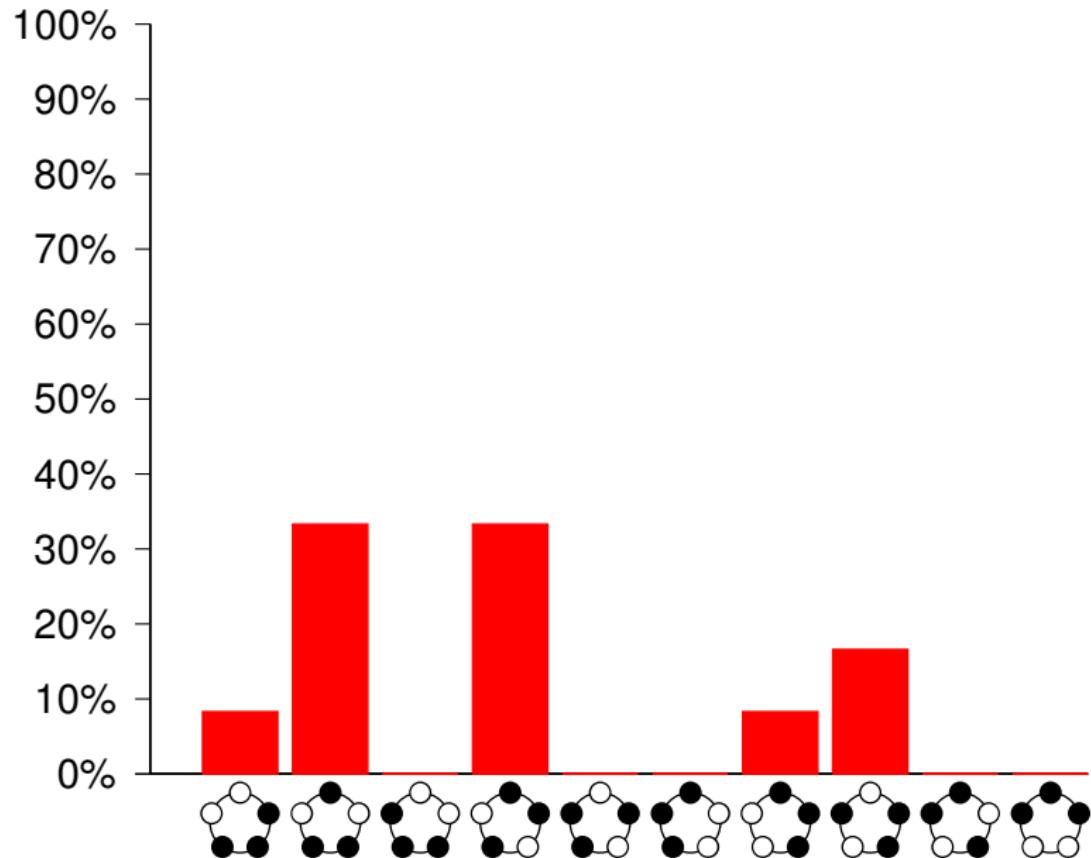
# Stationary distribution



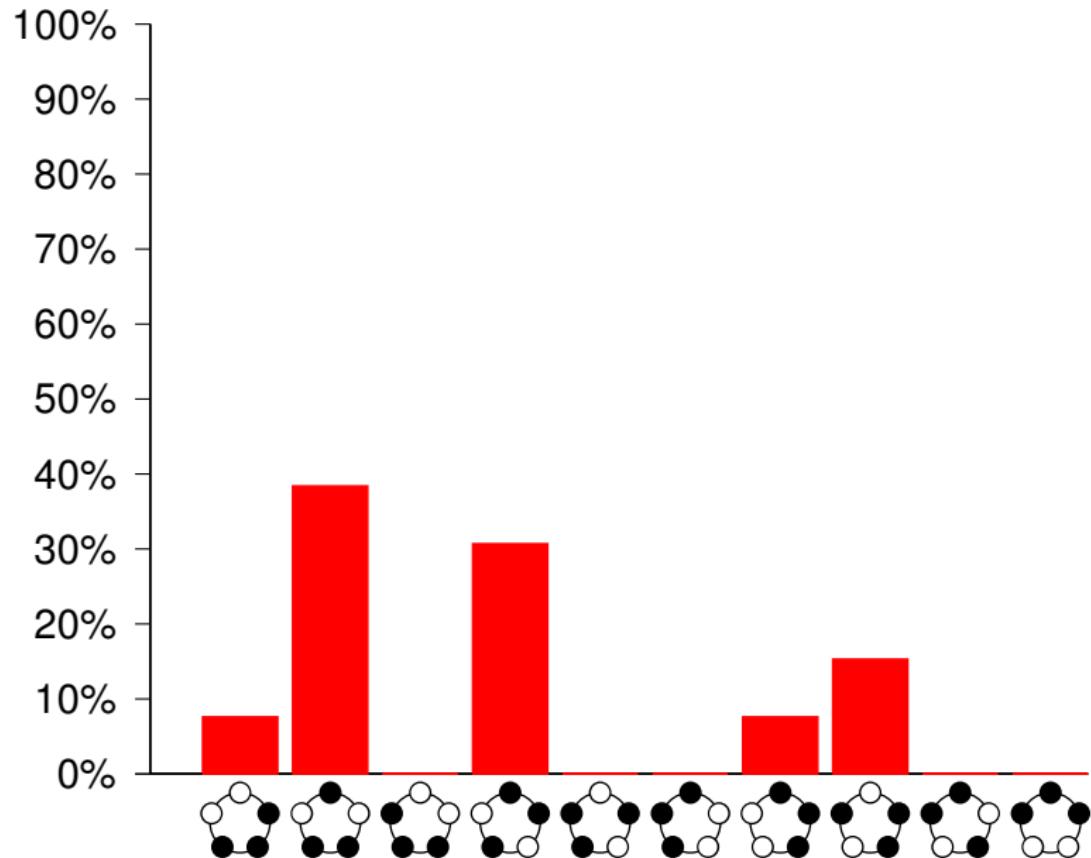
# Stationary distribution



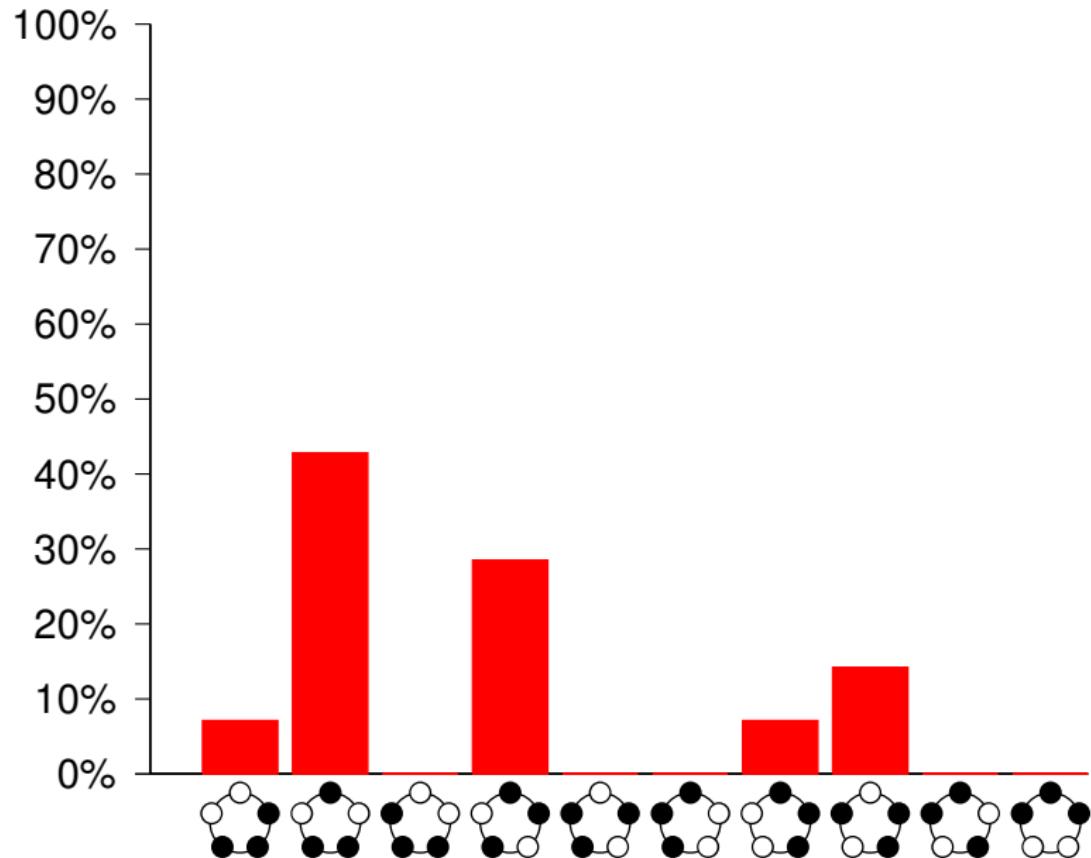
# Stationary distribution



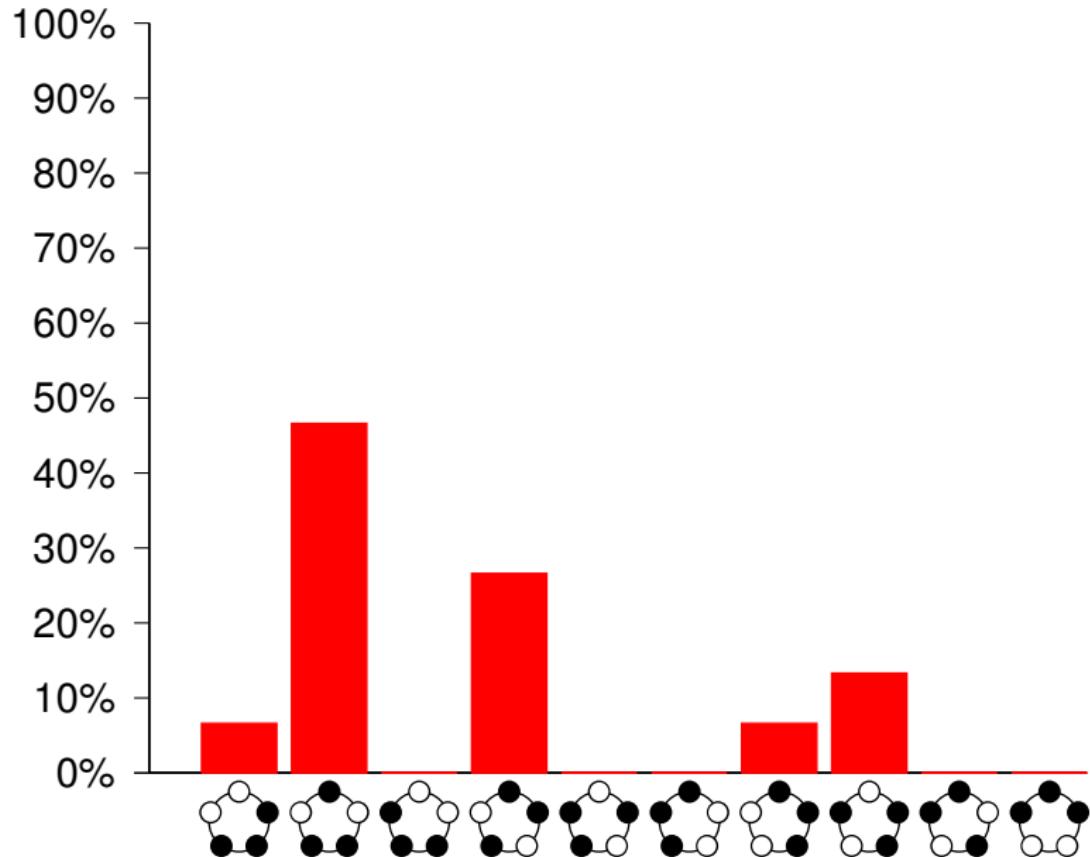
# Stationary distribution



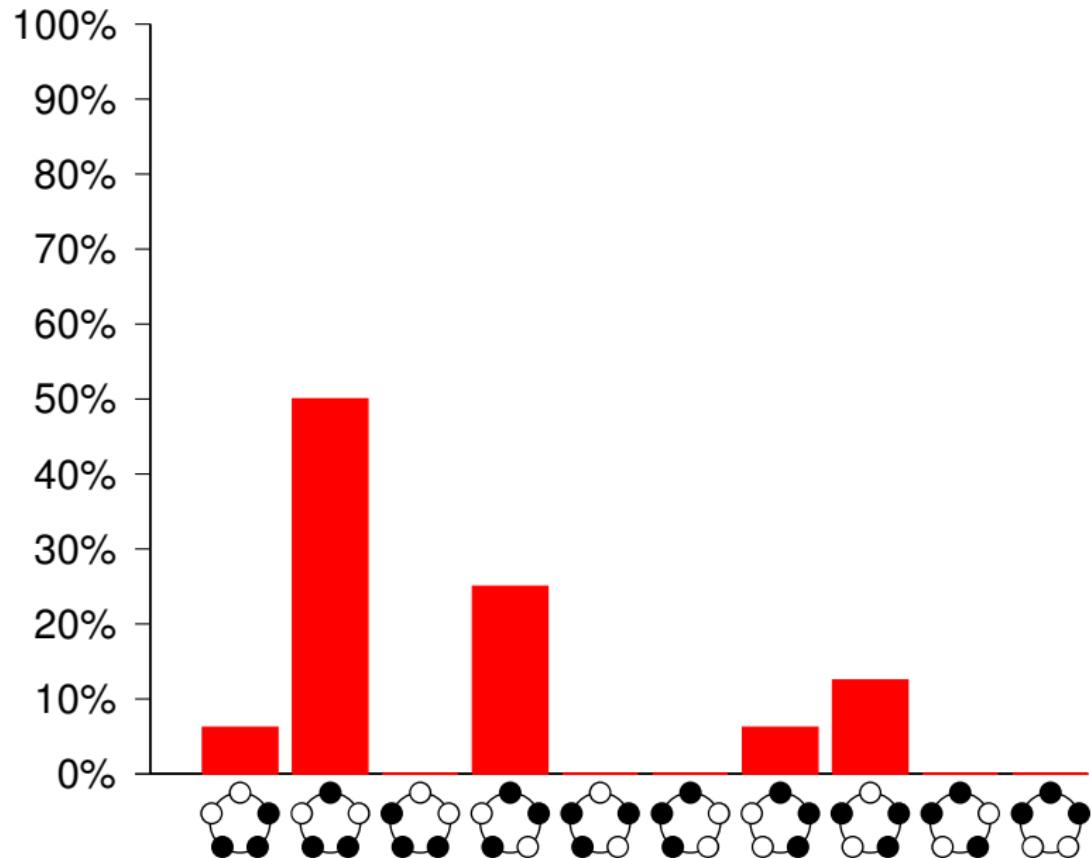
# Stationary distribution



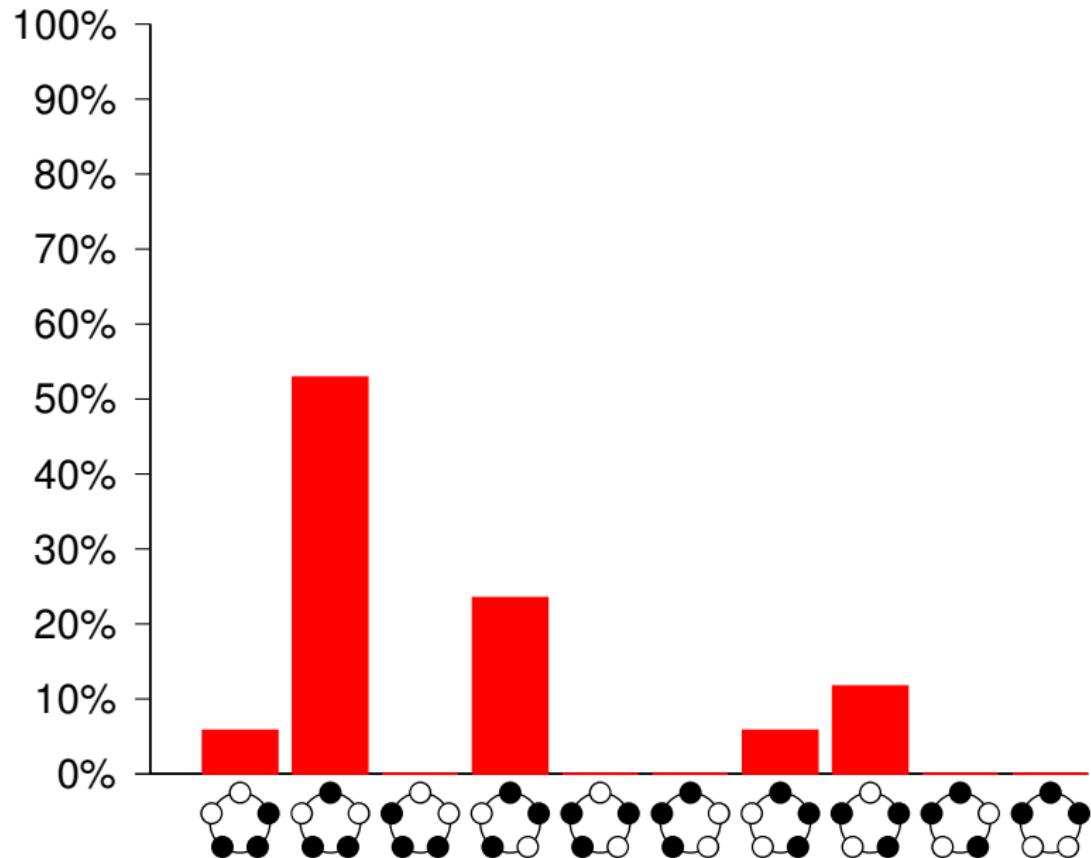
## Stationary distribution



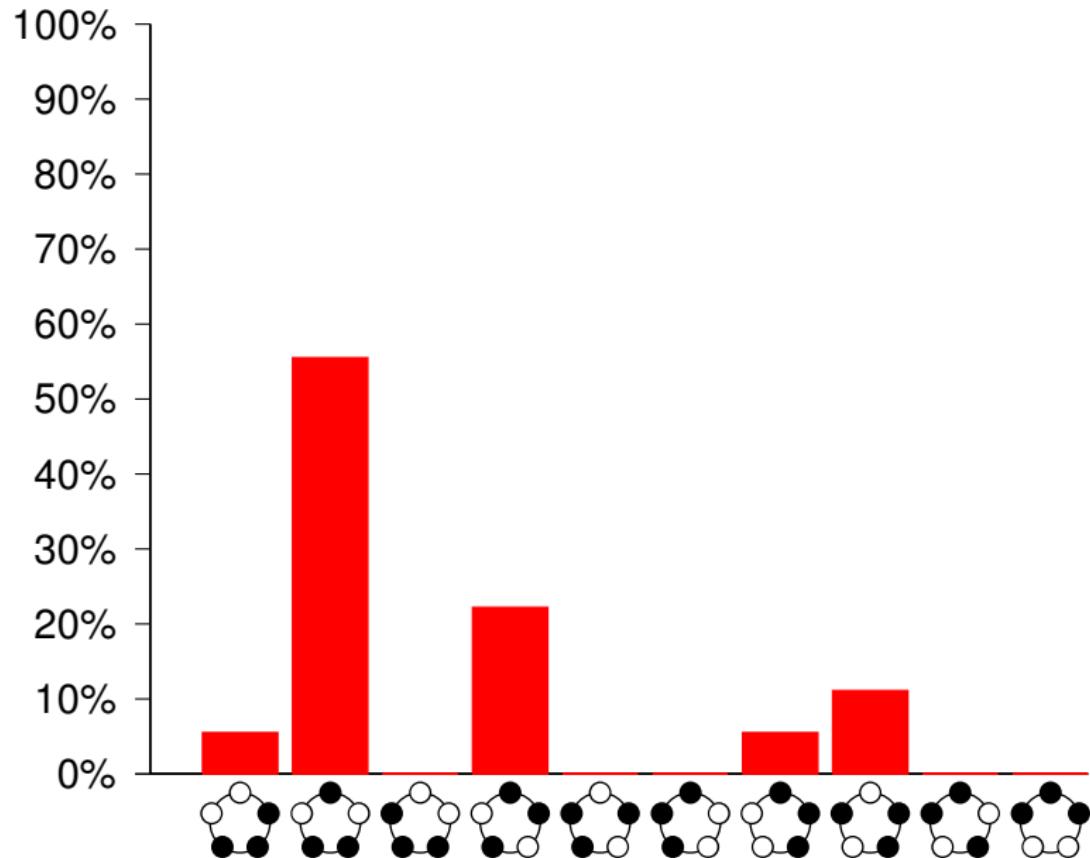
# Stationary distribution



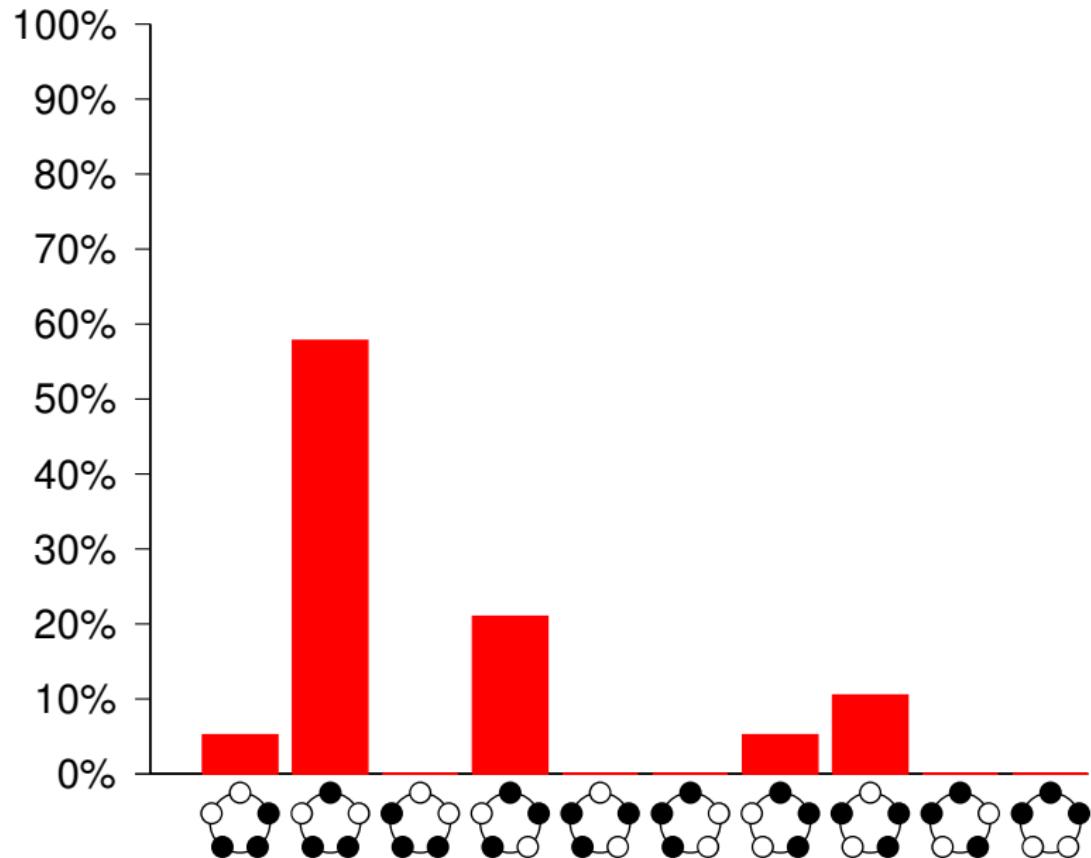
# Stationary distribution



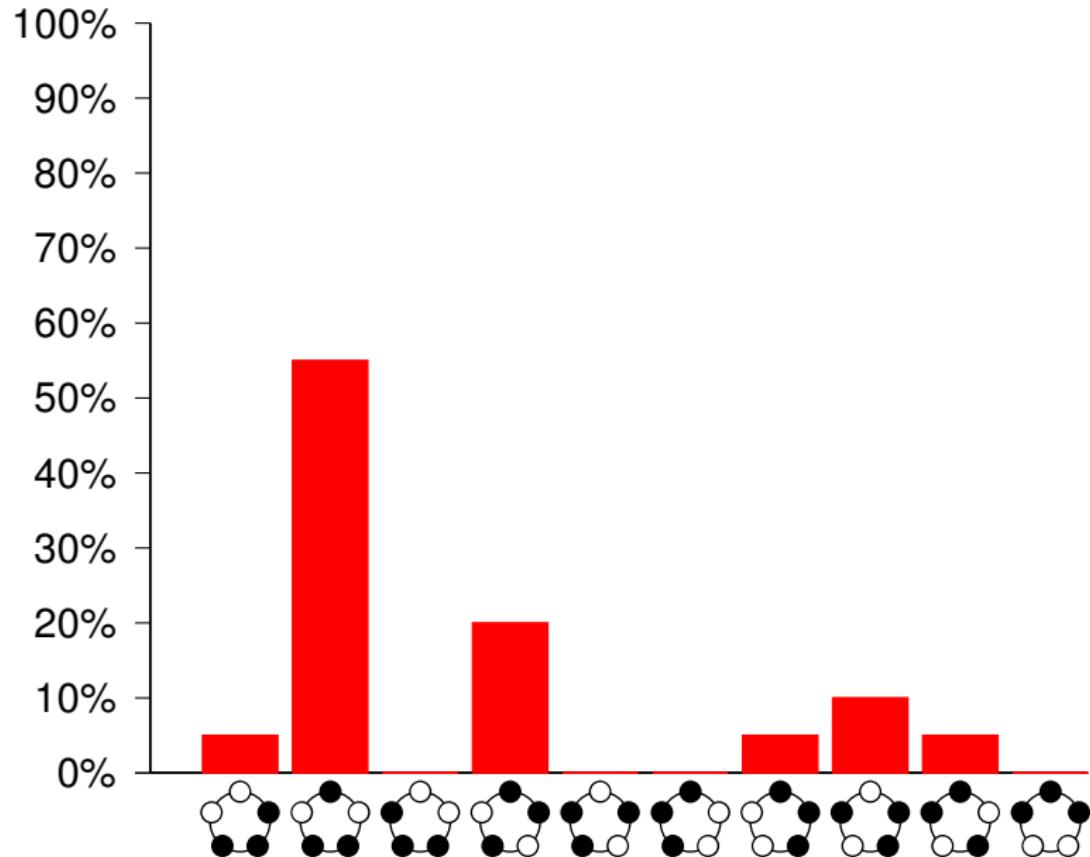
# Stationary distribution



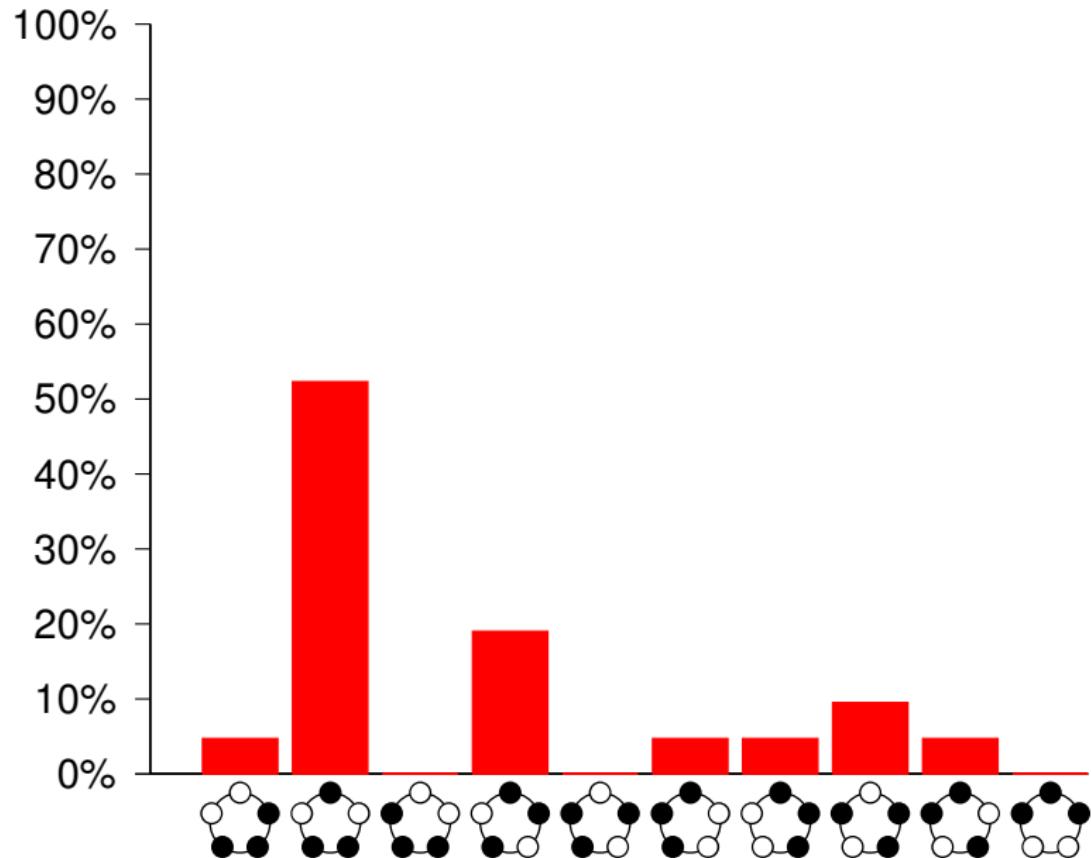
# Stationary distribution



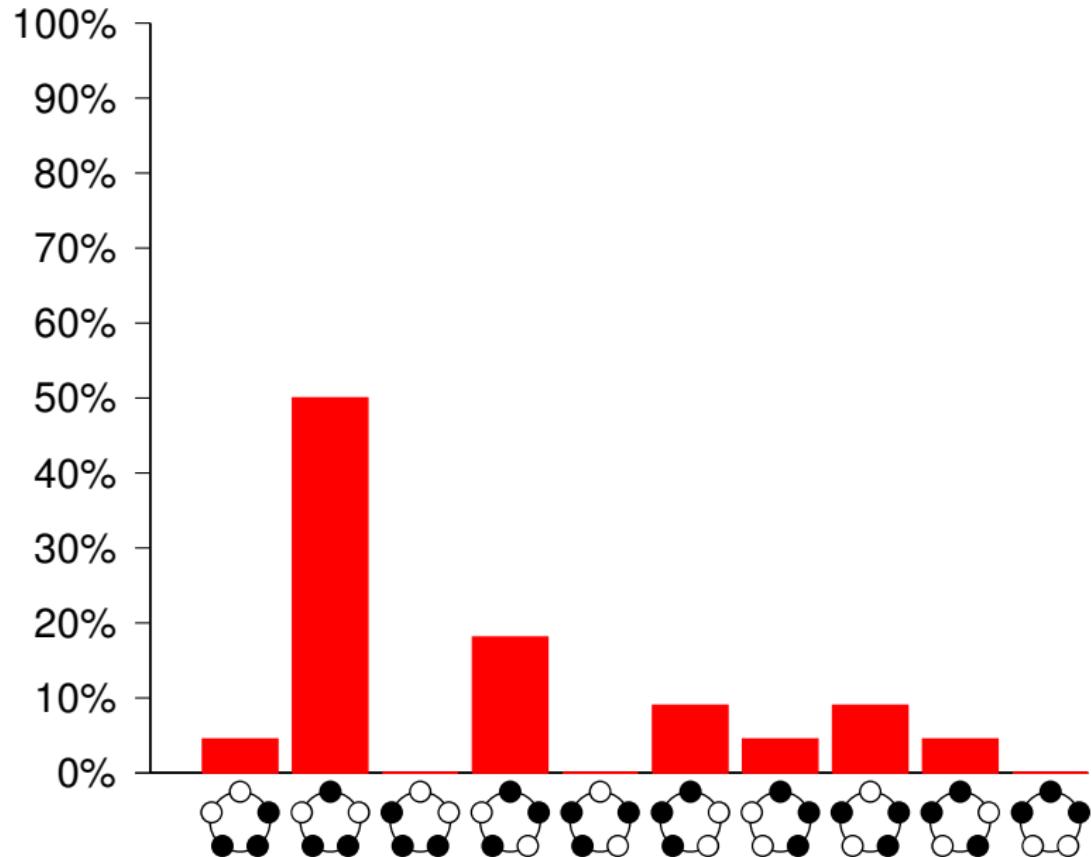
# Stationary distribution



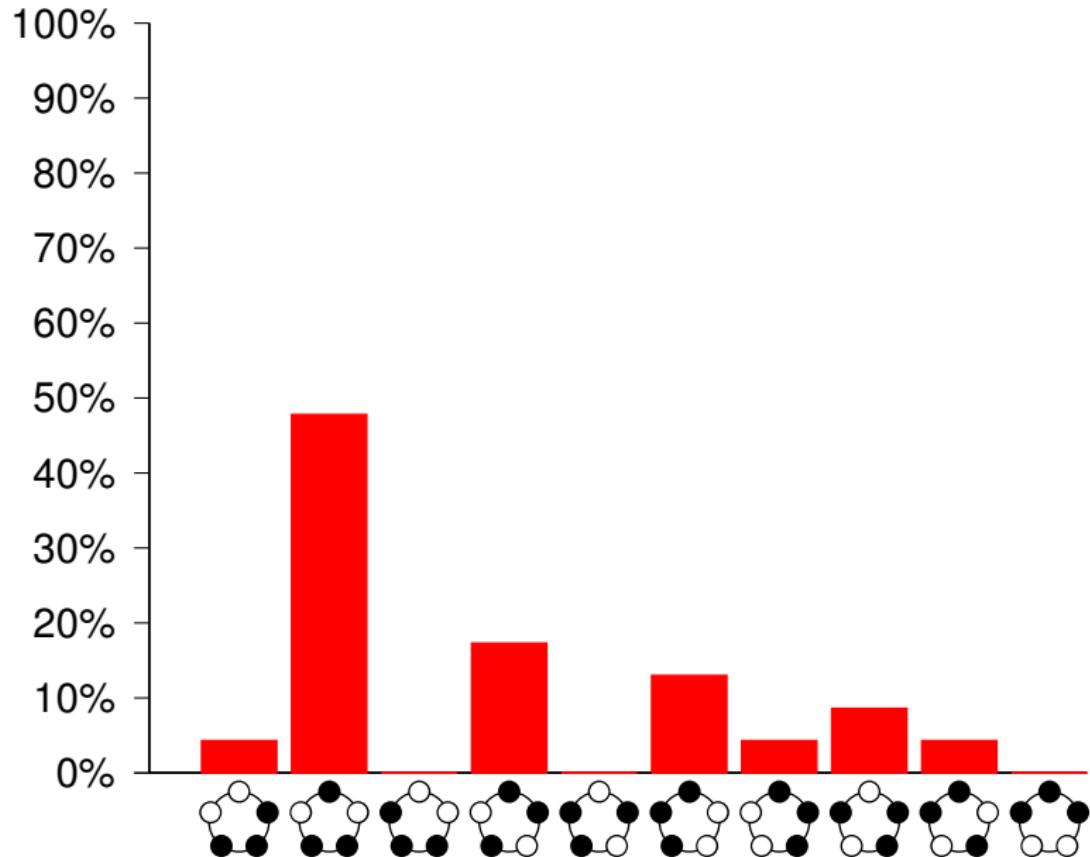
# Stationary distribution



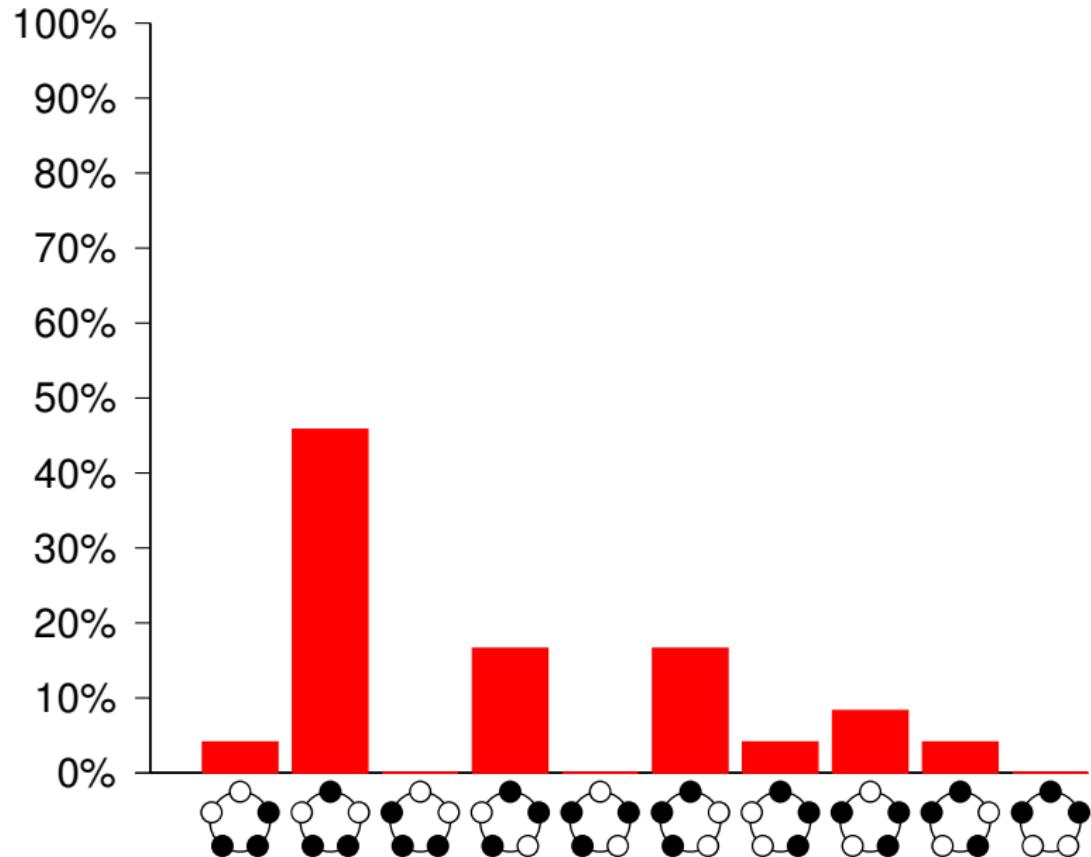
# Stationary distribution



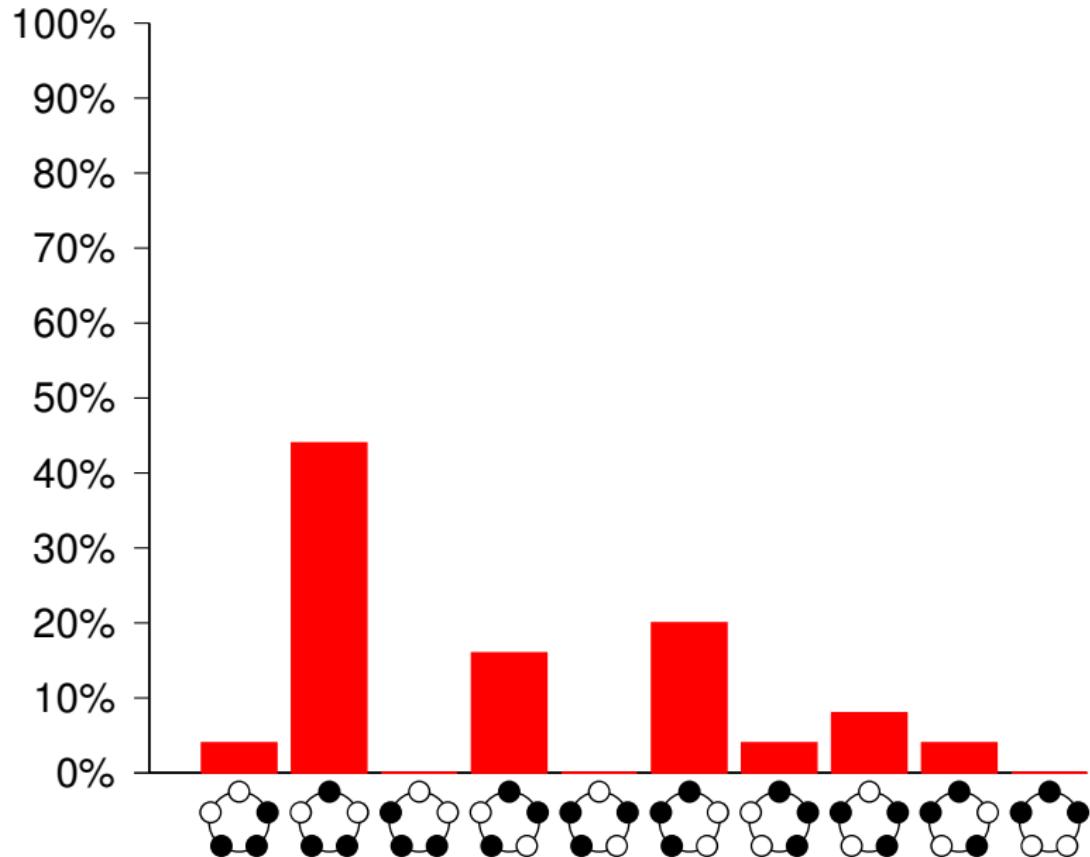
# Stationary distribution



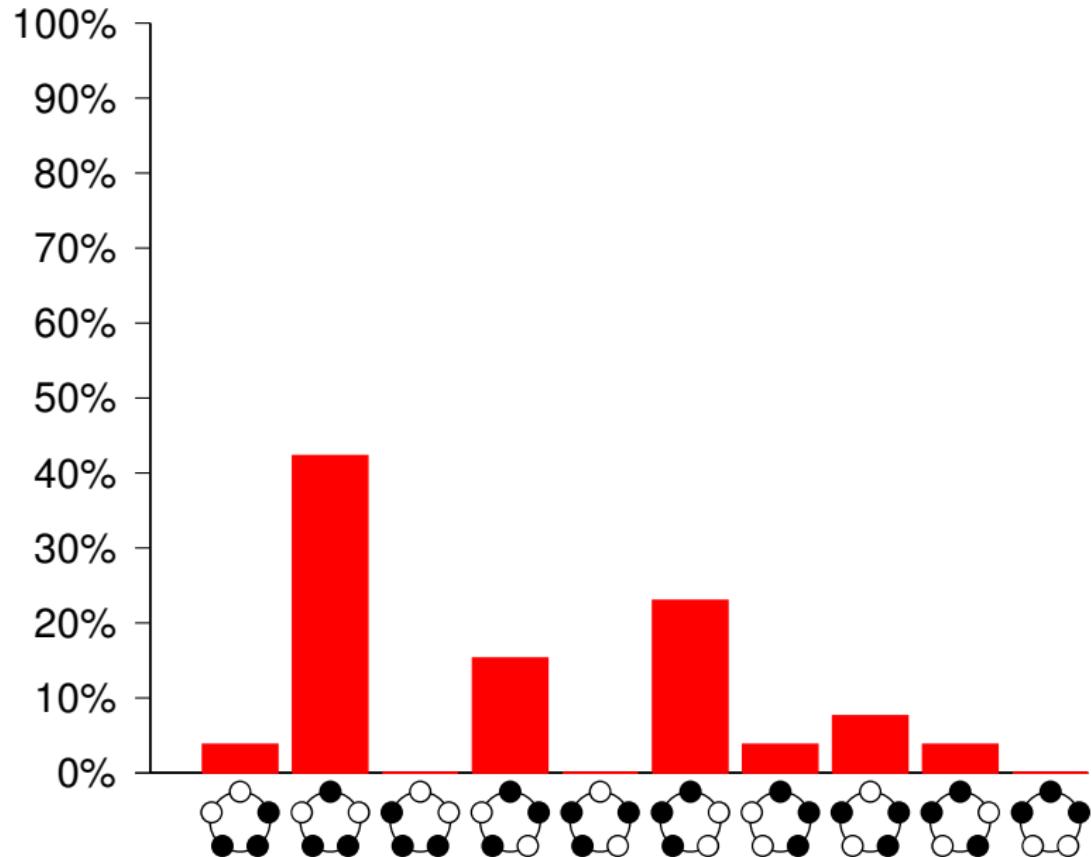
# Stationary distribution



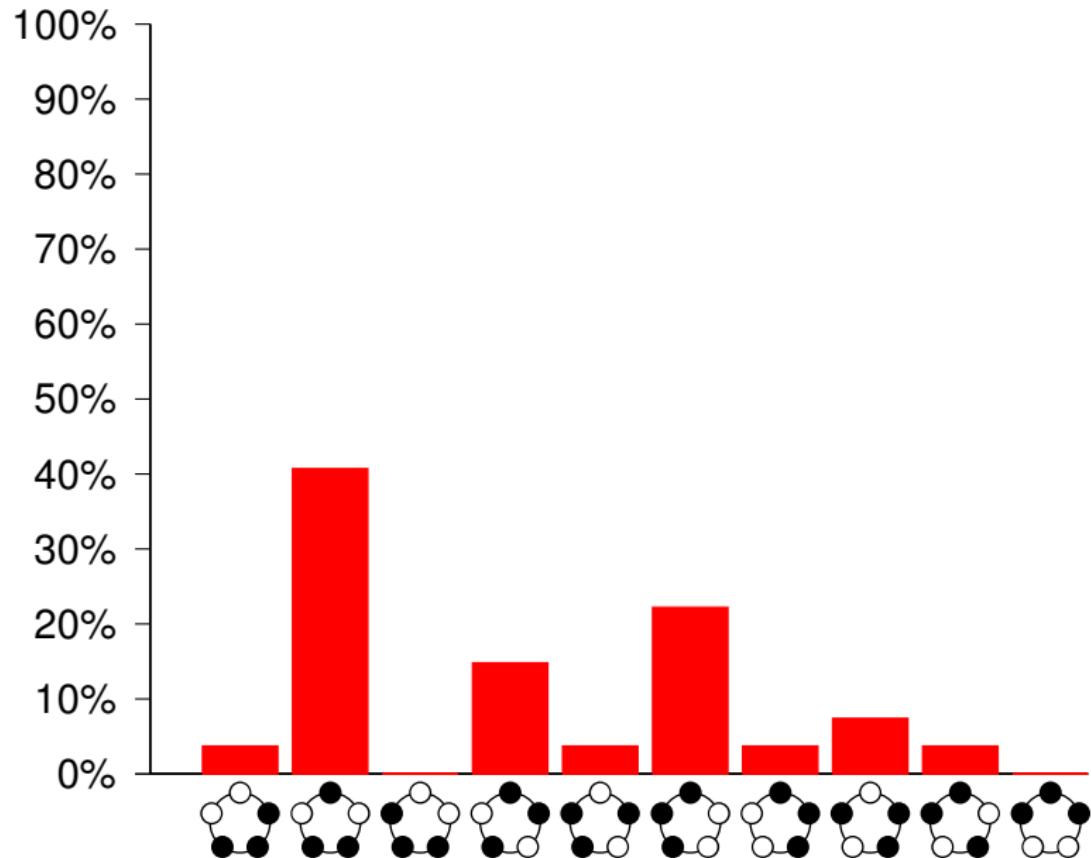
# Stationary distribution



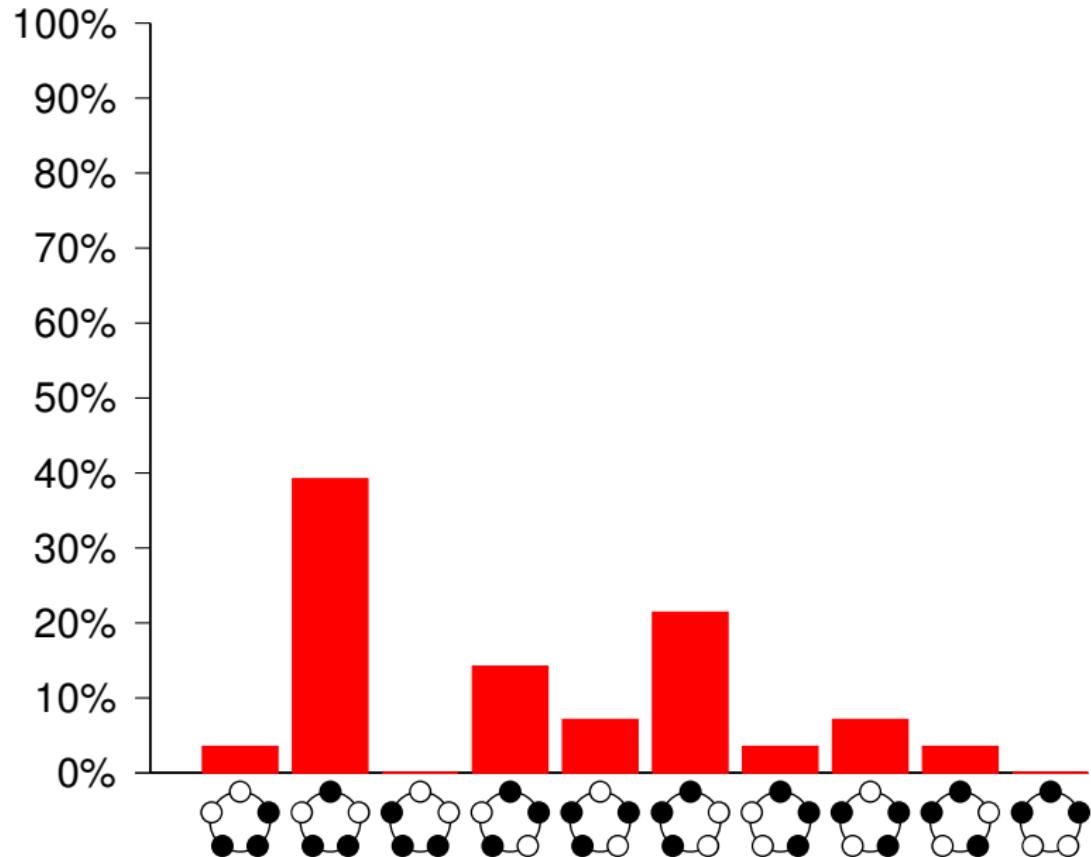
# Stationary distribution



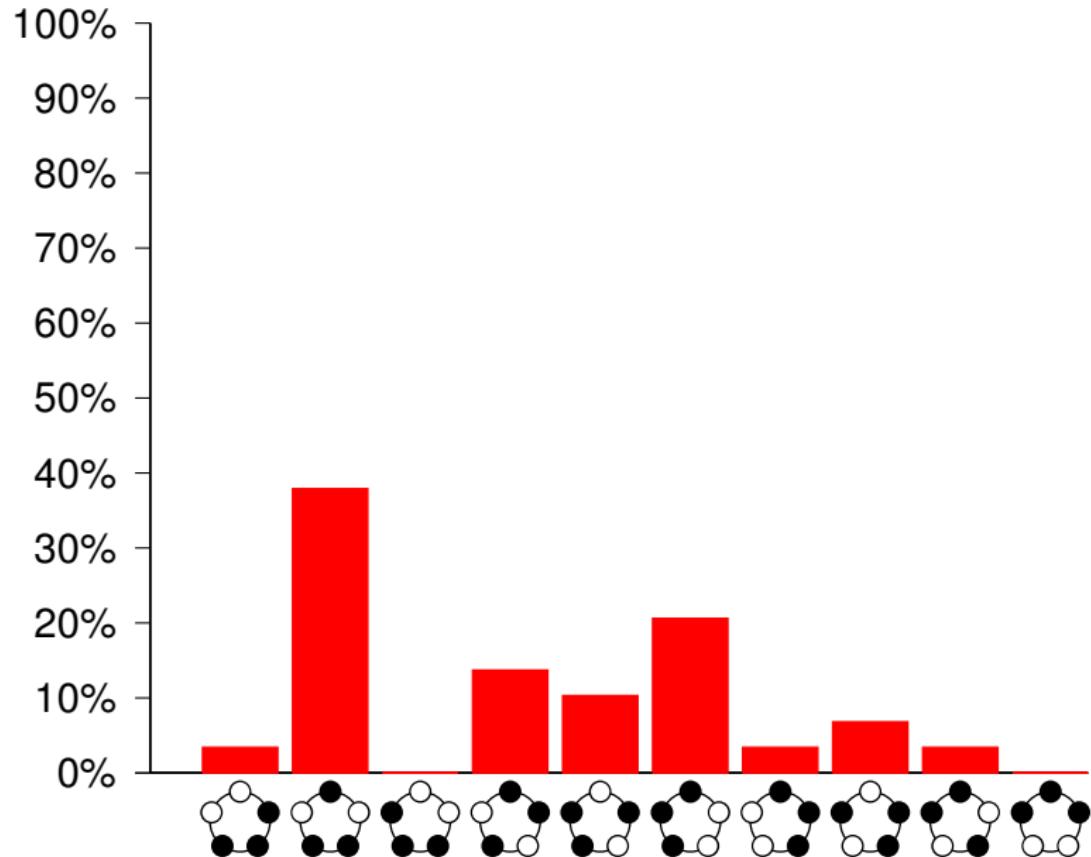
# Stationary distribution



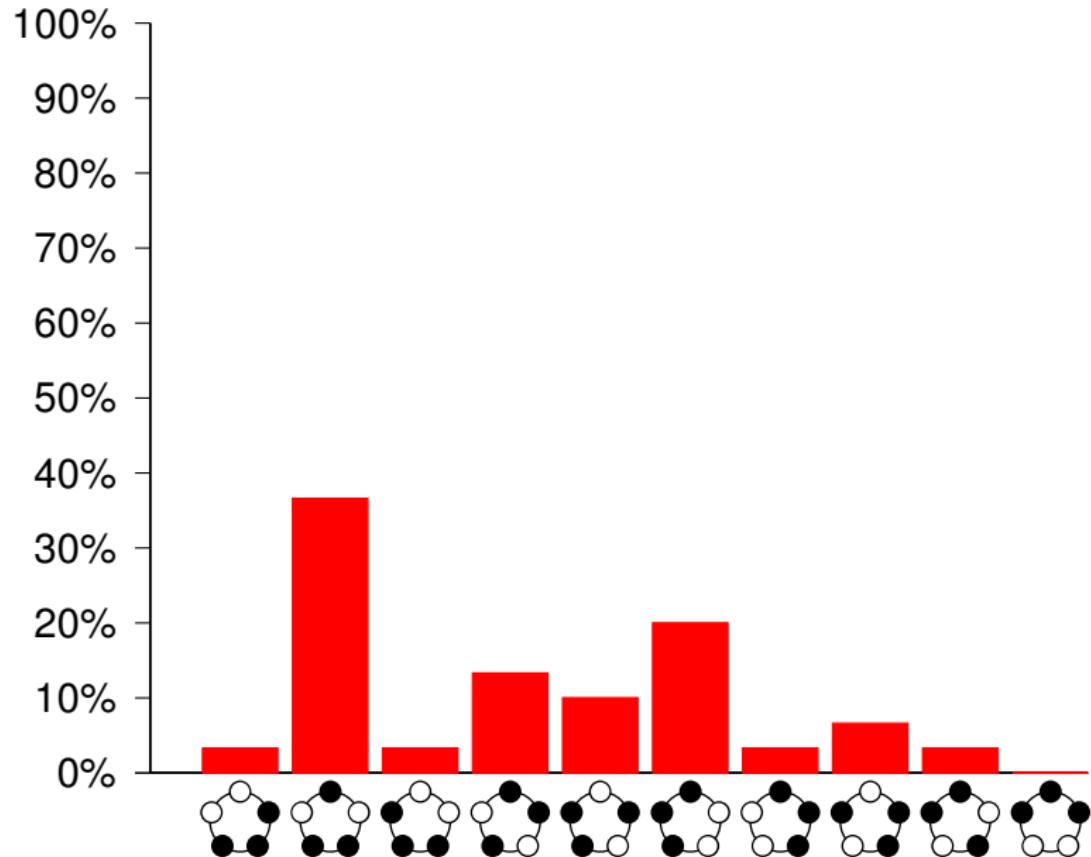
# Stationary distribution



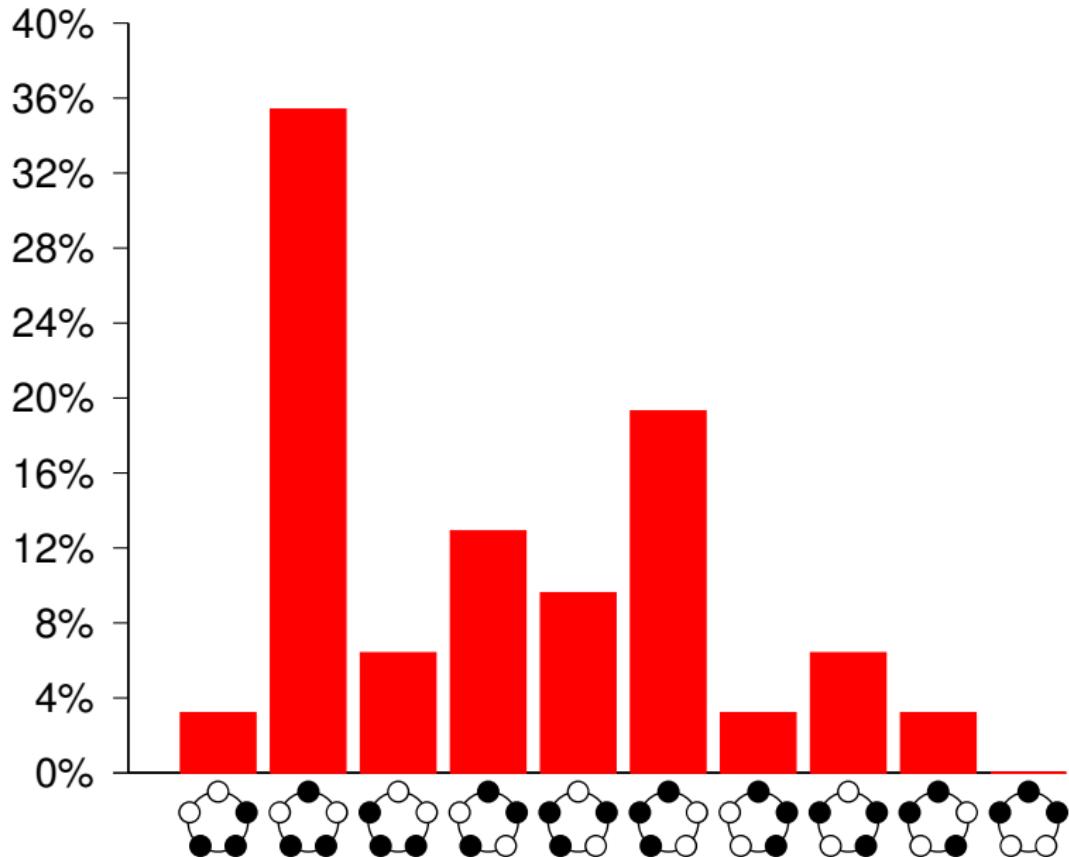
# Stationary distribution



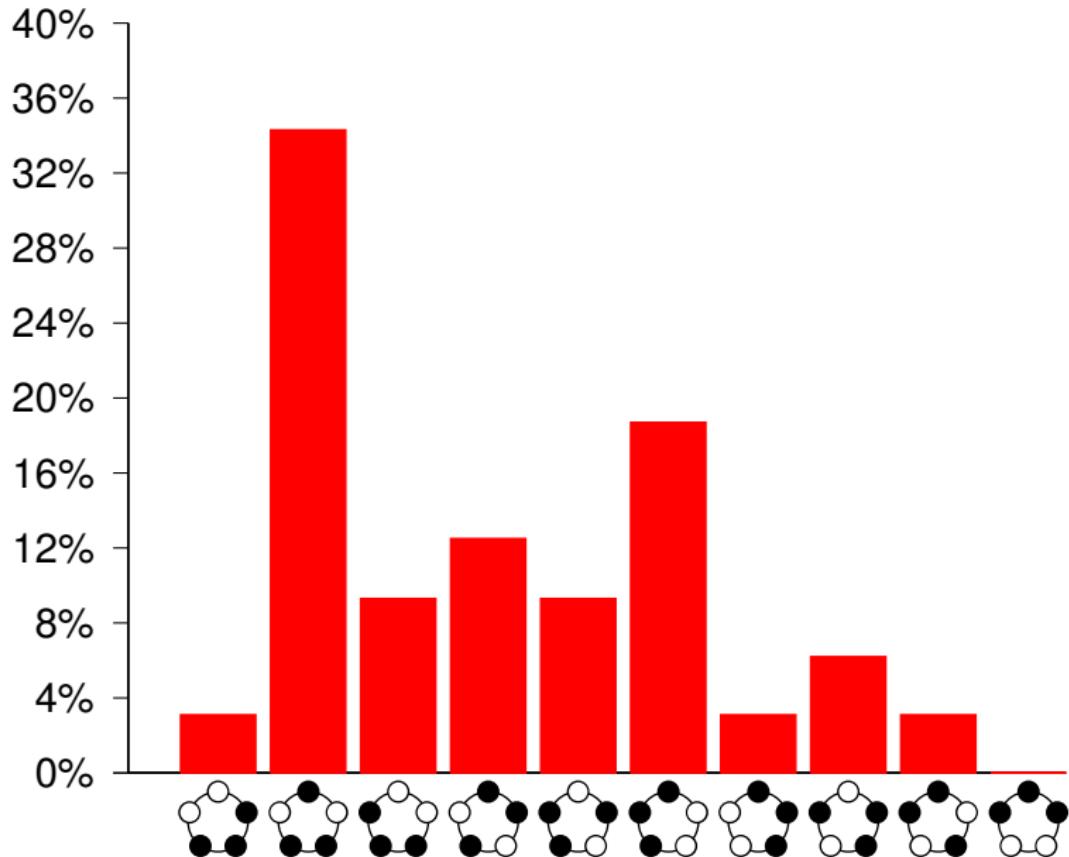
# Stationary distribution



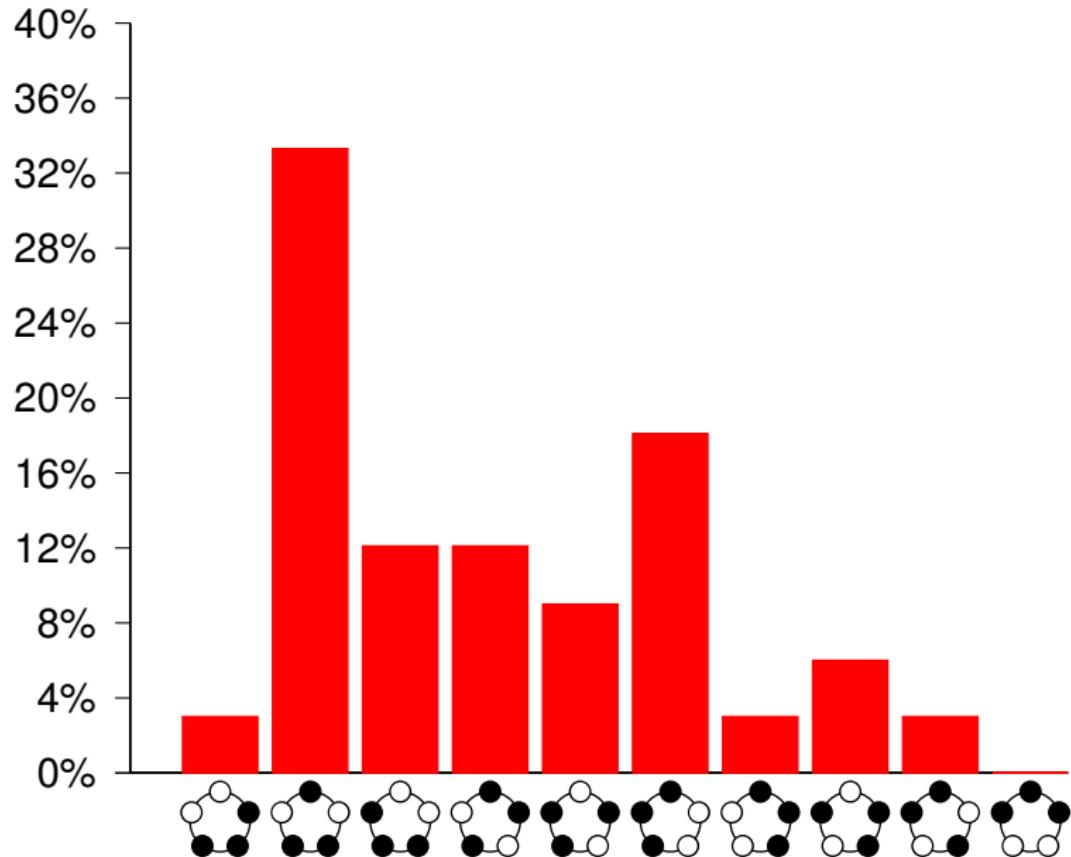
# Stationary distribution



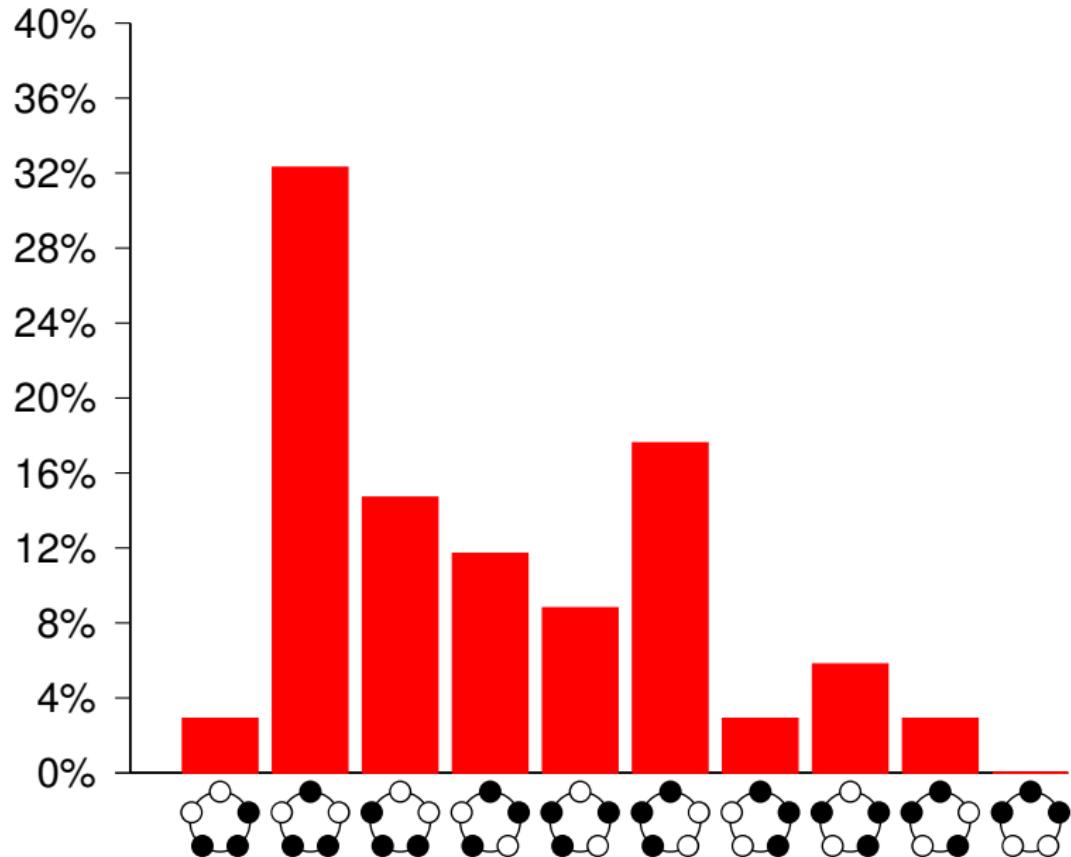
# Stationary distribution



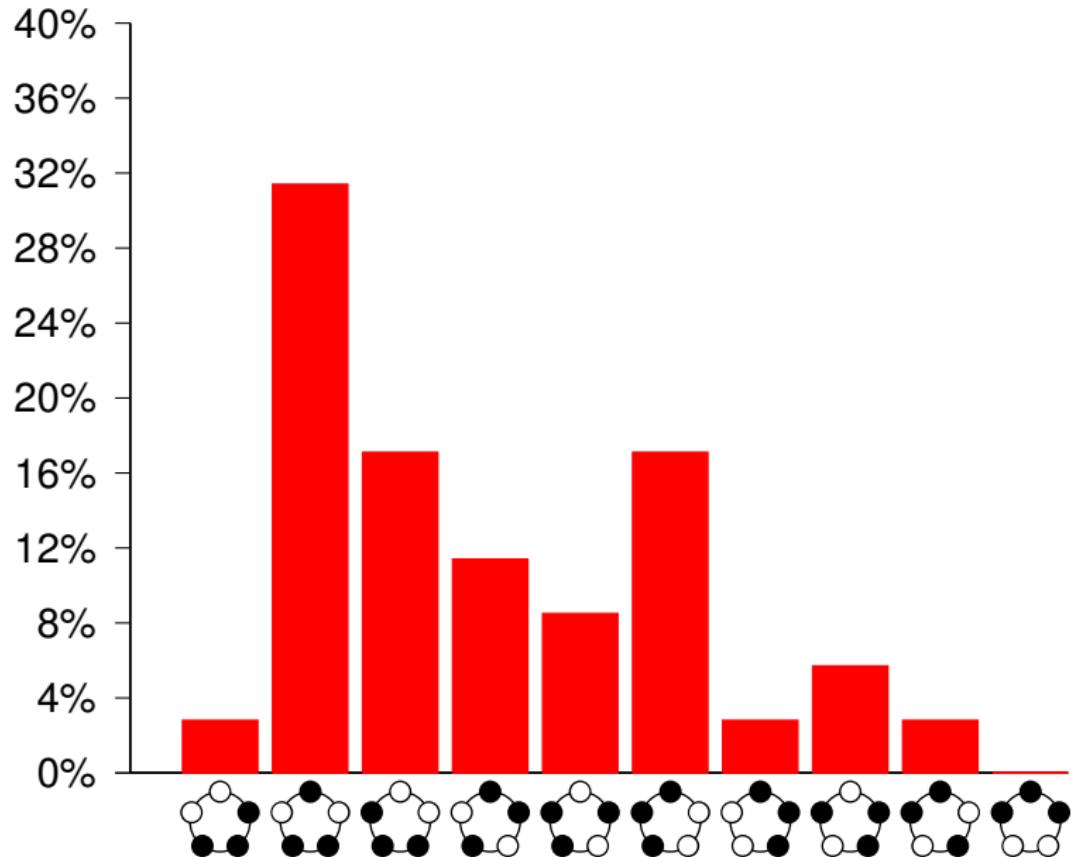
# Stationary distribution



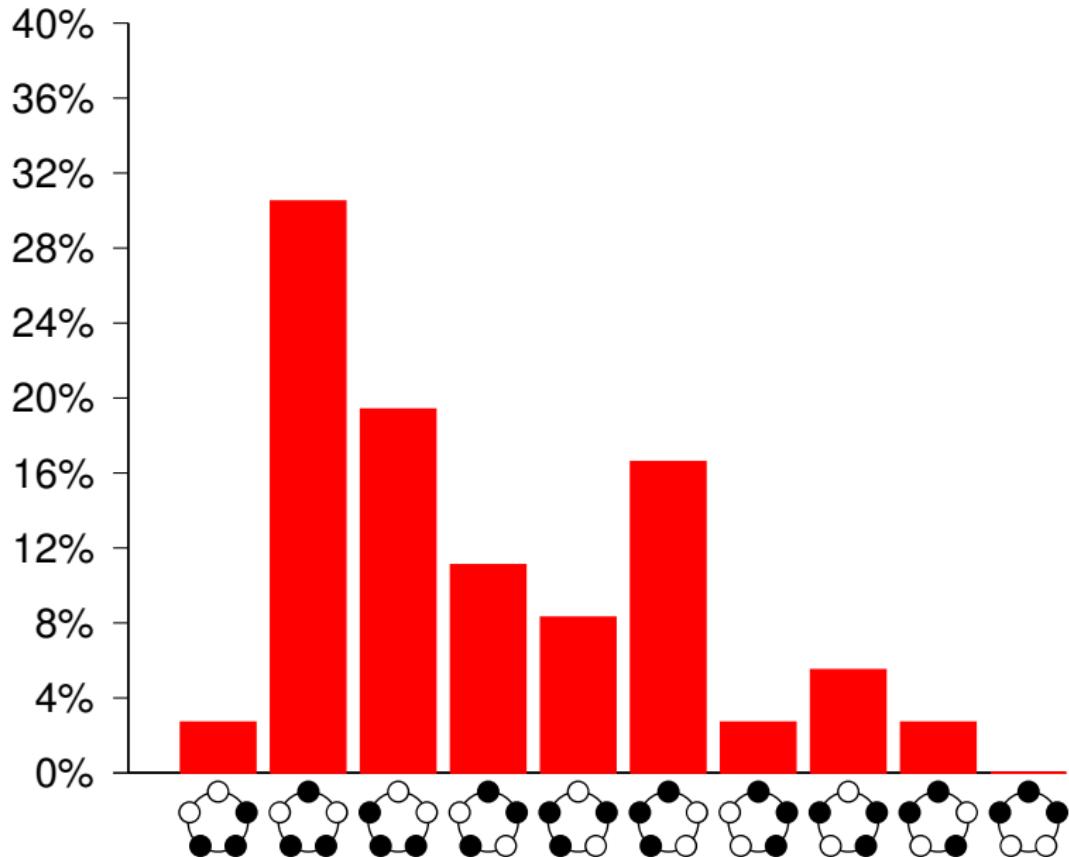
# Stationary distribution



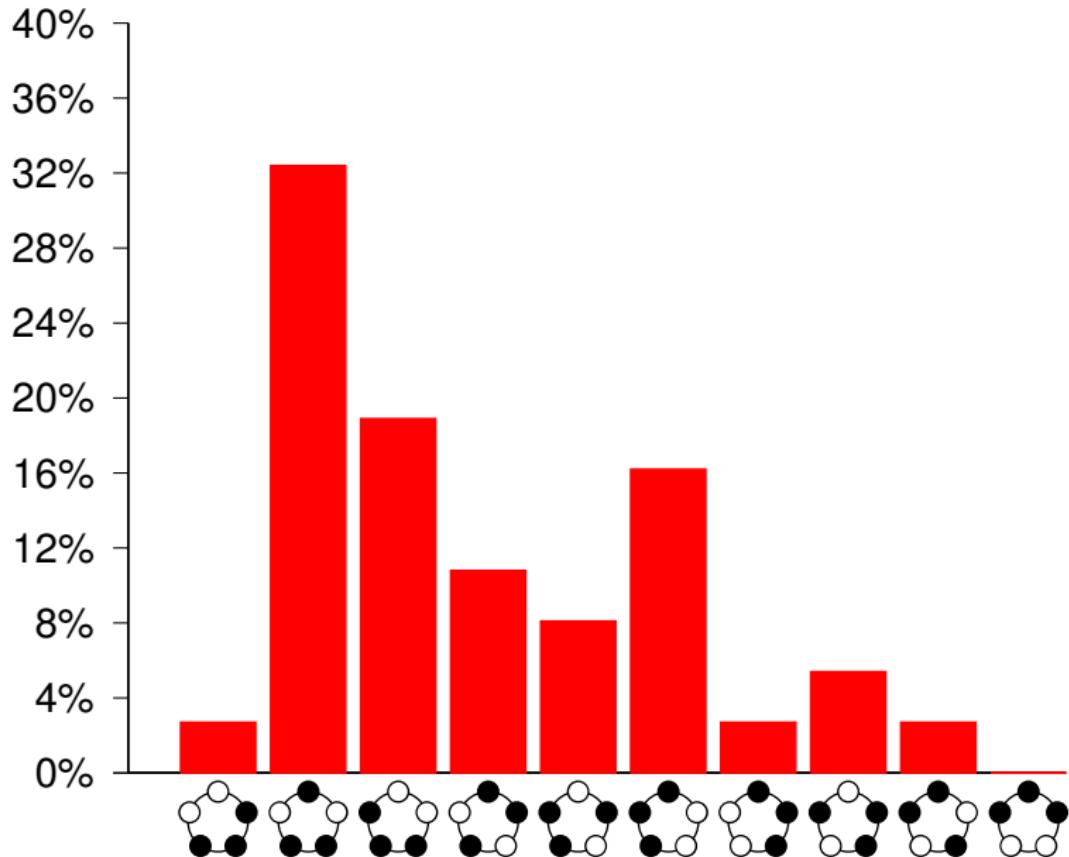
# Stationary distribution



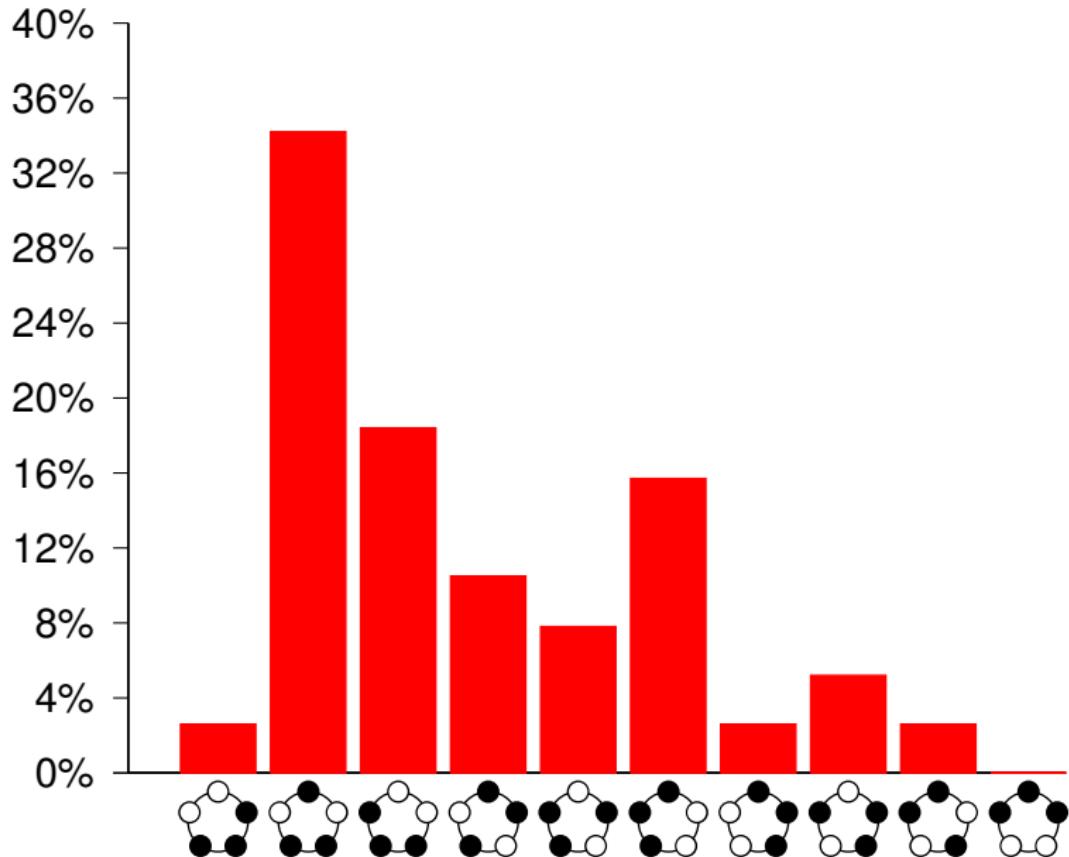
# Stationary distribution



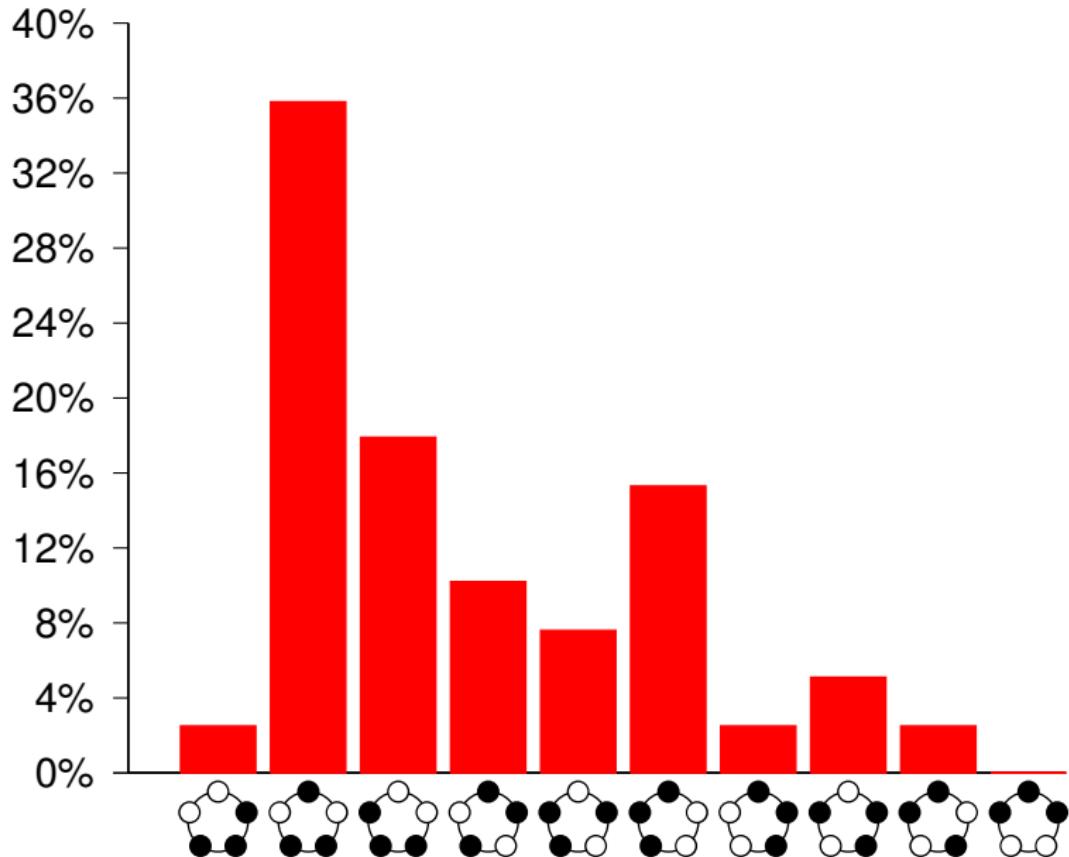
# Stationary distribution



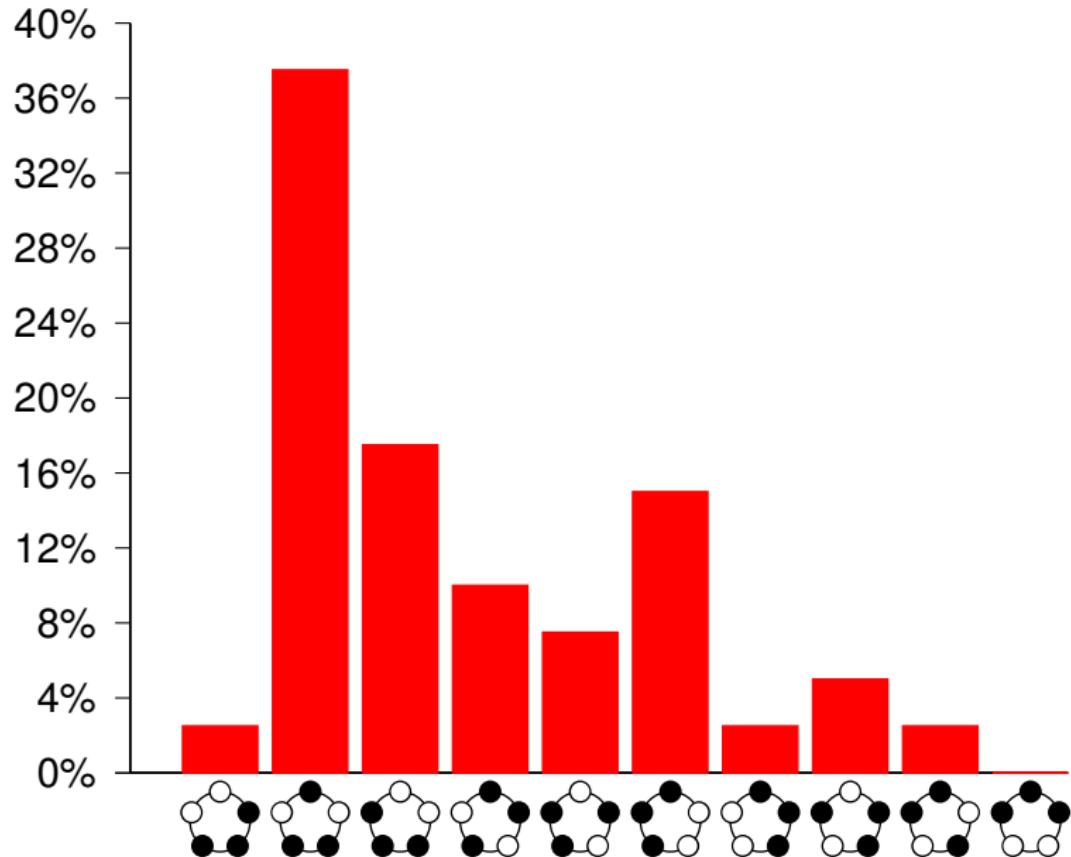
# Stationary distribution



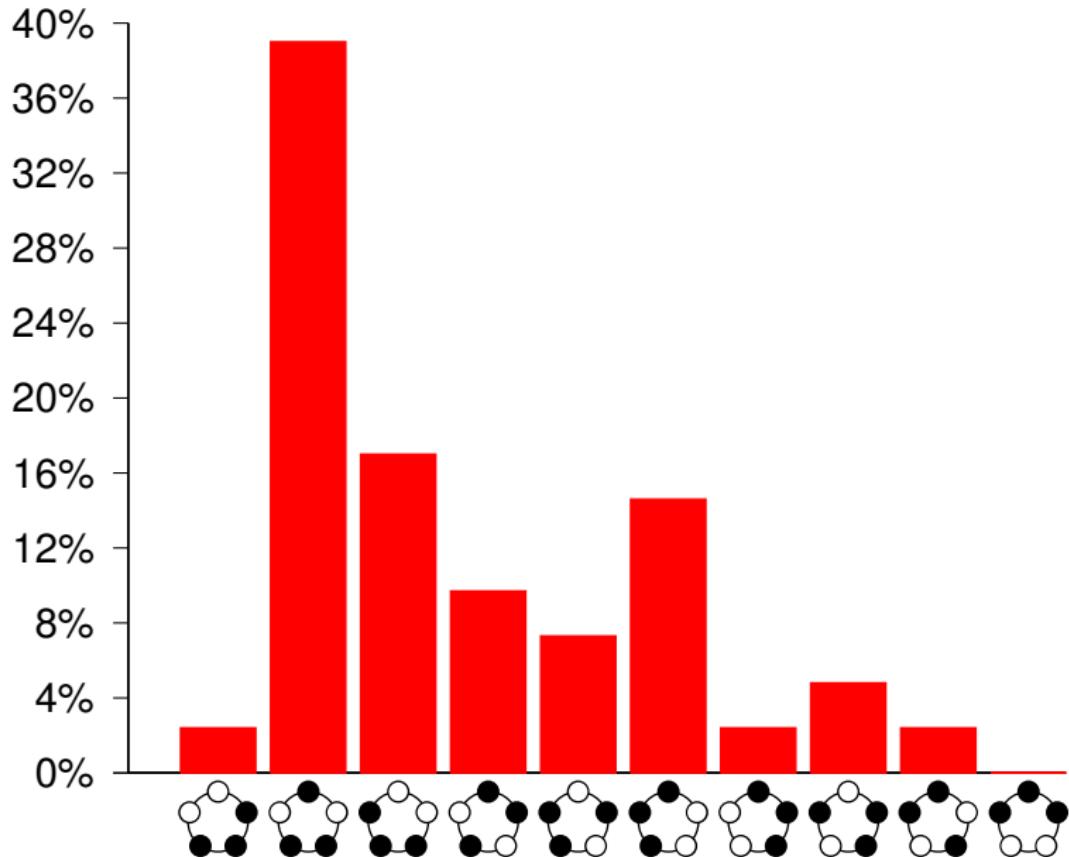
# Stationary distribution



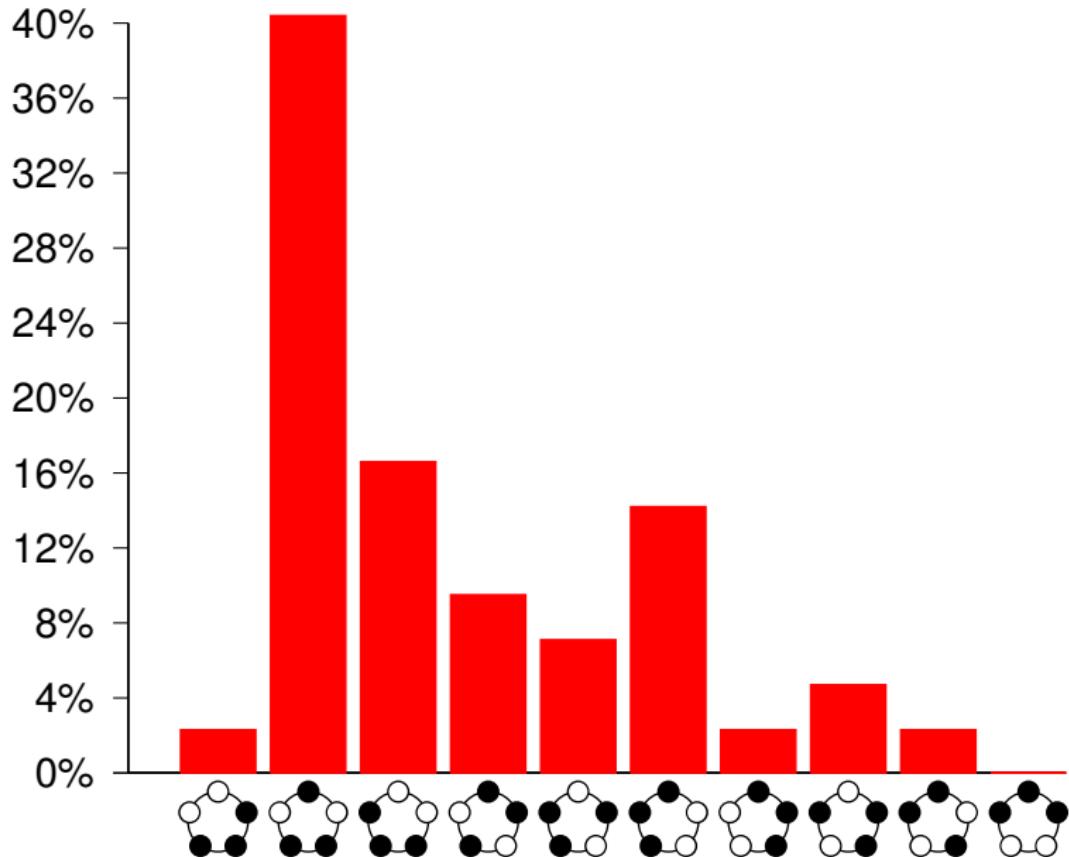
# Stationary distribution



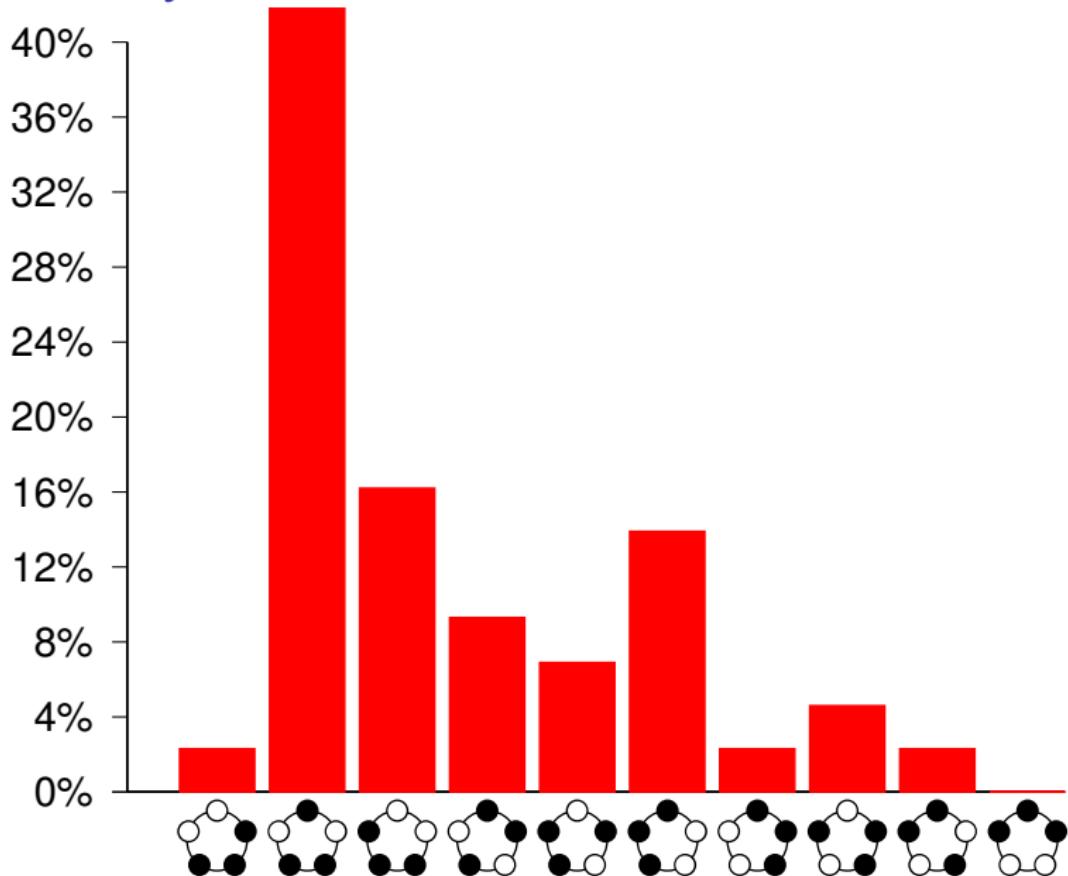
# Stationary distribution



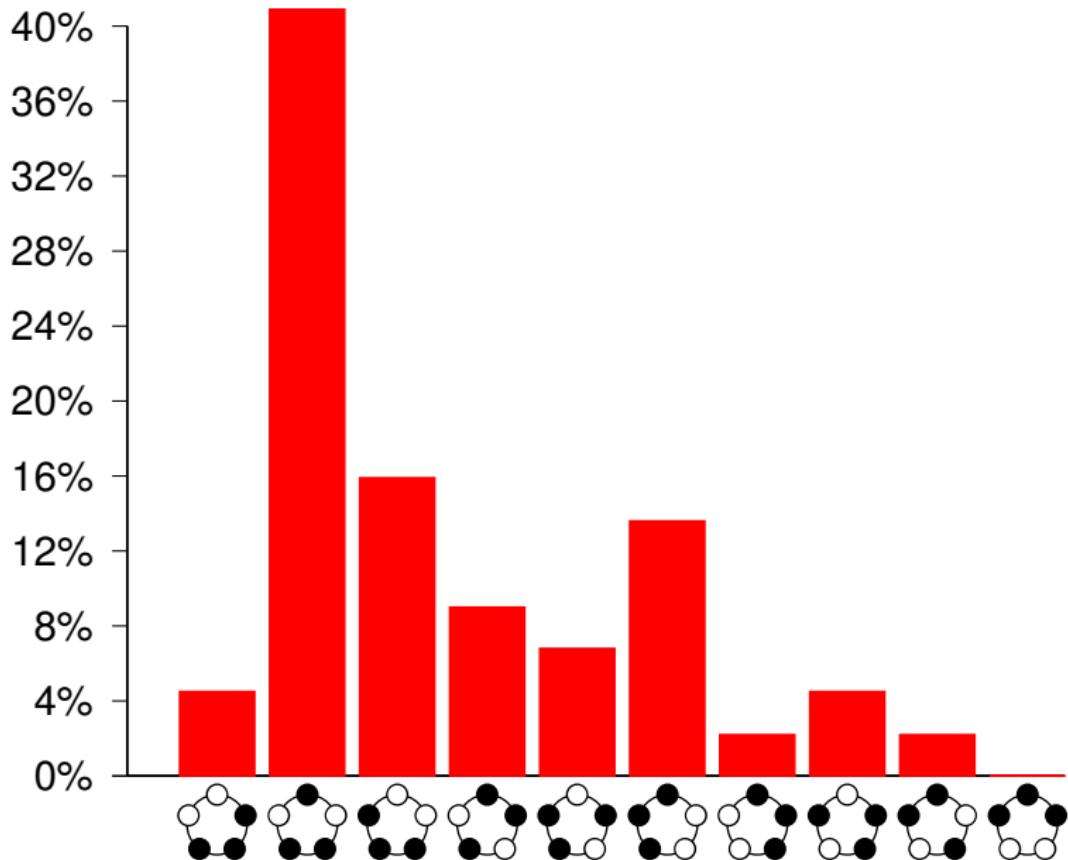
# Stationary distribution



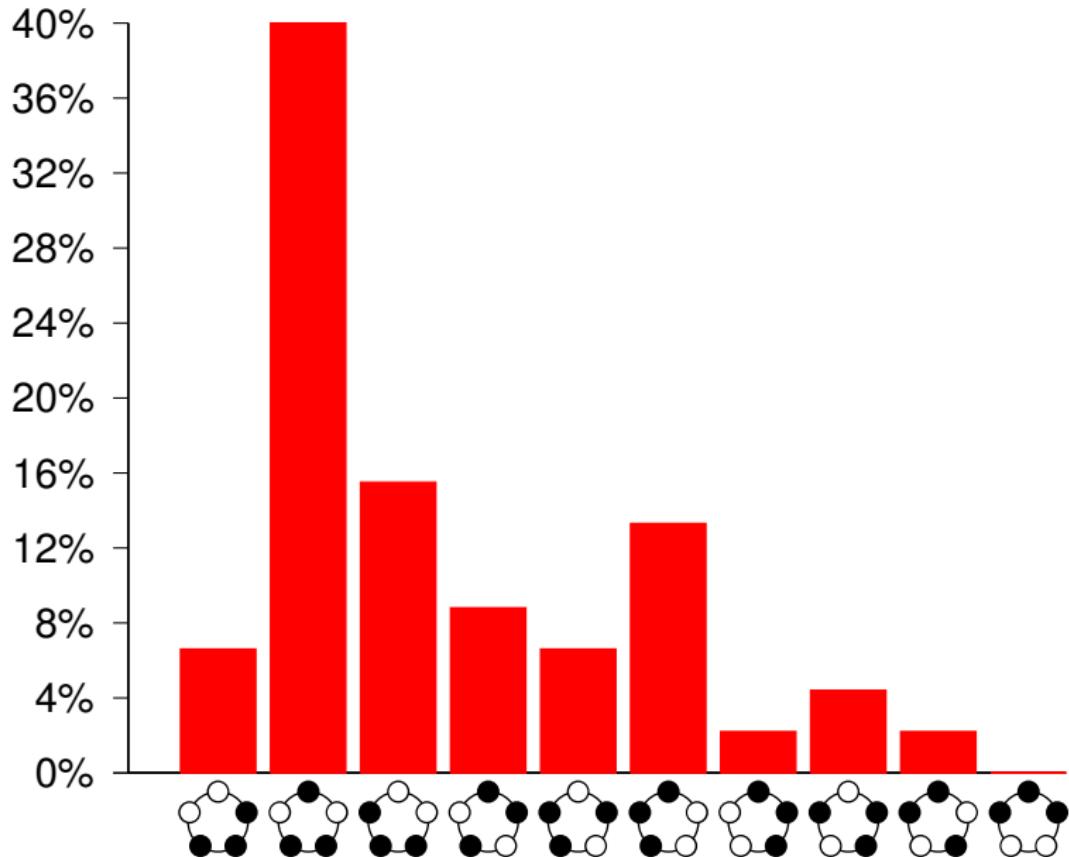
# Stationary distribution



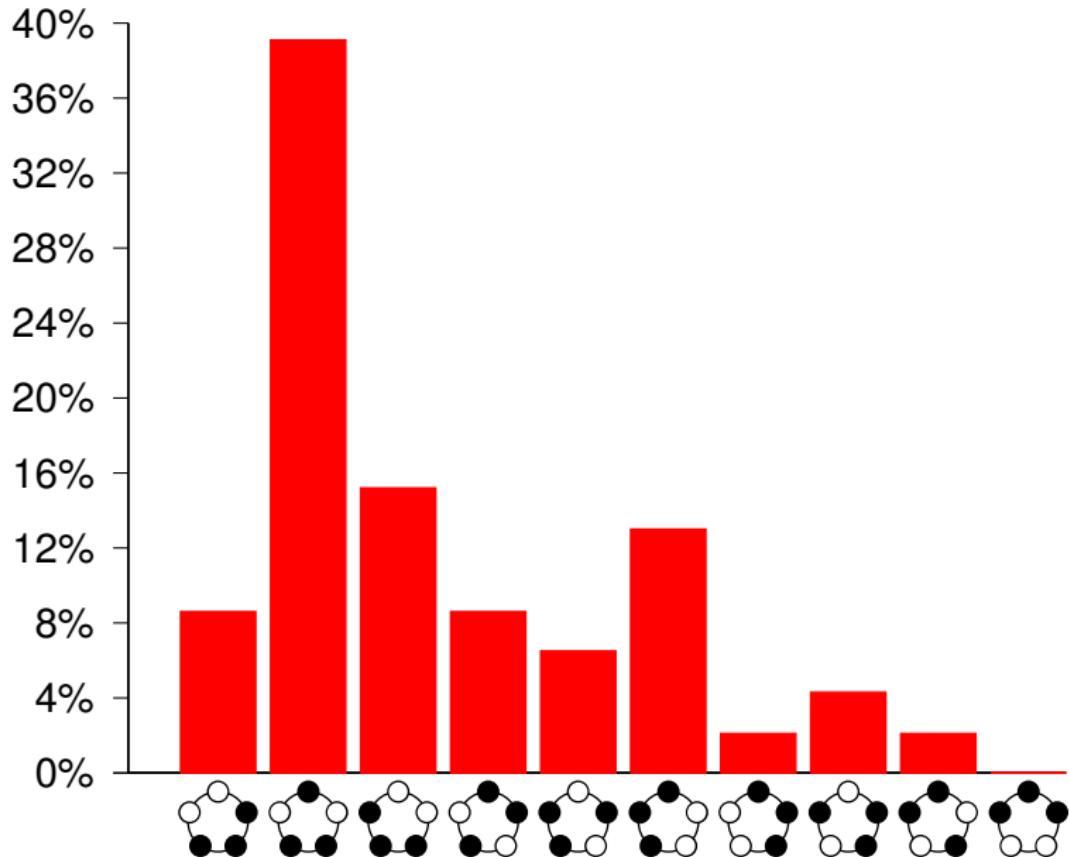
# Stationary distribution



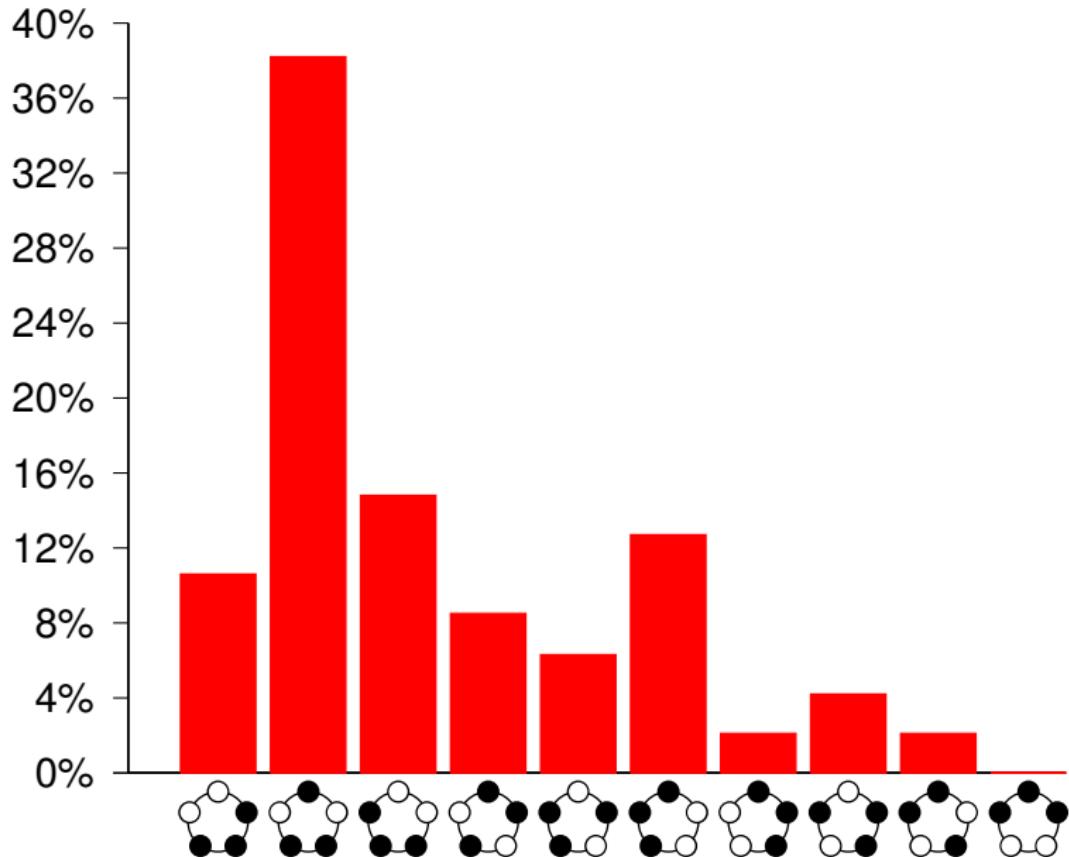
# Stationary distribution



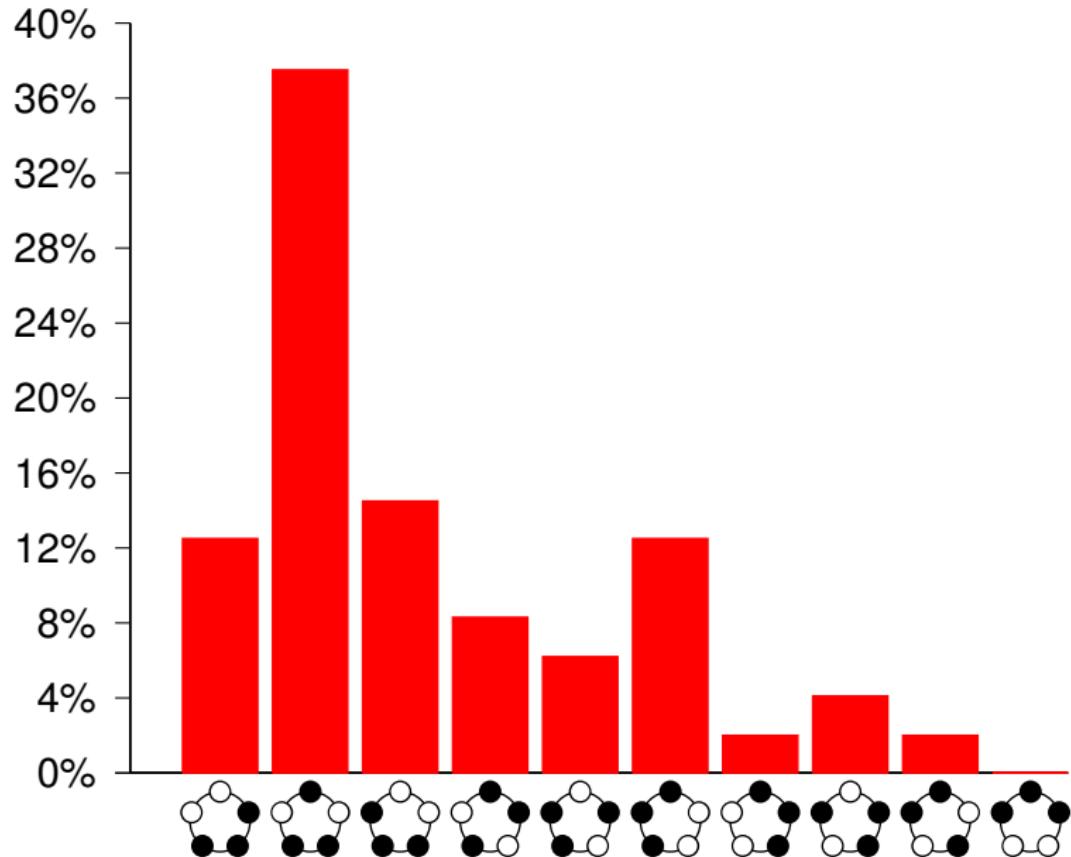
# Stationary distribution



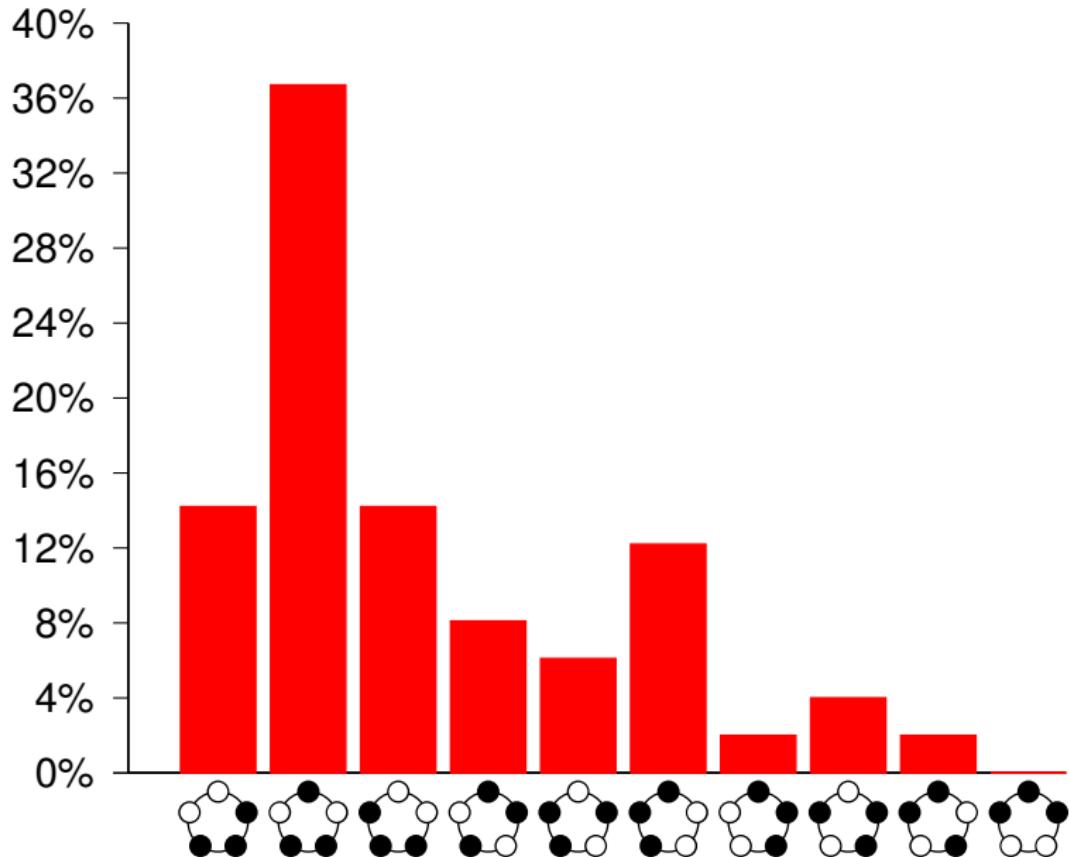
# Stationary distribution



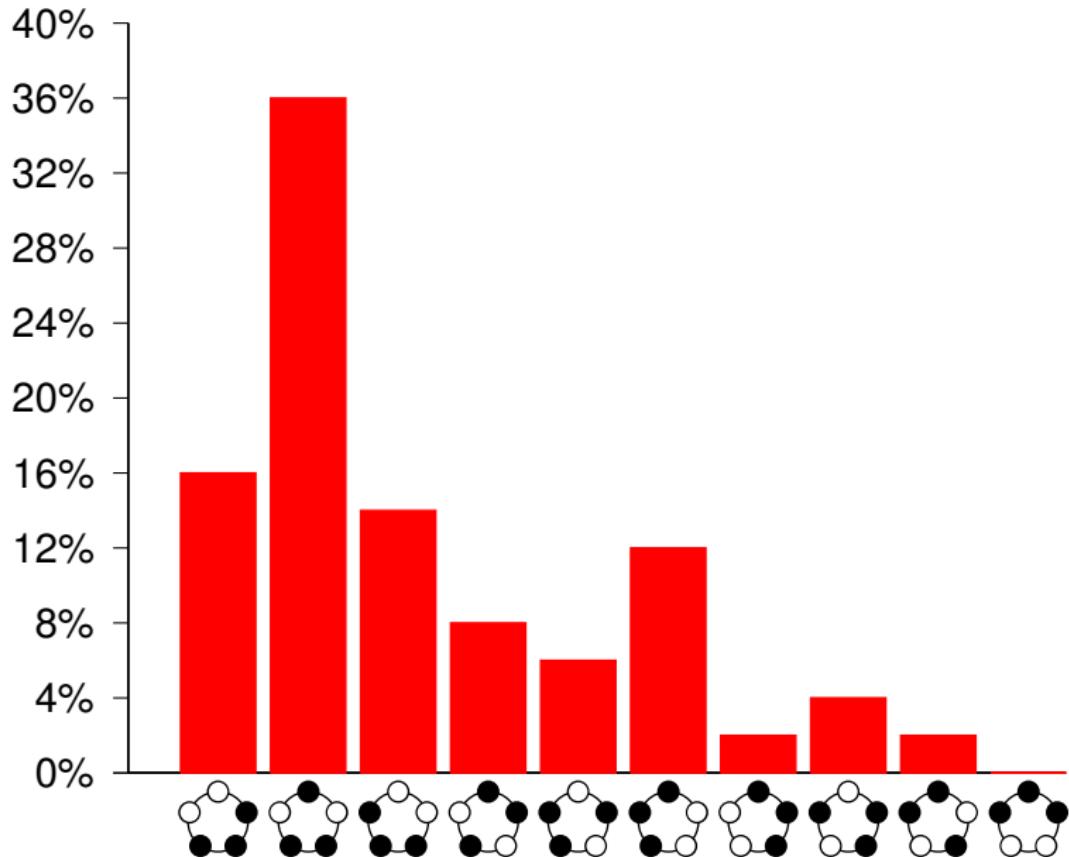
# Stationary distribution



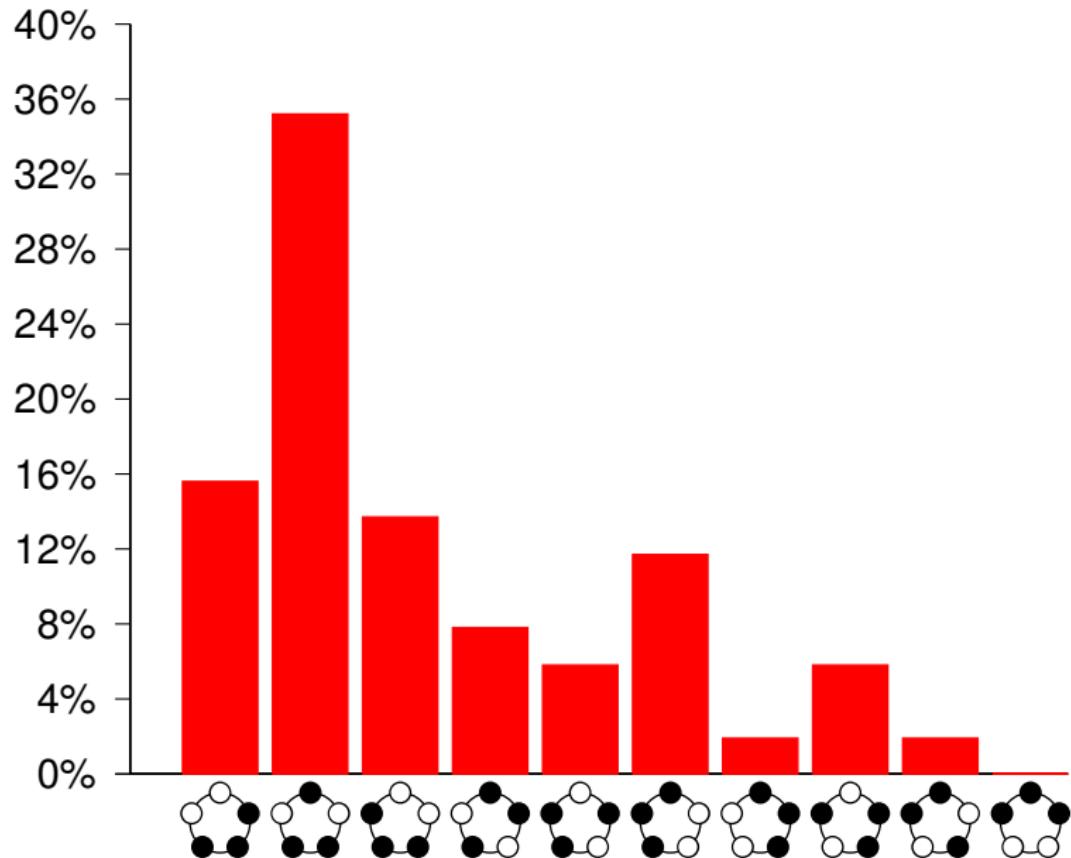
# Stationary distribution



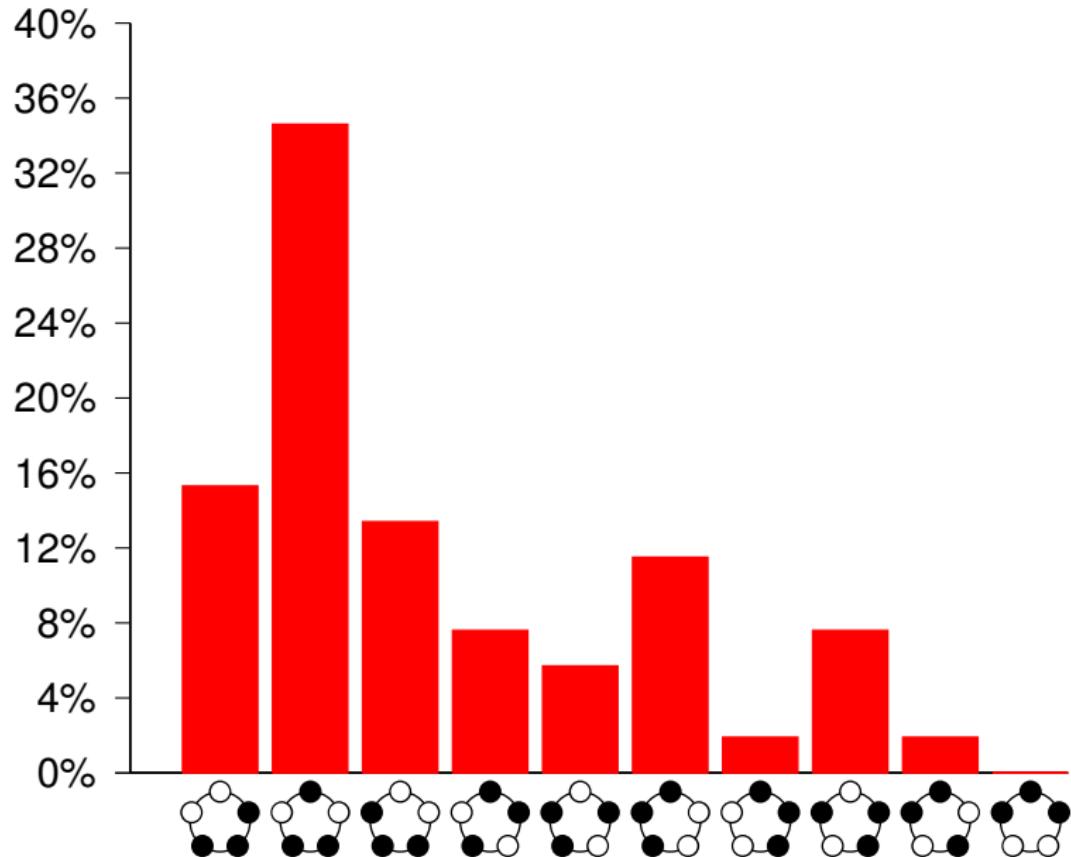
# Stationary distribution



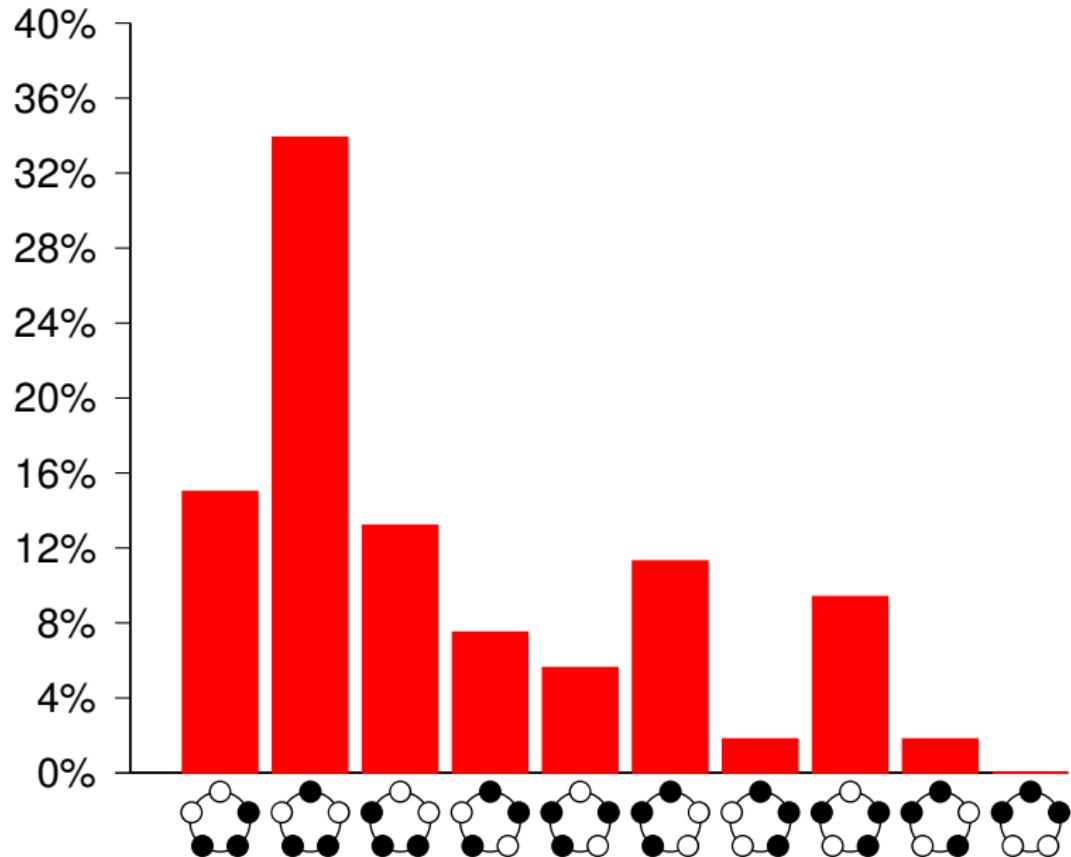
# Stationary distribution



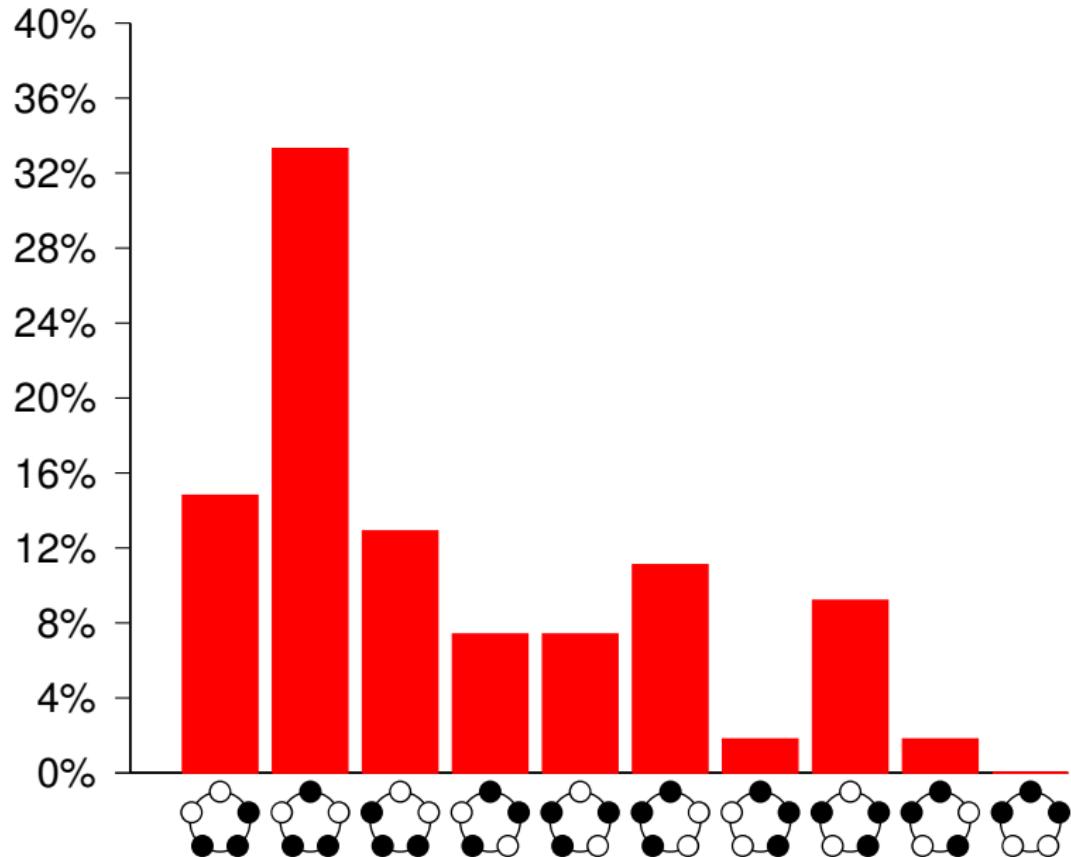
# Stationary distribution



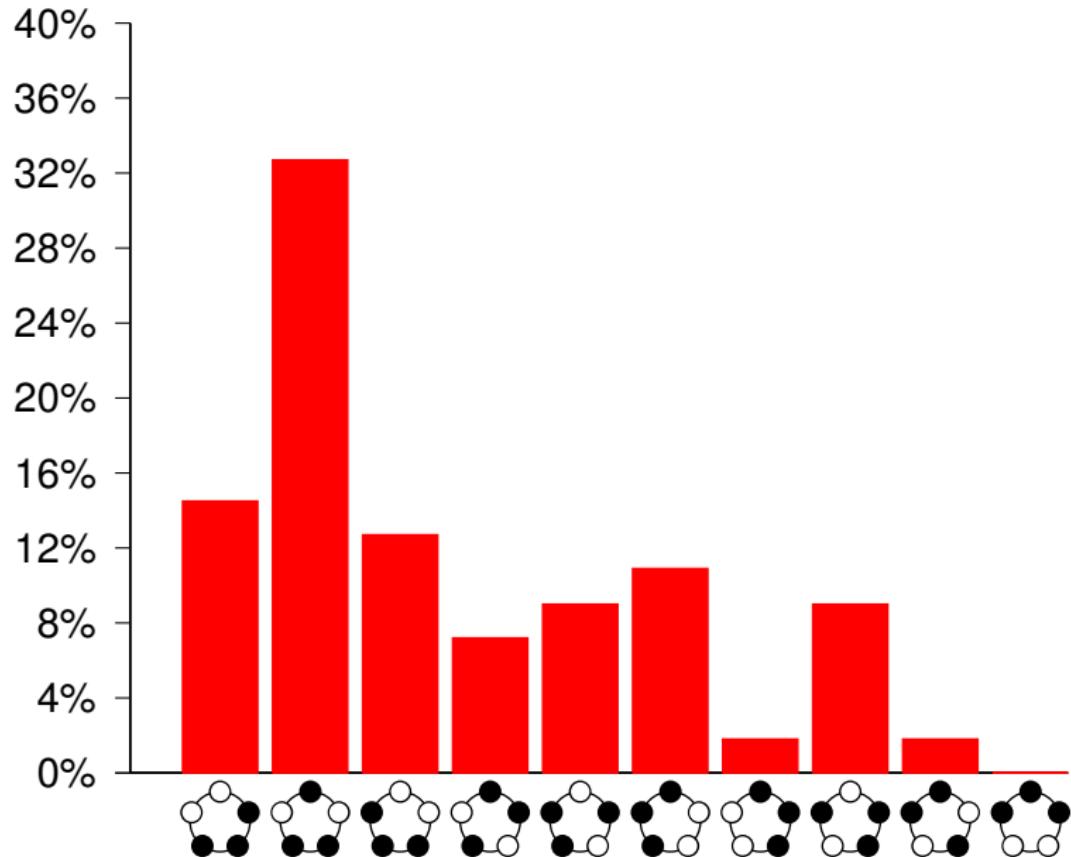
# Stationary distribution



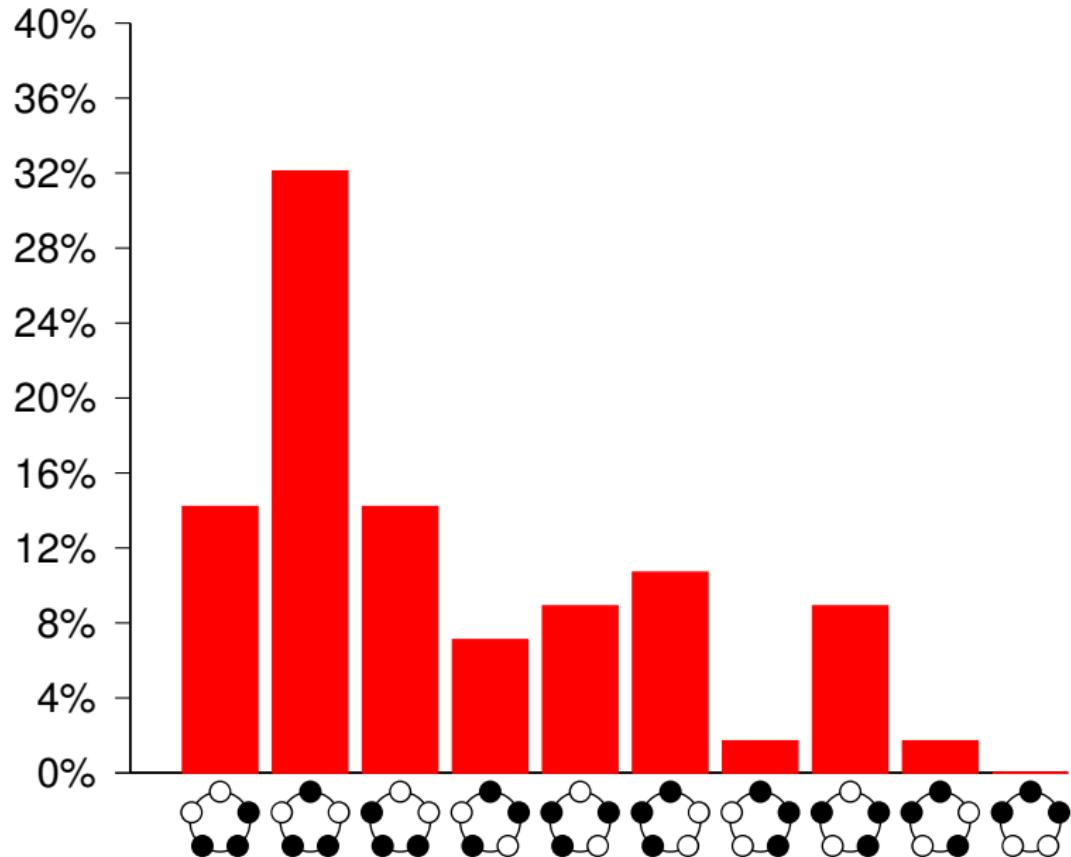
# Stationary distribution



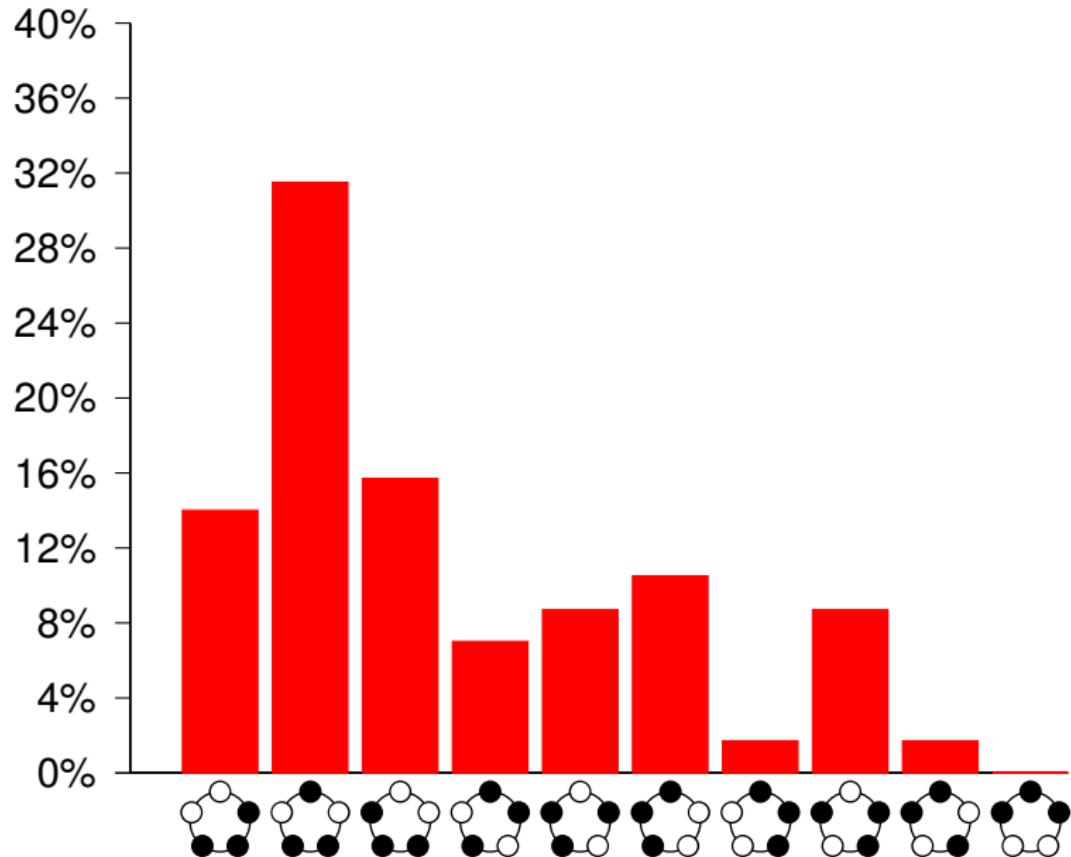
# Stationary distribution



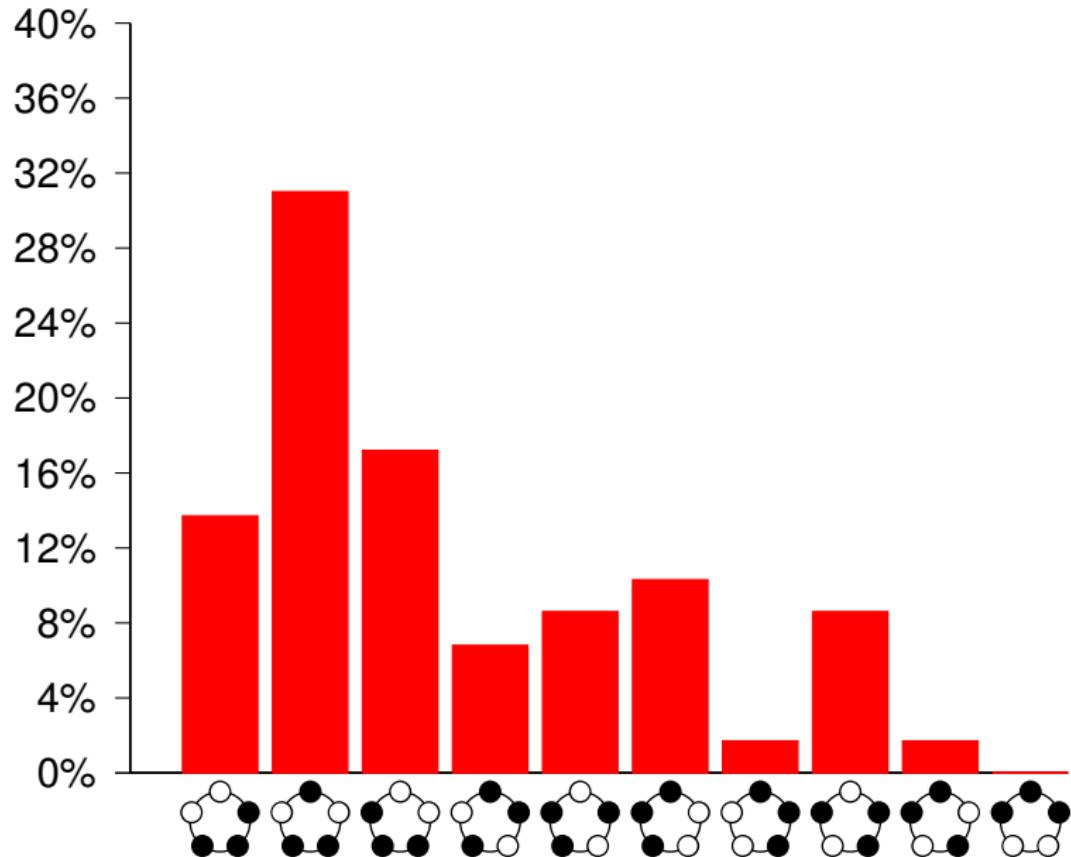
# Stationary distribution



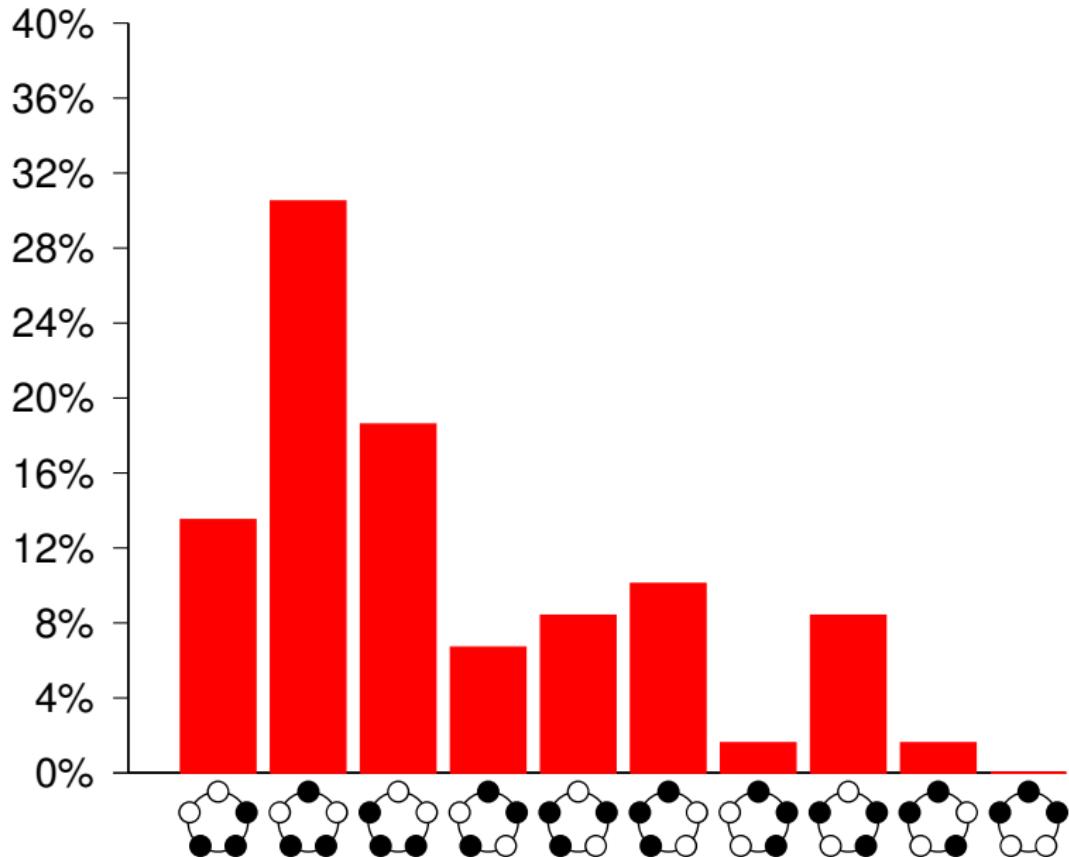
# Stationary distribution



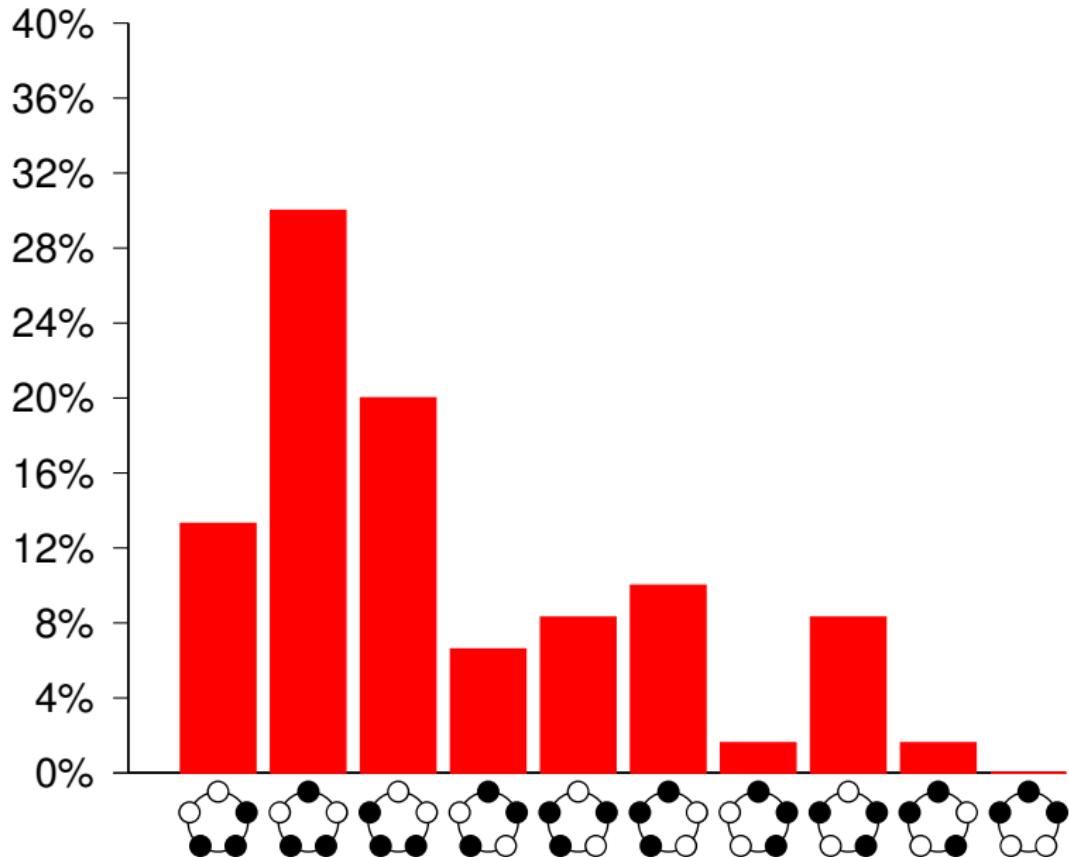
# Stationary distribution



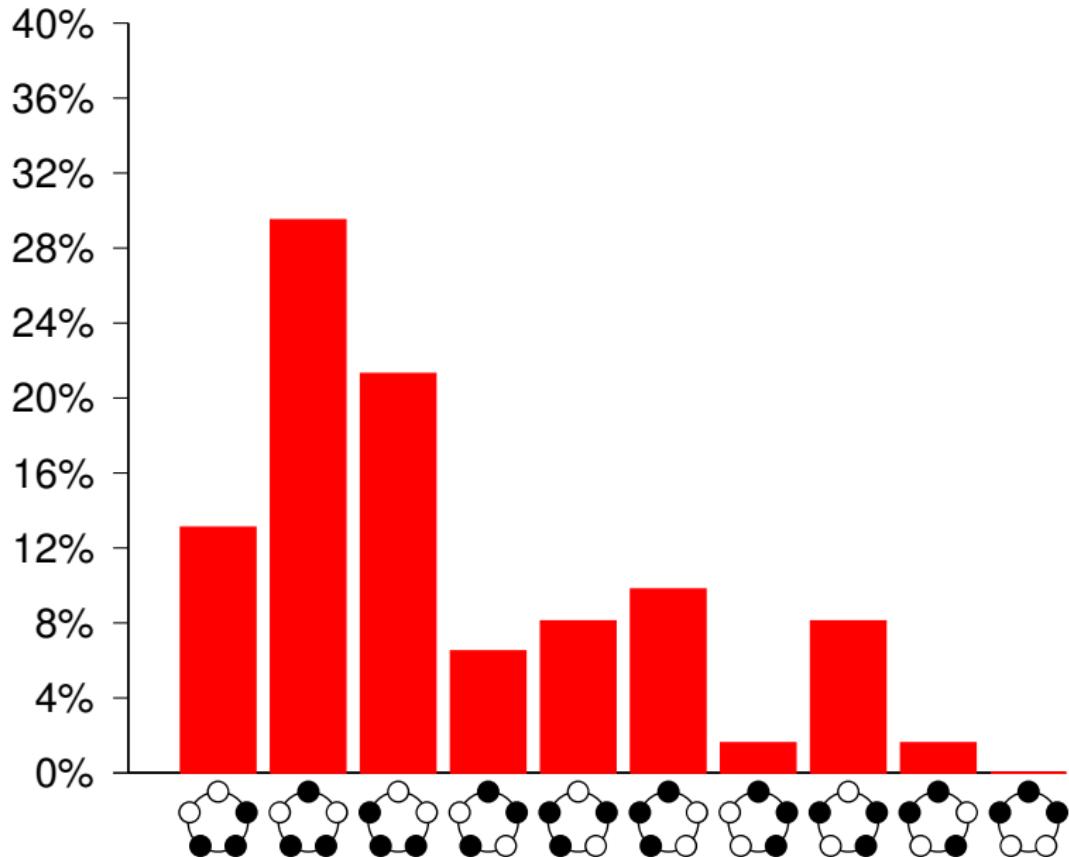
# Stationary distribution



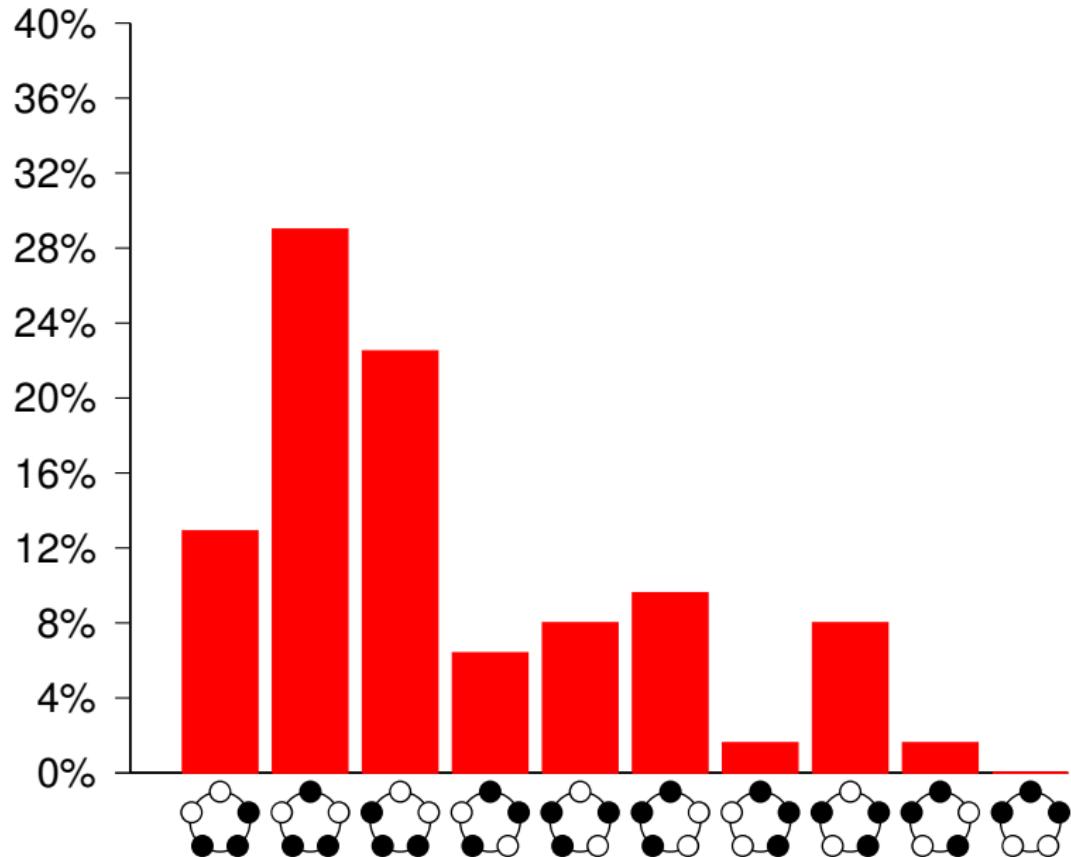
# Stationary distribution



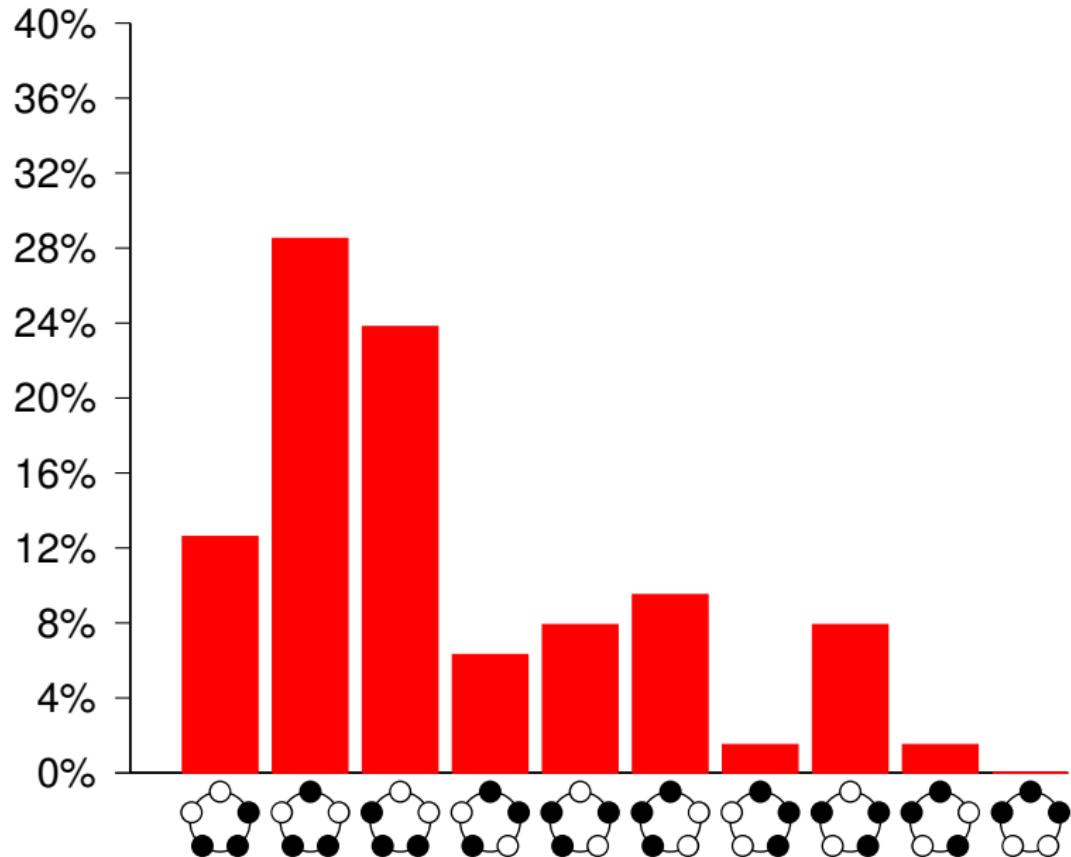
# Stationary distribution



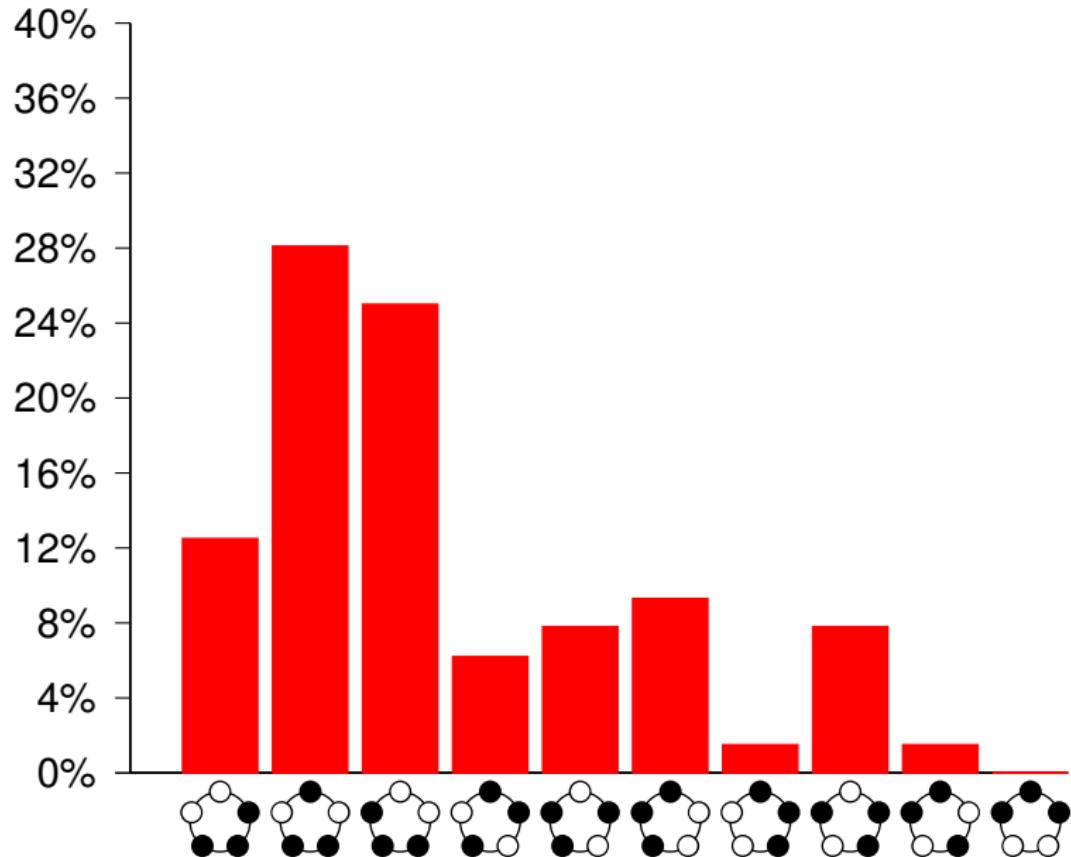
# Stationary distribution



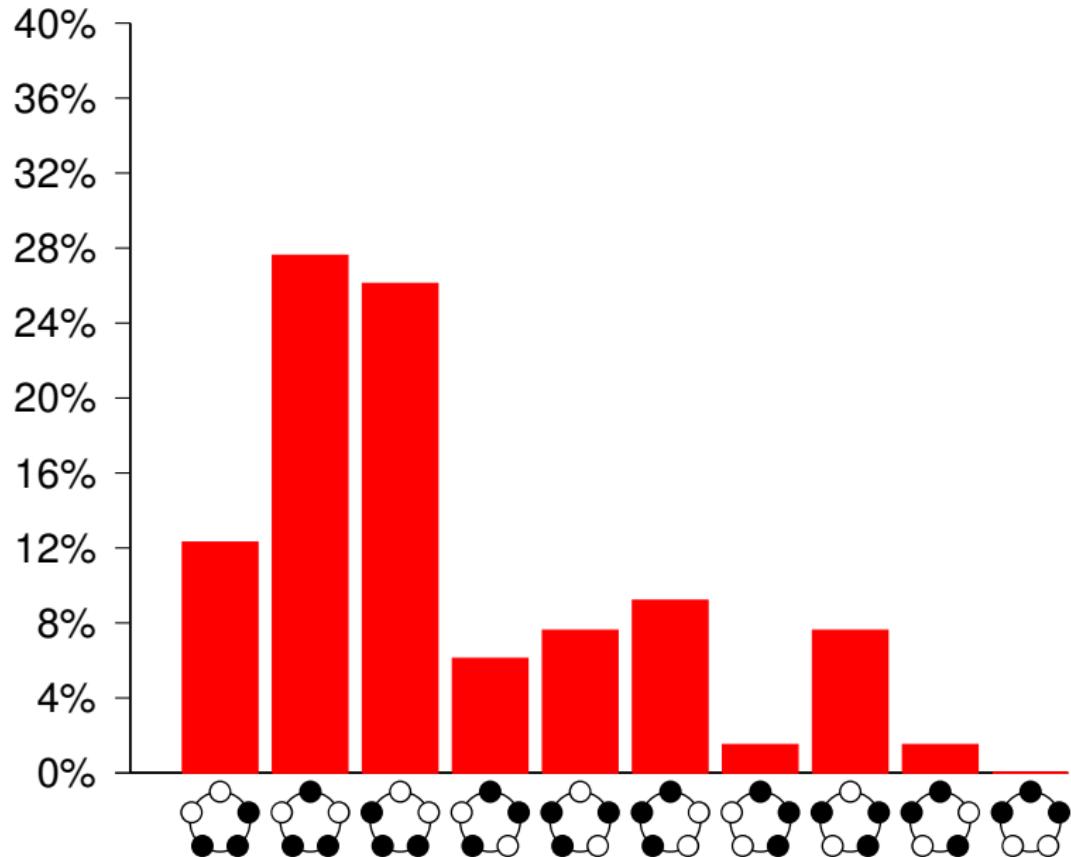
# Stationary distribution



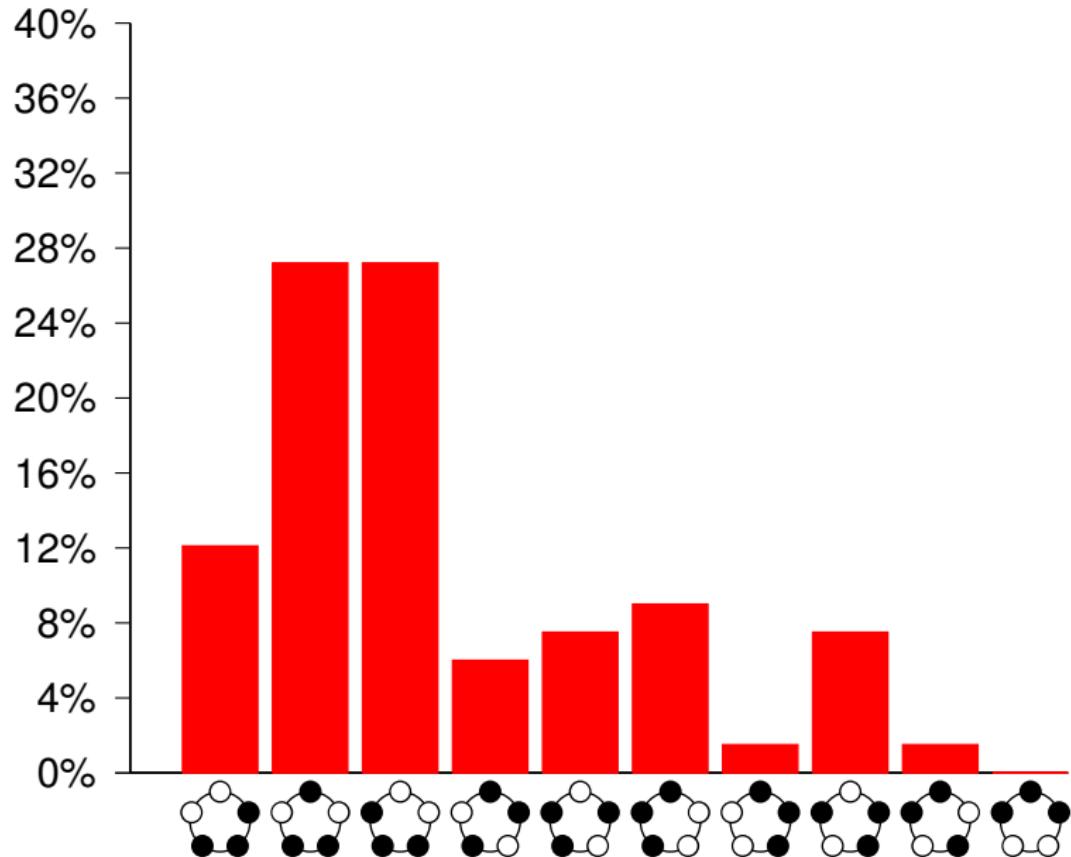
# Stationary distribution



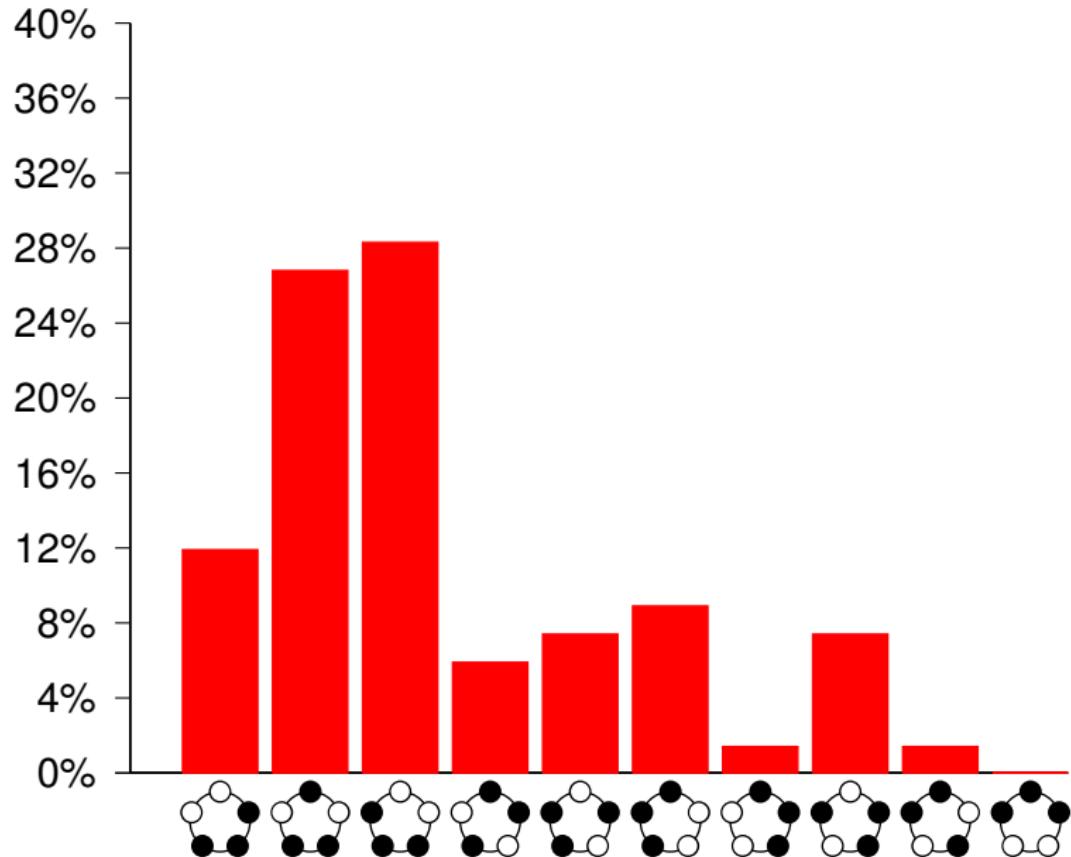
# Stationary distribution



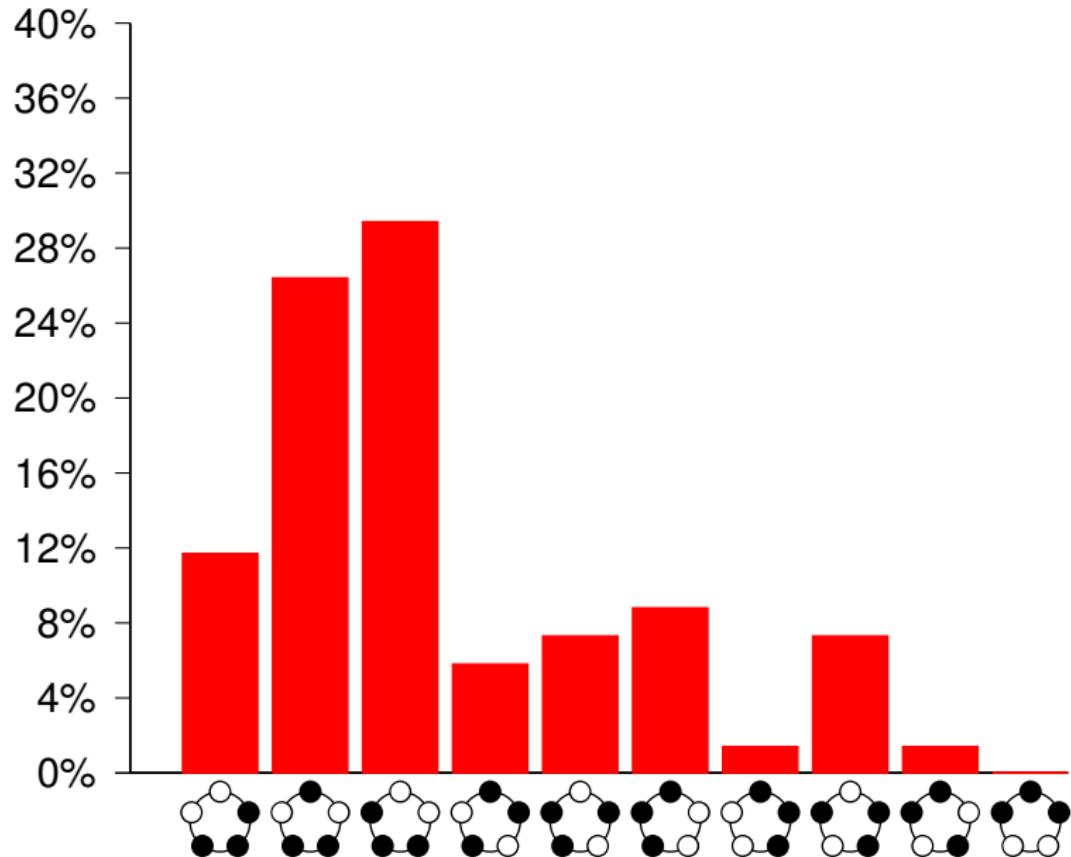
# Stationary distribution



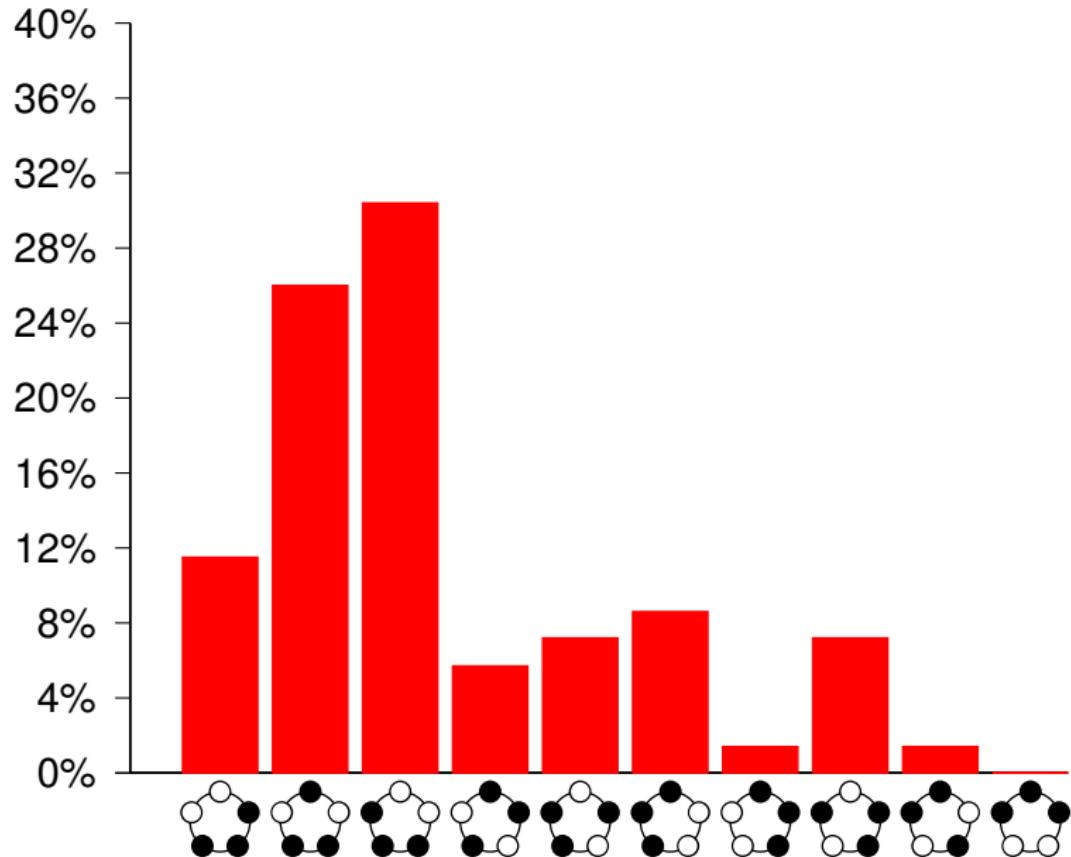
# Stationary distribution



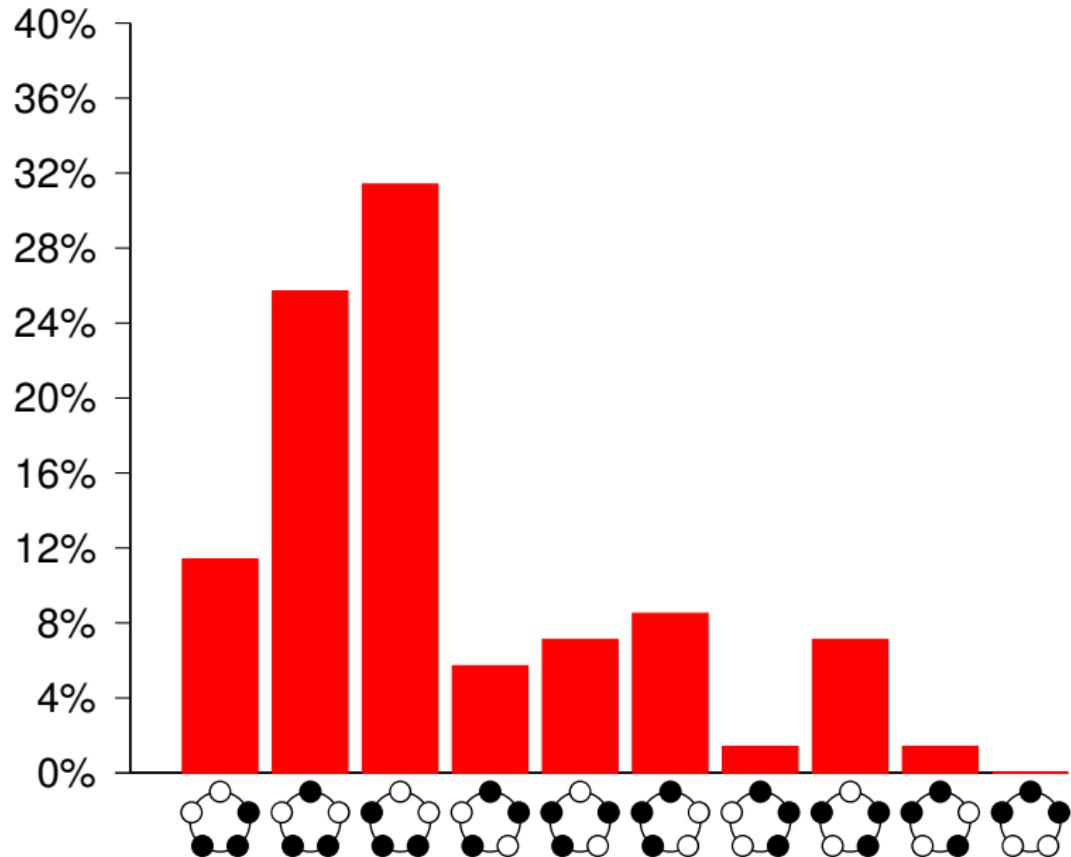
# Stationary distribution



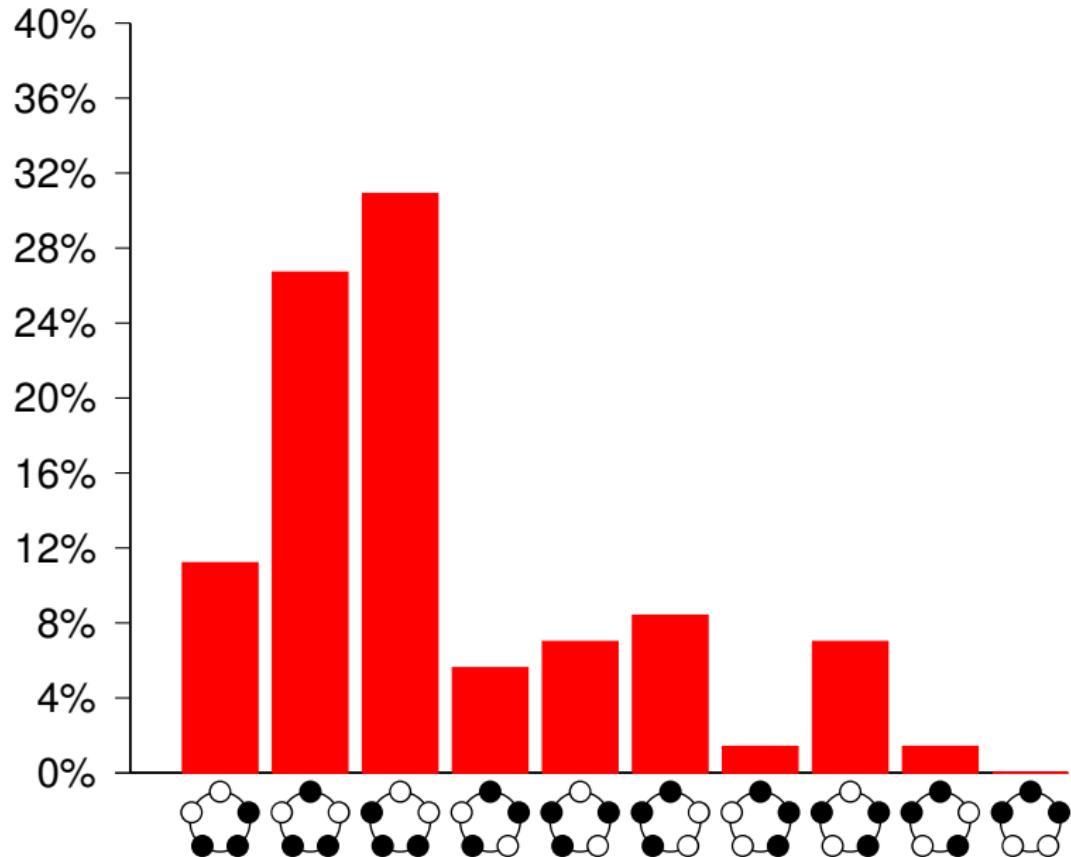
# Stationary distribution



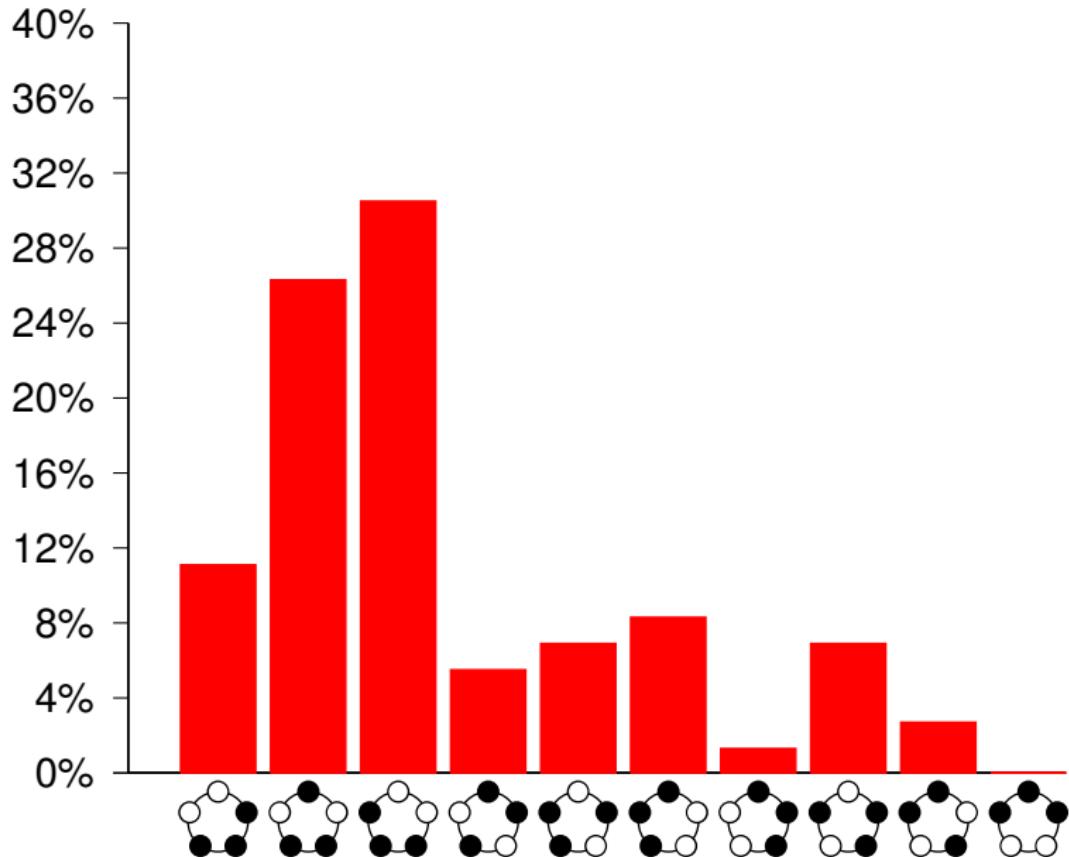
# Stationary distribution



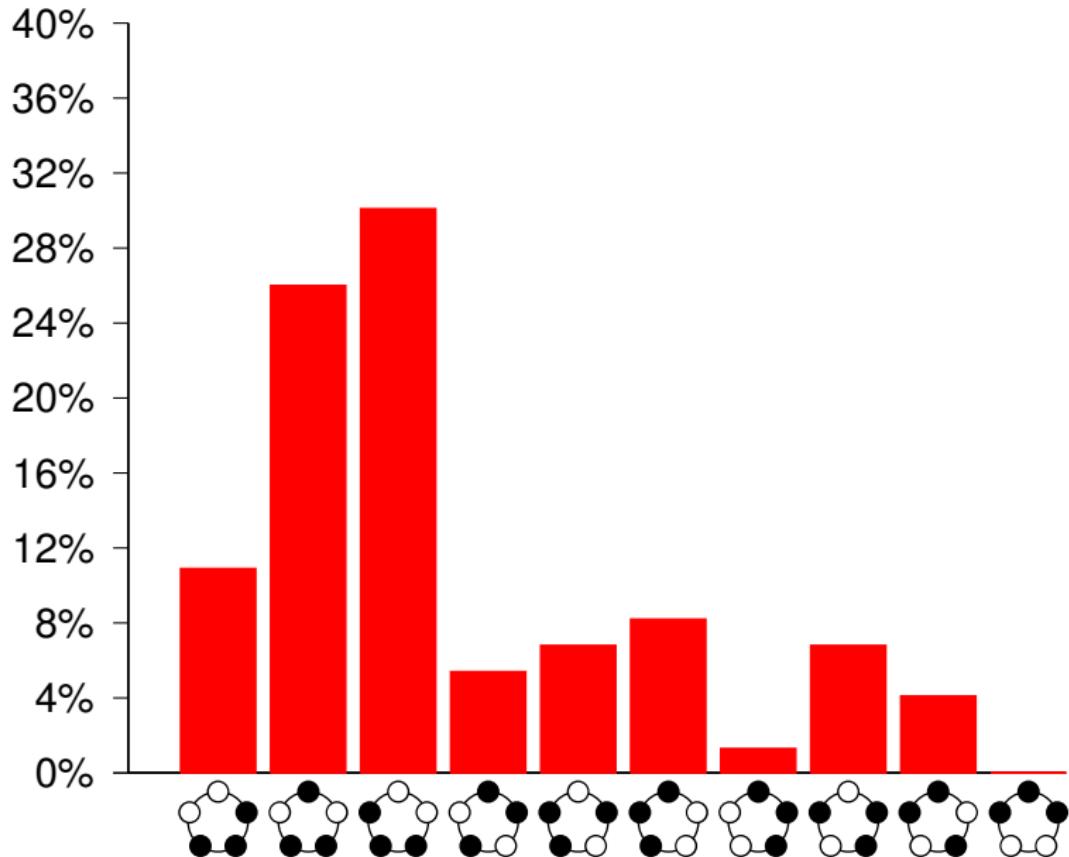
# Stationary distribution



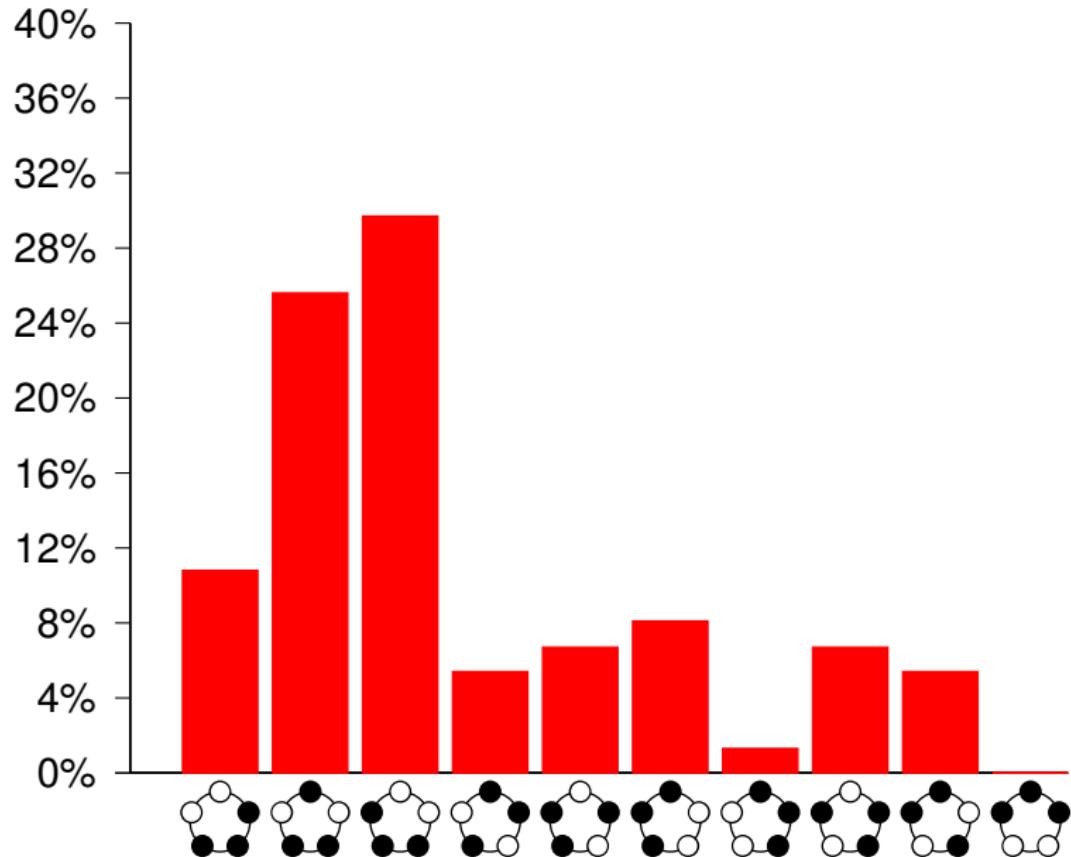
# Stationary distribution



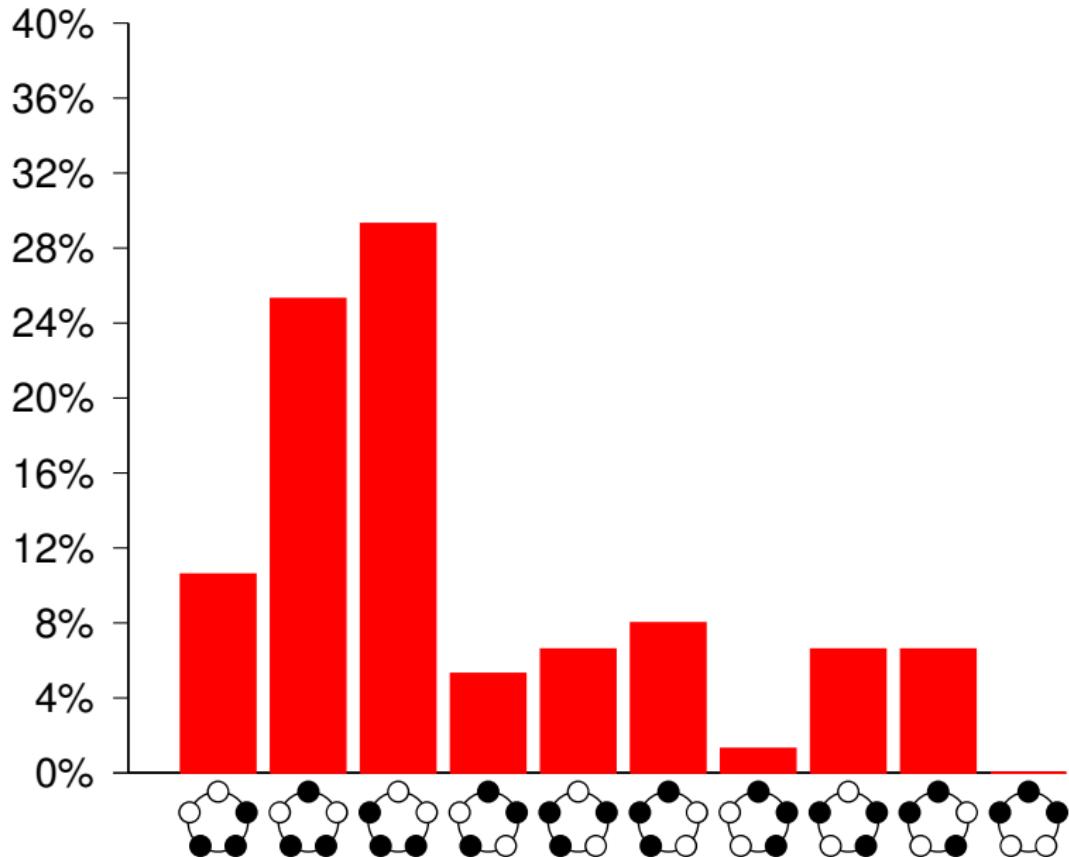
# Stationary distribution



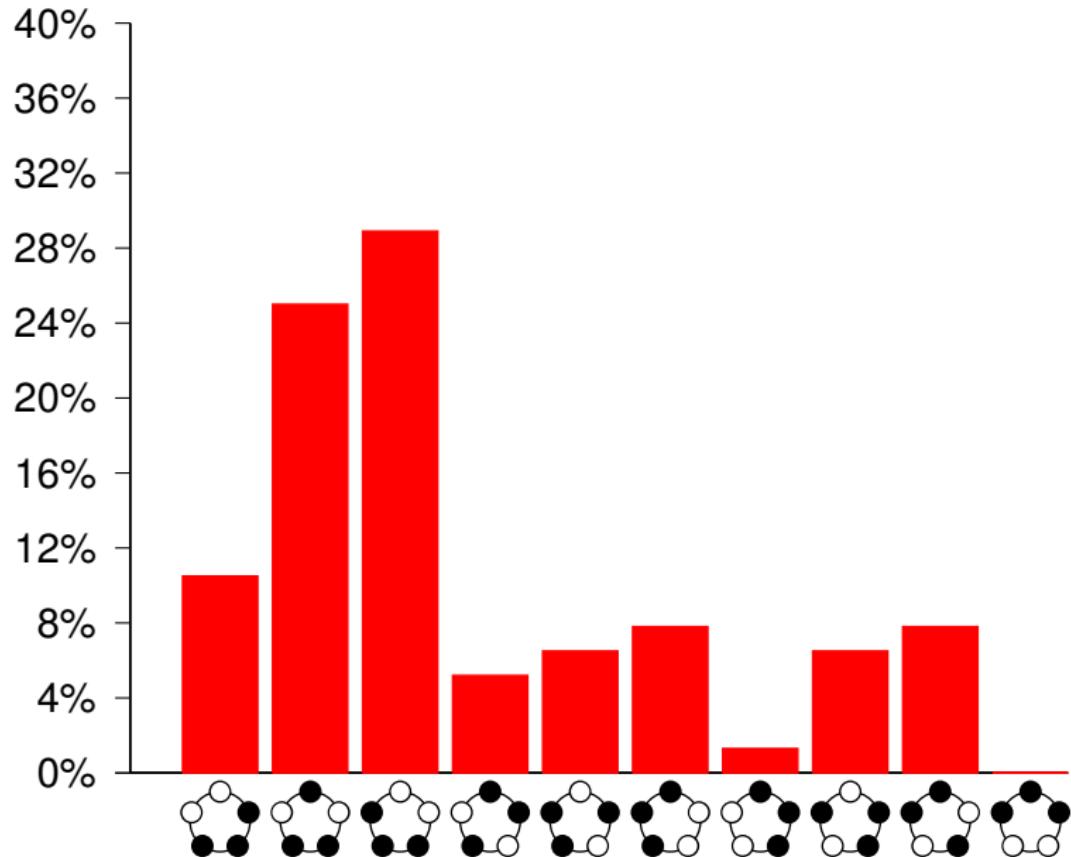
# Stationary distribution



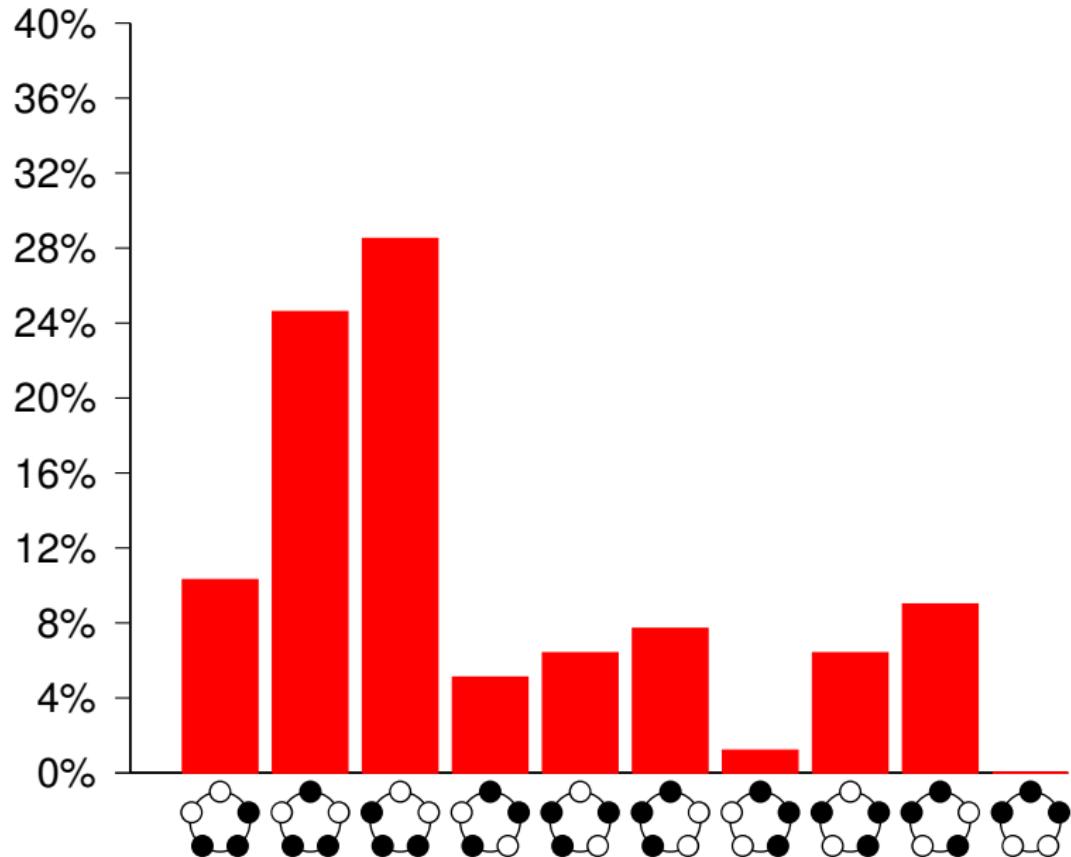
# Stationary distribution



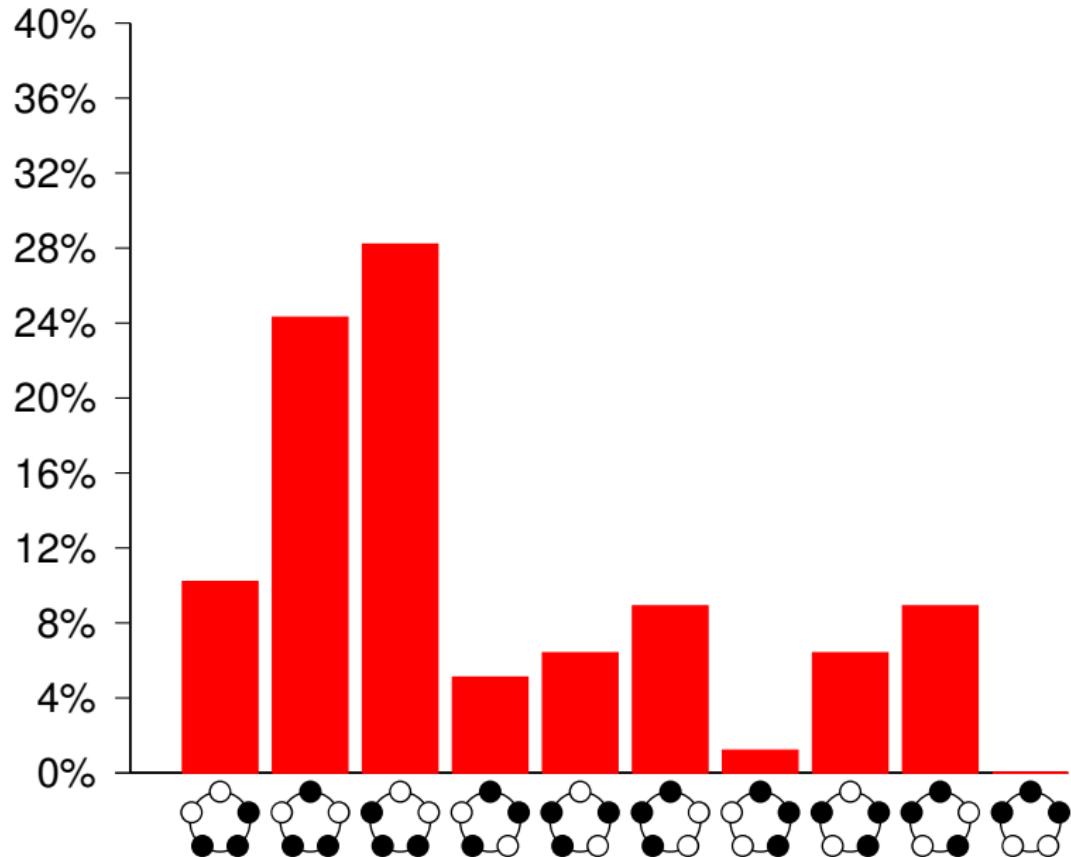
# Stationary distribution



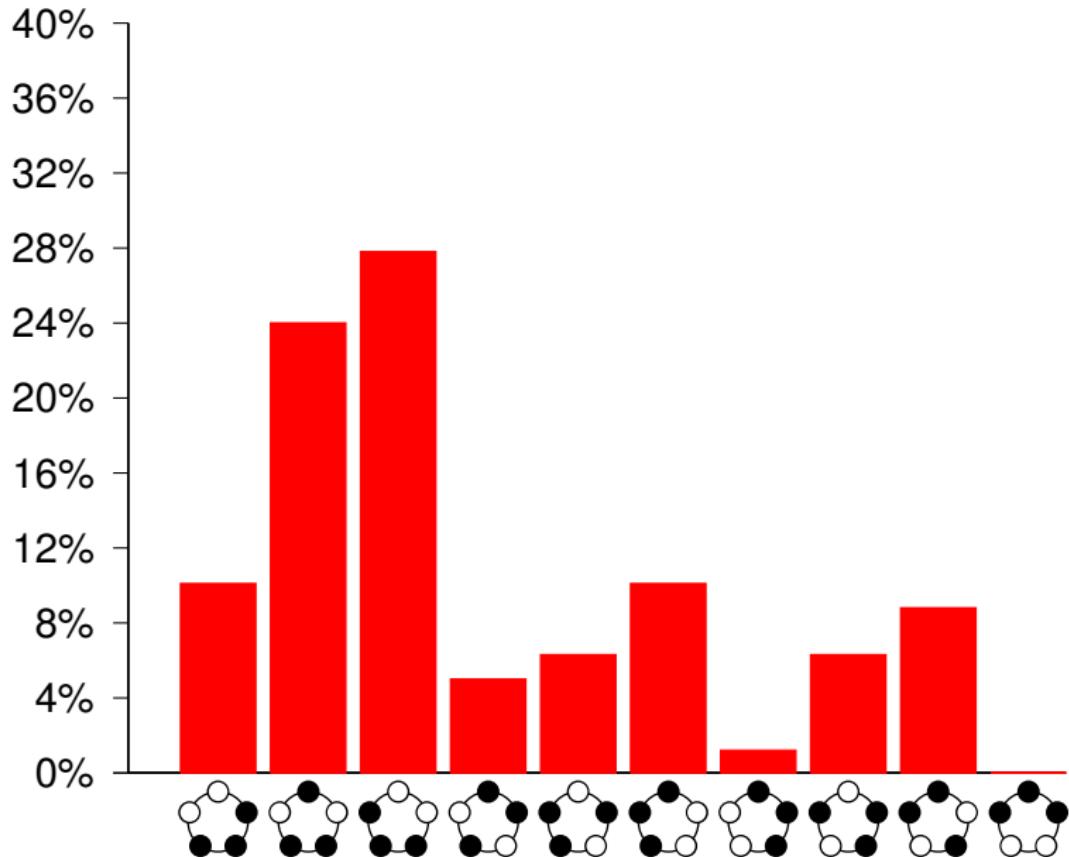
# Stationary distribution



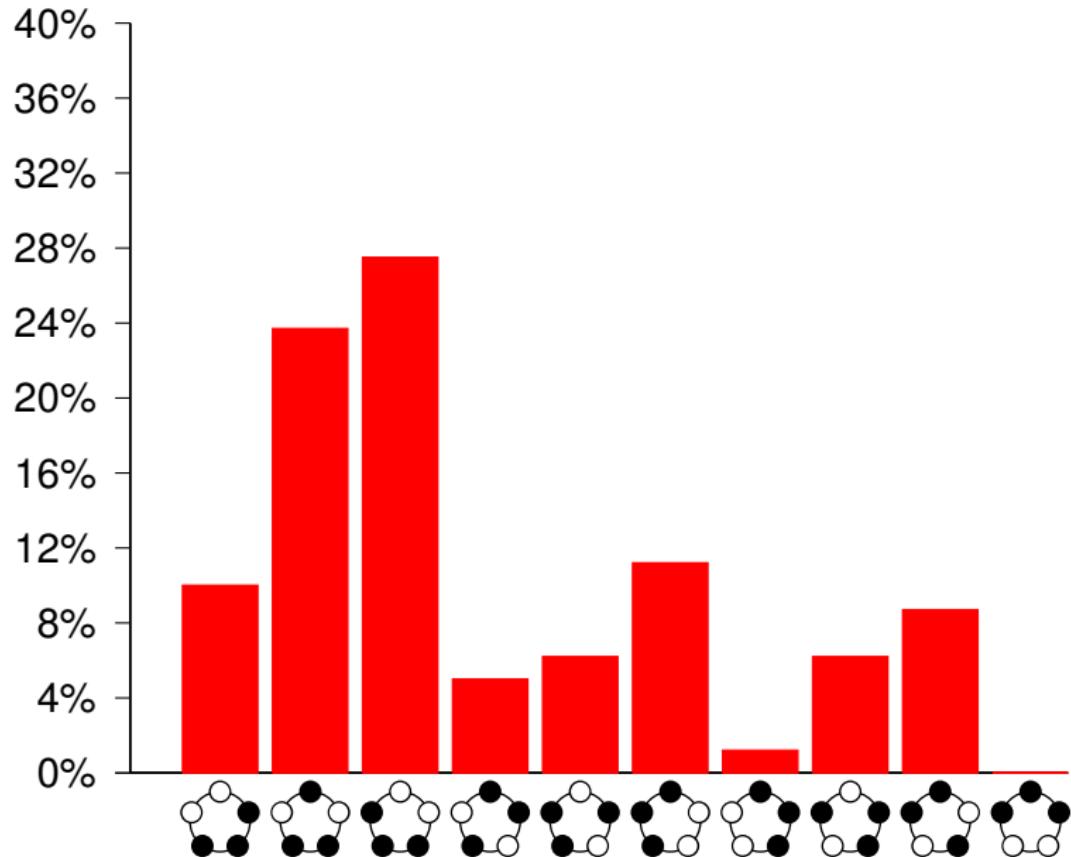
# Stationary distribution



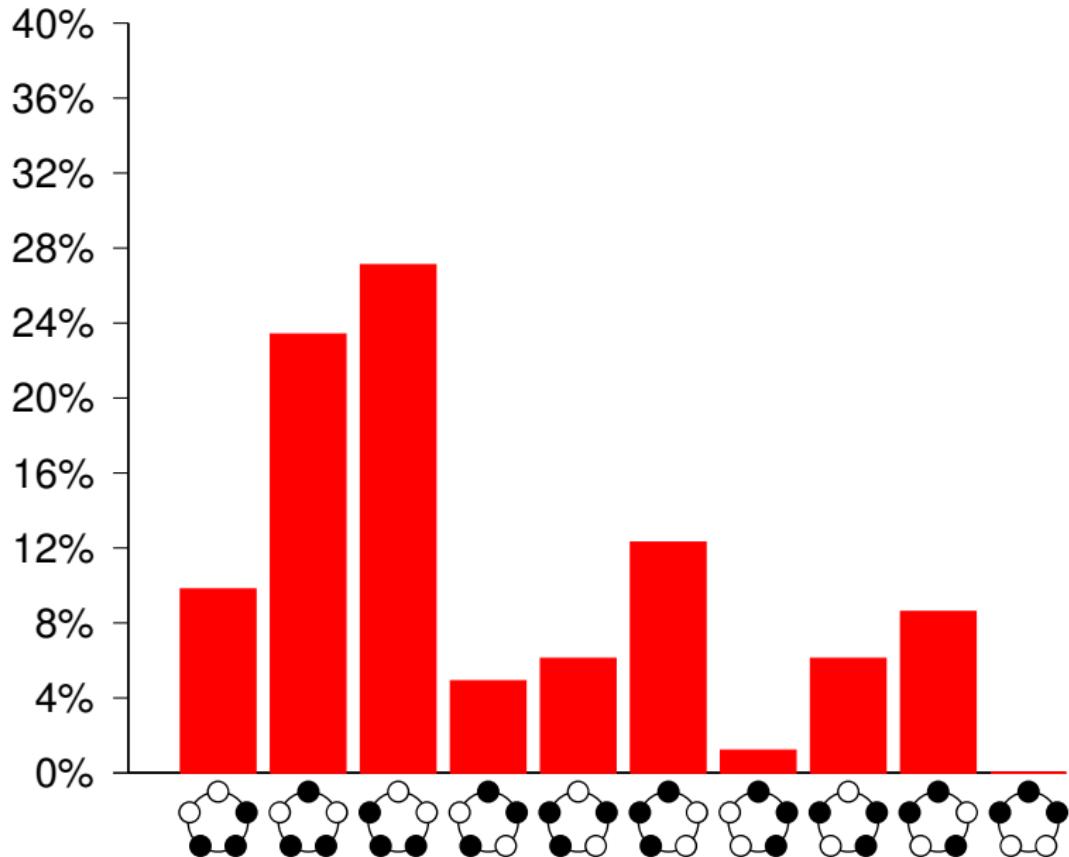
# Stationary distribution



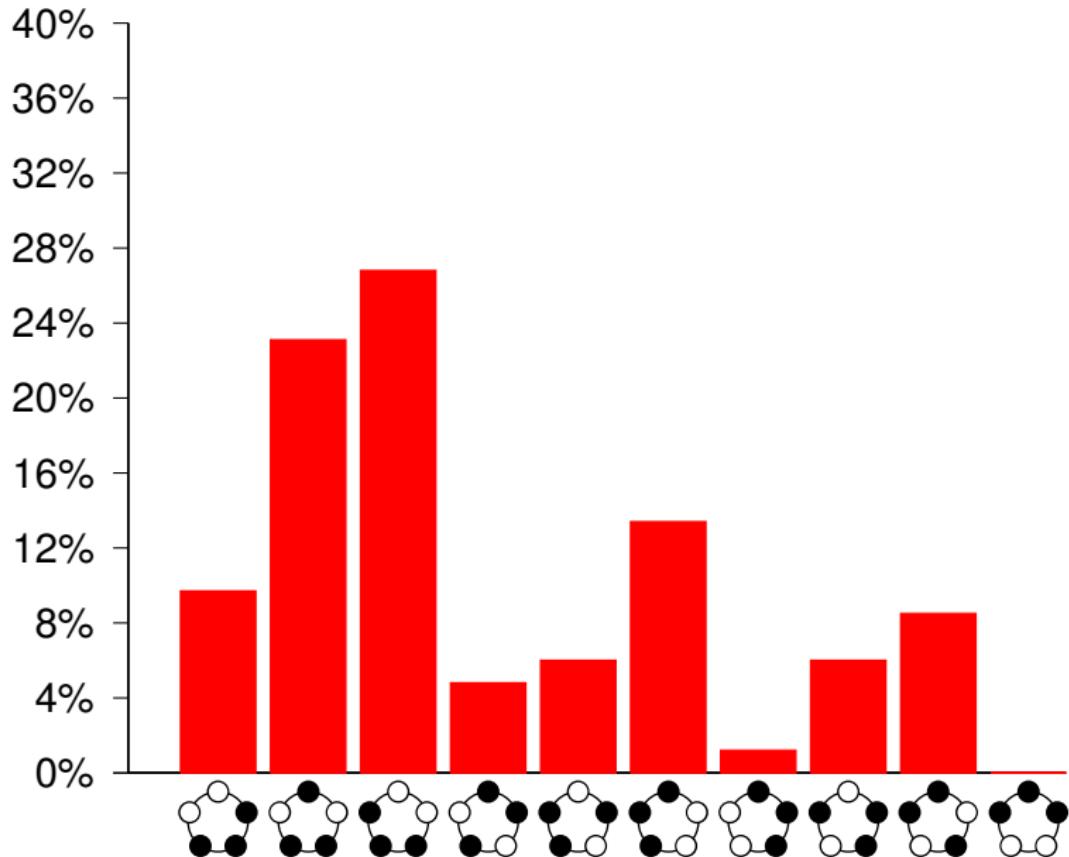
# Stationary distribution



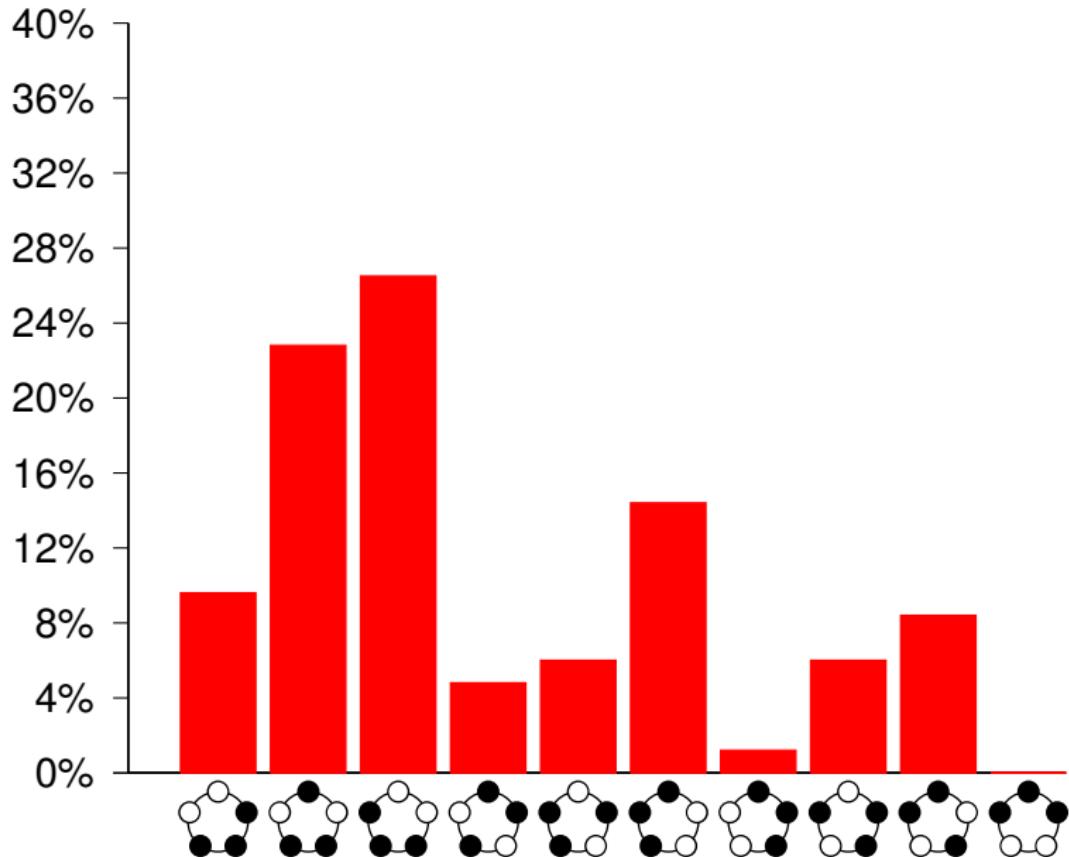
# Stationary distribution



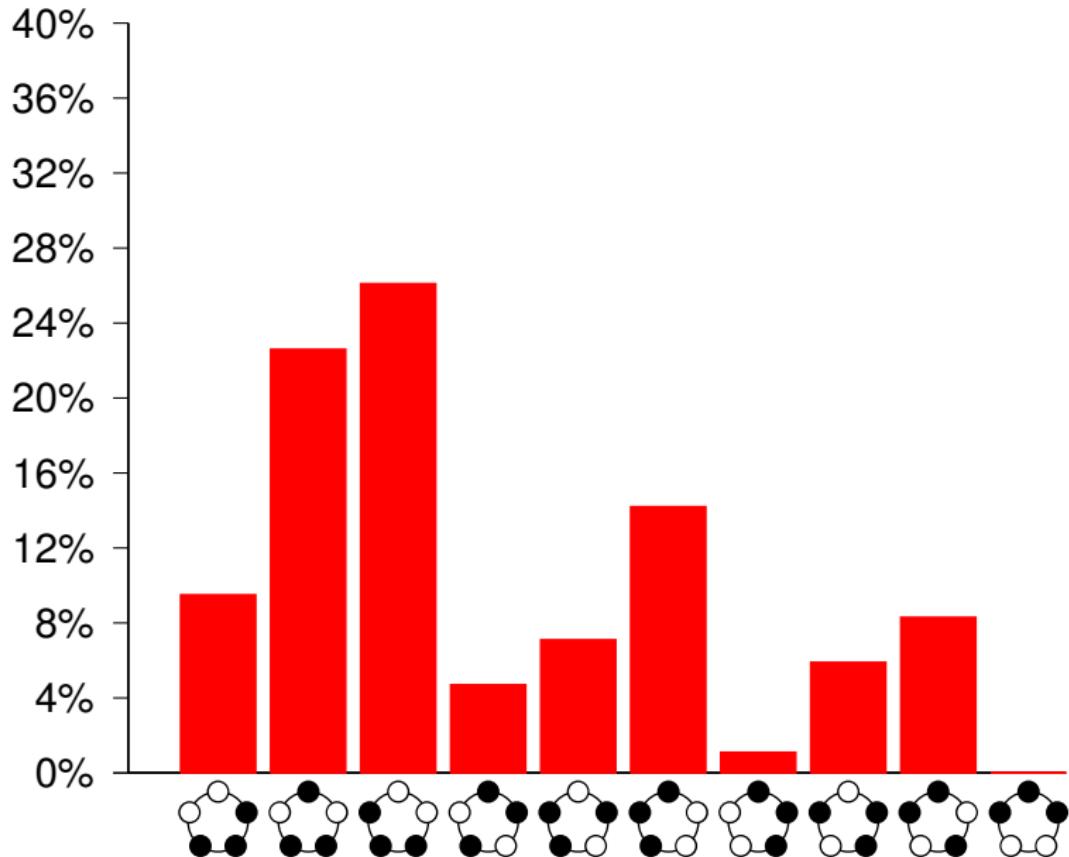
# Stationary distribution



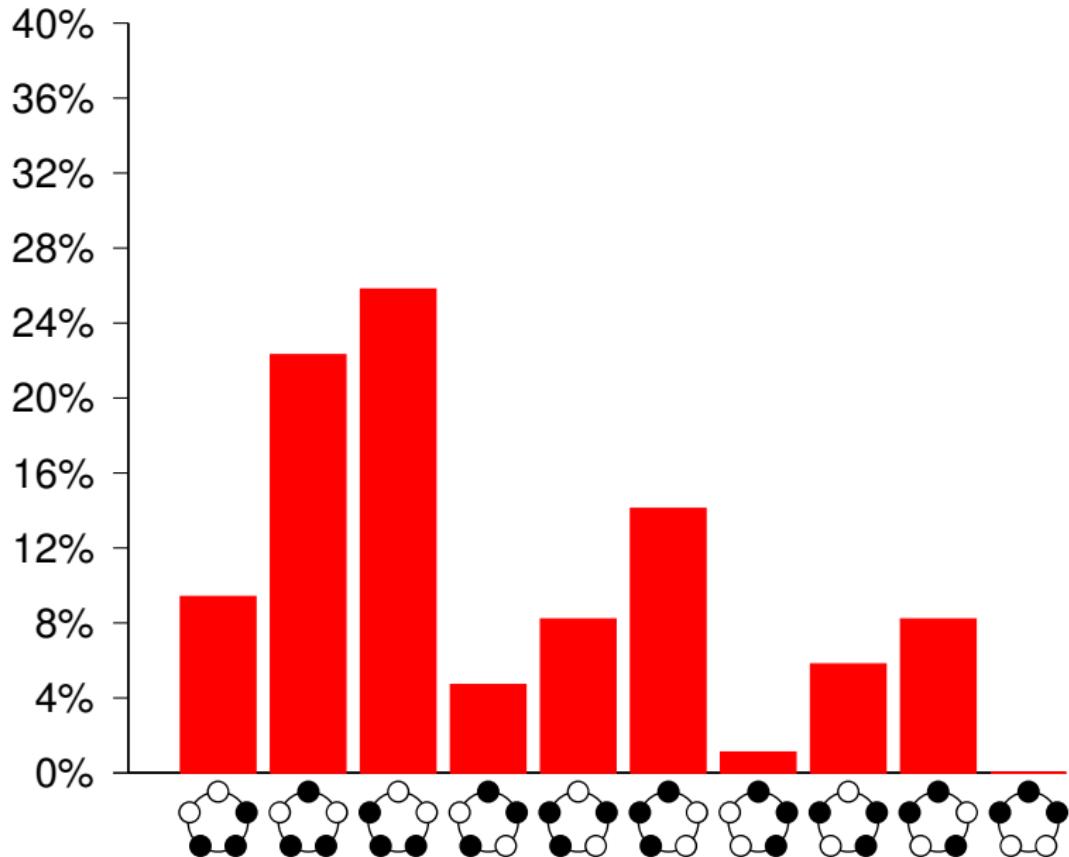
# Stationary distribution



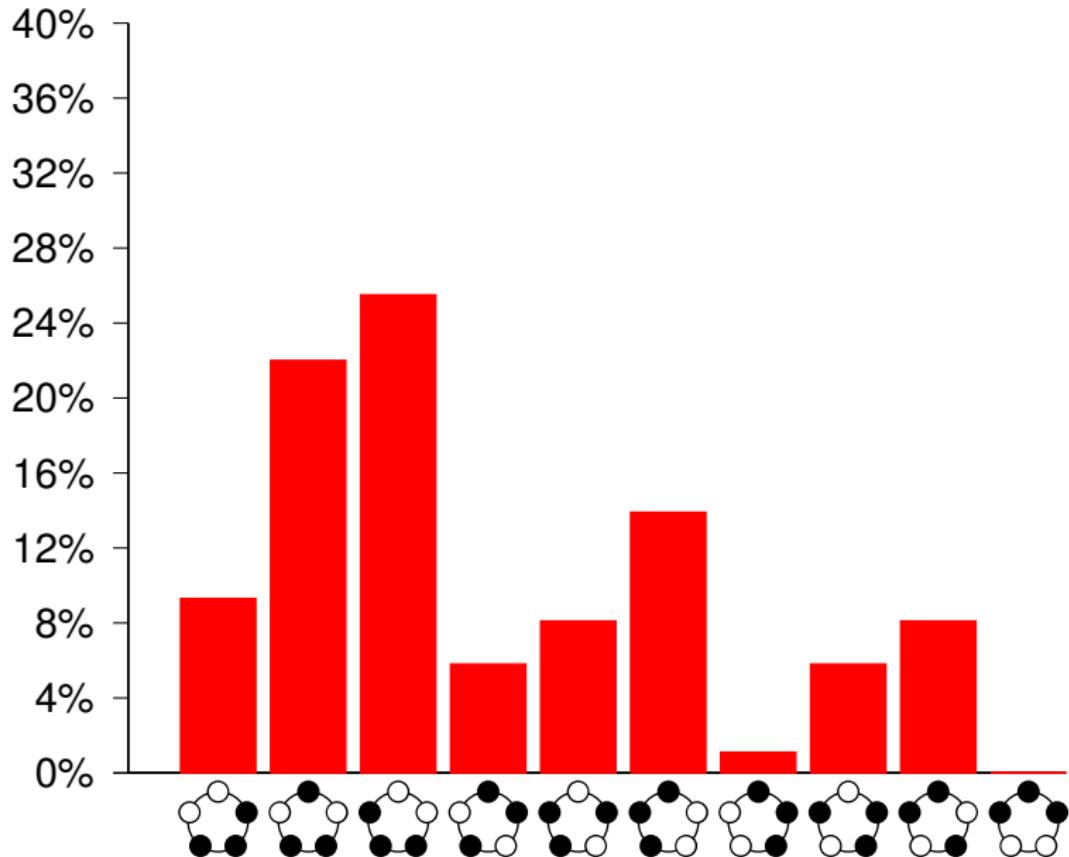
# Stationary distribution



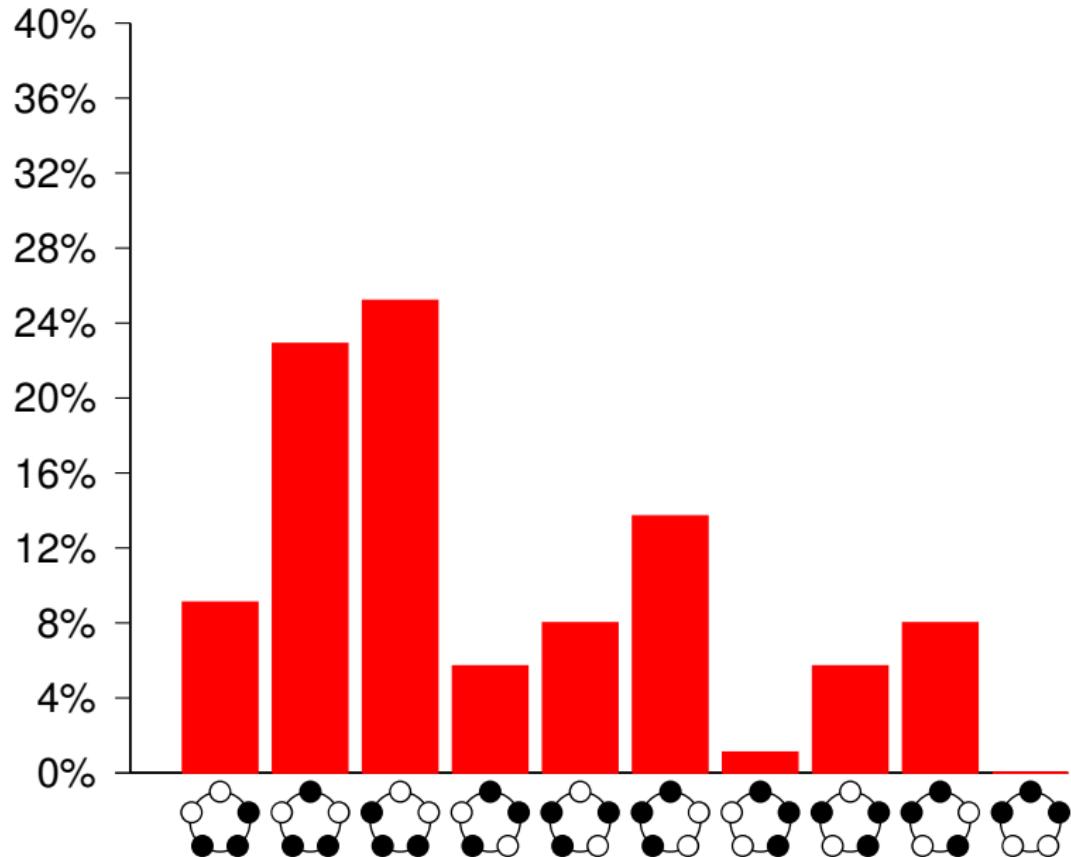
# Stationary distribution



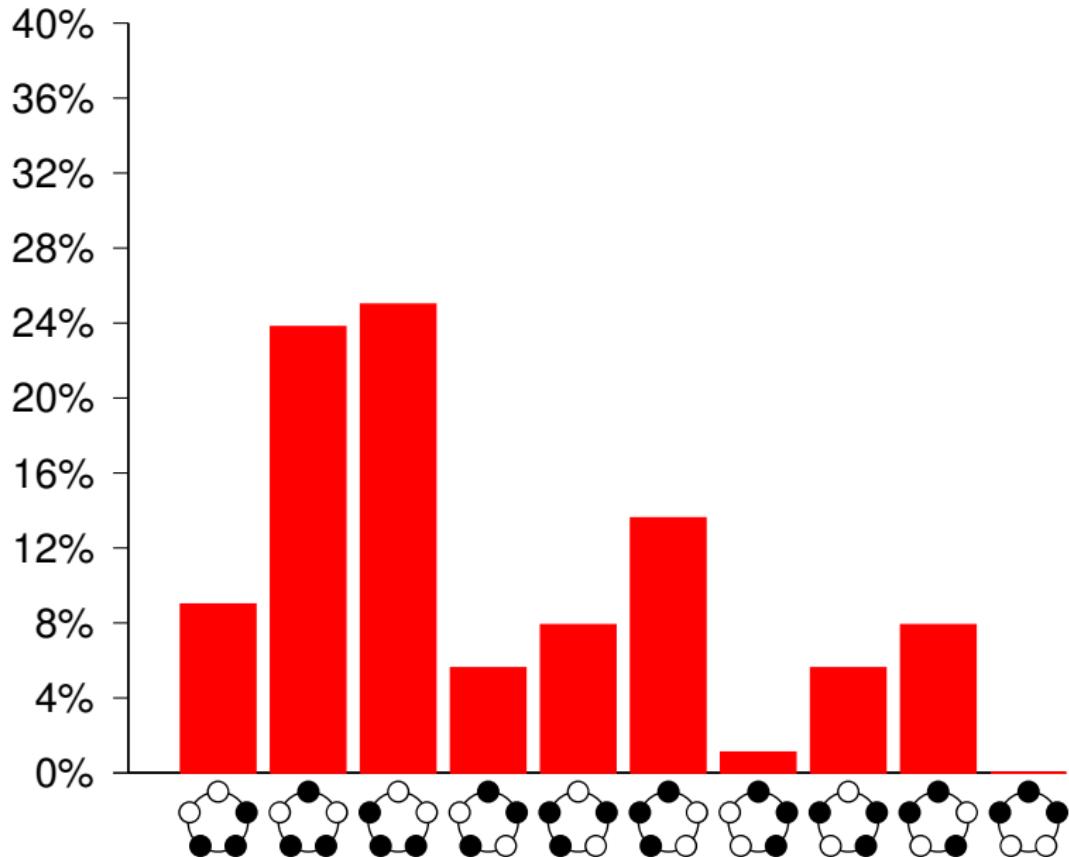
# Stationary distribution



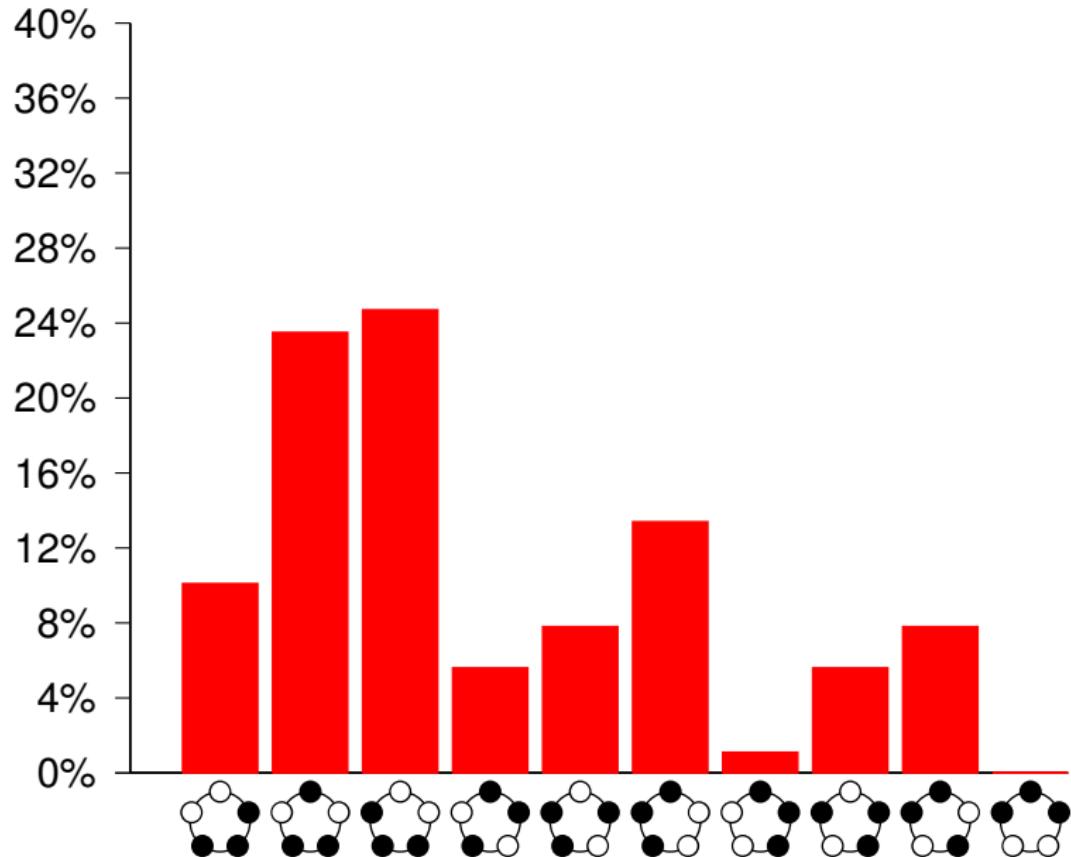
# Stationary distribution



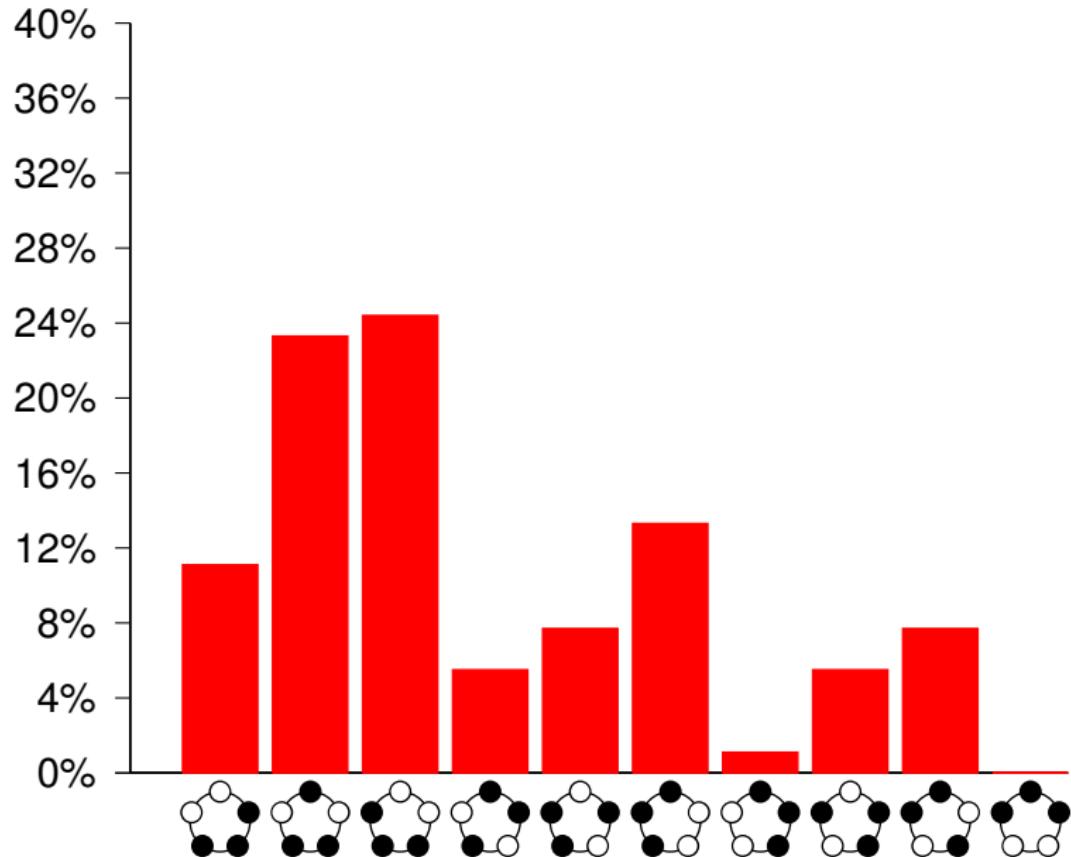
# Stationary distribution



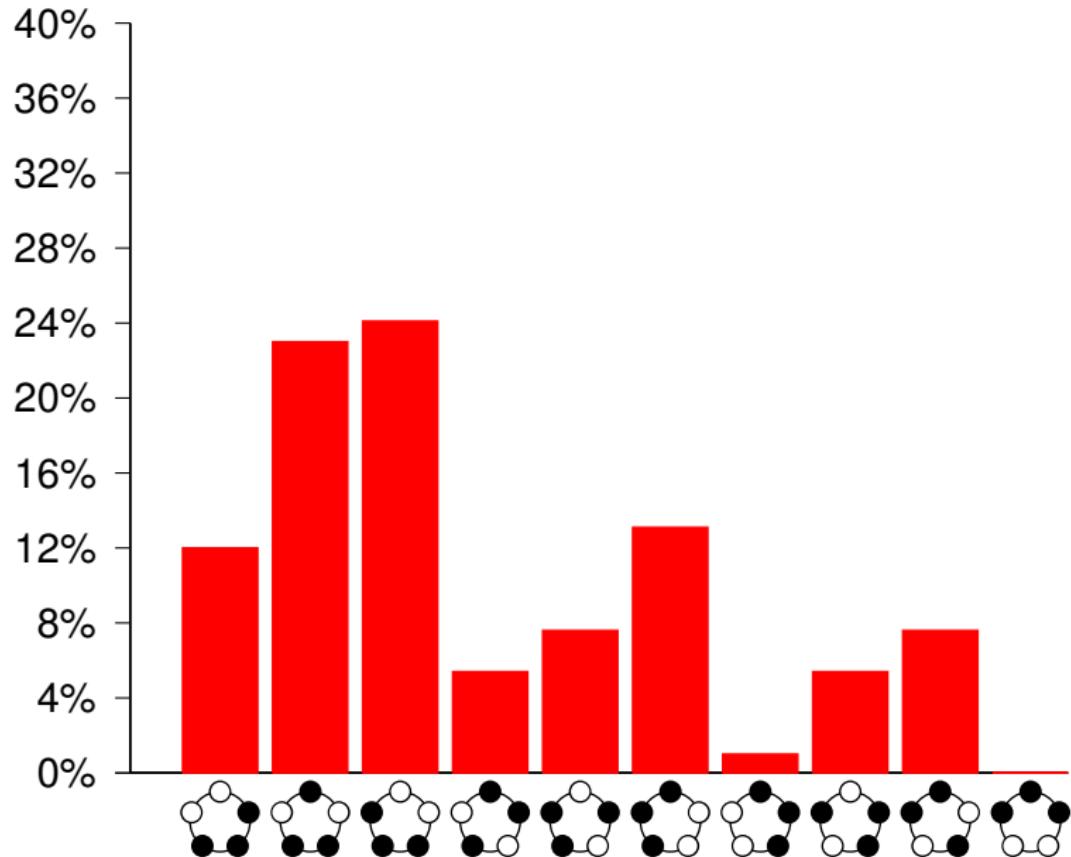
# Stationary distribution



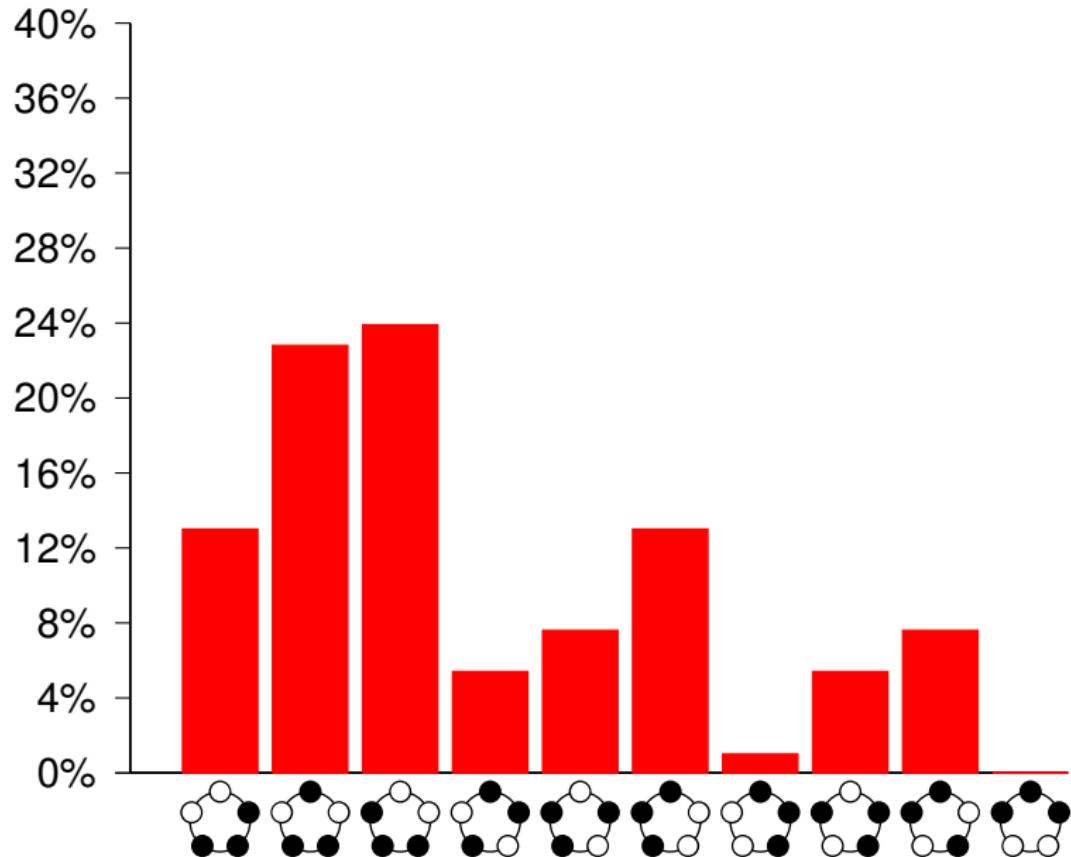
# Stationary distribution



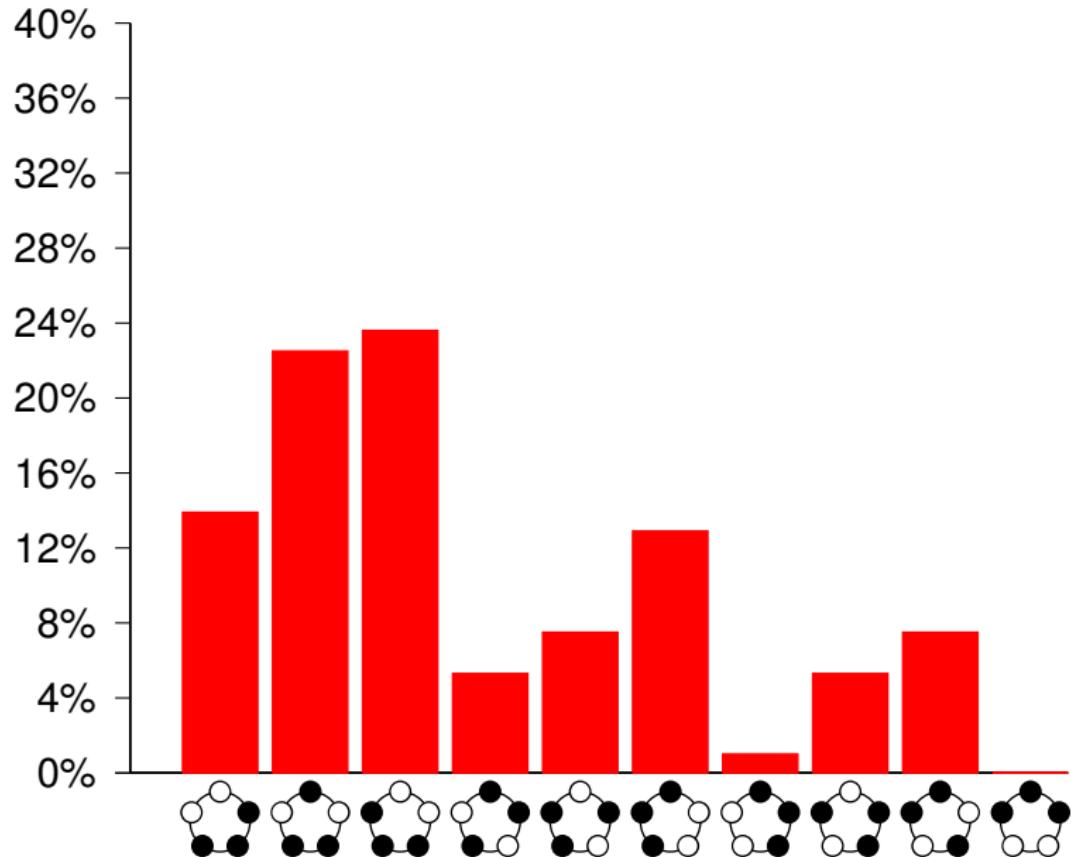
# Stationary distribution



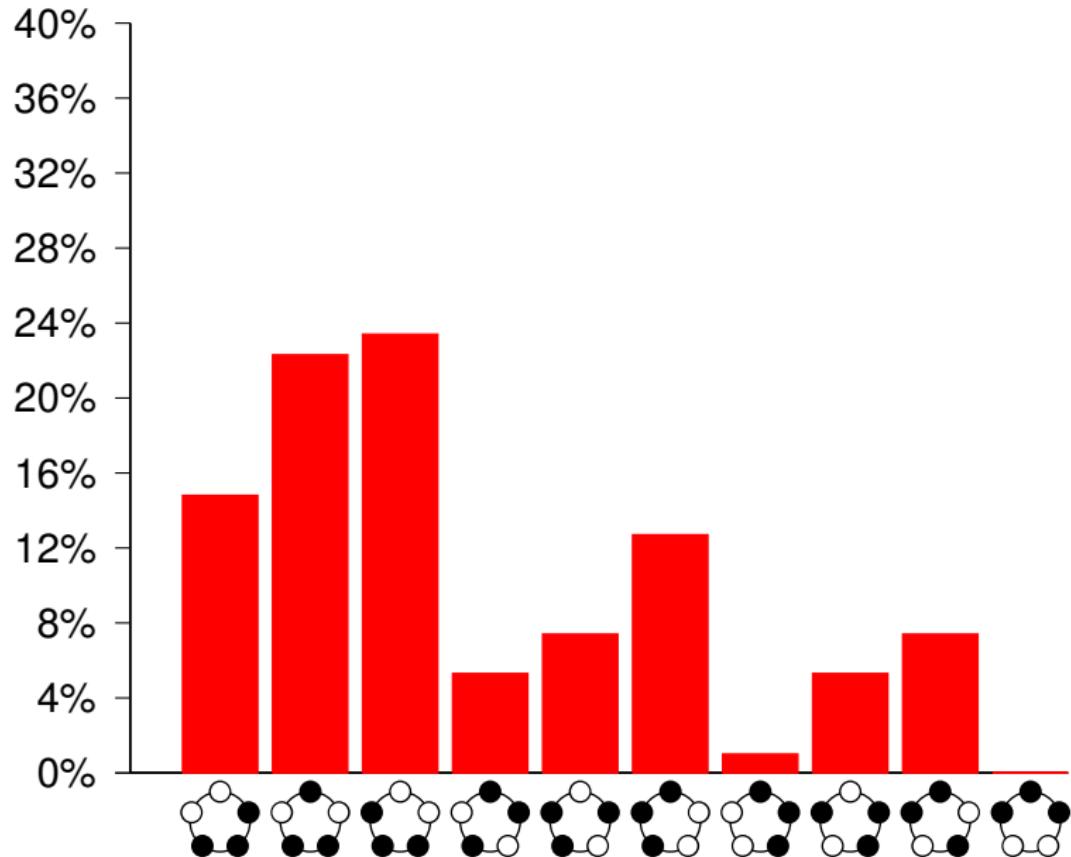
# Stationary distribution



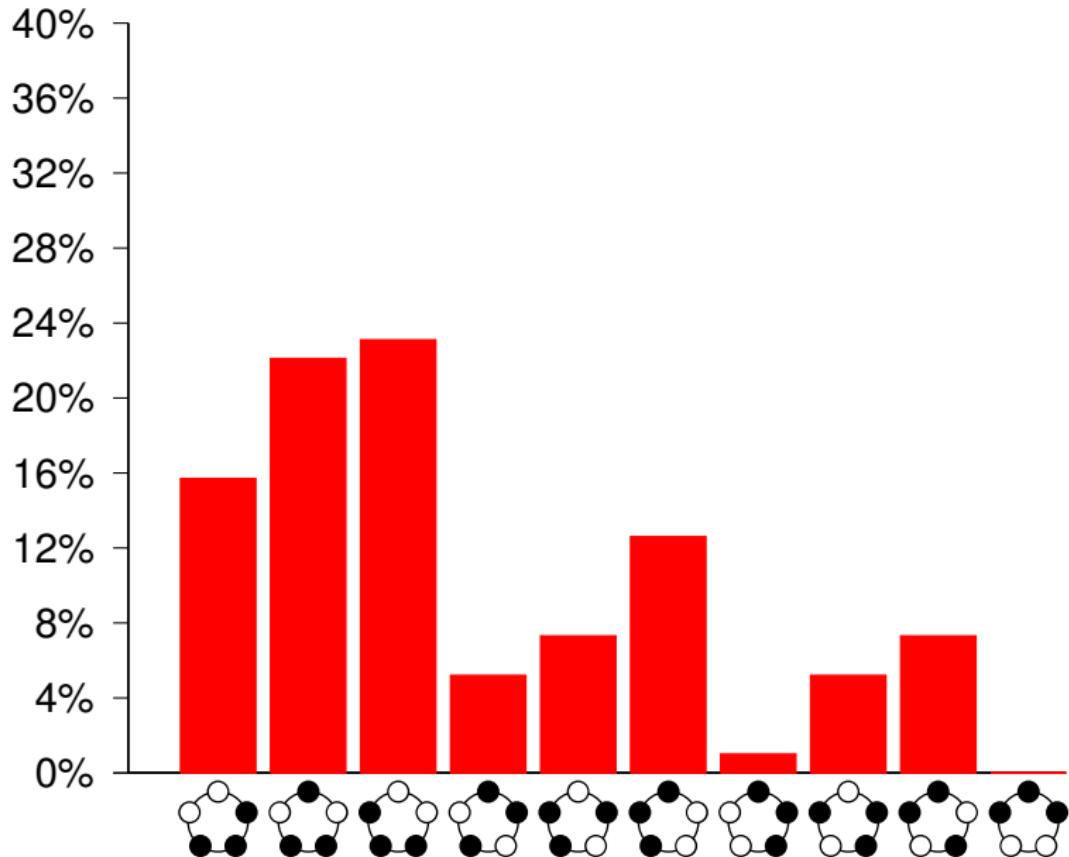
# Stationary distribution



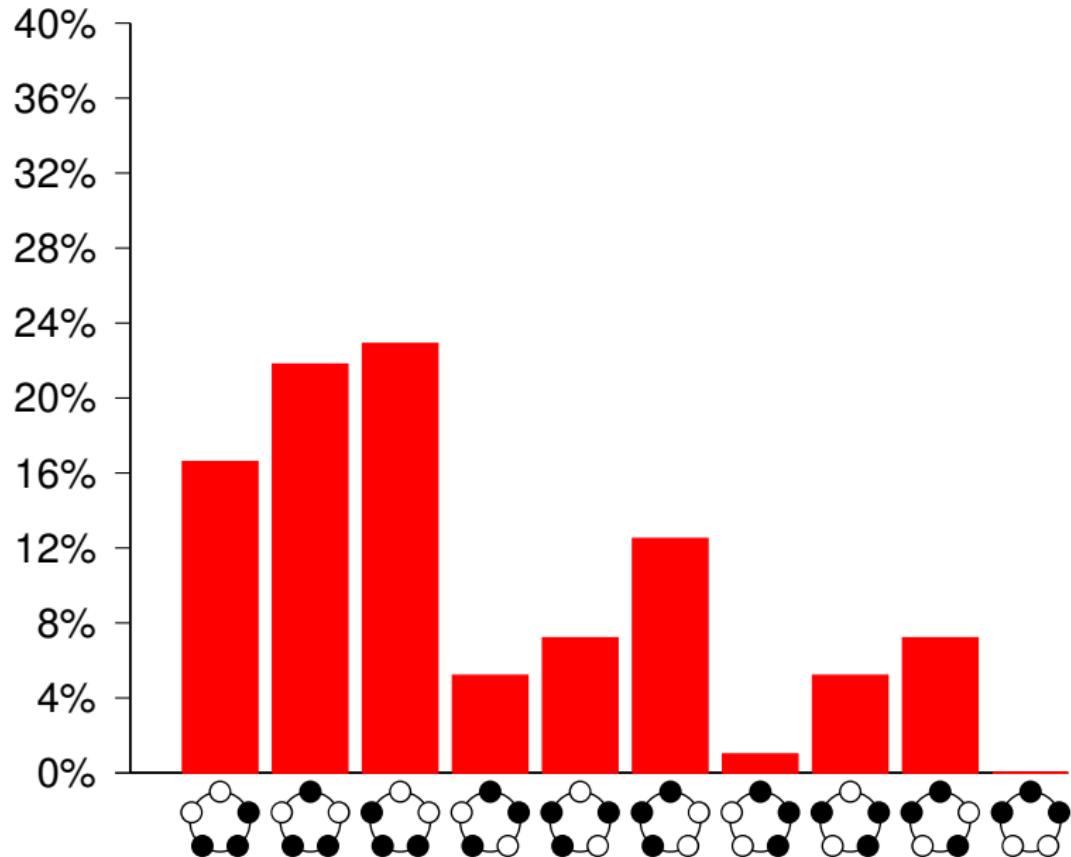
# Stationary distribution



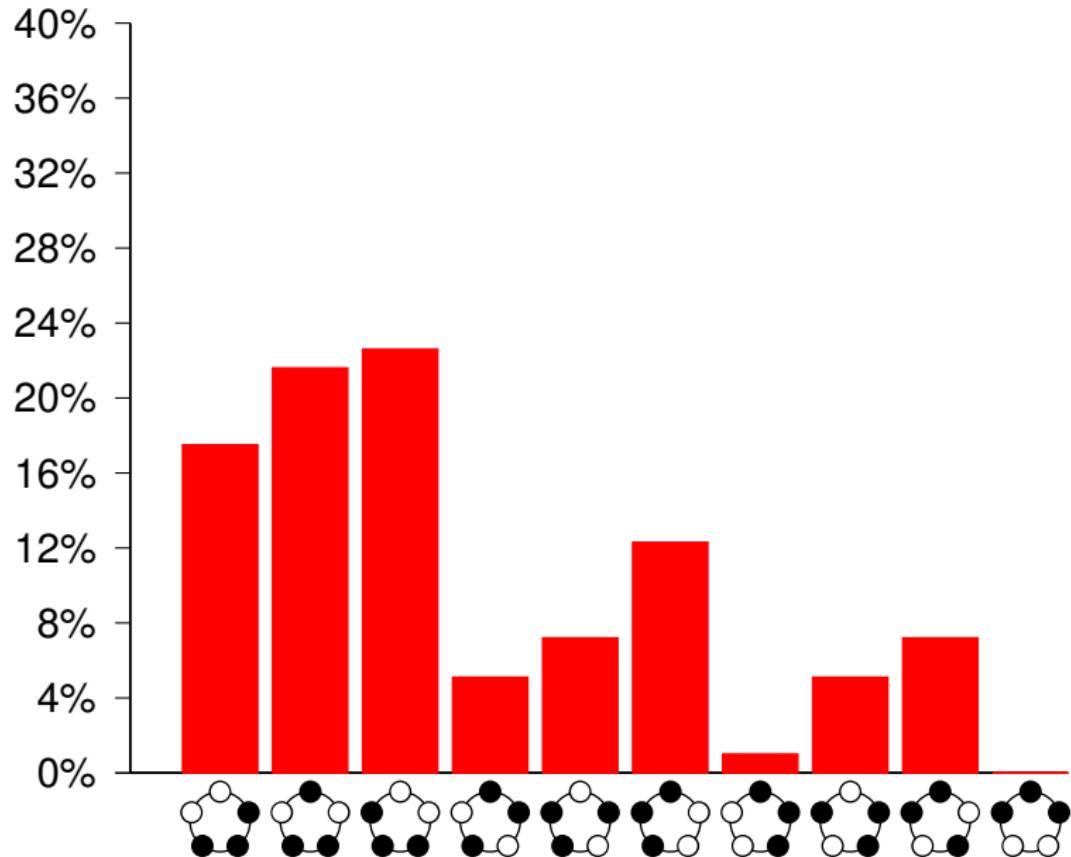
# Stationary distribution



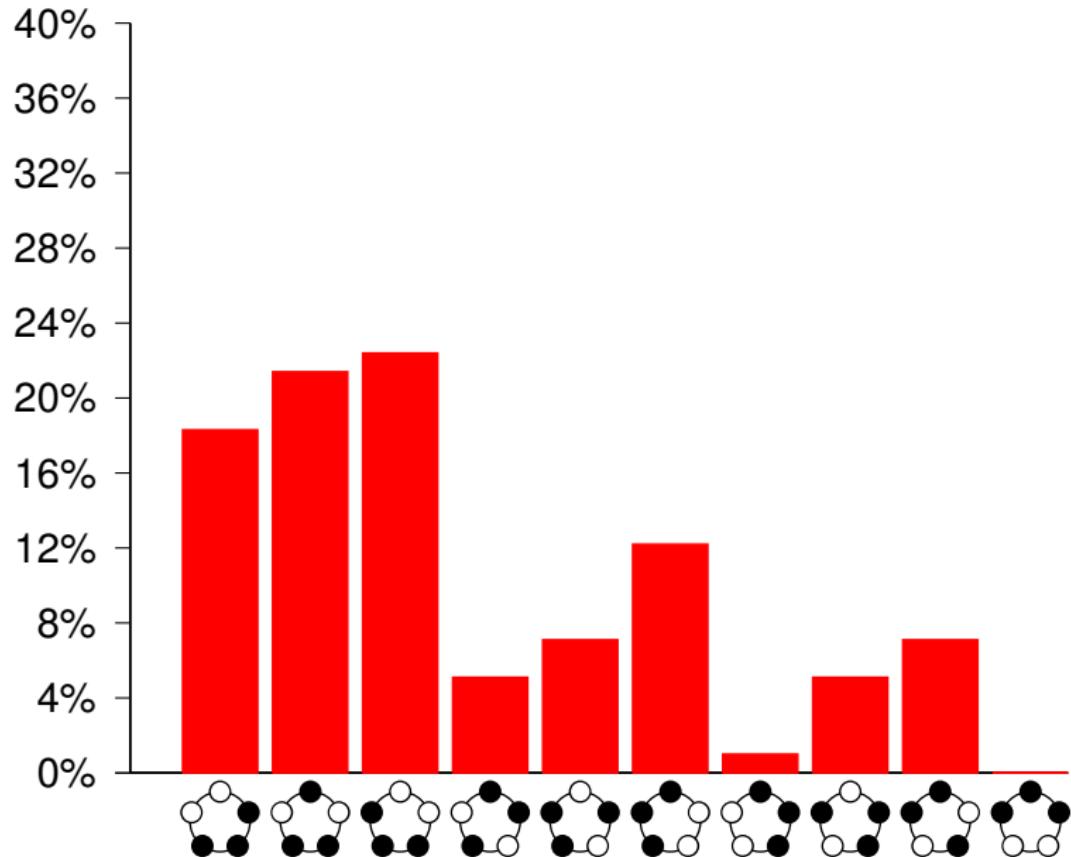
# Stationary distribution



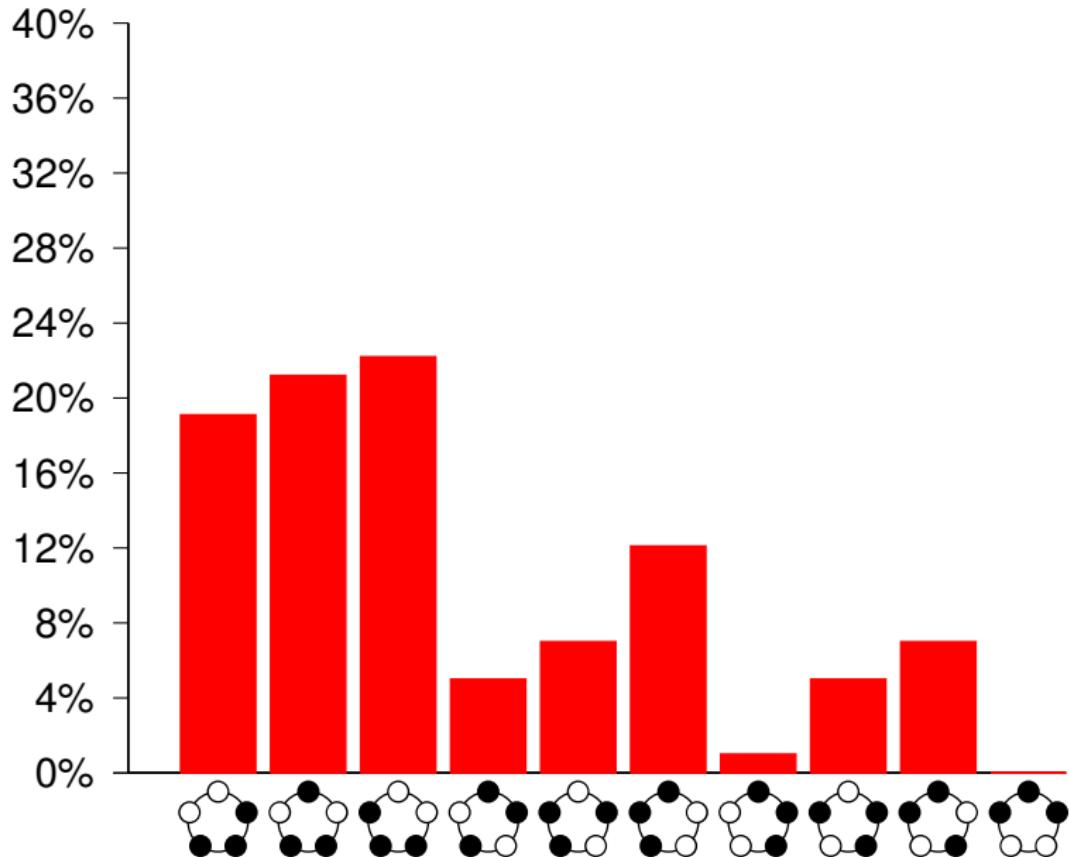
# Stationary distribution



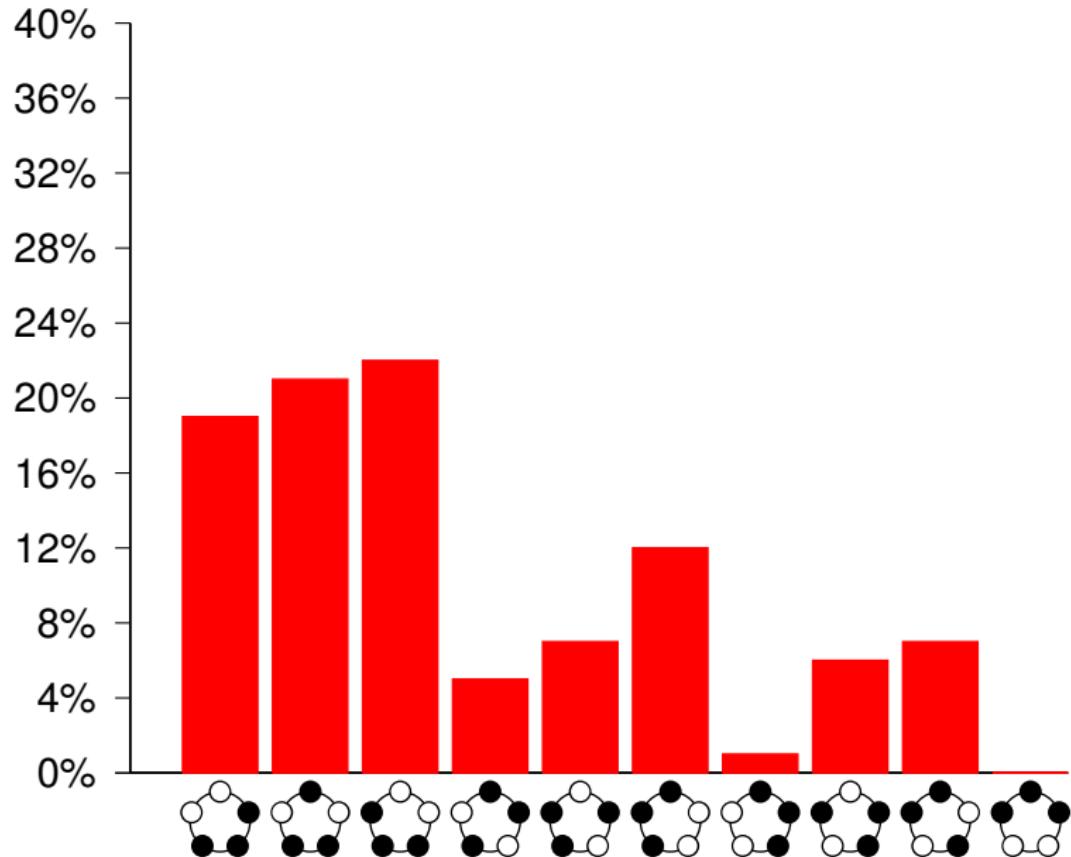
# Stationary distribution



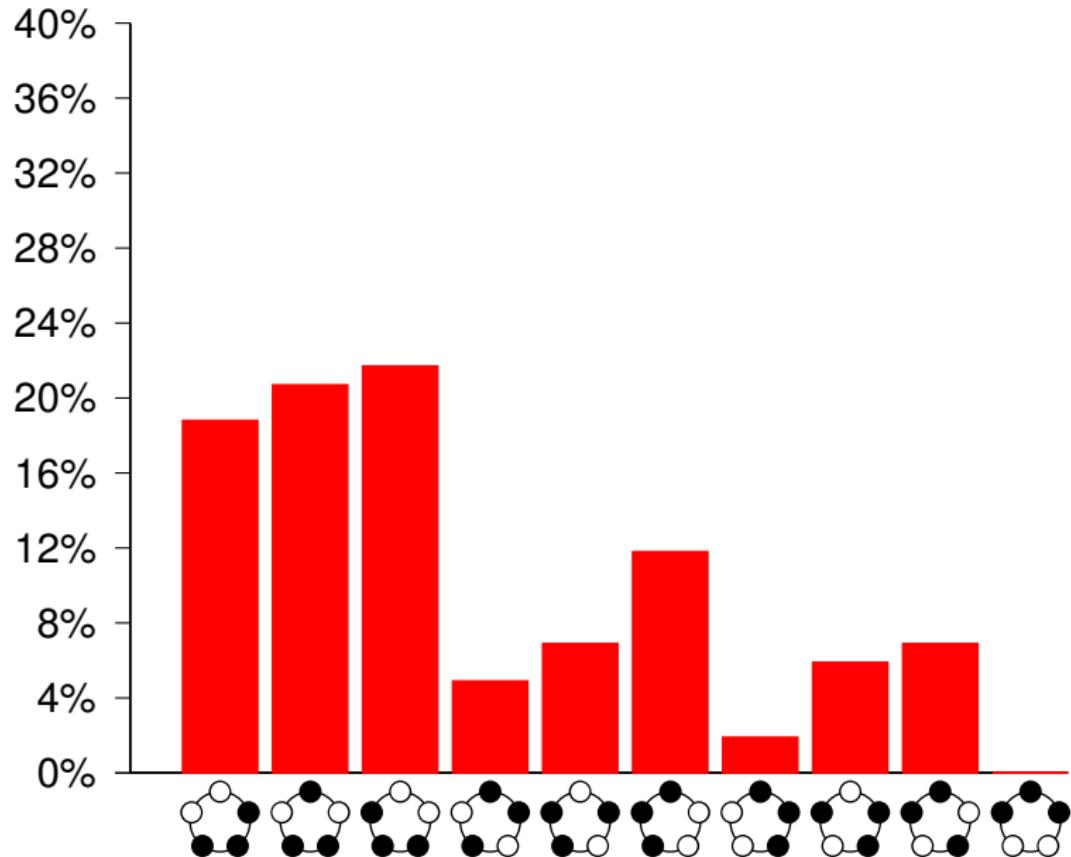
# Stationary distribution



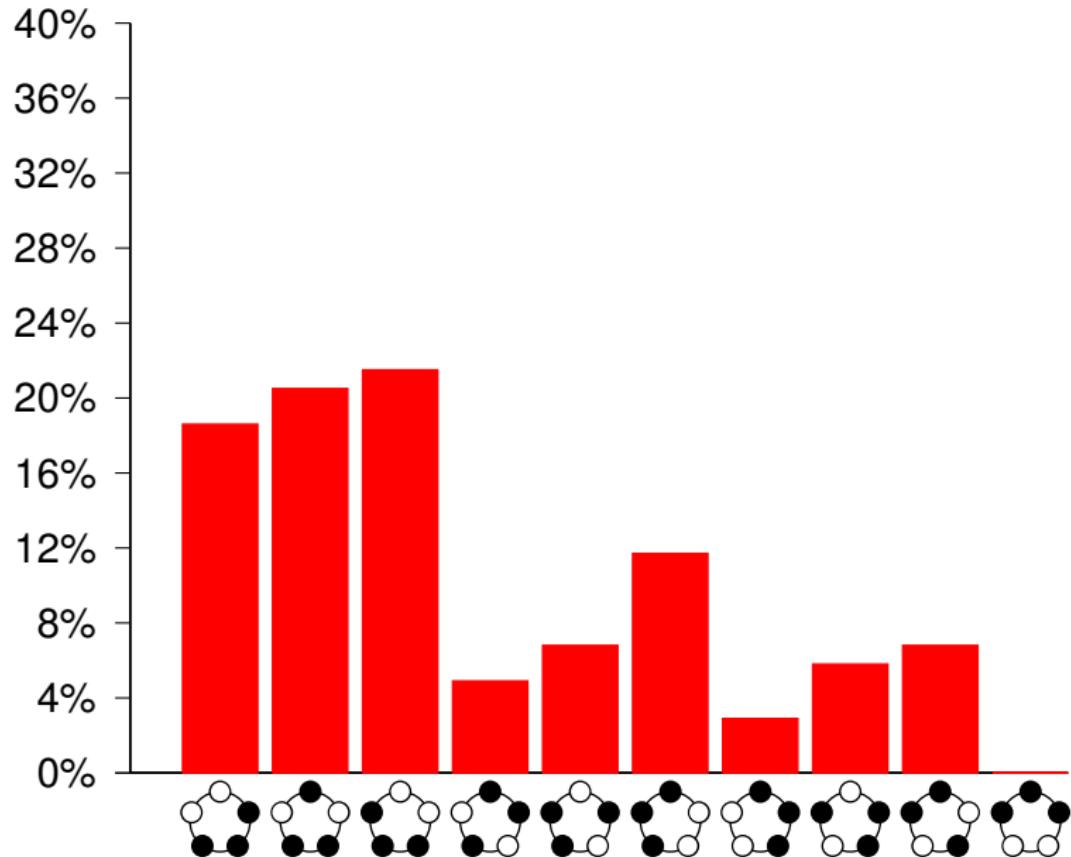
# Stationary distribution



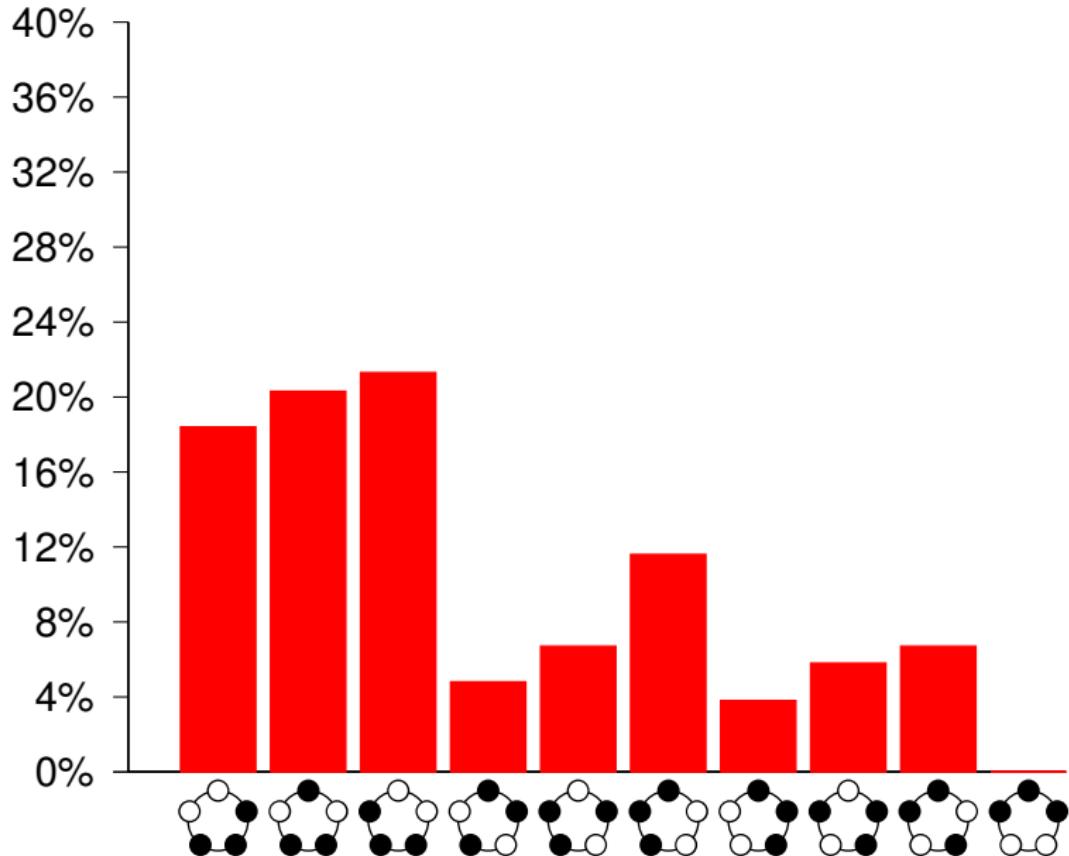
# Stationary distribution



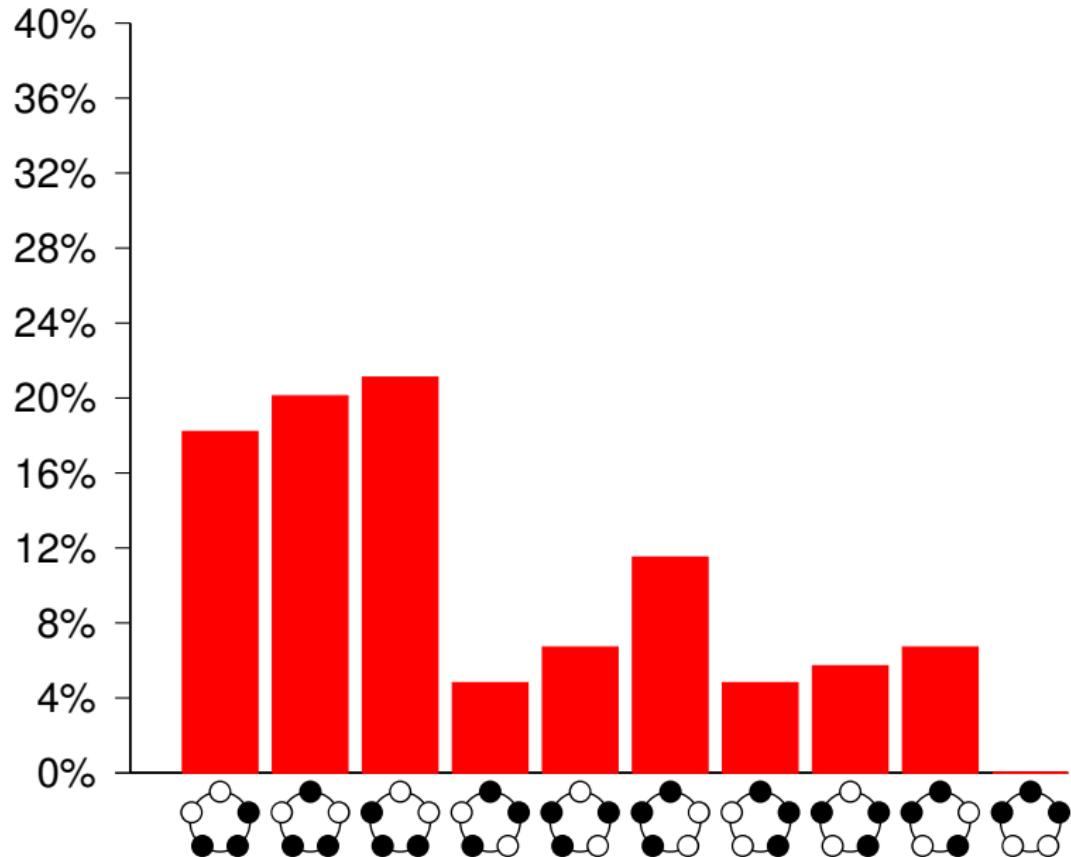
# Stationary distribution



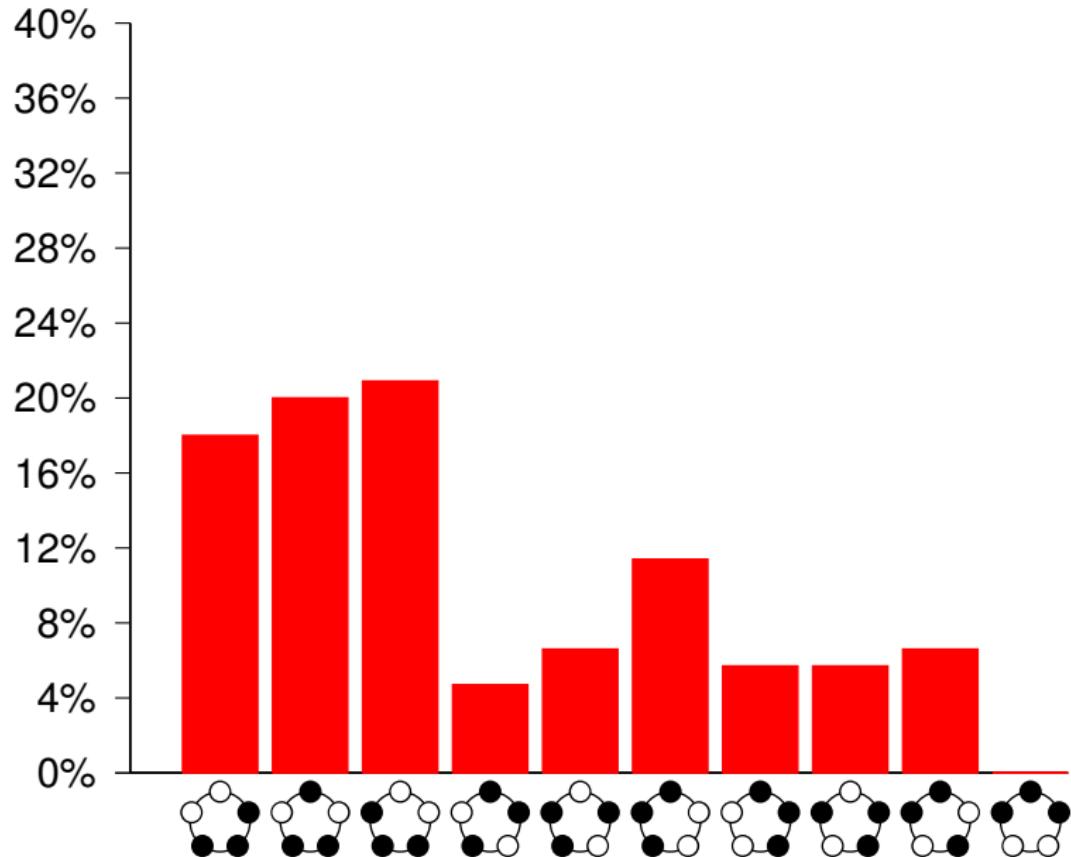
# Stationary distribution



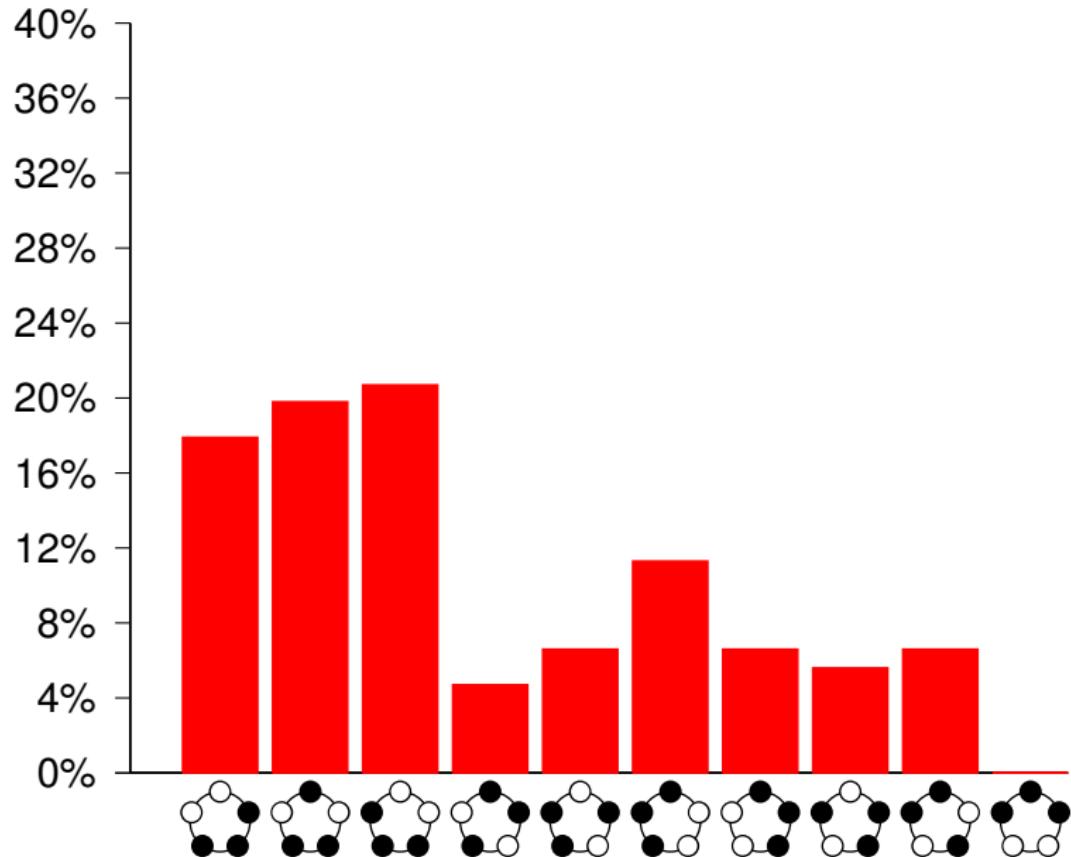
# Stationary distribution



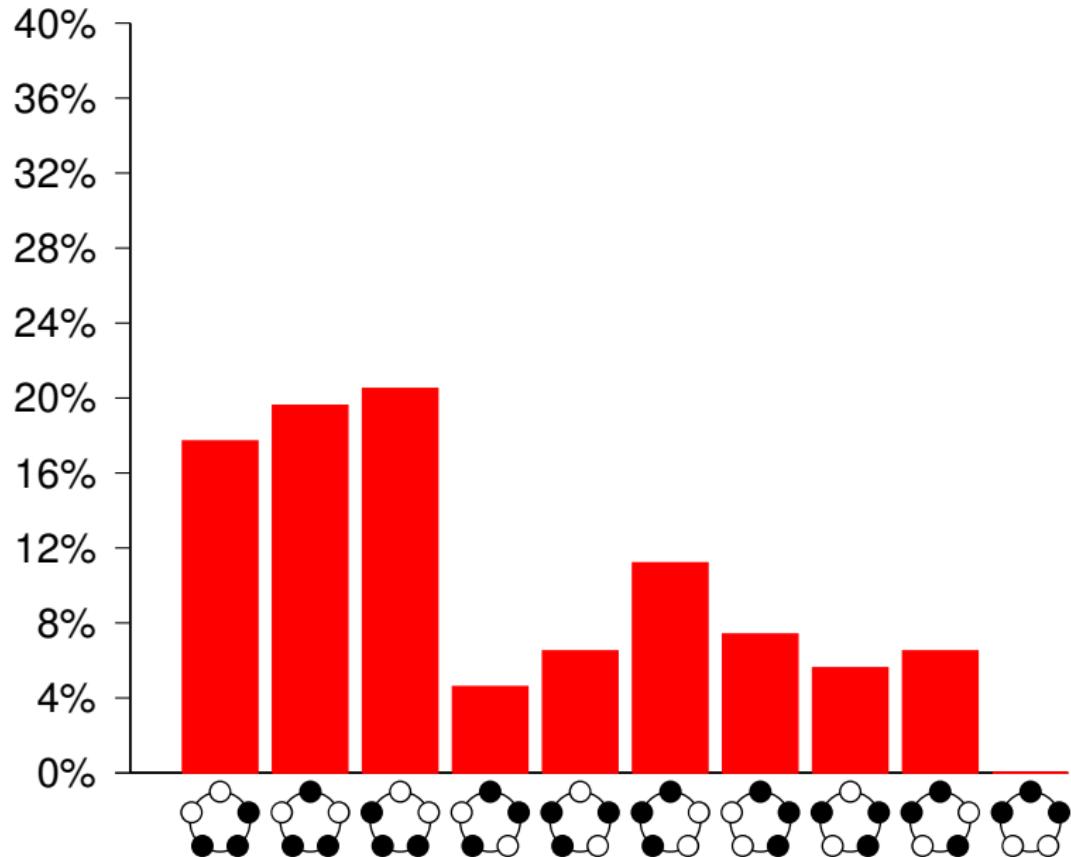
# Stationary distribution



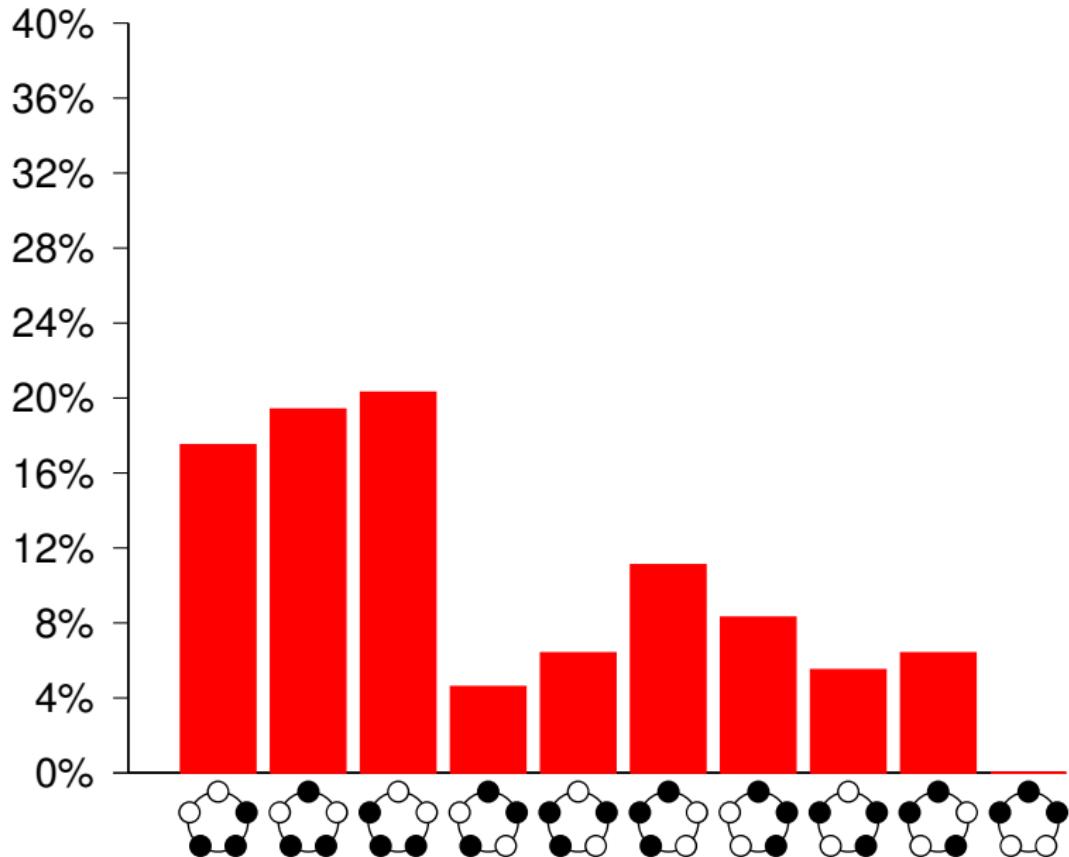
# Stationary distribution



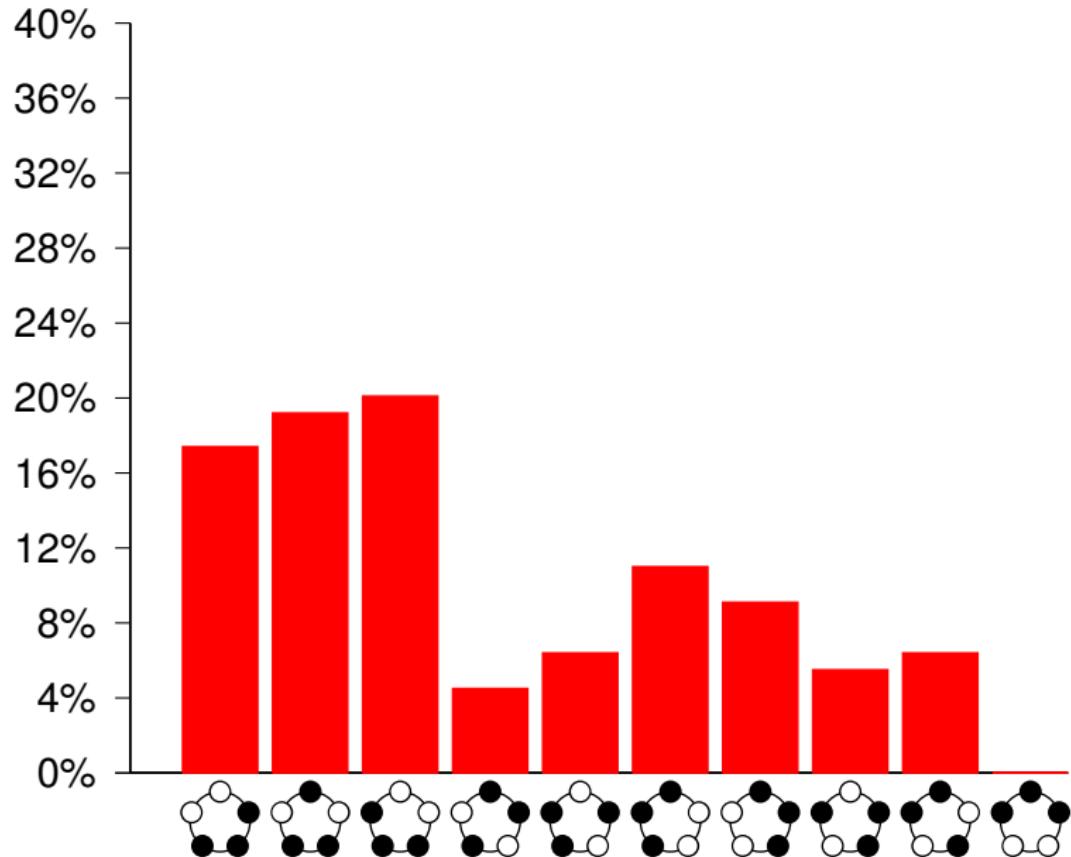
# Stationary distribution



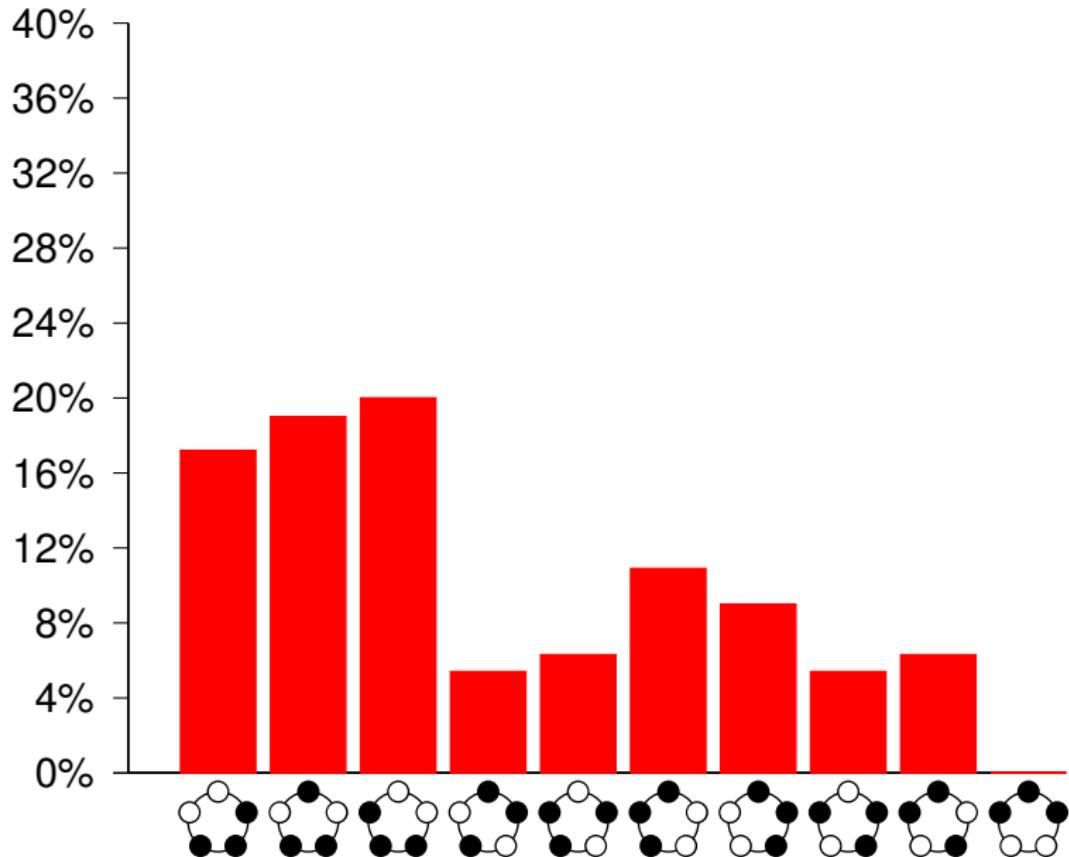
# Stationary distribution



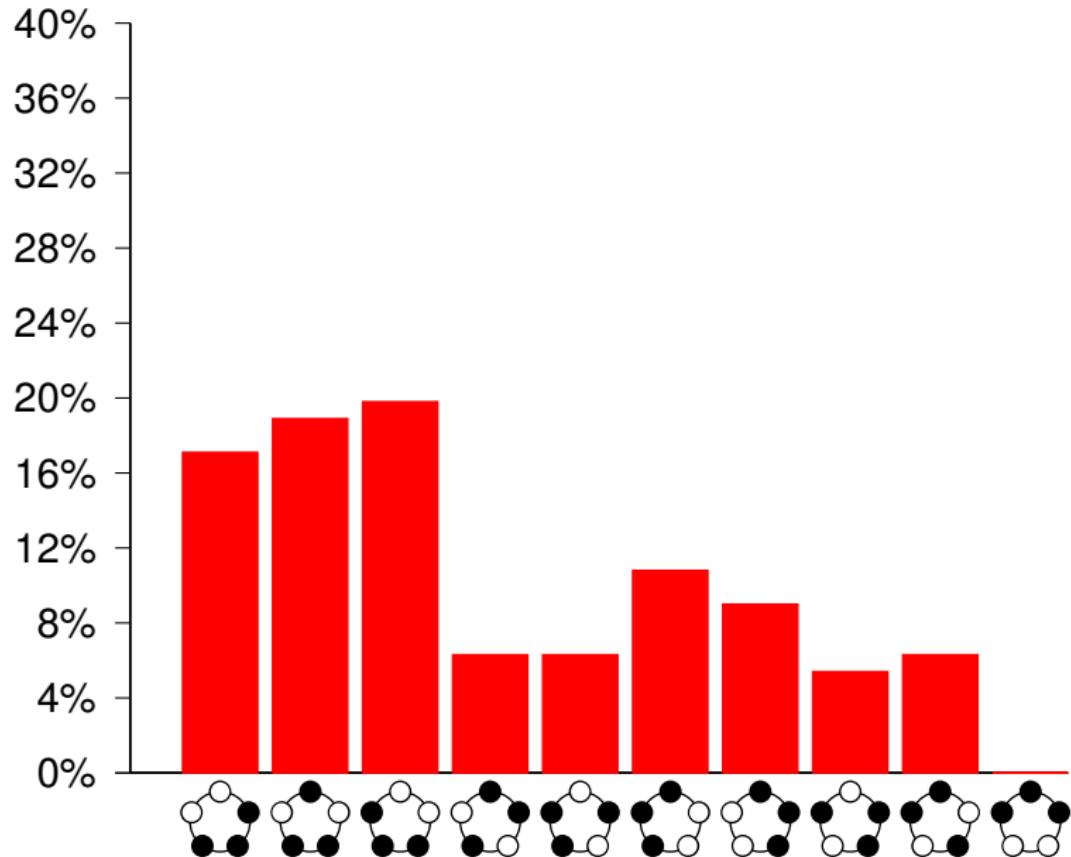
# Stationary distribution



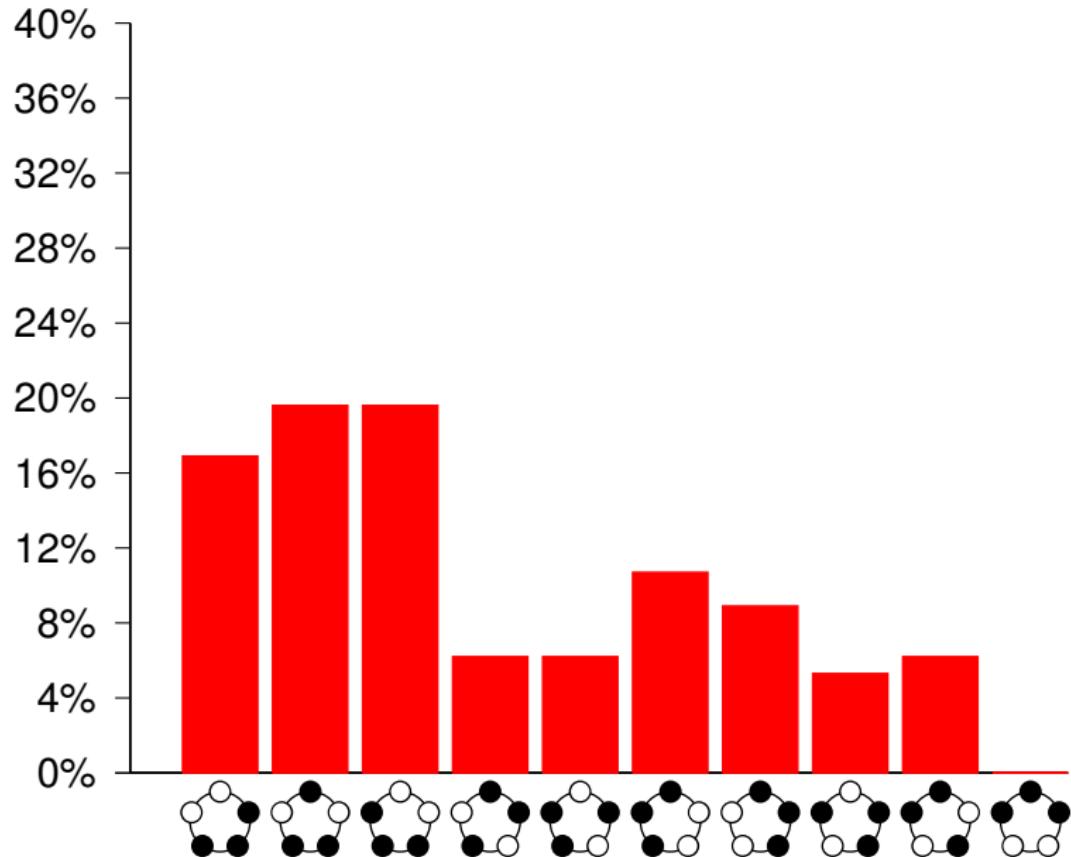
# Stationary distribution



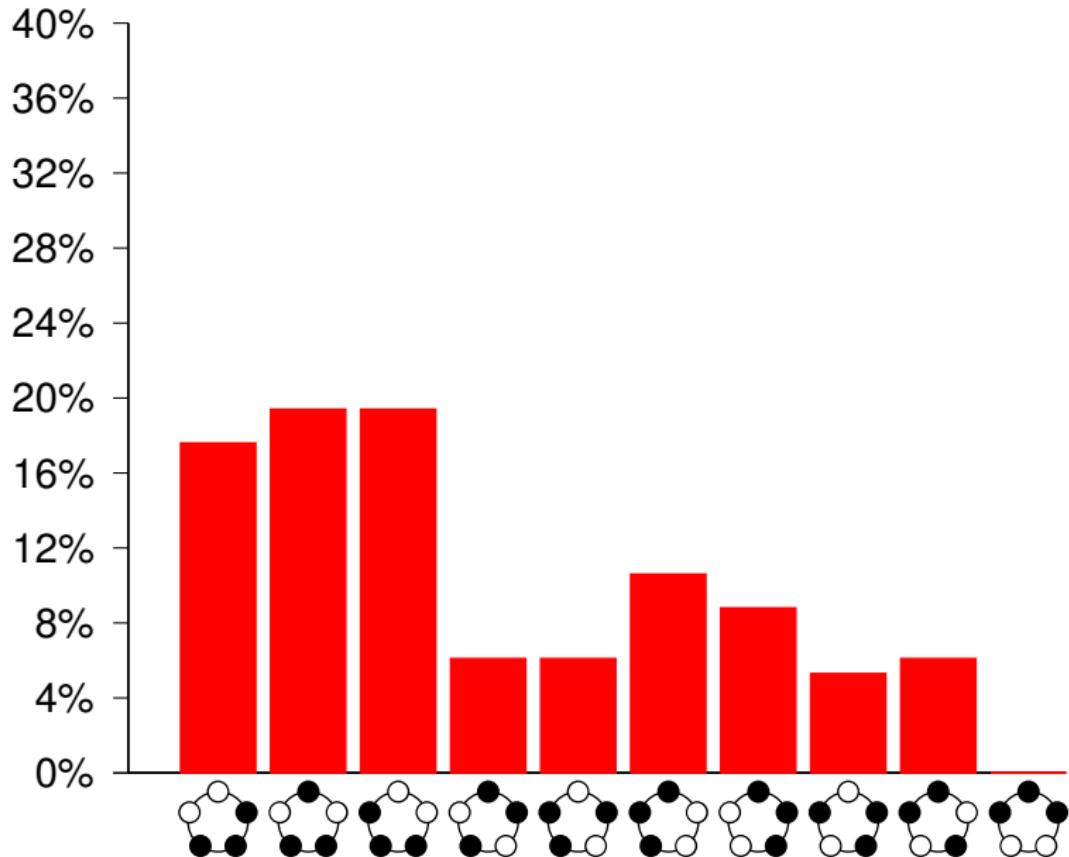
# Stationary distribution



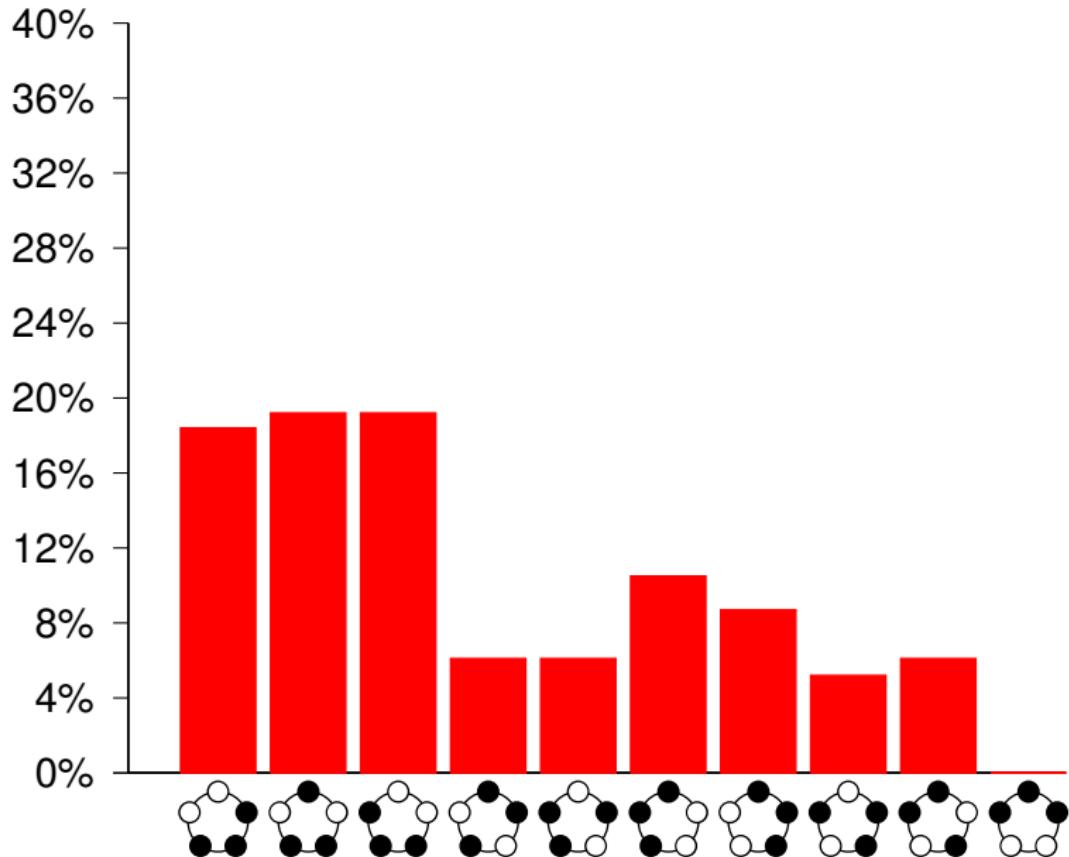
# Stationary distribution



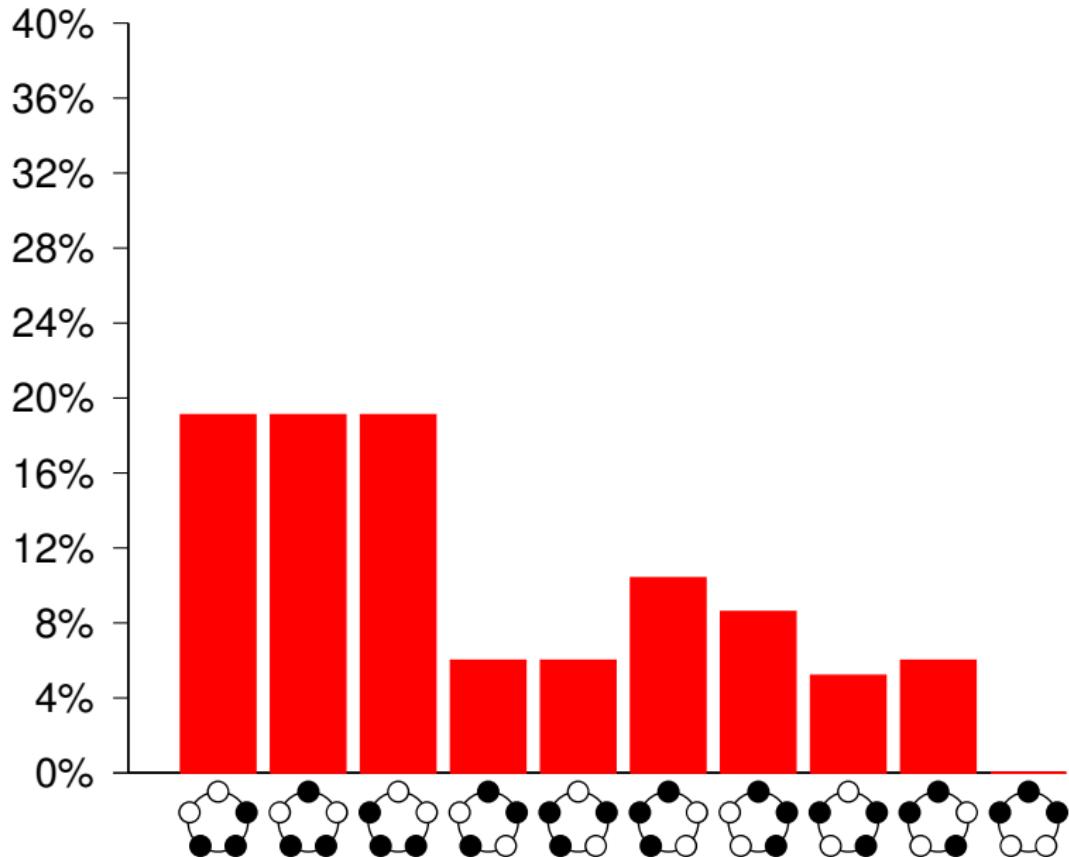
# Stationary distribution



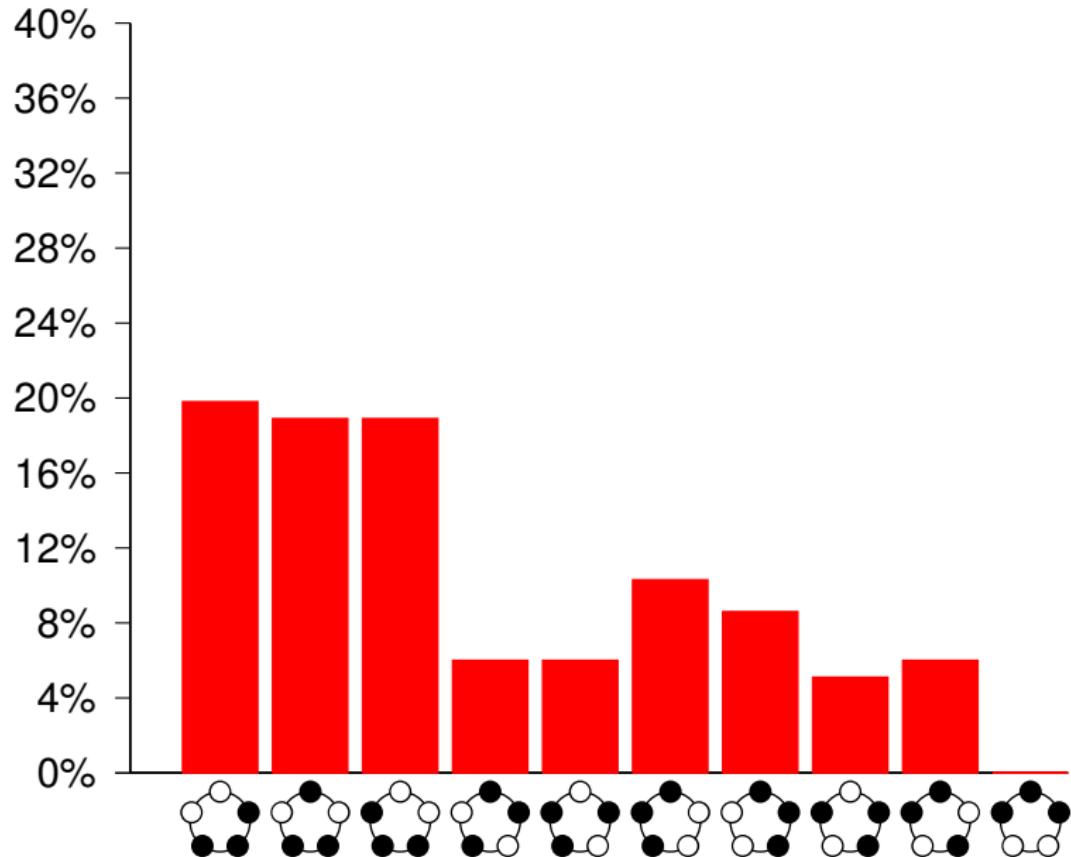
# Stationary distribution



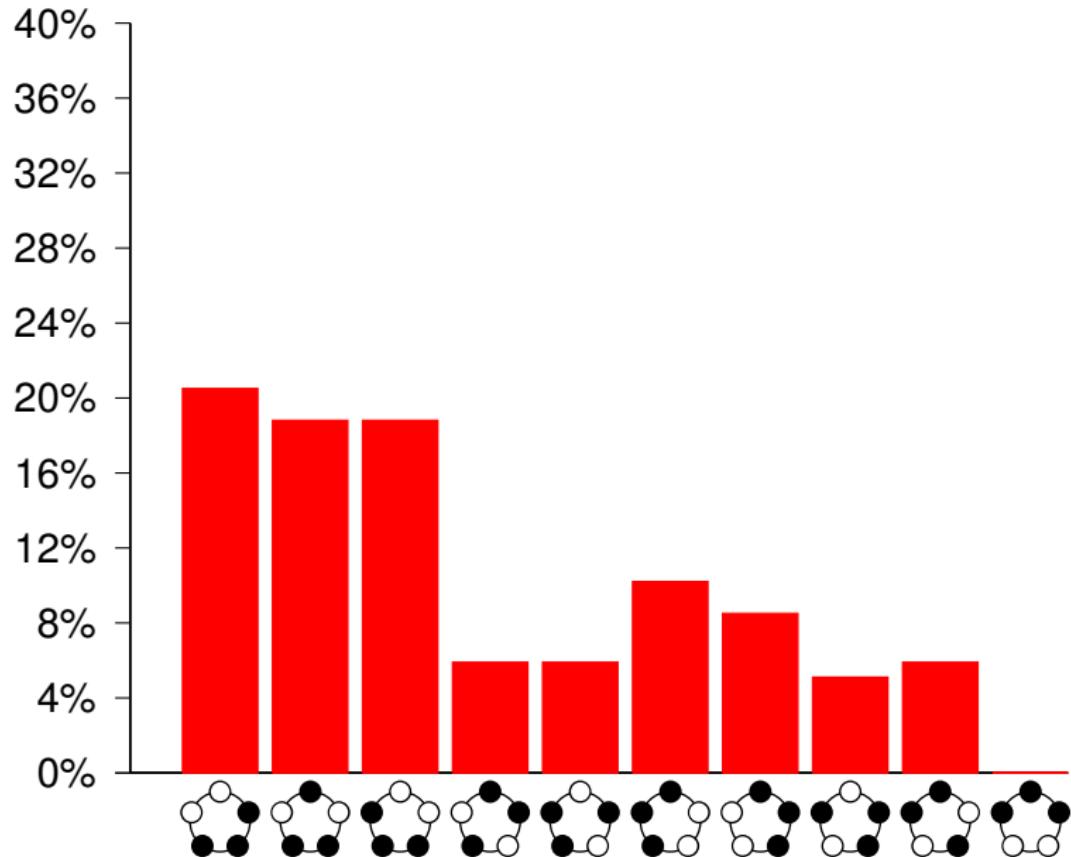
# Stationary distribution



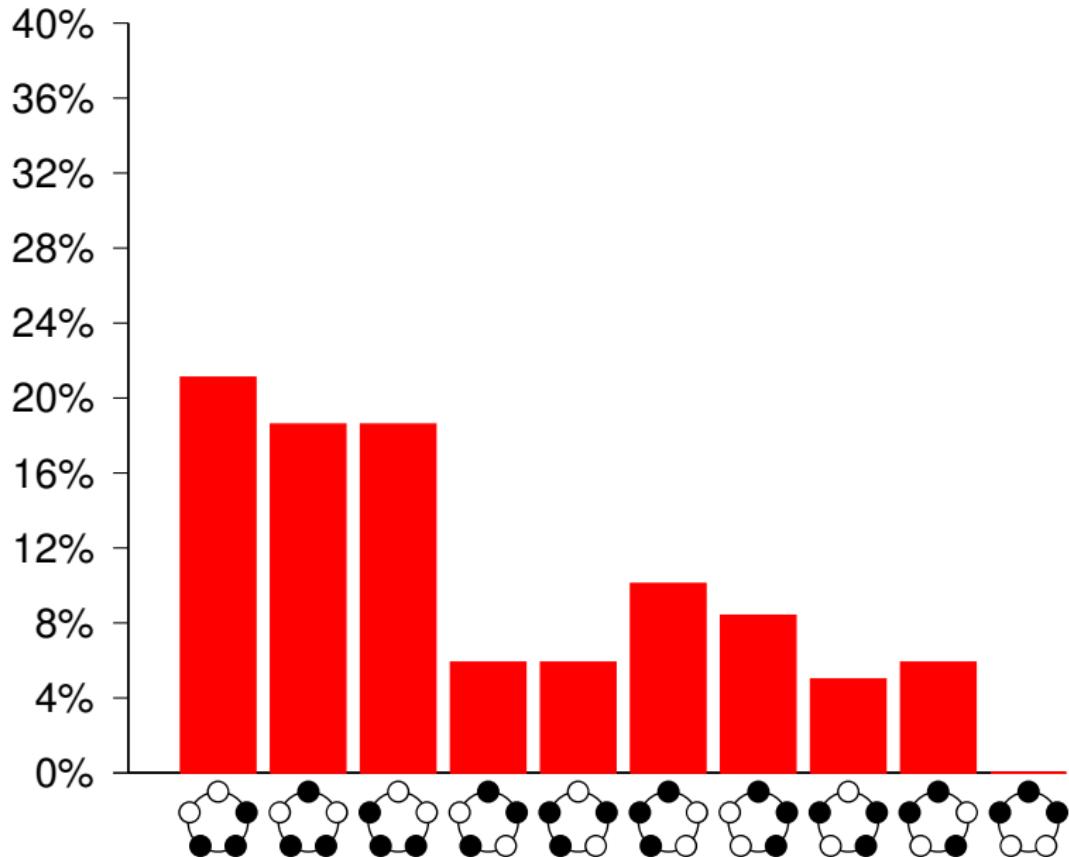
# Stationary distribution



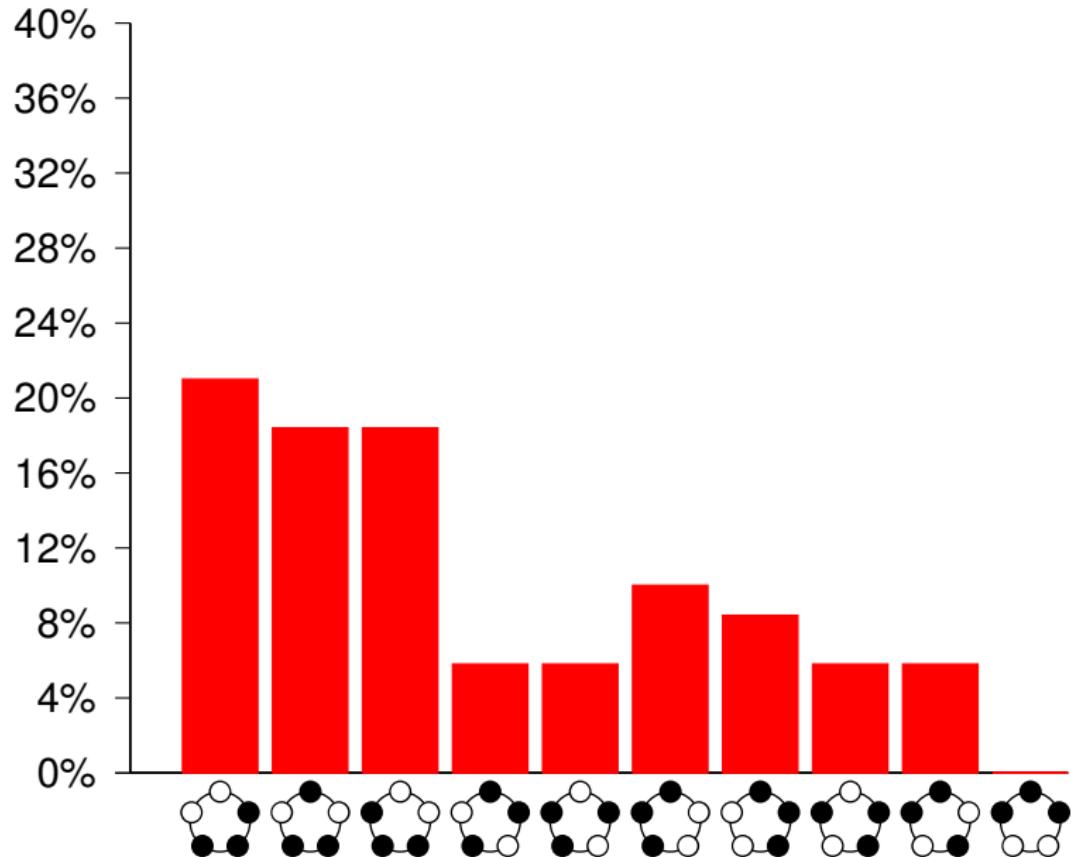
# Stationary distribution



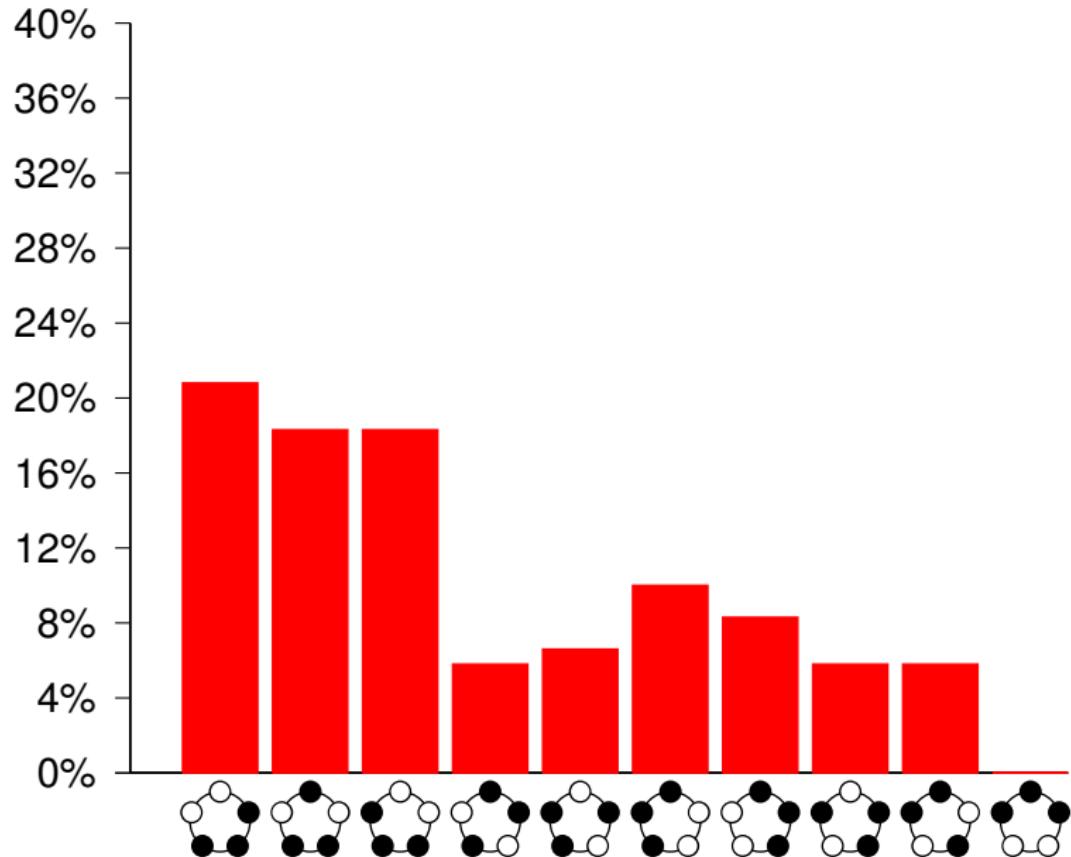
# Stationary distribution



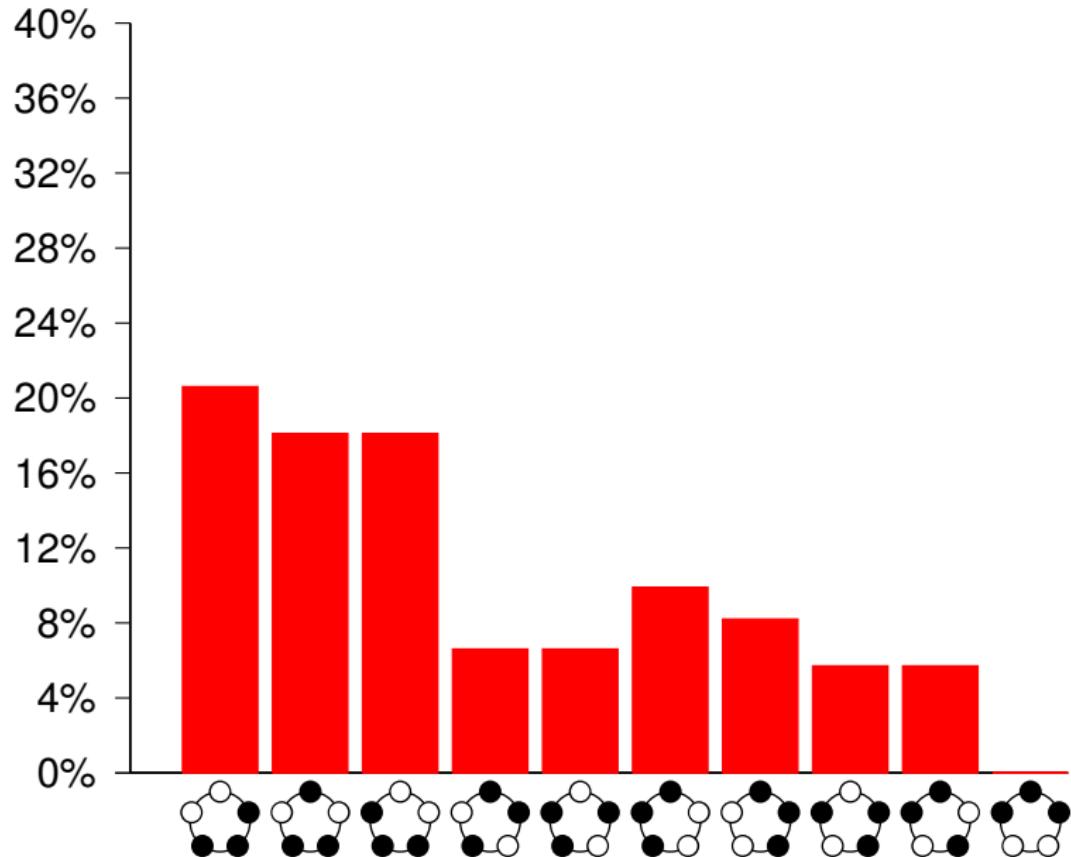
# Stationary distribution



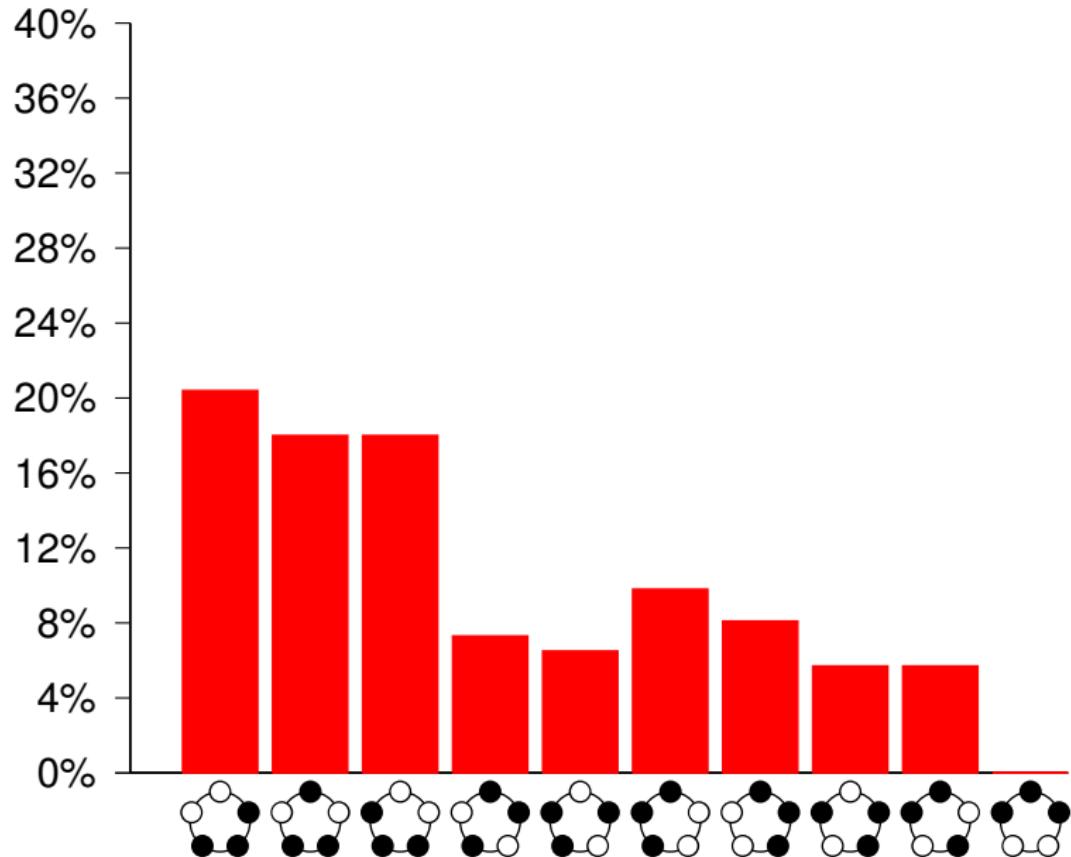
# Stationary distribution



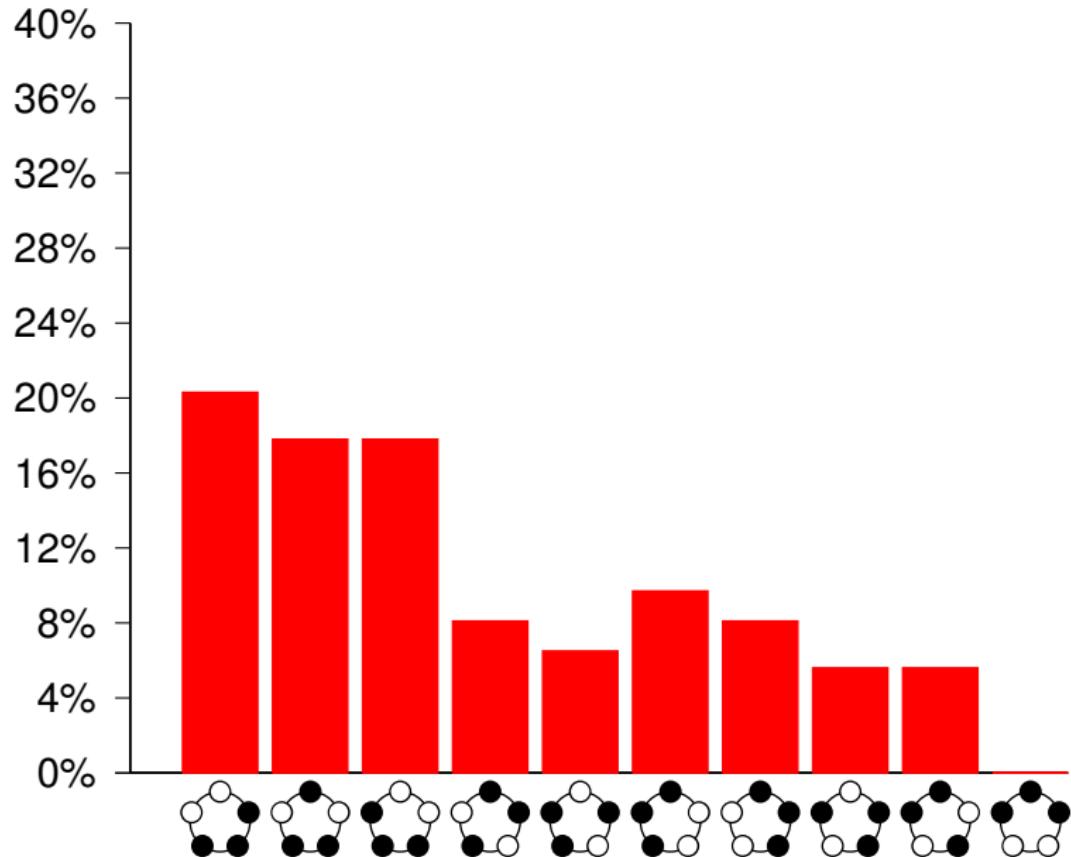
# Stationary distribution



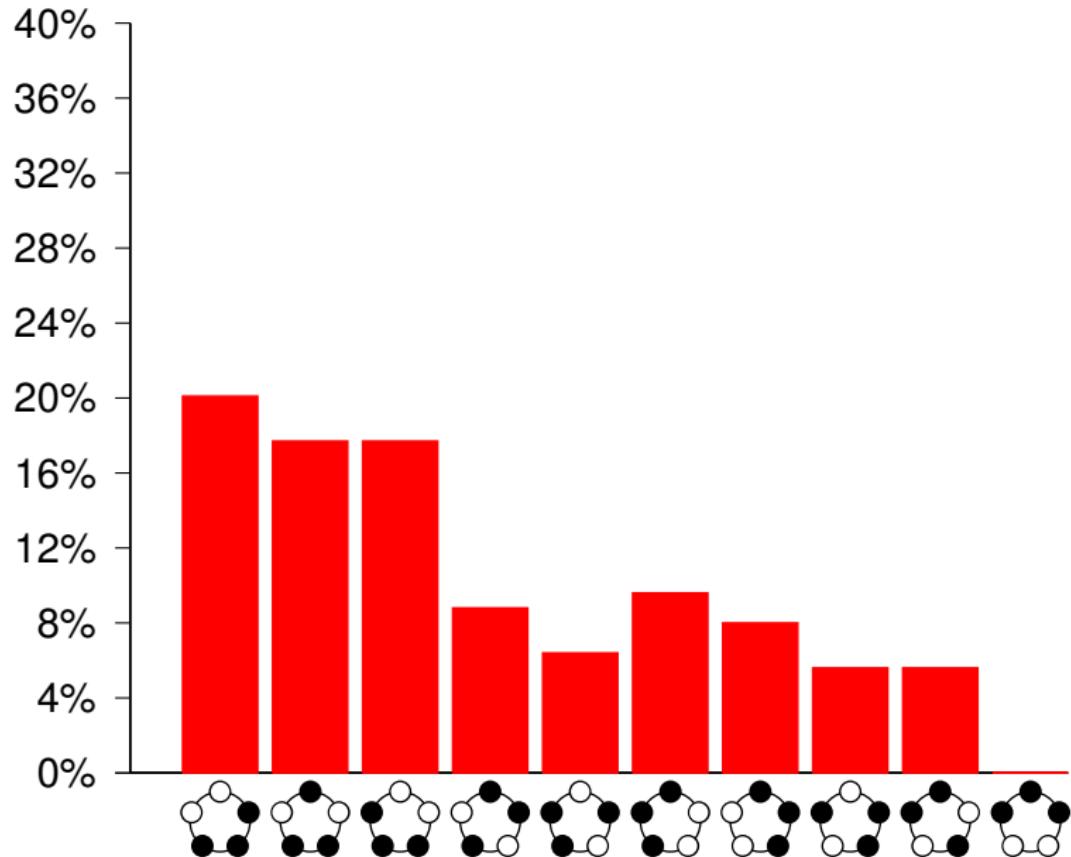
# Stationary distribution



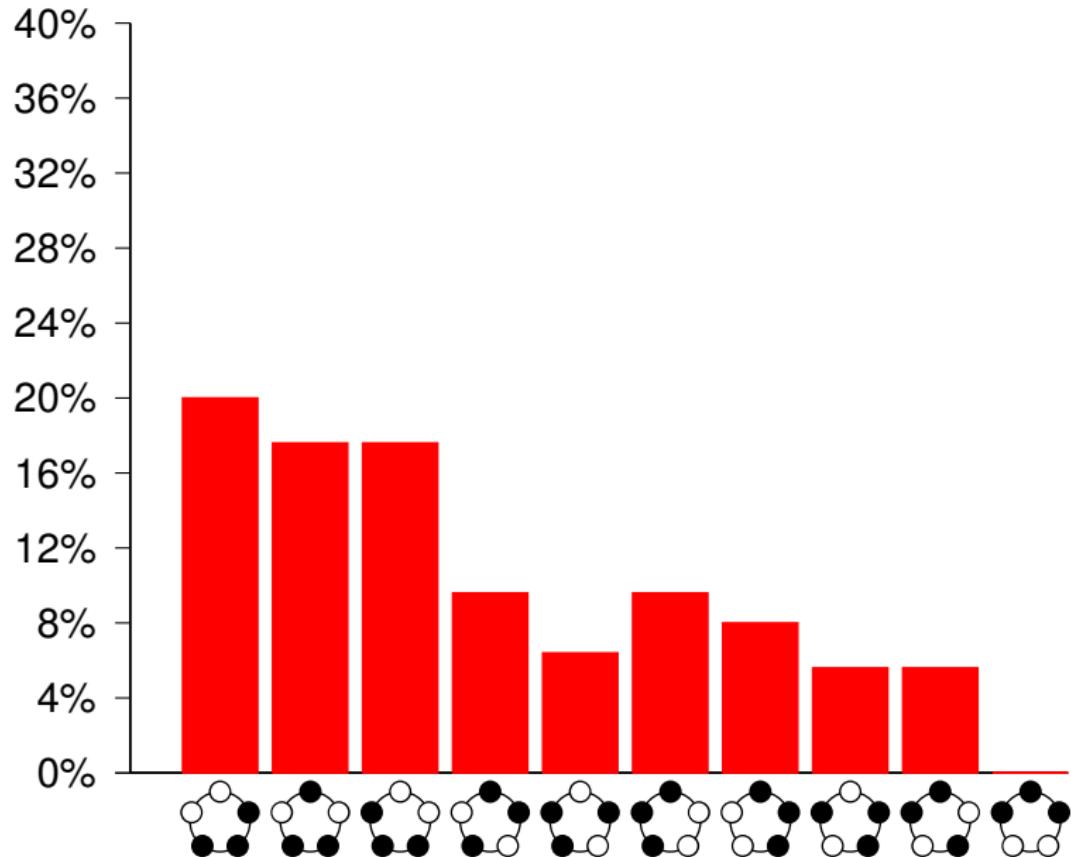
# Stationary distribution



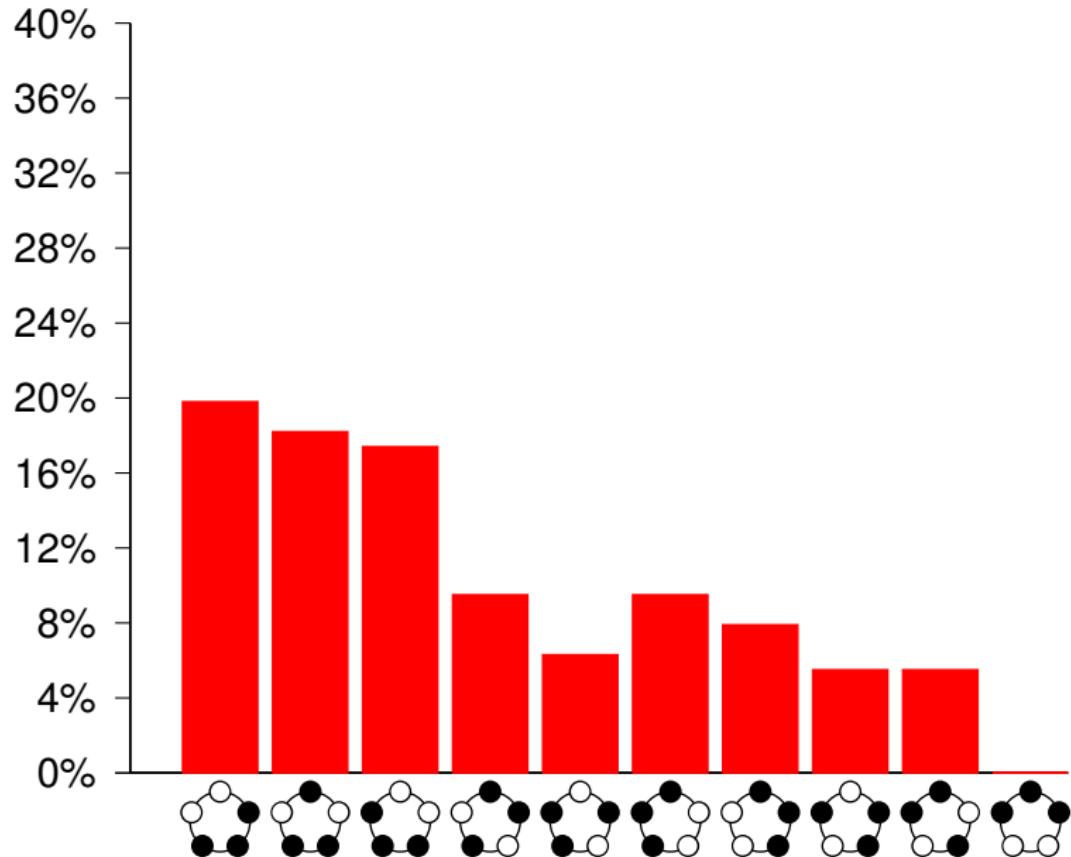
# Stationary distribution



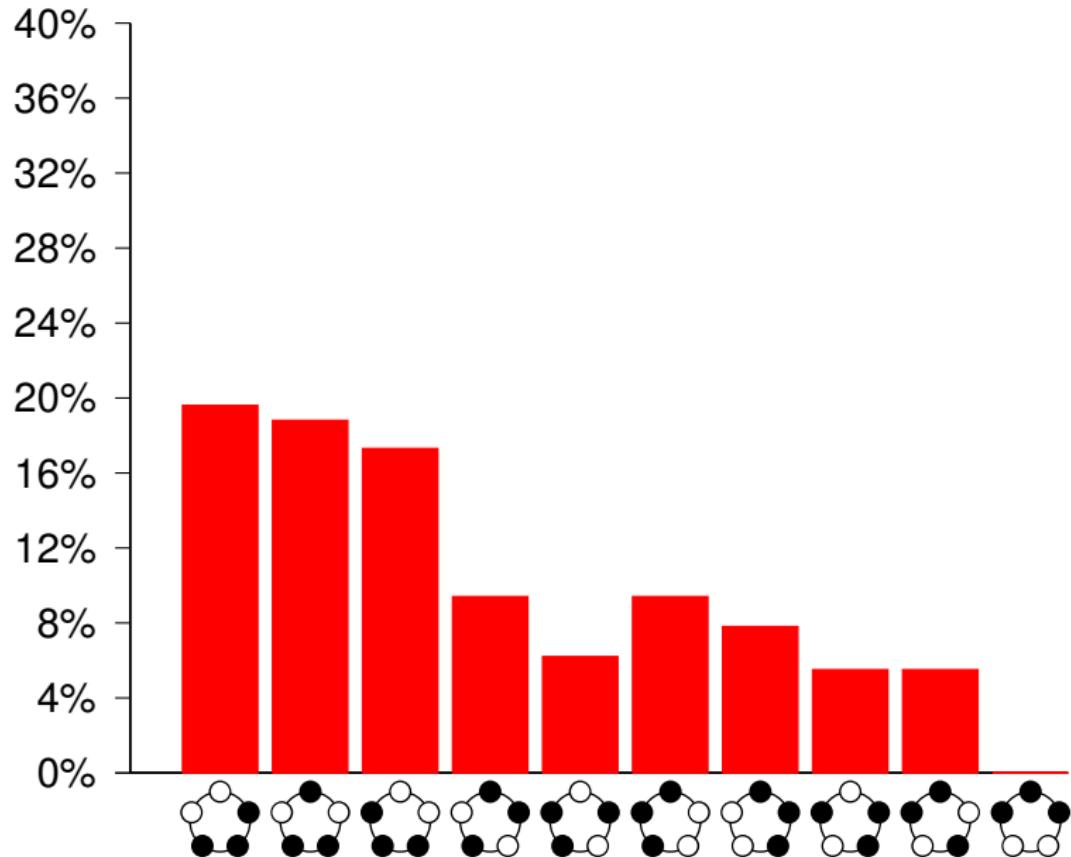
# Stationary distribution



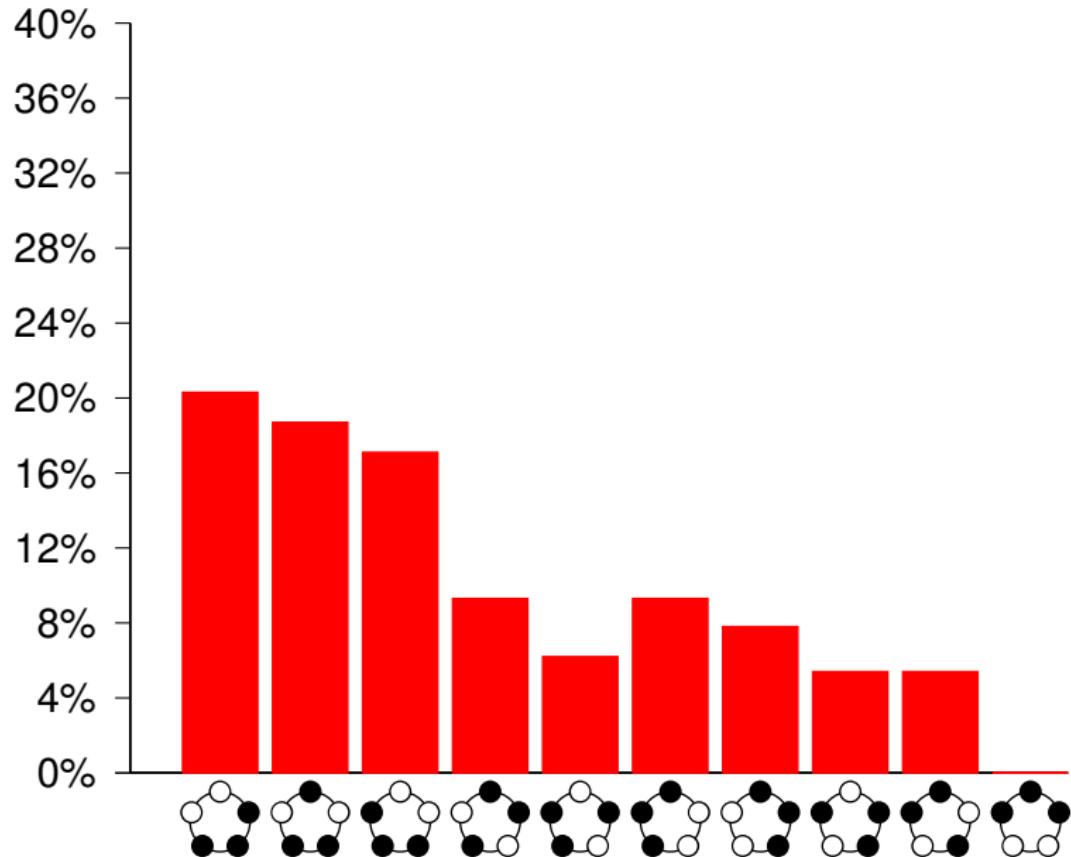
# Stationary distribution



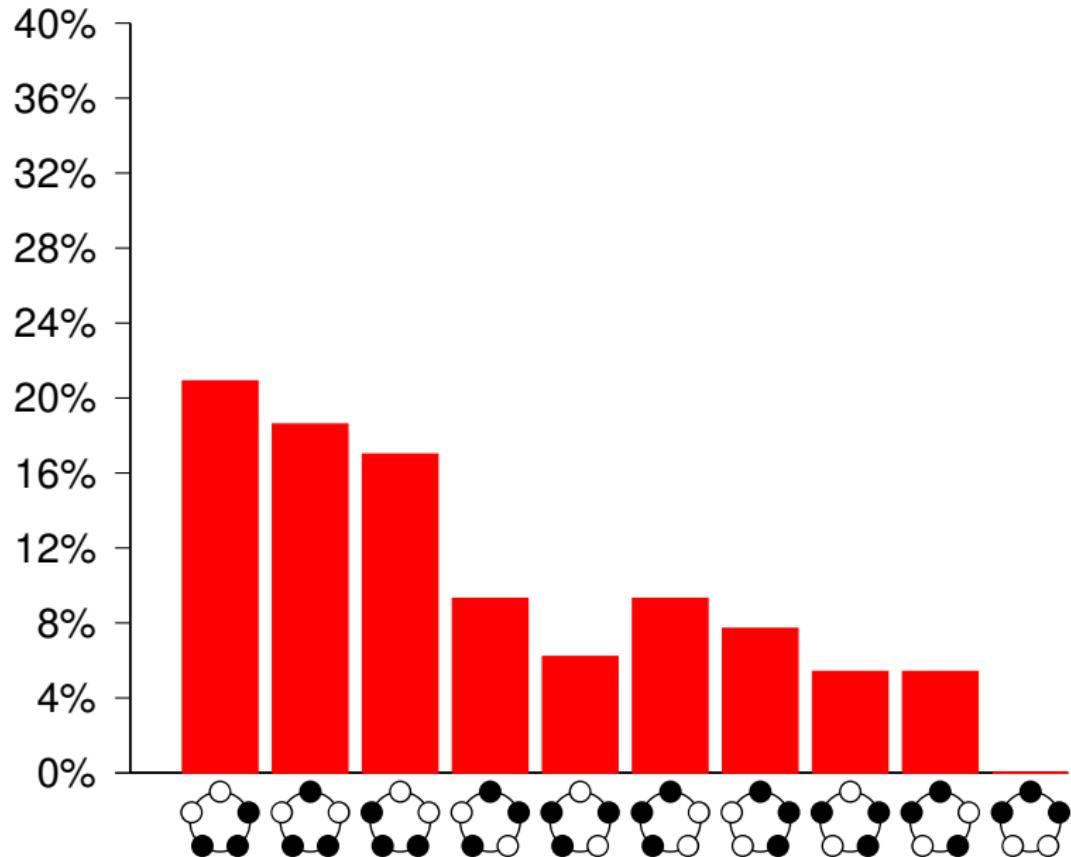
# Stationary distribution



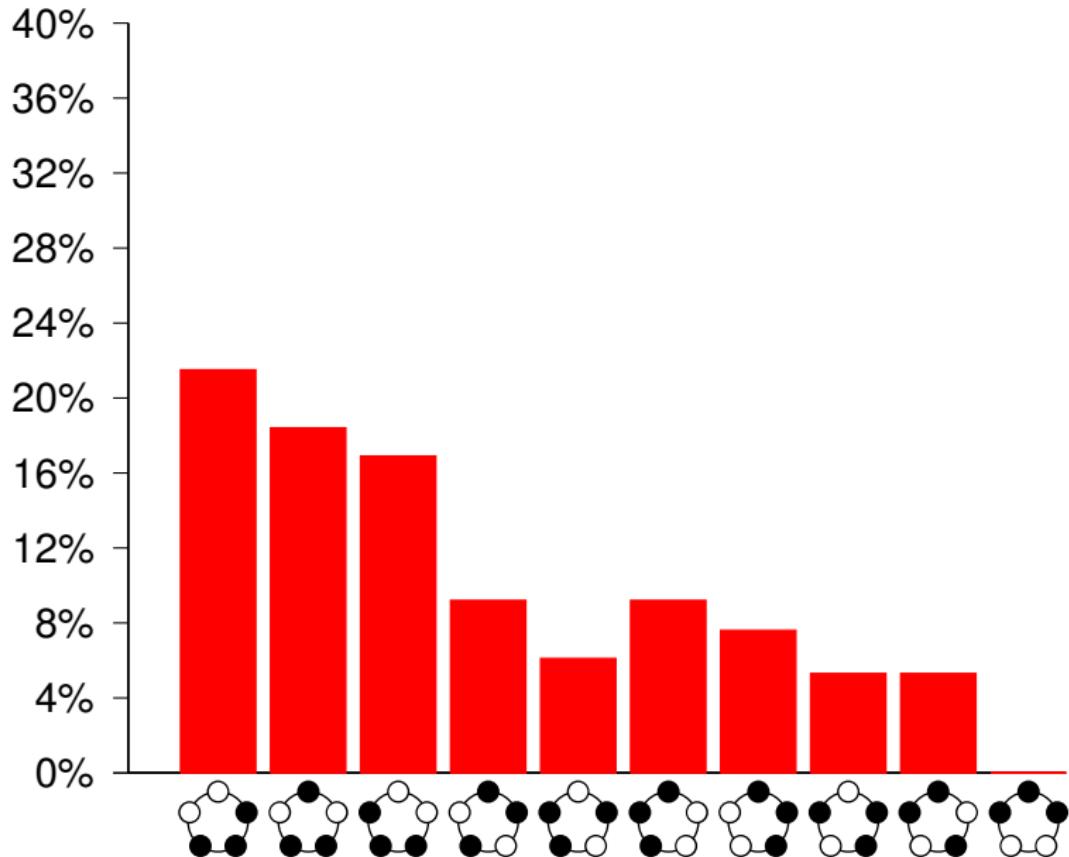
# Stationary distribution



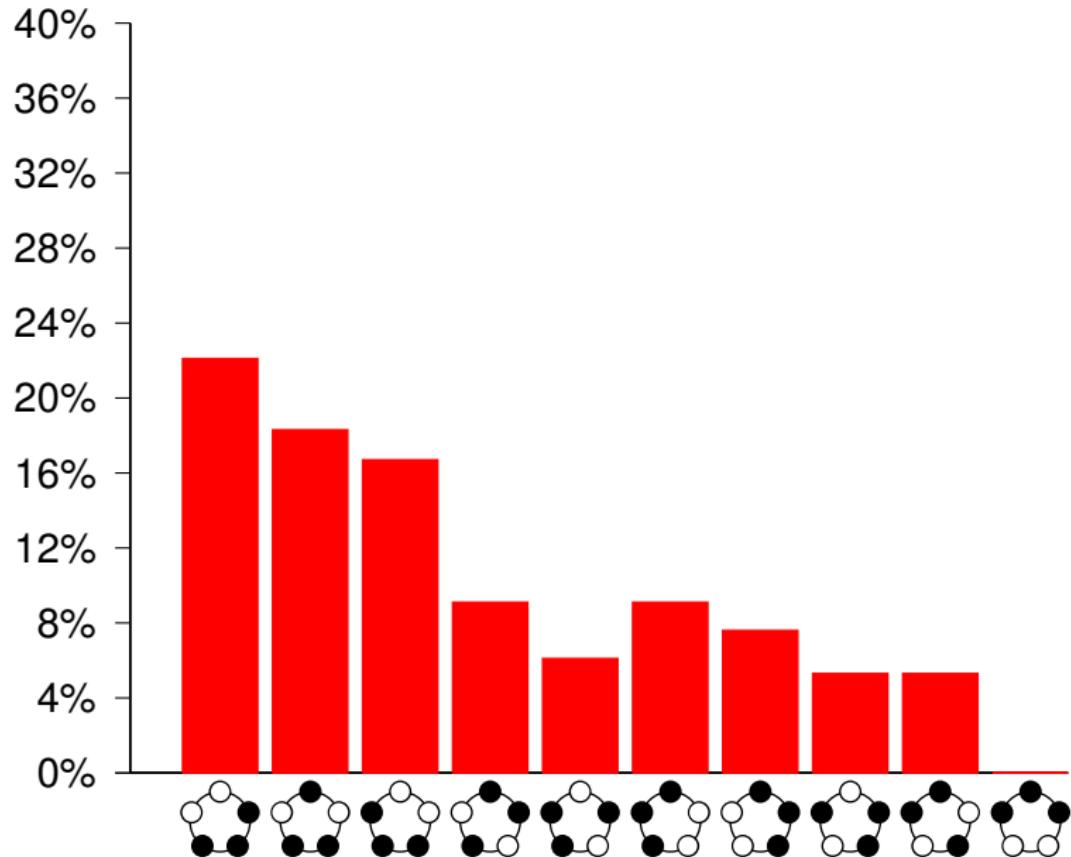
# Stationary distribution



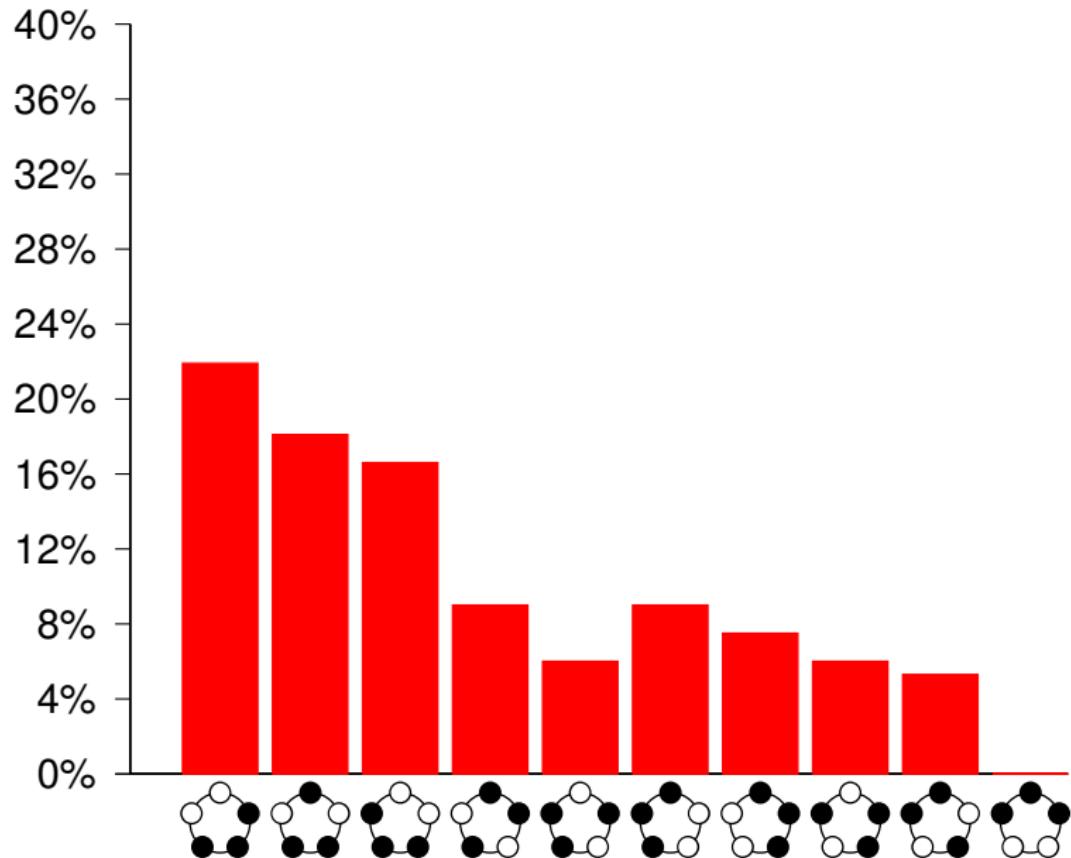
# Stationary distribution



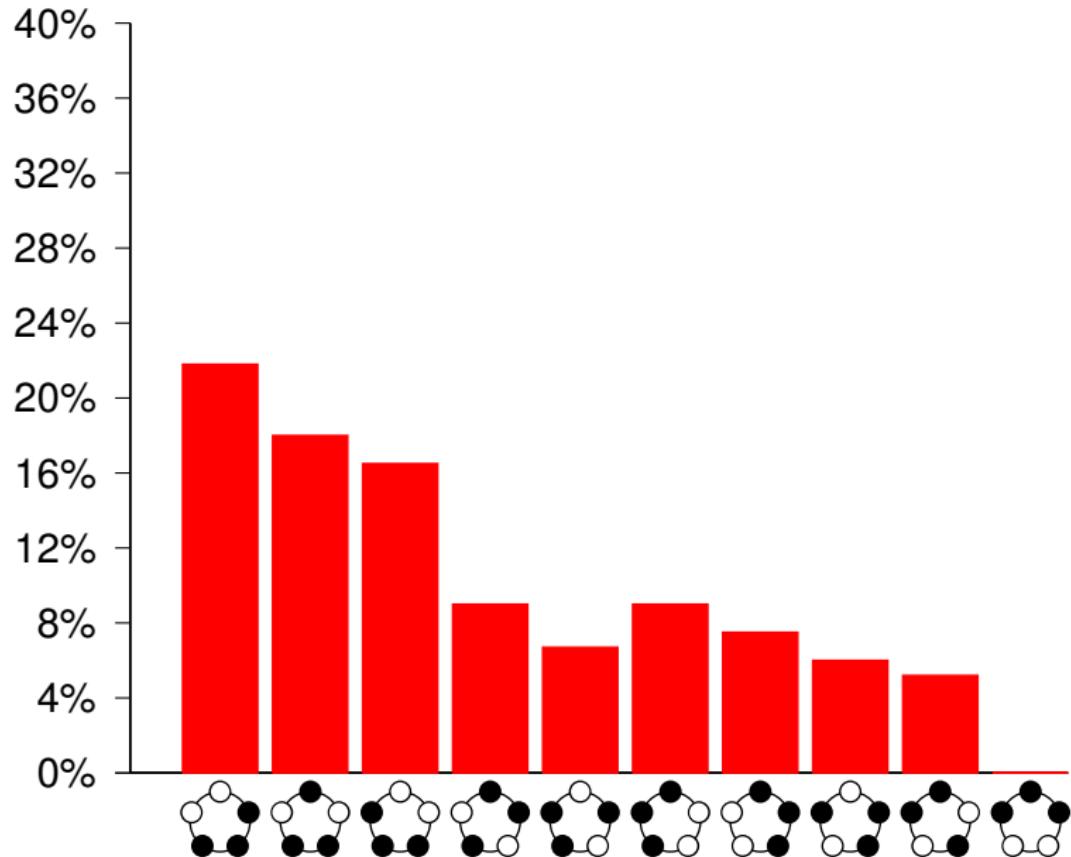
# Stationary distribution



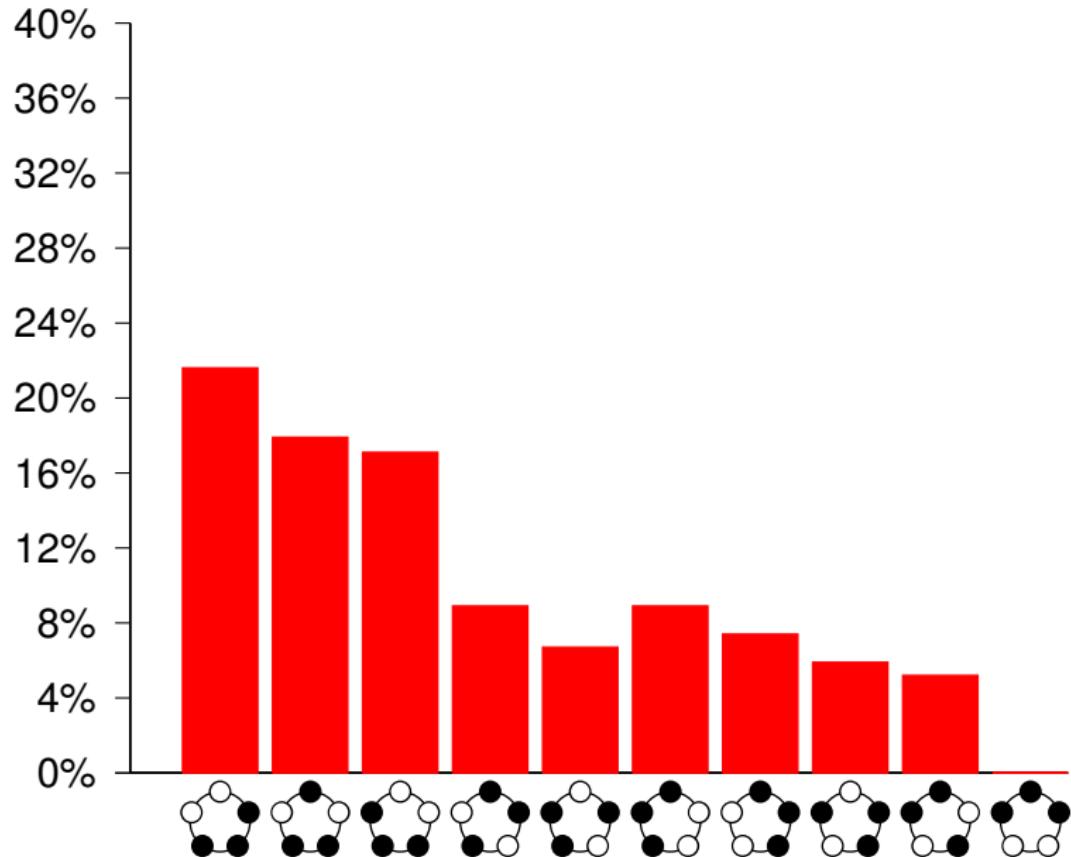
# Stationary distribution



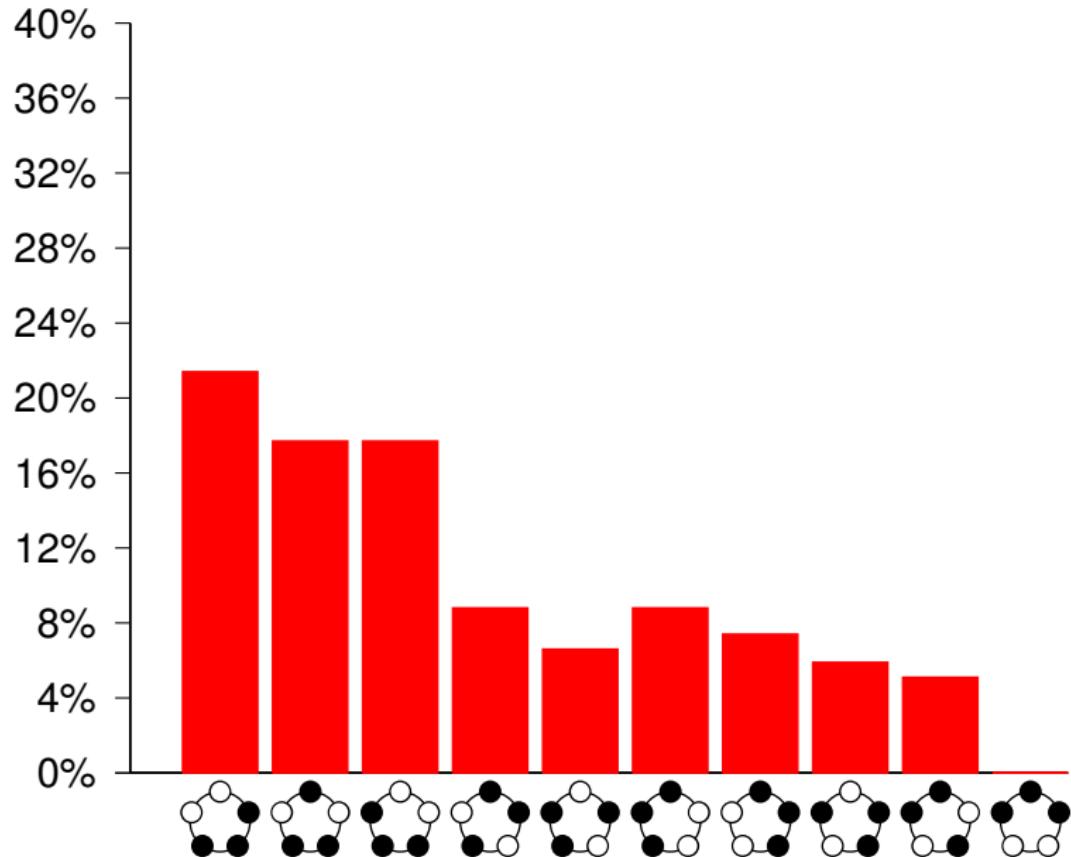
# Stationary distribution



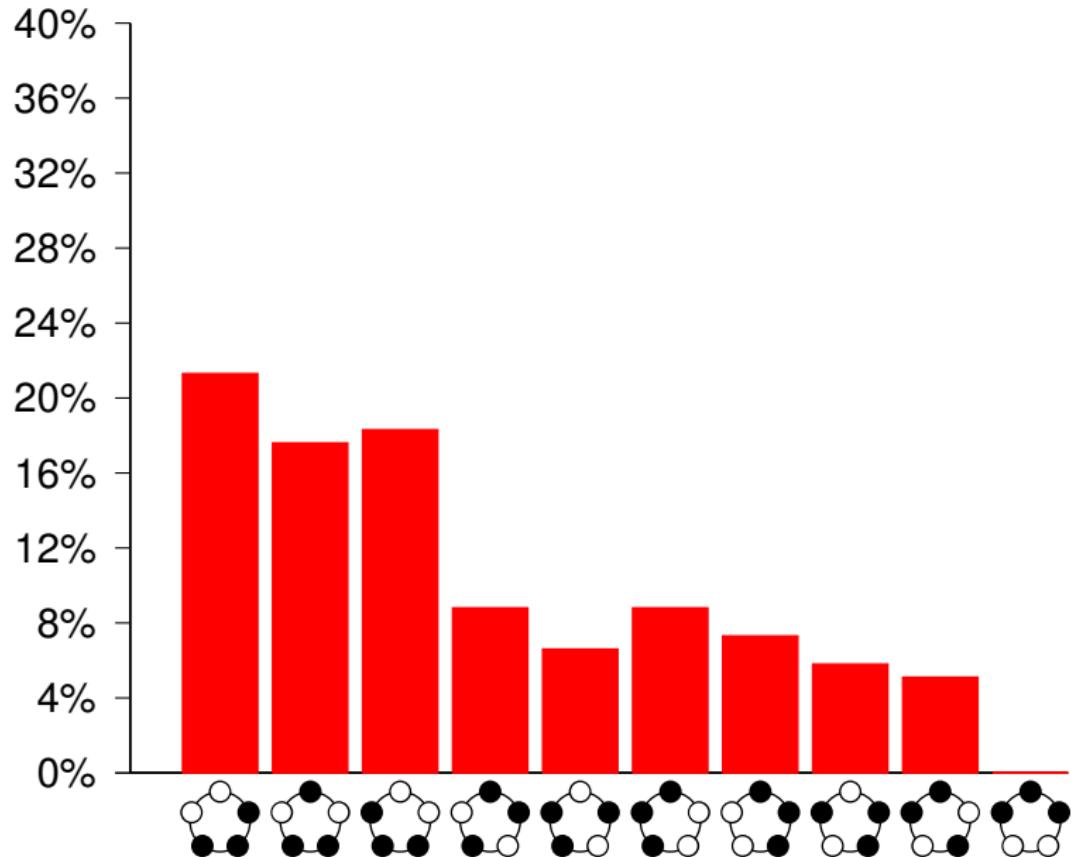
# Stationary distribution



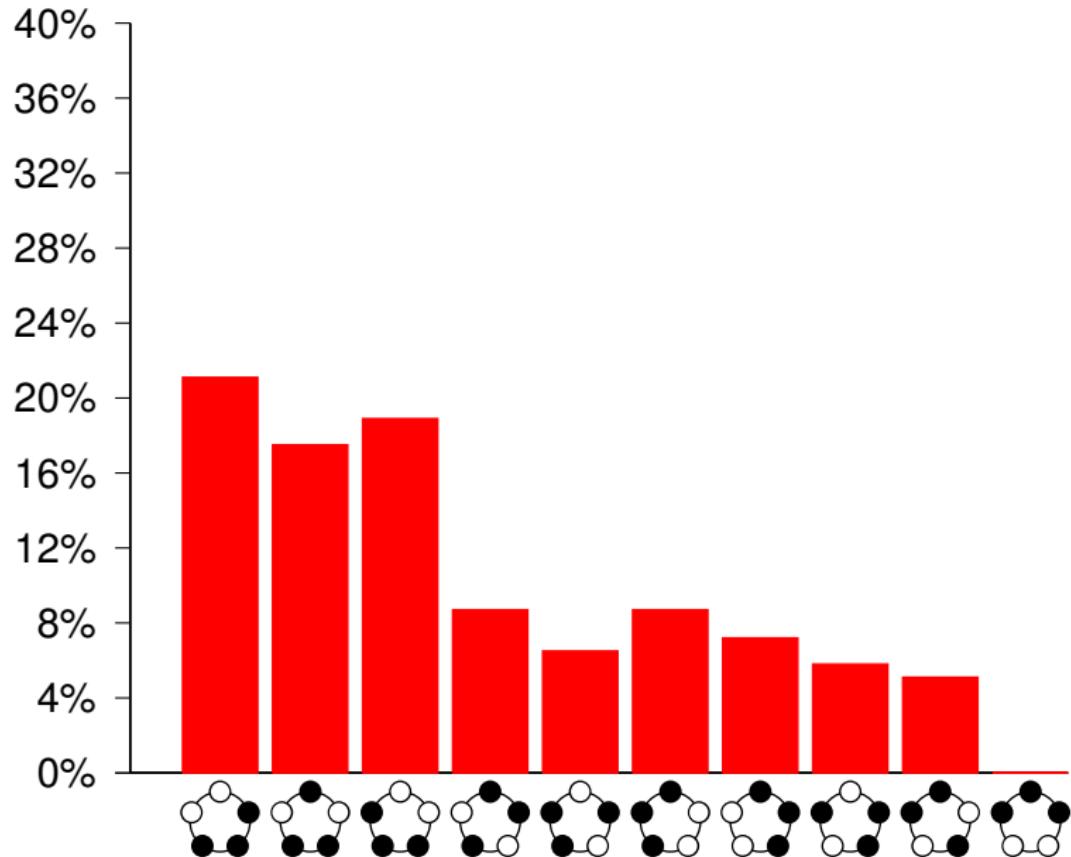
# Stationary distribution



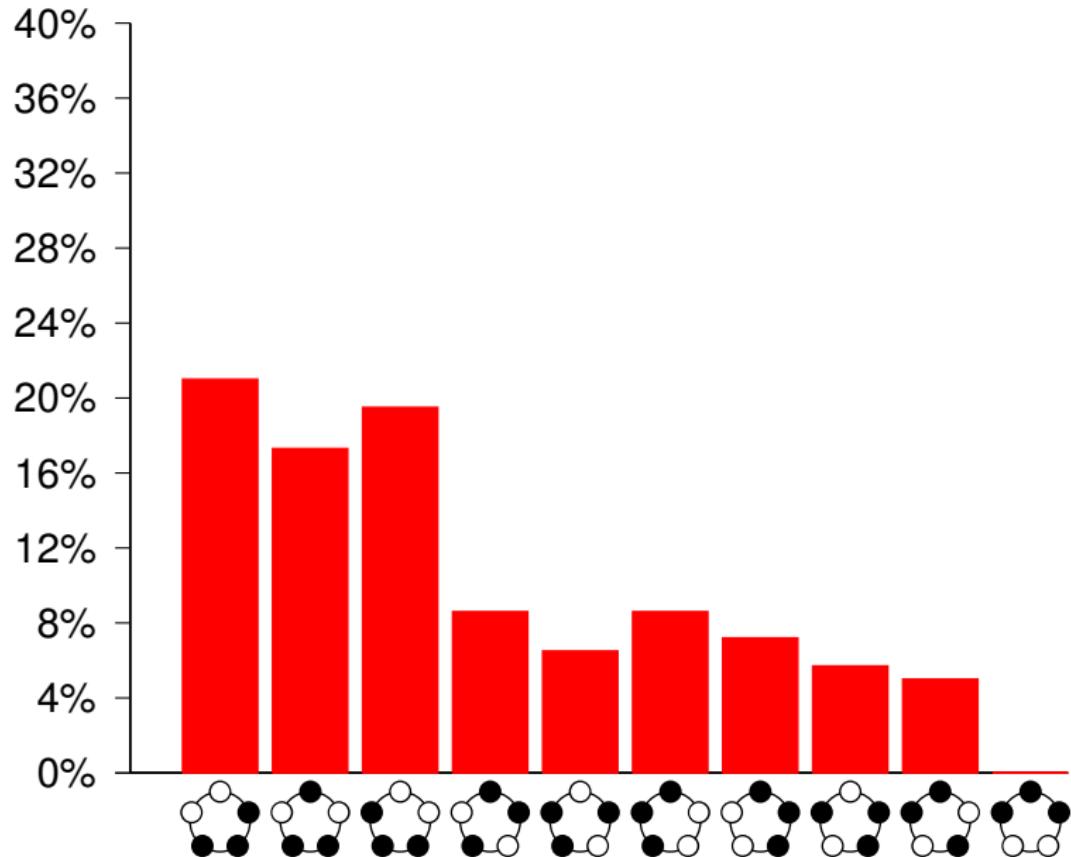
# Stationary distribution



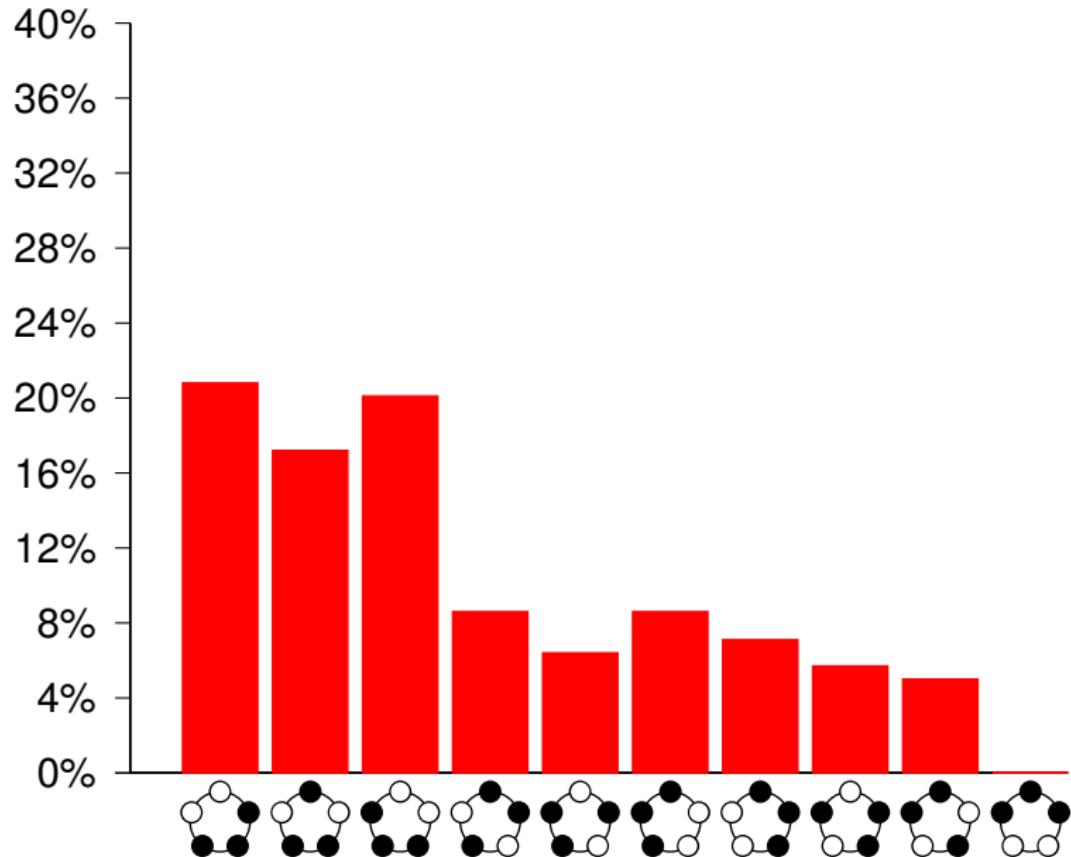
# Stationary distribution



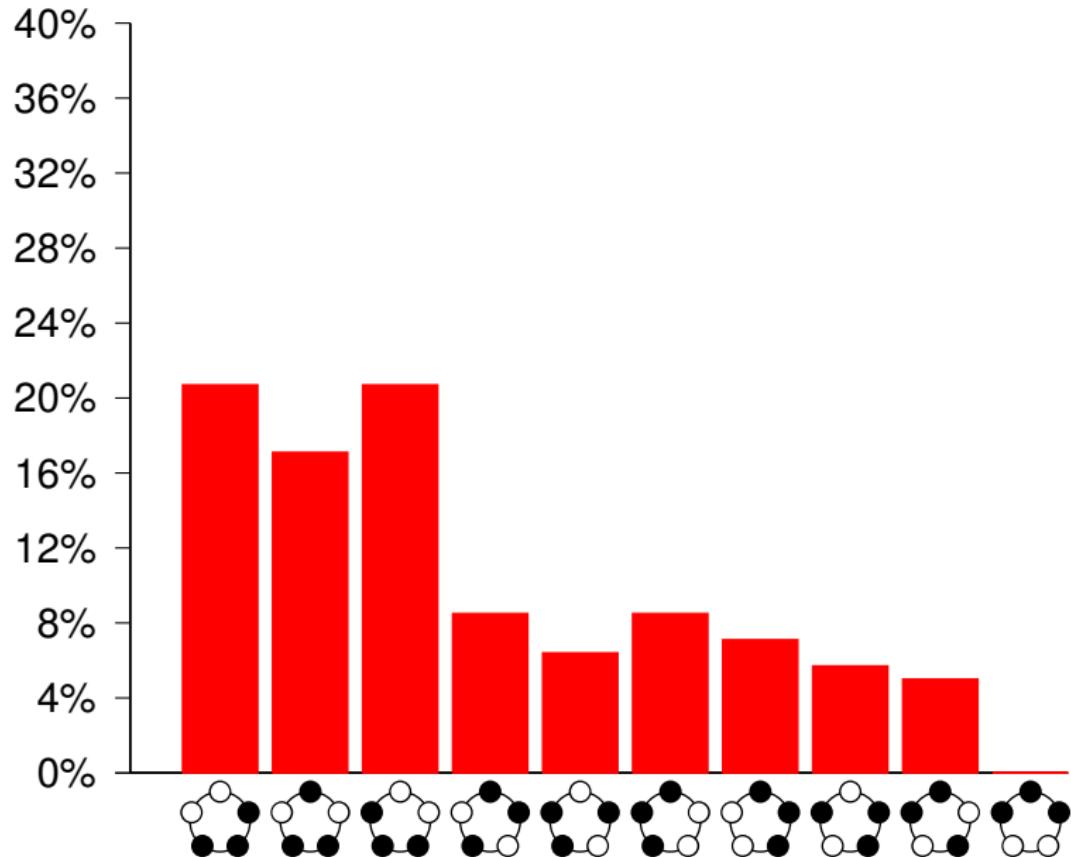
# Stationary distribution



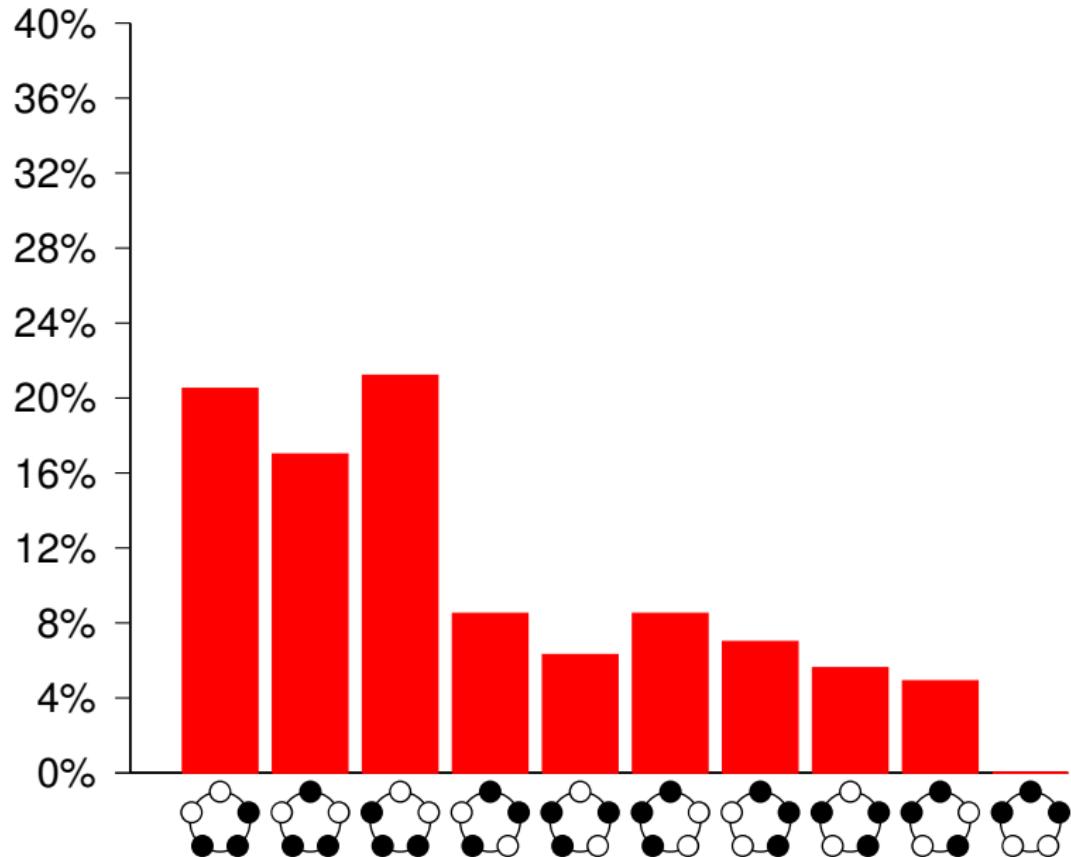
# Stationary distribution



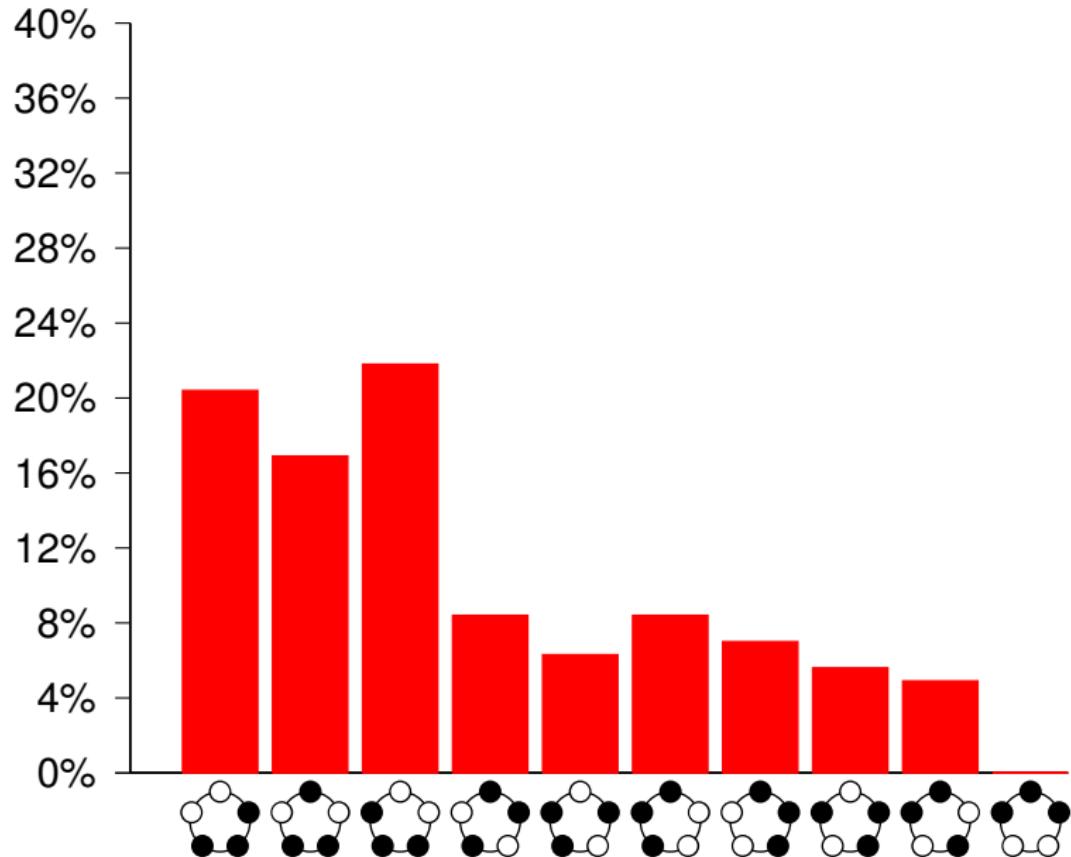
# Stationary distribution



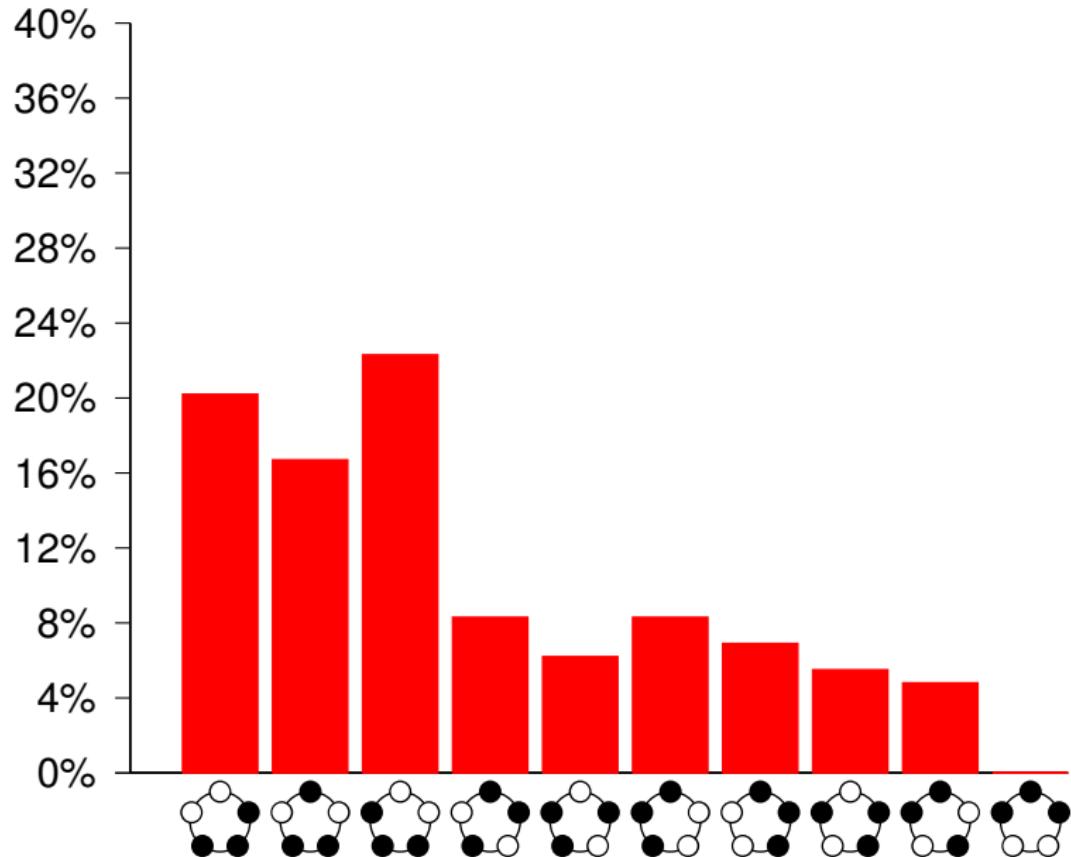
# Stationary distribution



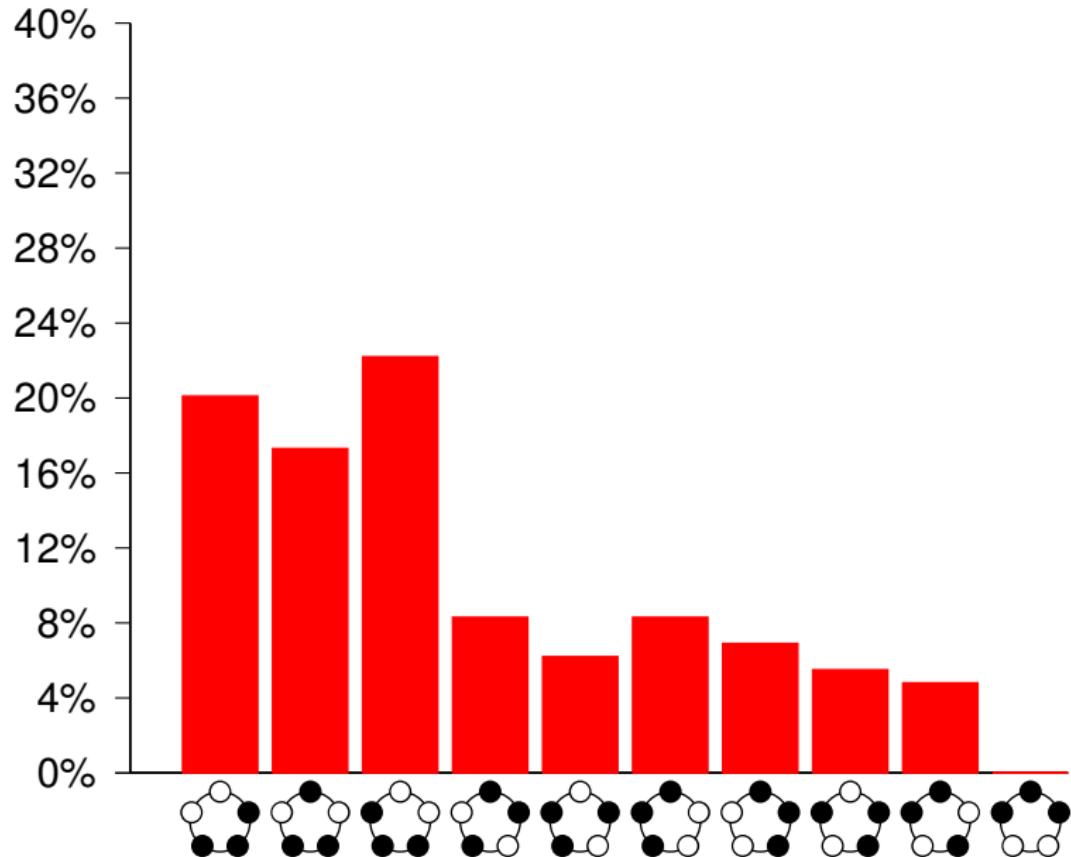
# Stationary distribution



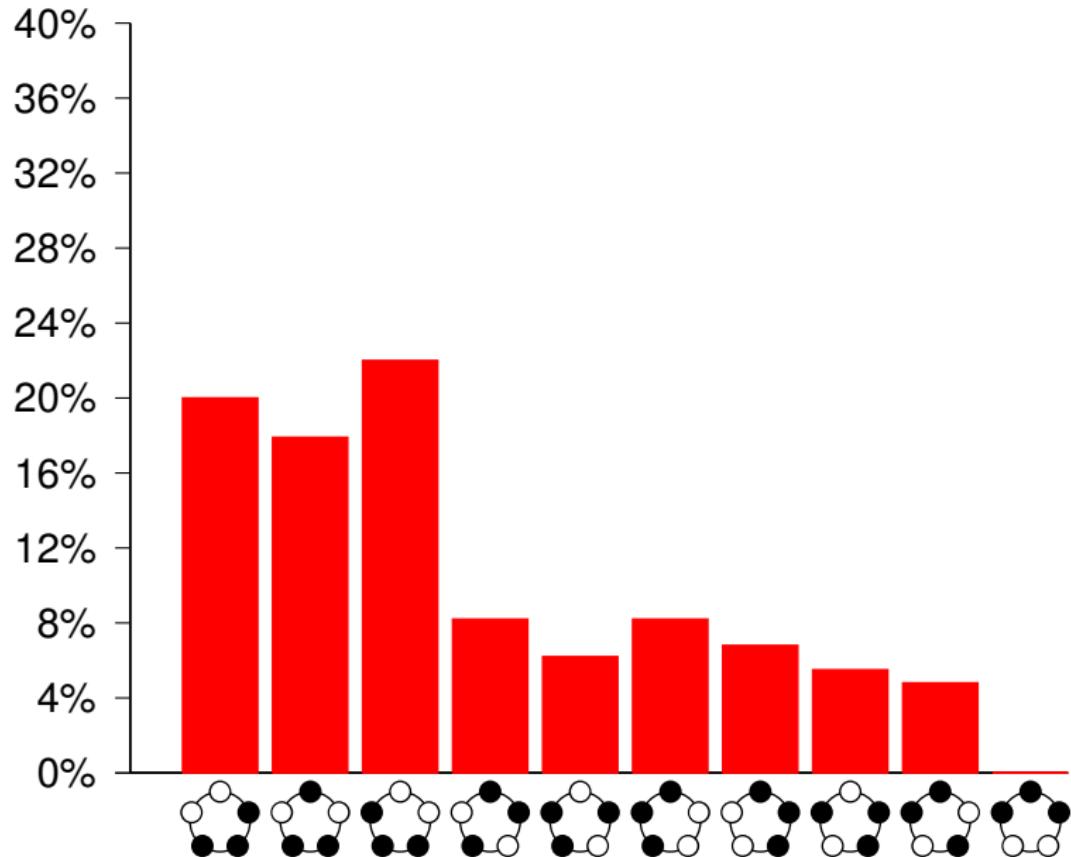
# Stationary distribution



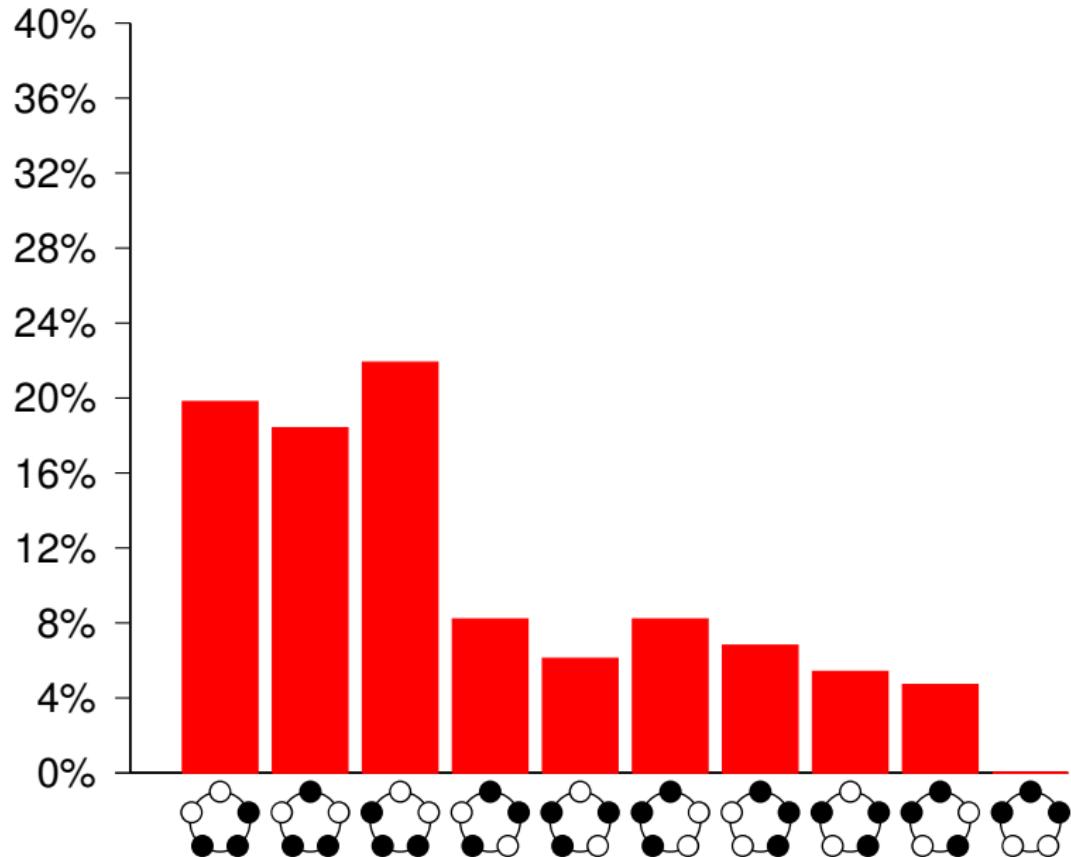
# Stationary distribution



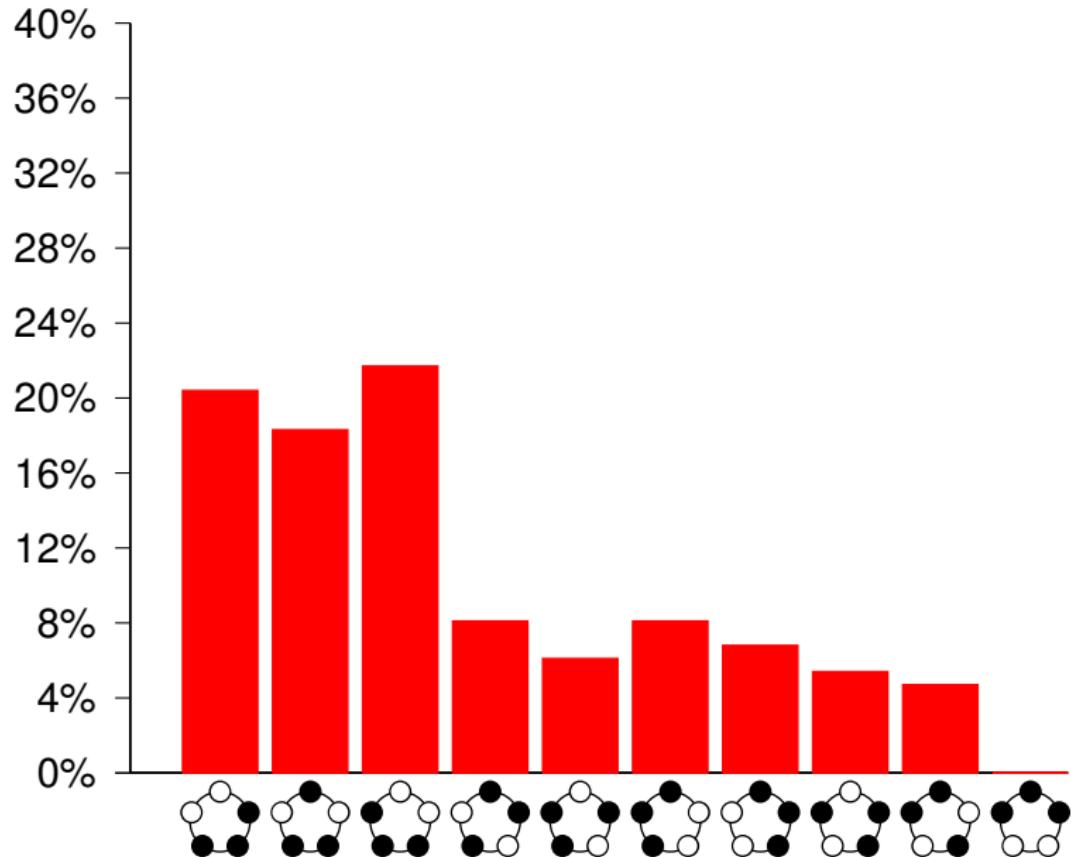
# Stationary distribution



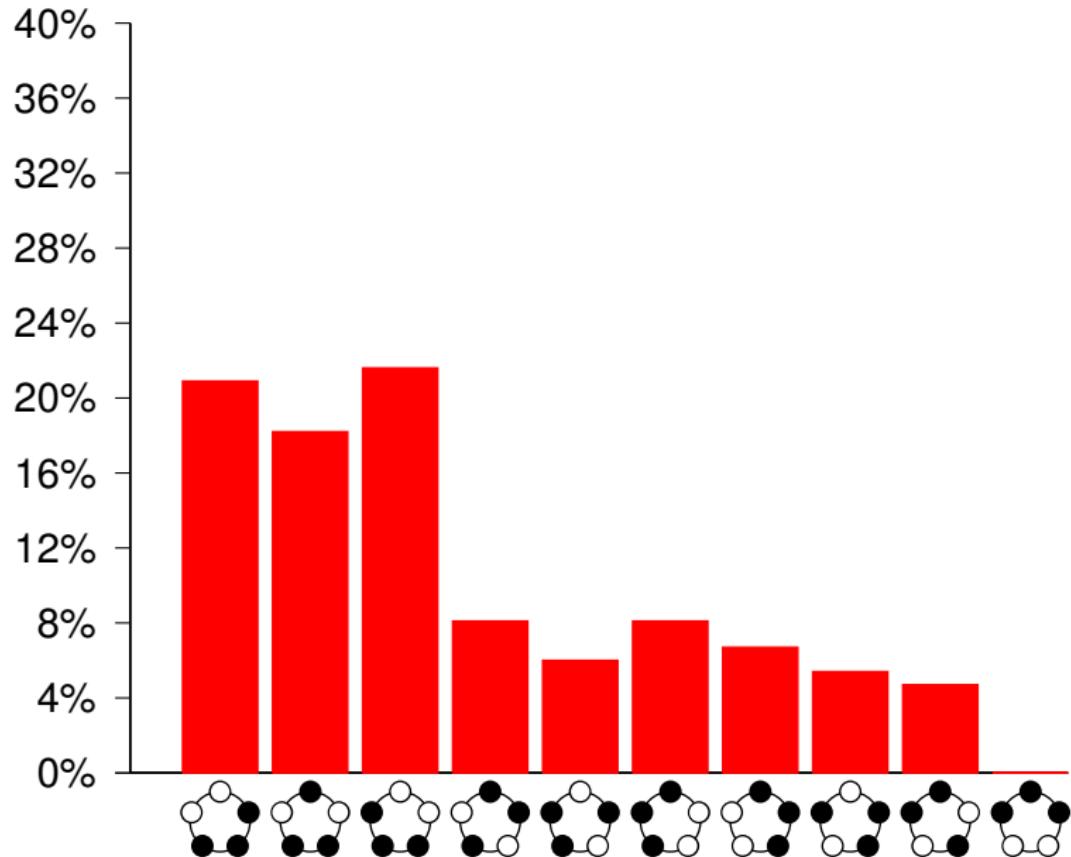
# Stationary distribution



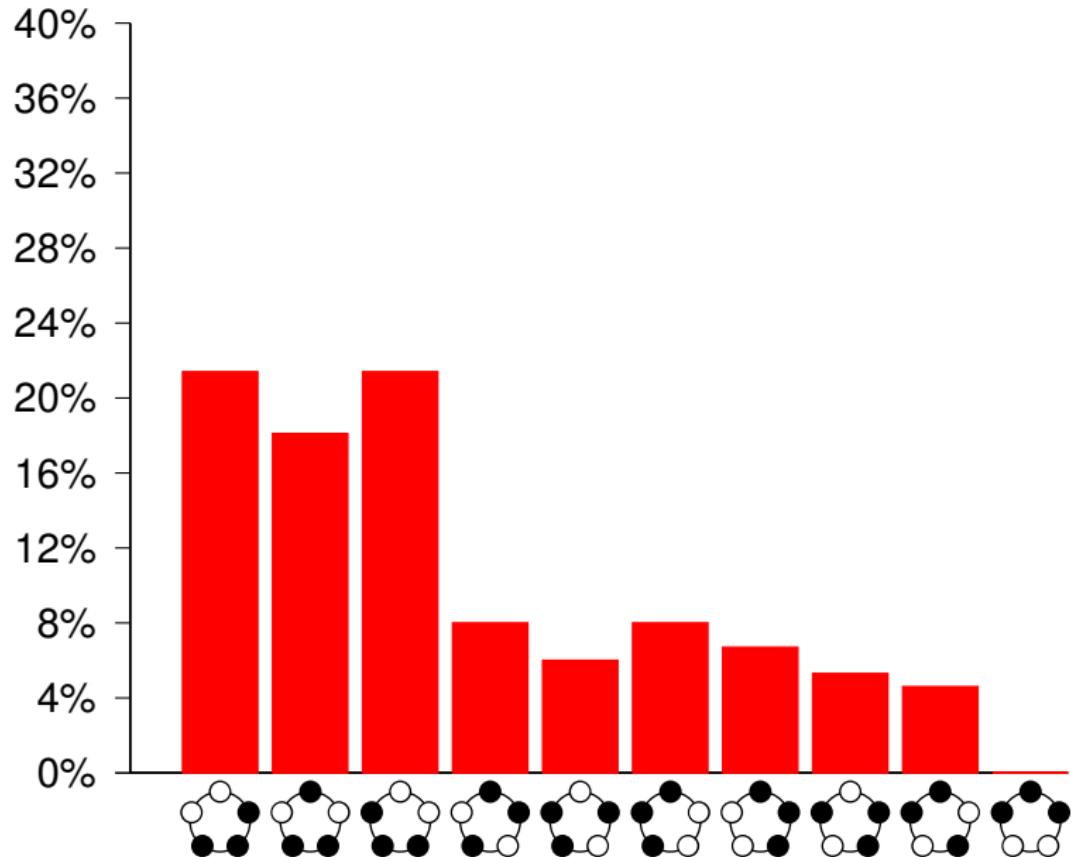
# Stationary distribution



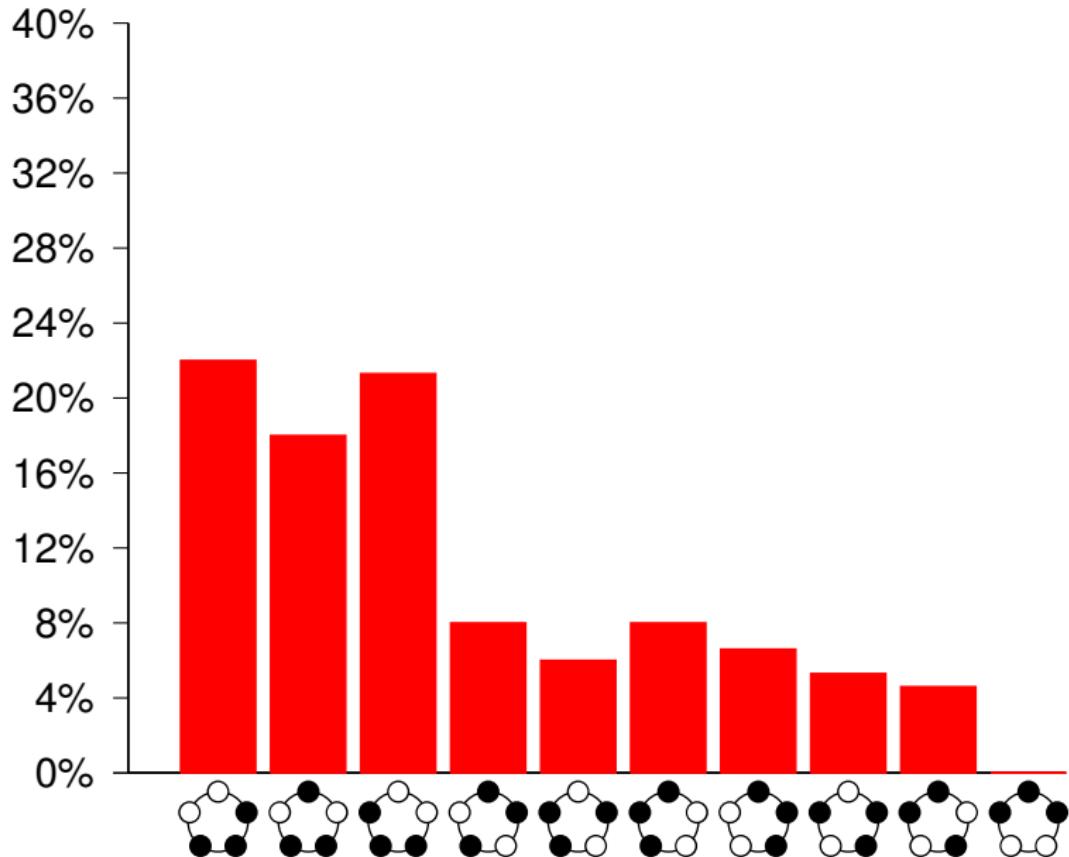
# Stationary distribution



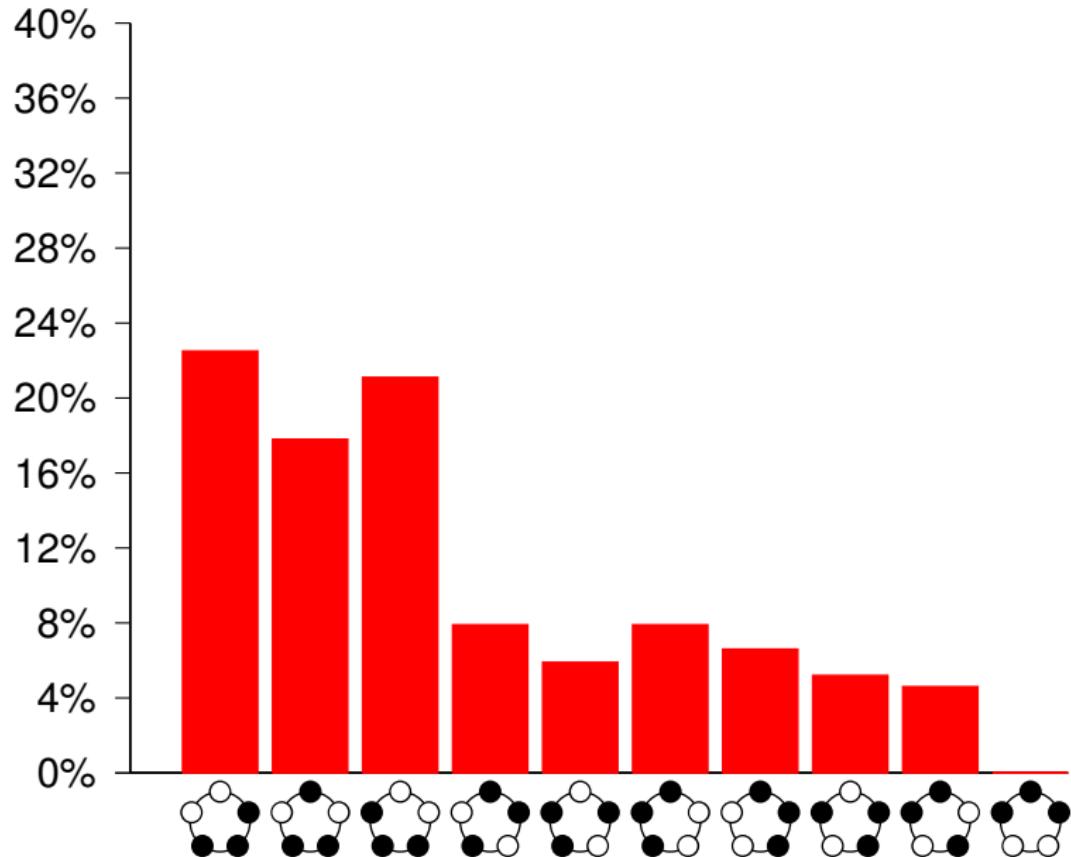
# Stationary distribution



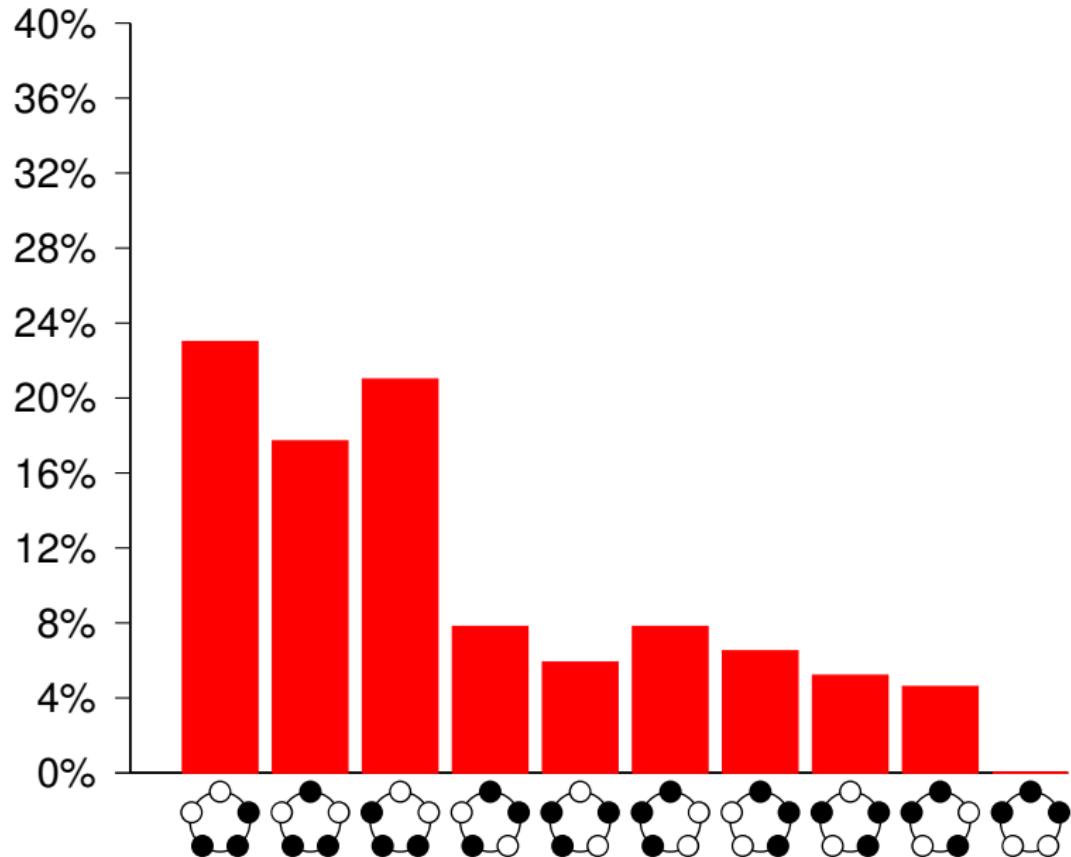
# Stationary distribution



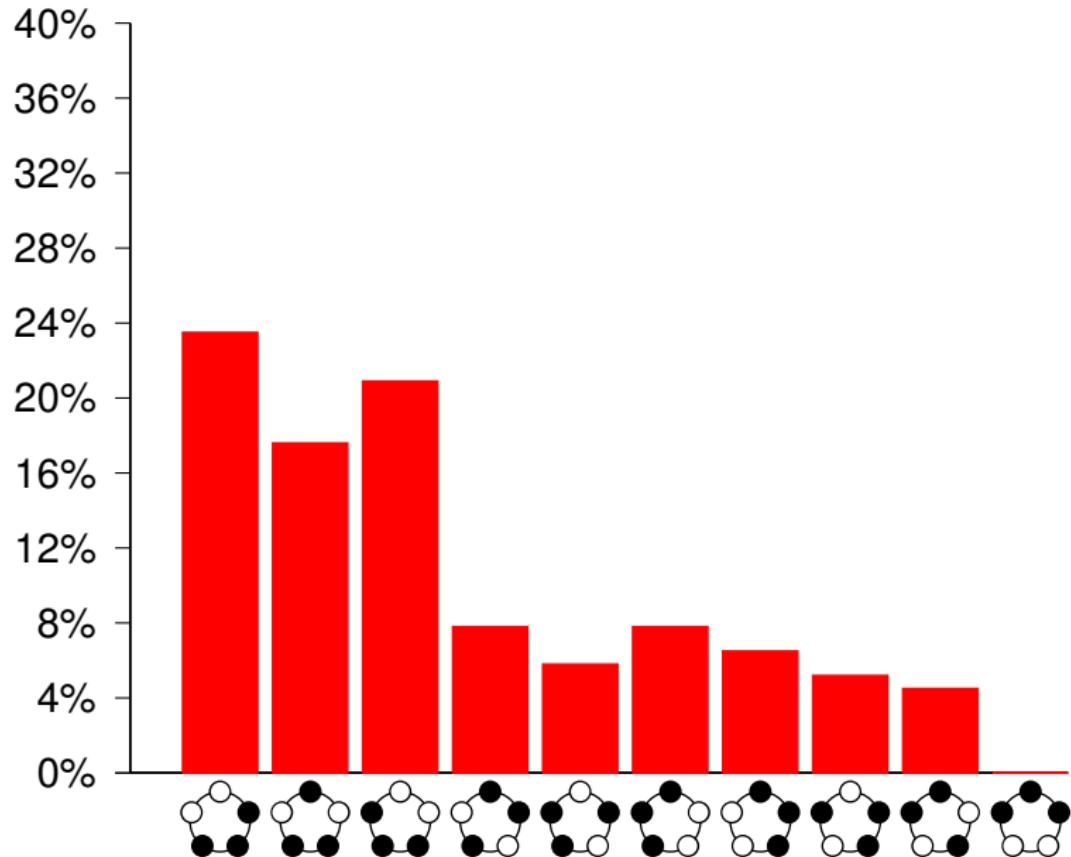
# Stationary distribution



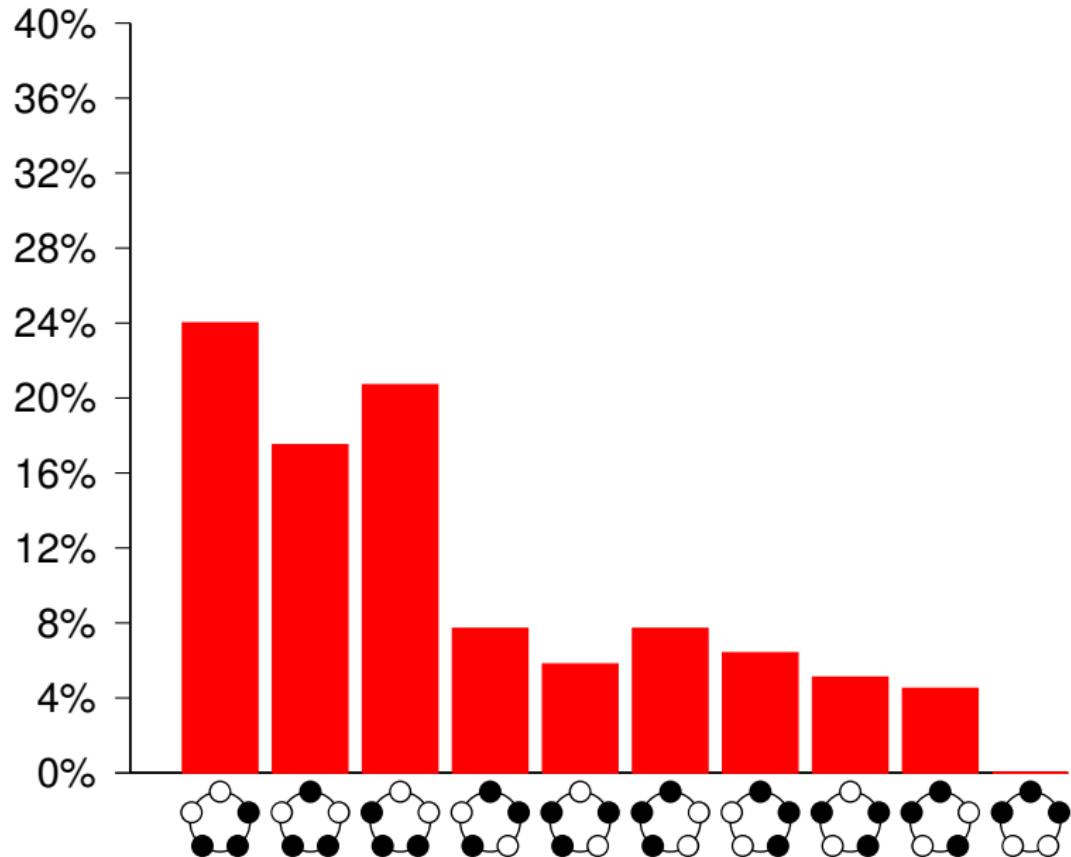
# Stationary distribution



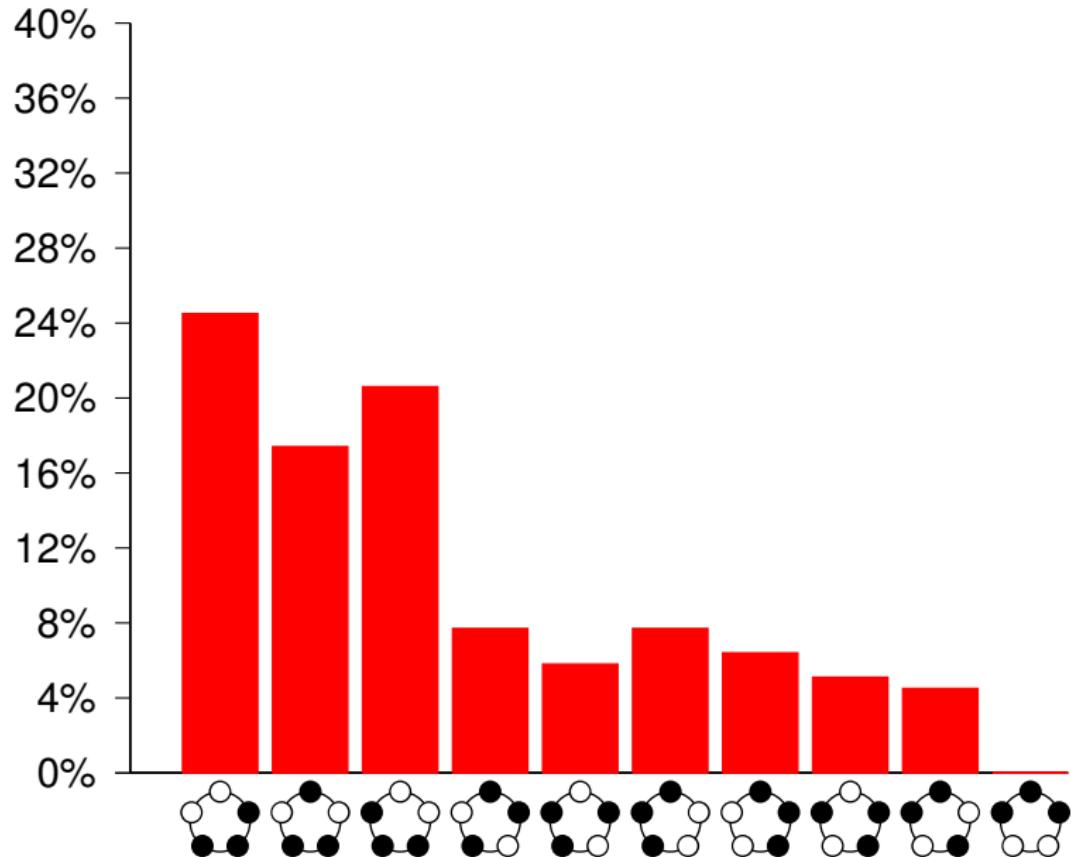
# Stationary distribution



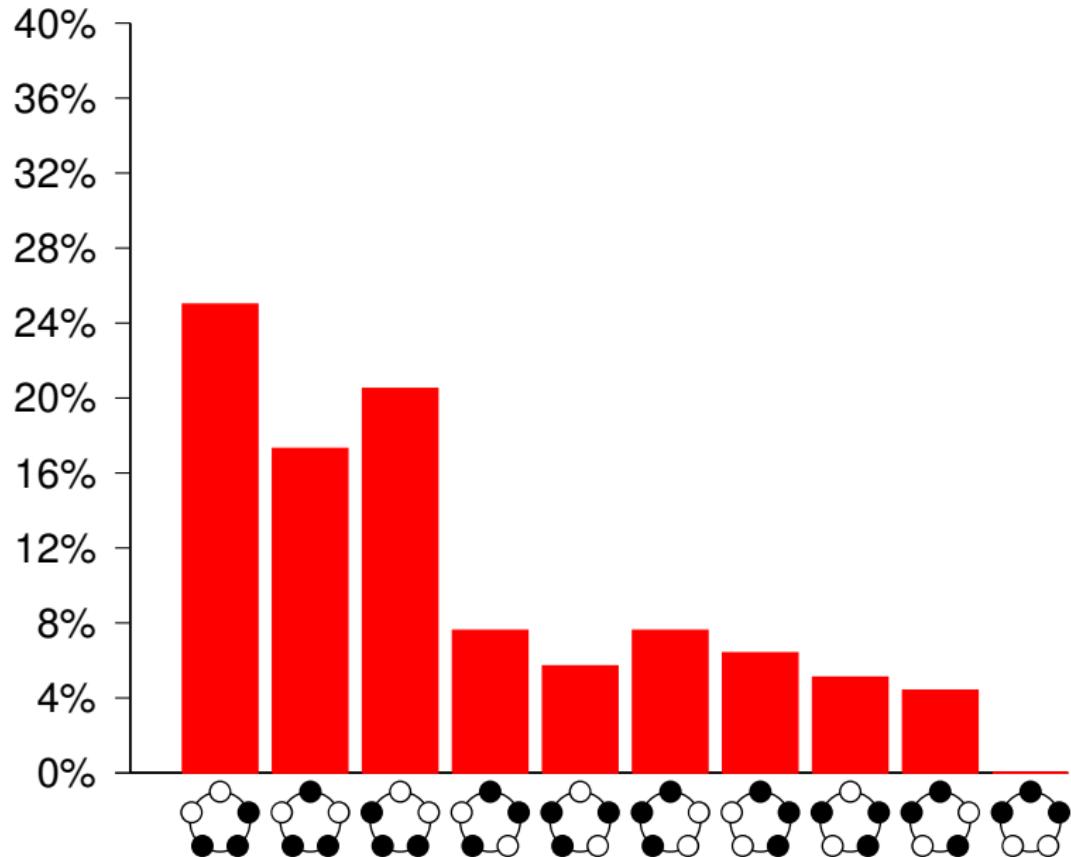
# Stationary distribution



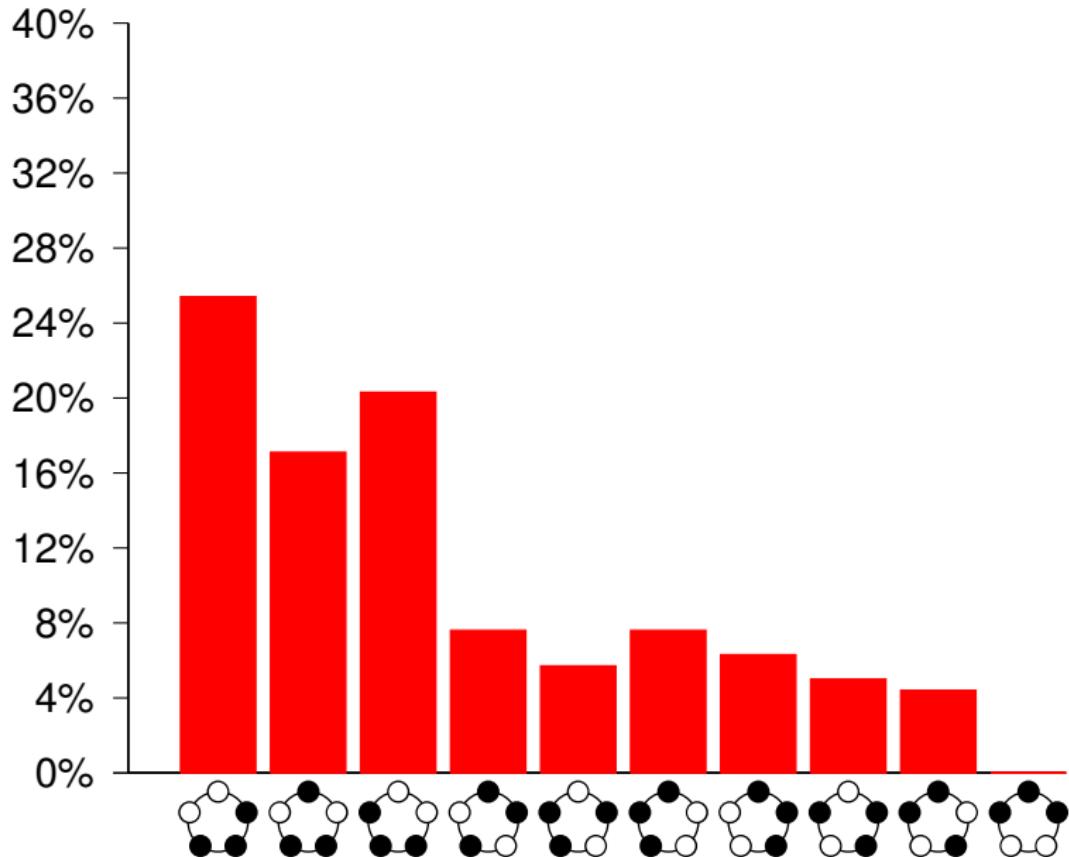
# Stationary distribution



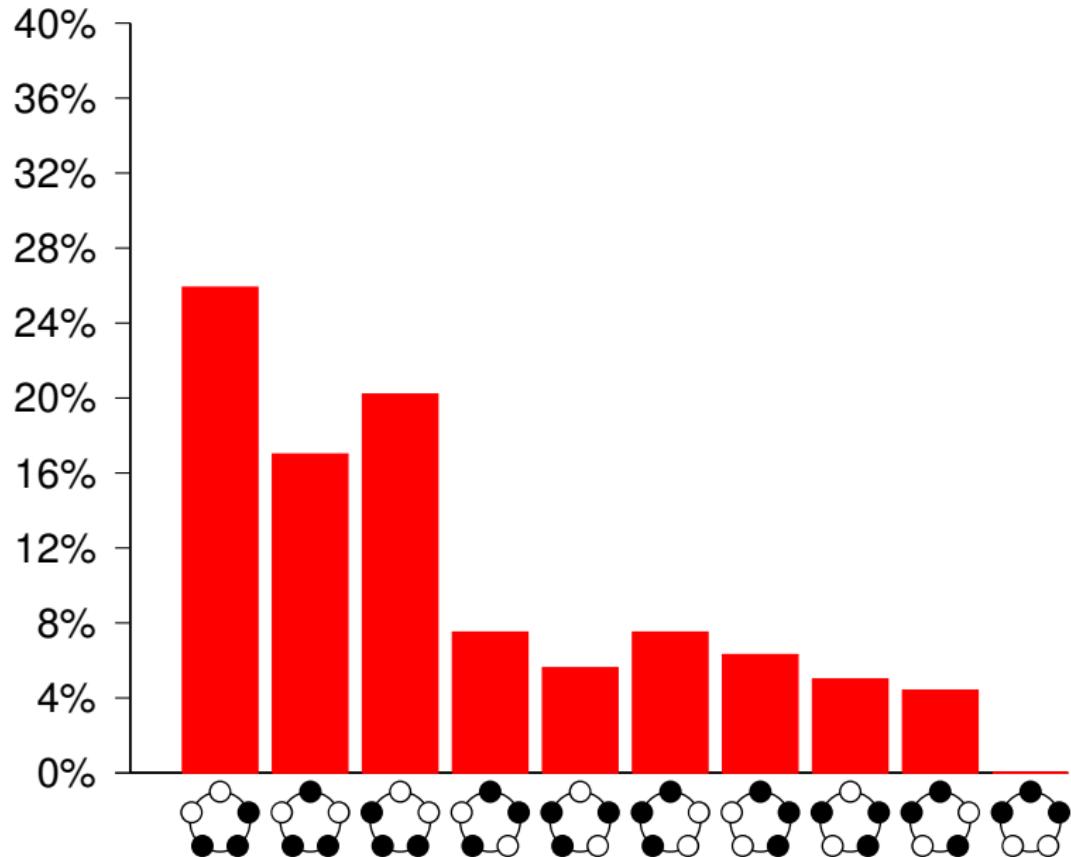
# Stationary distribution



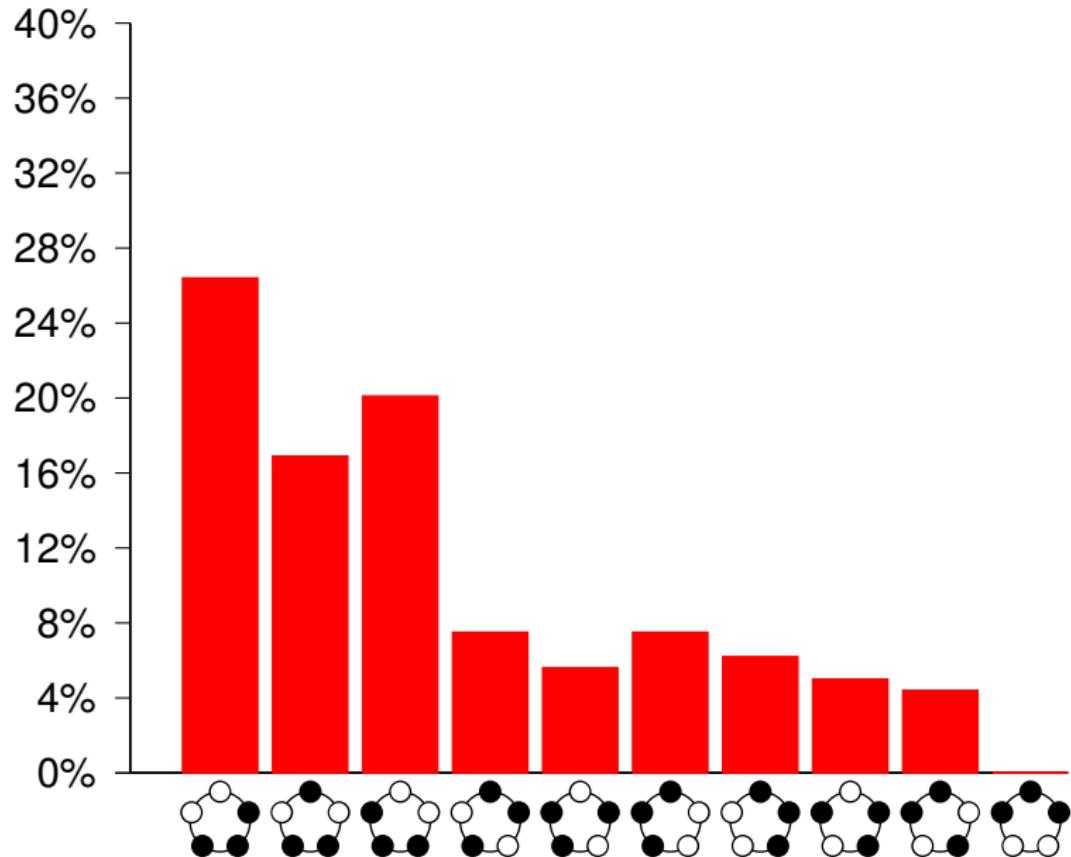
# Stationary distribution



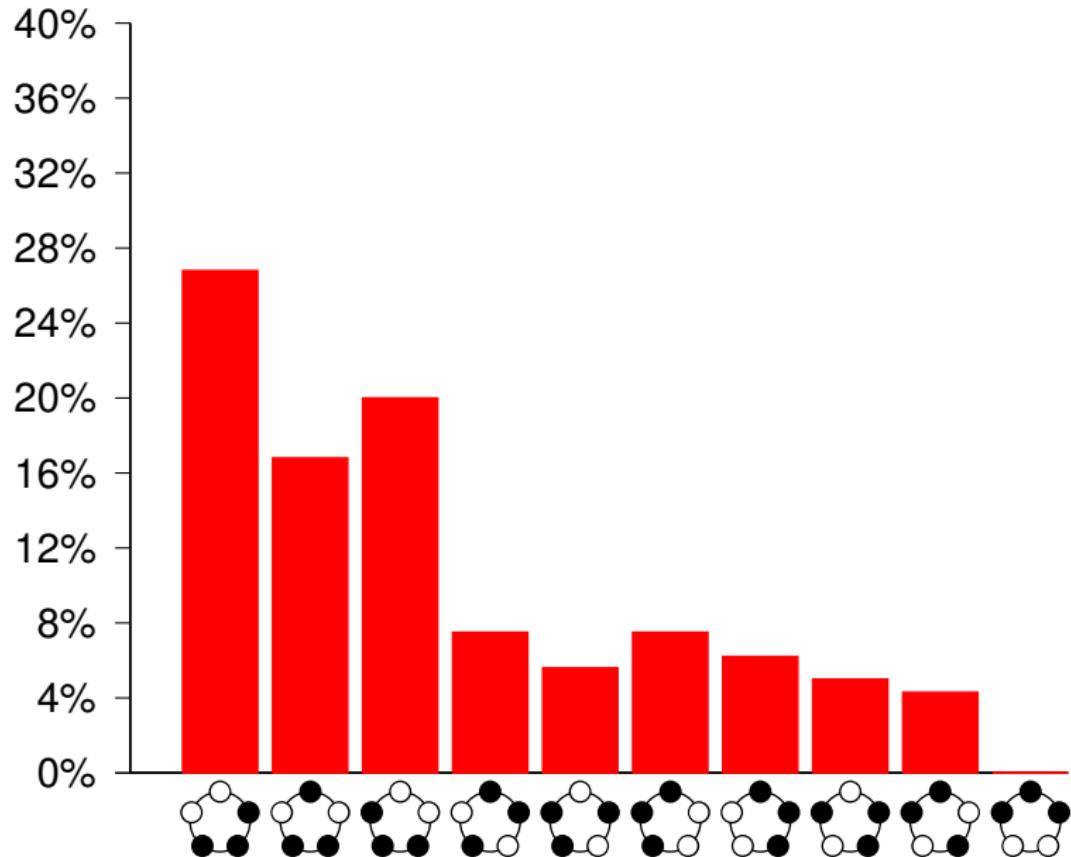
# Stationary distribution



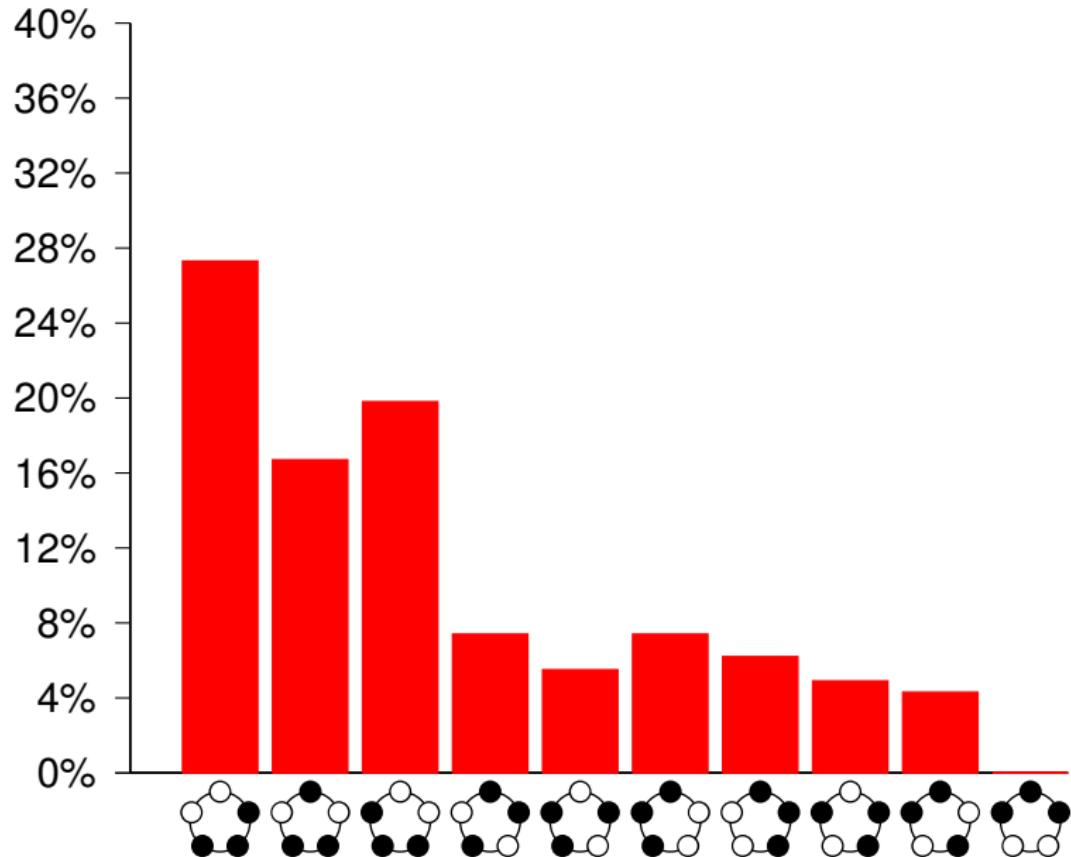
# Stationary distribution



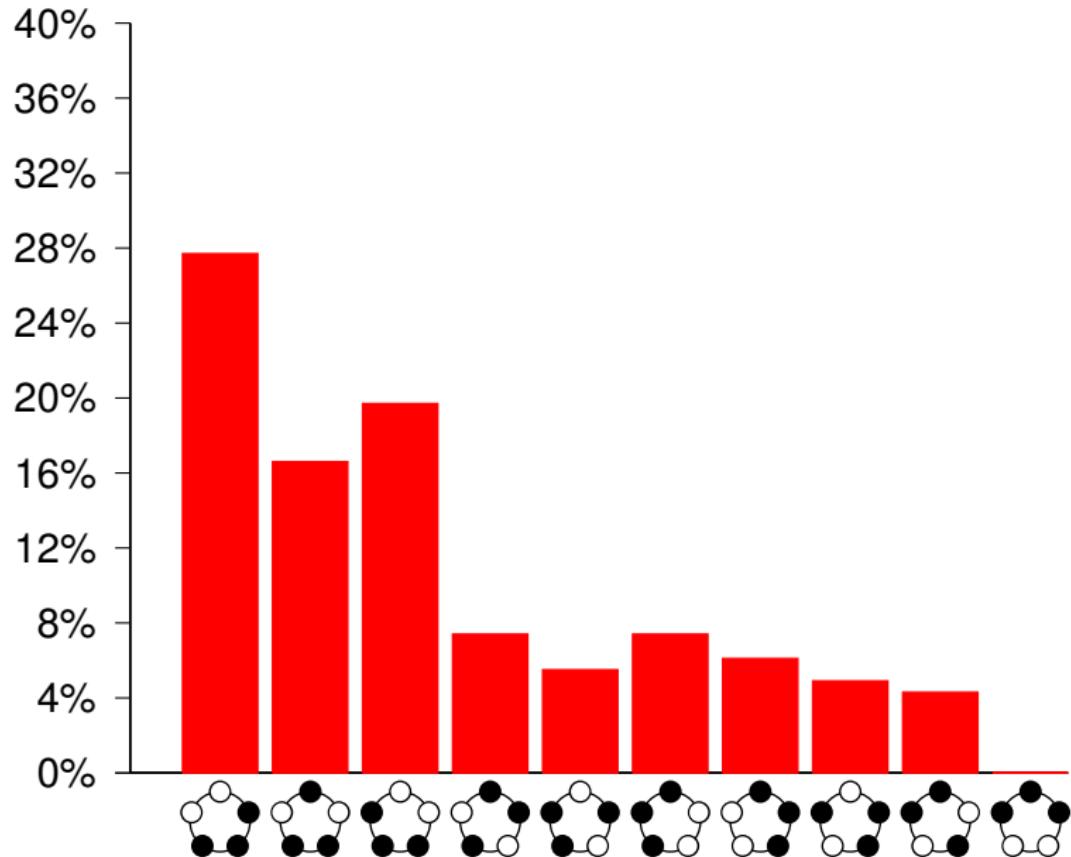
# Stationary distribution



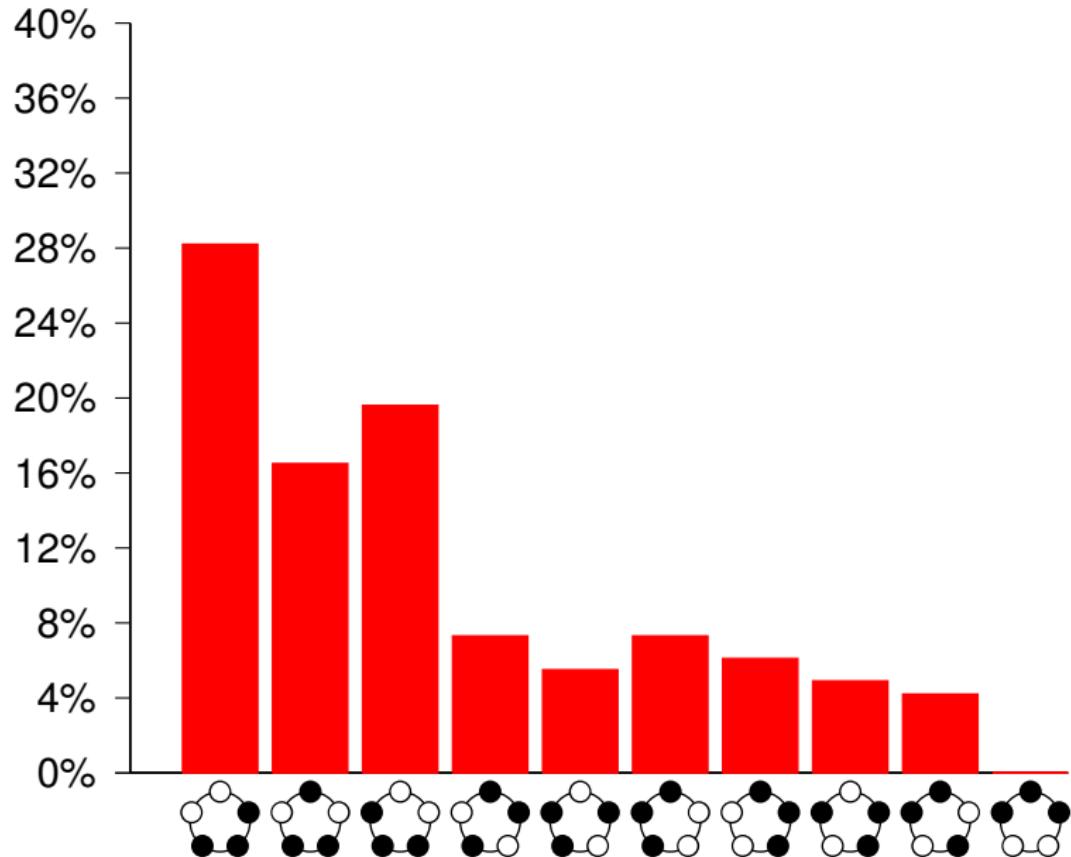
# Stationary distribution



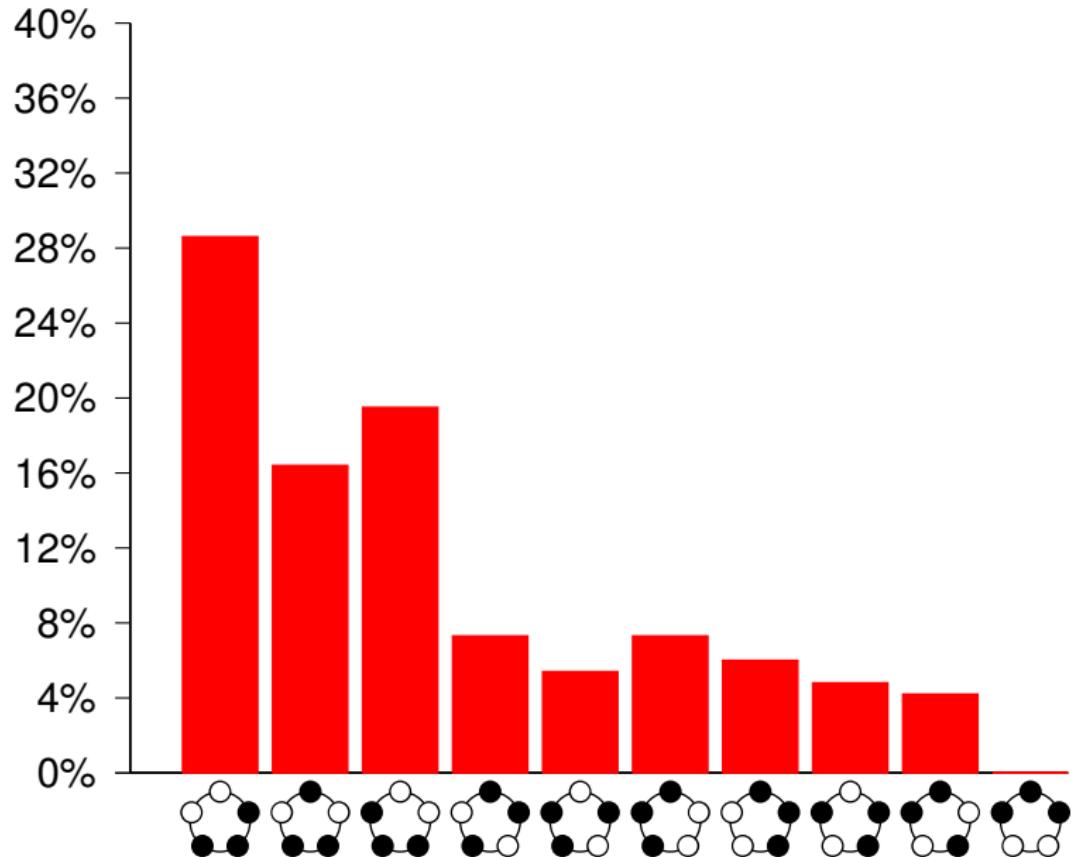
# Stationary distribution



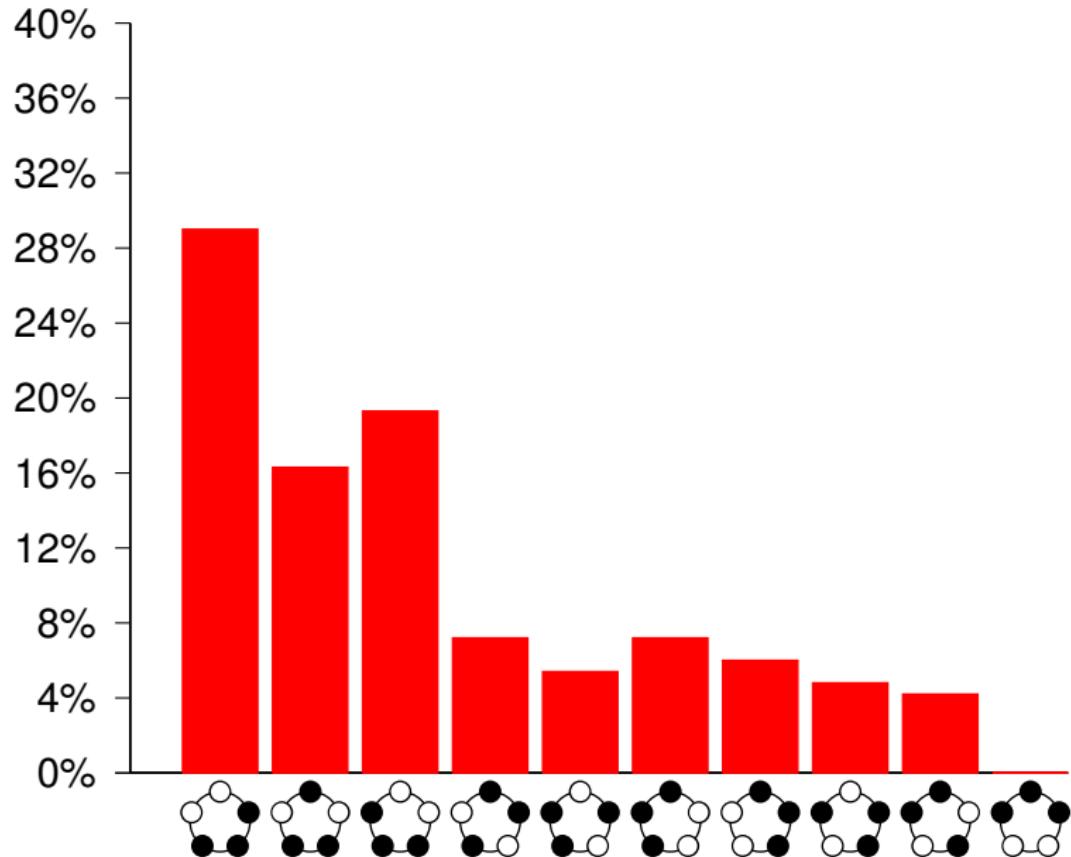
# Stationary distribution



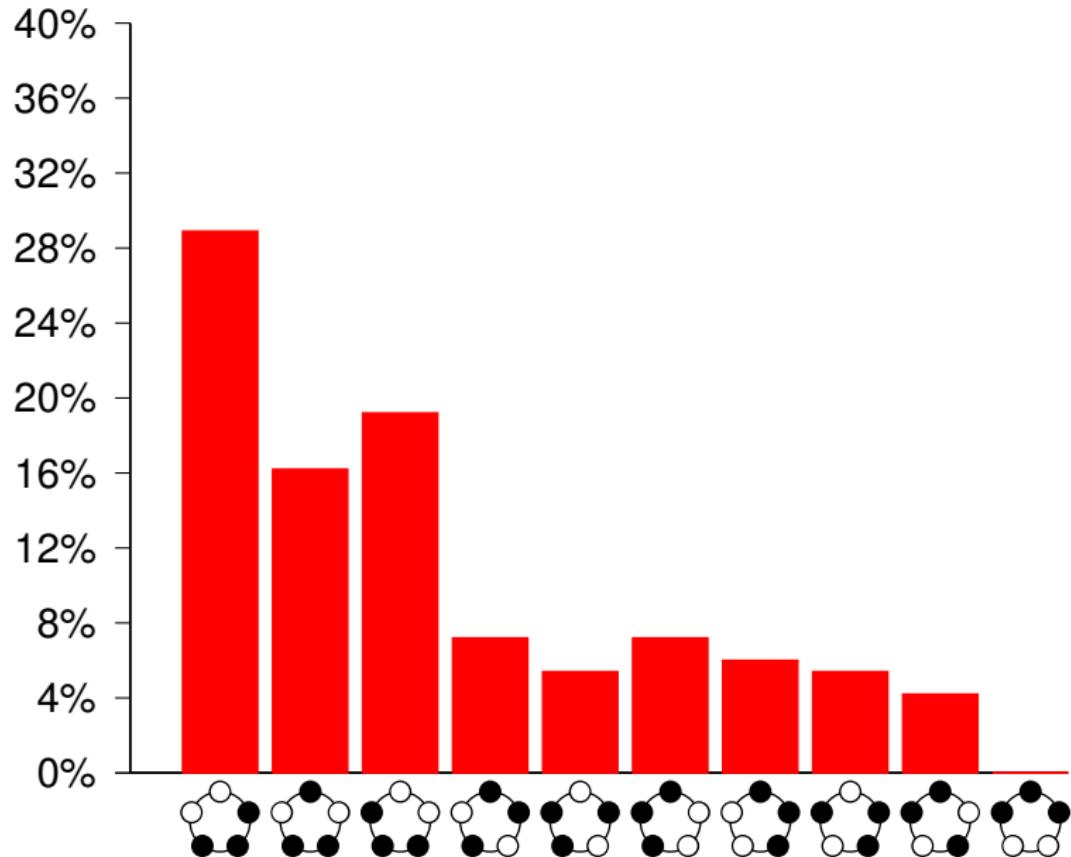
# Stationary distribution



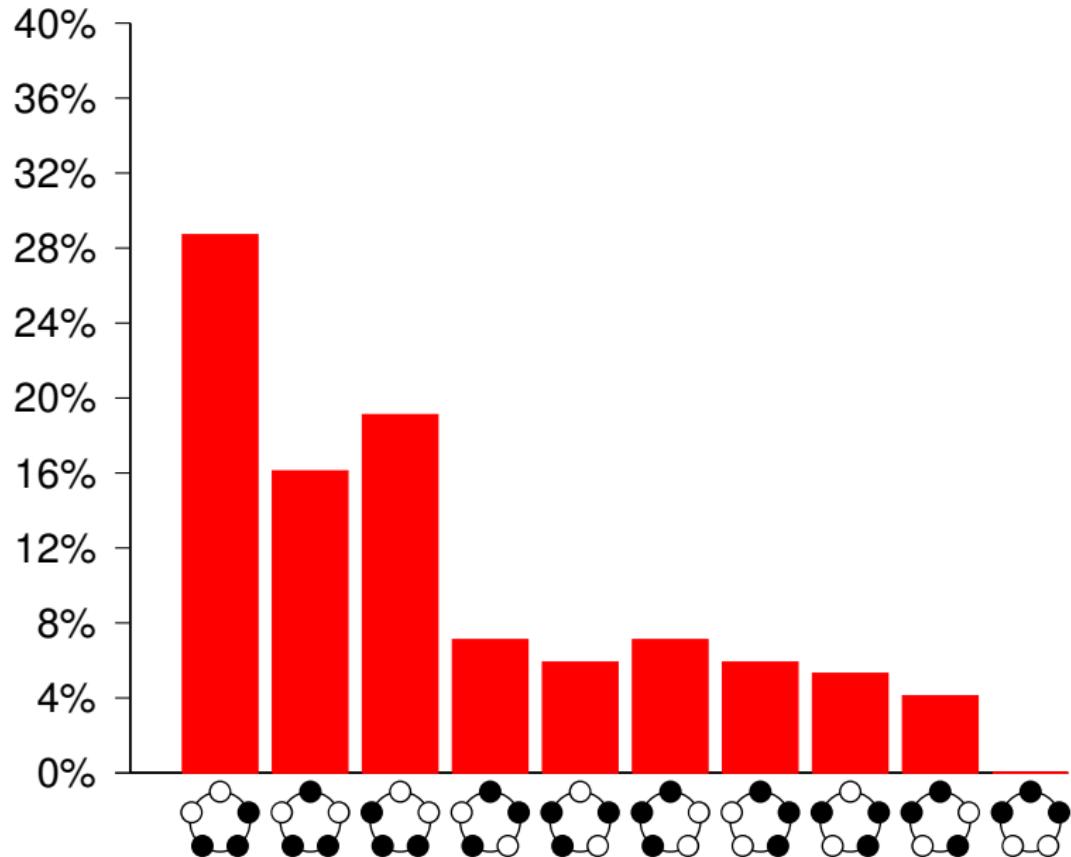
# Stationary distribution



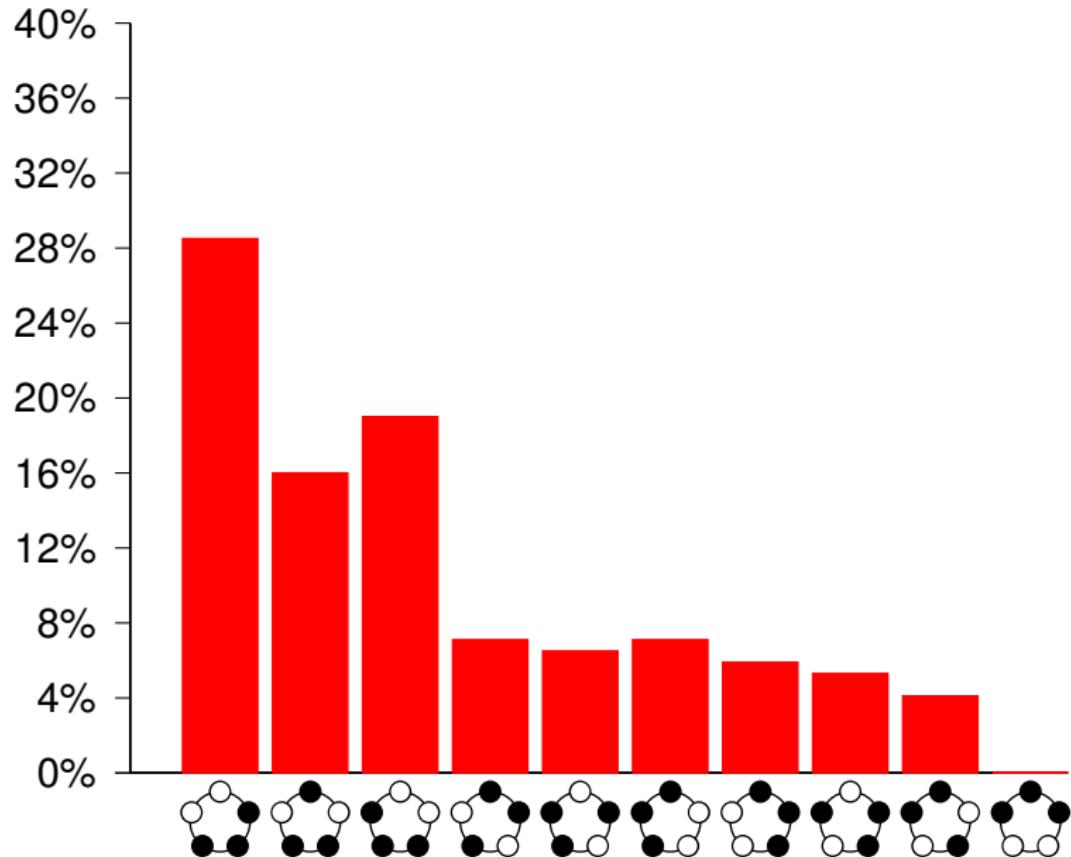
# Stationary distribution



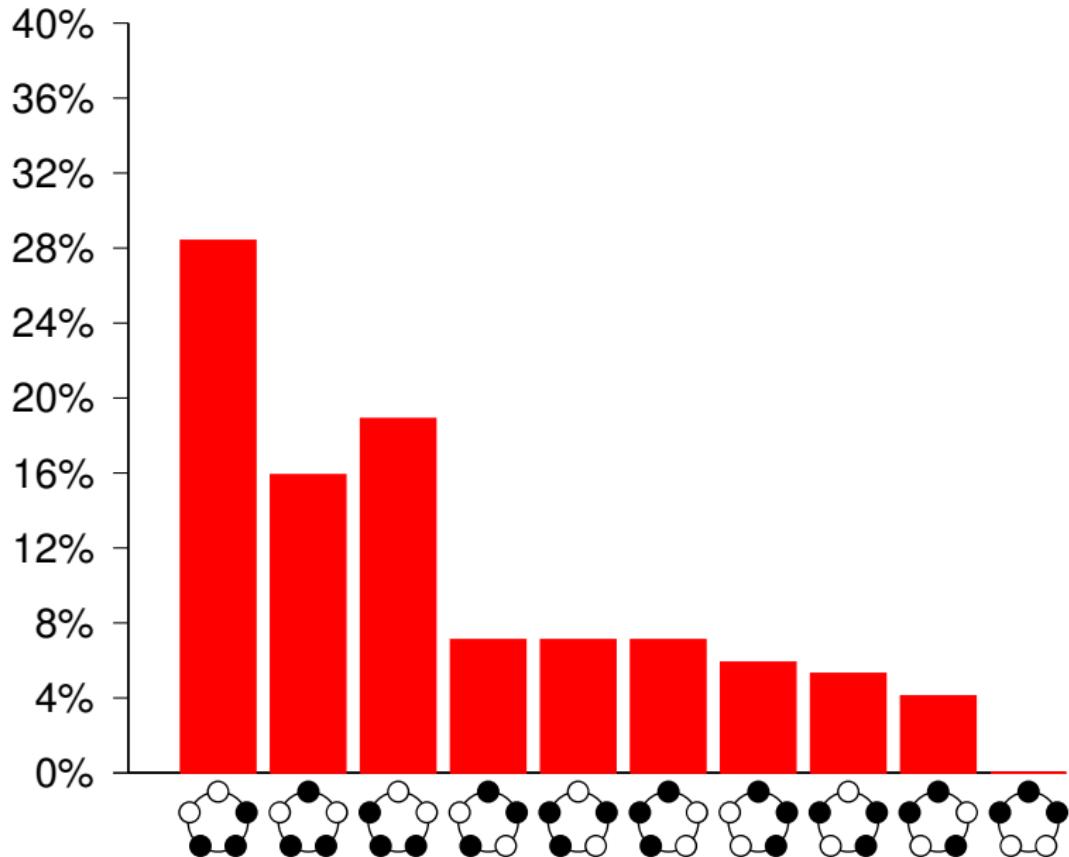
# Stationary distribution



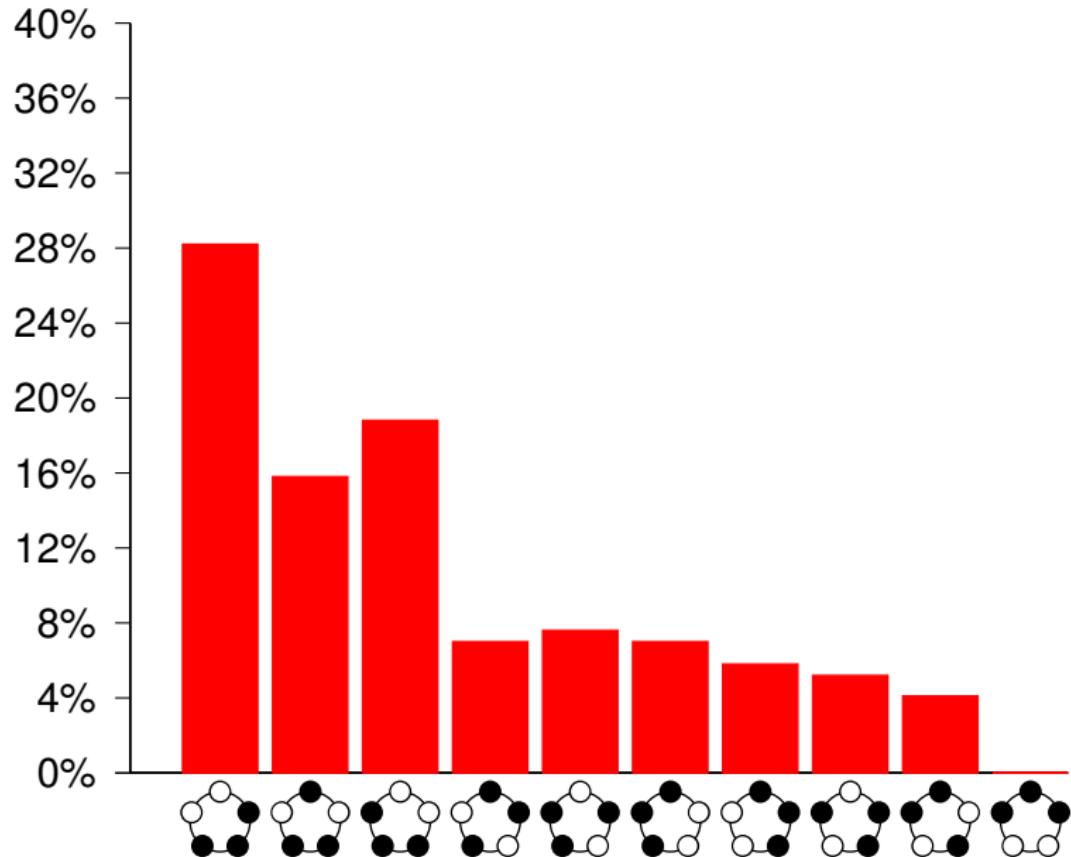
# Stationary distribution



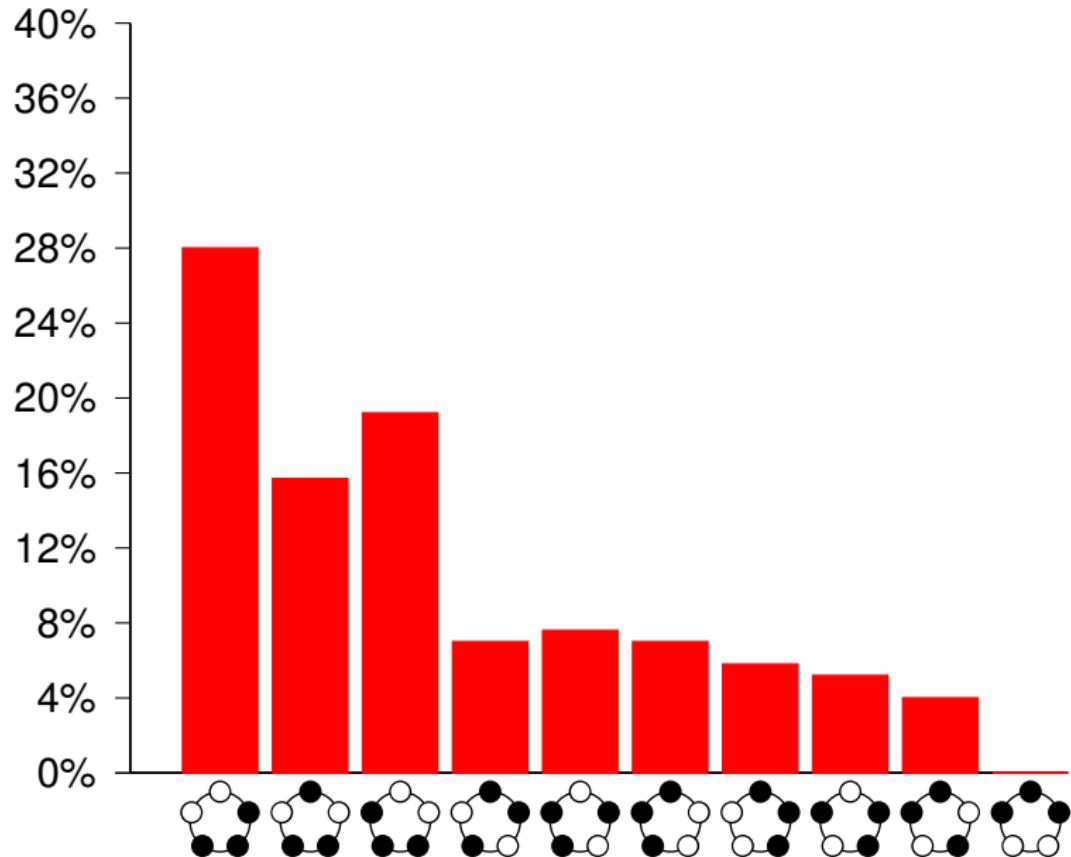
# Stationary distribution



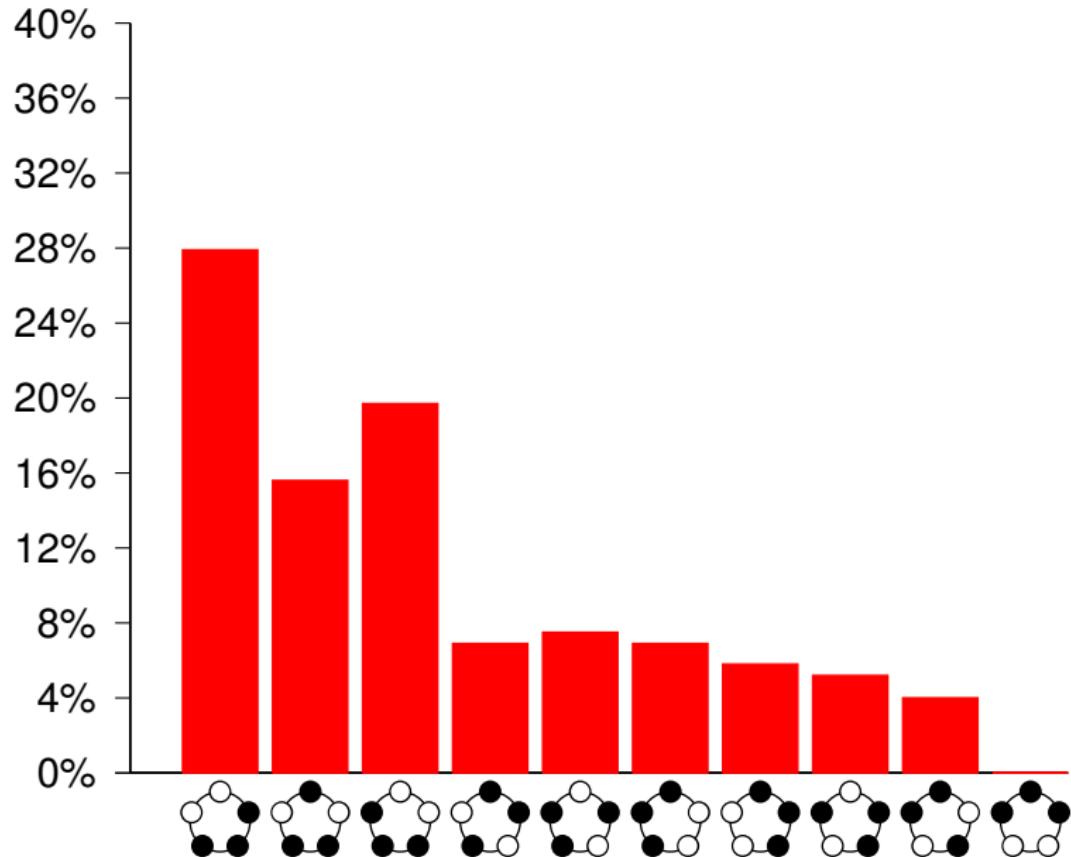
# Stationary distribution



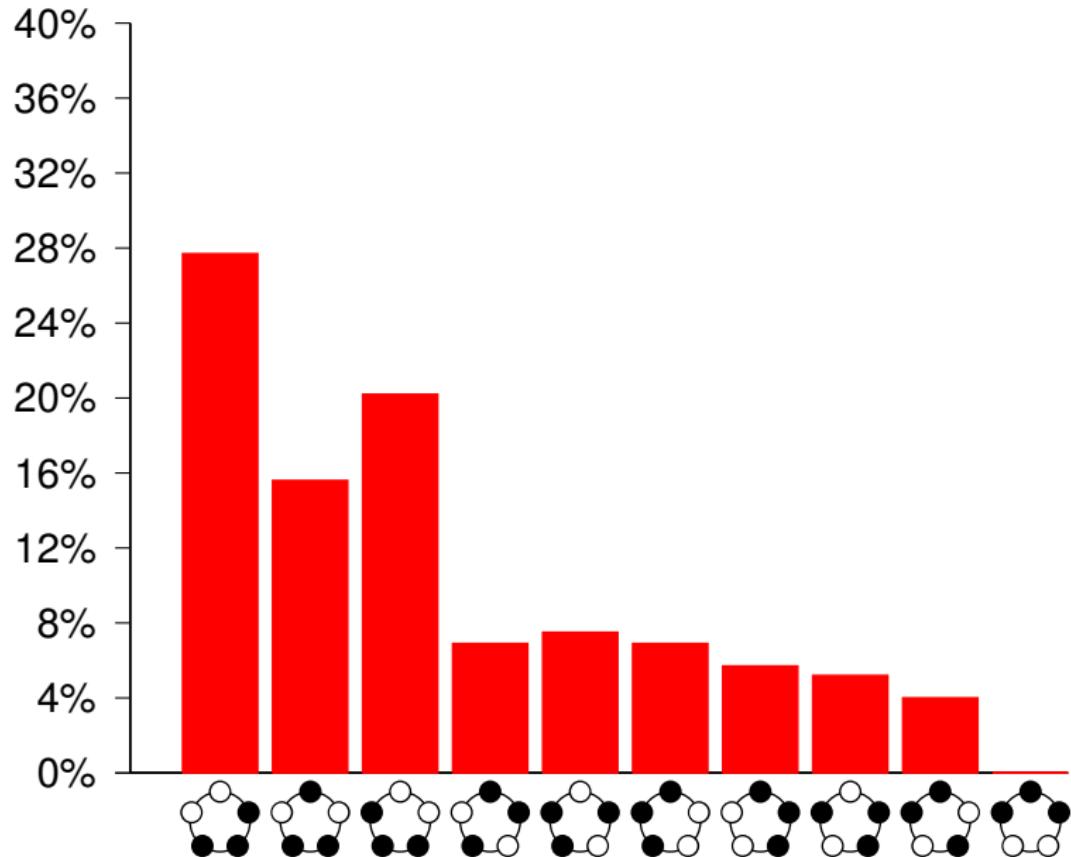
# Stationary distribution



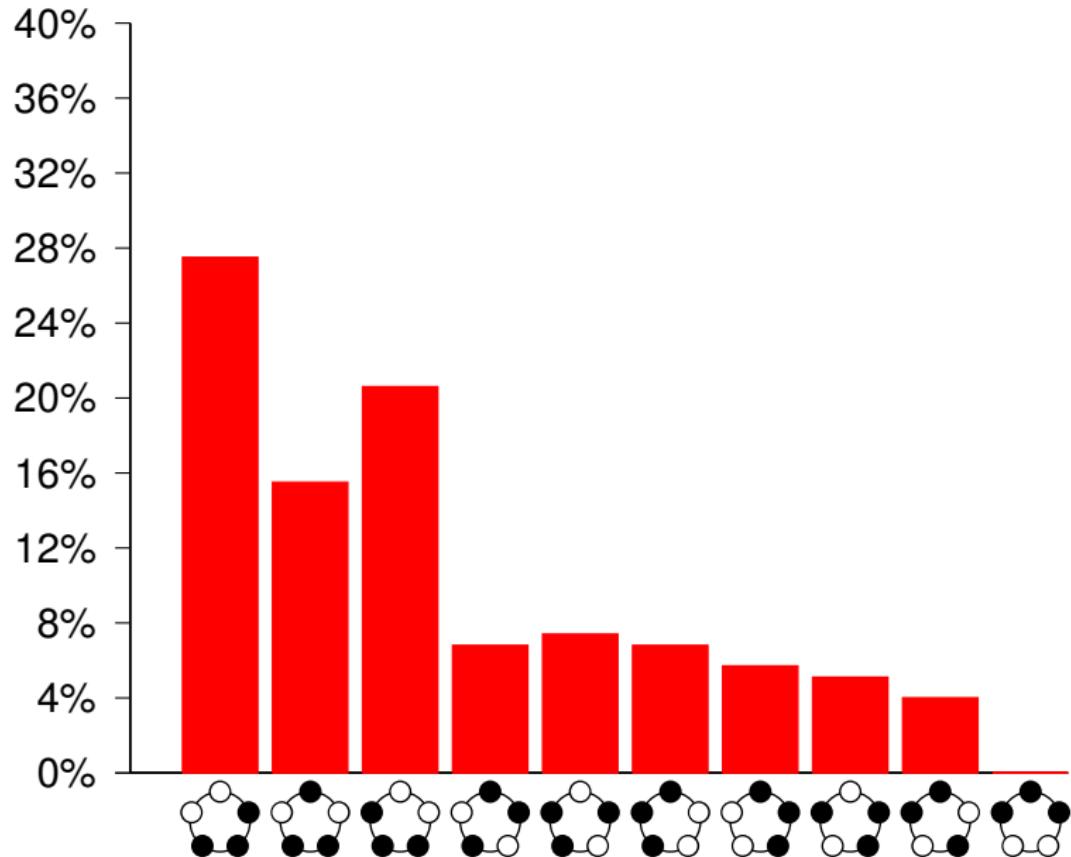
# Stationary distribution



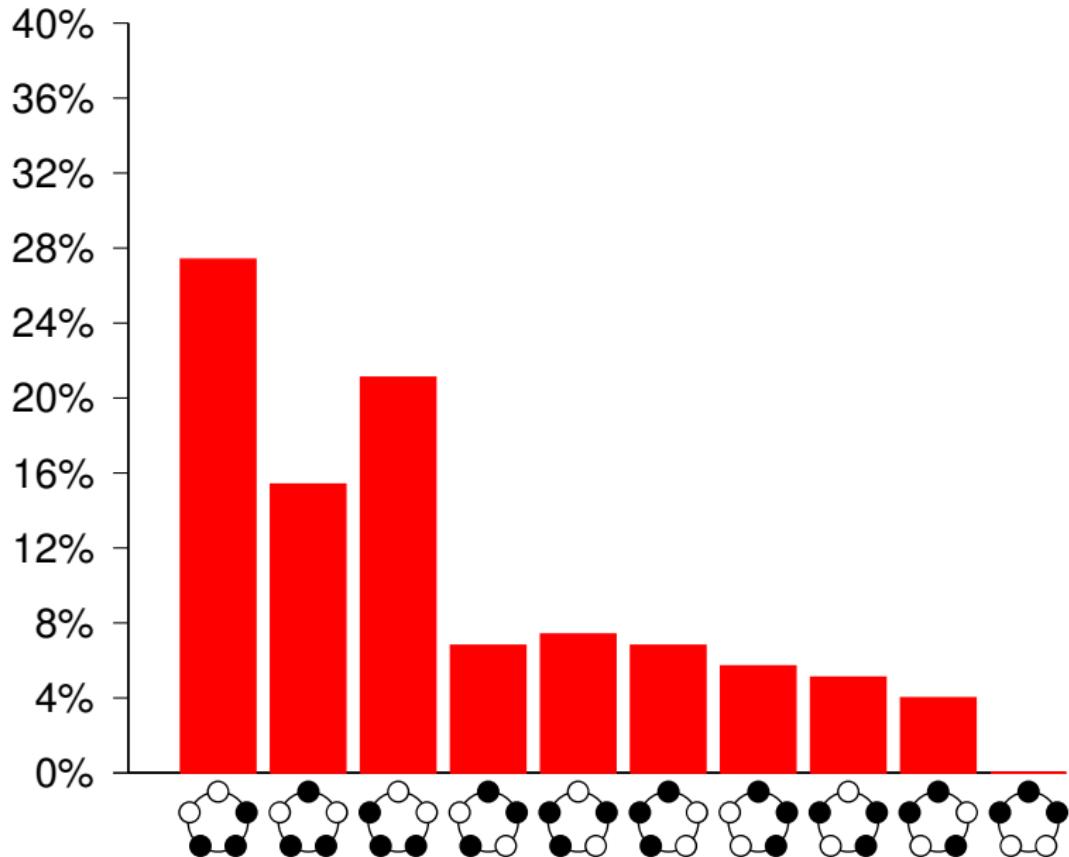
# Stationary distribution



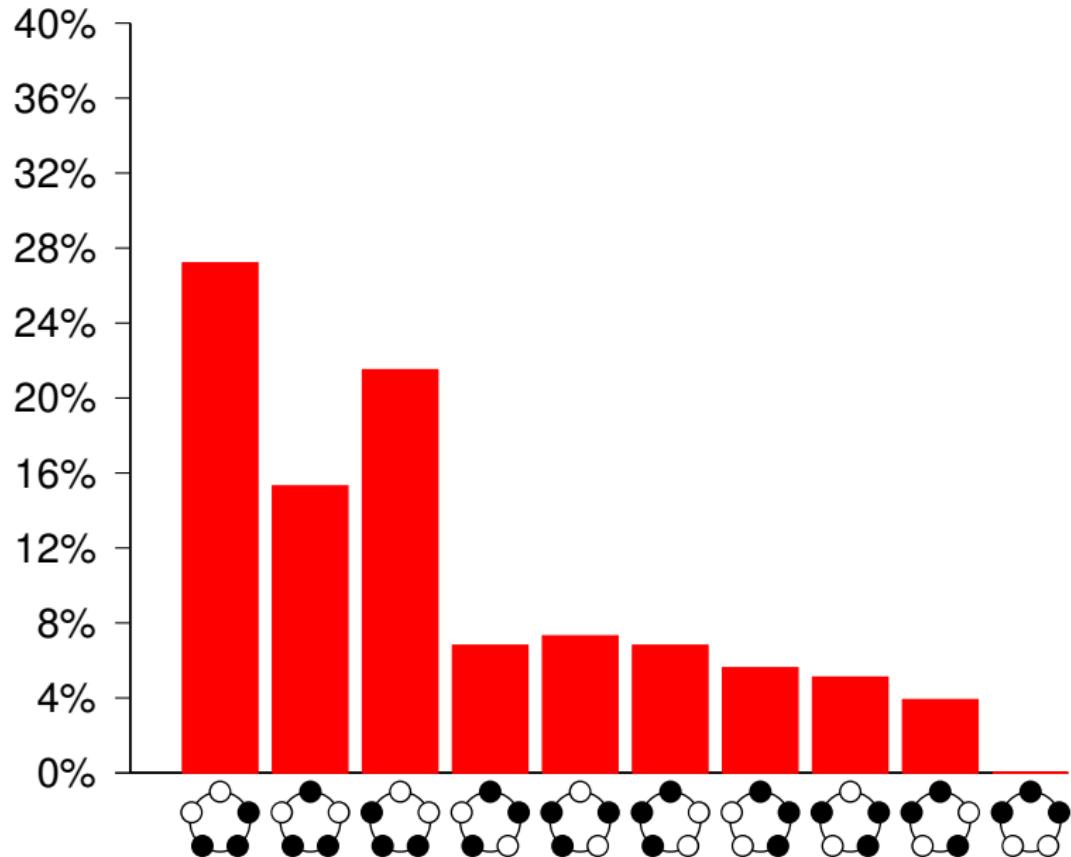
# Stationary distribution



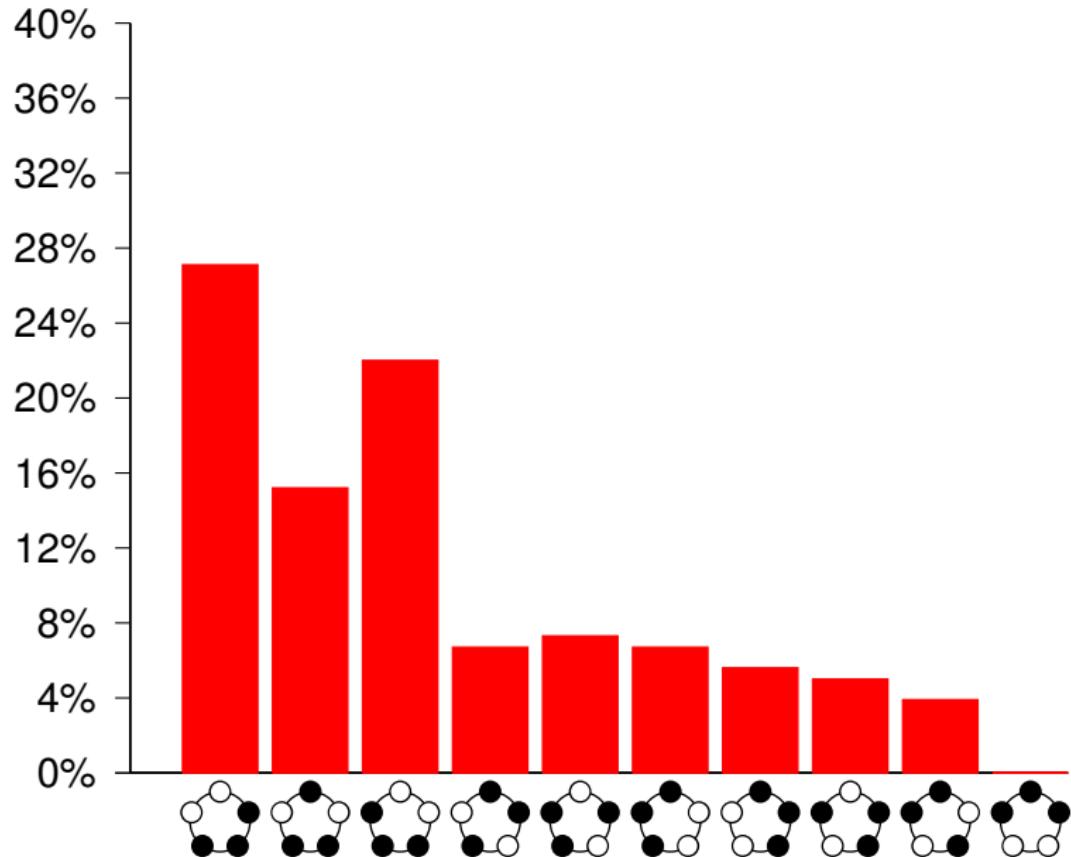
# Stationary distribution



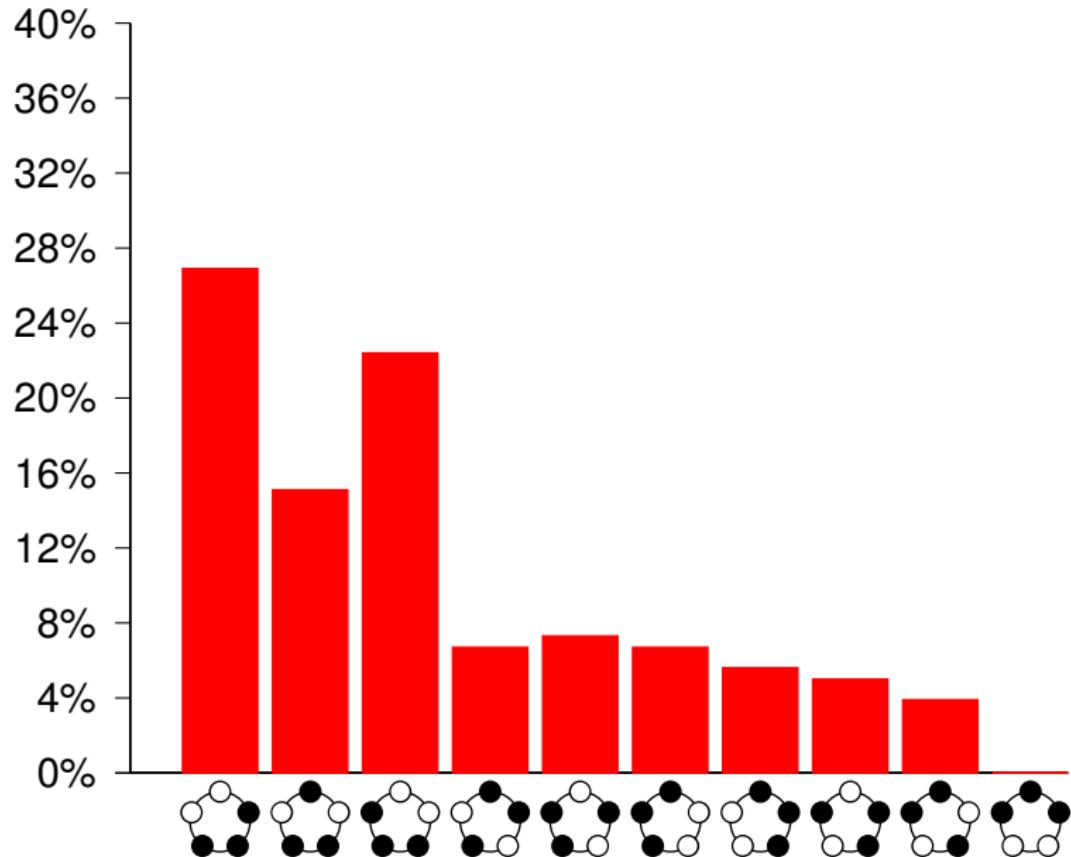
# Stationary distribution



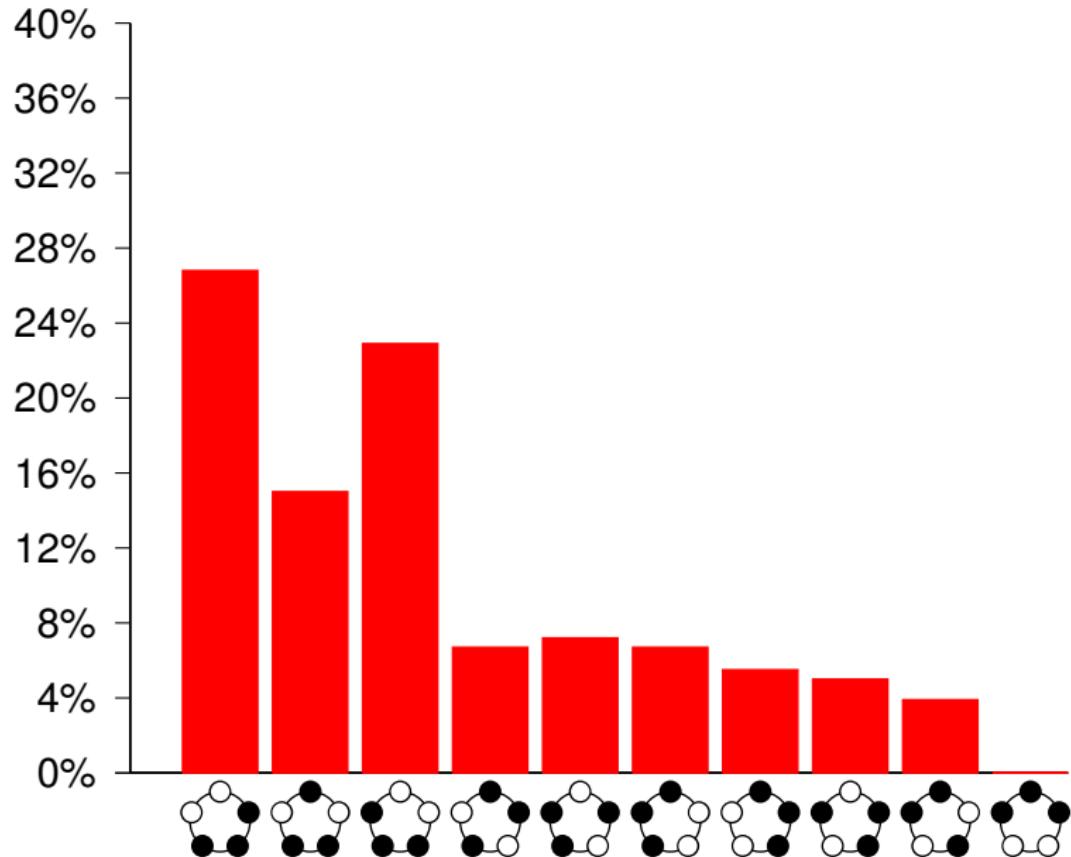
# Stationary distribution



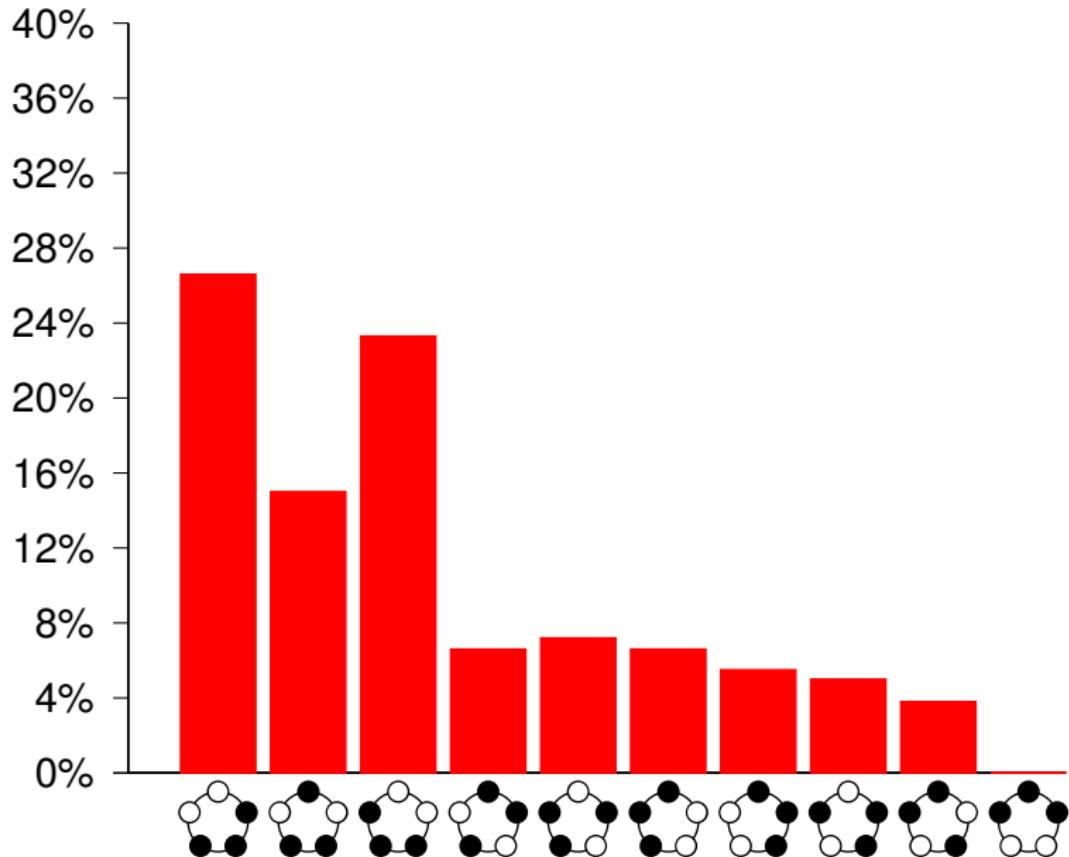
# Stationary distribution



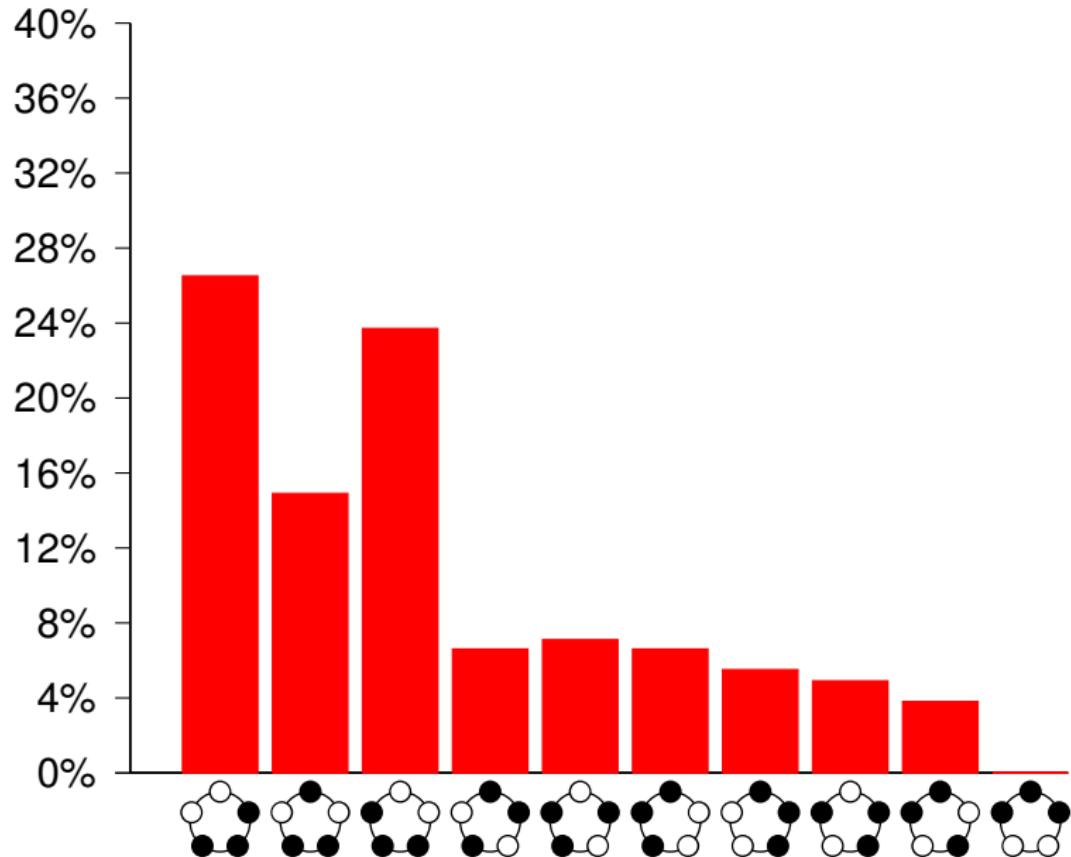
# Stationary distribution



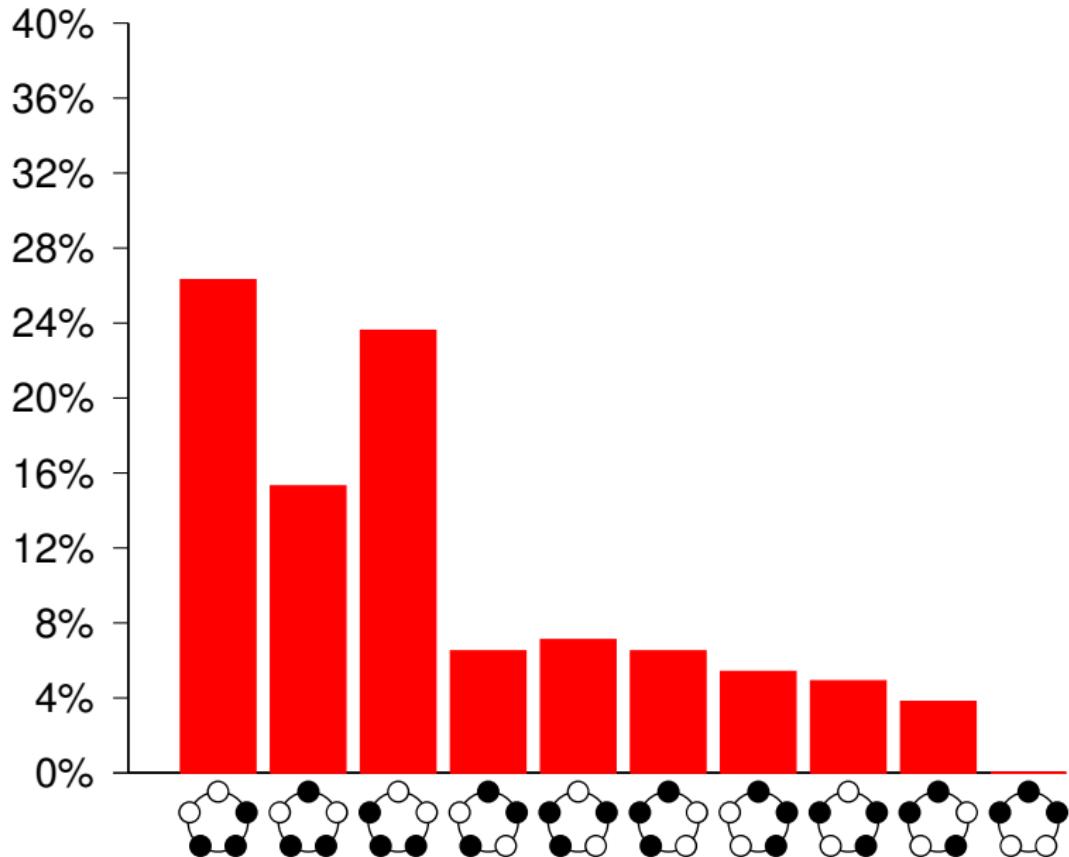
# Stationary distribution



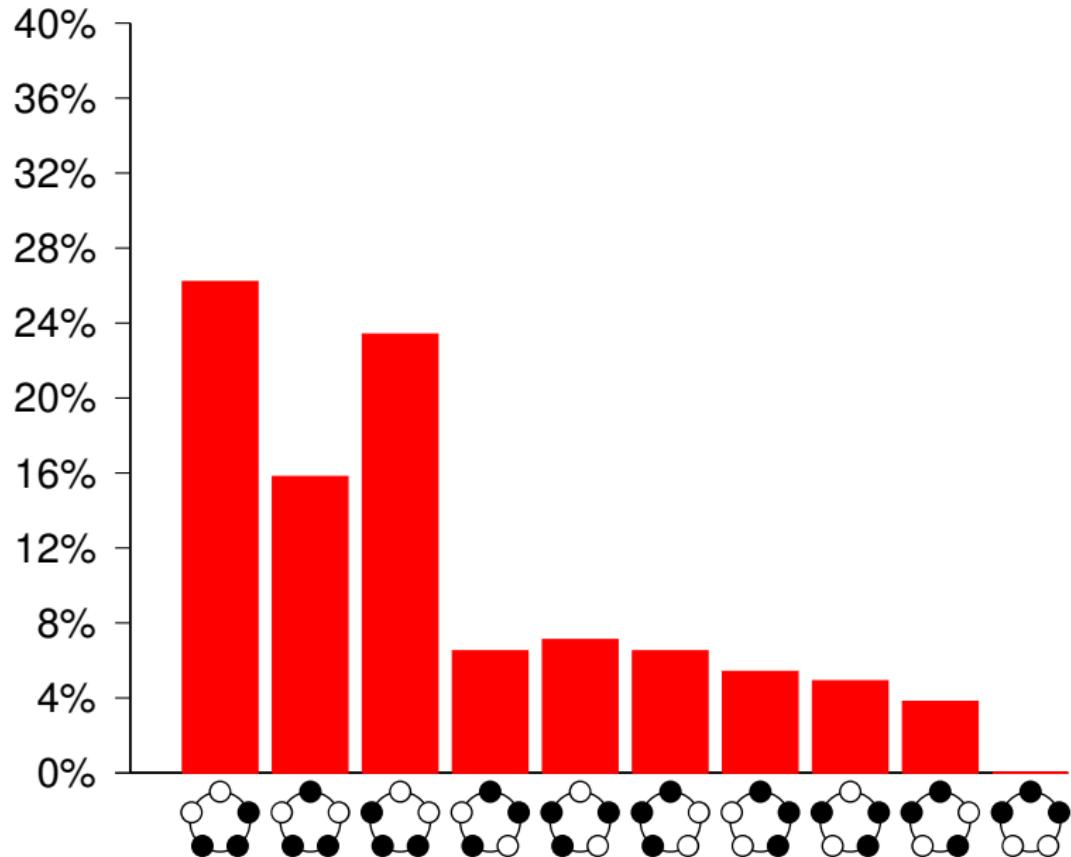
# Stationary distribution



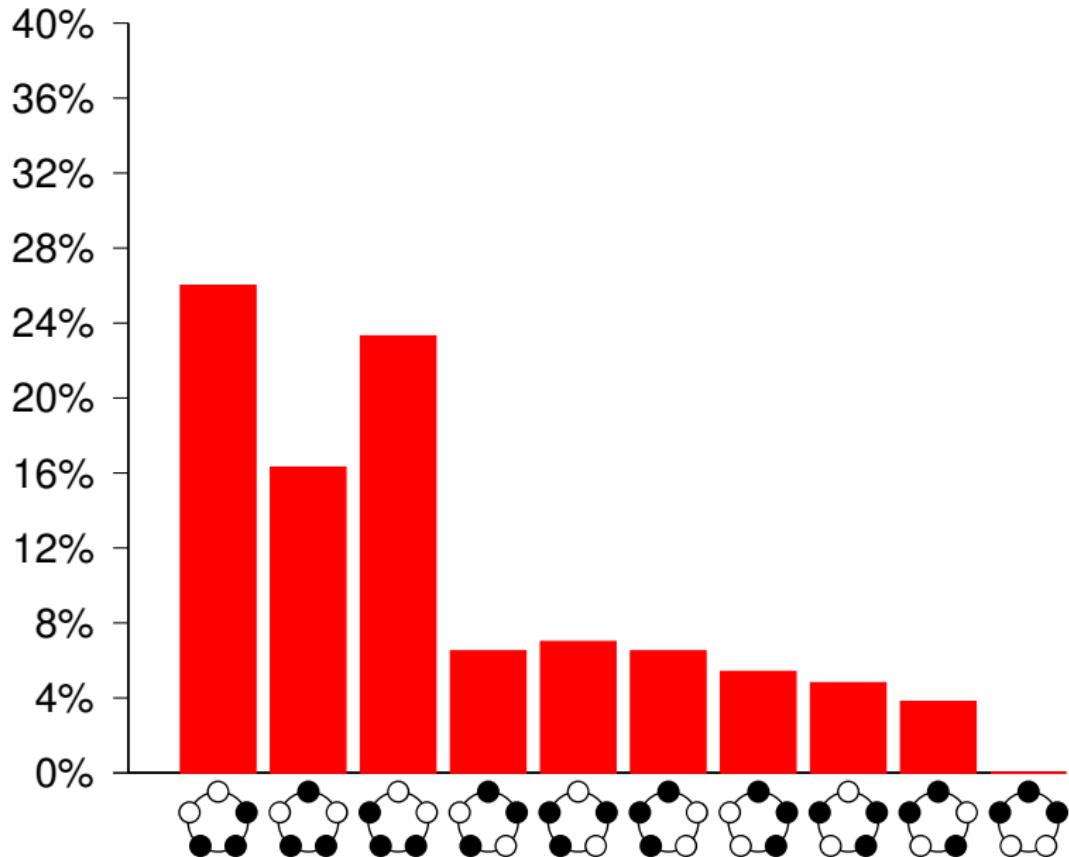
# Stationary distribution



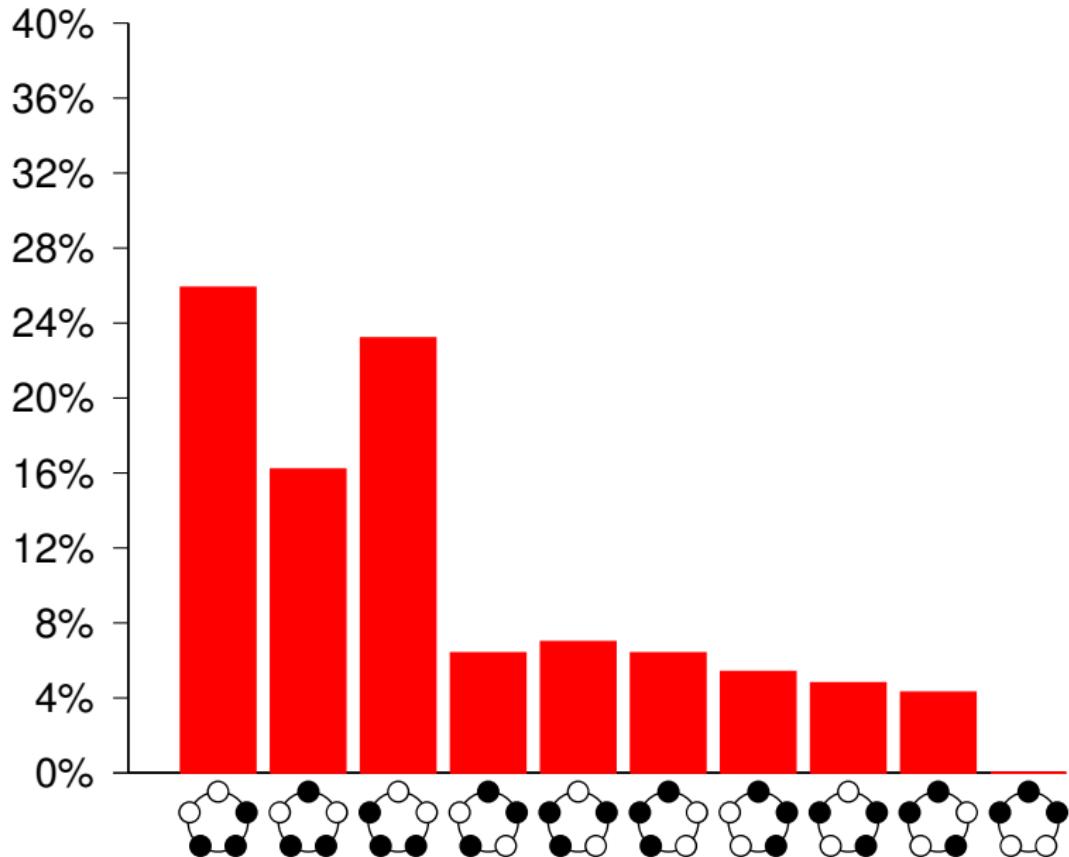
# Stationary distribution



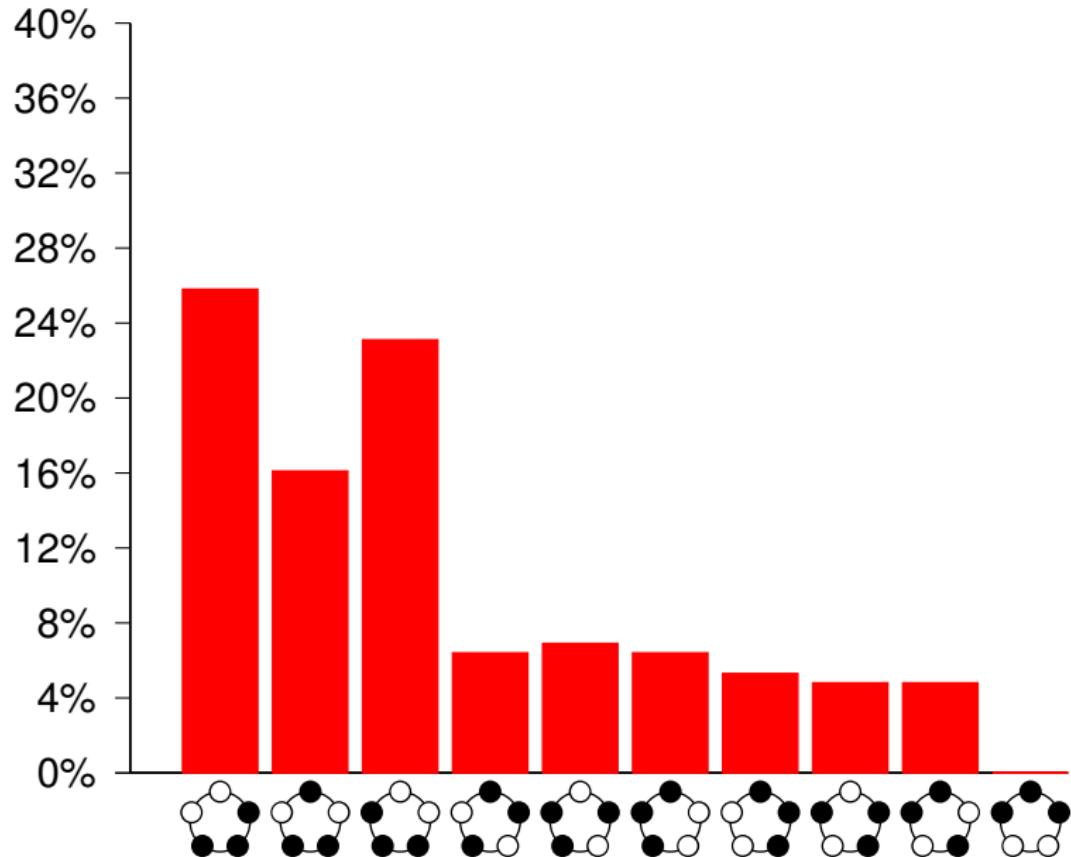
# Stationary distribution



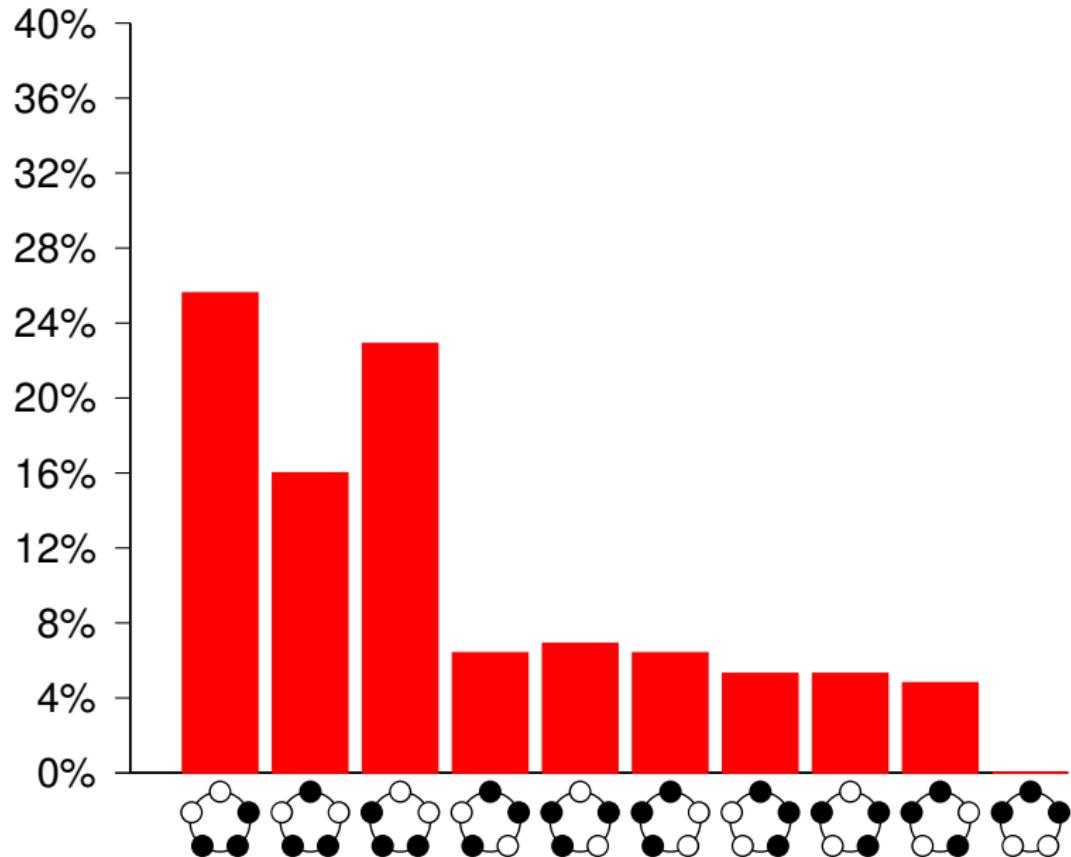
# Stationary distribution



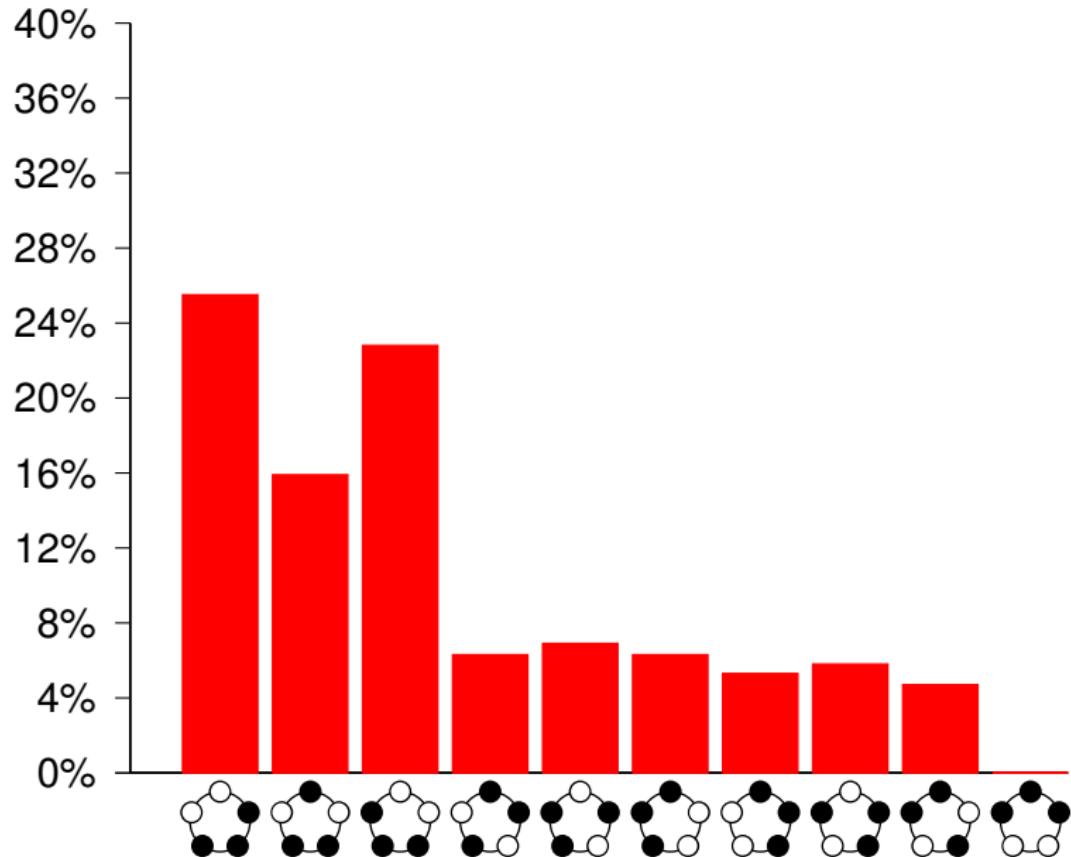
# Stationary distribution



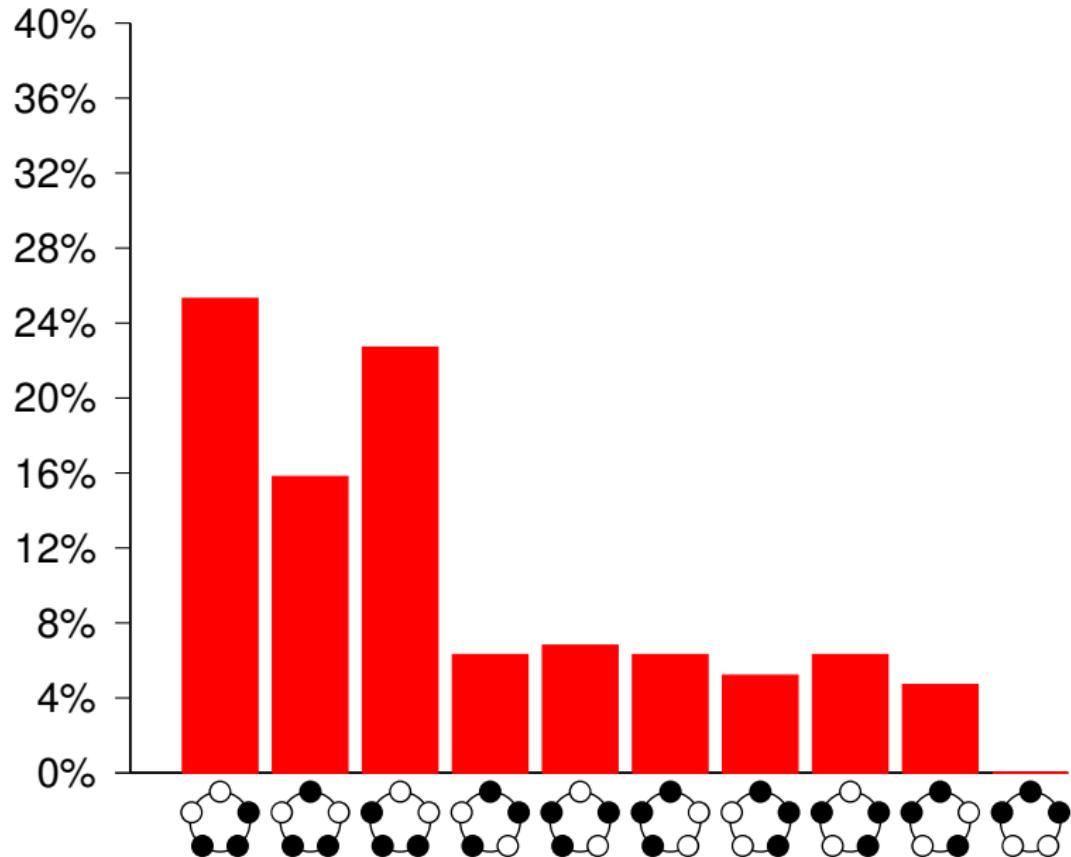
# Stationary distribution



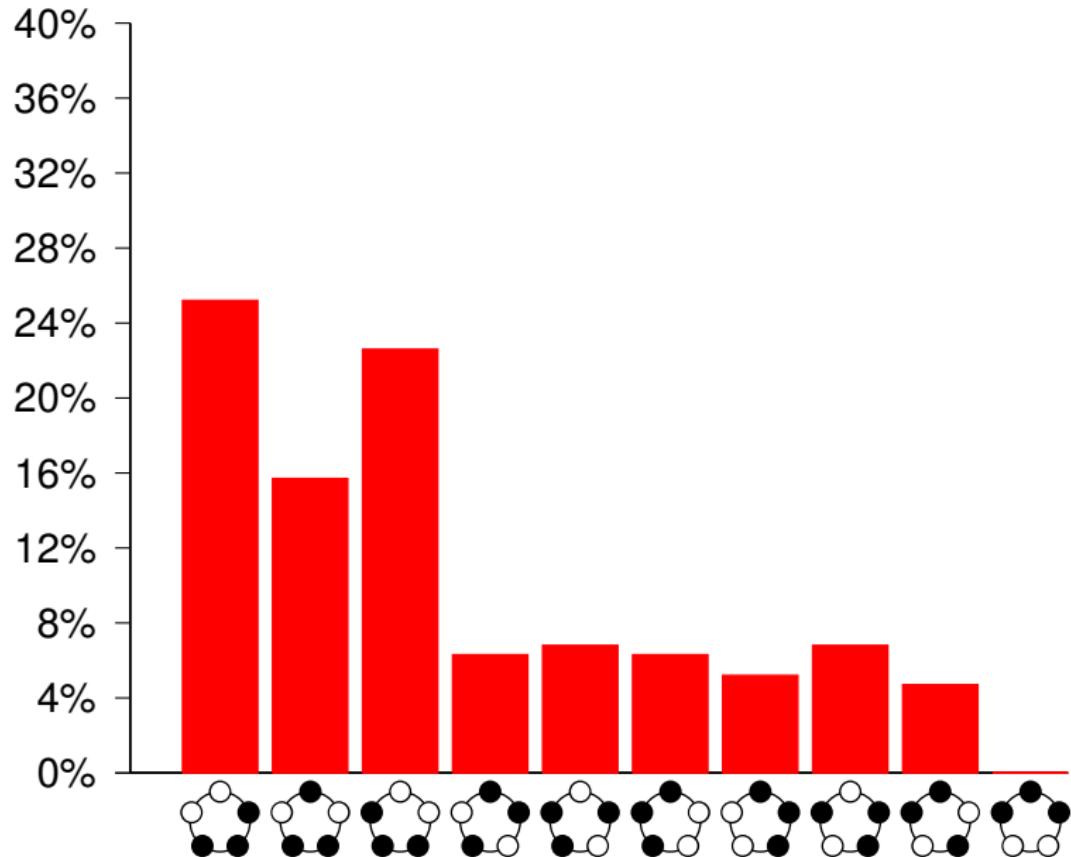
# Stationary distribution



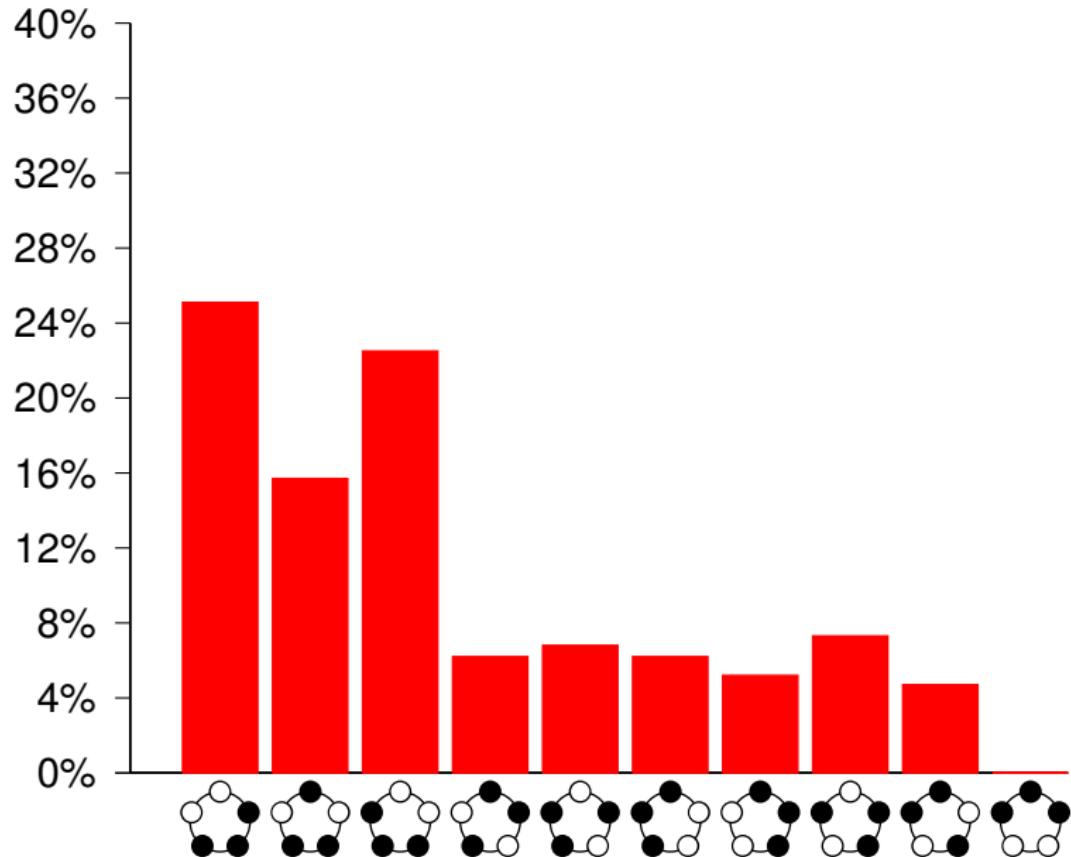
# Stationary distribution



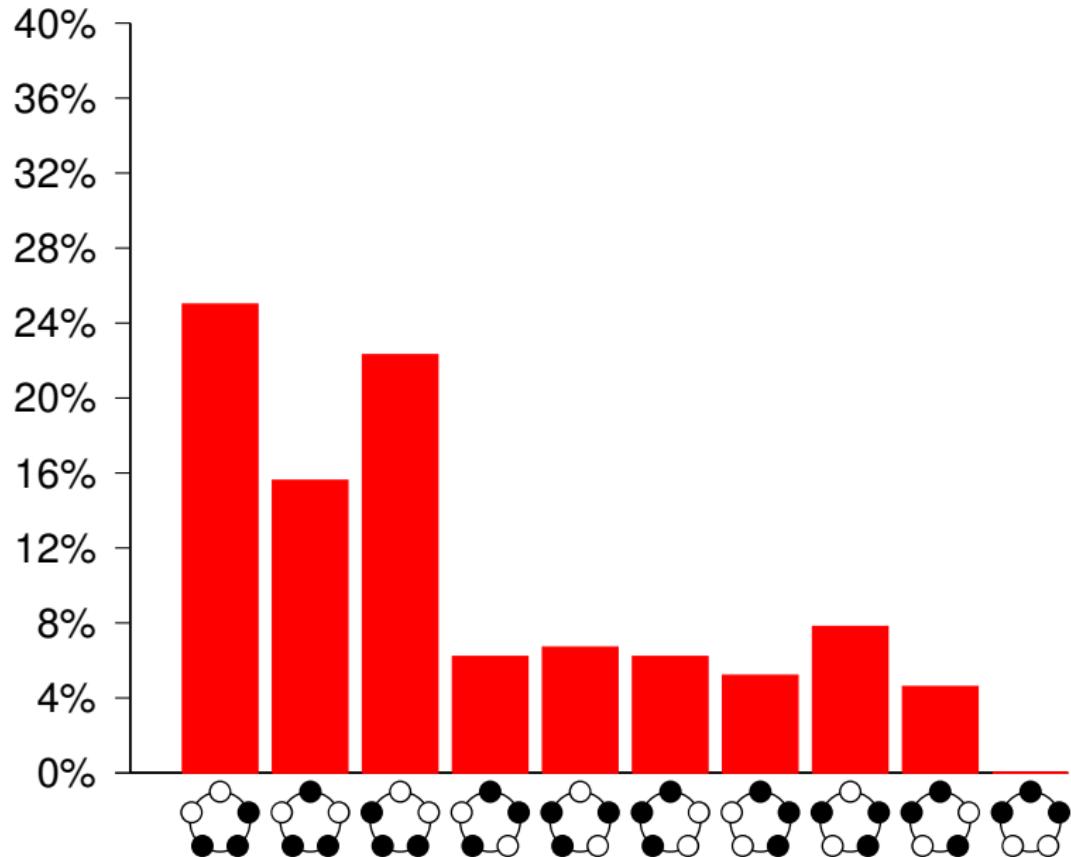
# Stationary distribution



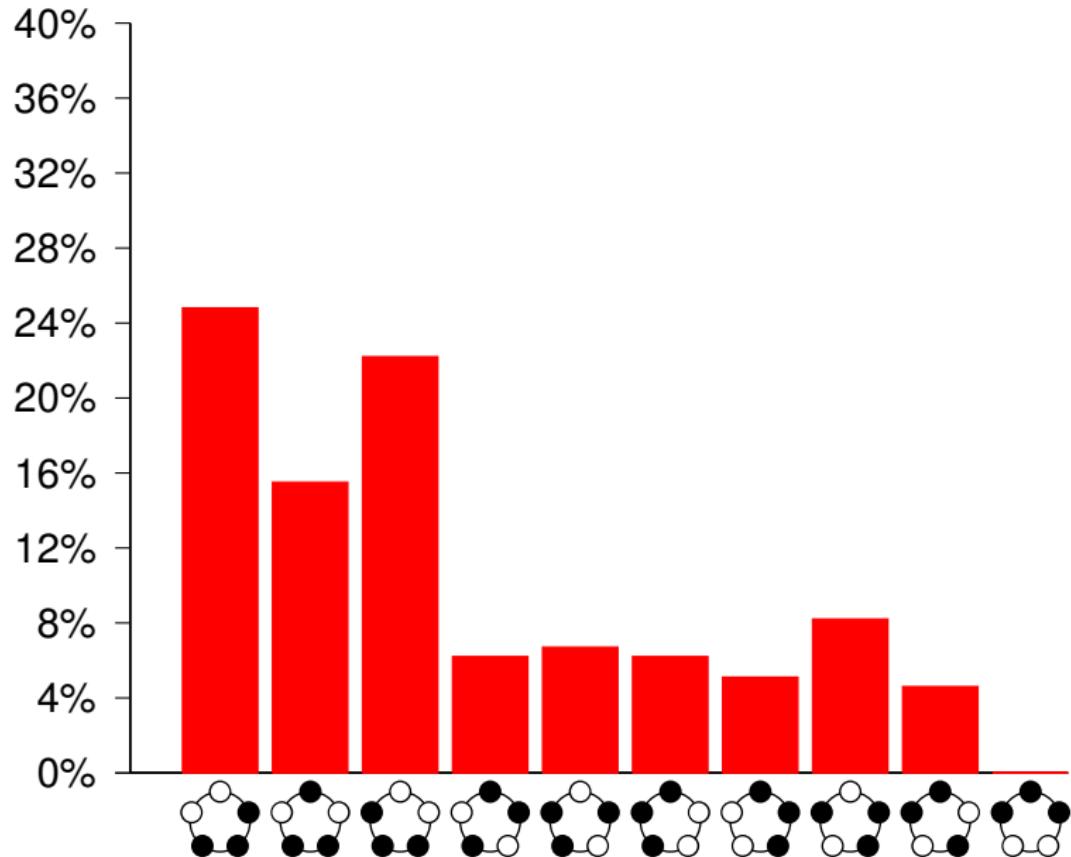
# Stationary distribution



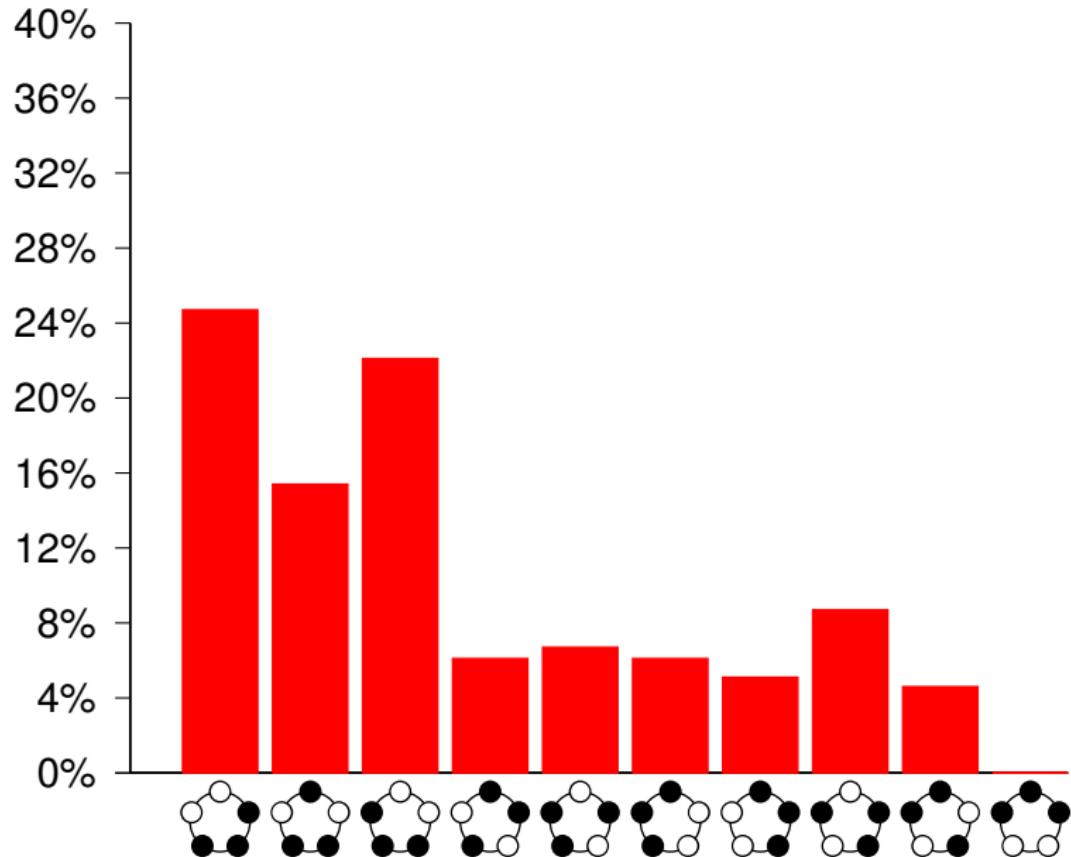
# Stationary distribution



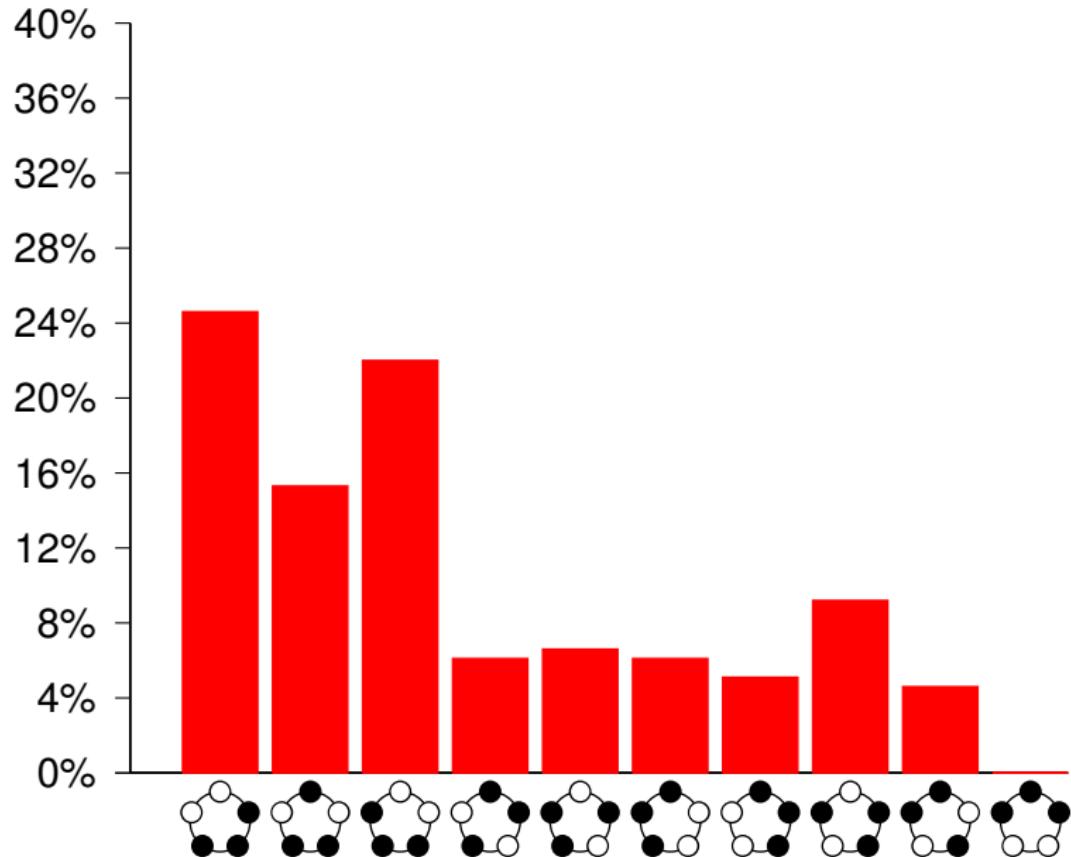
# Stationary distribution



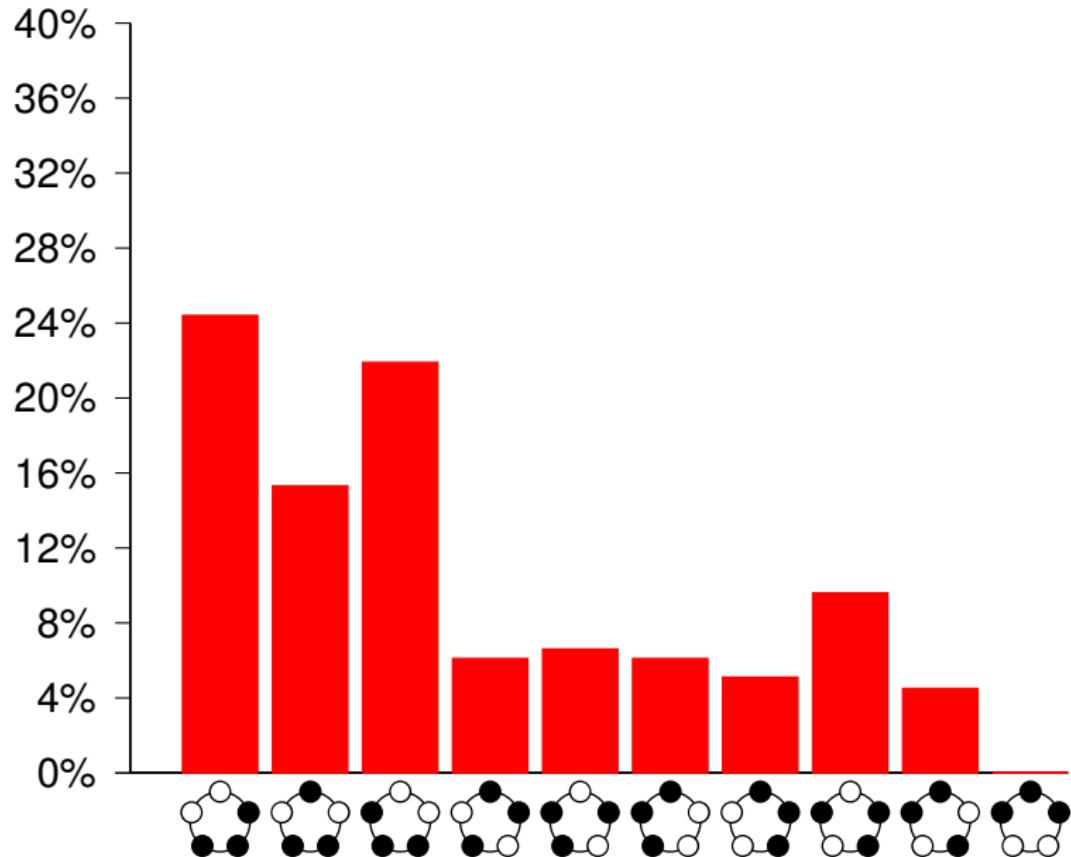
# Stationary distribution



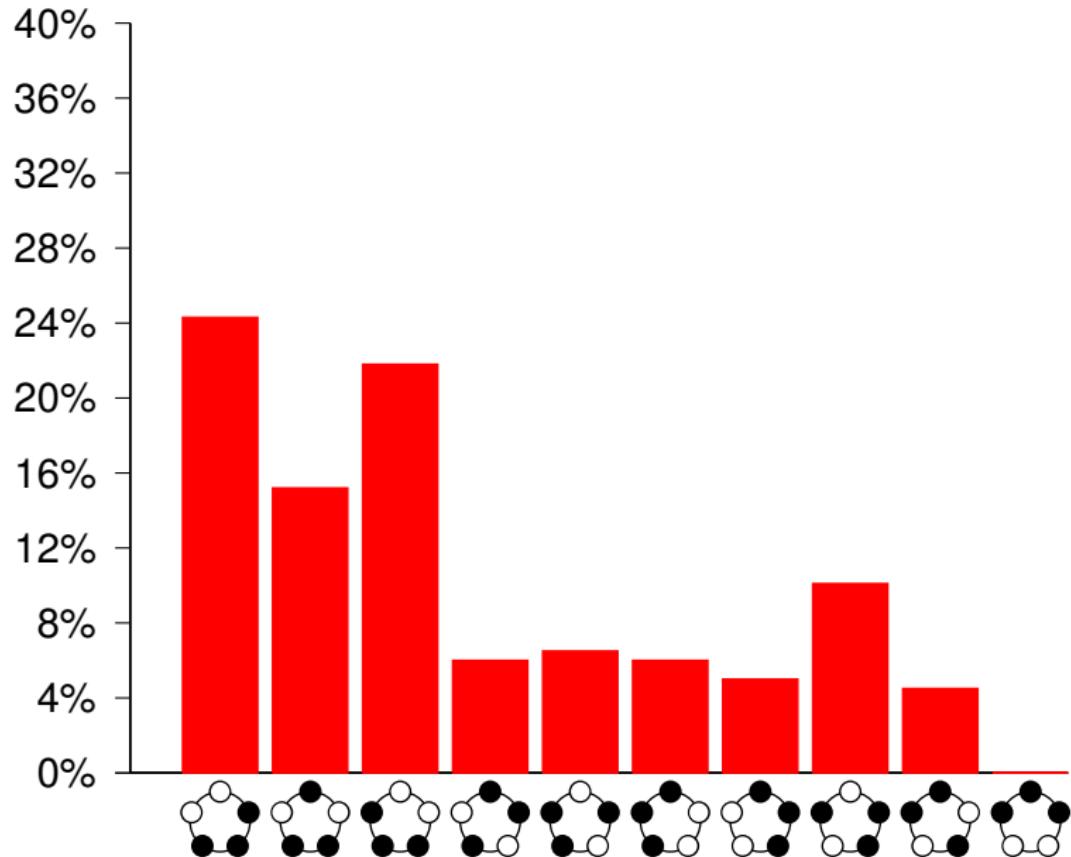
# Stationary distribution



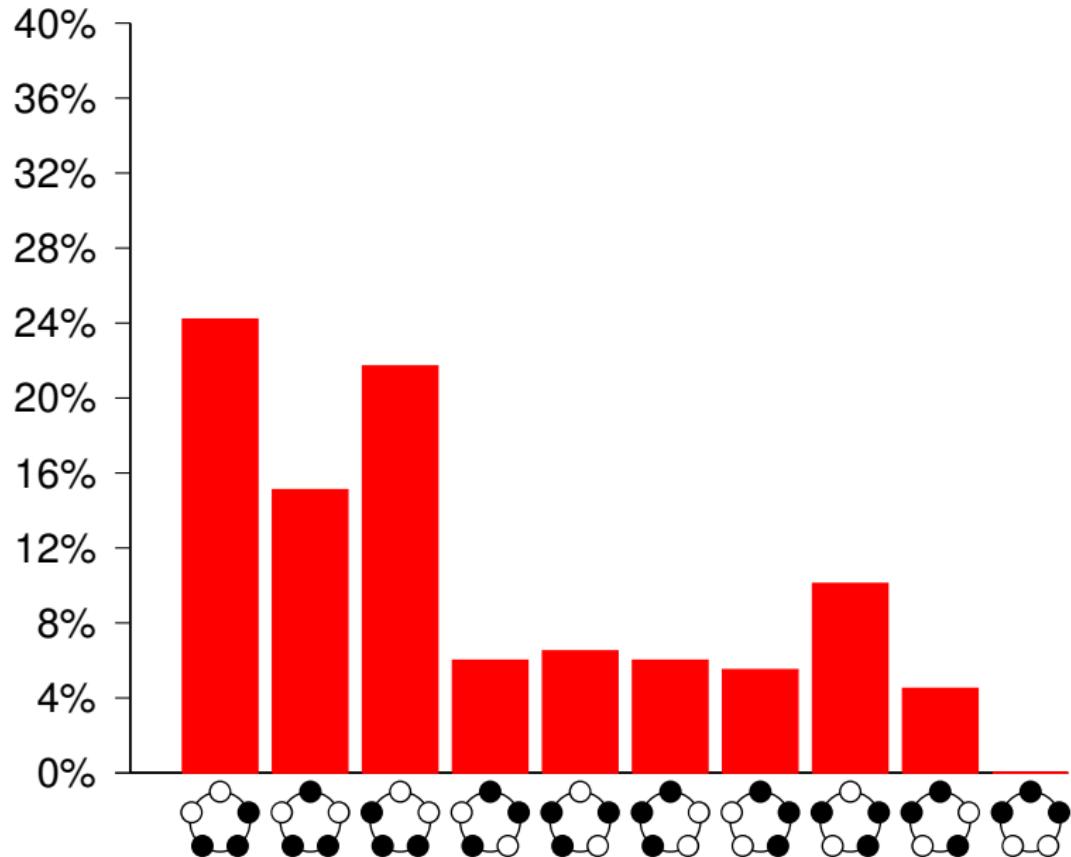
# Stationary distribution



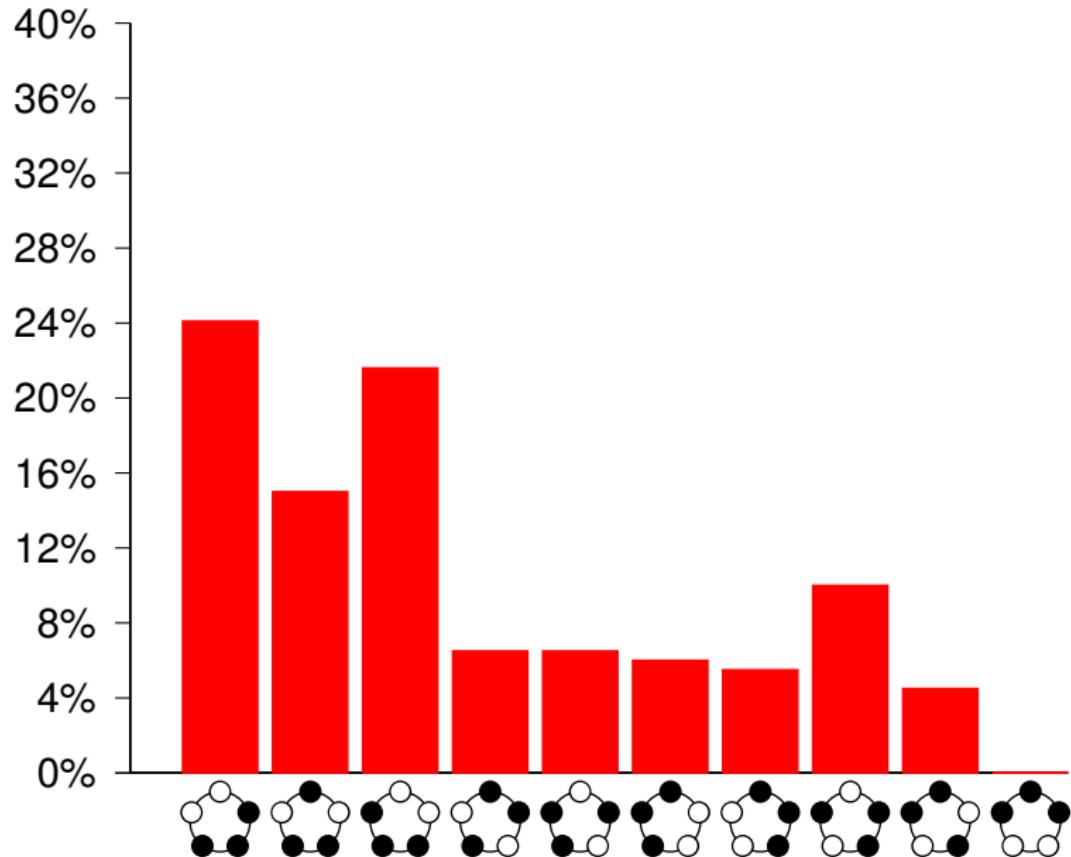
# Stationary distribution



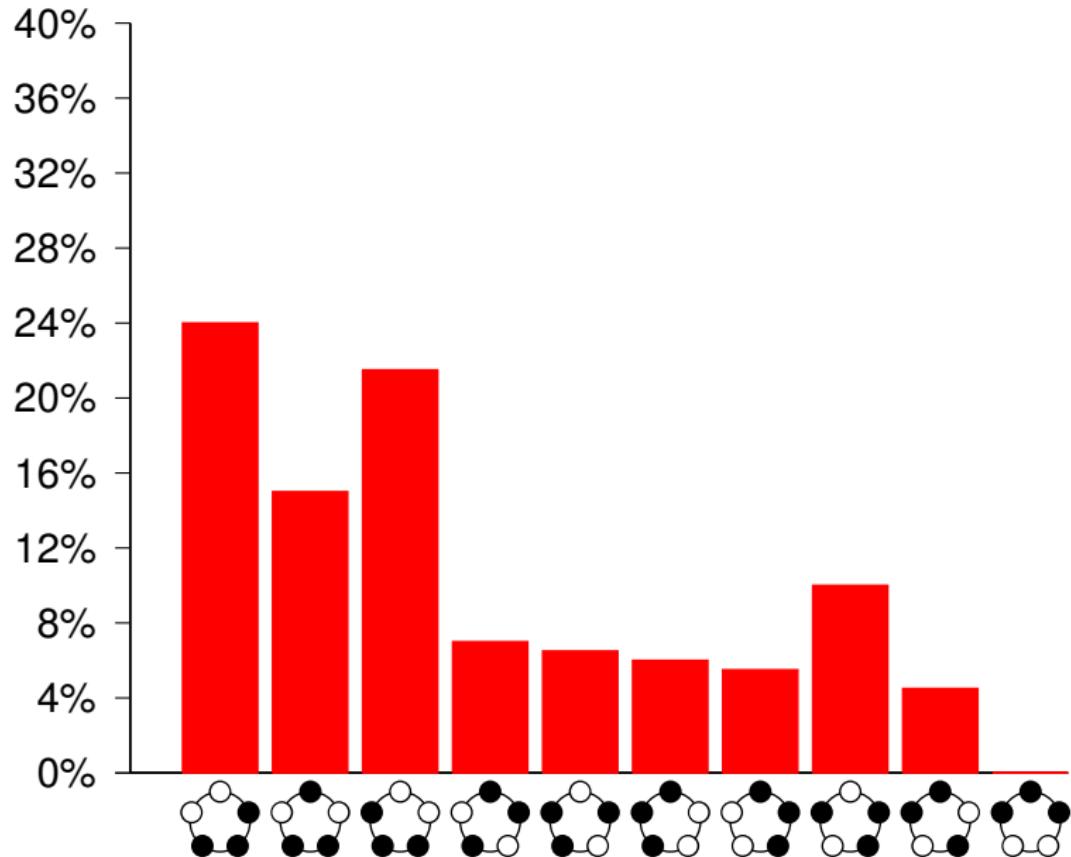
# Stationary distribution



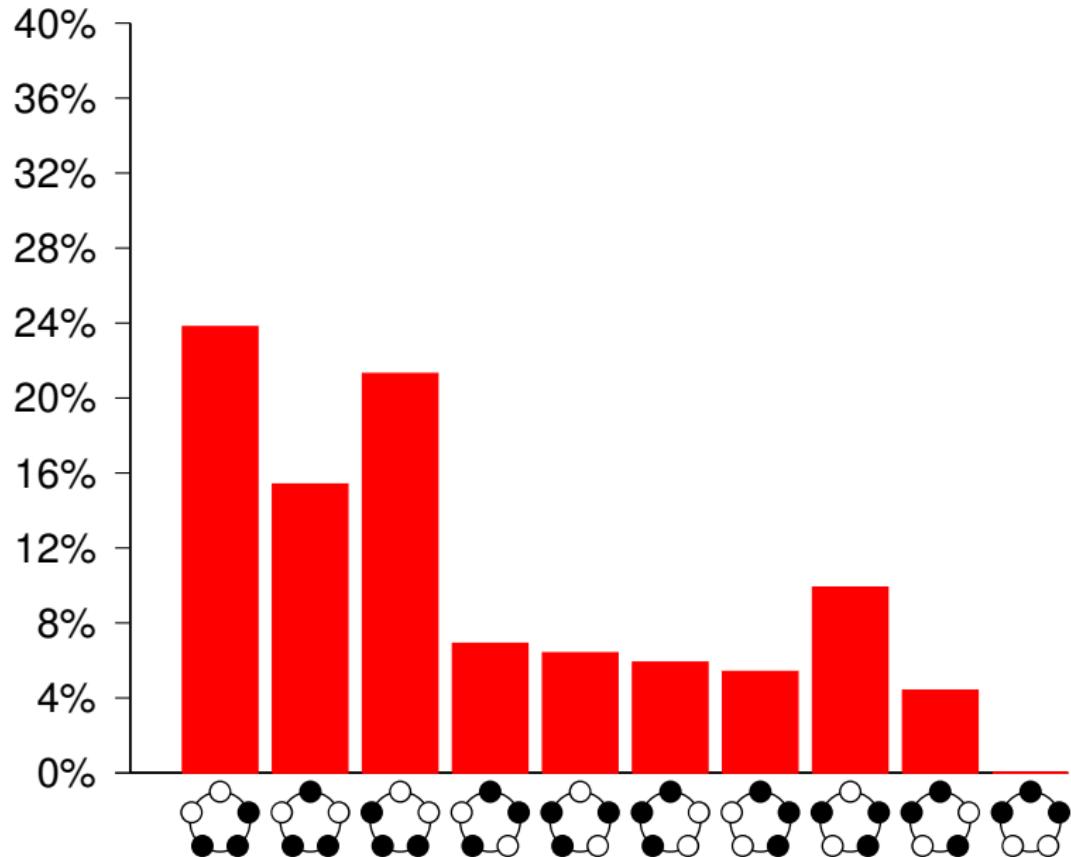
# Stationary distribution



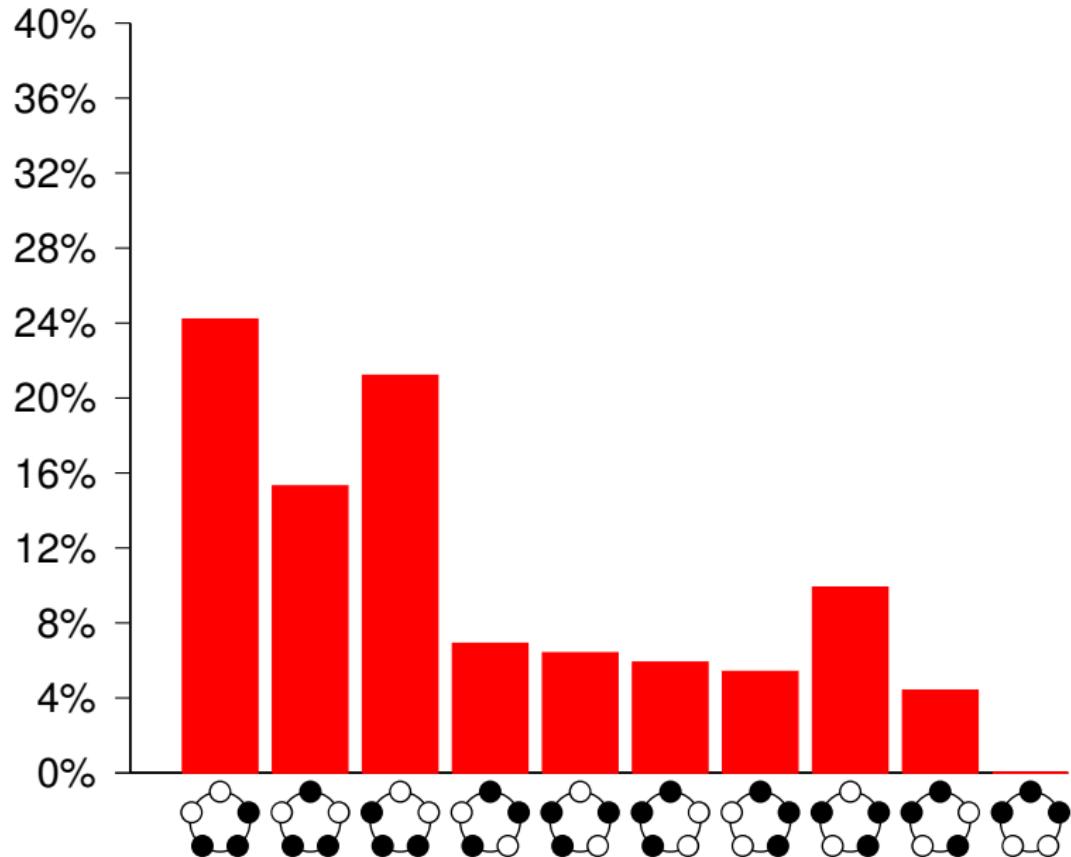
# Stationary distribution



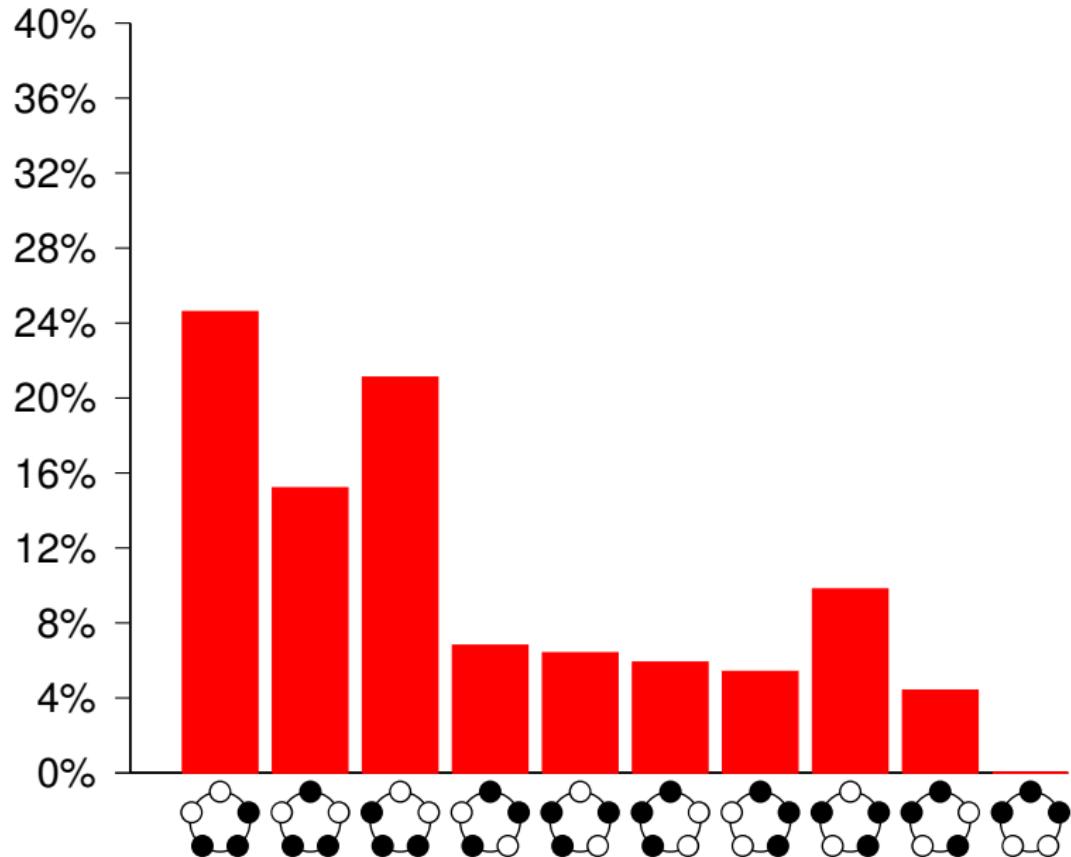
# Stationary distribution



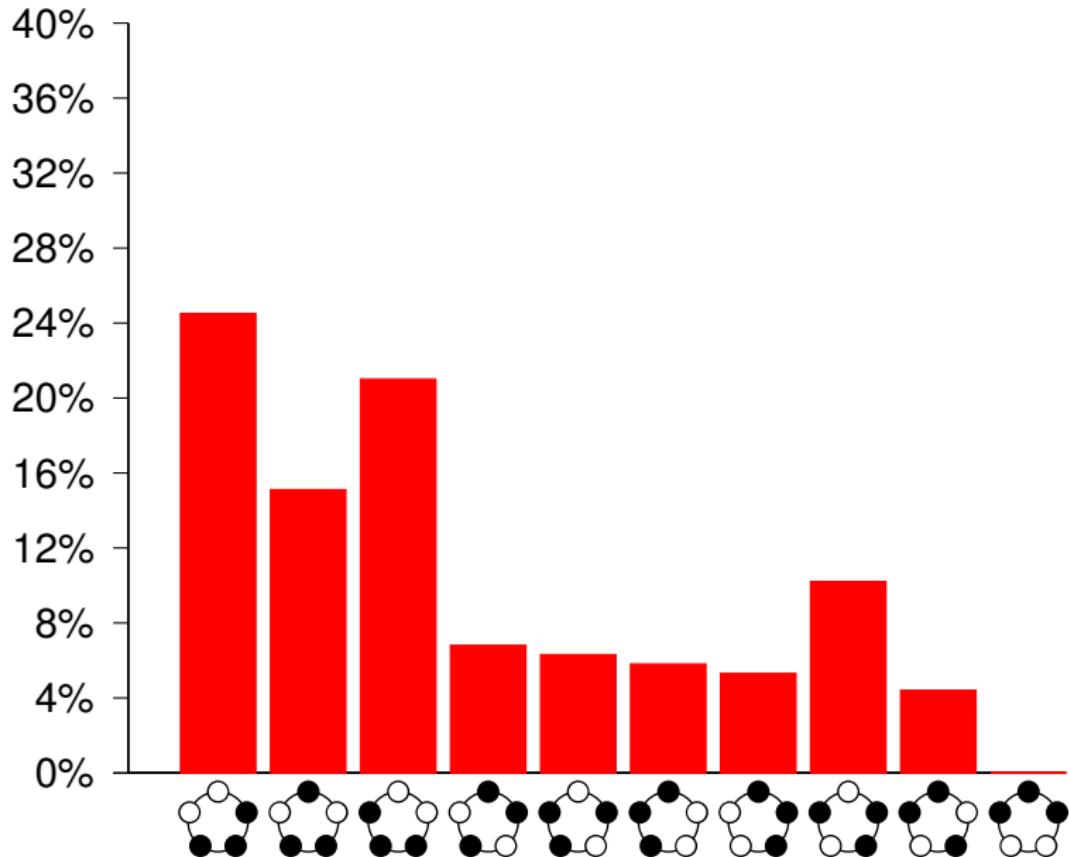
# Stationary distribution



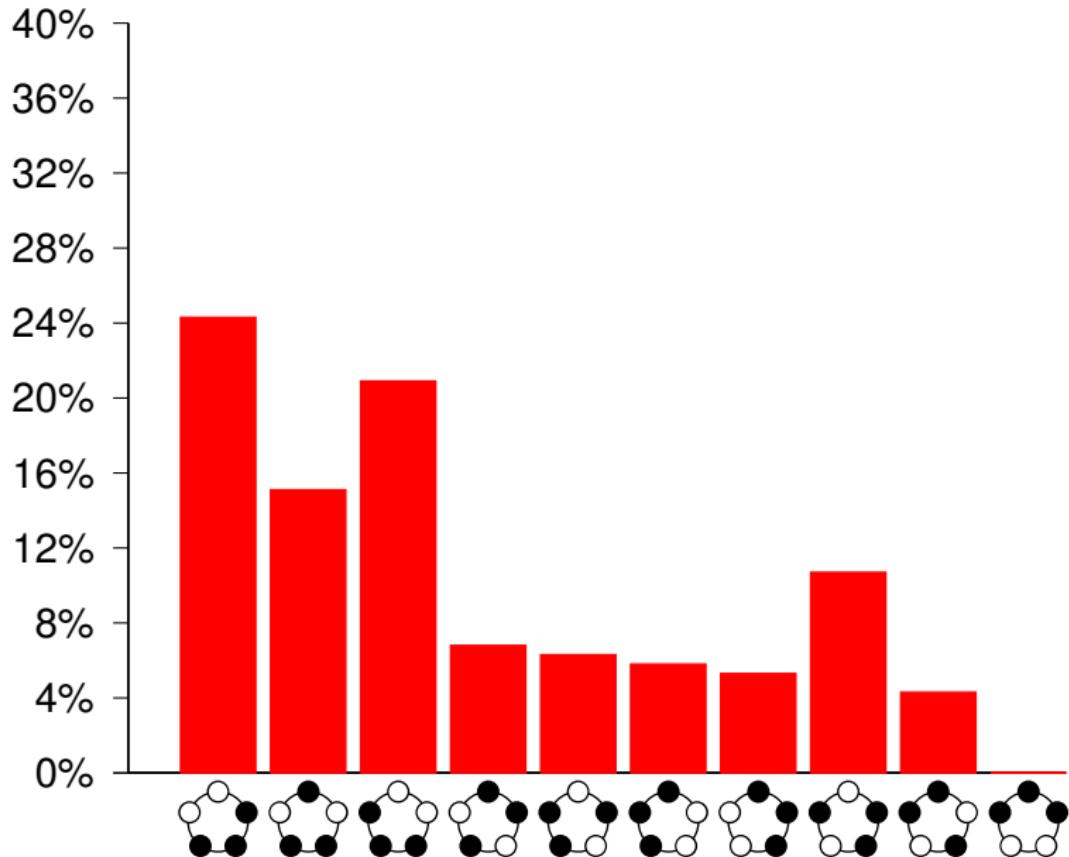
# Stationary distribution



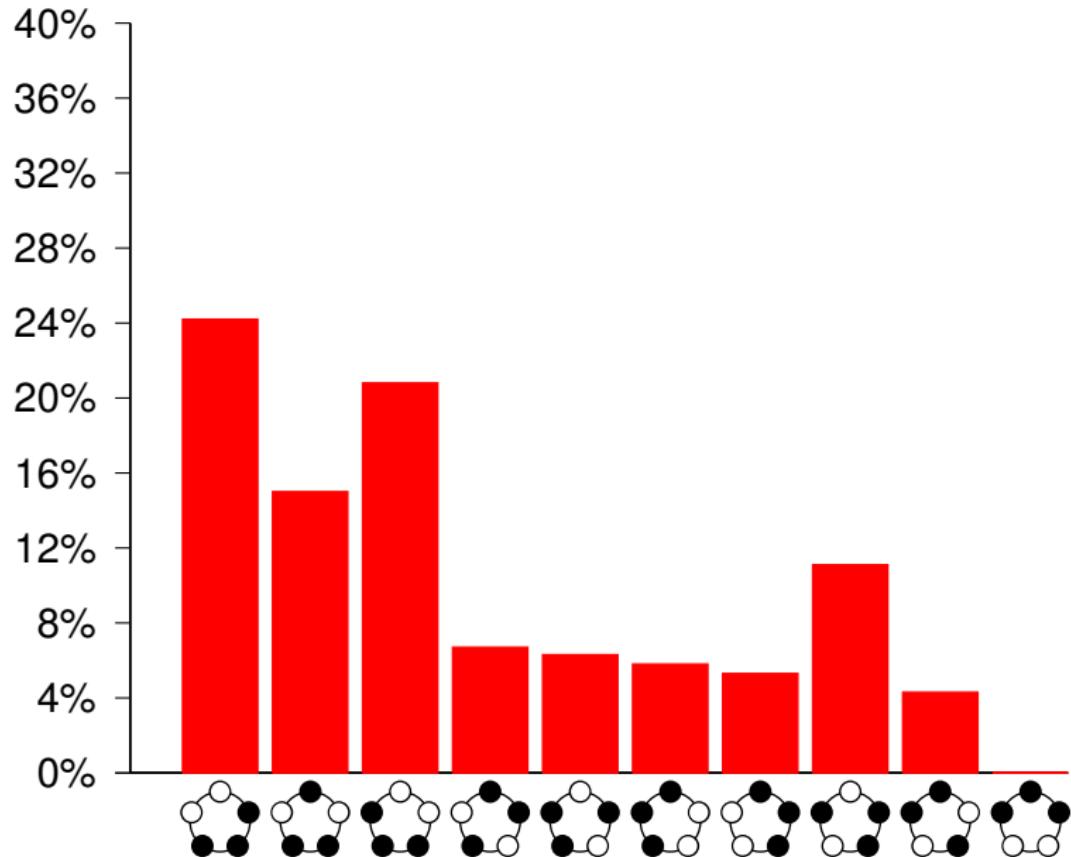
# Stationary distribution



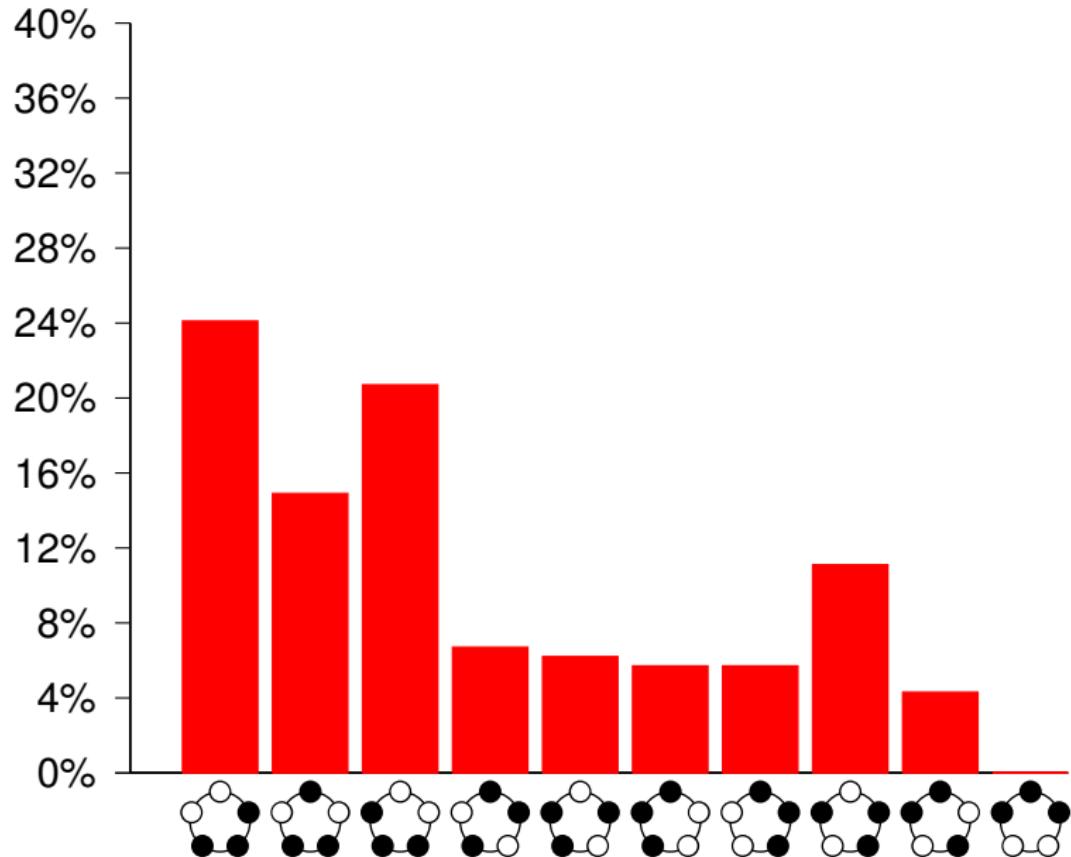
# Stationary distribution



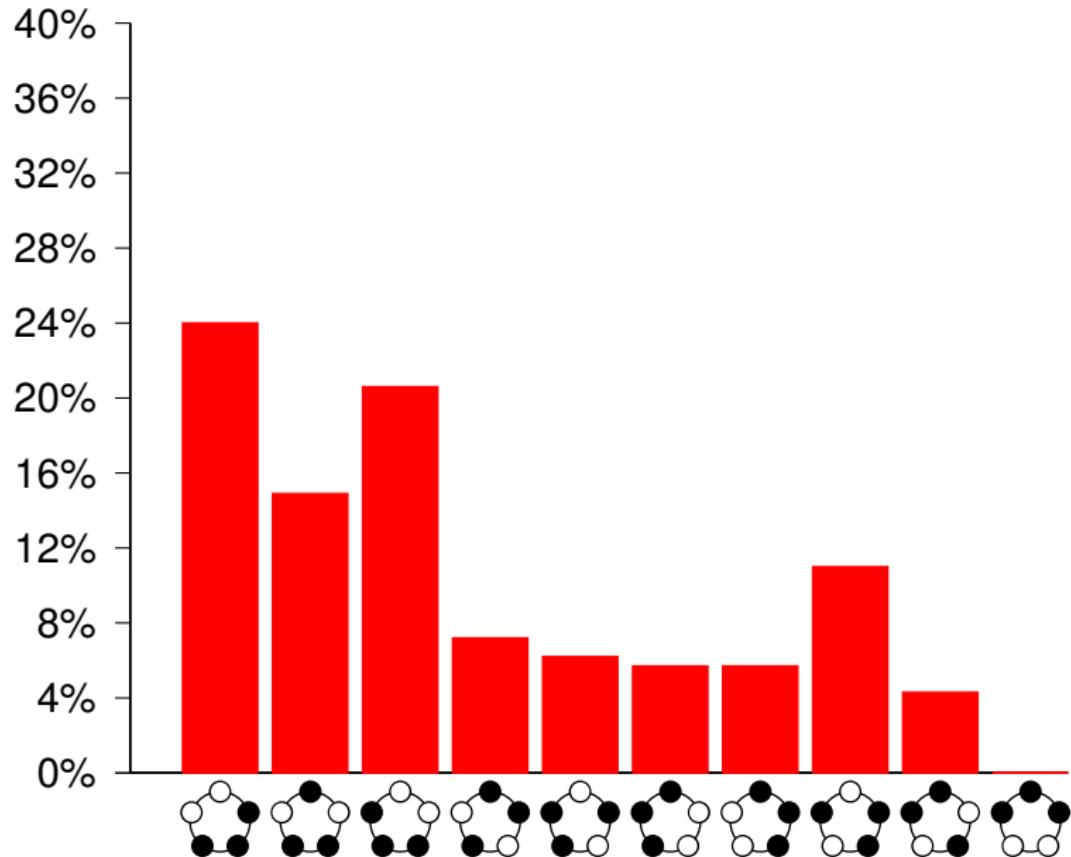
# Stationary distribution



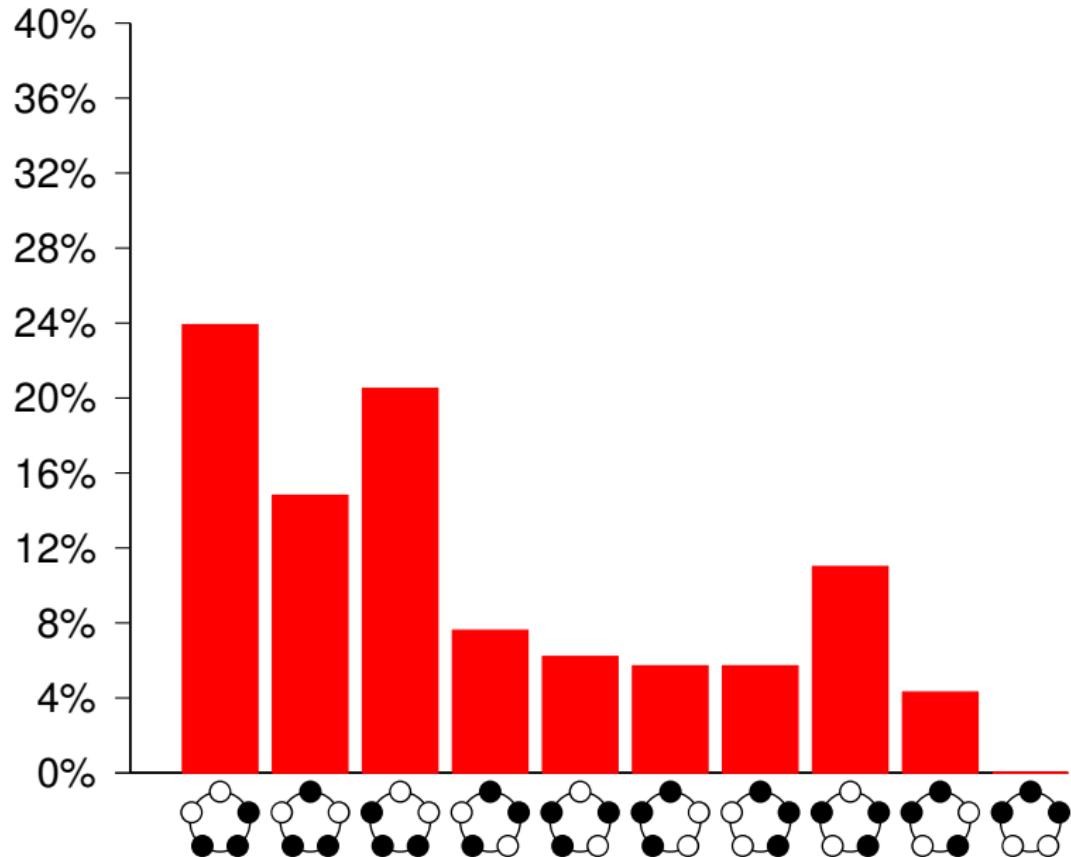
# Stationary distribution



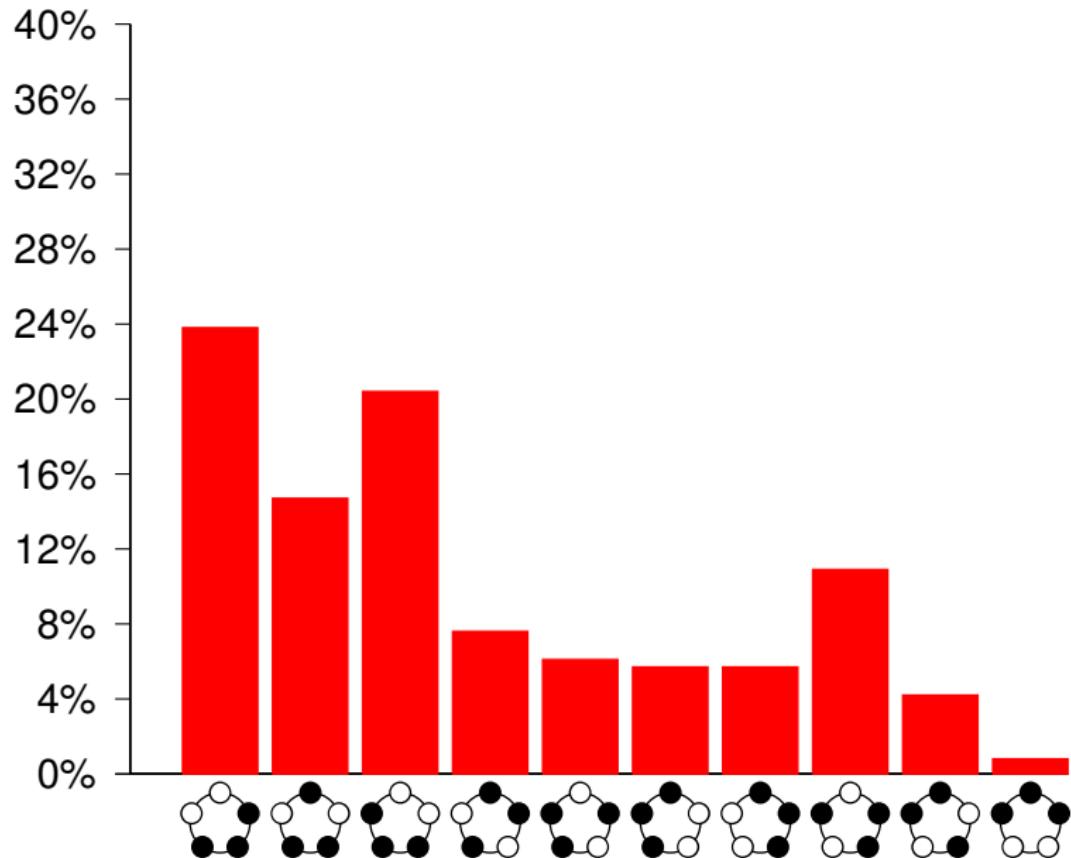
# Stationary distribution



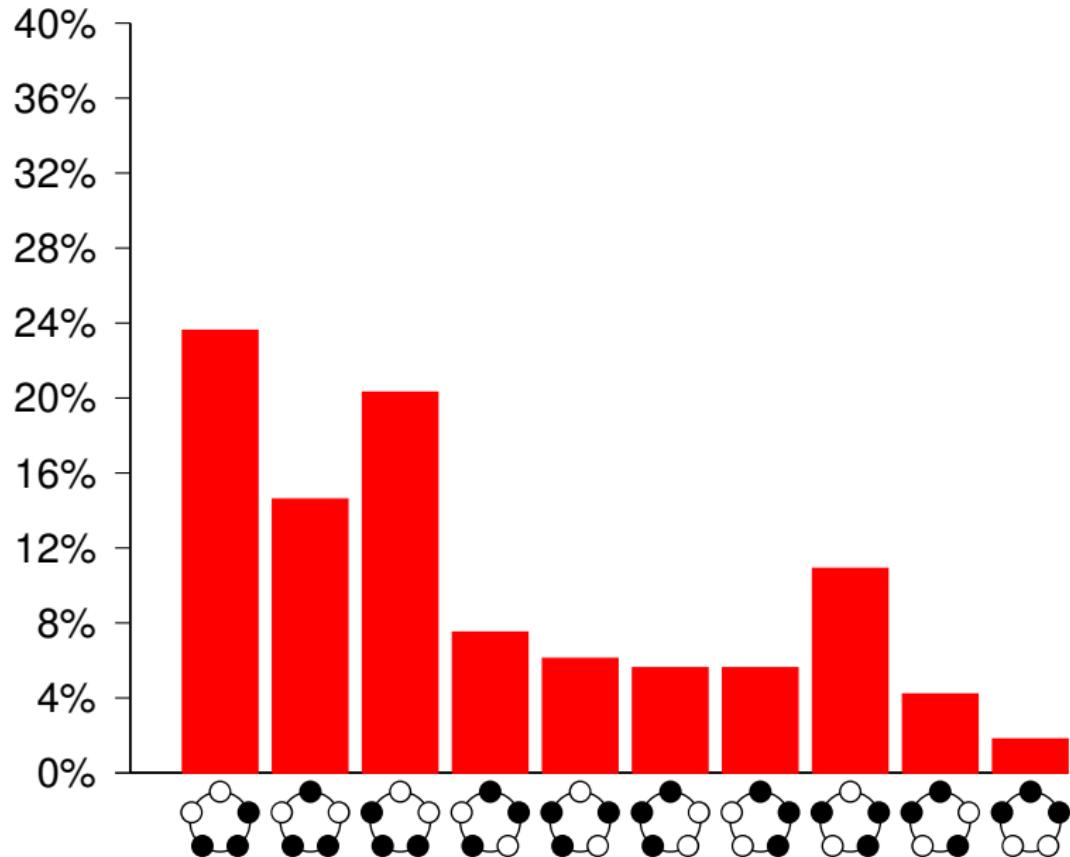
# Stationary distribution



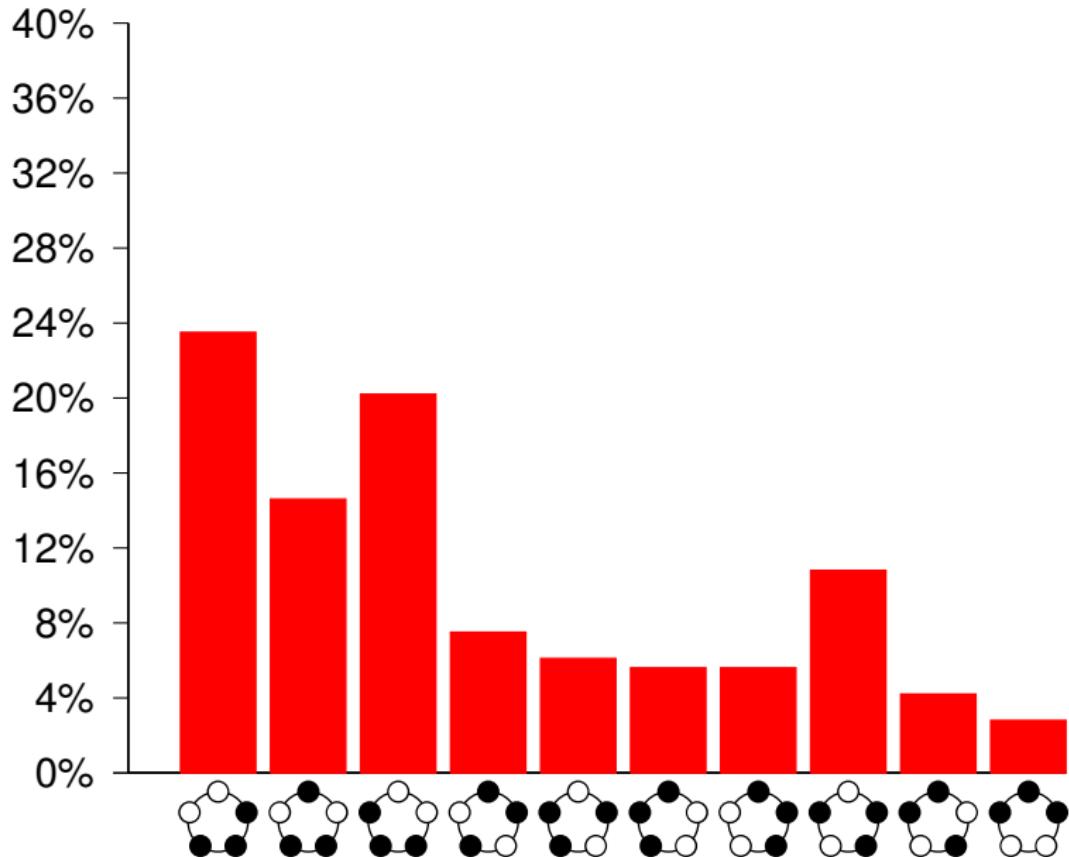
# Stationary distribution



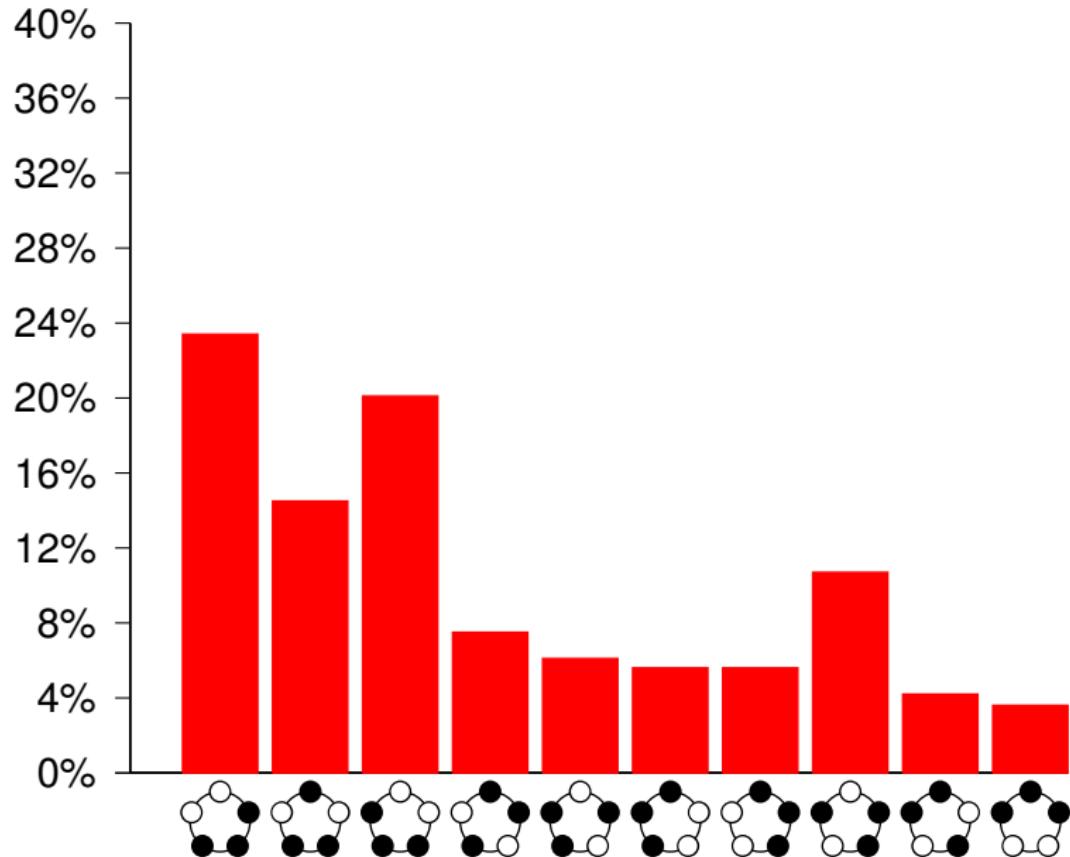
# Stationary distribution



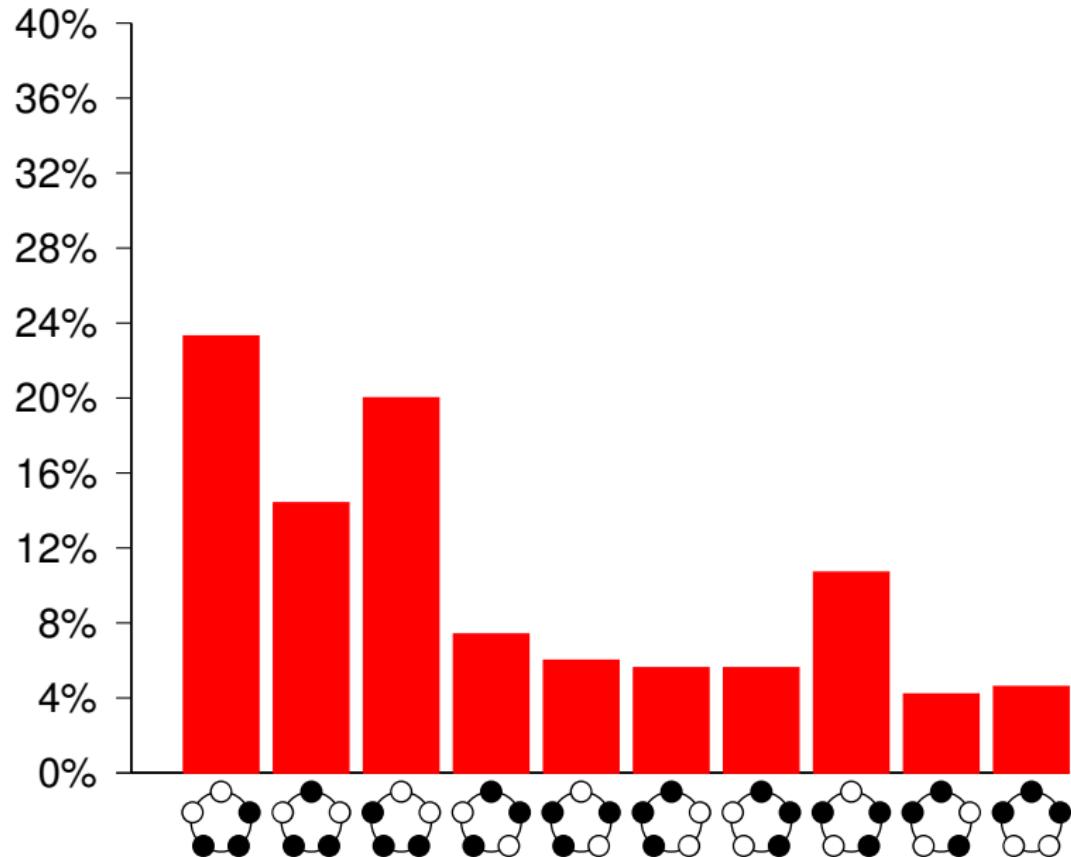
# Stationary distribution



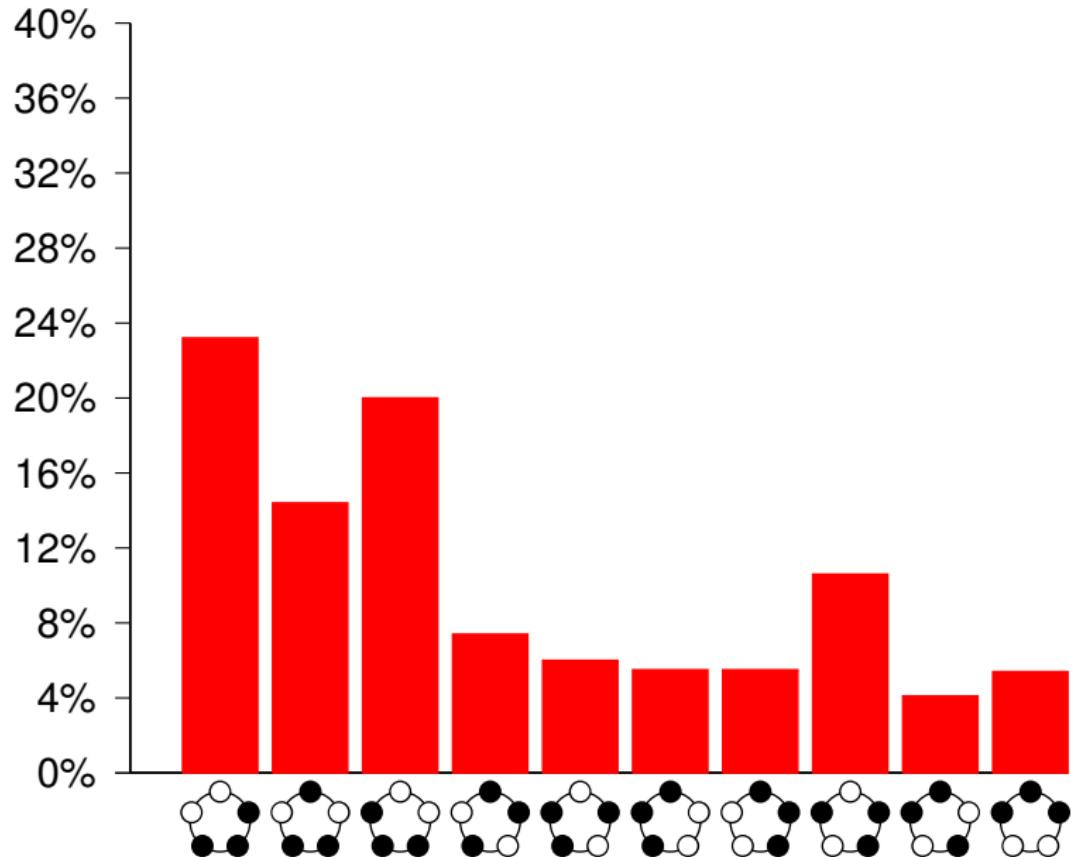
# Stationary distribution



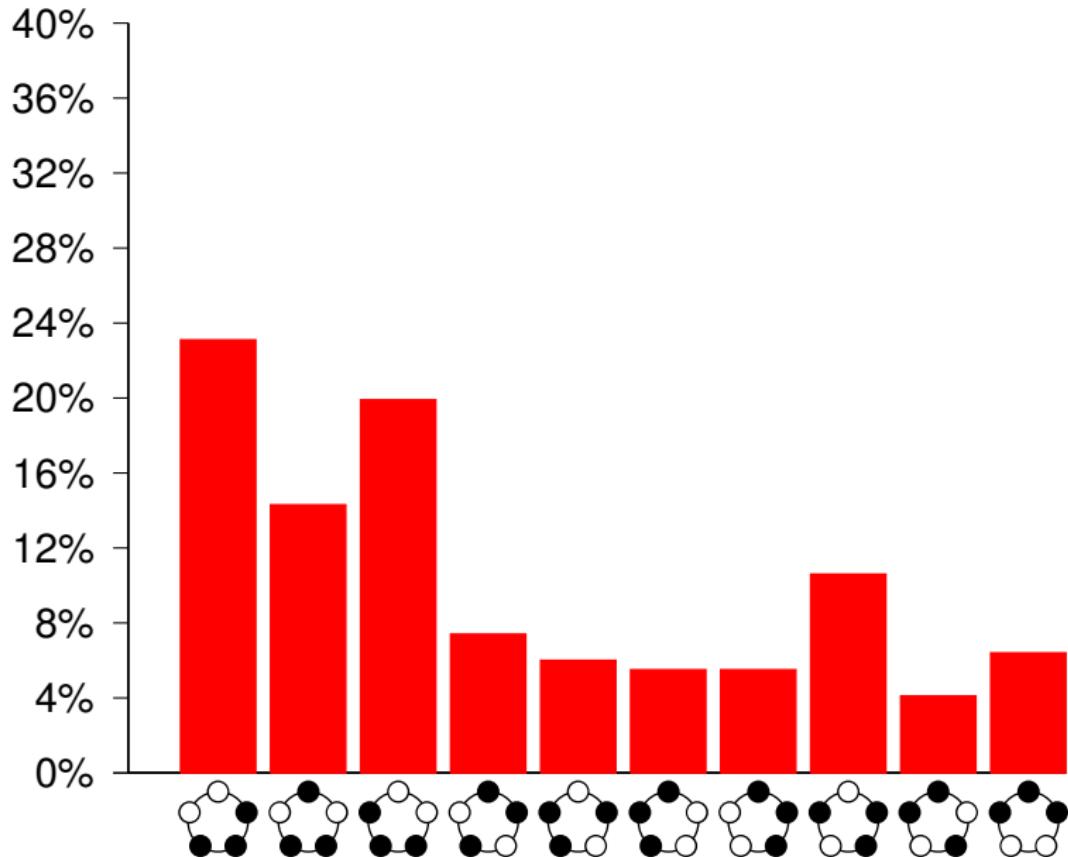
# Stationary distribution



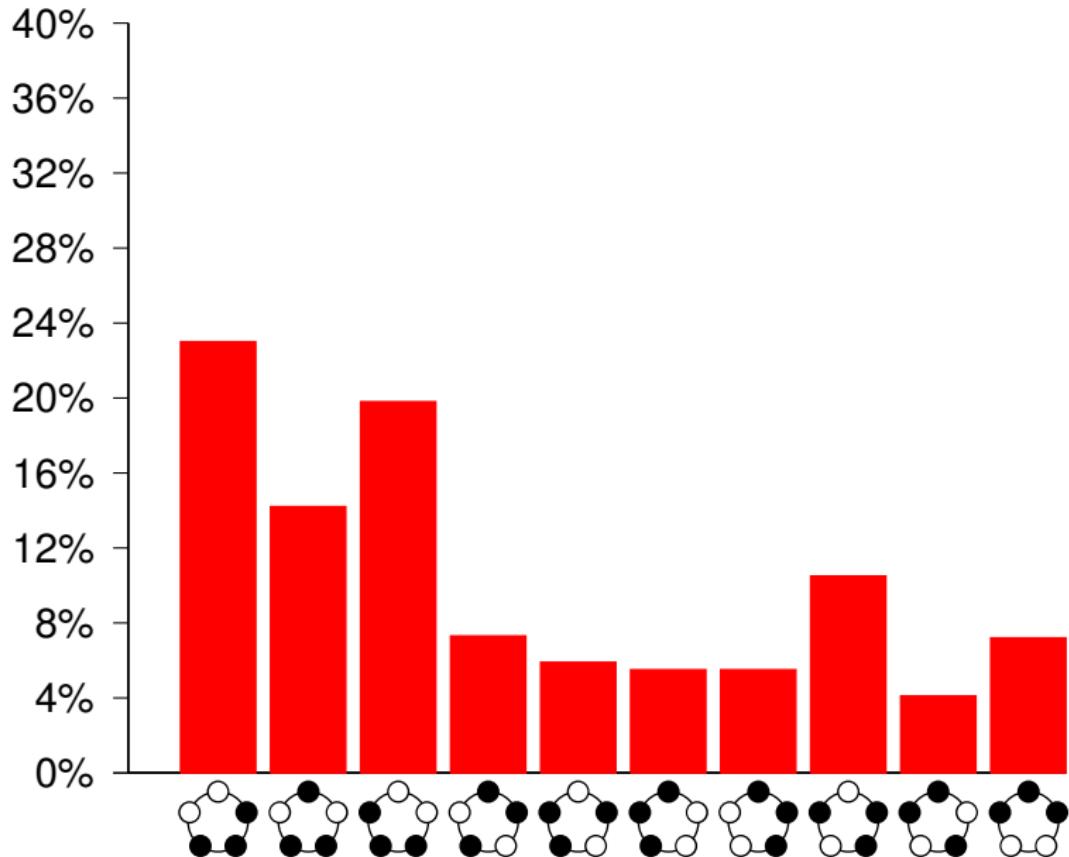
# Stationary distribution



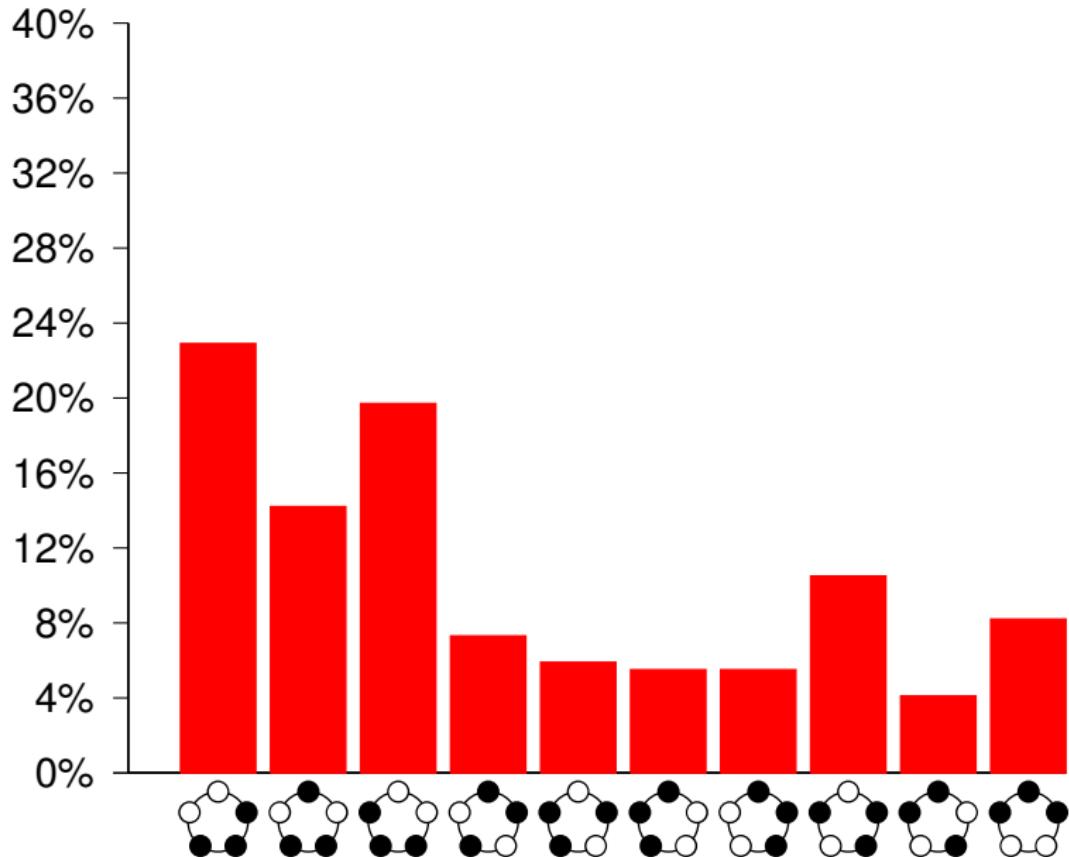
# Stationary distribution



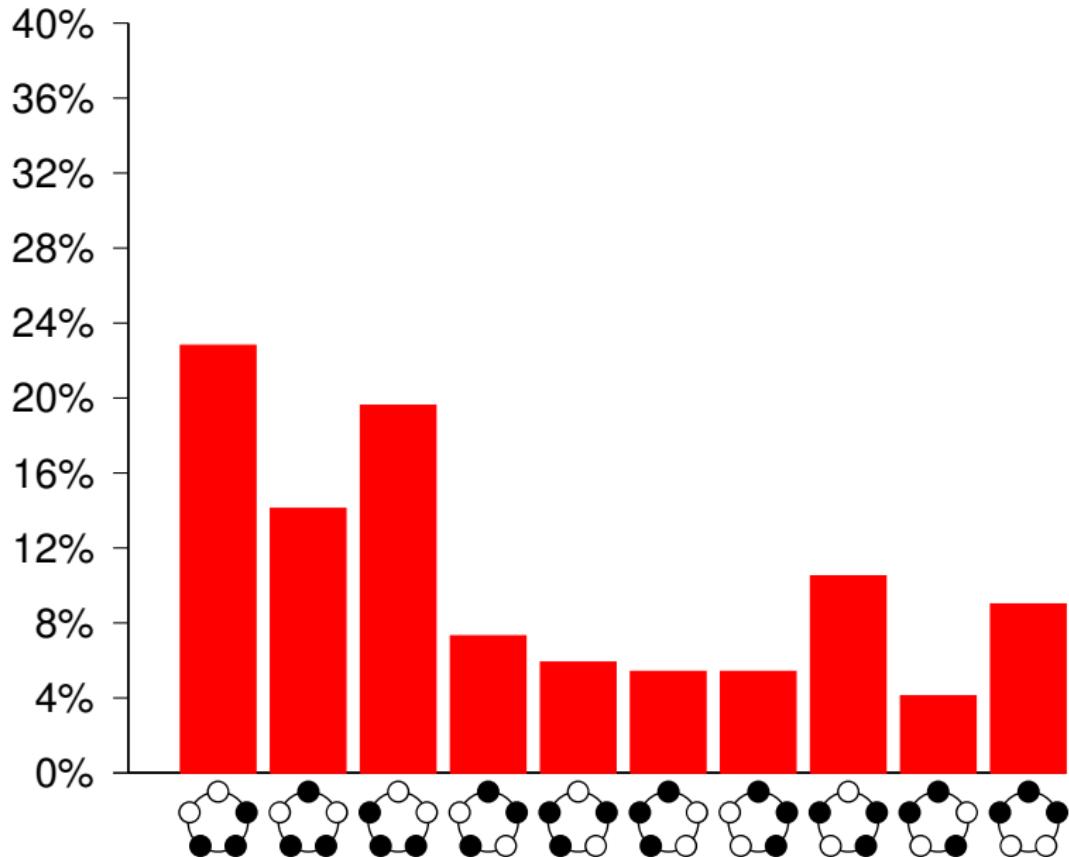
# Stationary distribution



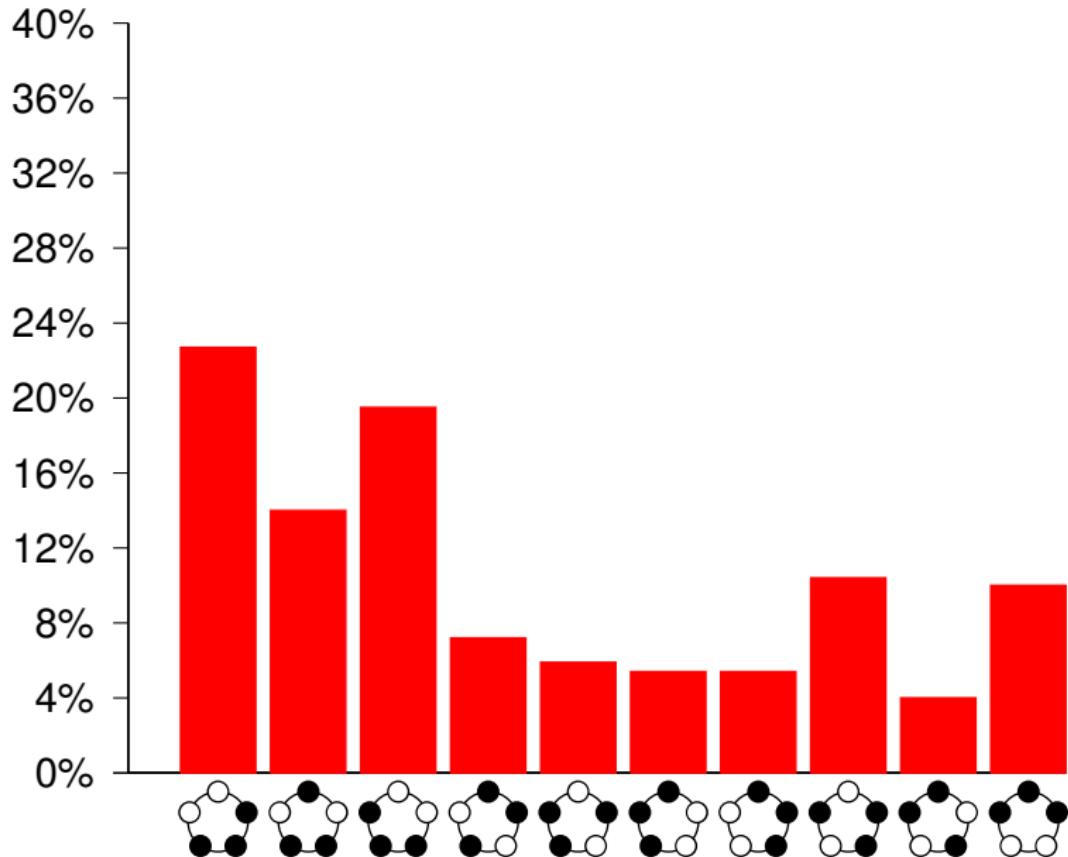
# Stationary distribution



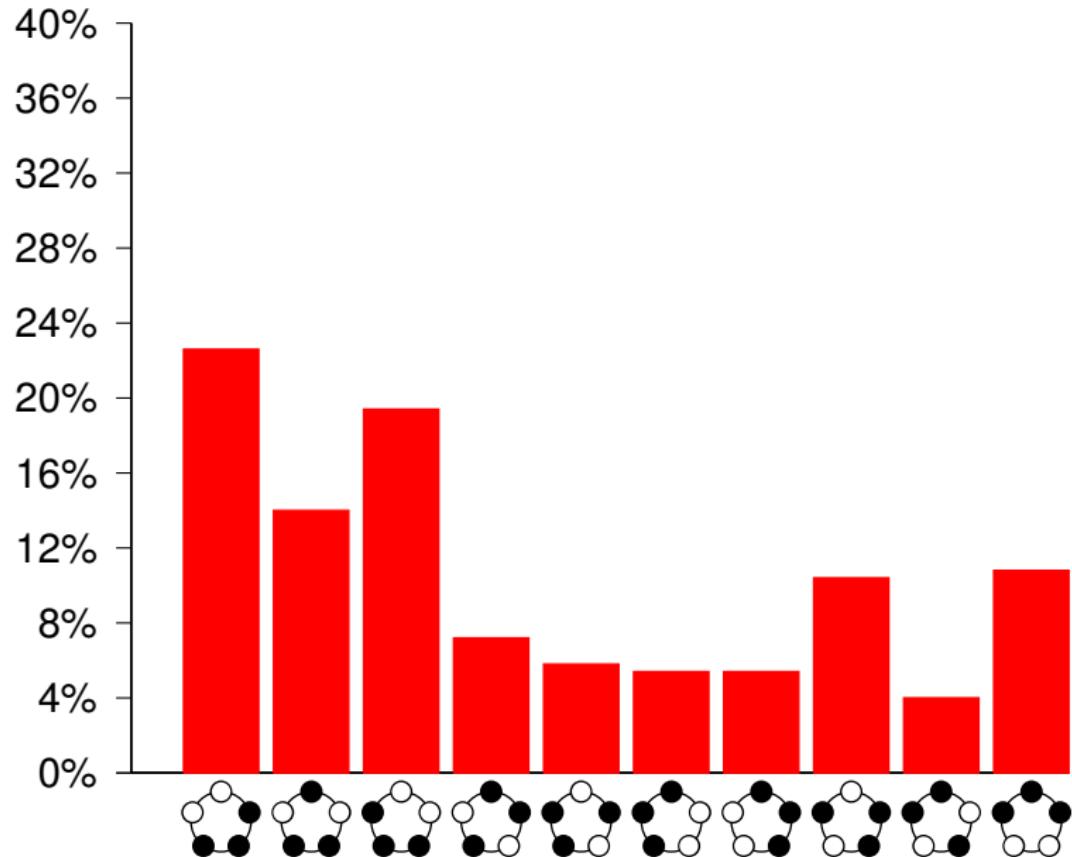
# Stationary distribution



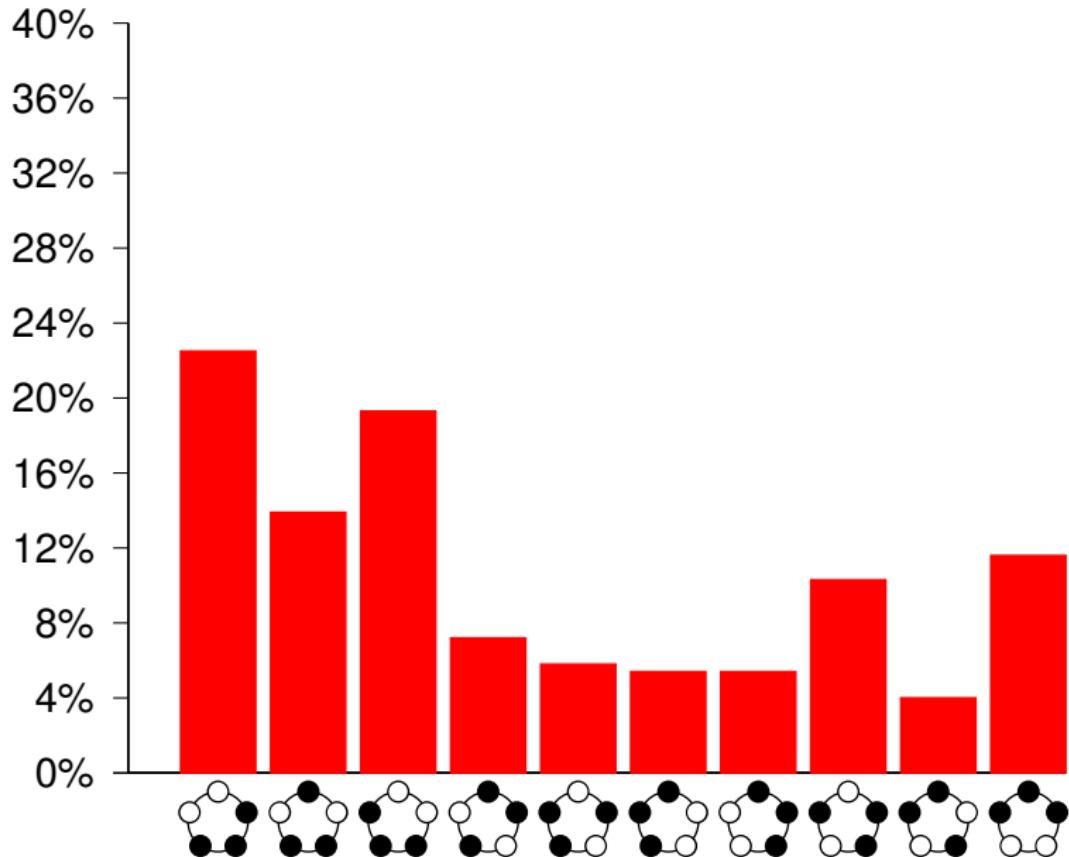
# Stationary distribution



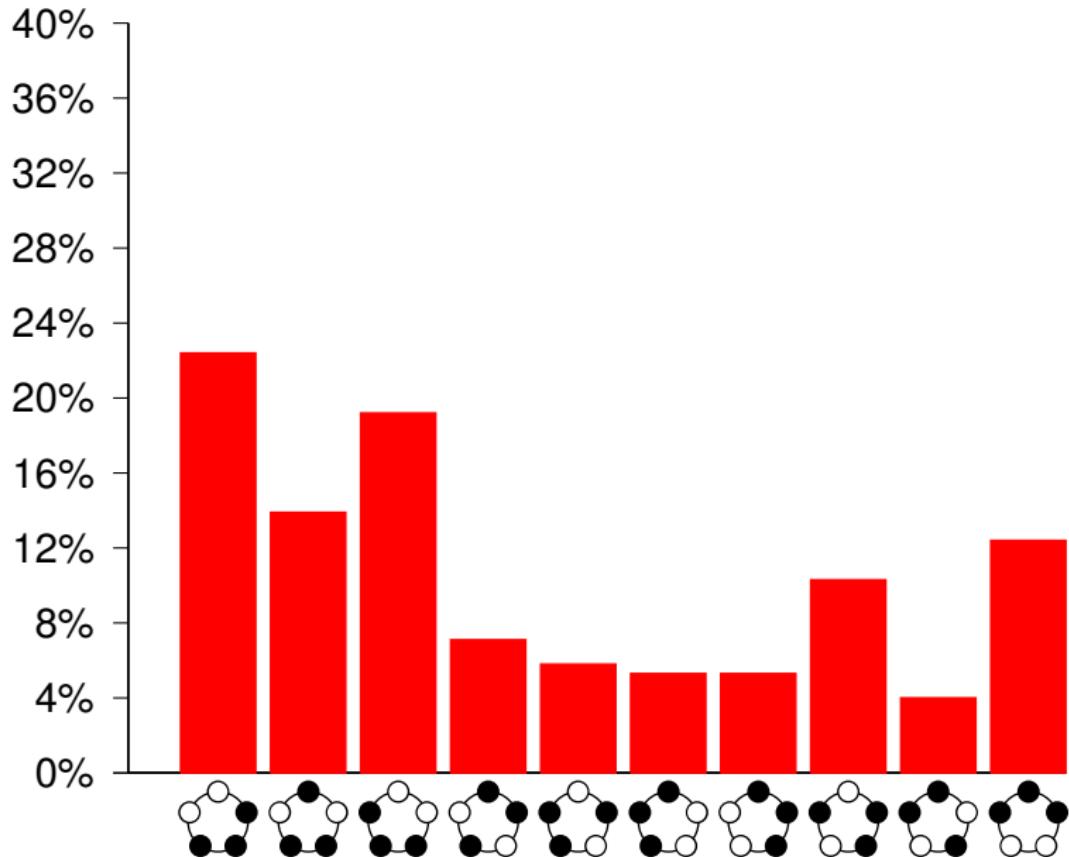
# Stationary distribution



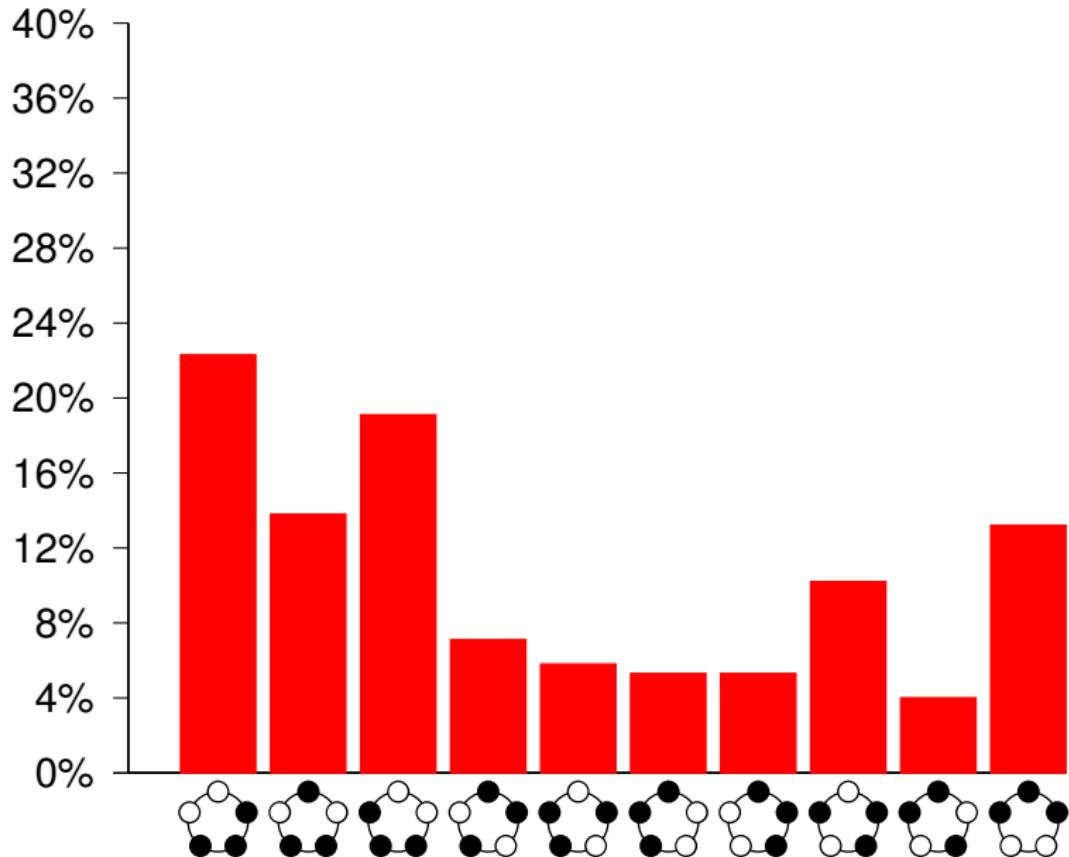
# Stationary distribution



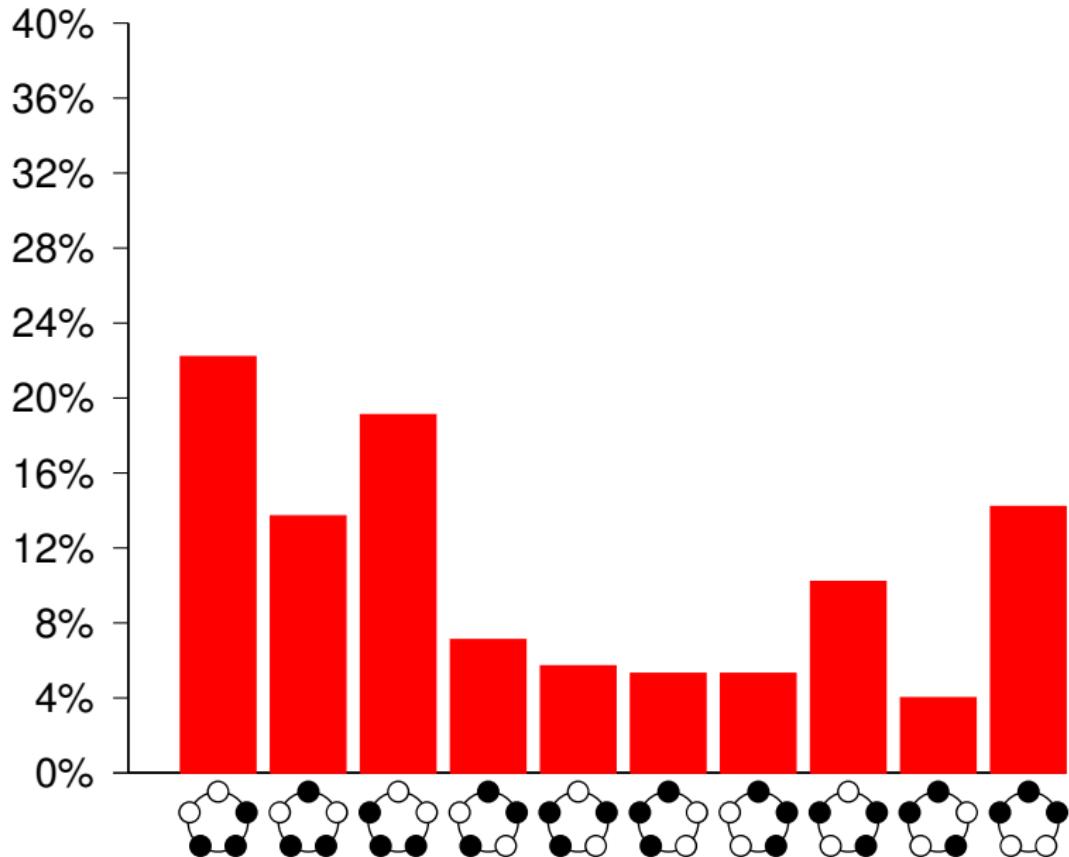
# Stationary distribution



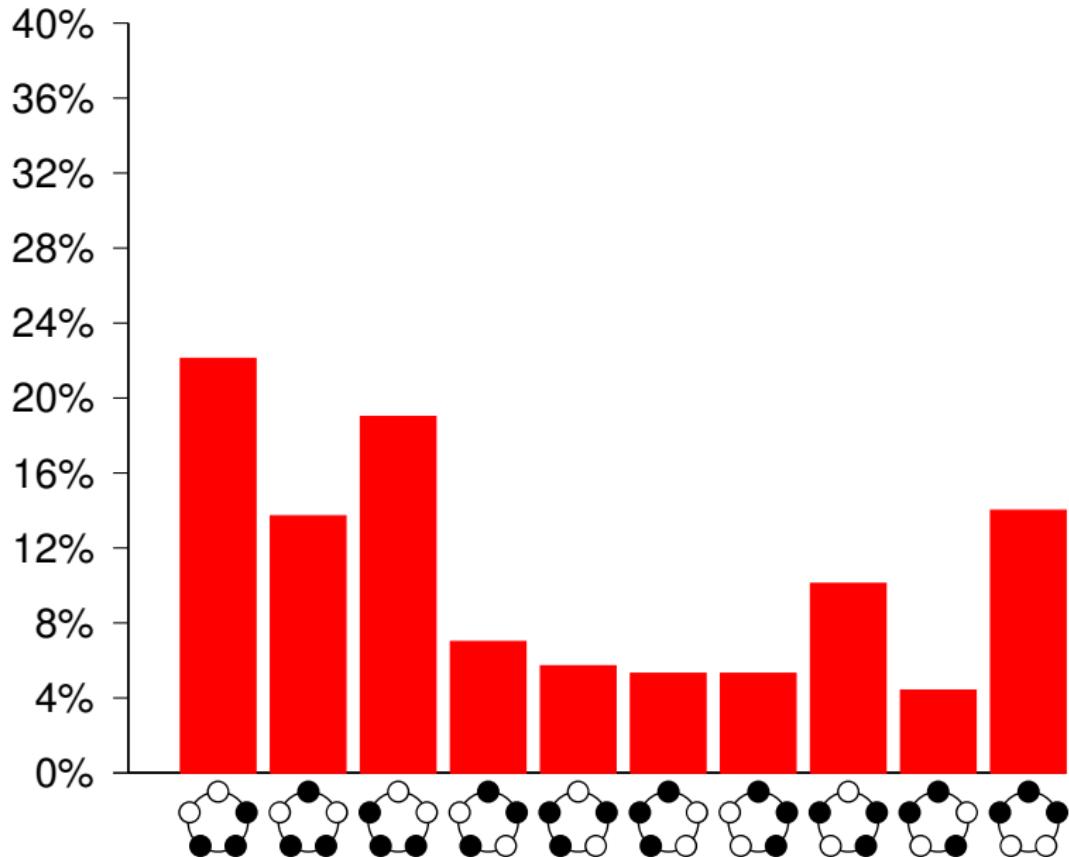
# Stationary distribution



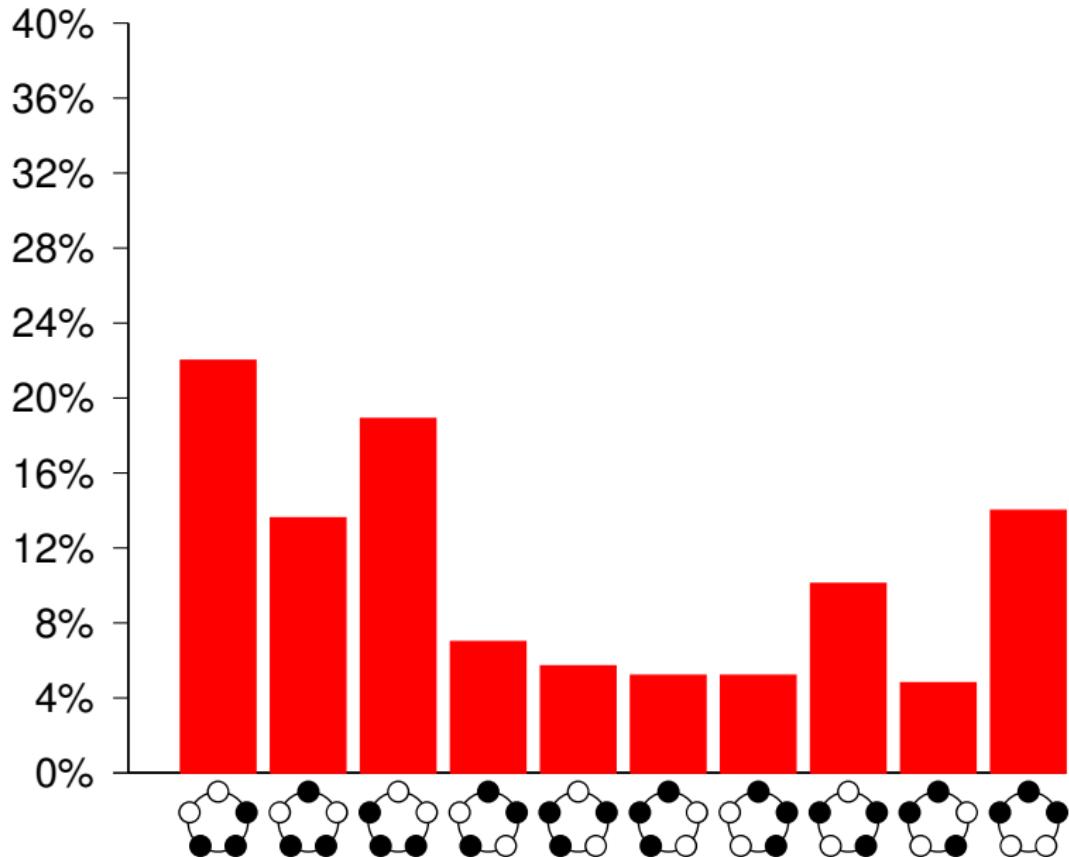
# Stationary distribution



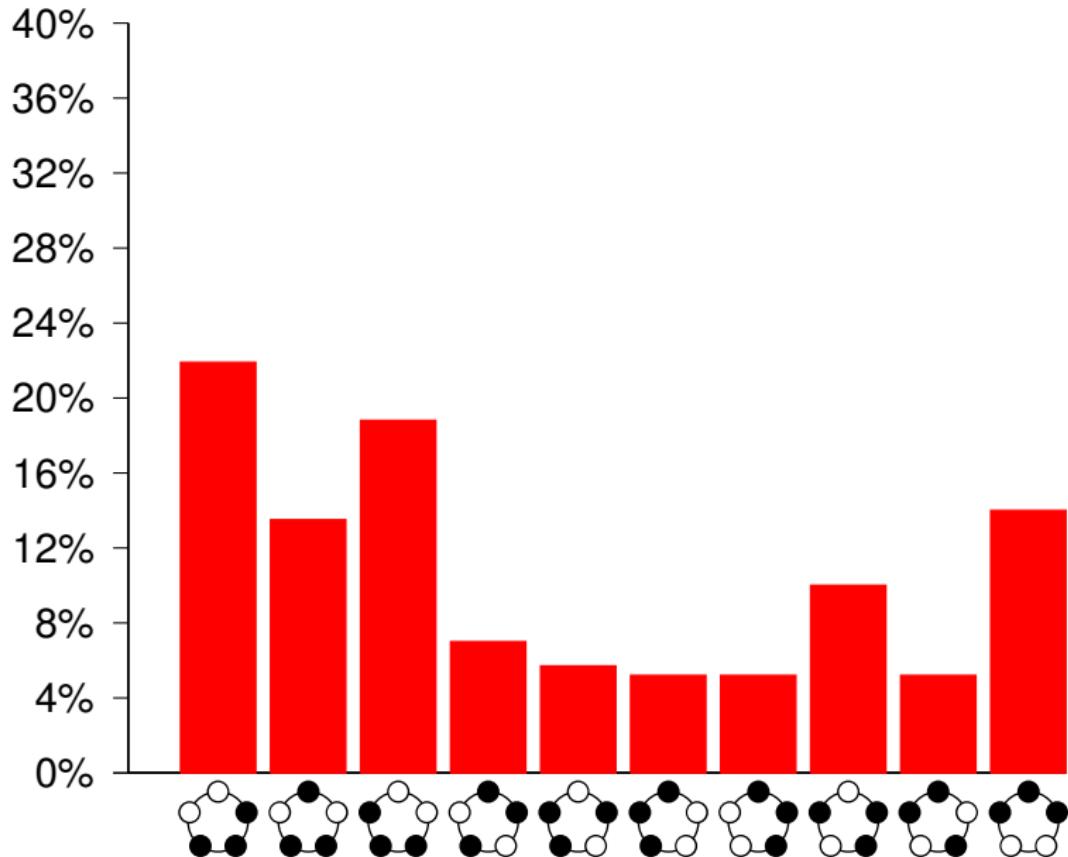
# Stationary distribution



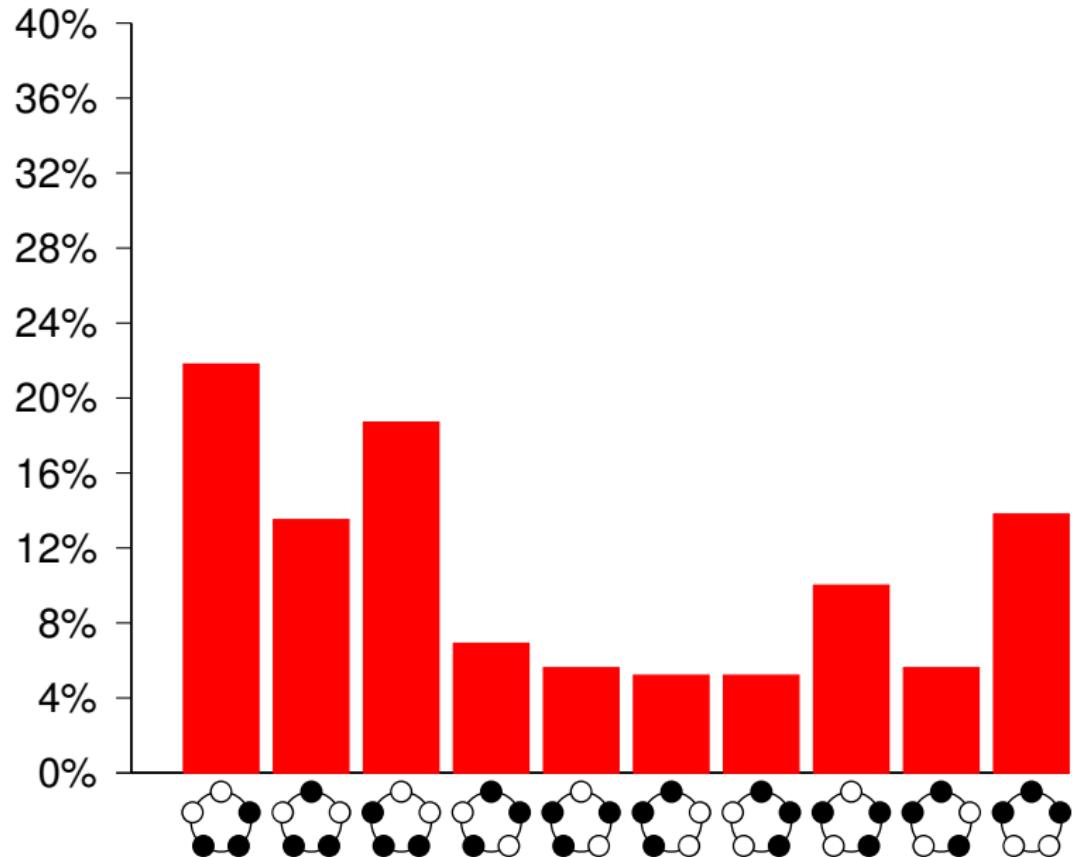
# Stationary distribution



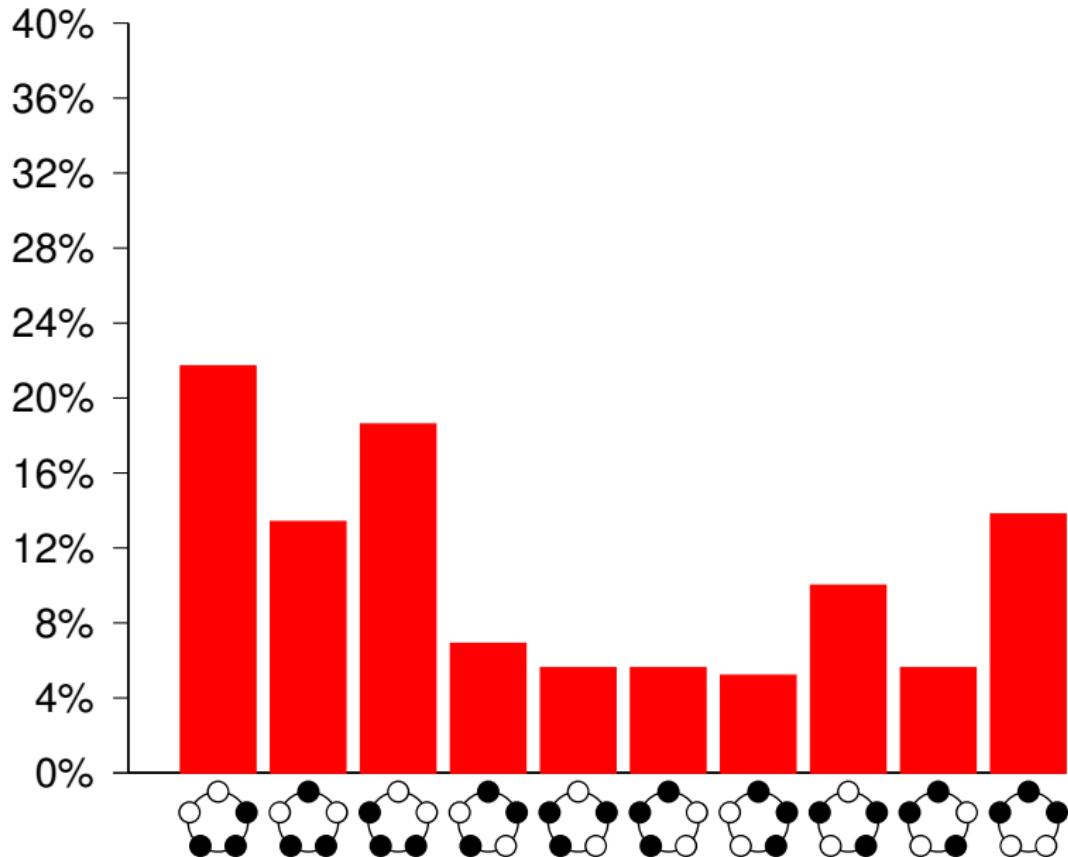
# Stationary distribution



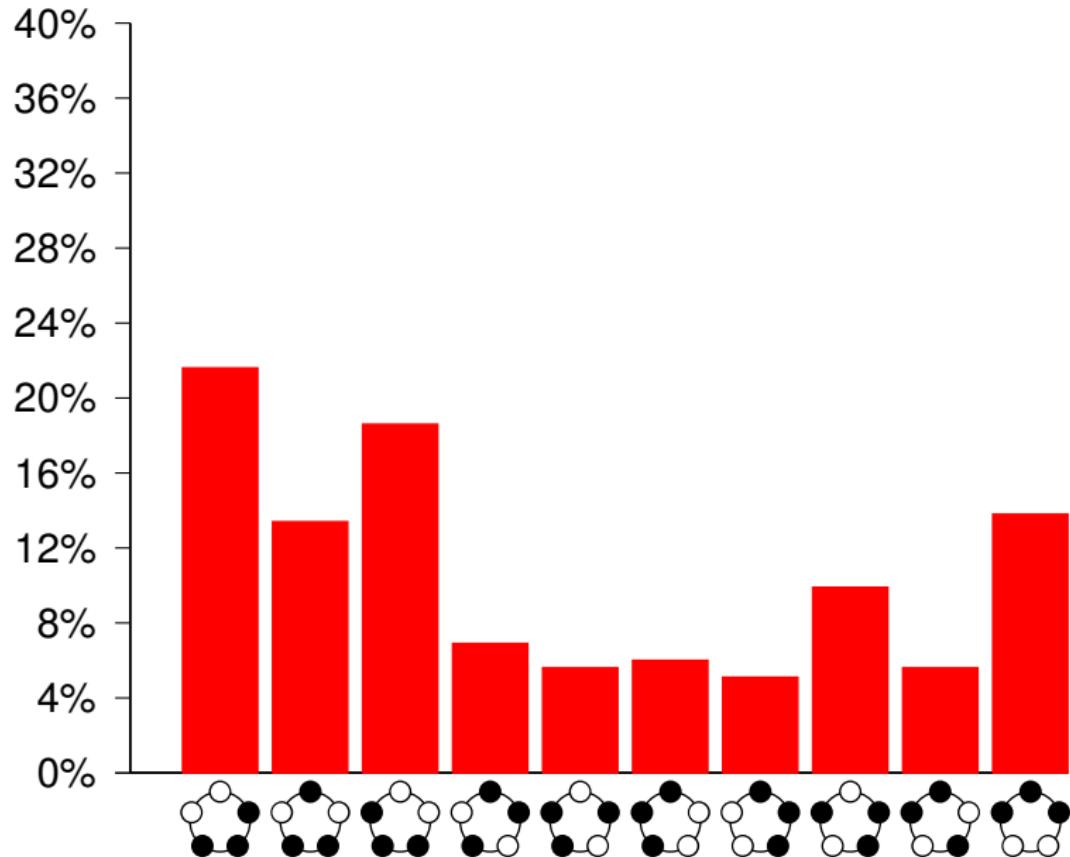
# Stationary distribution



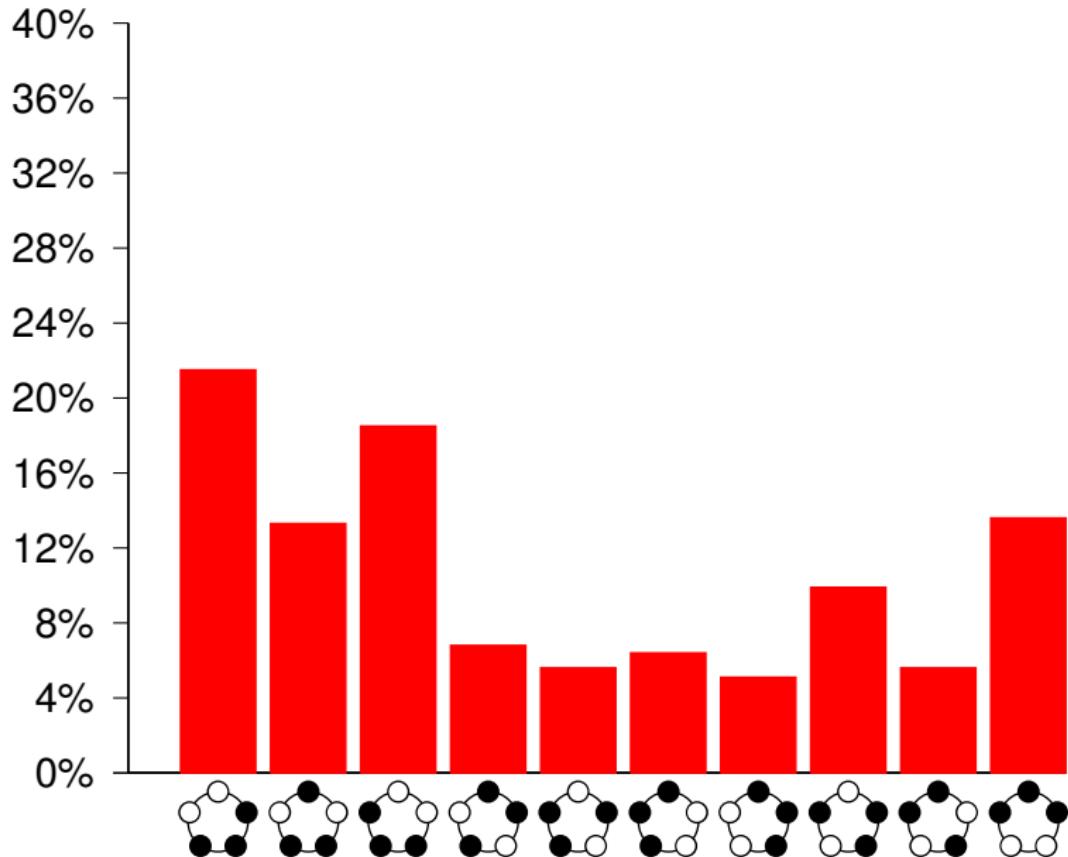
# Stationary distribution



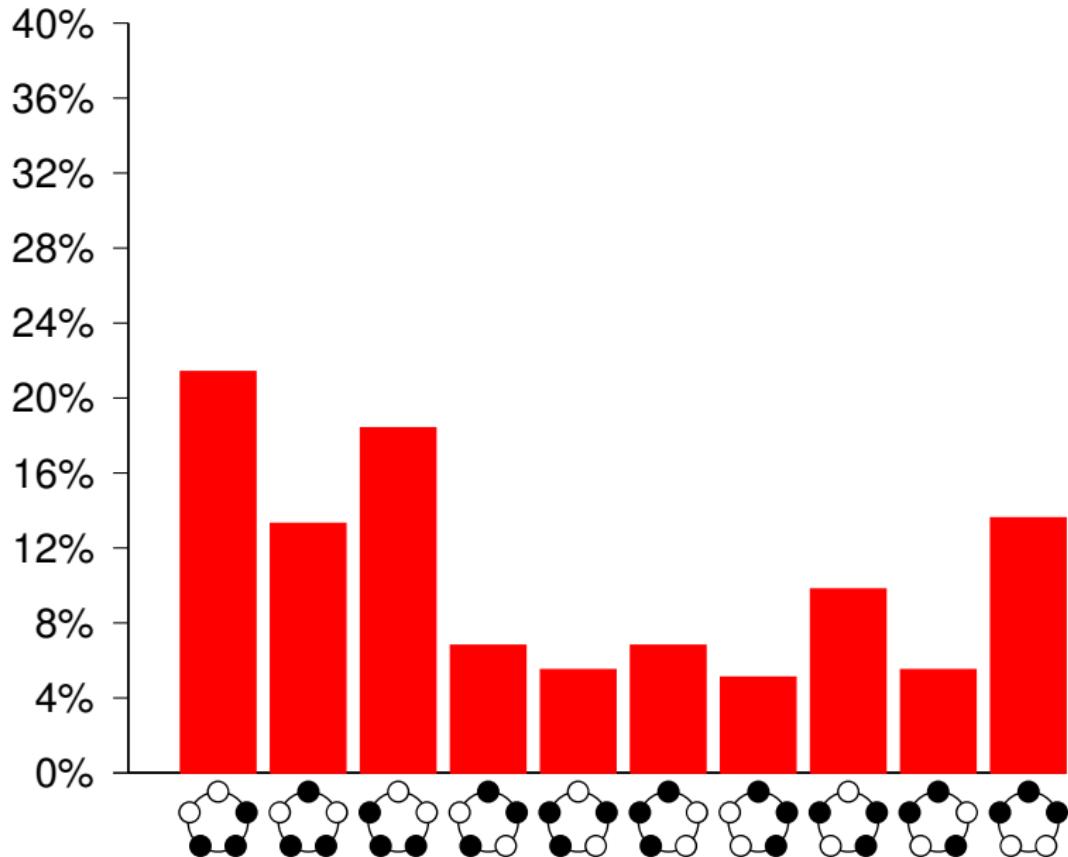
# Stationary distribution



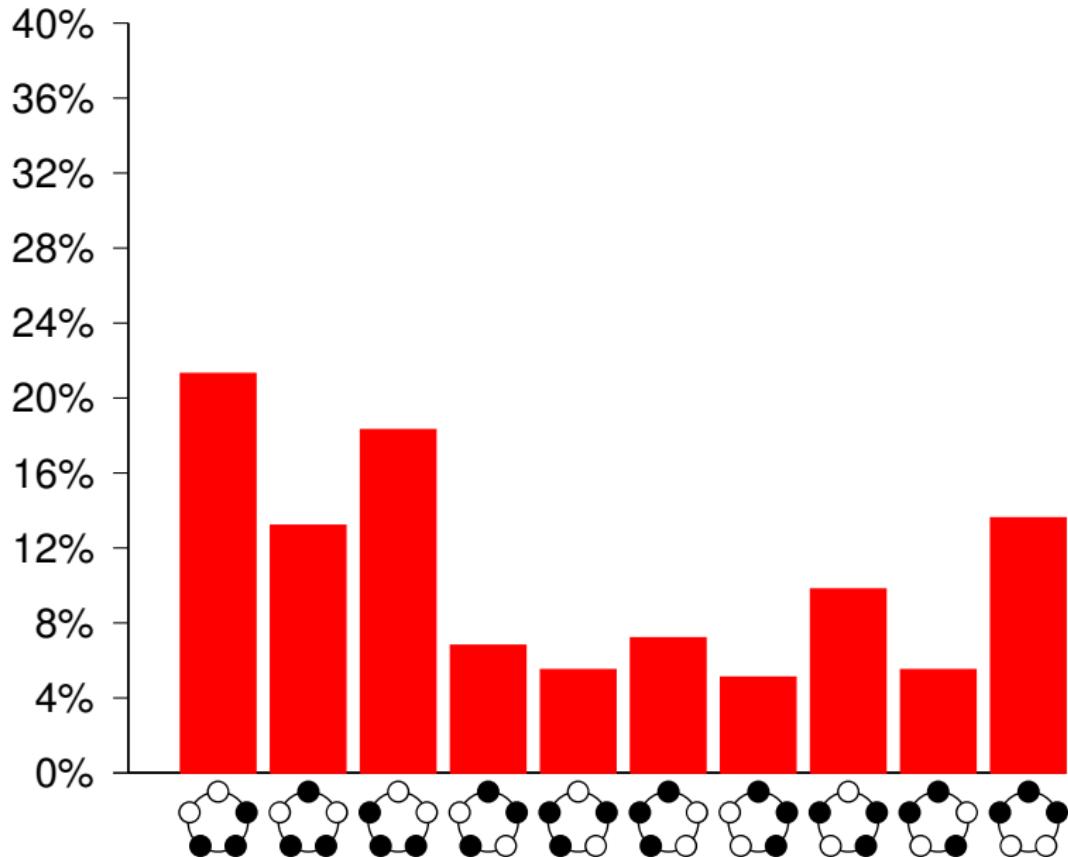
# Stationary distribution



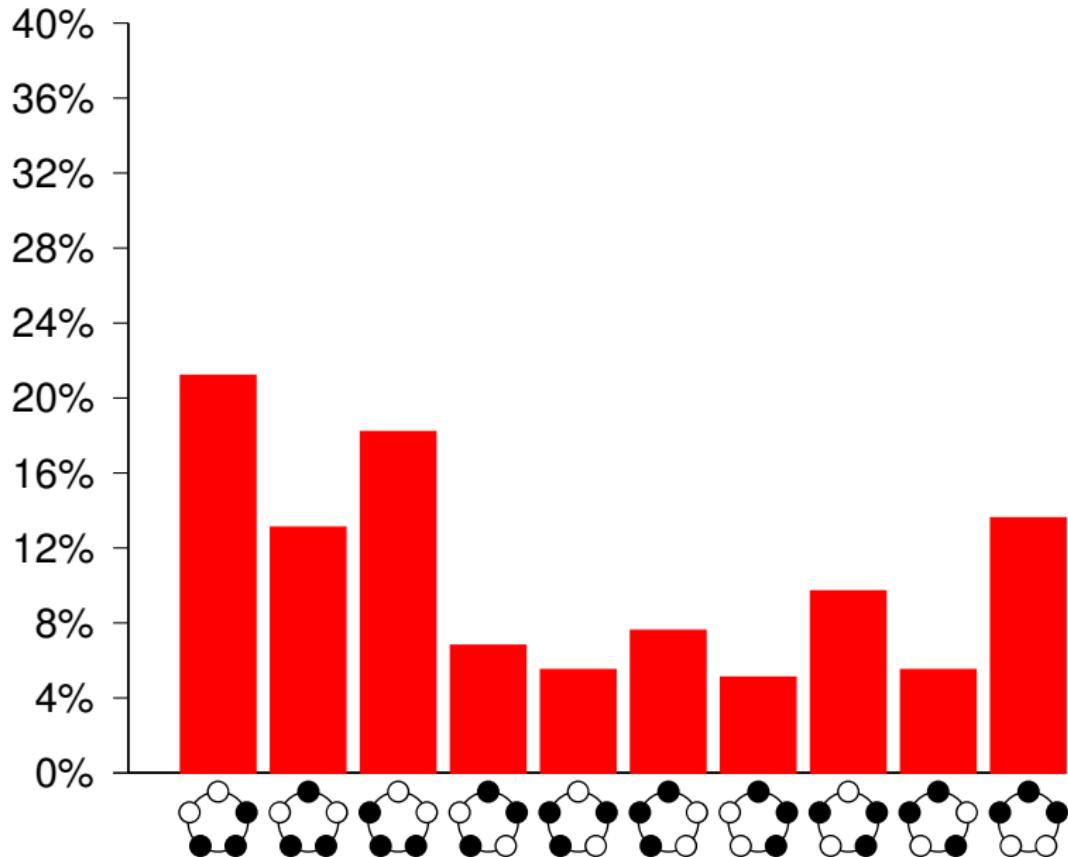
# Stationary distribution



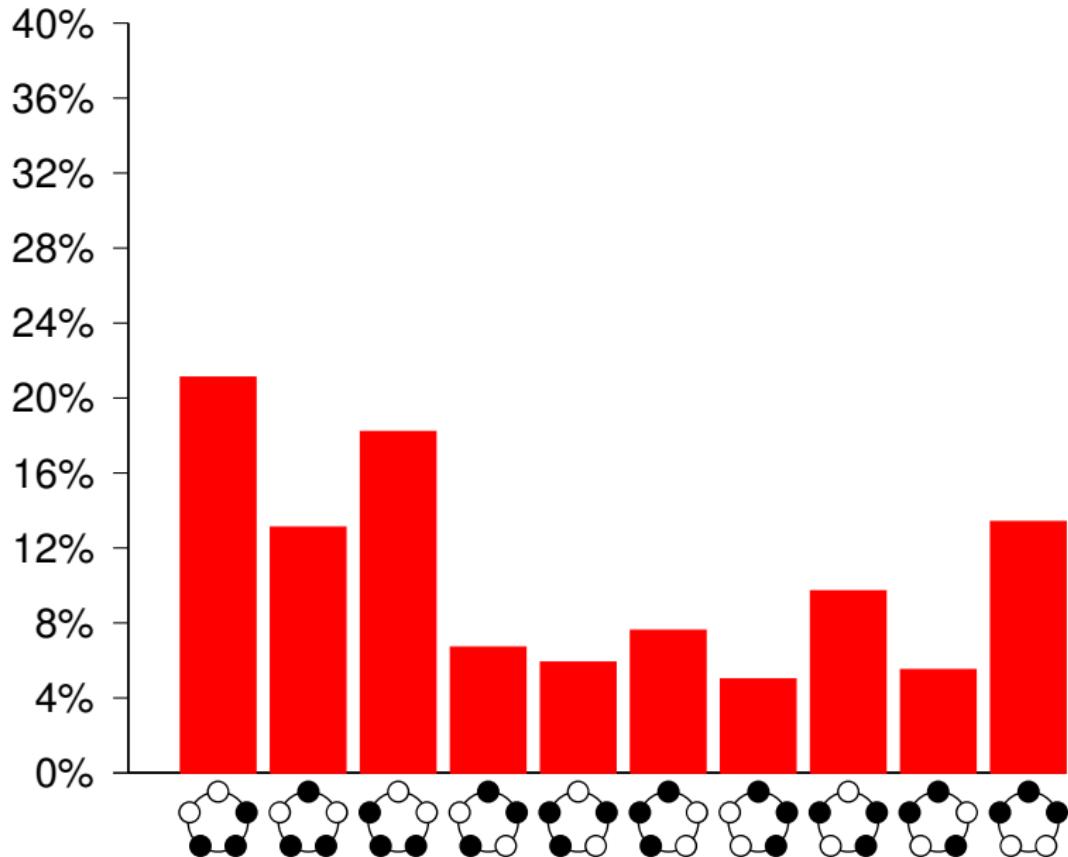
# Stationary distribution



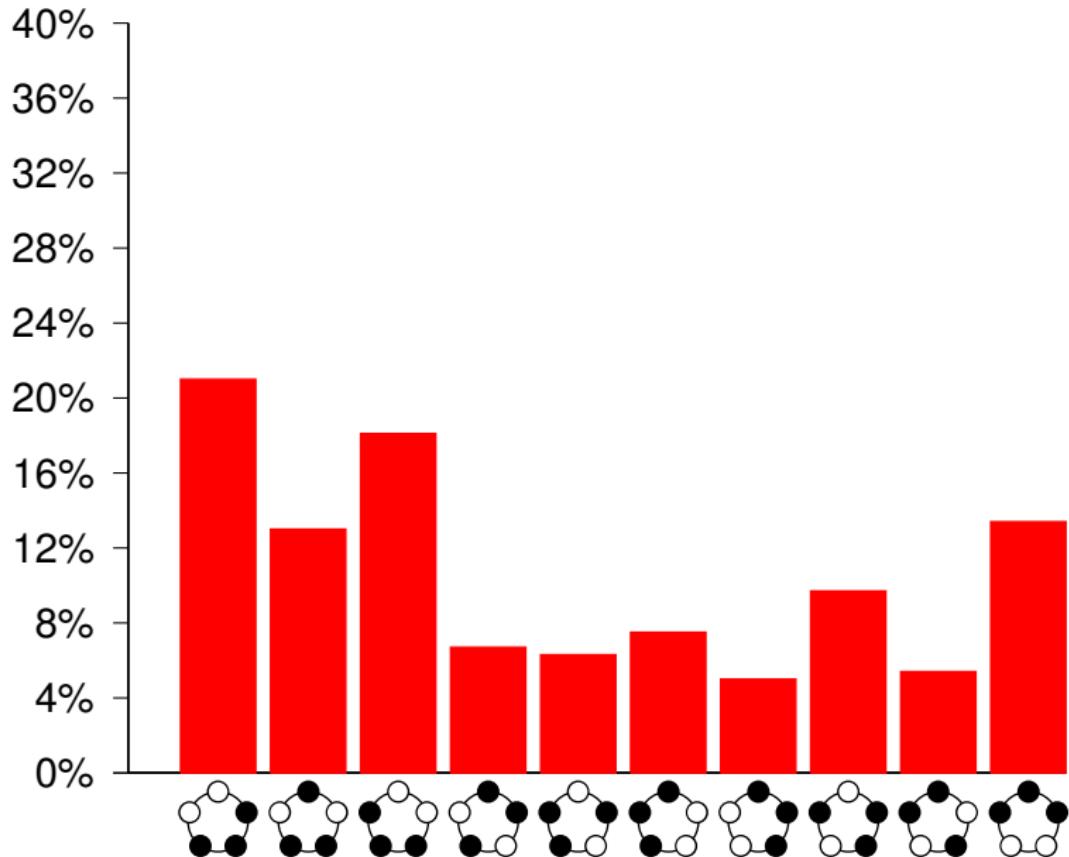
# Stationary distribution



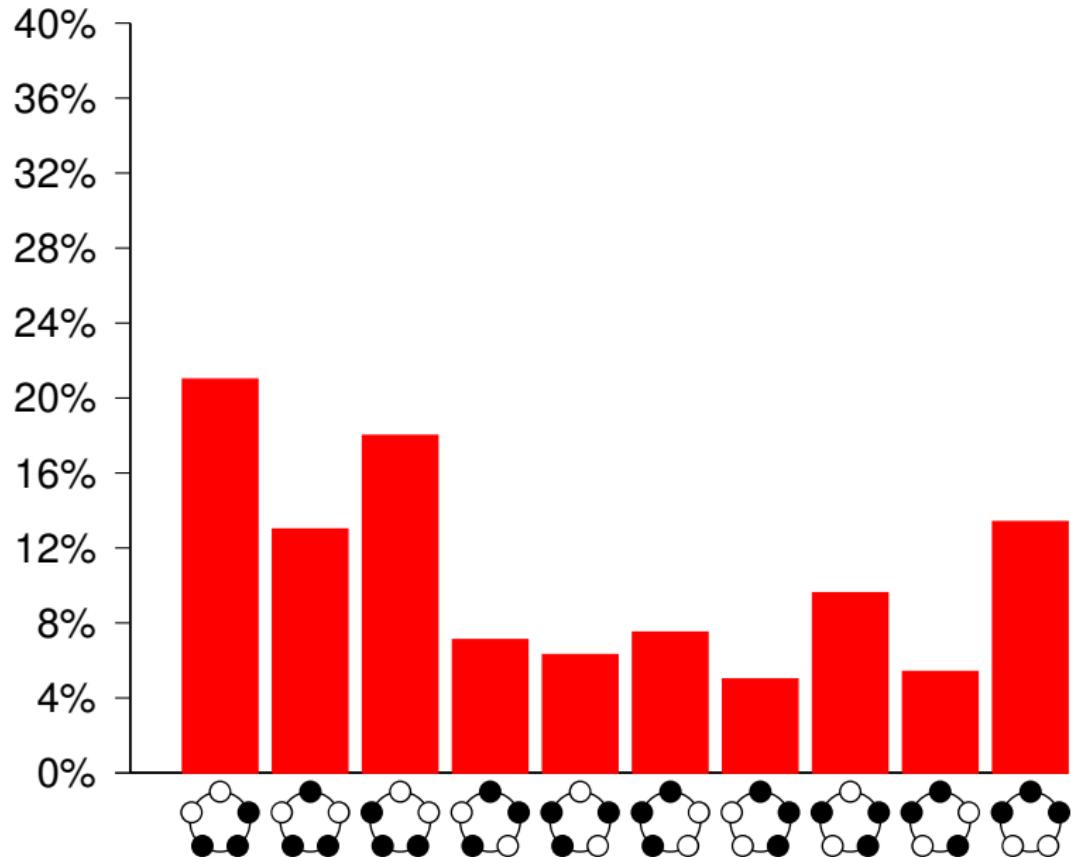
# Stationary distribution



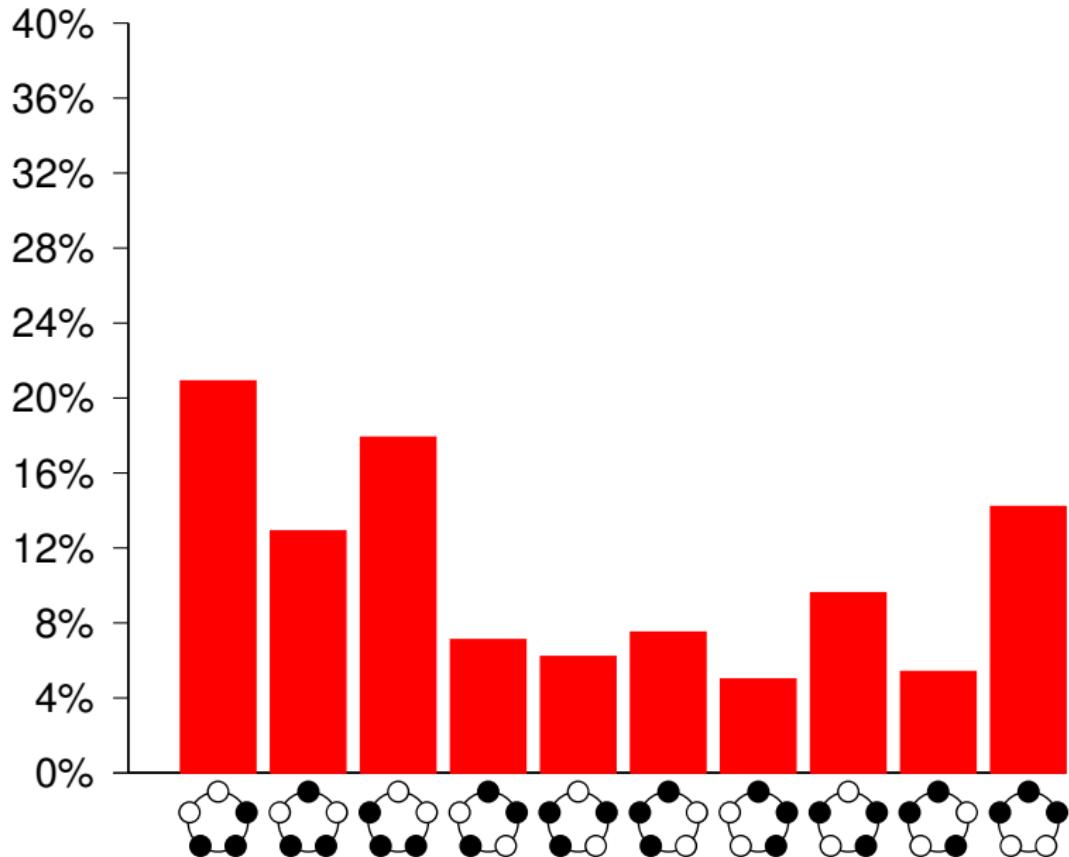
# Stationary distribution



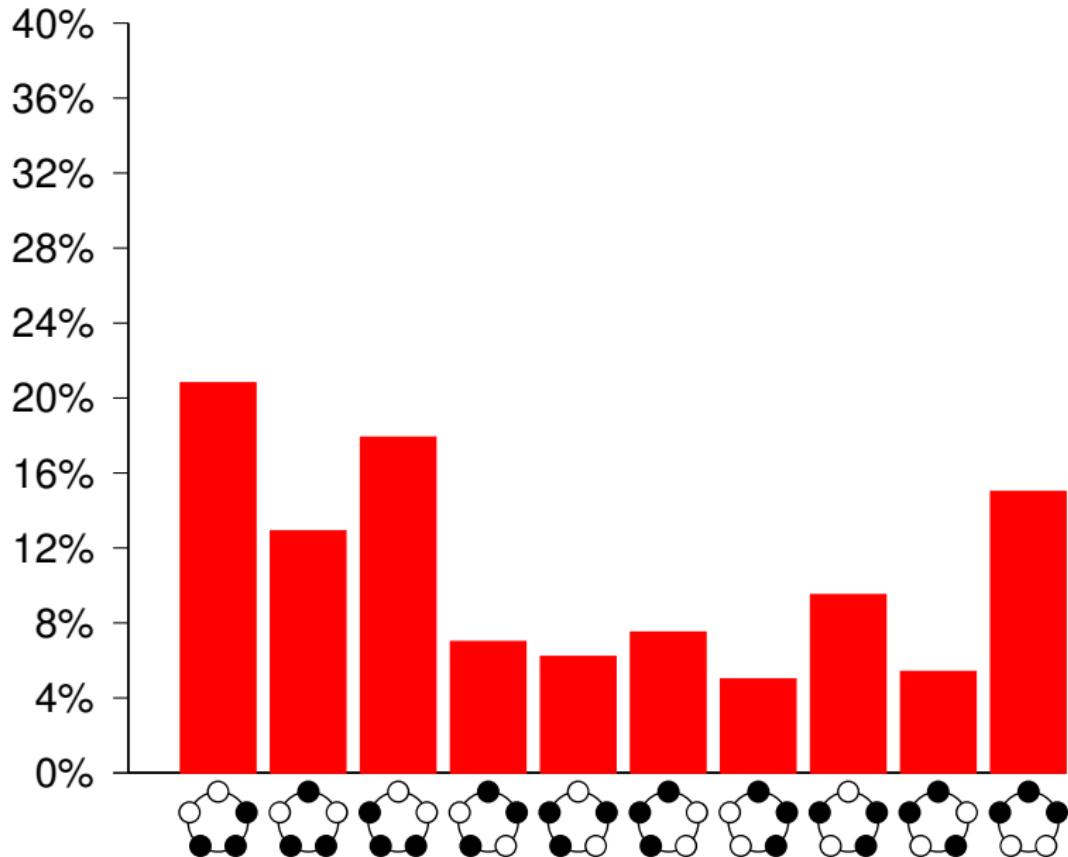
# Stationary distribution



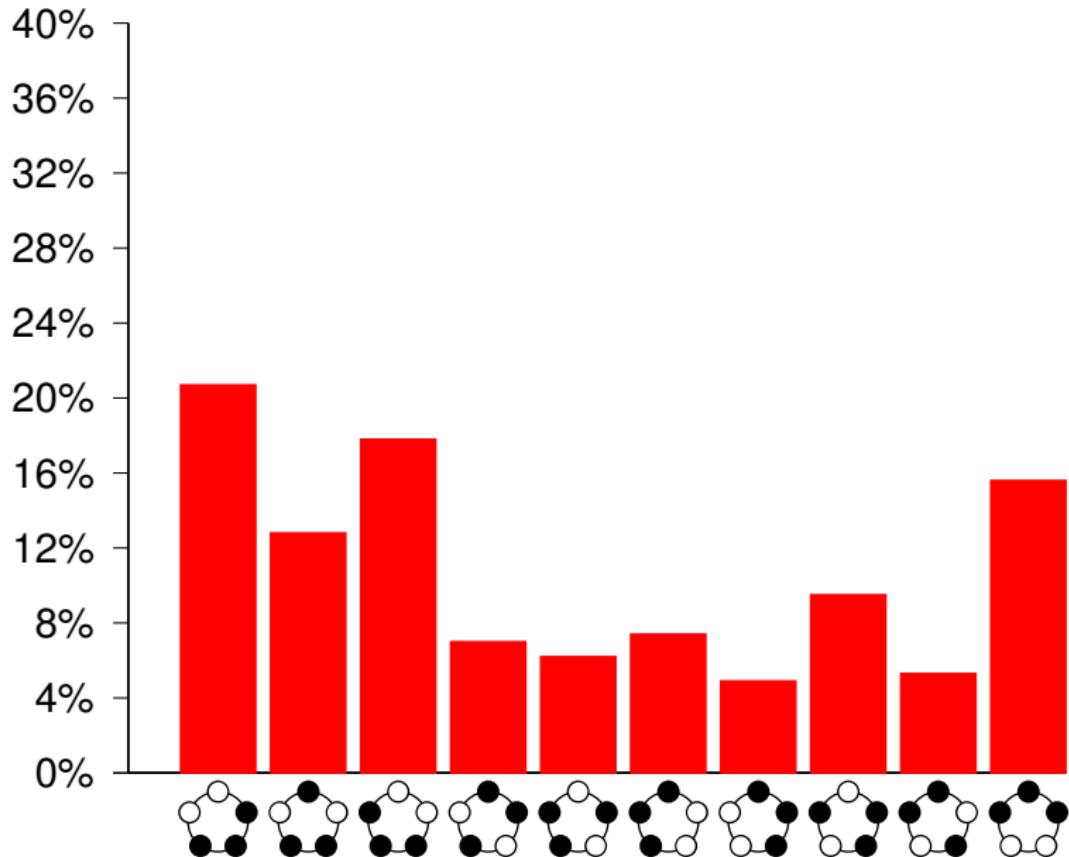
# Stationary distribution



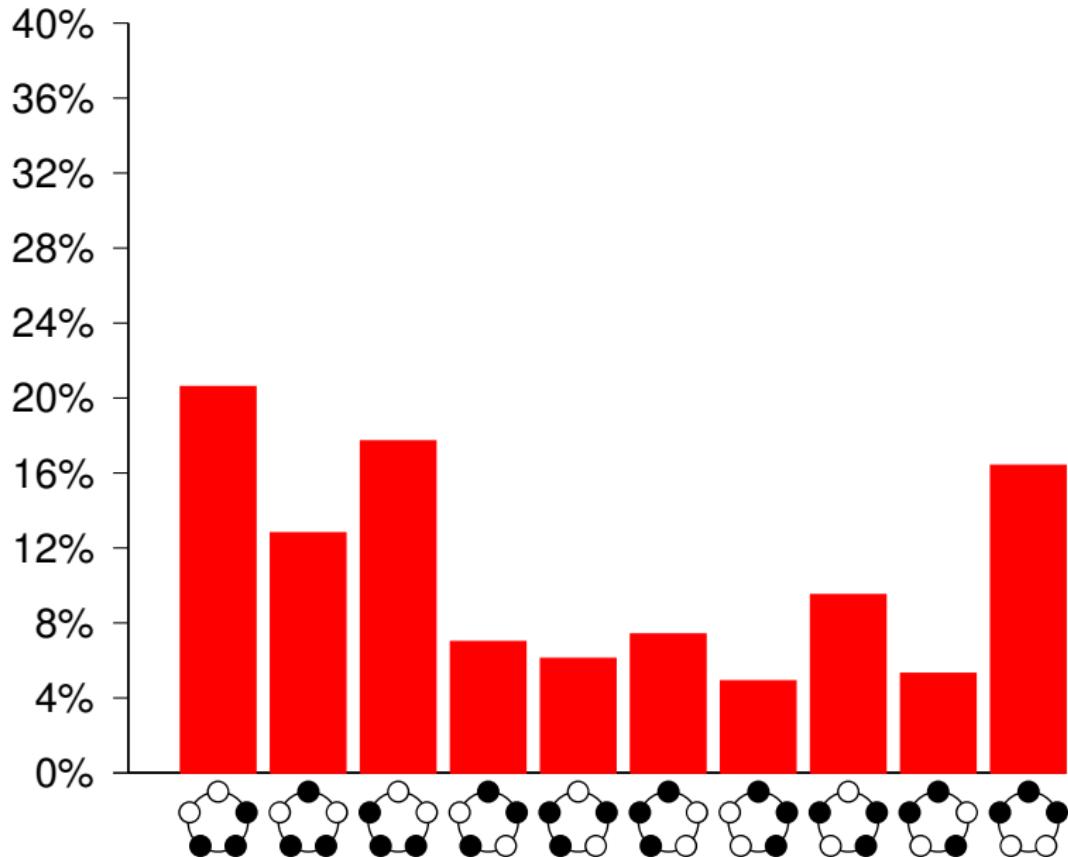
# Stationary distribution



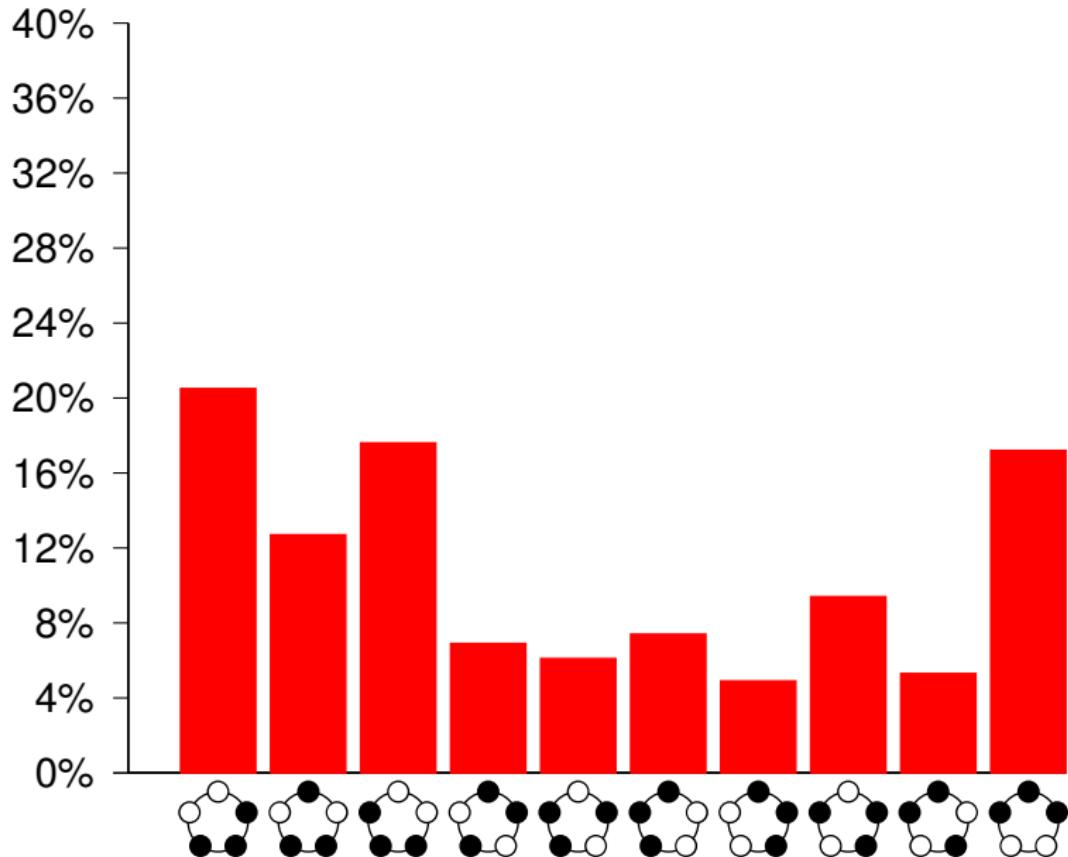
# Stationary distribution



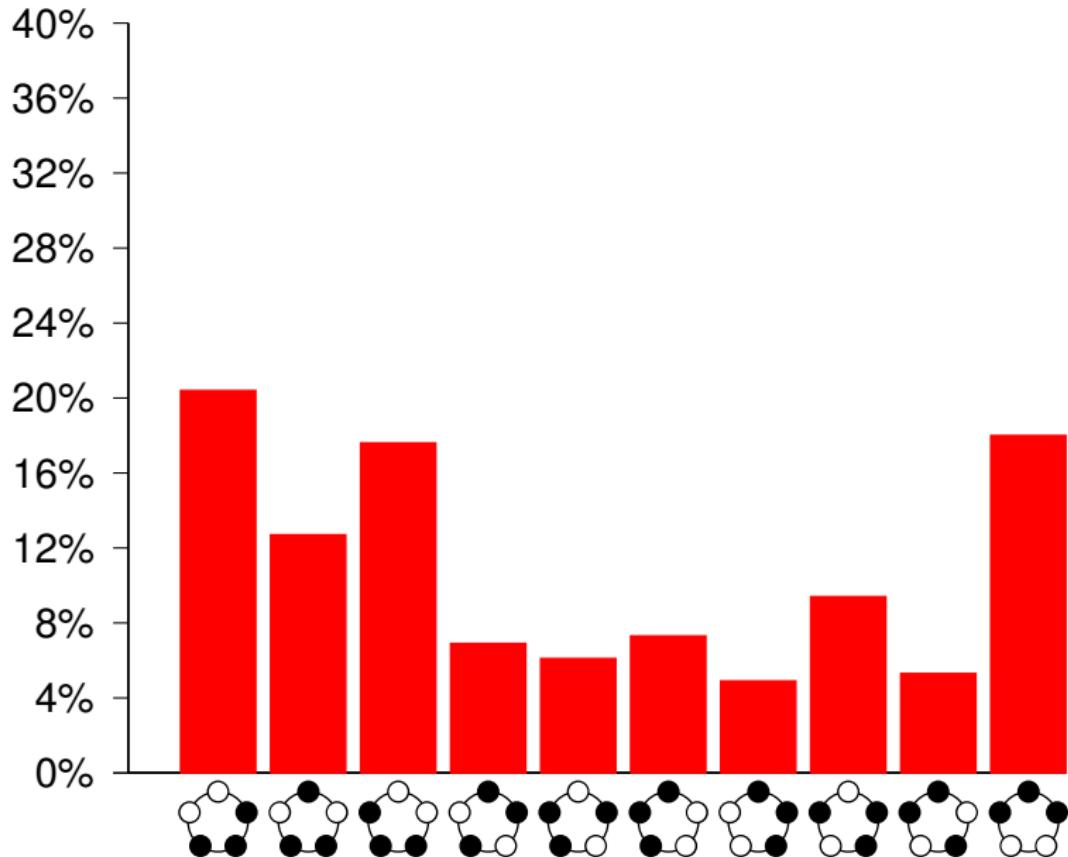
# Stationary distribution



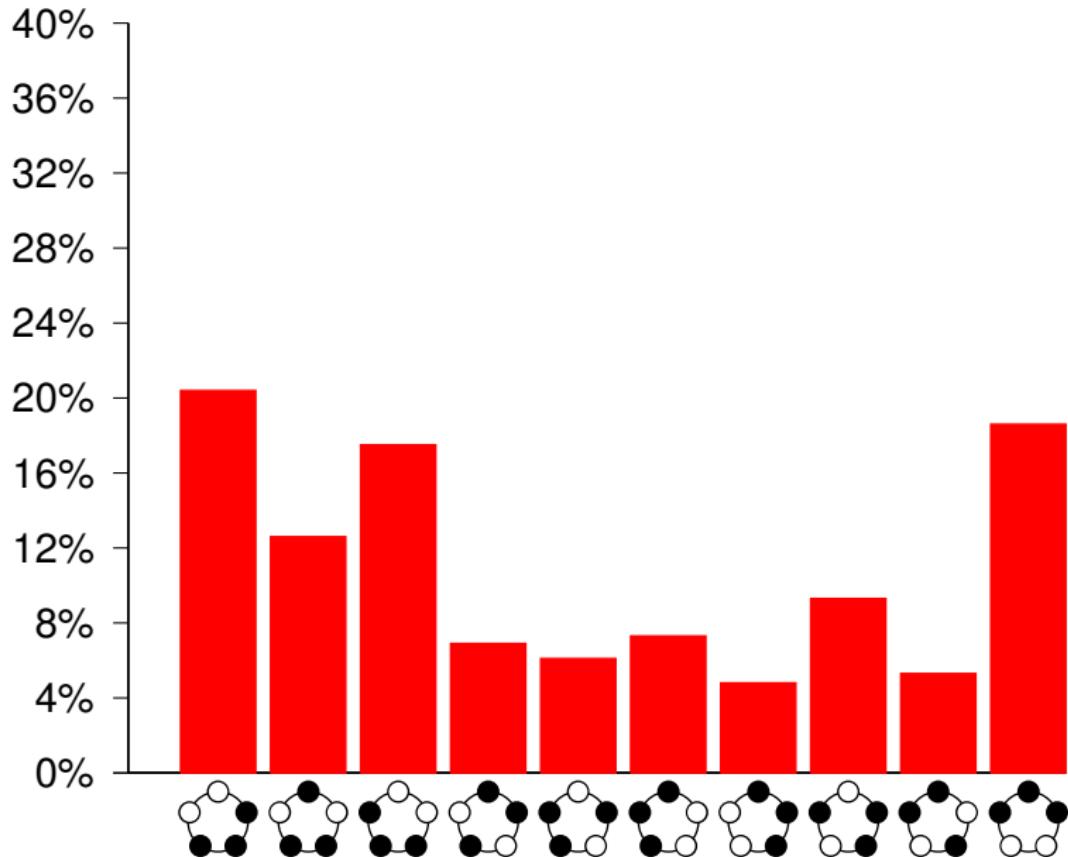
# Stationary distribution



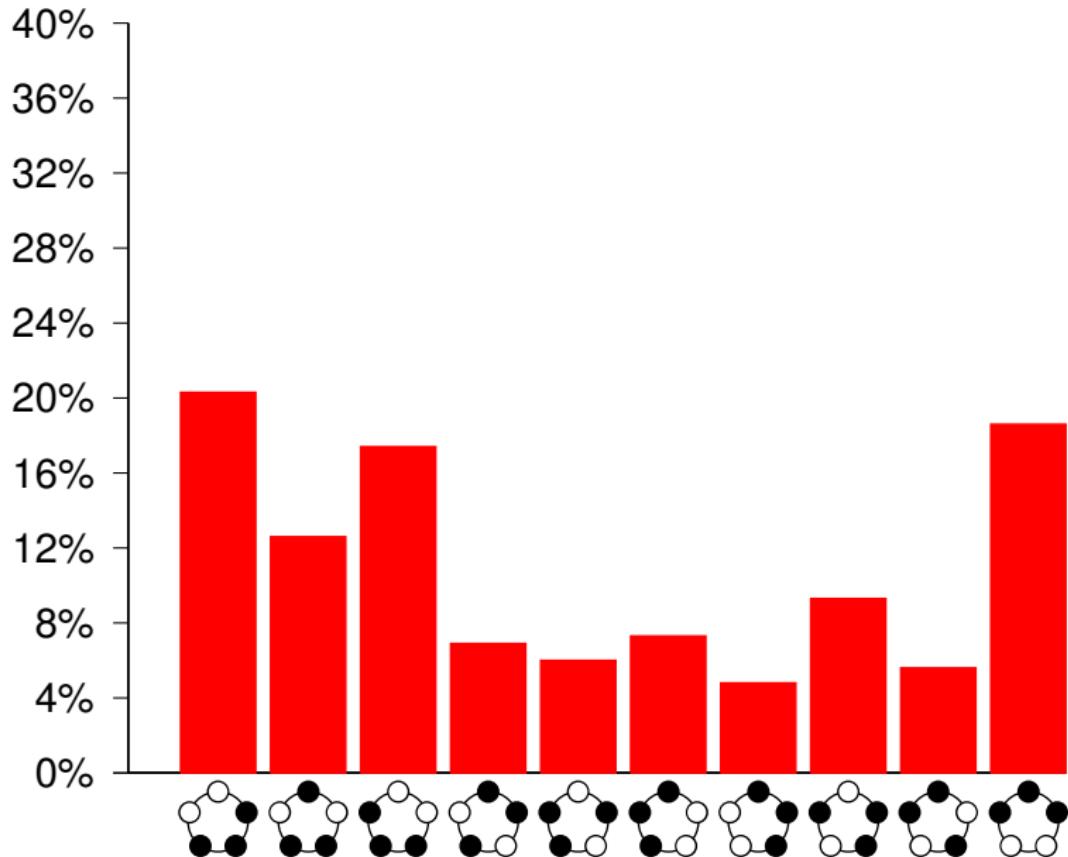
# Stationary distribution



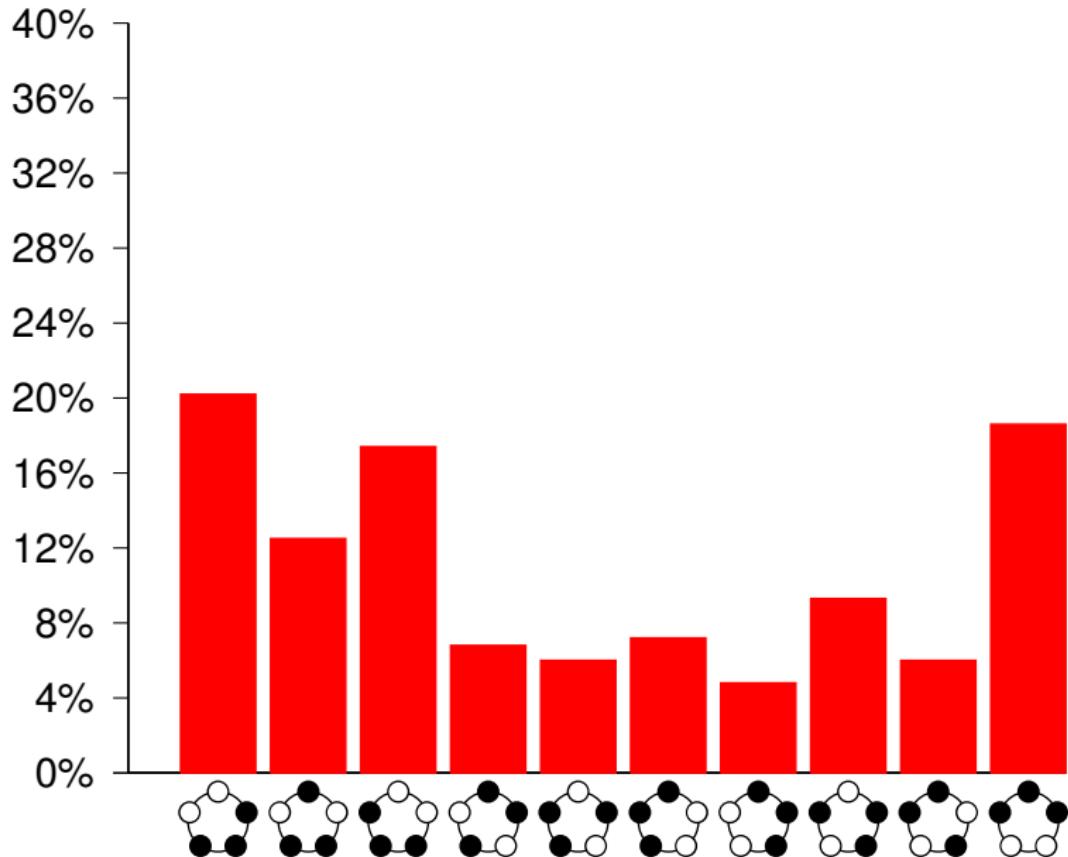
# Stationary distribution



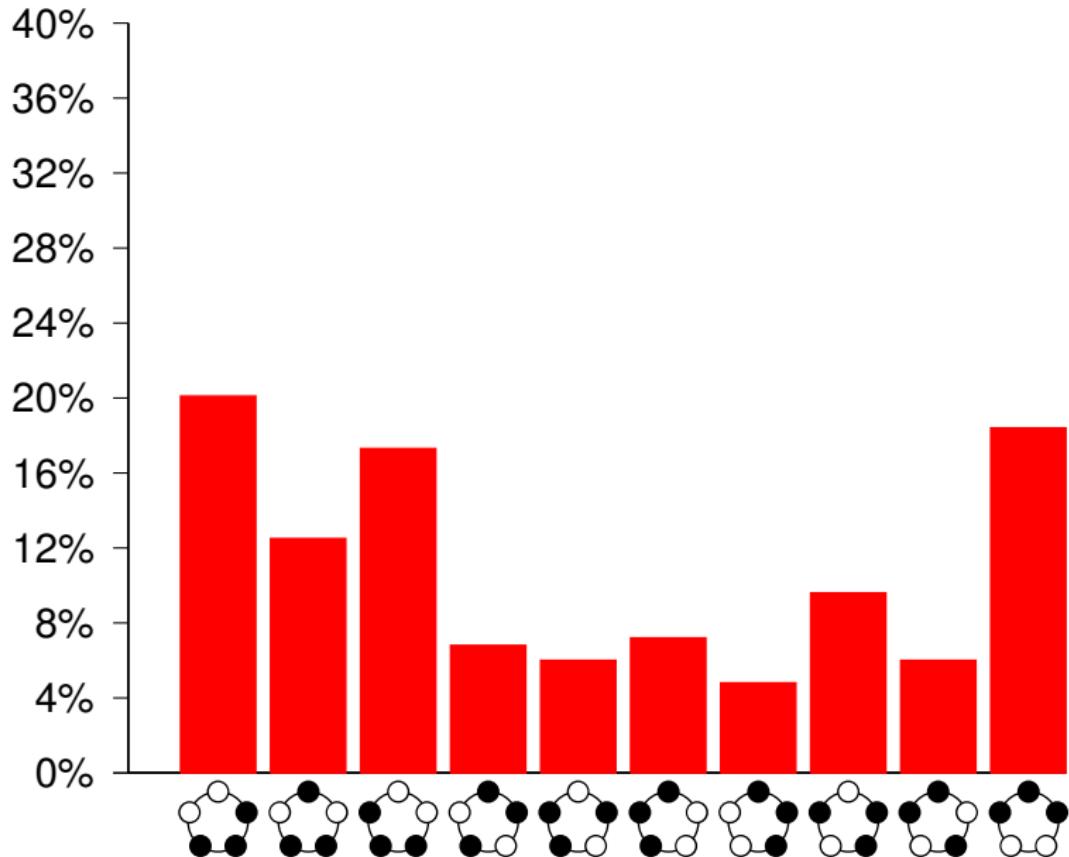
# Stationary distribution



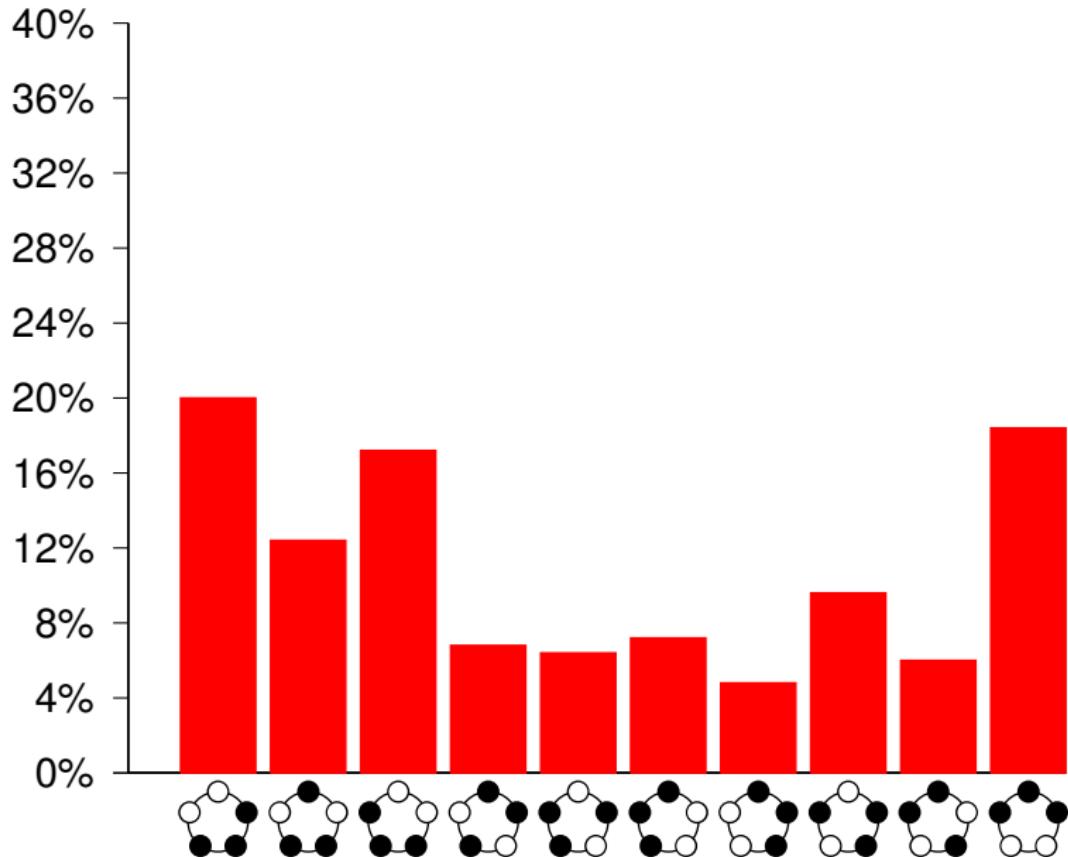
# Stationary distribution



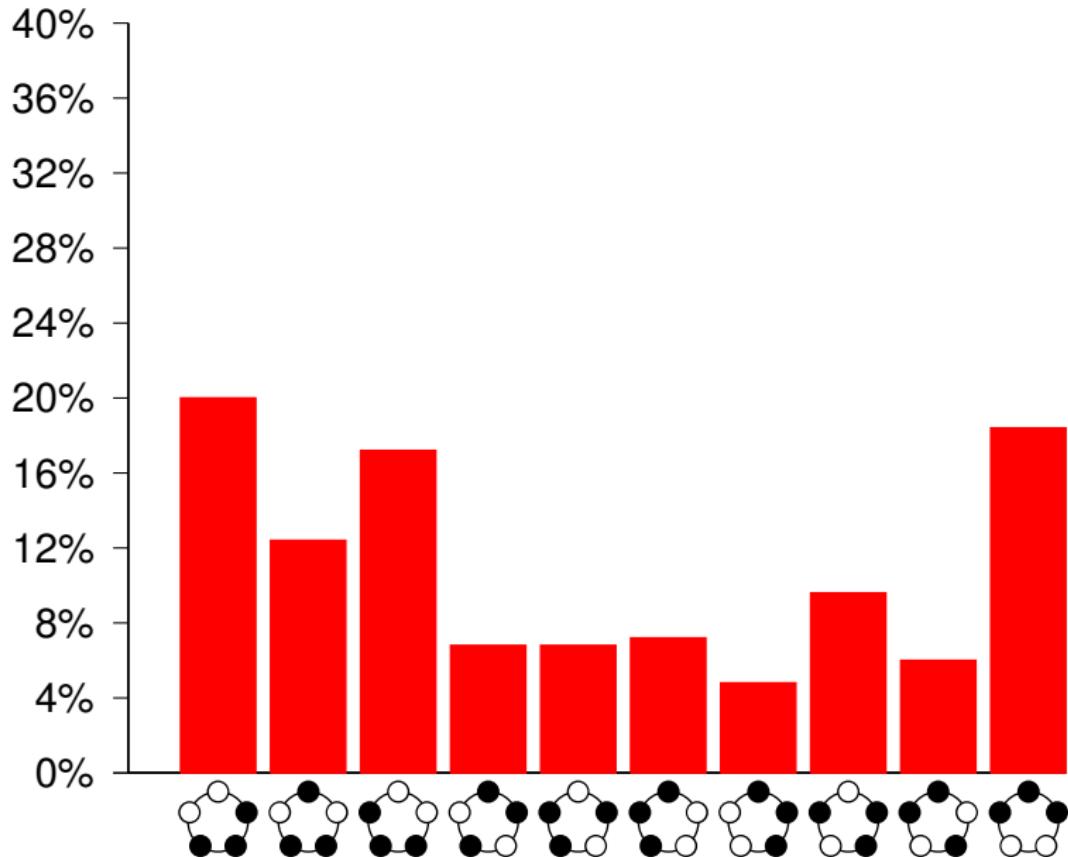
# Stationary distribution



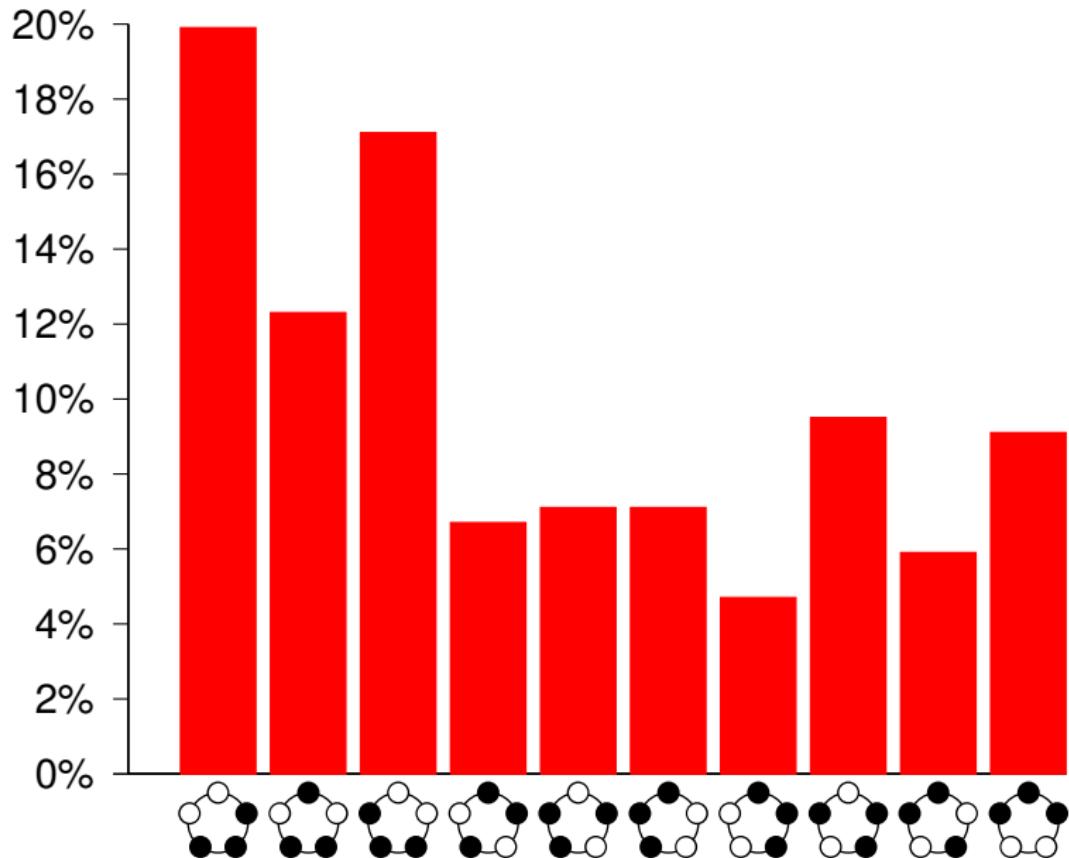
# Stationary distribution



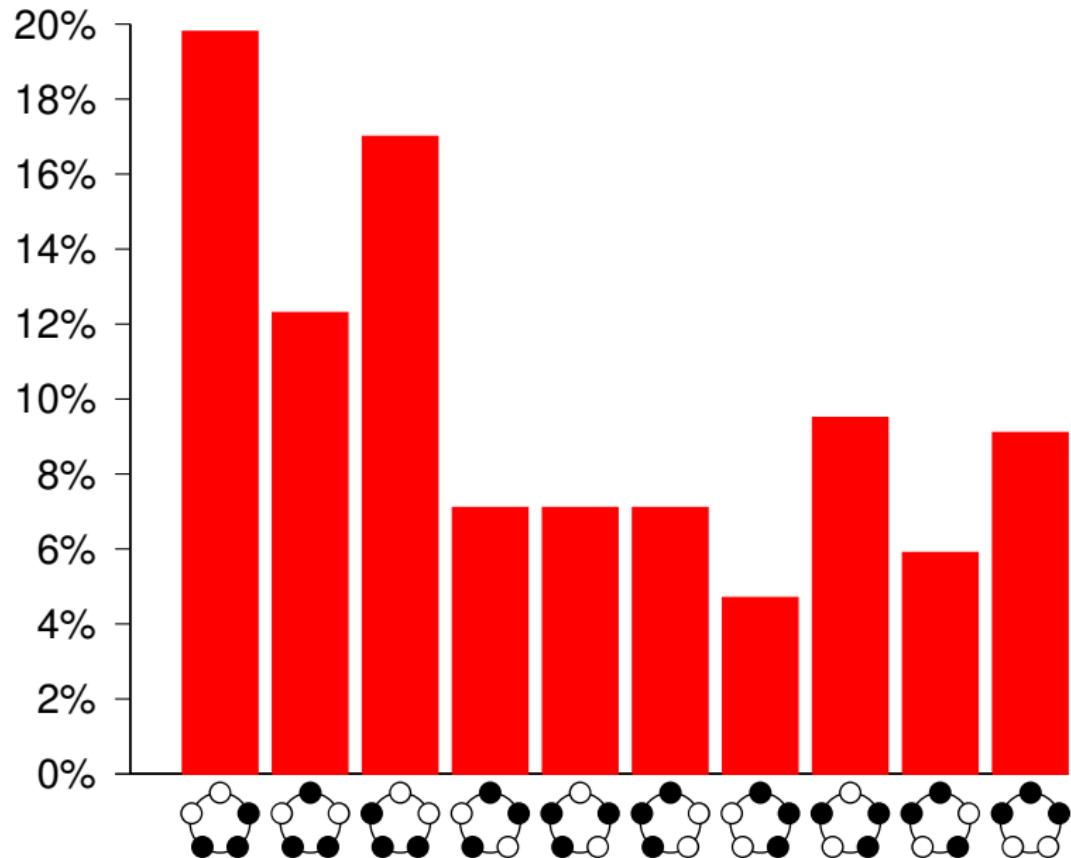
# Stationary distribution



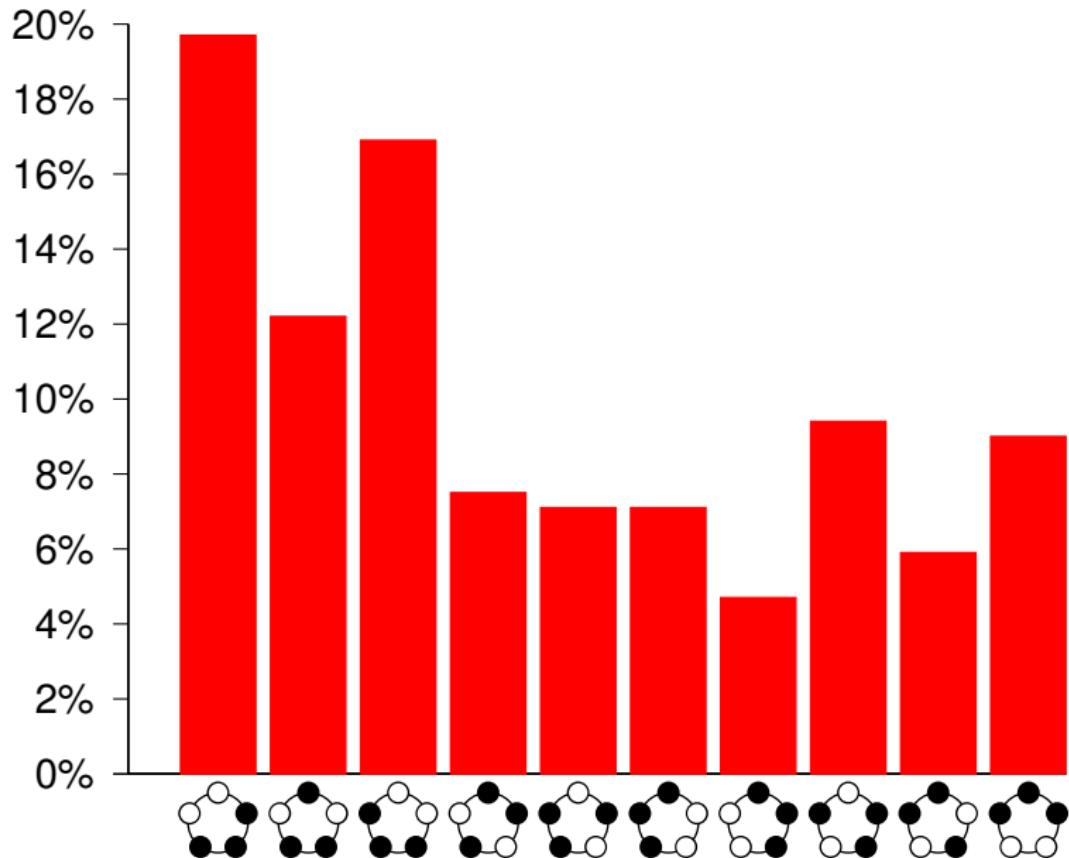
# Stationary distribution



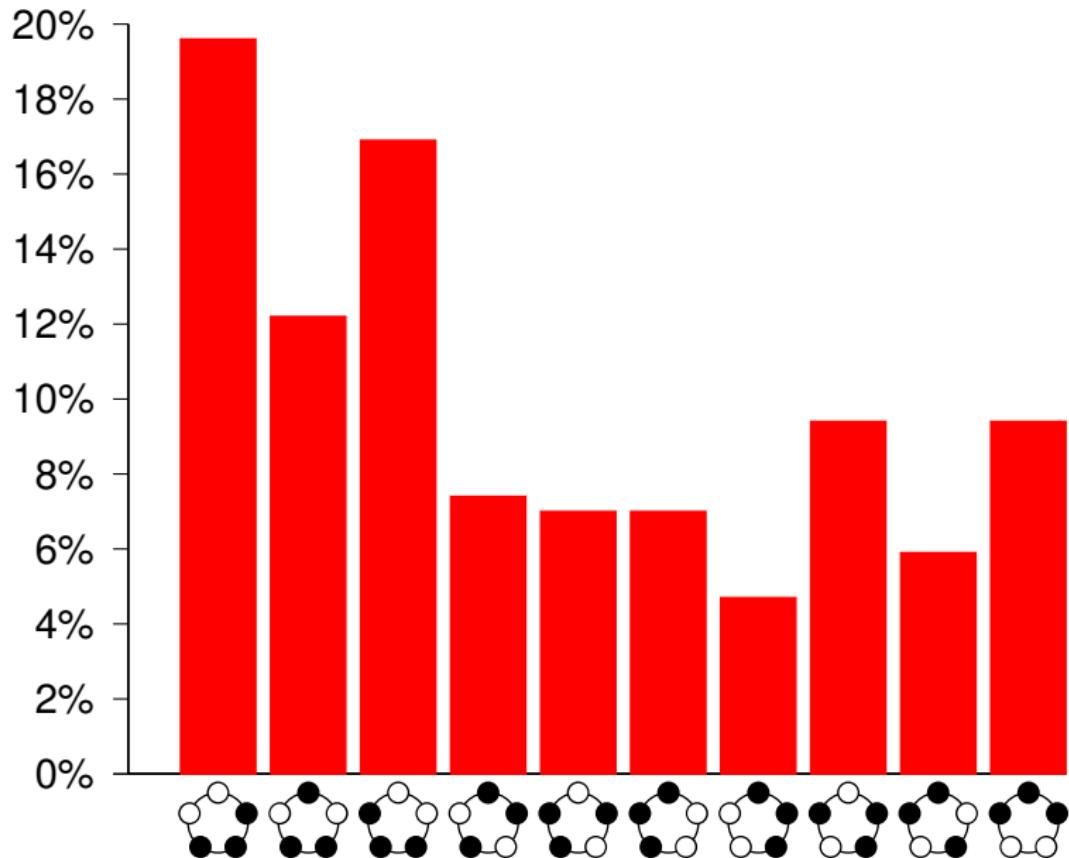
# Stationary distribution



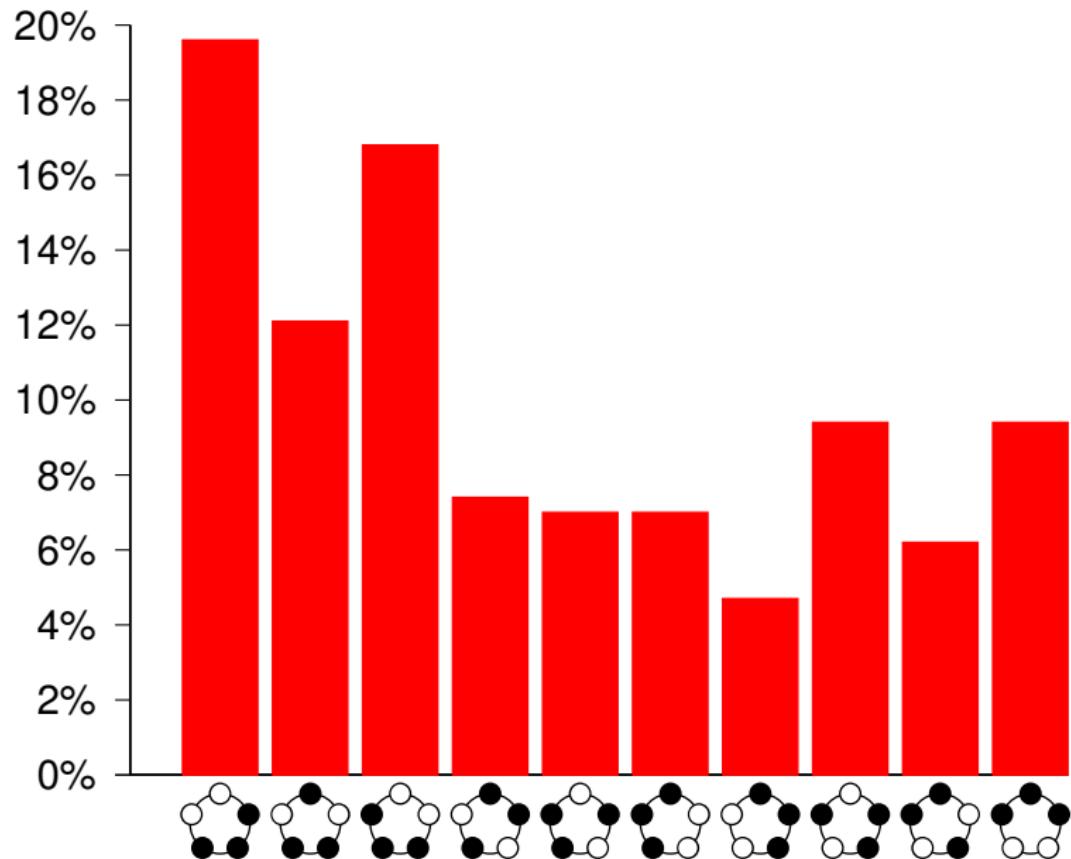
# Stationary distribution



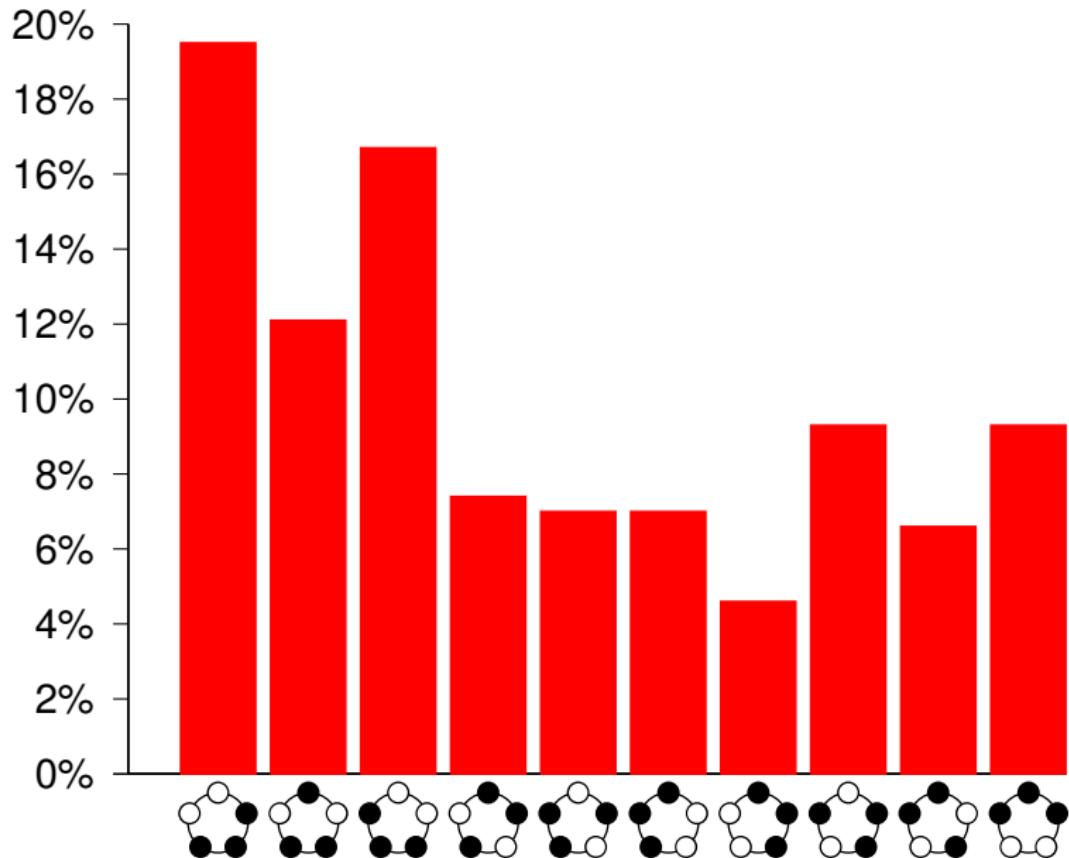
# Stationary distribution



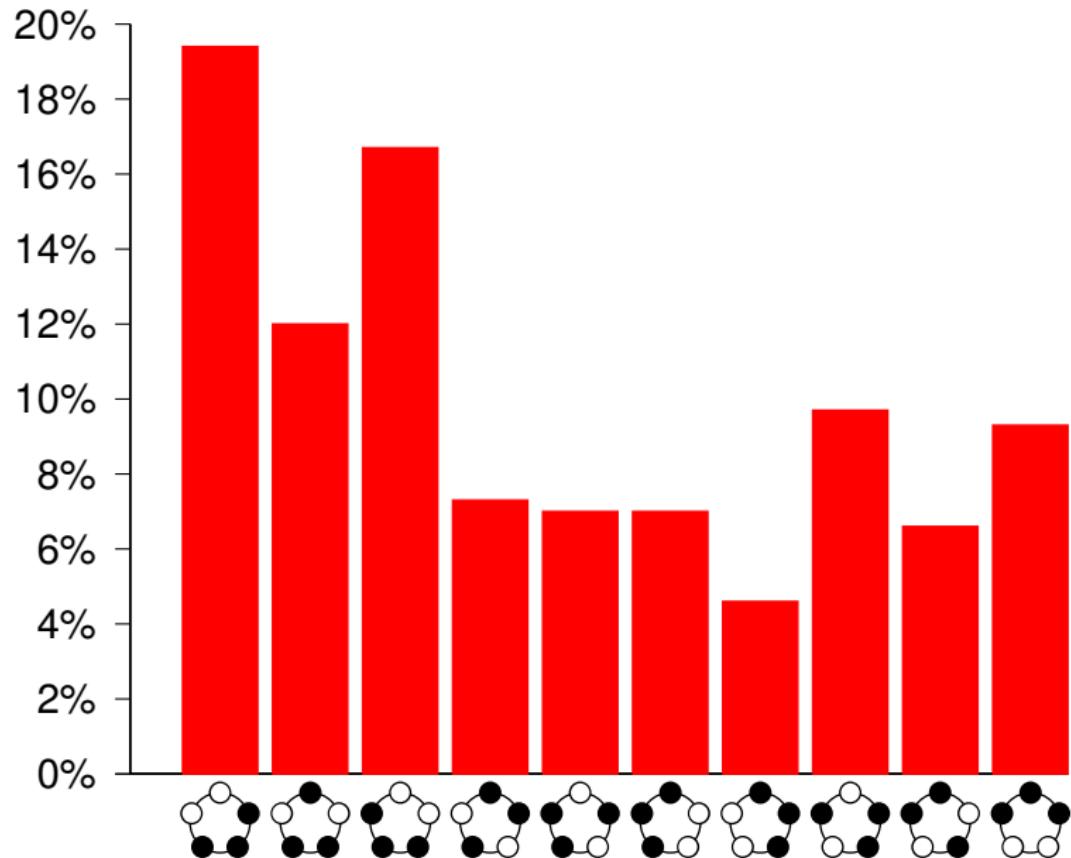
# Stationary distribution



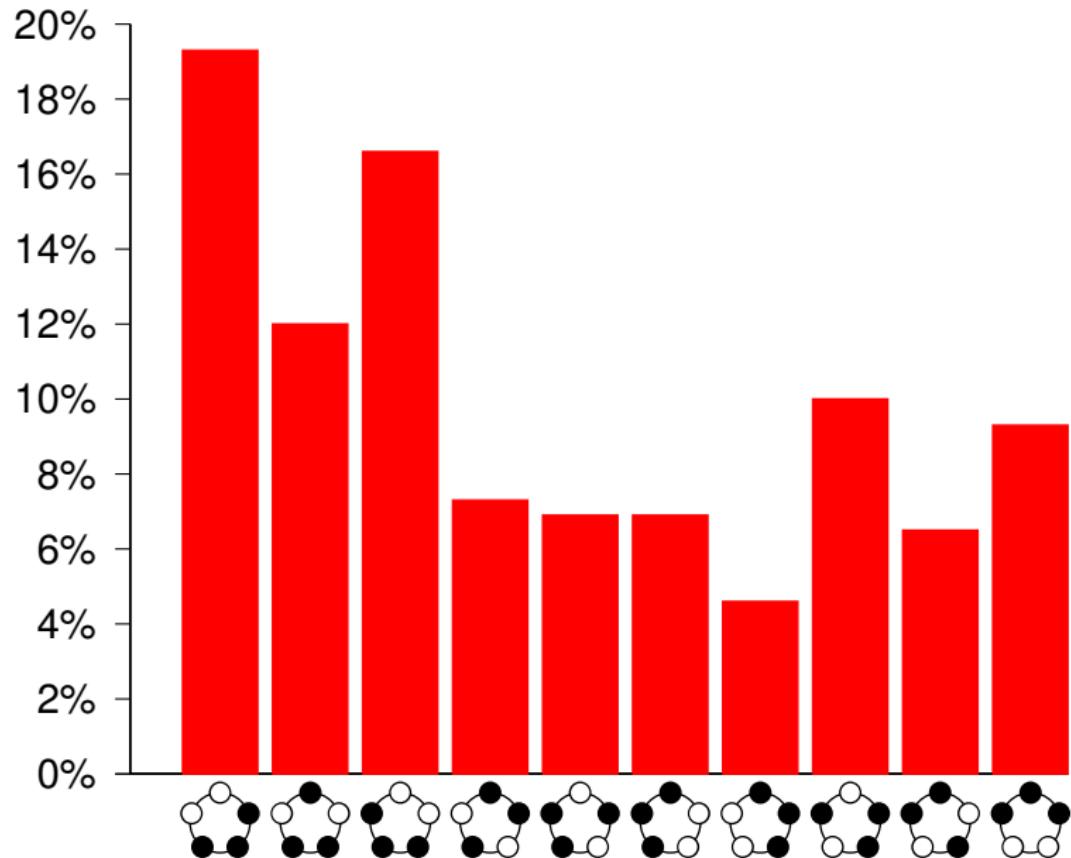
# Stationary distribution



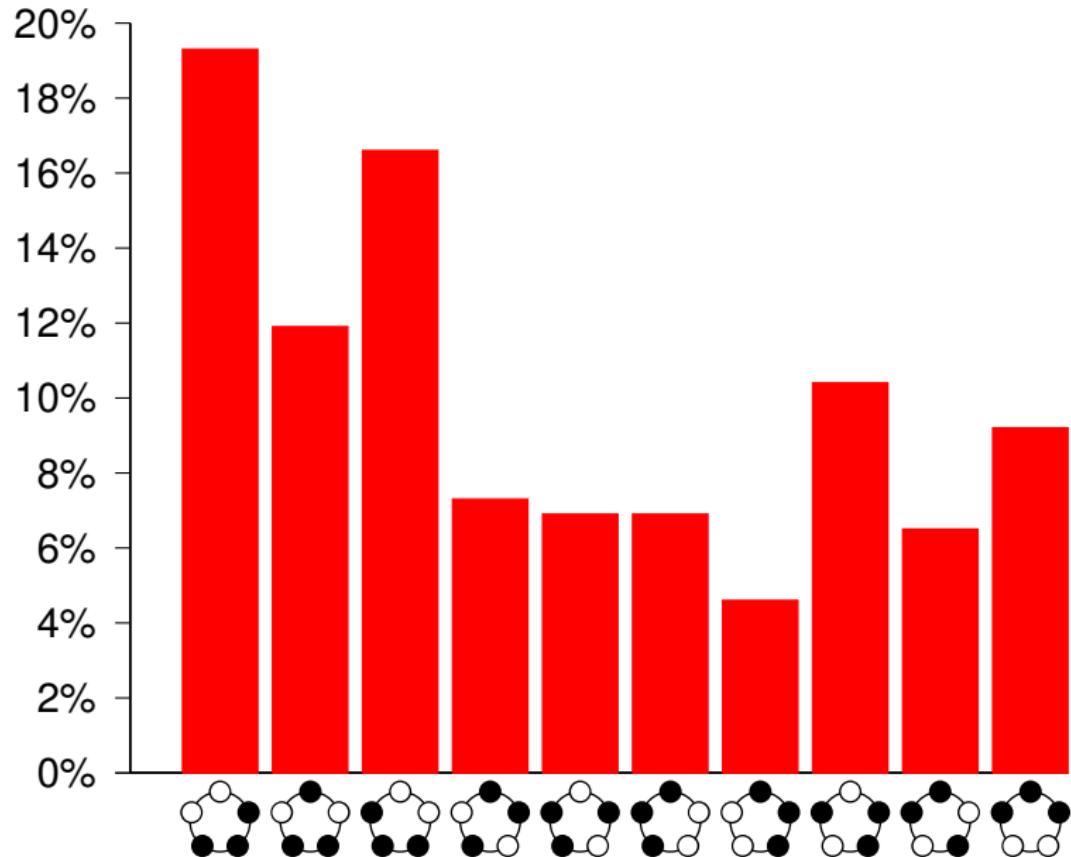
# Stationary distribution



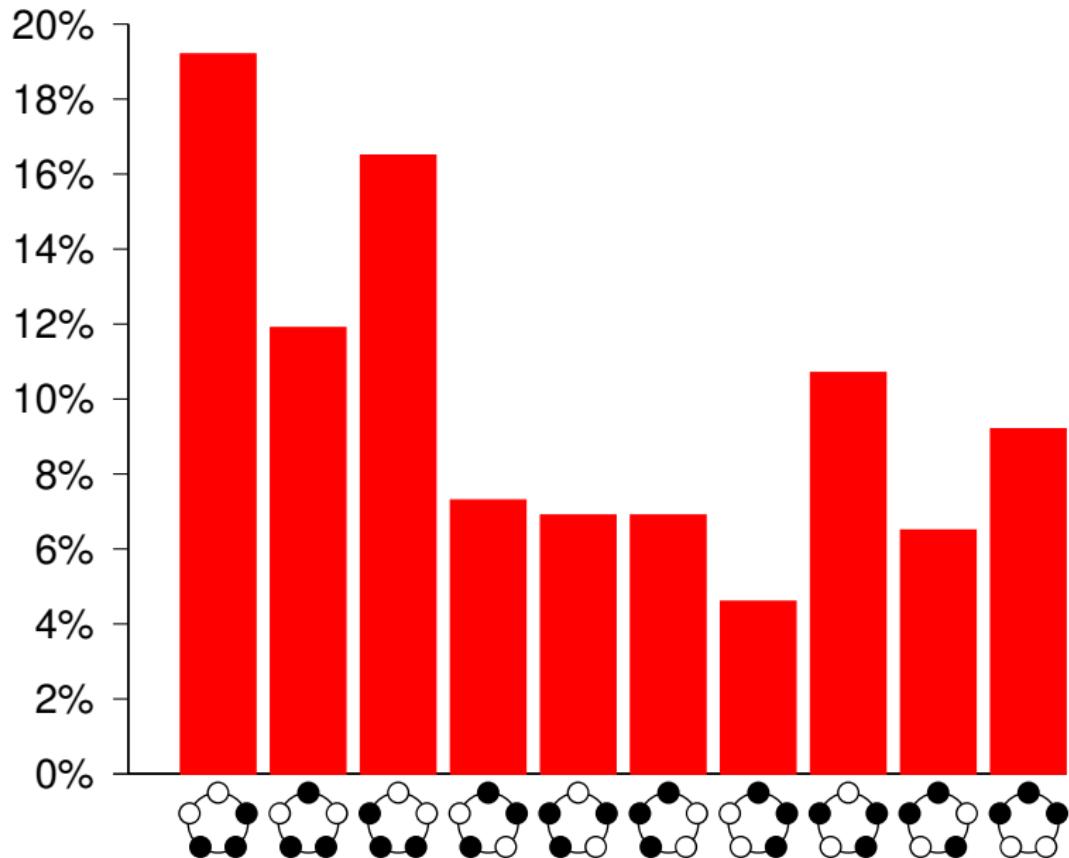
# Stationary distribution



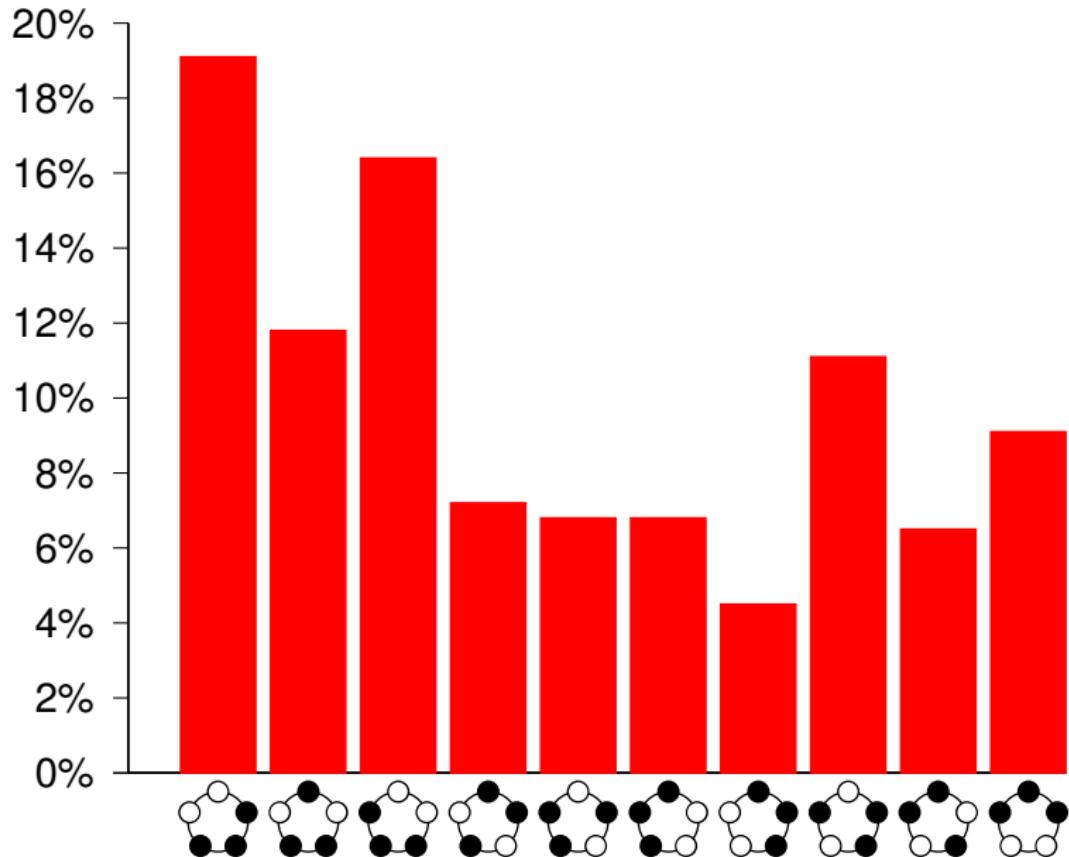
# Stationary distribution



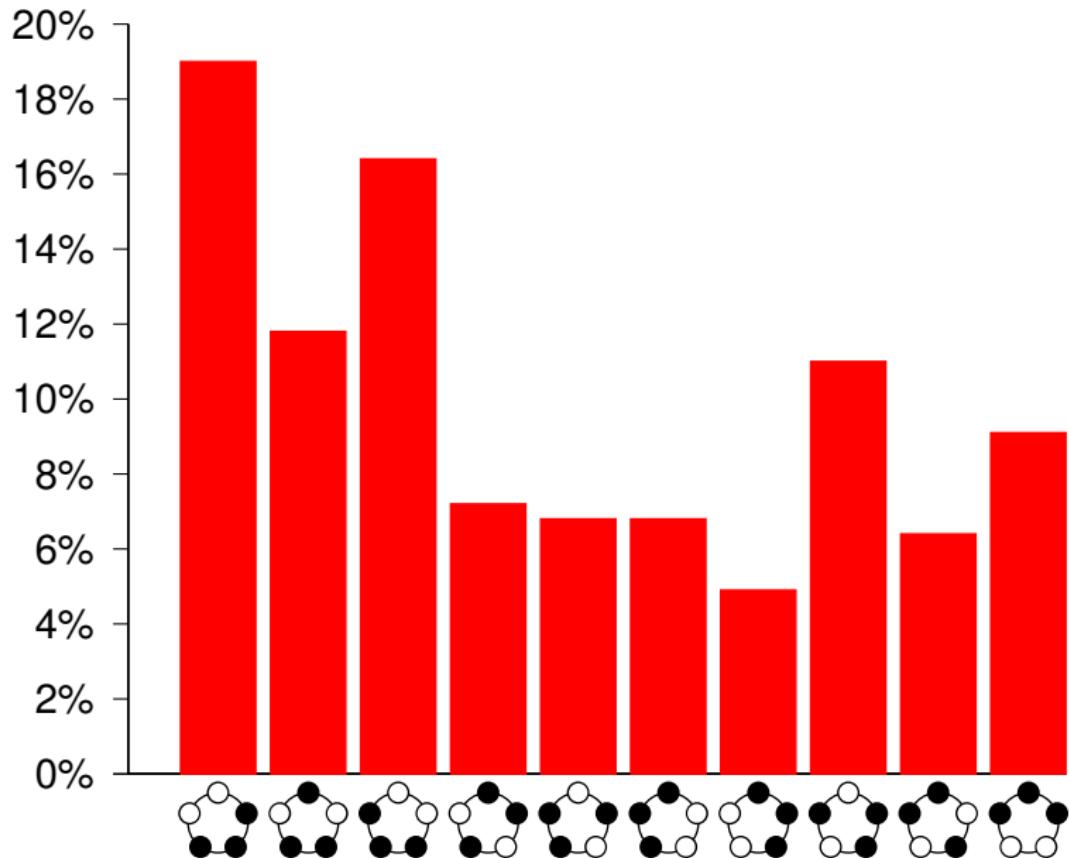
# Stationary distribution



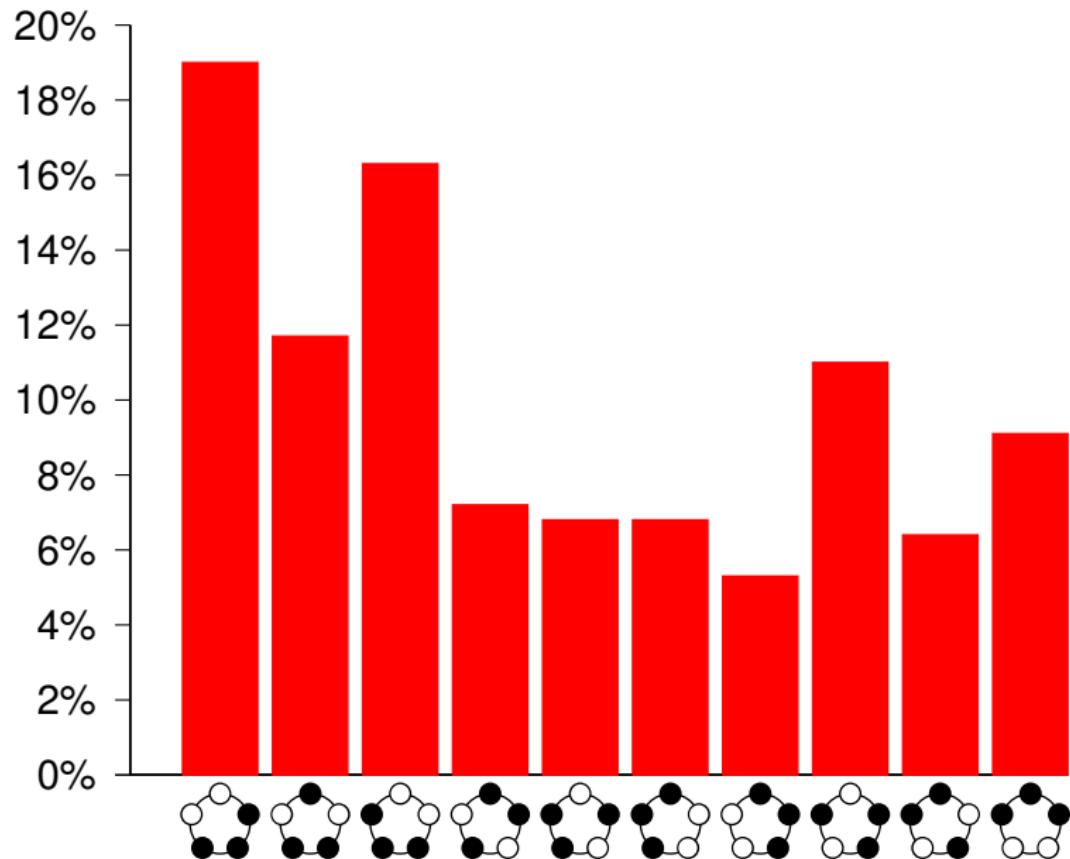
# Stationary distribution



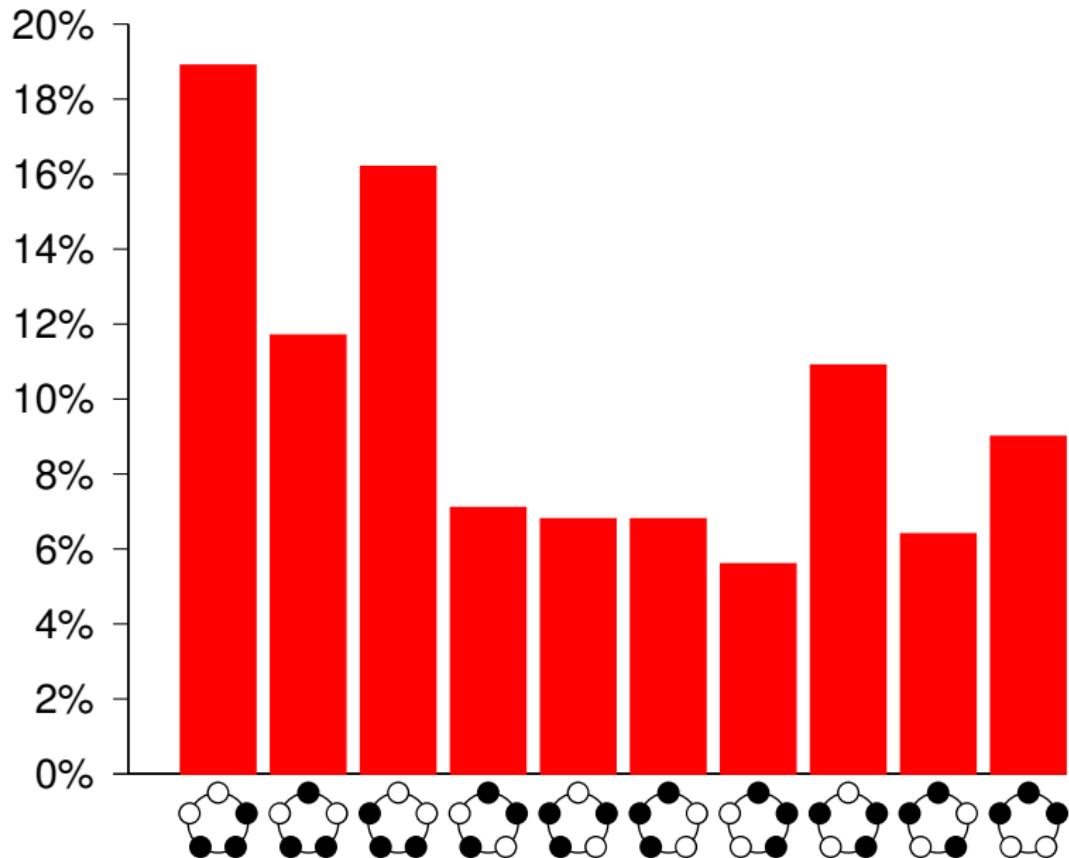
# Stationary distribution



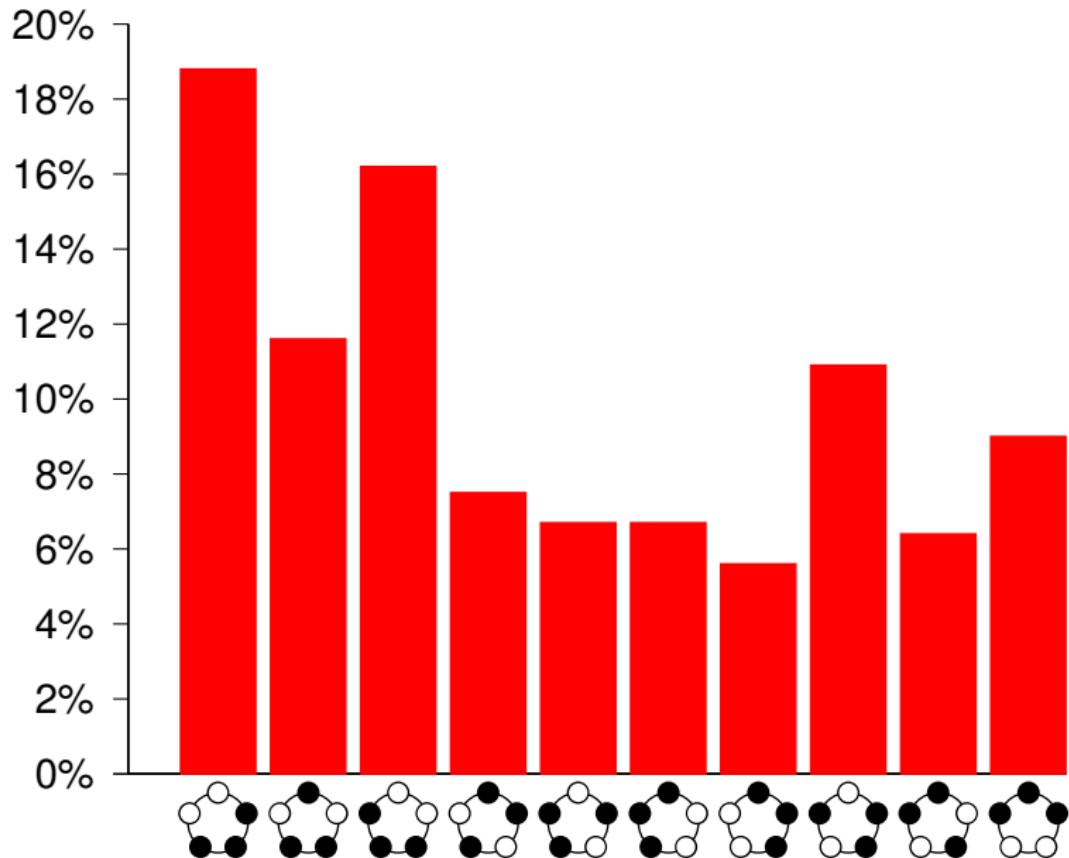
# Stationary distribution



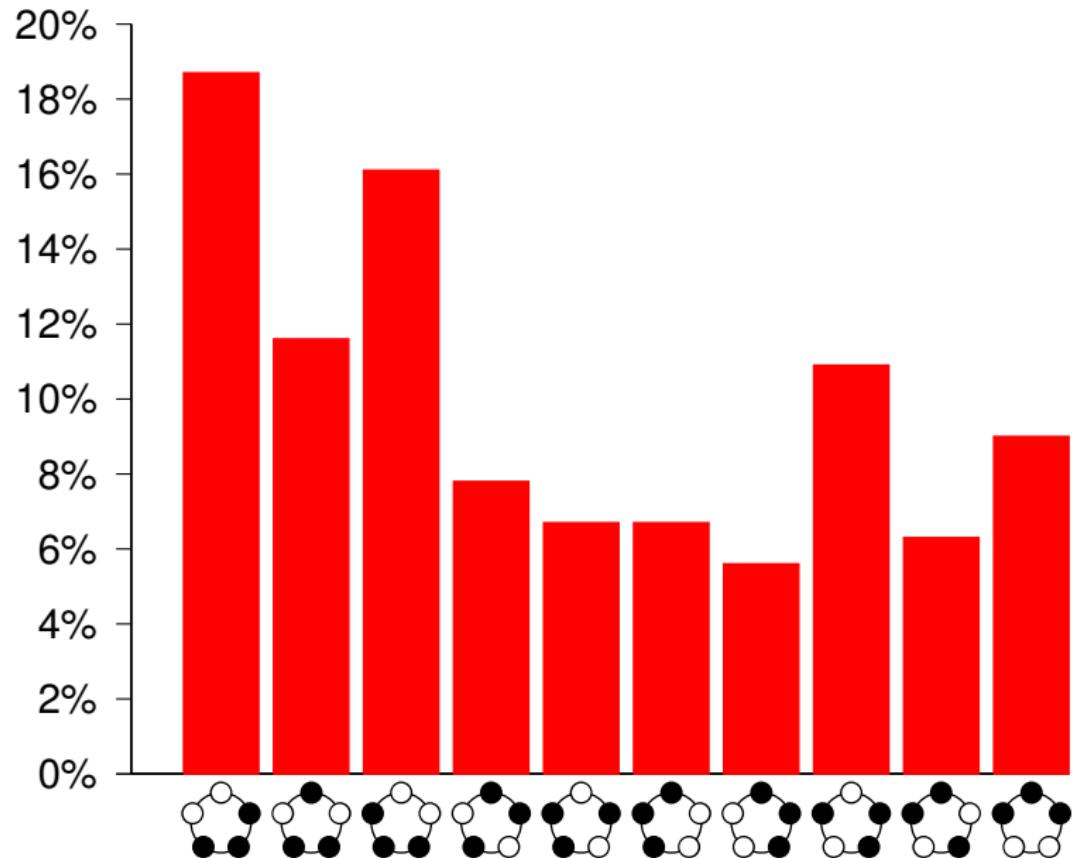
# Stationary distribution



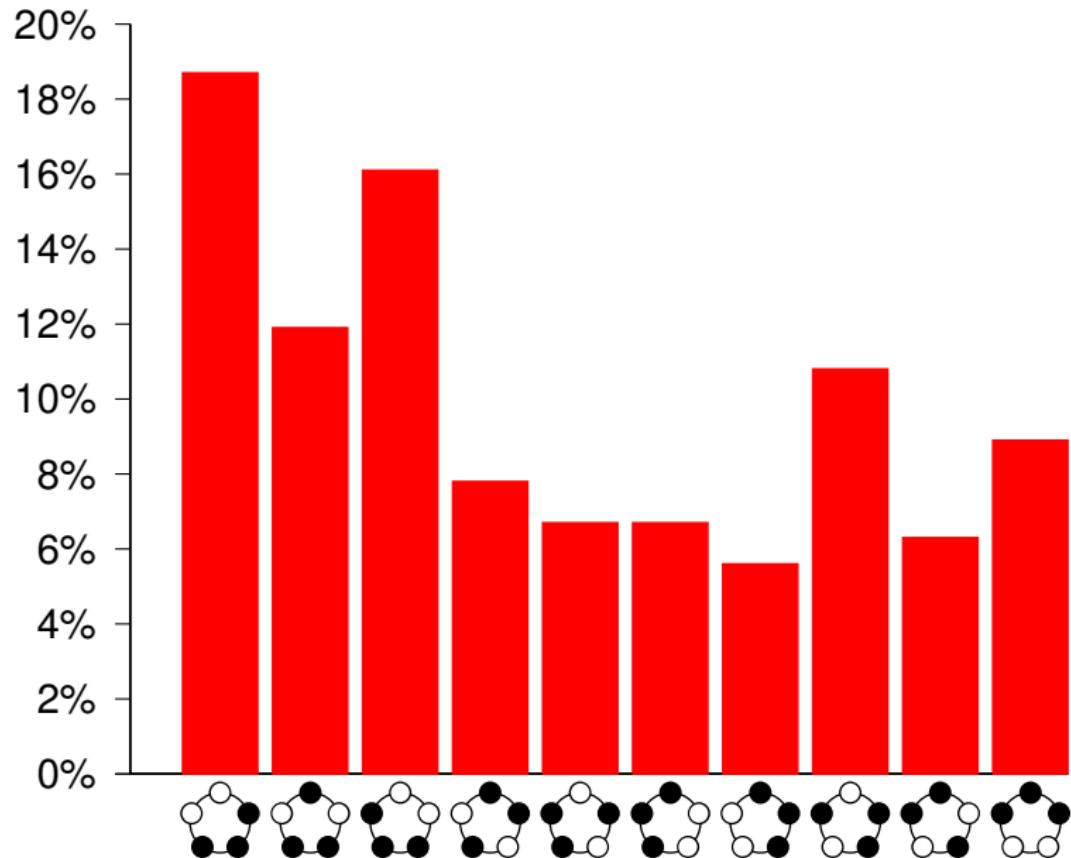
# Stationary distribution



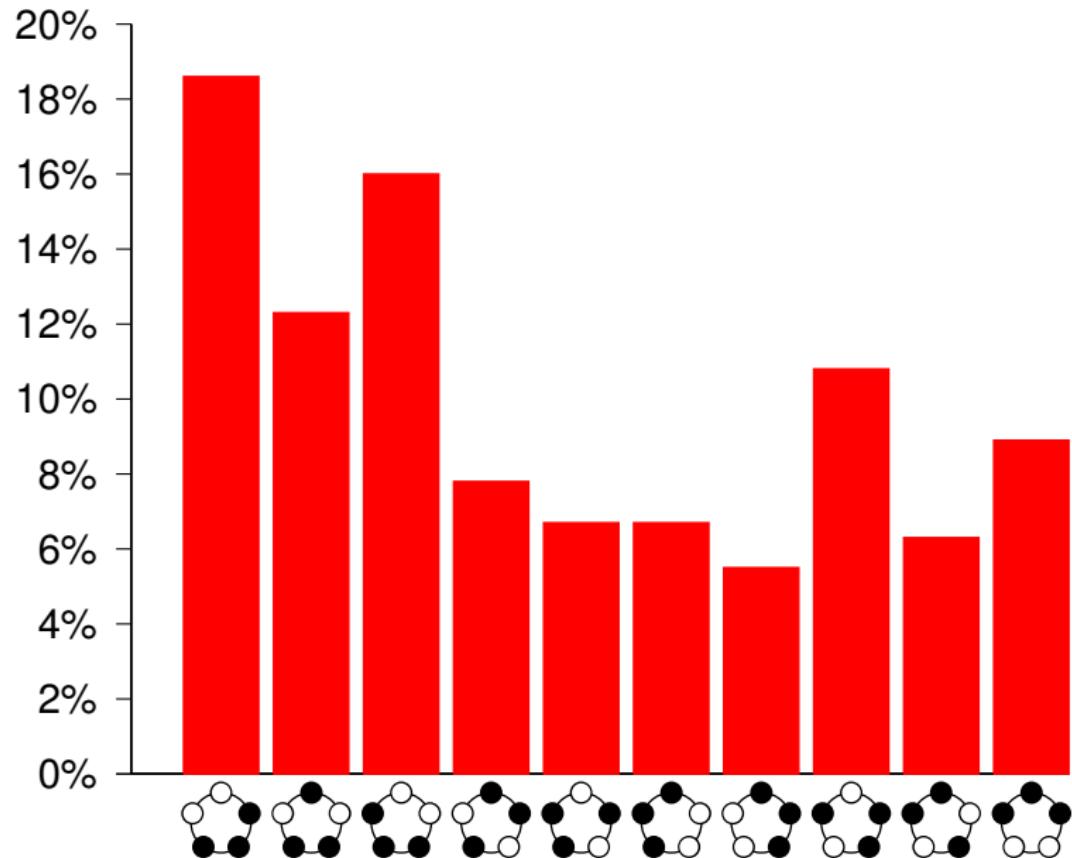
# Stationary distribution



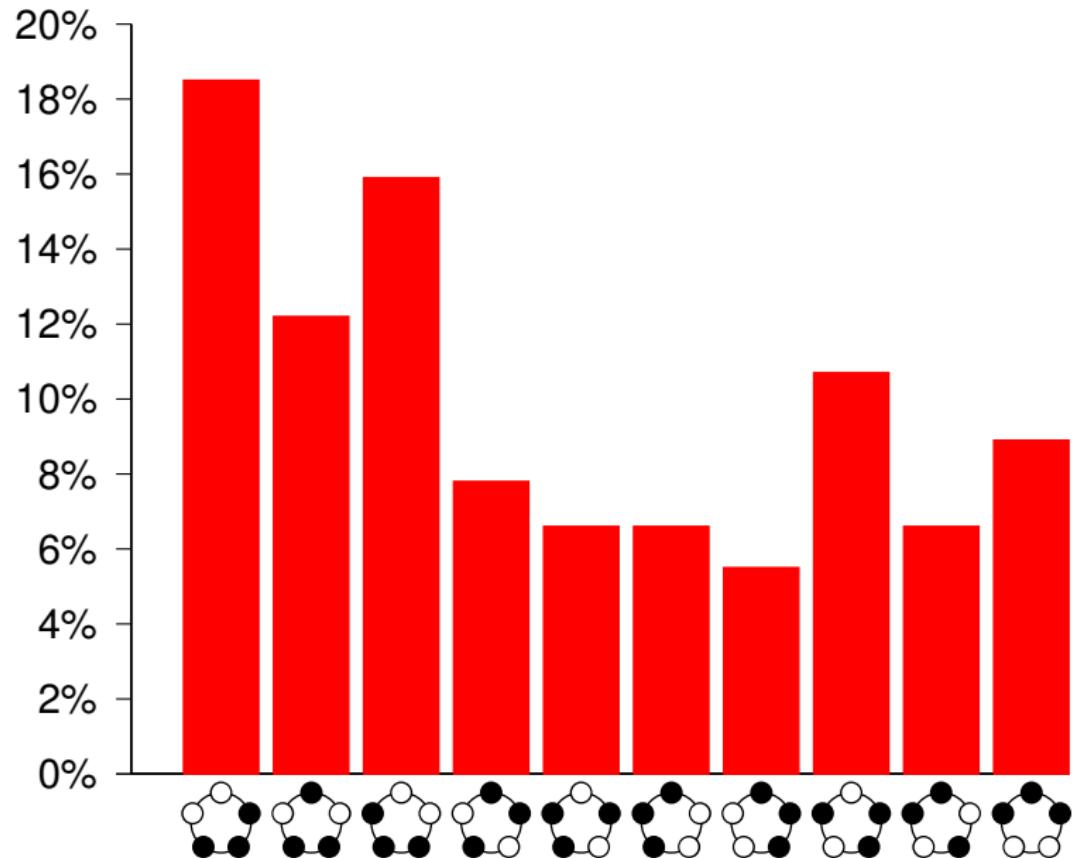
# Stationary distribution



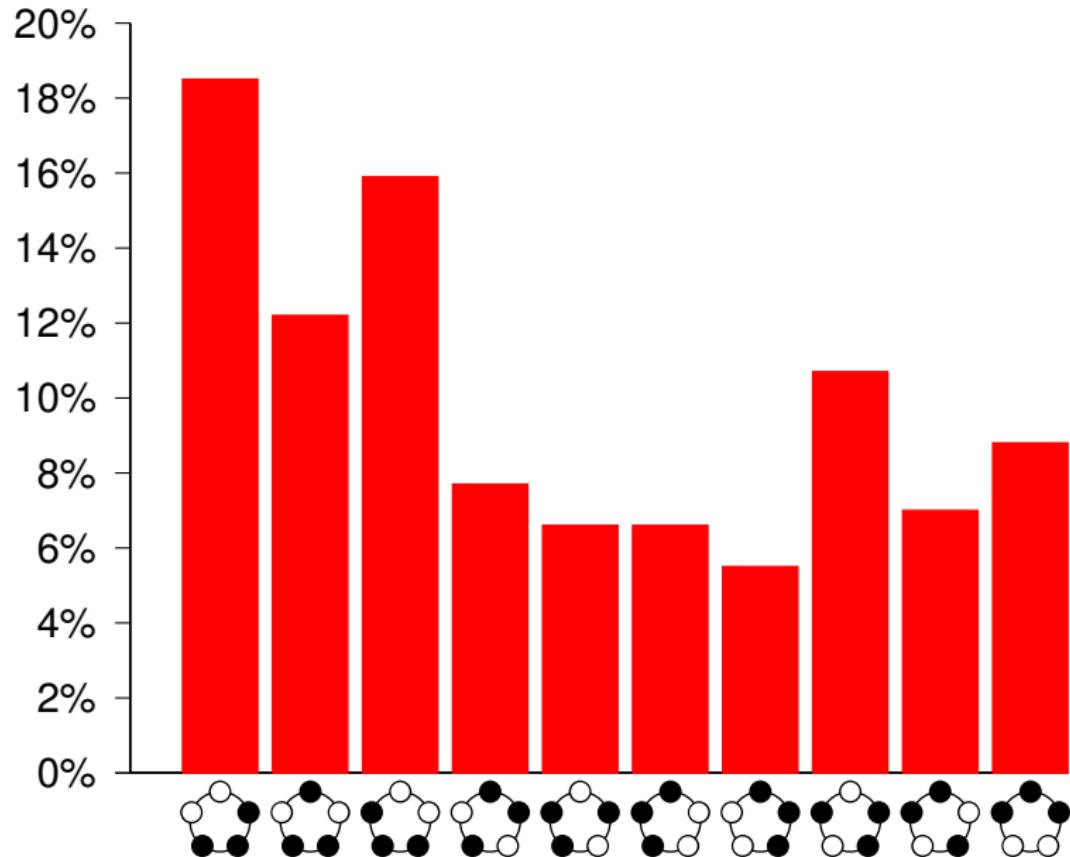
# Stationary distribution



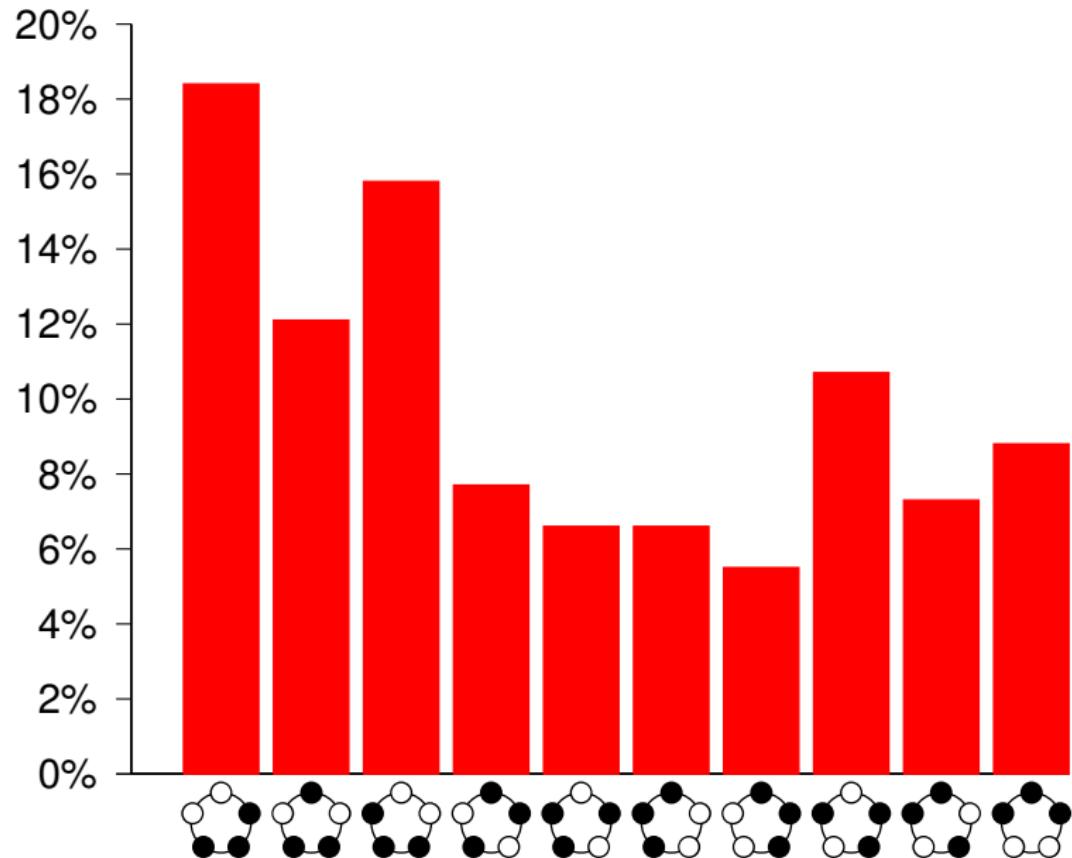
# Stationary distribution



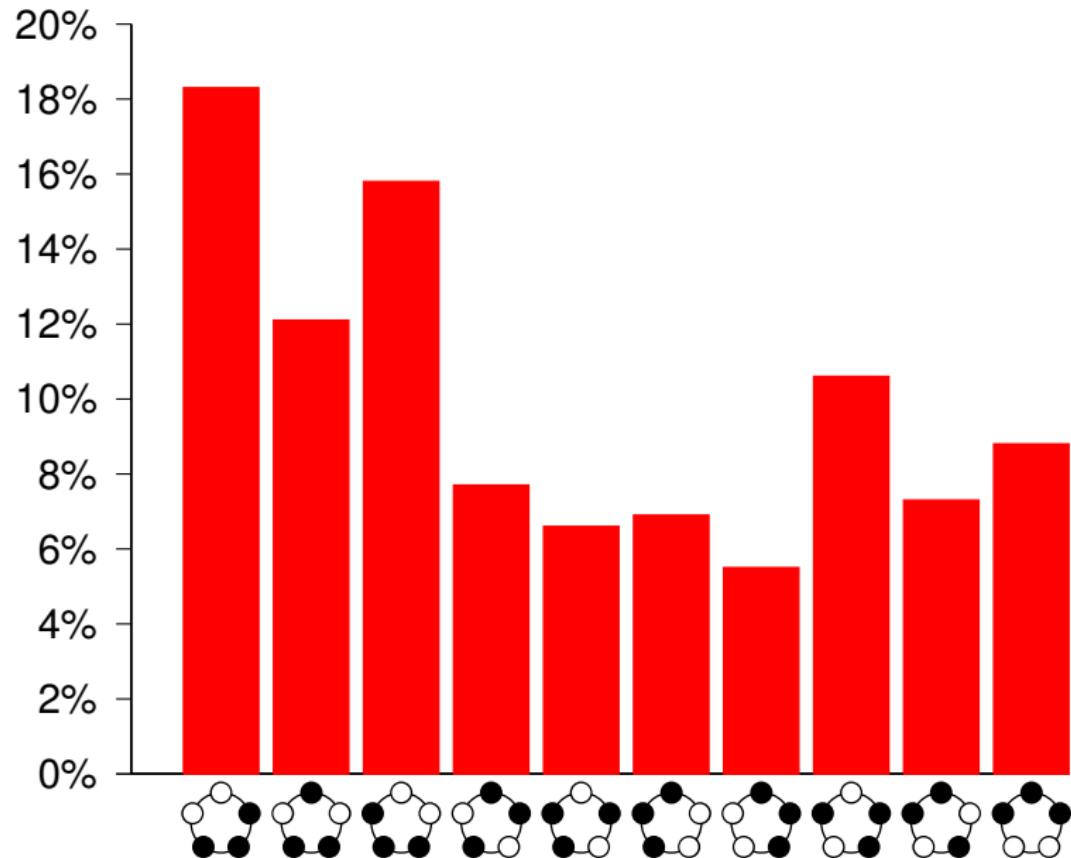
# Stationary distribution



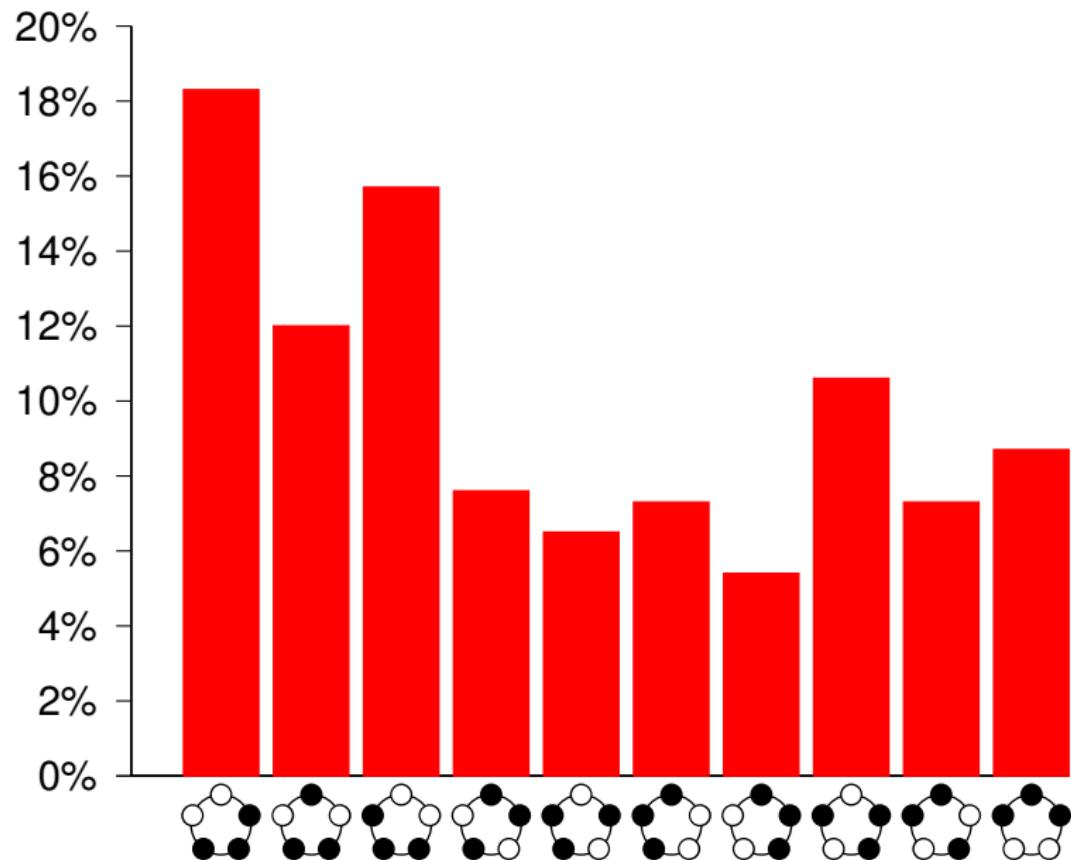
# Stationary distribution



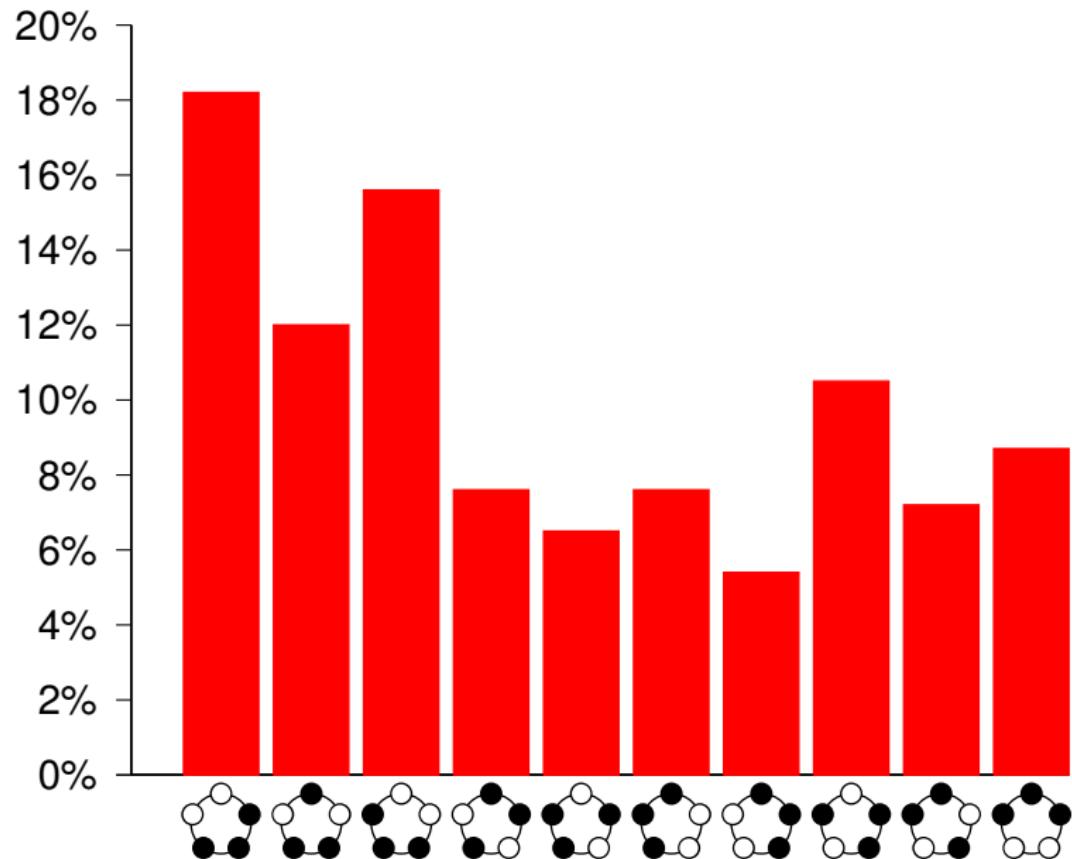
# Stationary distribution



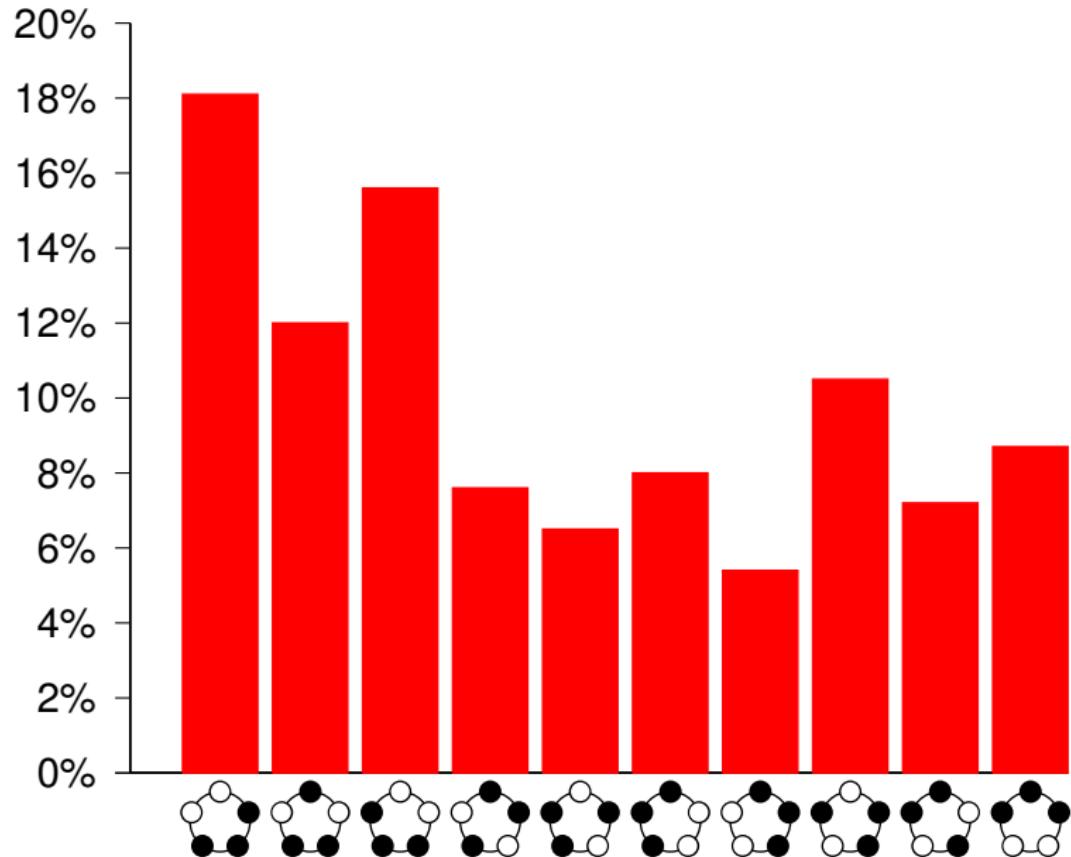
# Stationary distribution



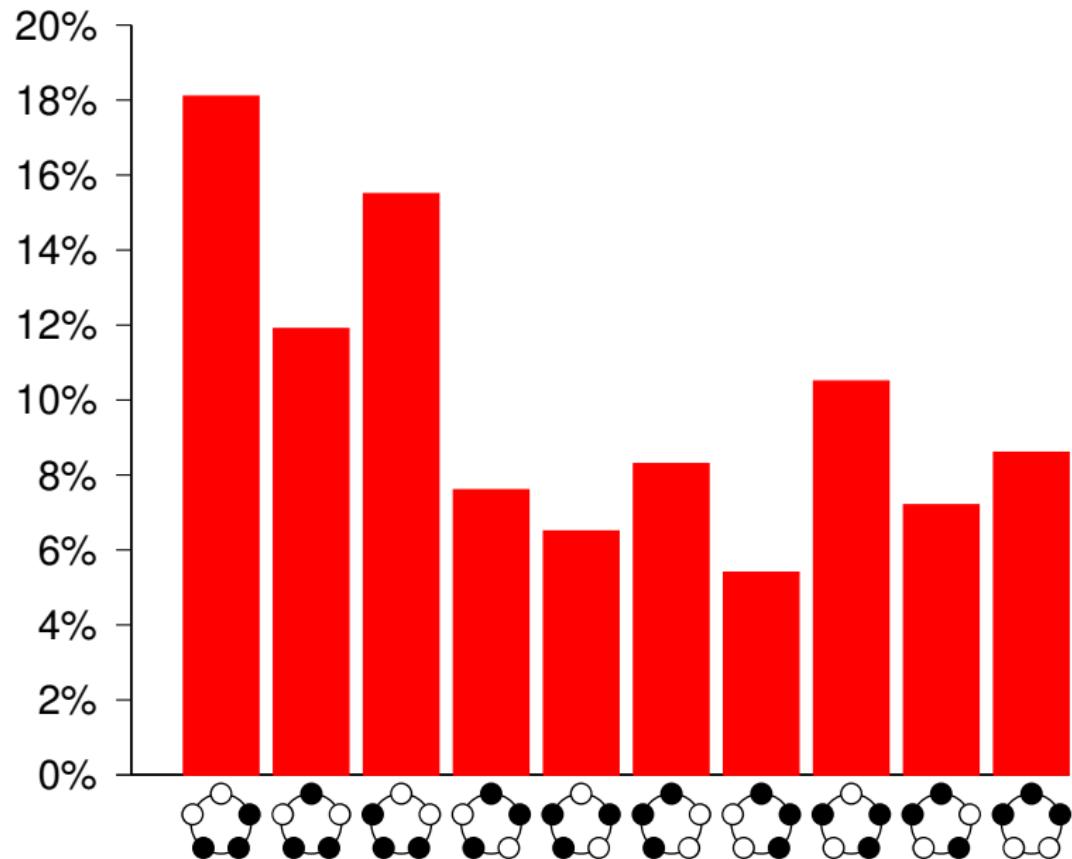
# Stationary distribution



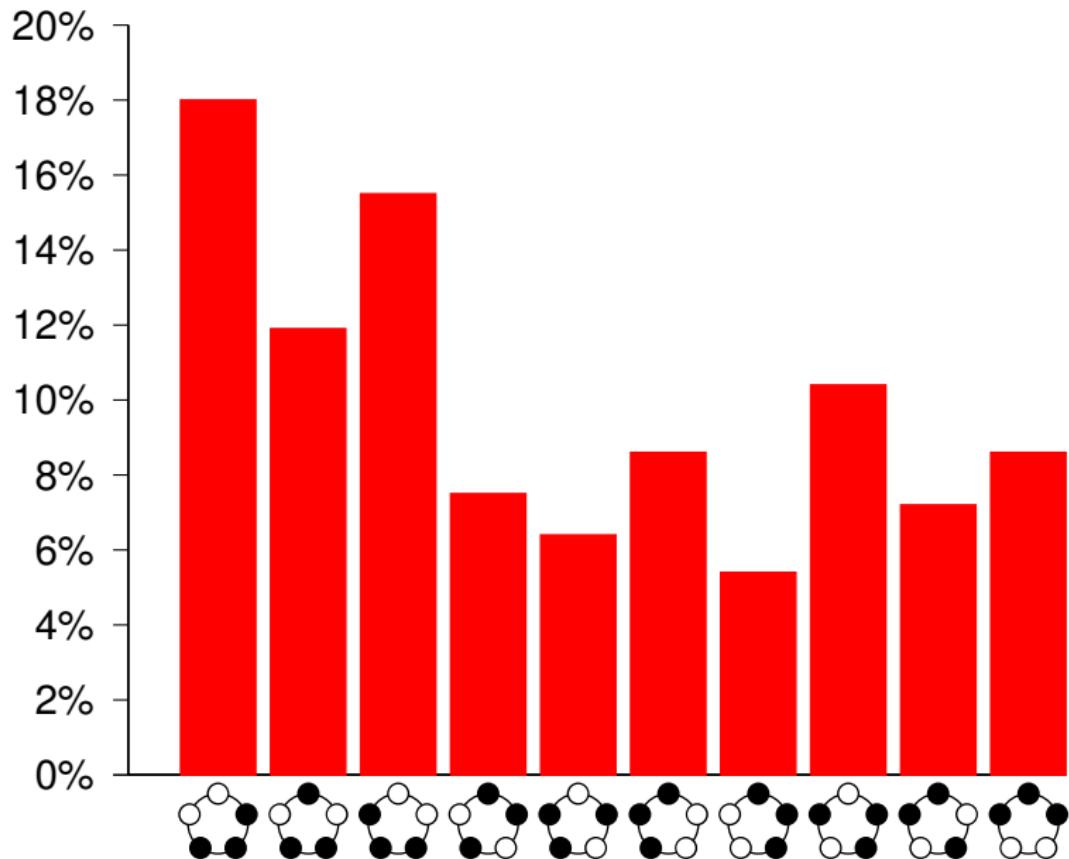
# Stationary distribution



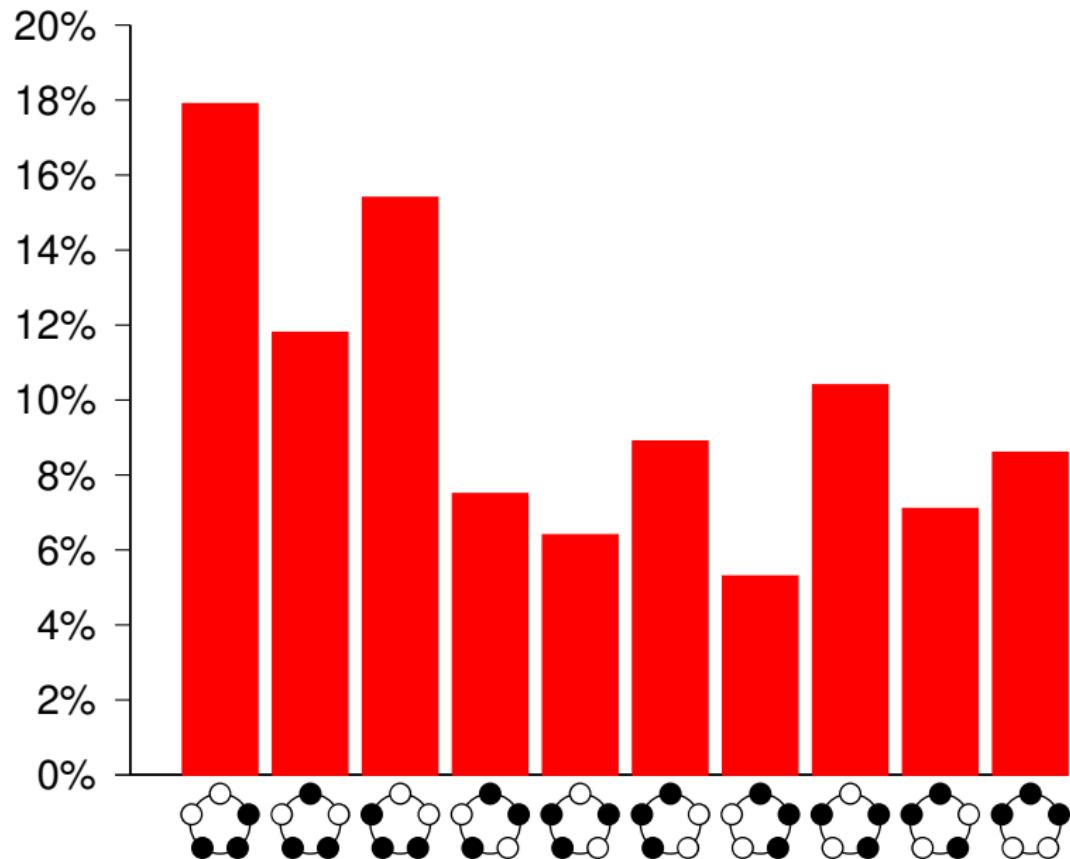
# Stationary distribution



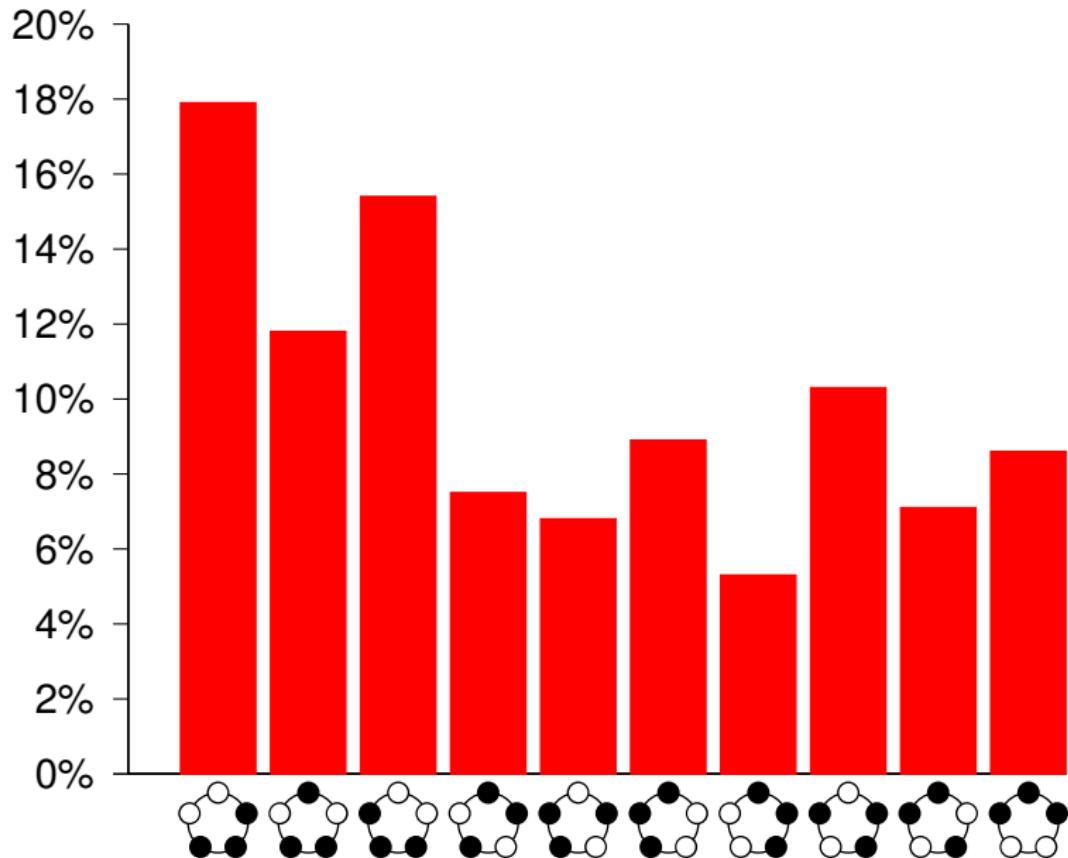
# Stationary distribution



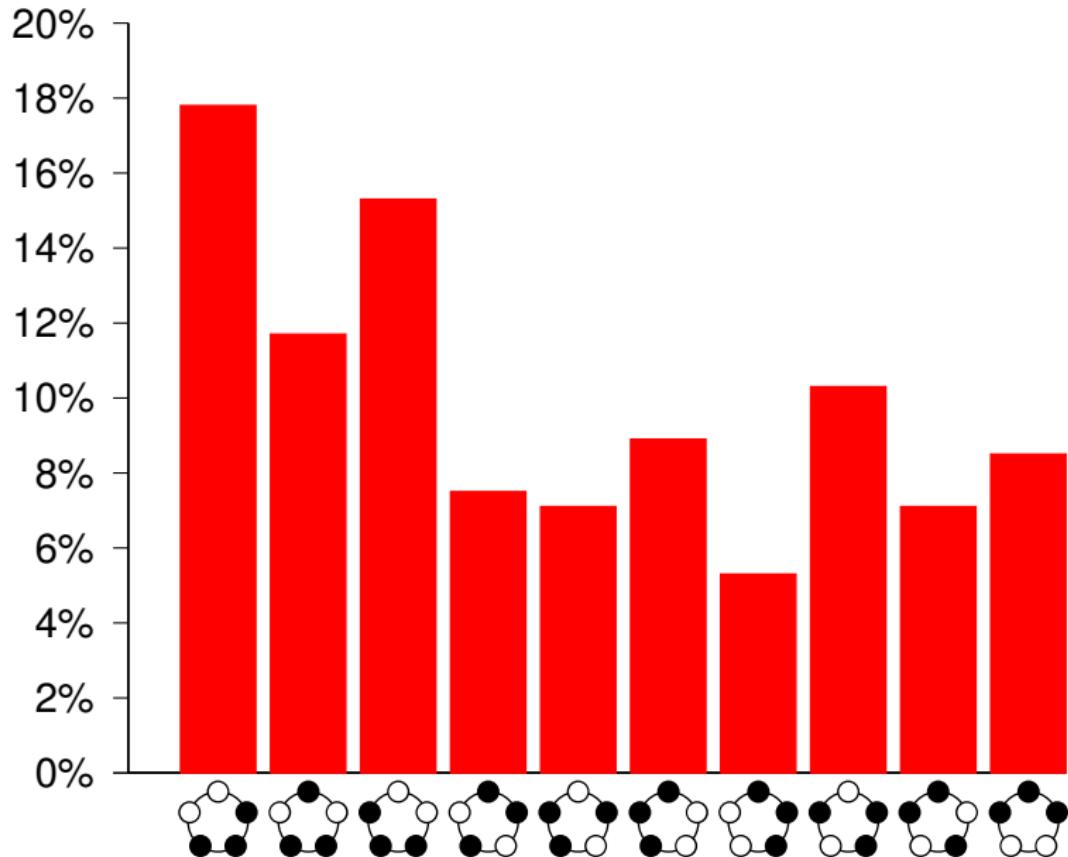
# Stationary distribution



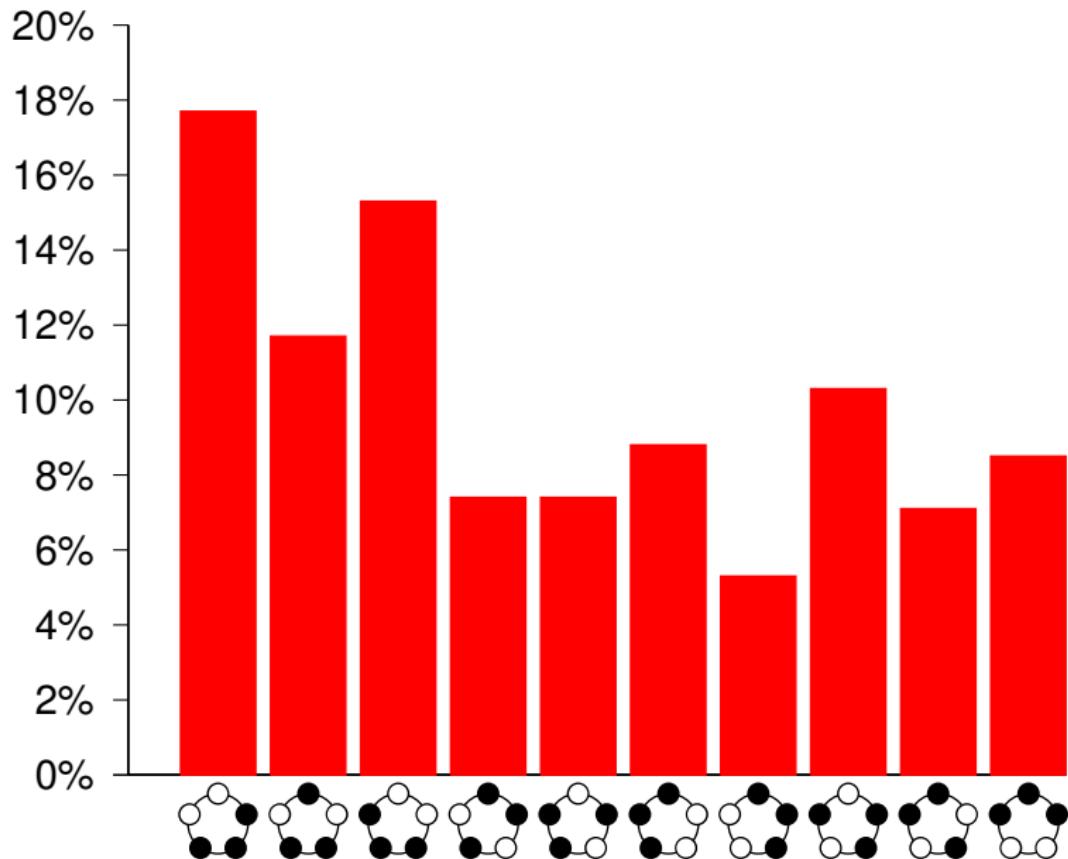
# Stationary distribution



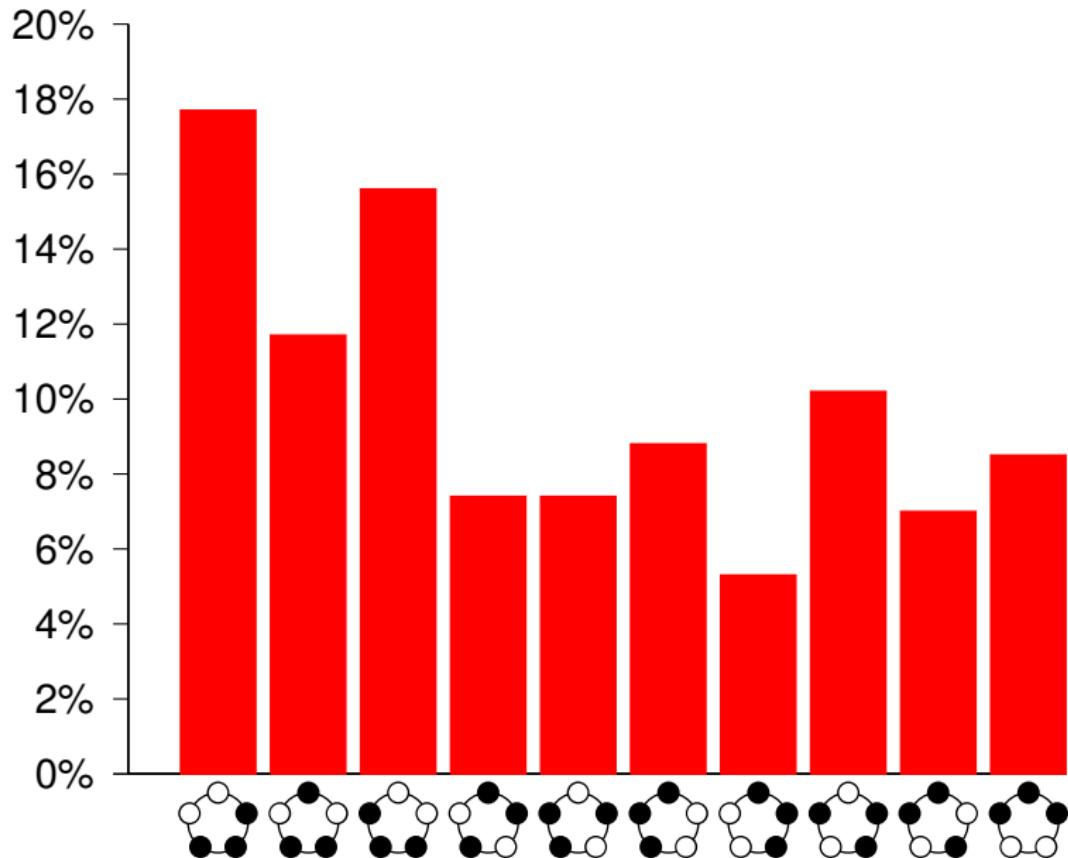
# Stationary distribution



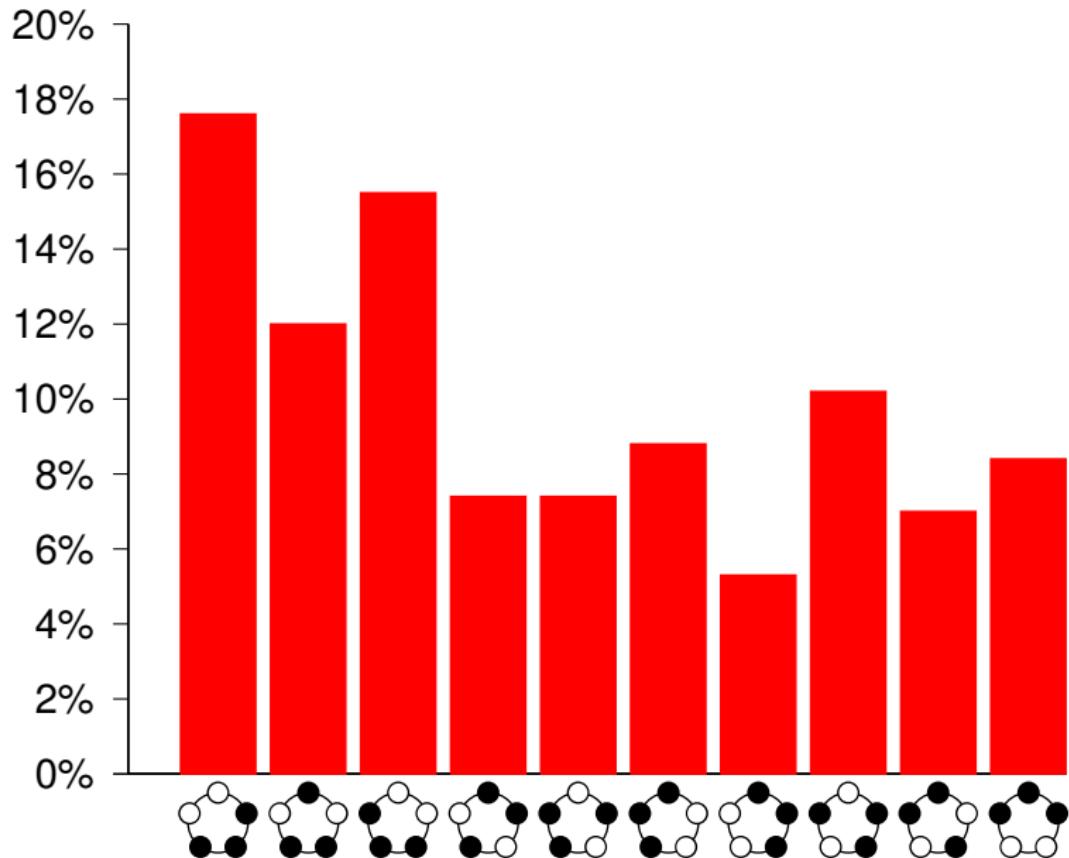
# Stationary distribution



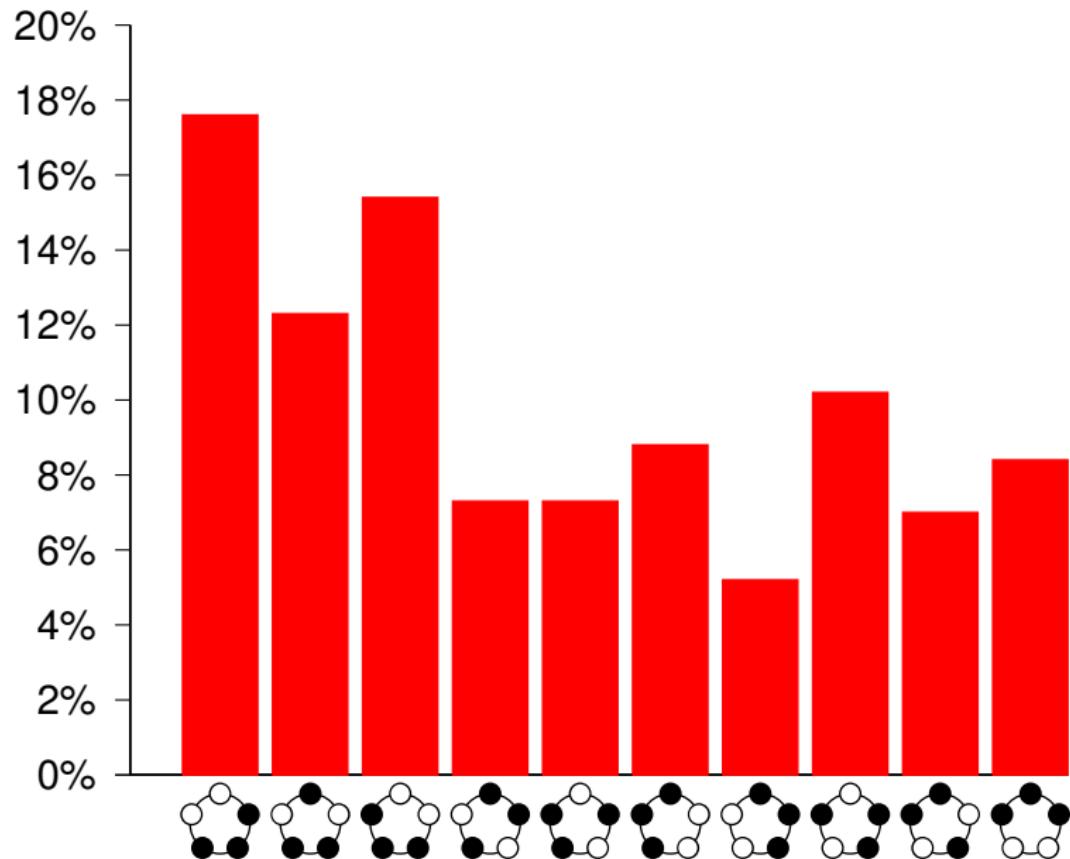
# Stationary distribution



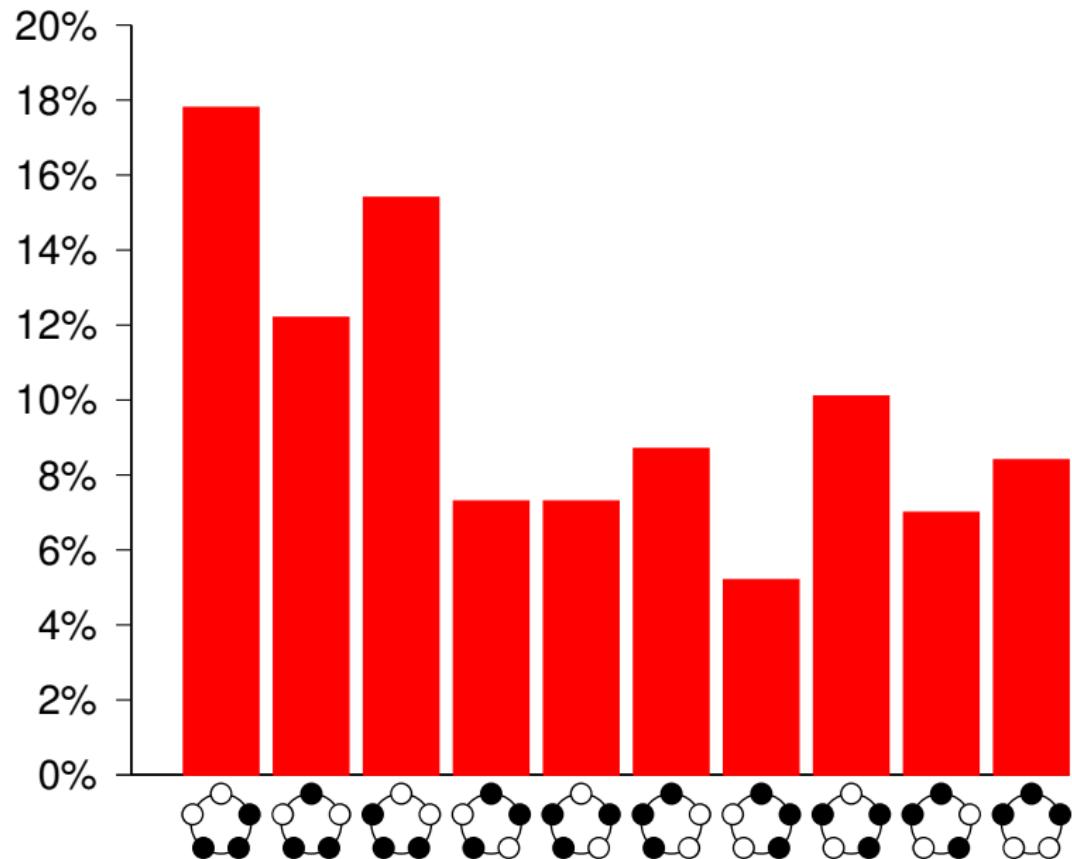
# Stationary distribution



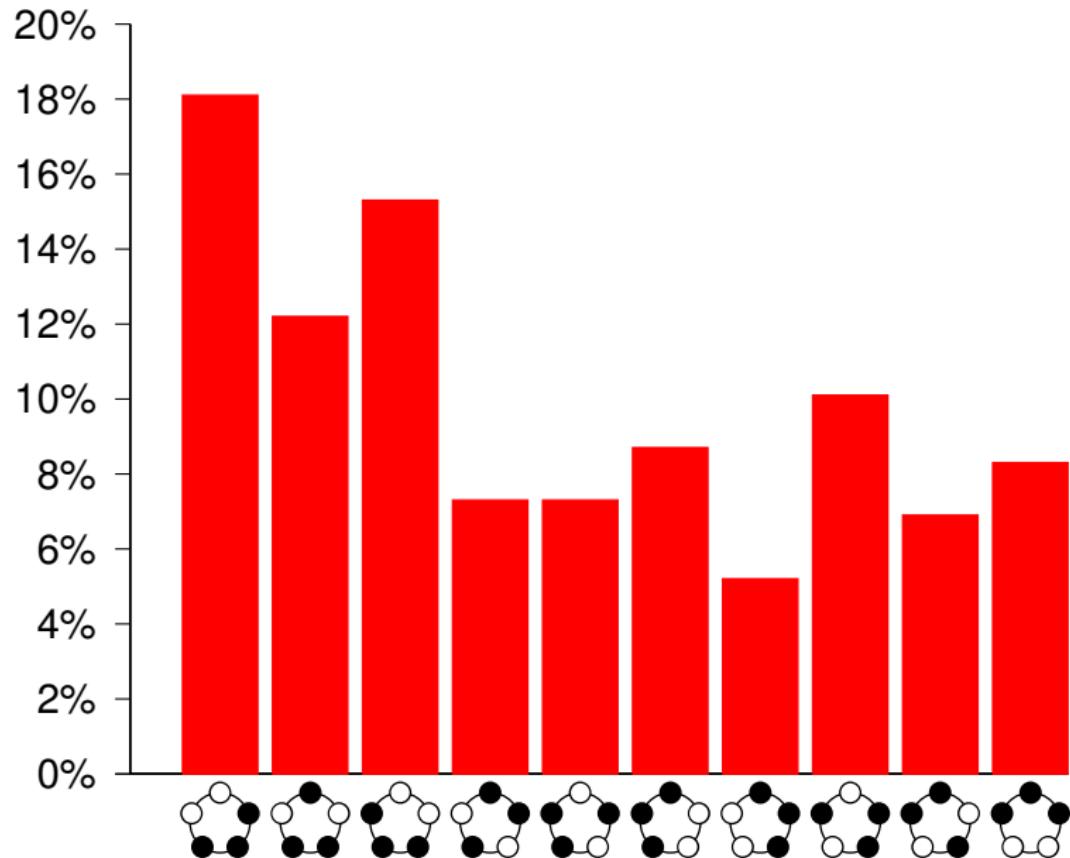
# Stationary distribution



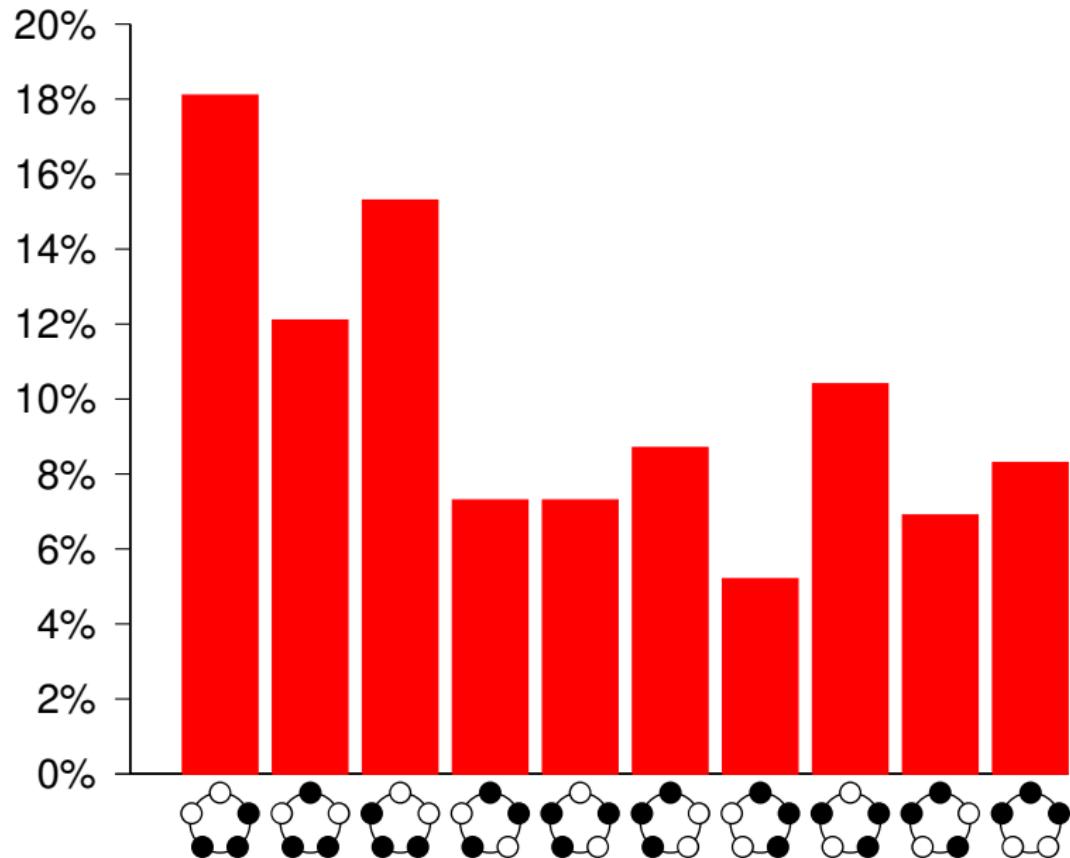
# Stationary distribution



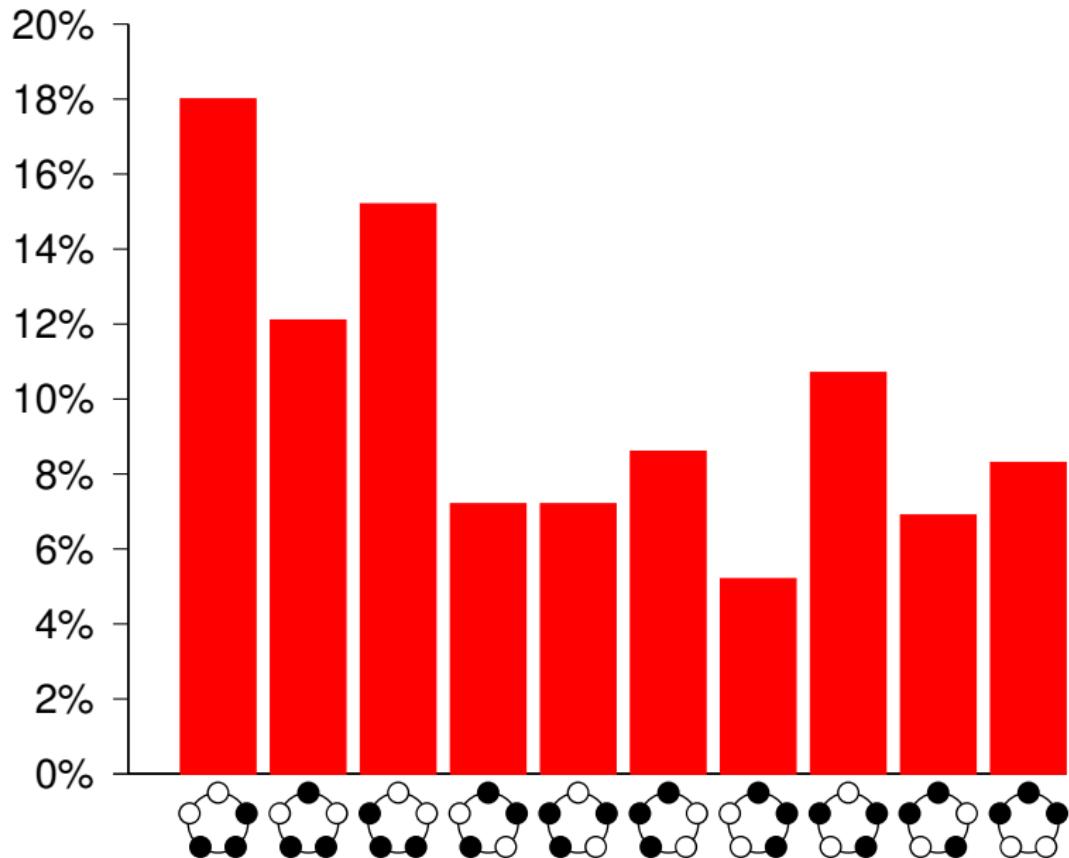
# Stationary distribution



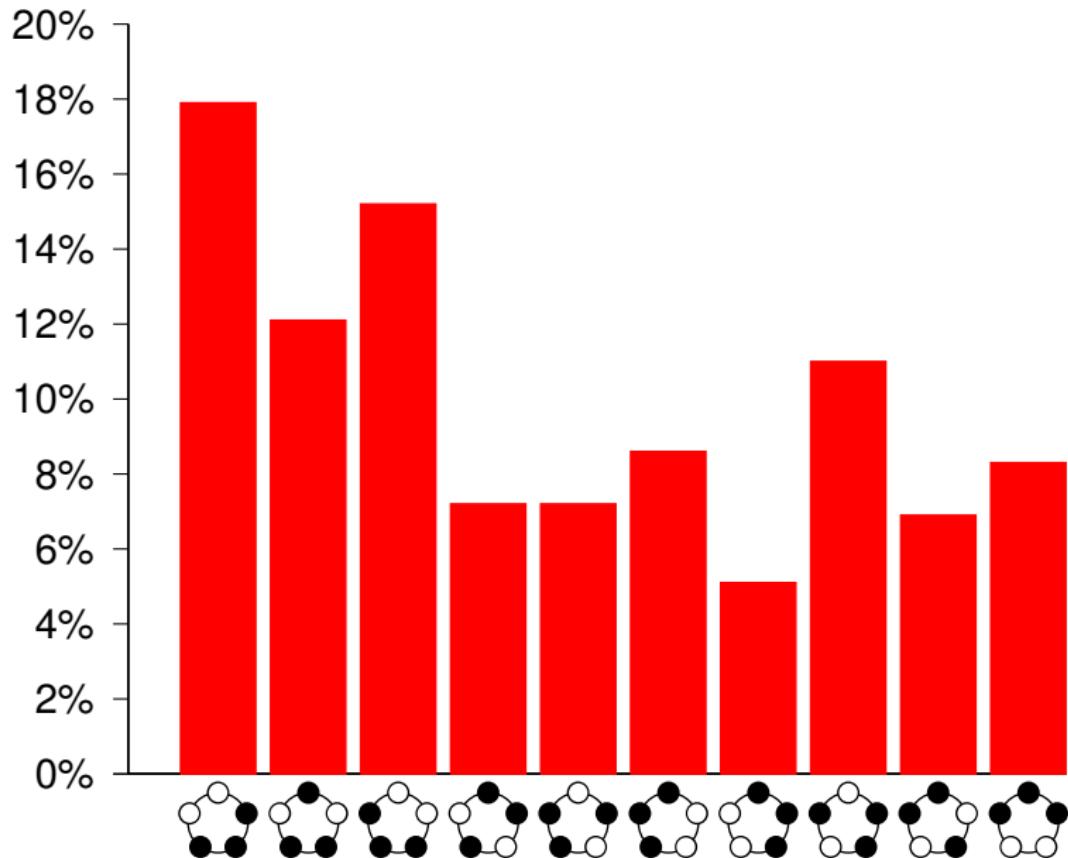
# Stationary distribution



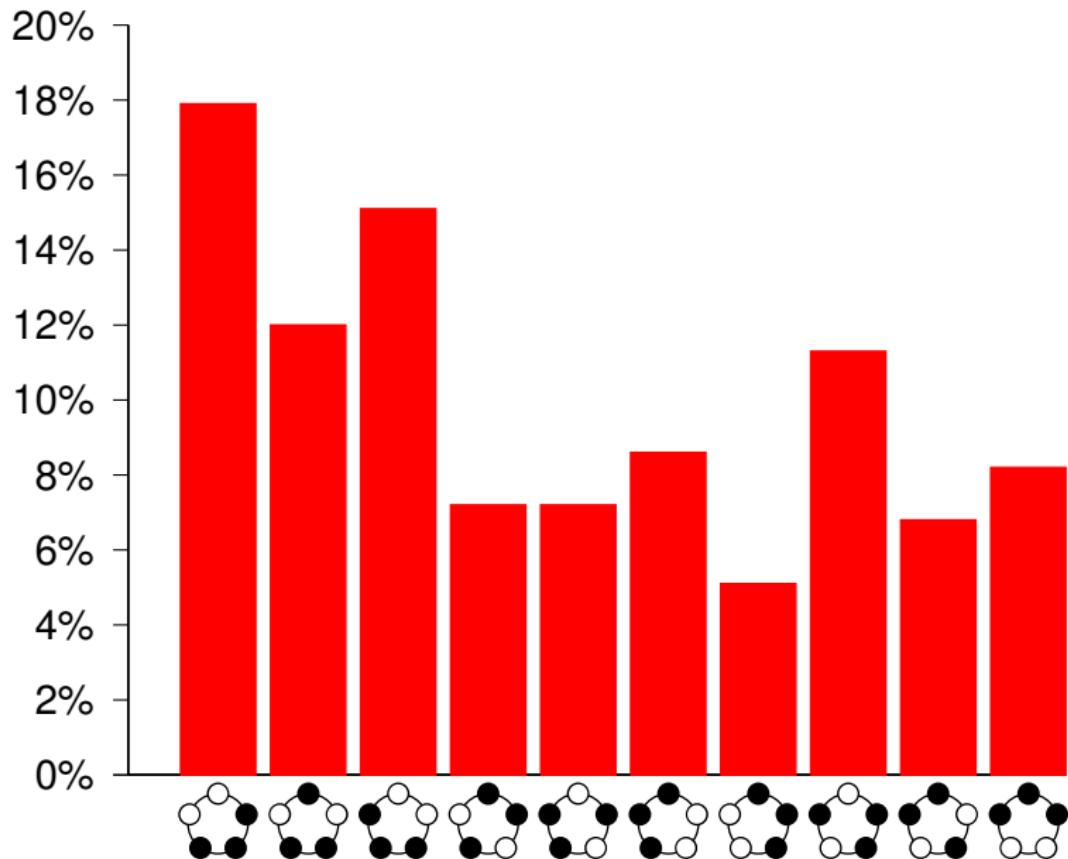
# Stationary distribution



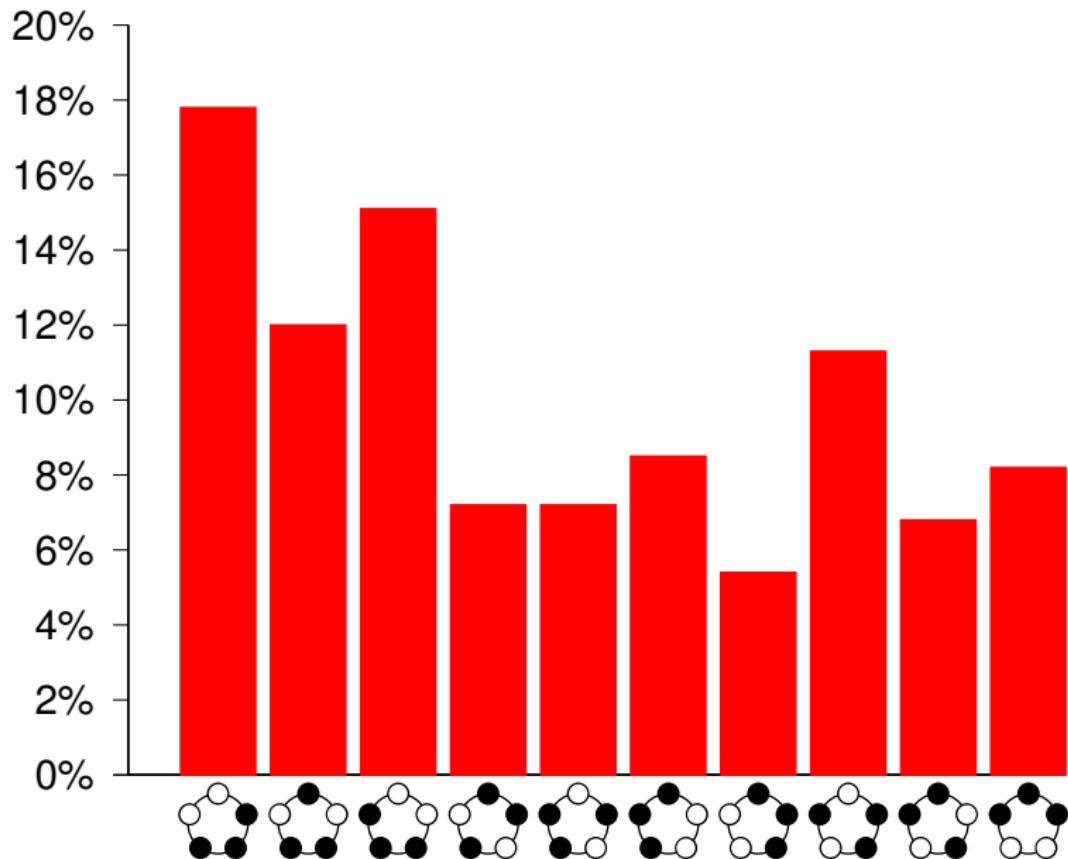
# Stationary distribution



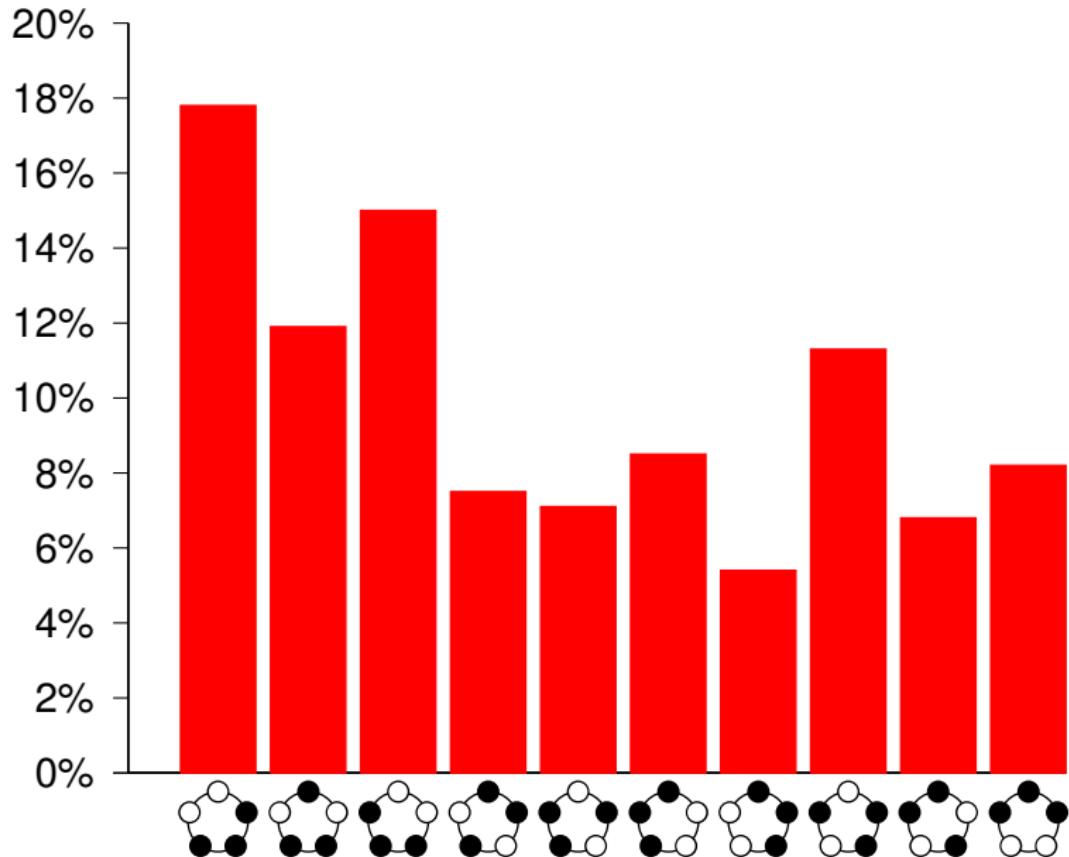
# Stationary distribution



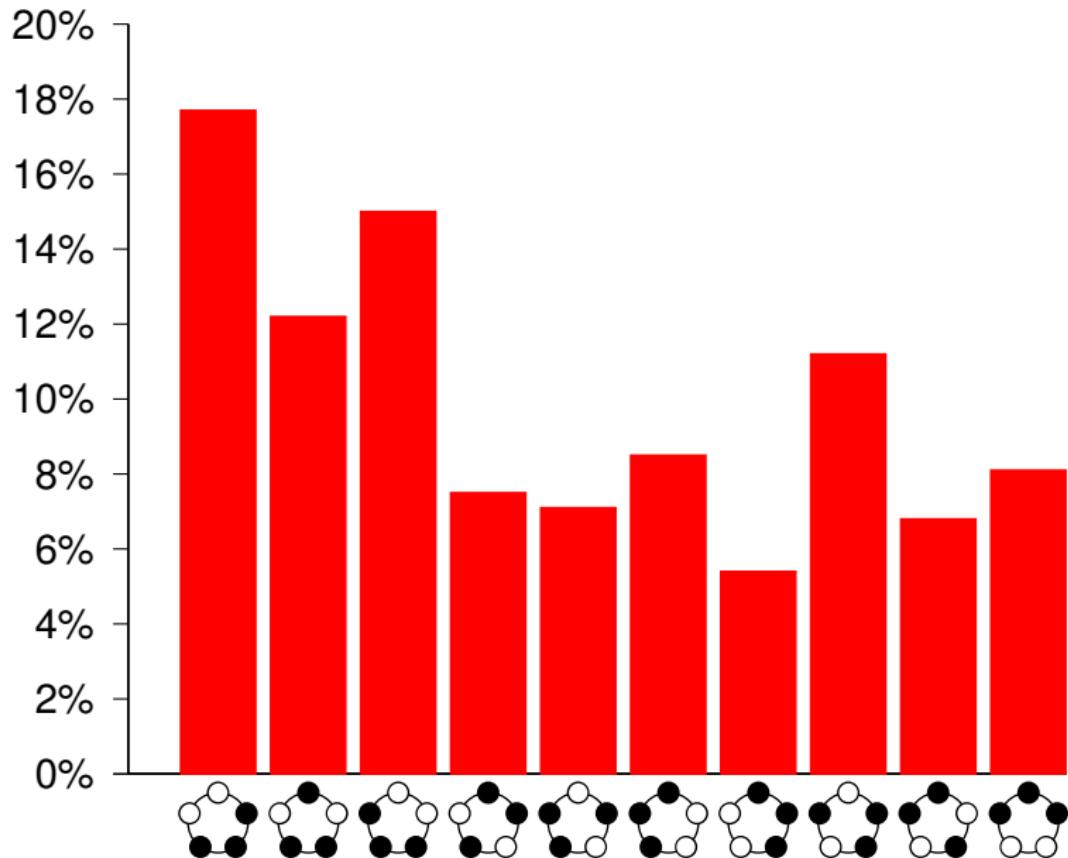
# Stationary distribution



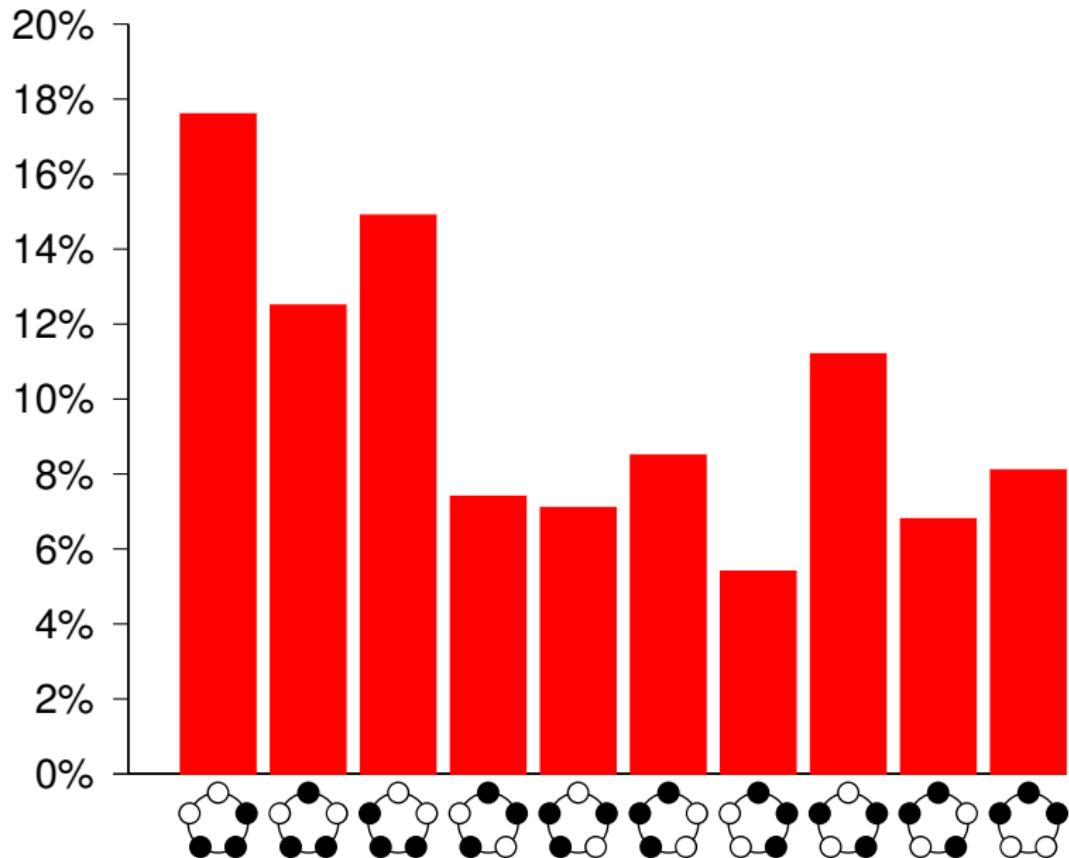
# Stationary distribution



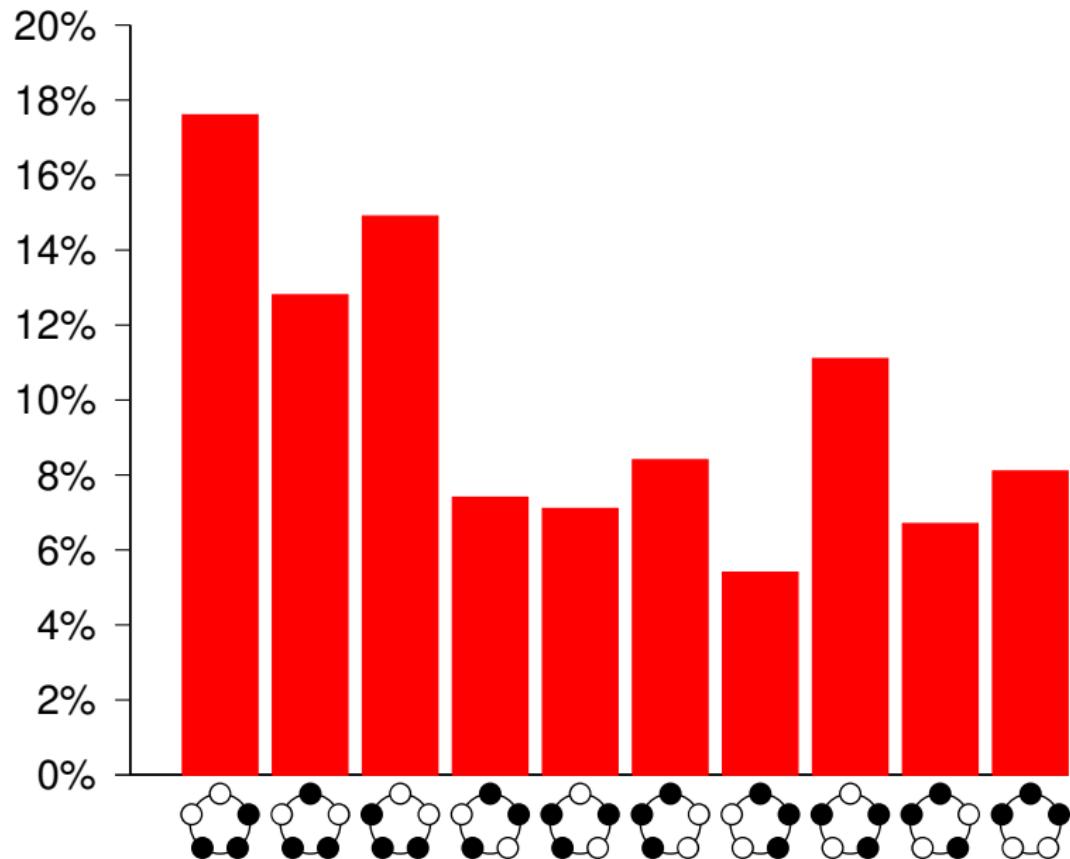
# Stationary distribution



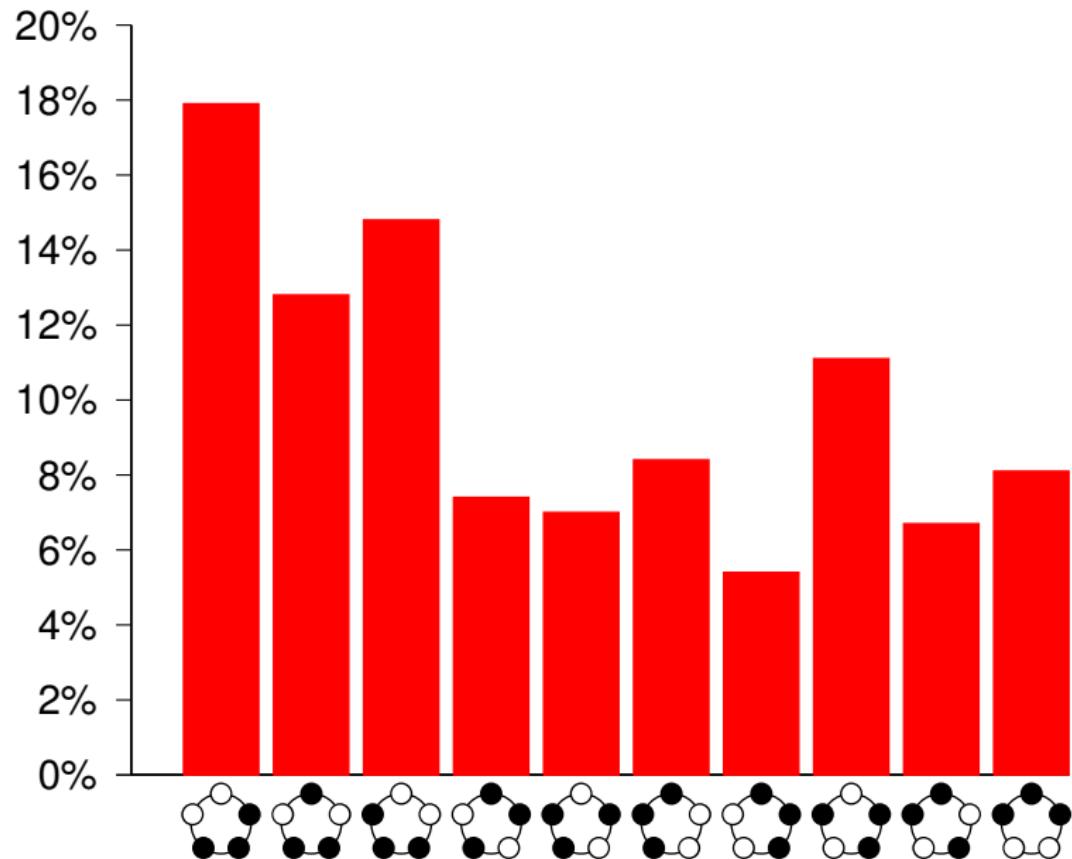
# Stationary distribution



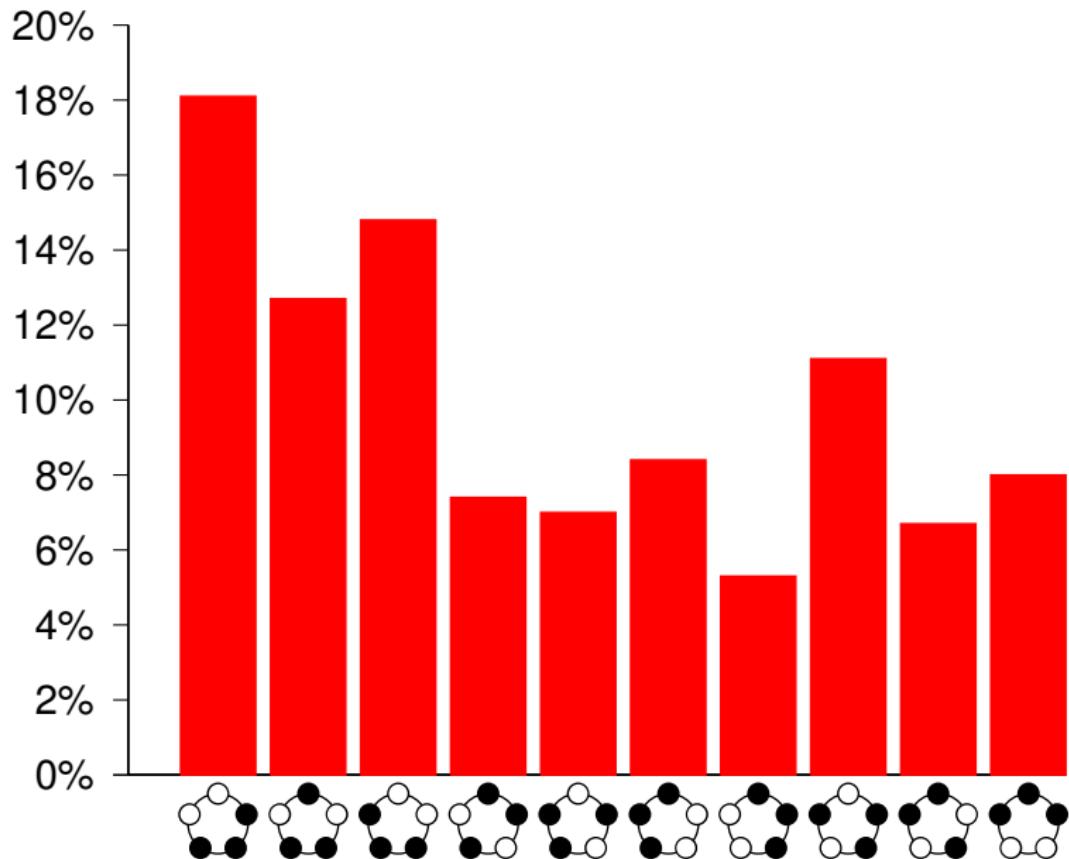
# Stationary distribution



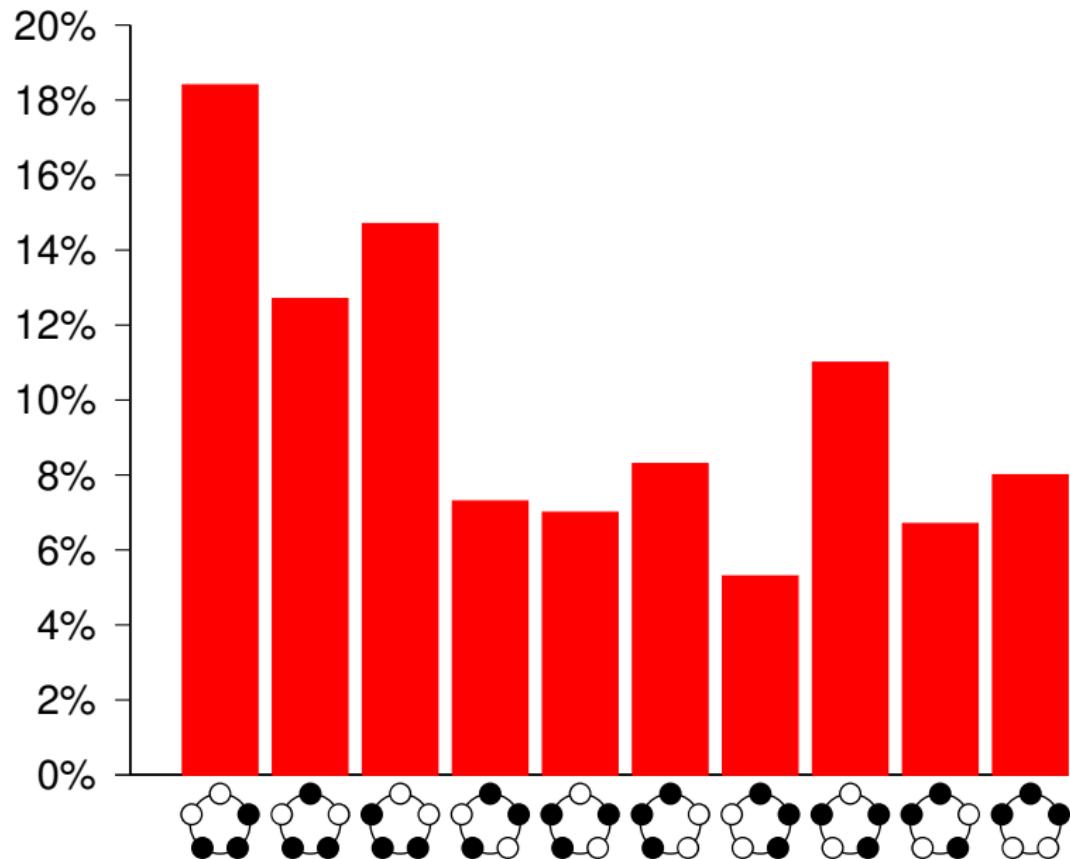
# Stationary distribution



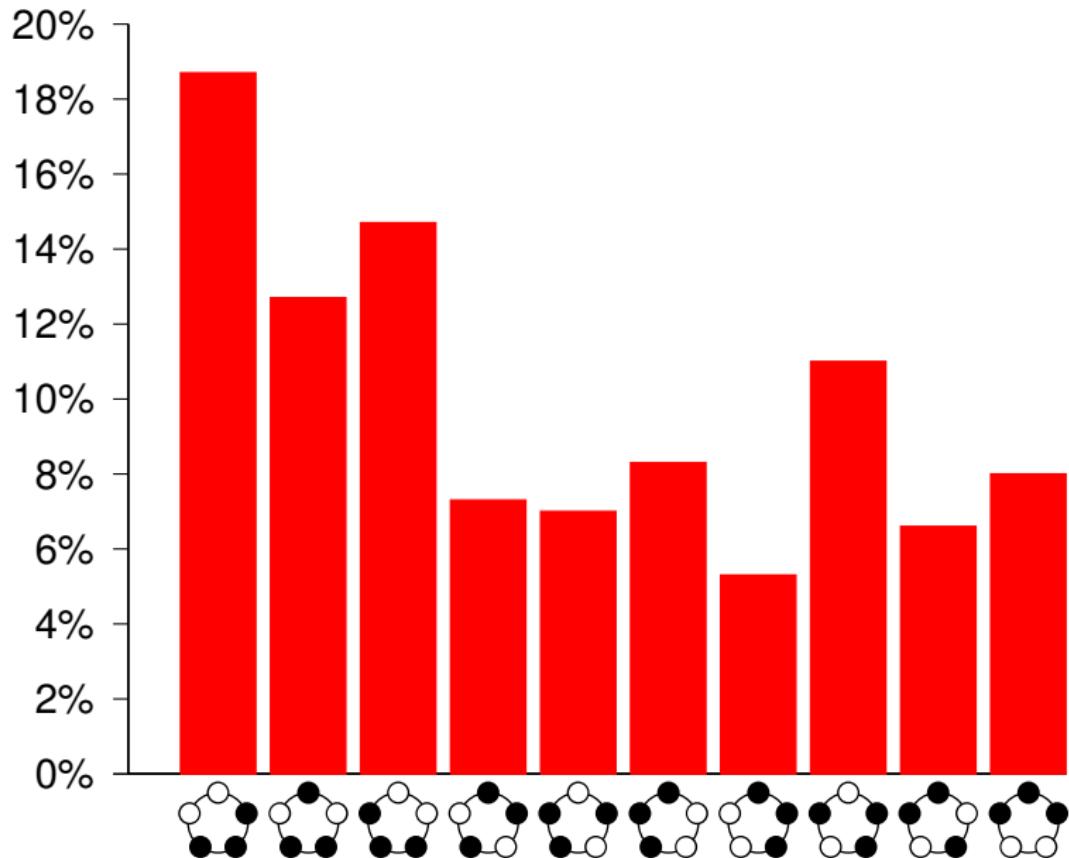
# Stationary distribution



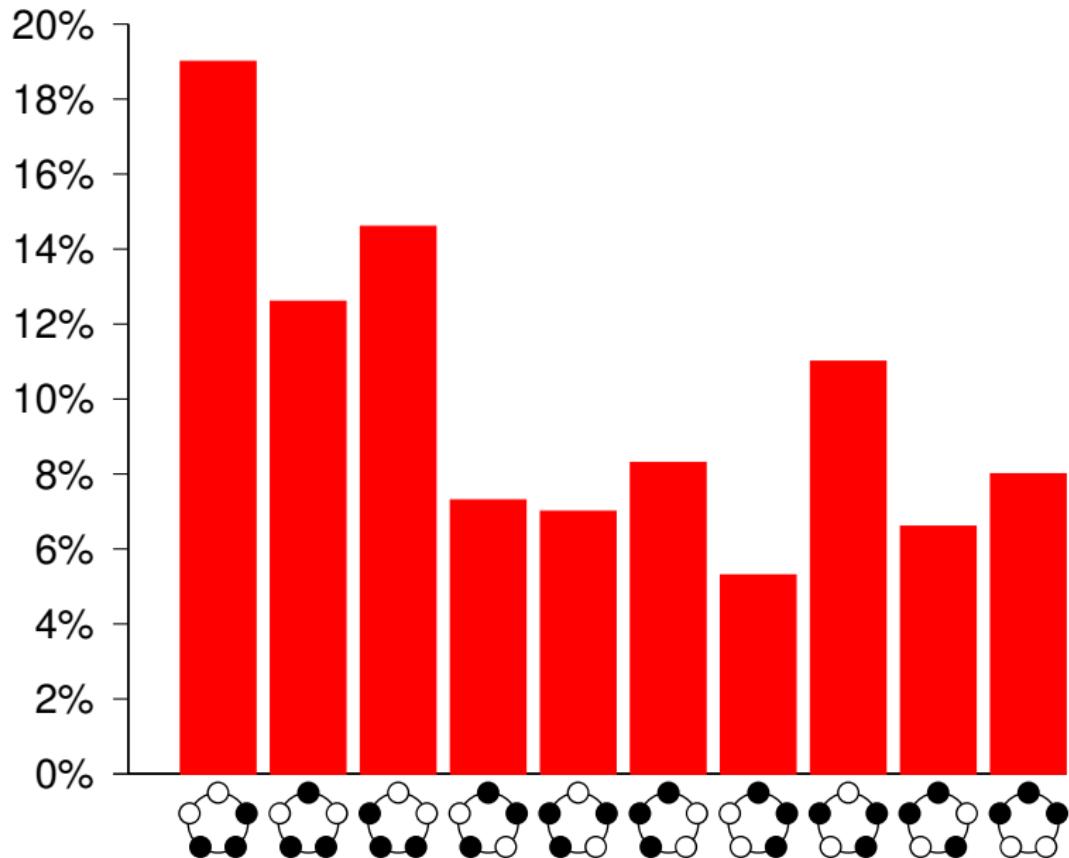
# Stationary distribution



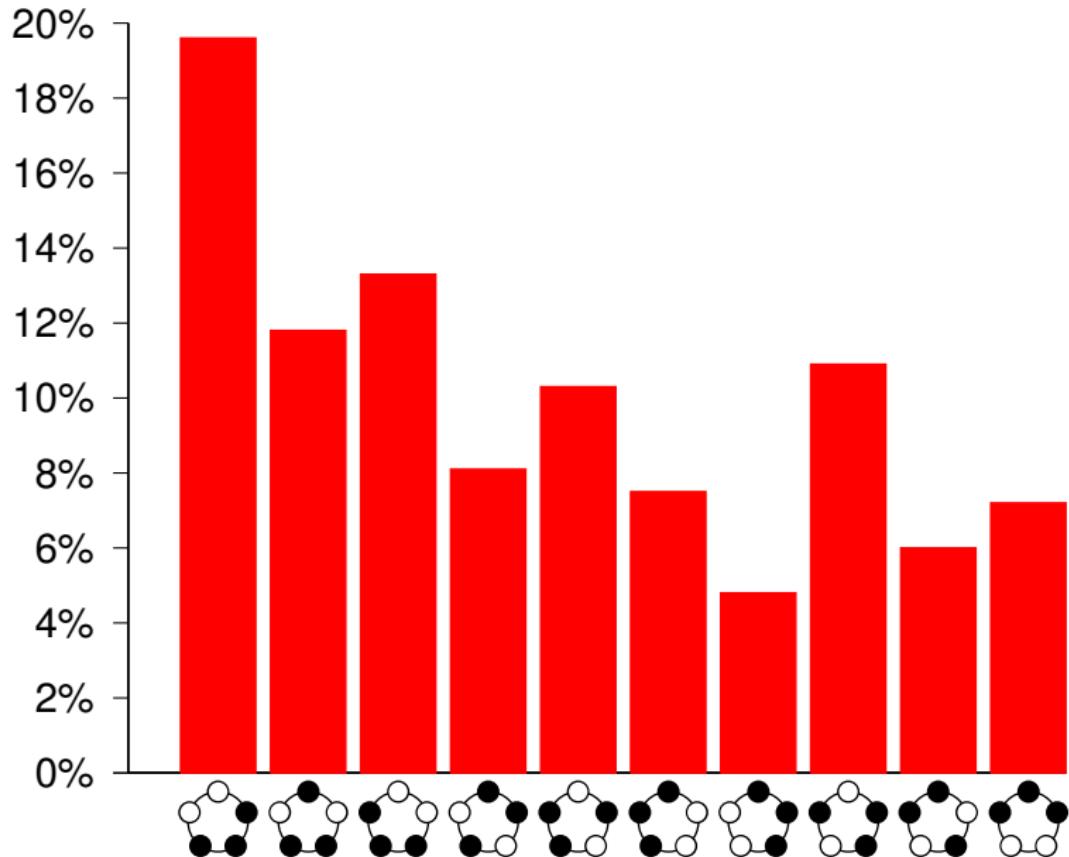
# Stationary distribution



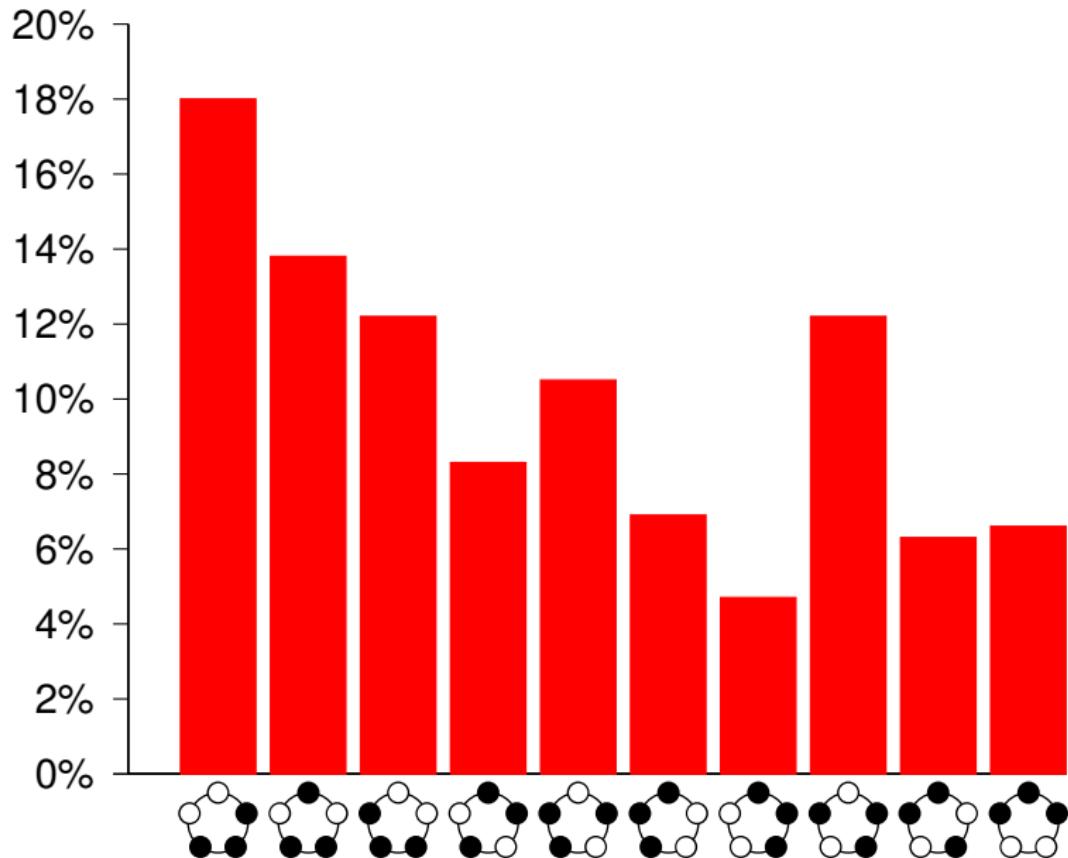
# Stationary distribution



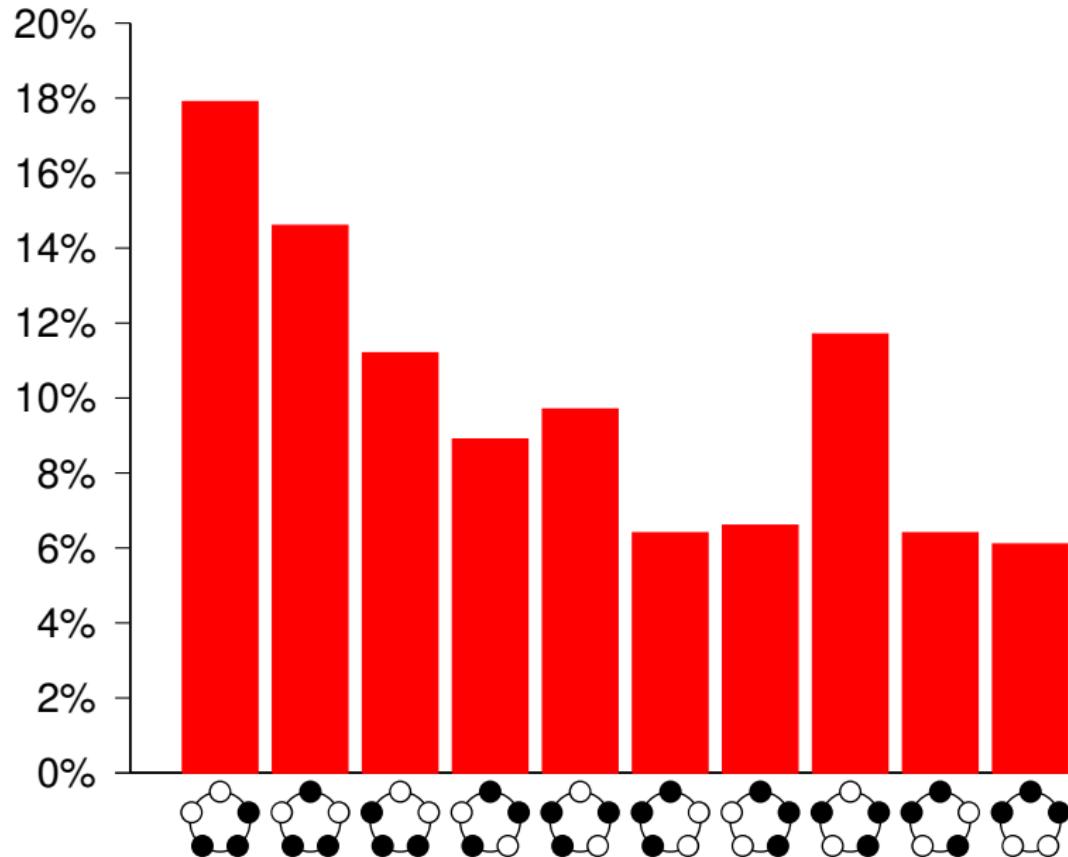
# Stationary distribution



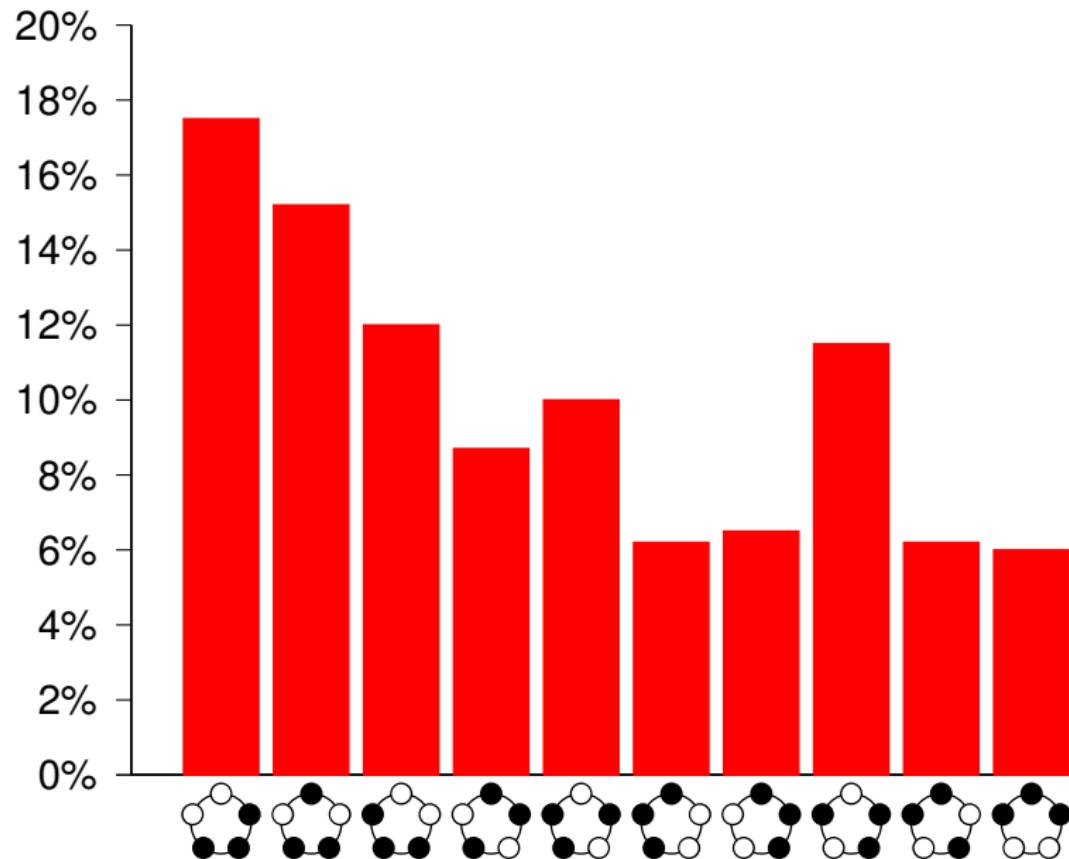
# Stationary distribution



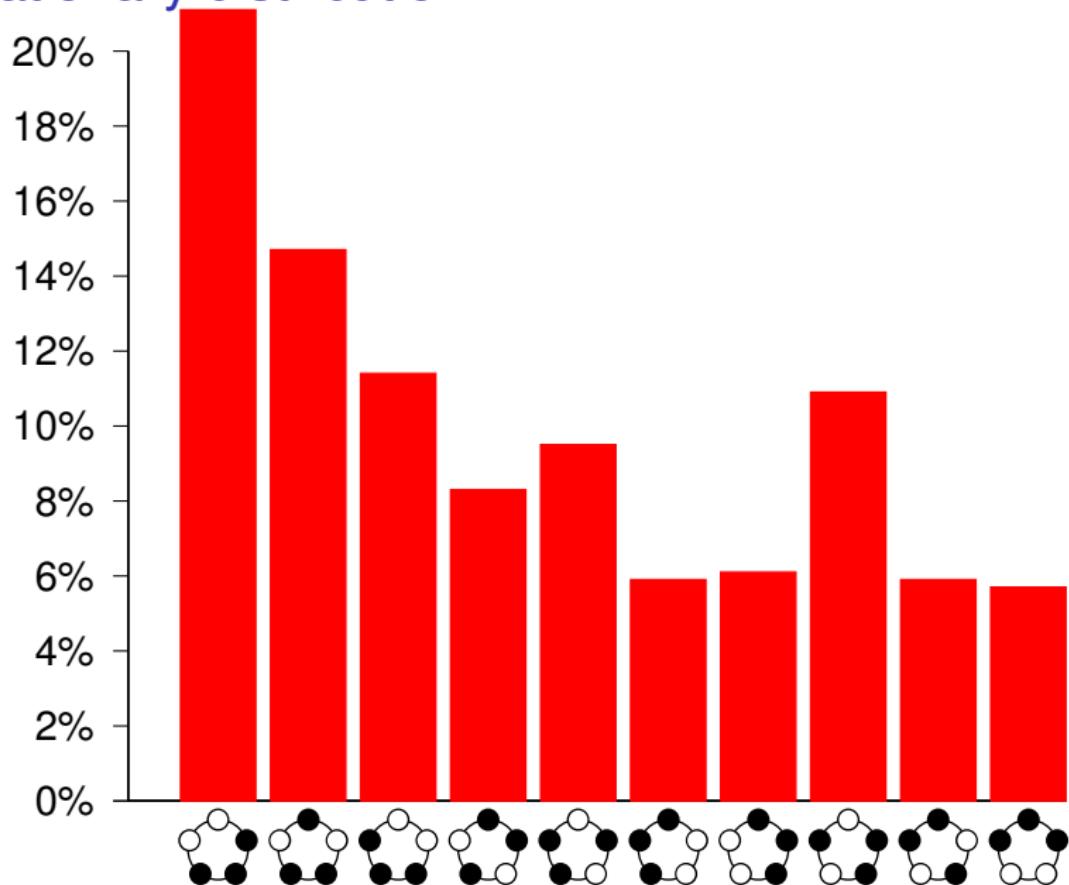
# Stationary distribution



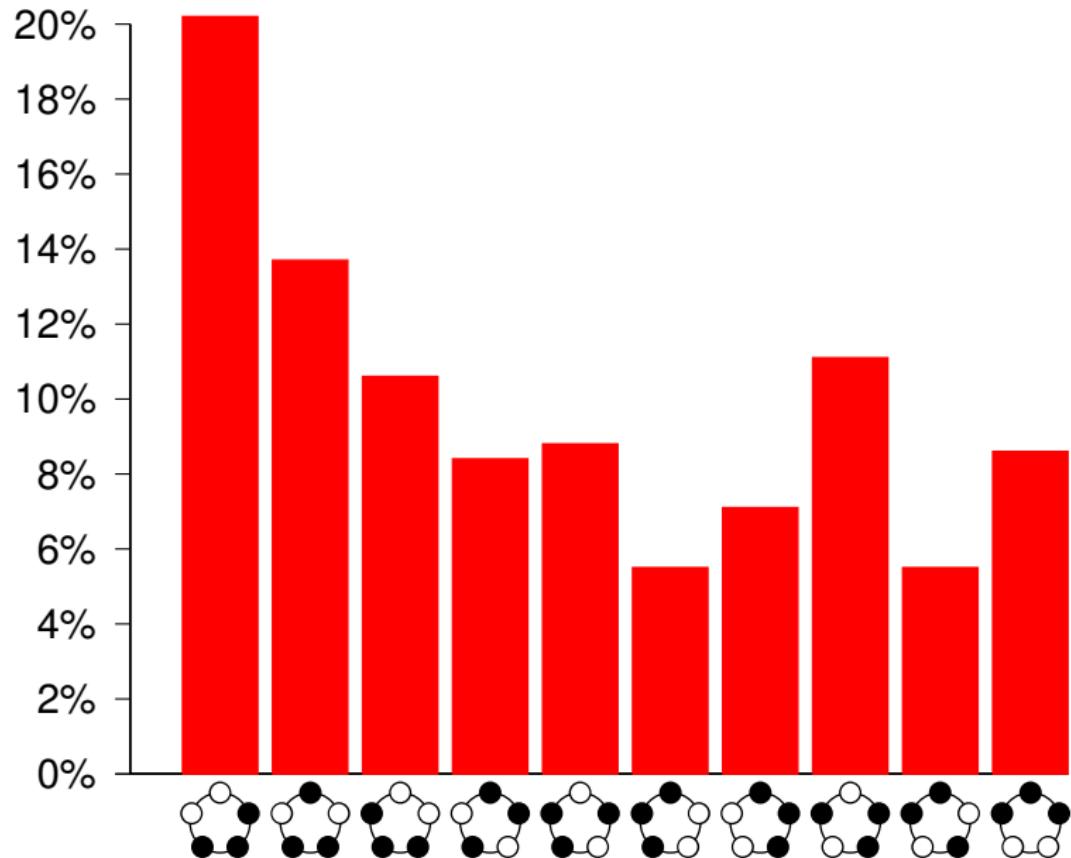
# Stationary distribution



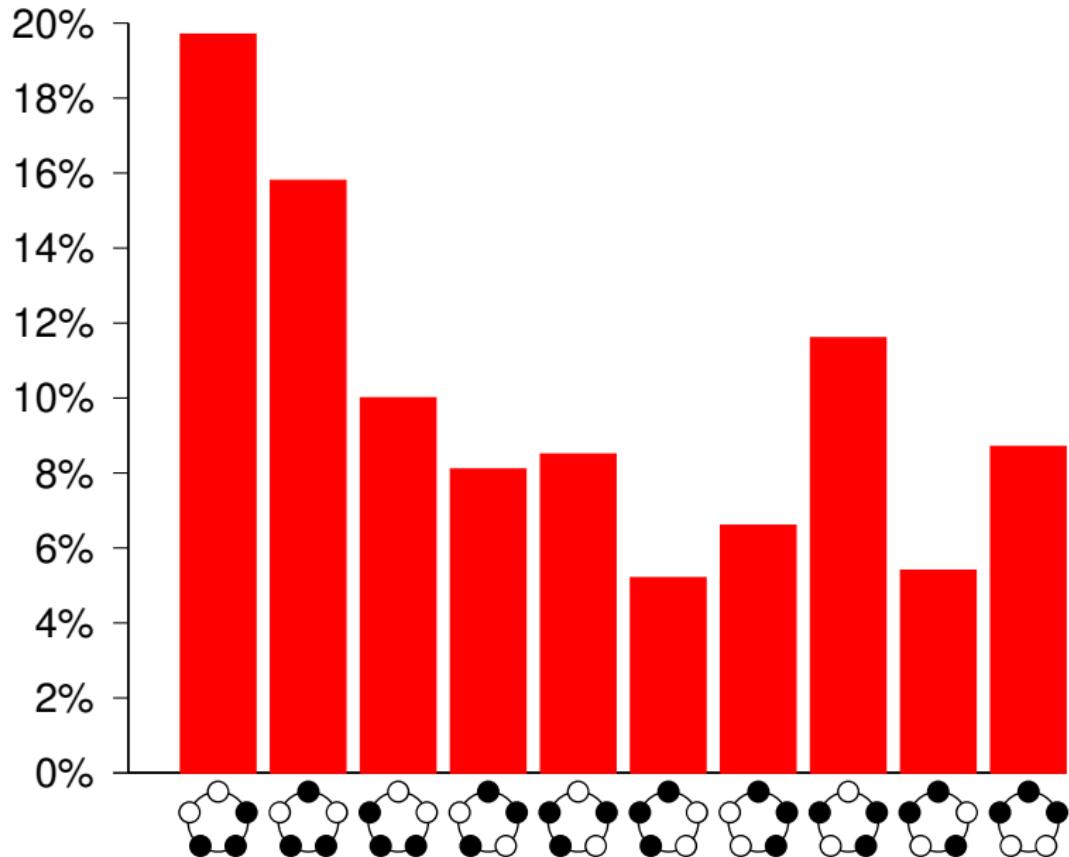
# Stationary distribution



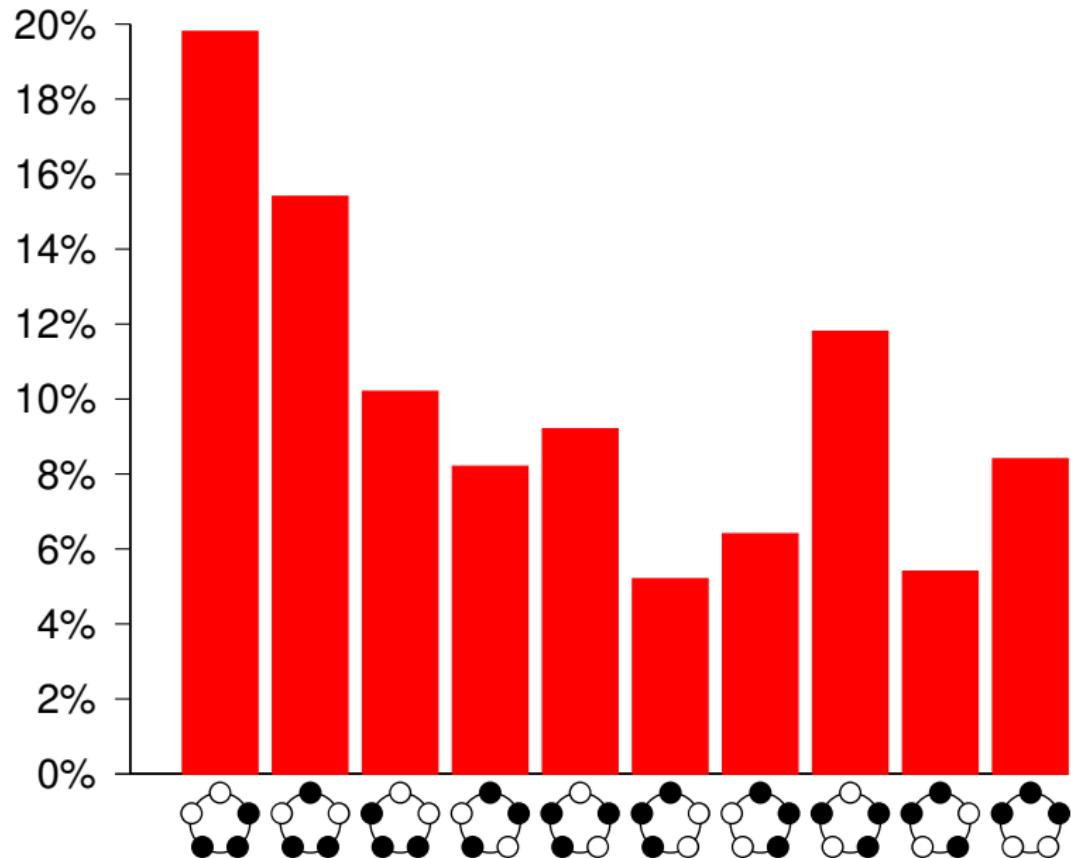
# Stationary distribution



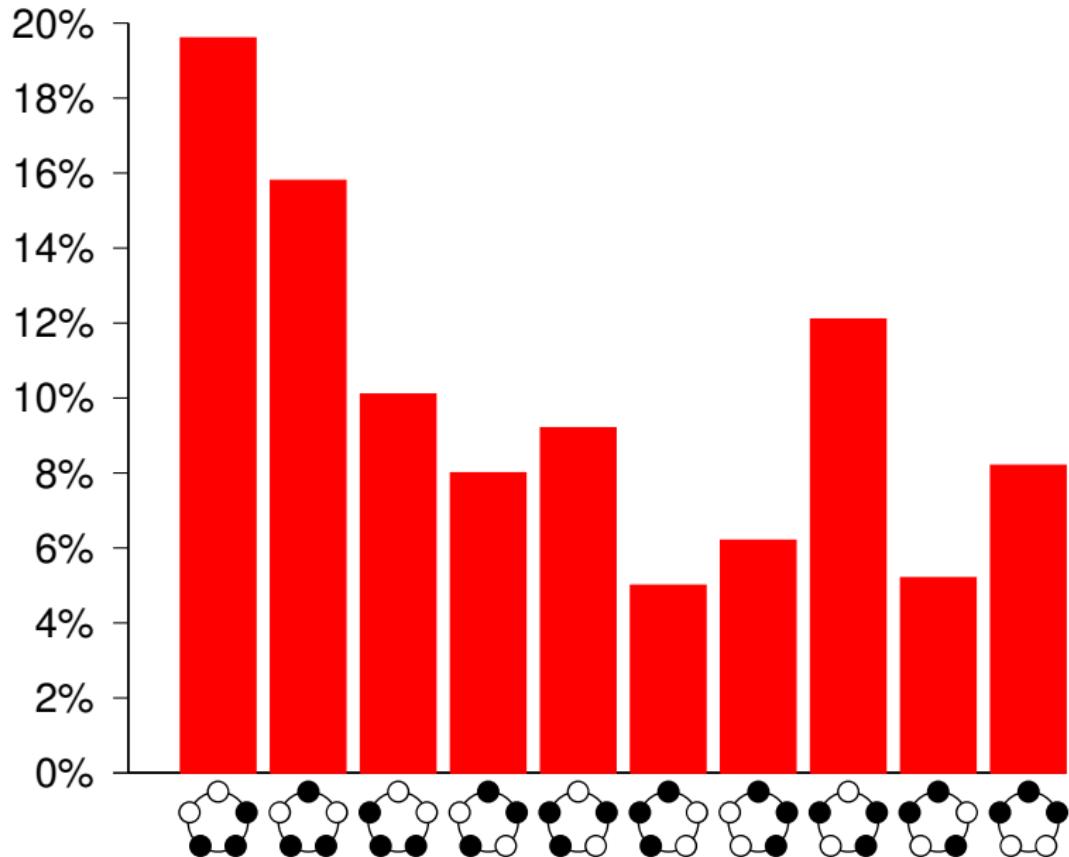
# Stationary distribution



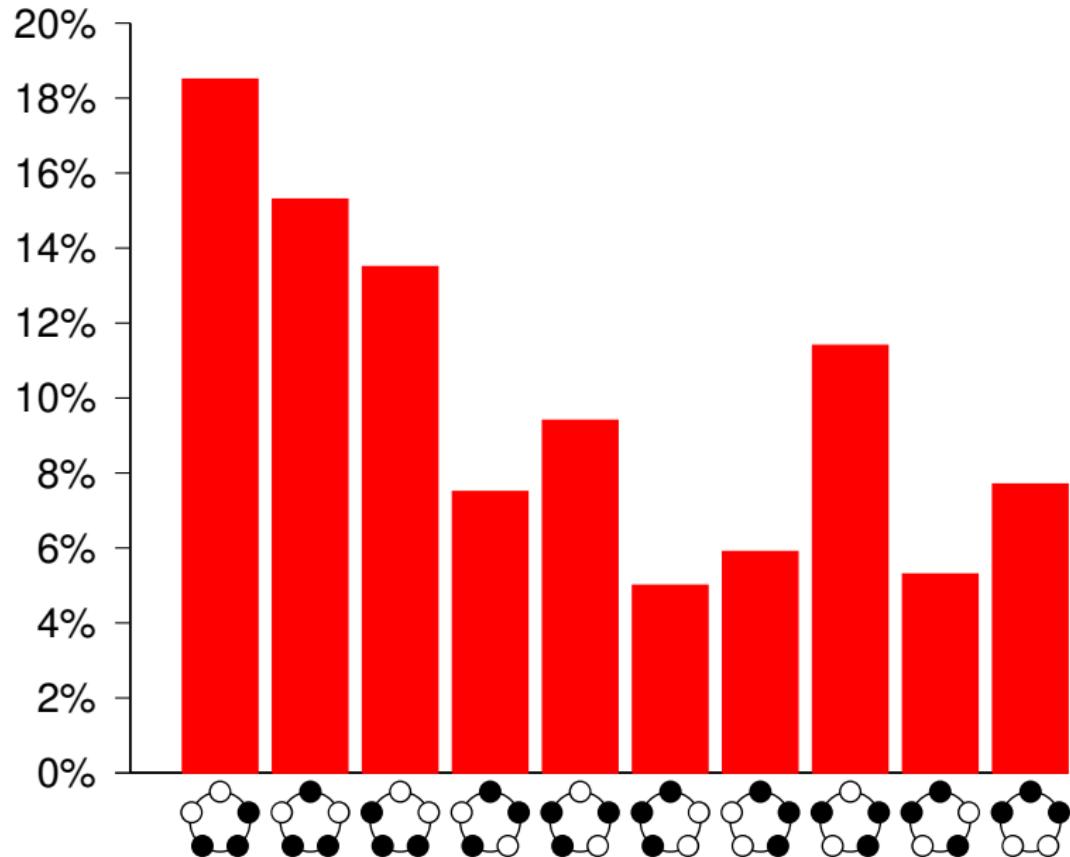
# Stationary distribution



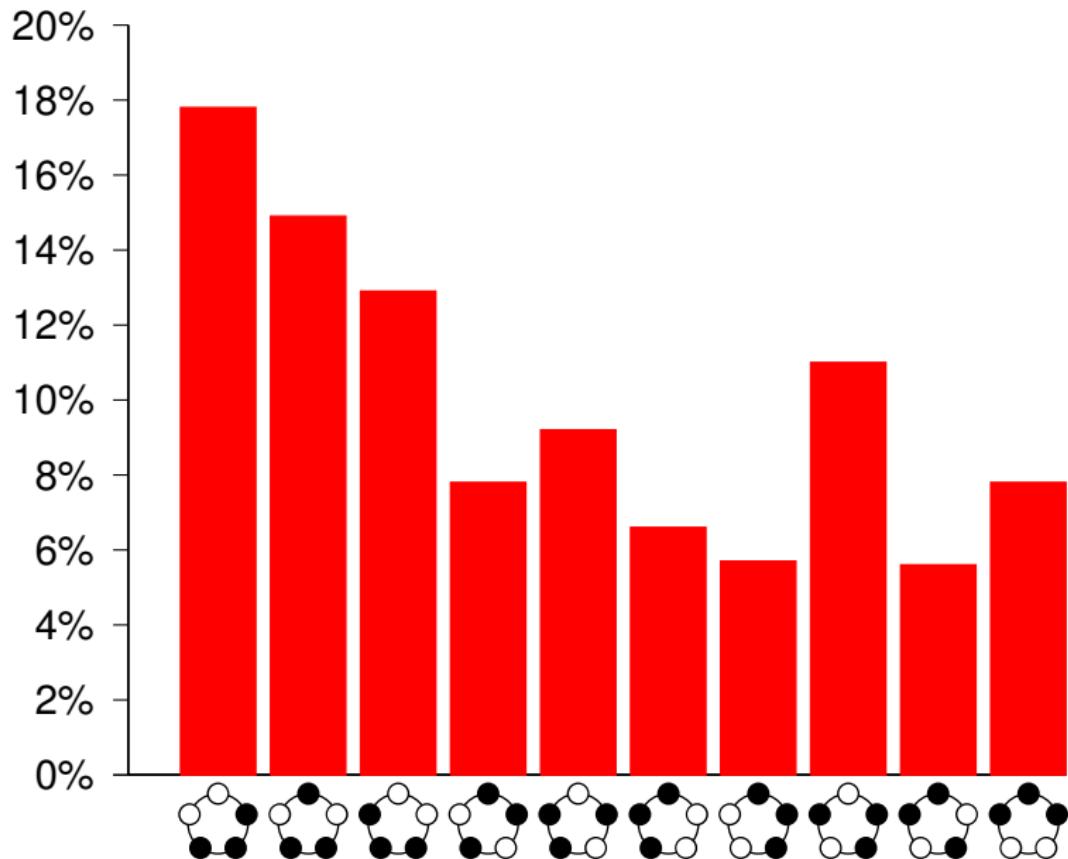
# Stationary distribution



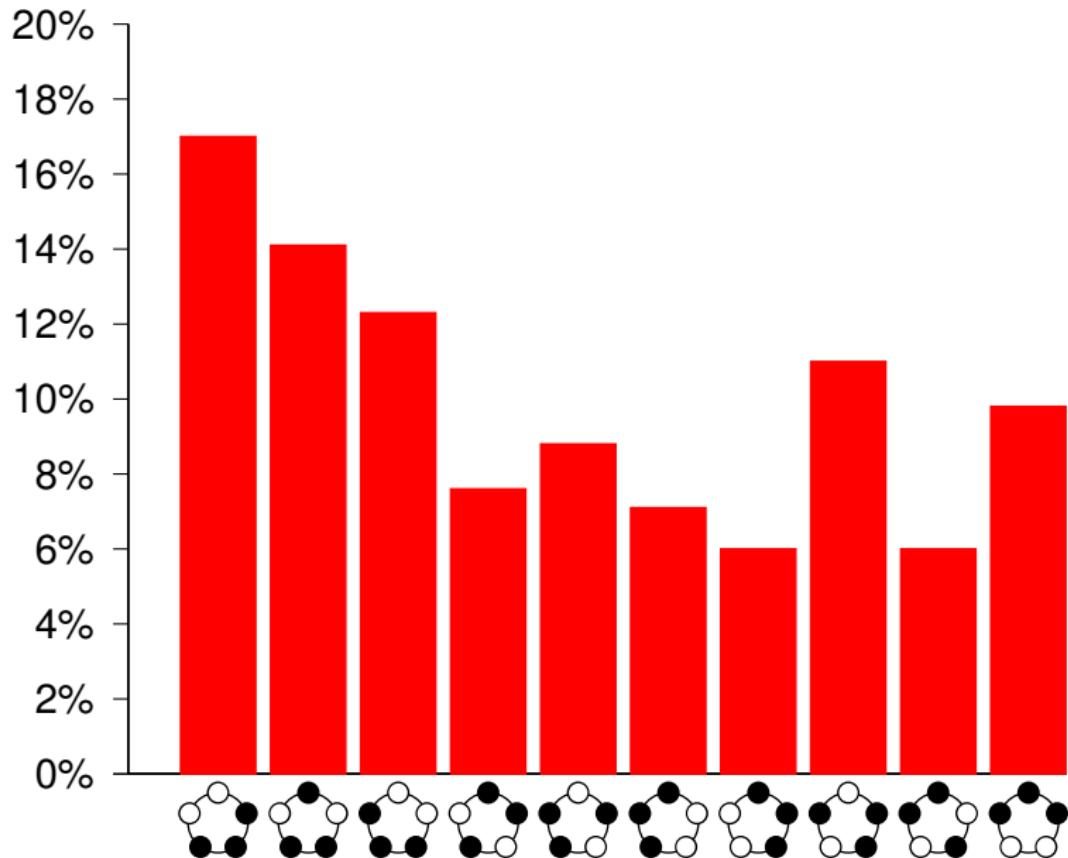
# Stationary distribution



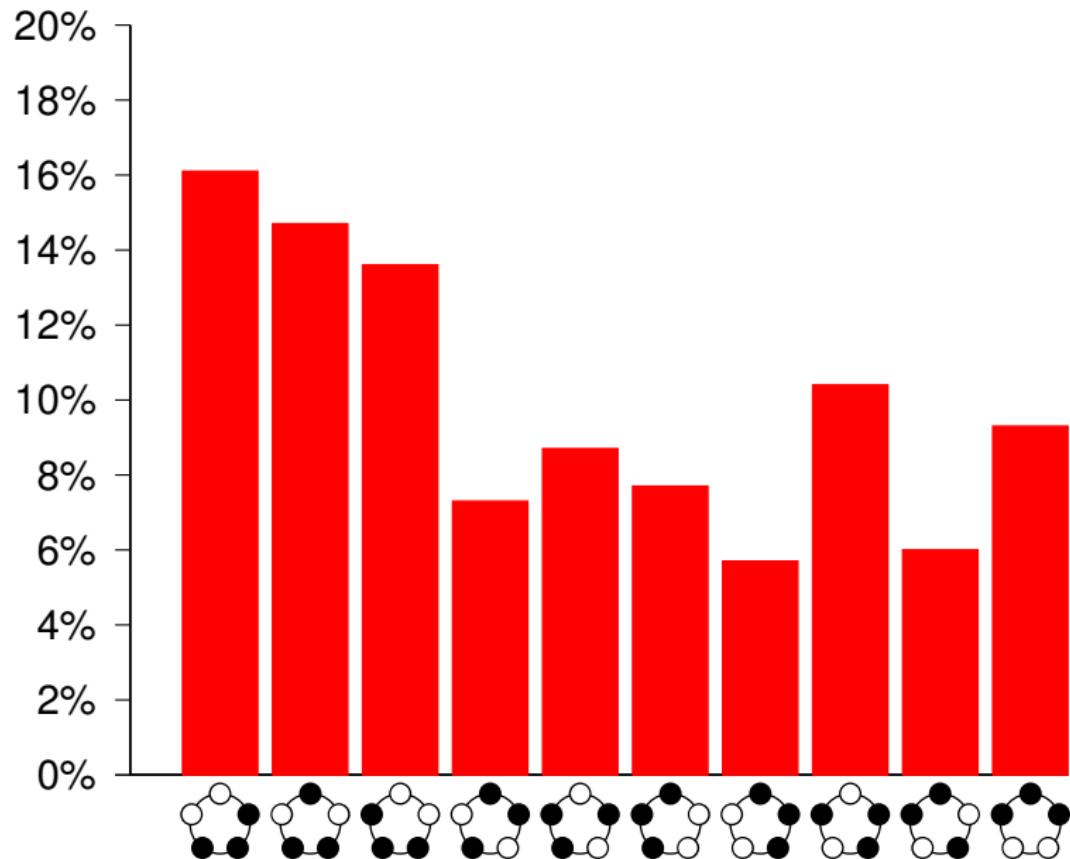
# Stationary distribution



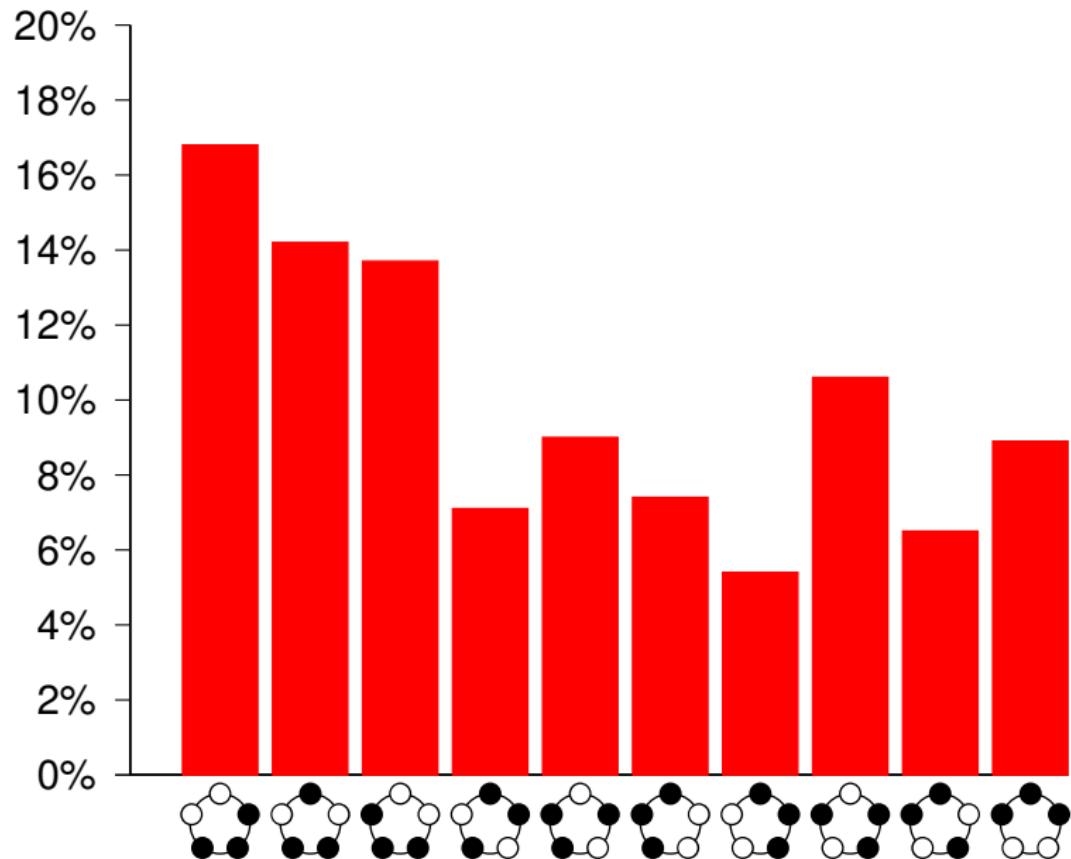
# Stationary distribution



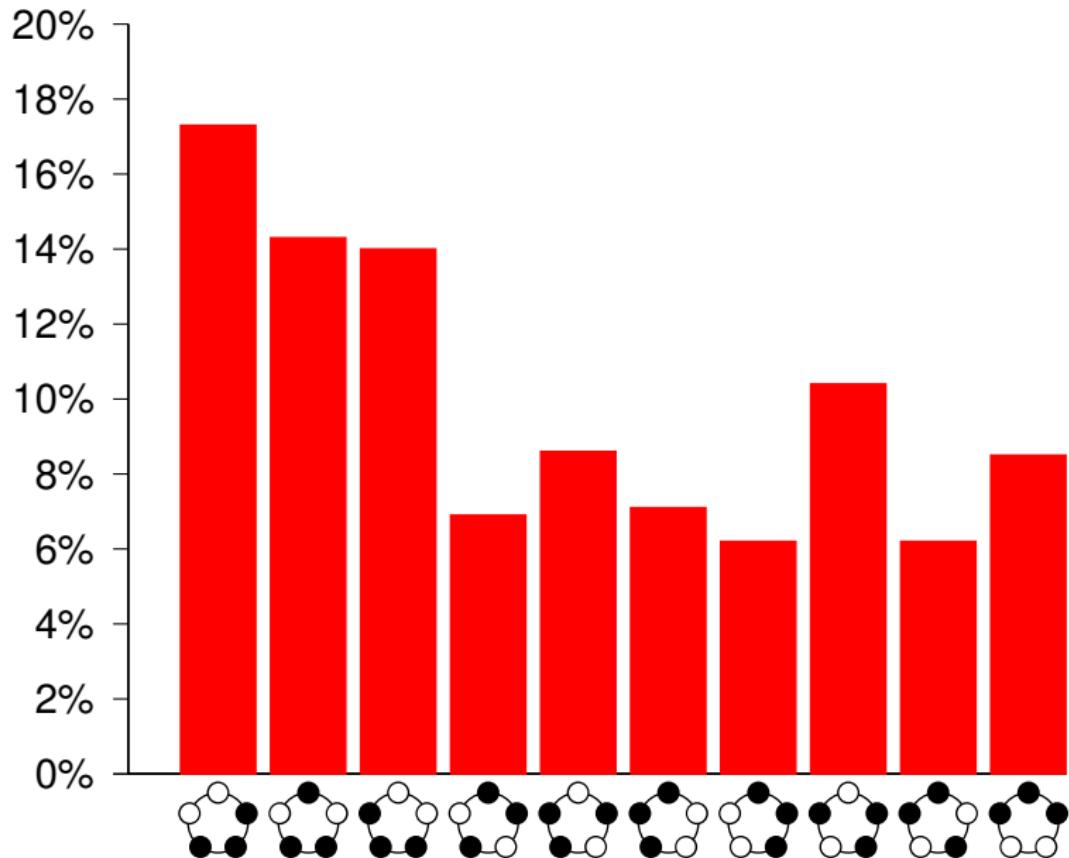
# Stationary distribution



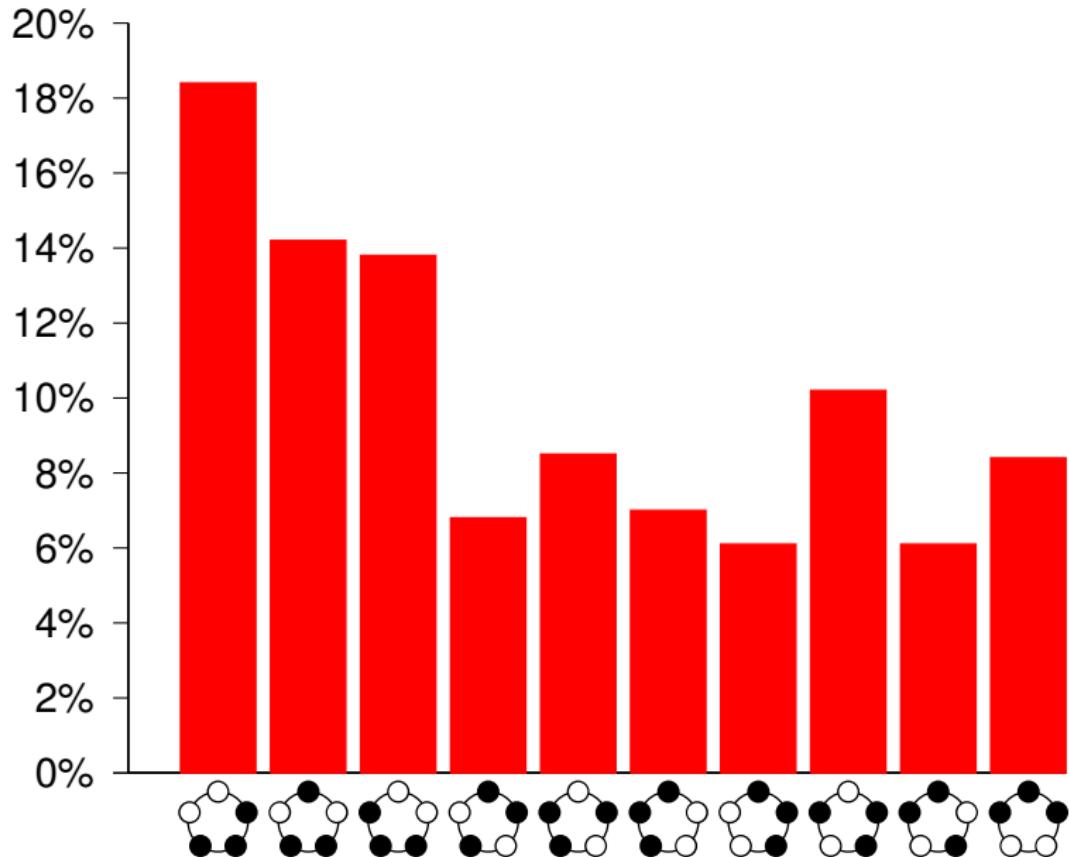
# Stationary distribution



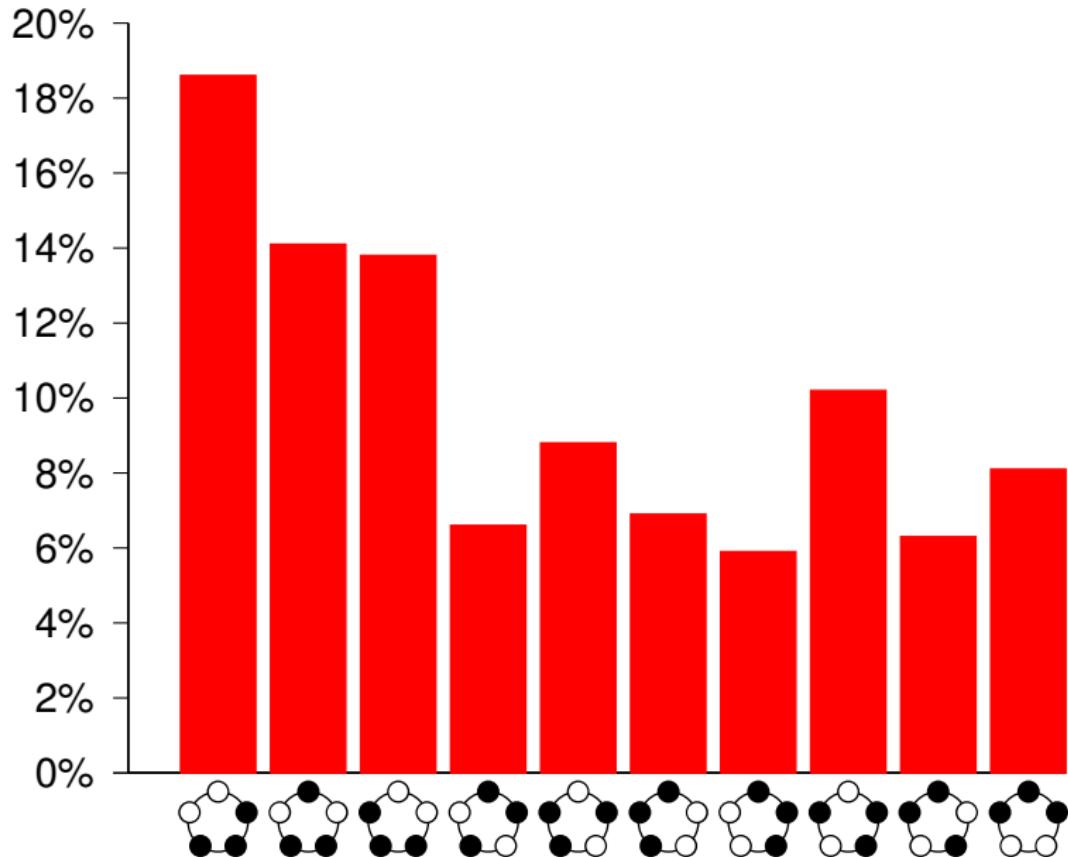
# Stationary distribution



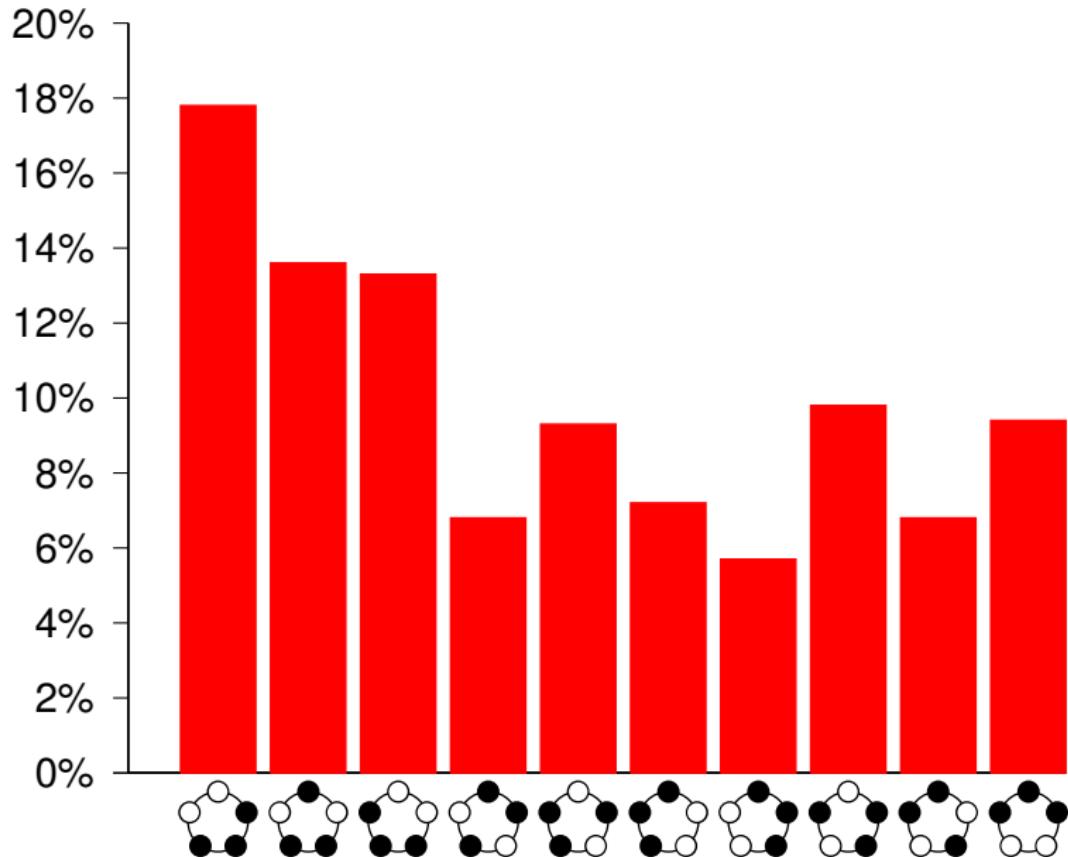
# Stationary distribution



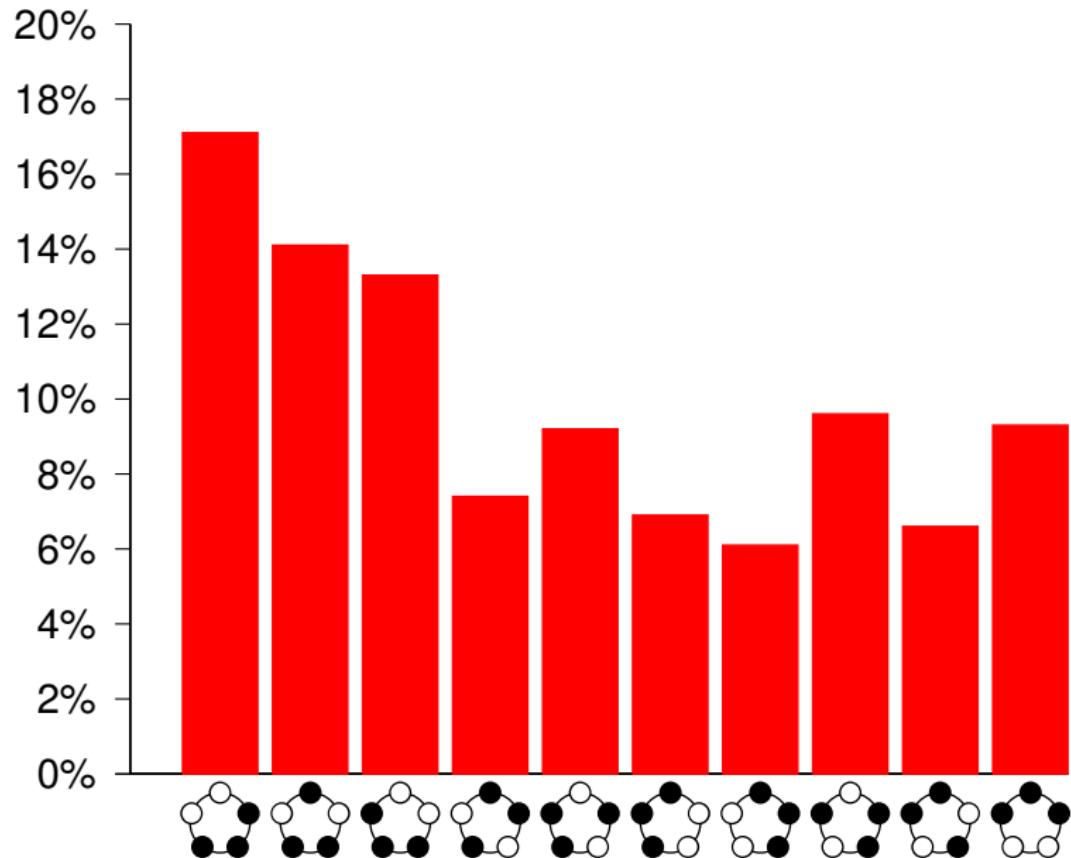
# Stationary distribution



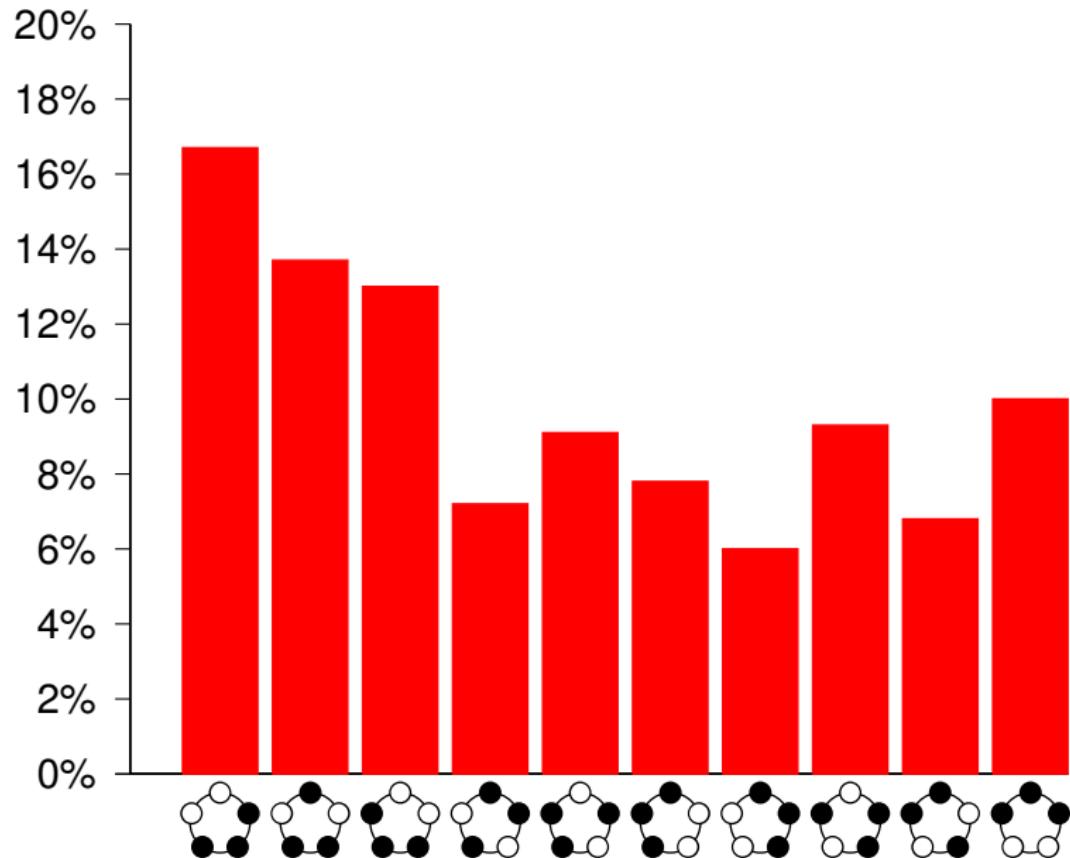
# Stationary distribution



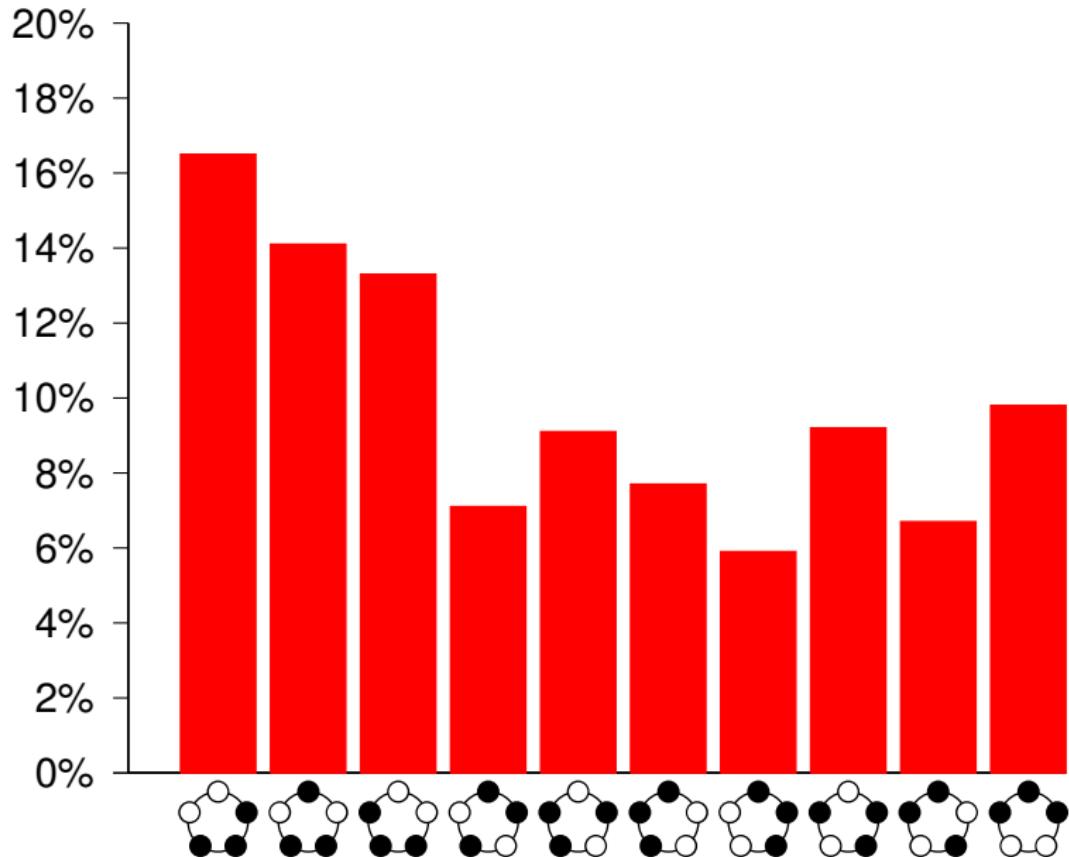
# Stationary distribution



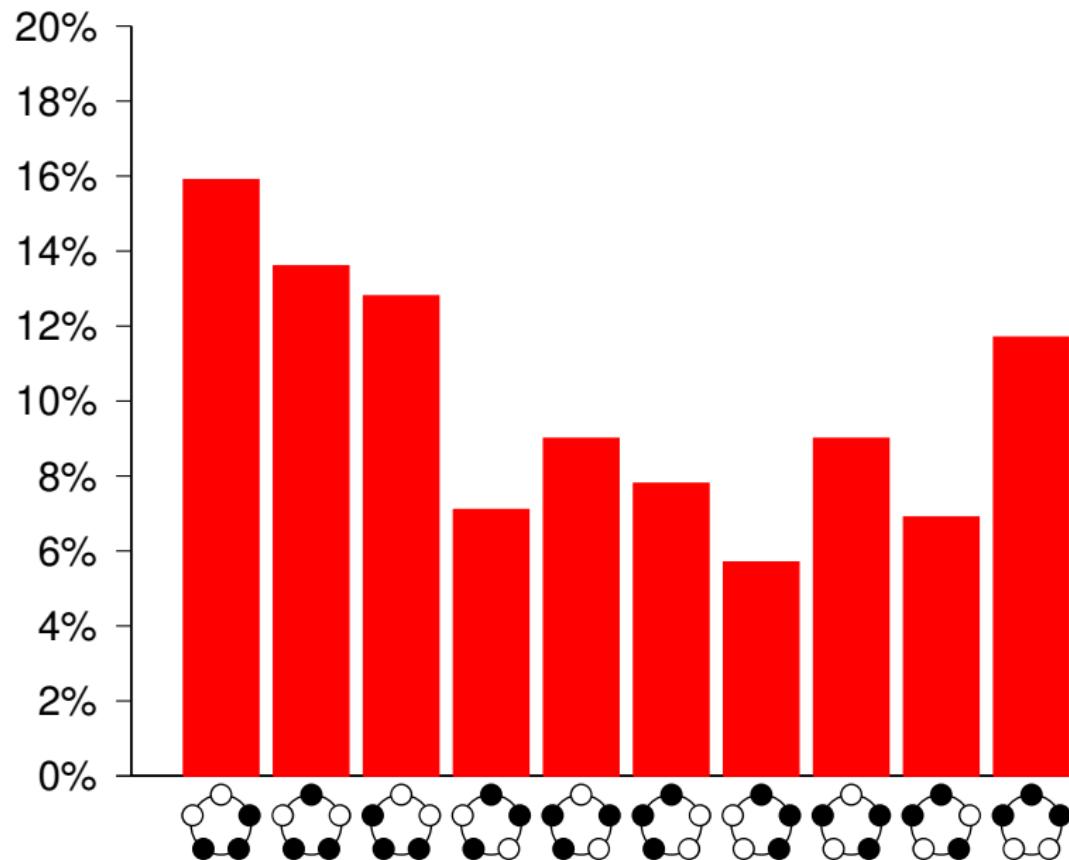
# Stationary distribution



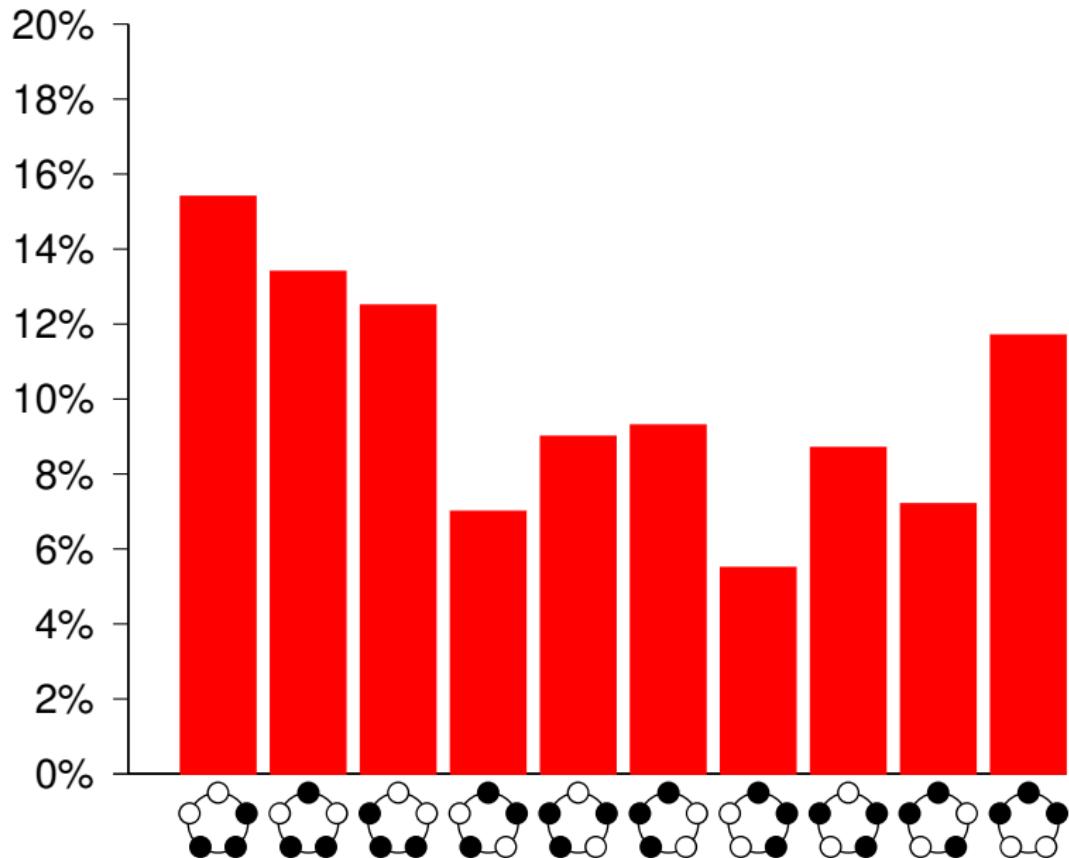
# Stationary distribution



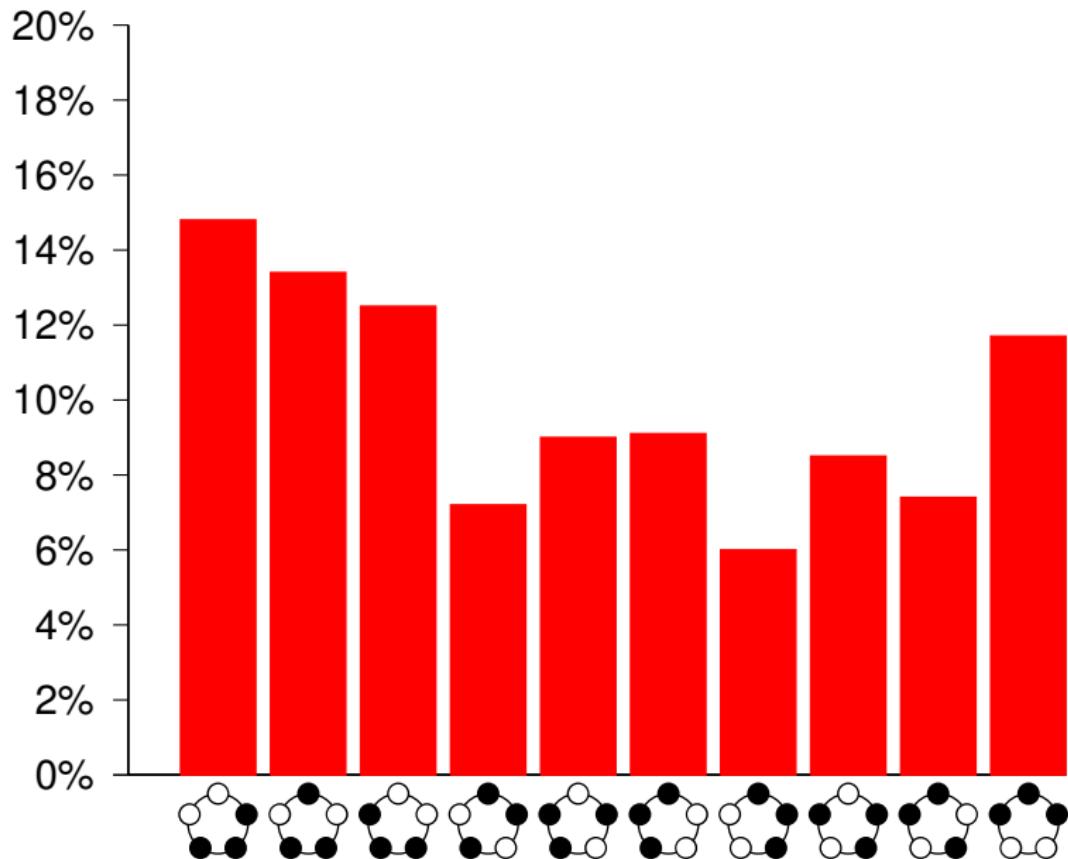
# Stationary distribution



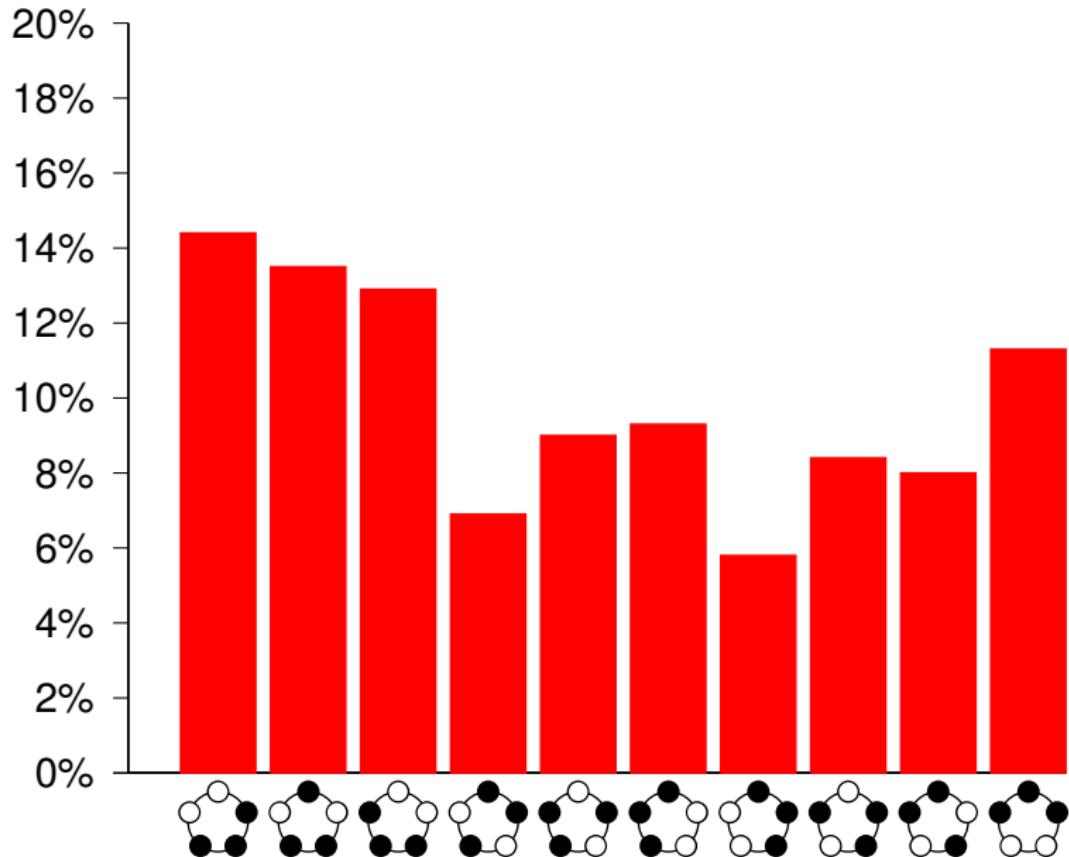
# Stationary distribution



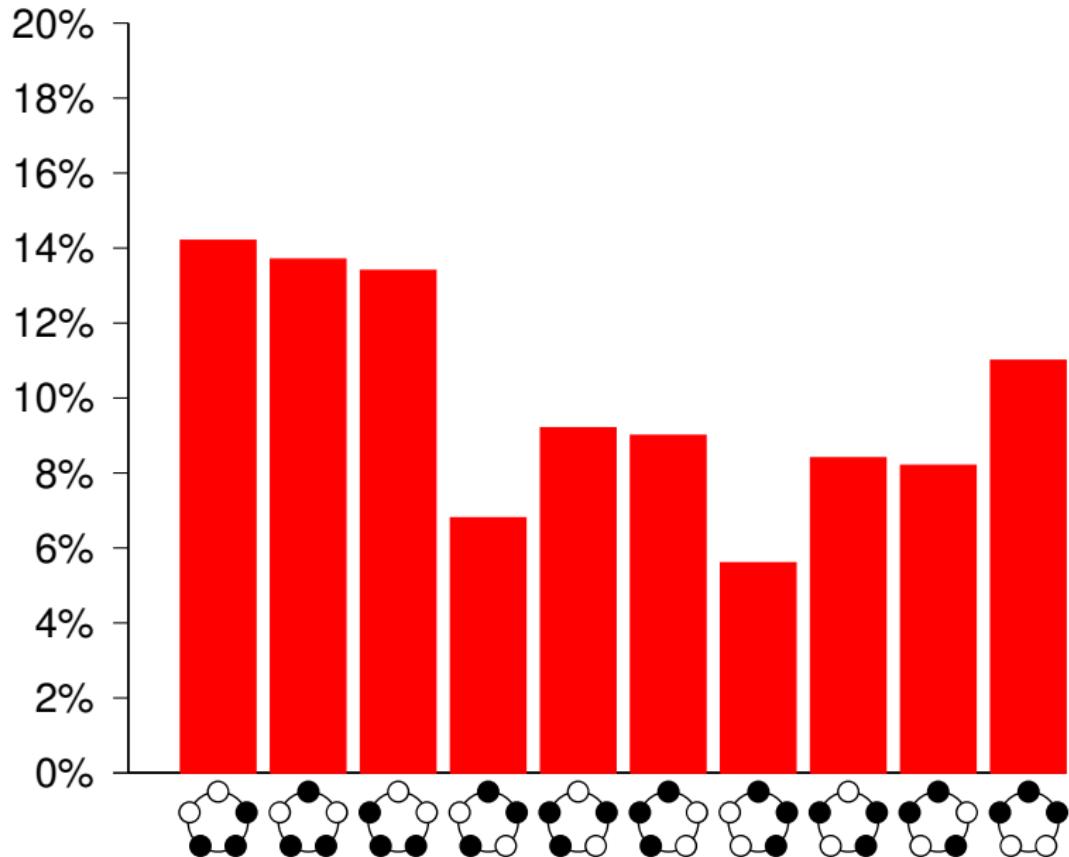
# Stationary distribution



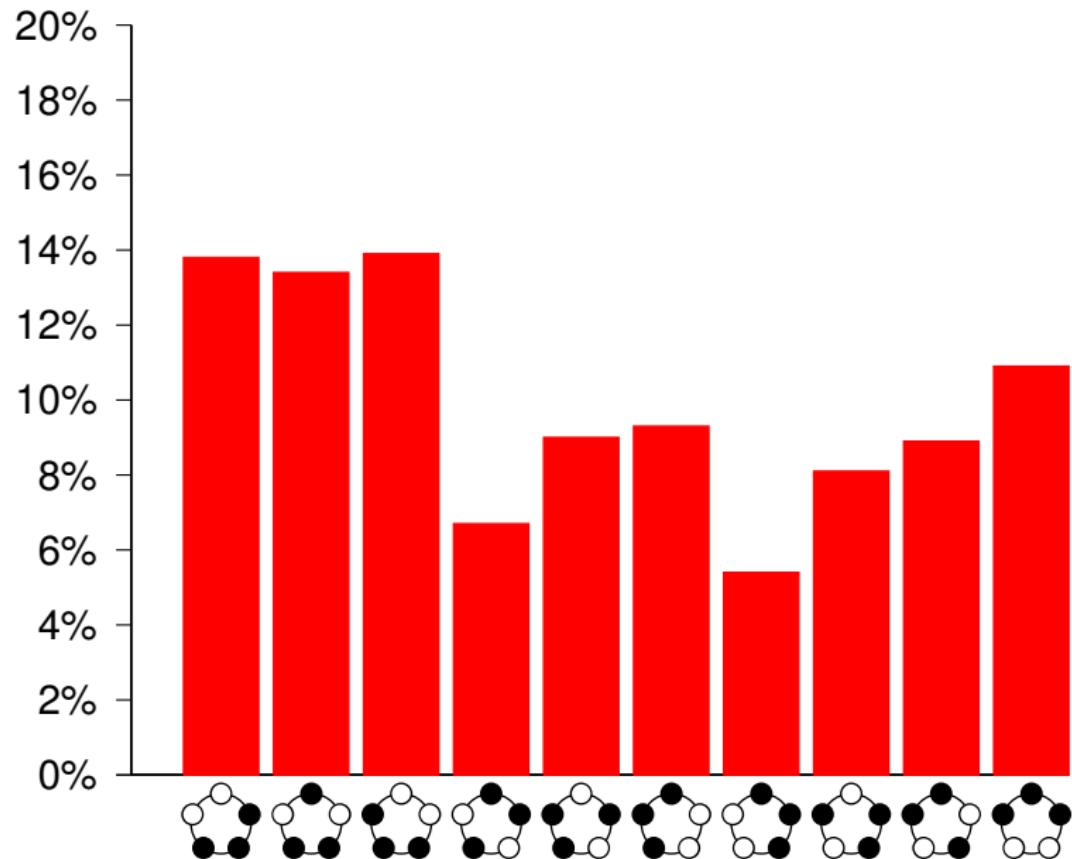
# Stationary distribution



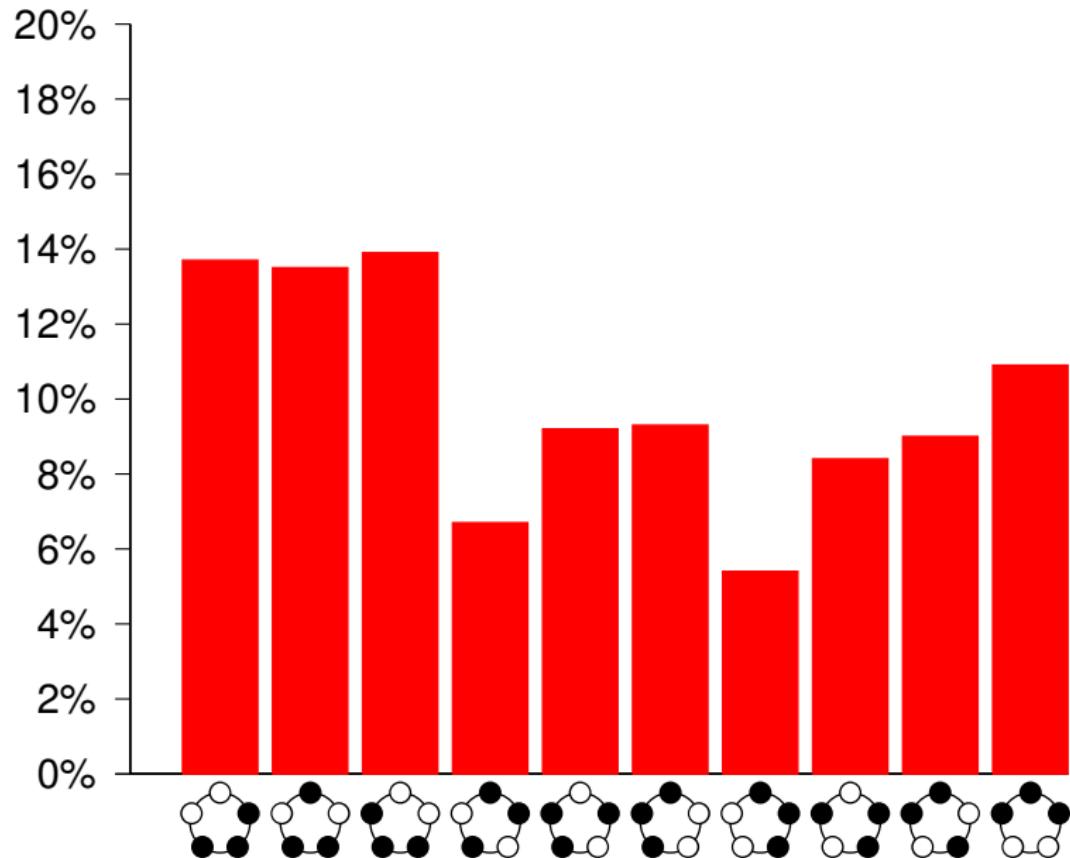
# Stationary distribution



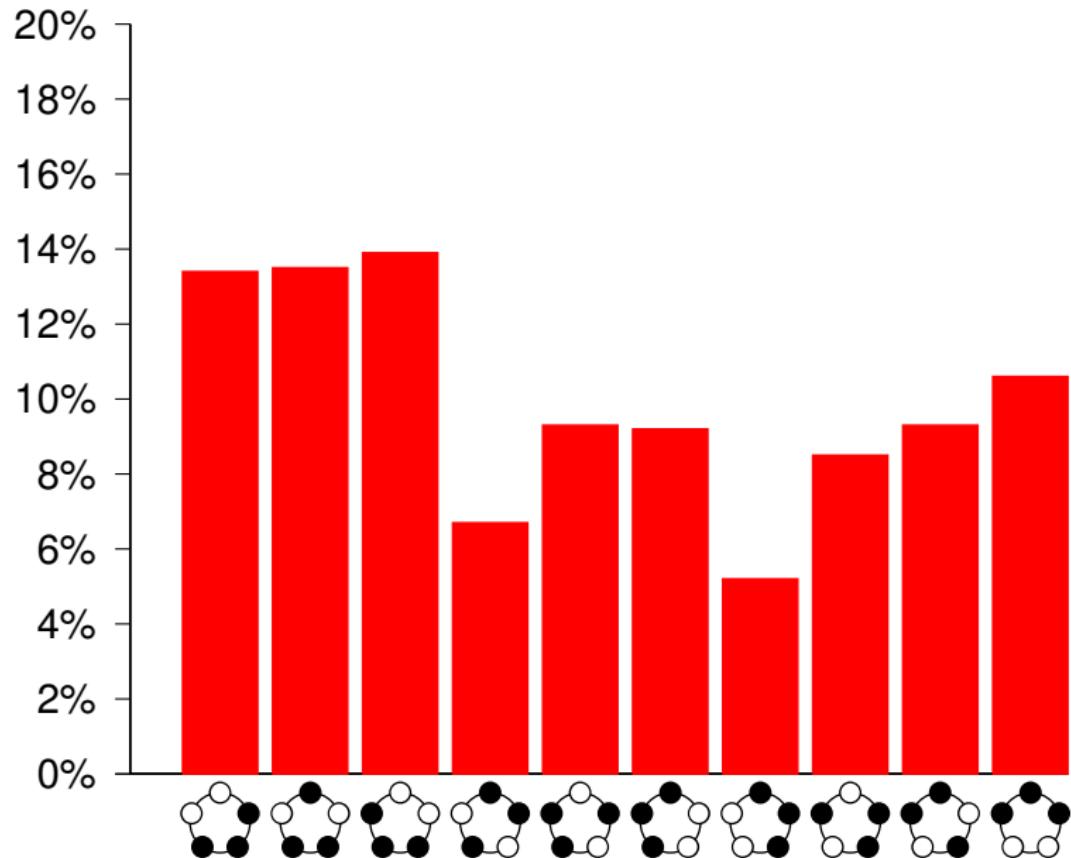
# Stationary distribution



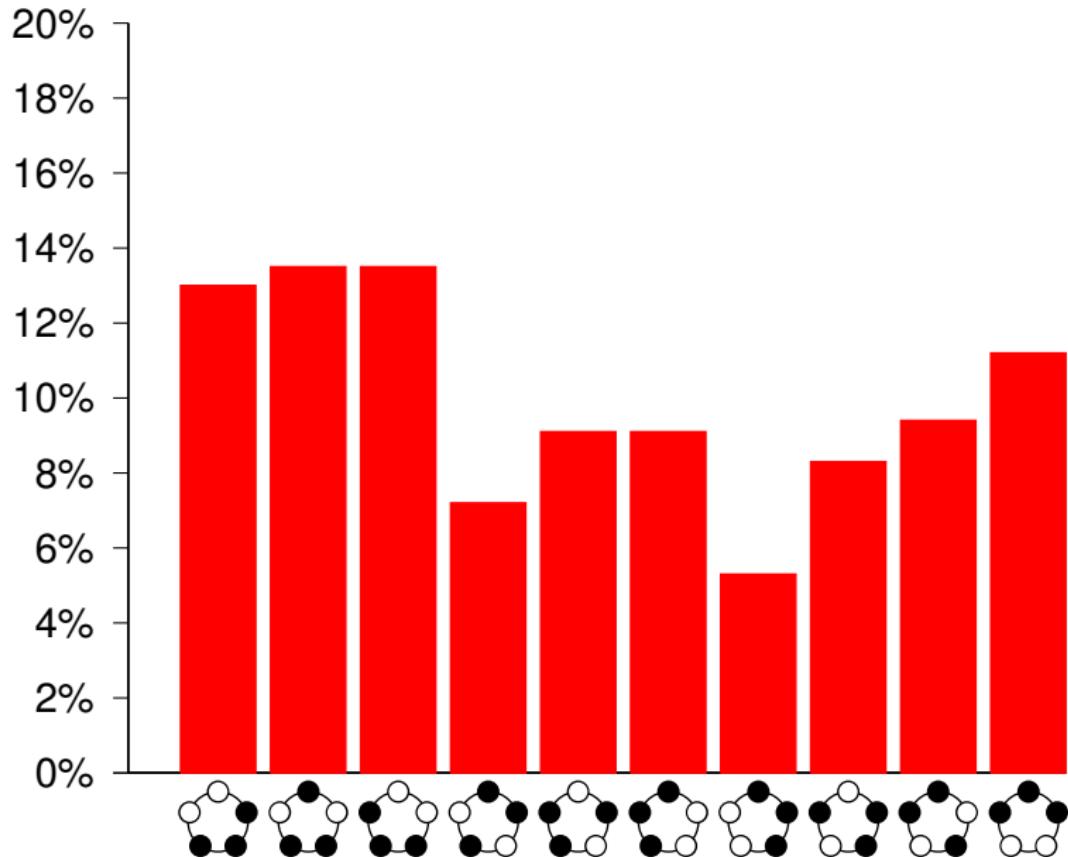
# Stationary distribution



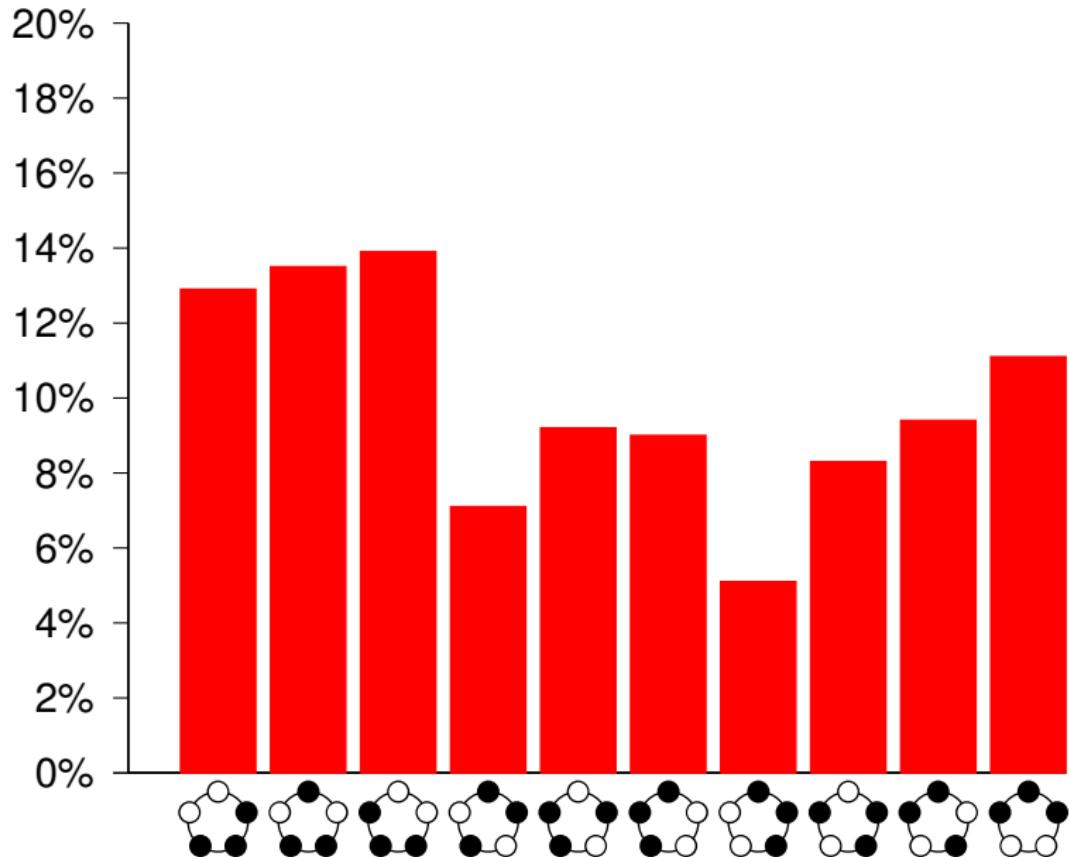
# Stationary distribution



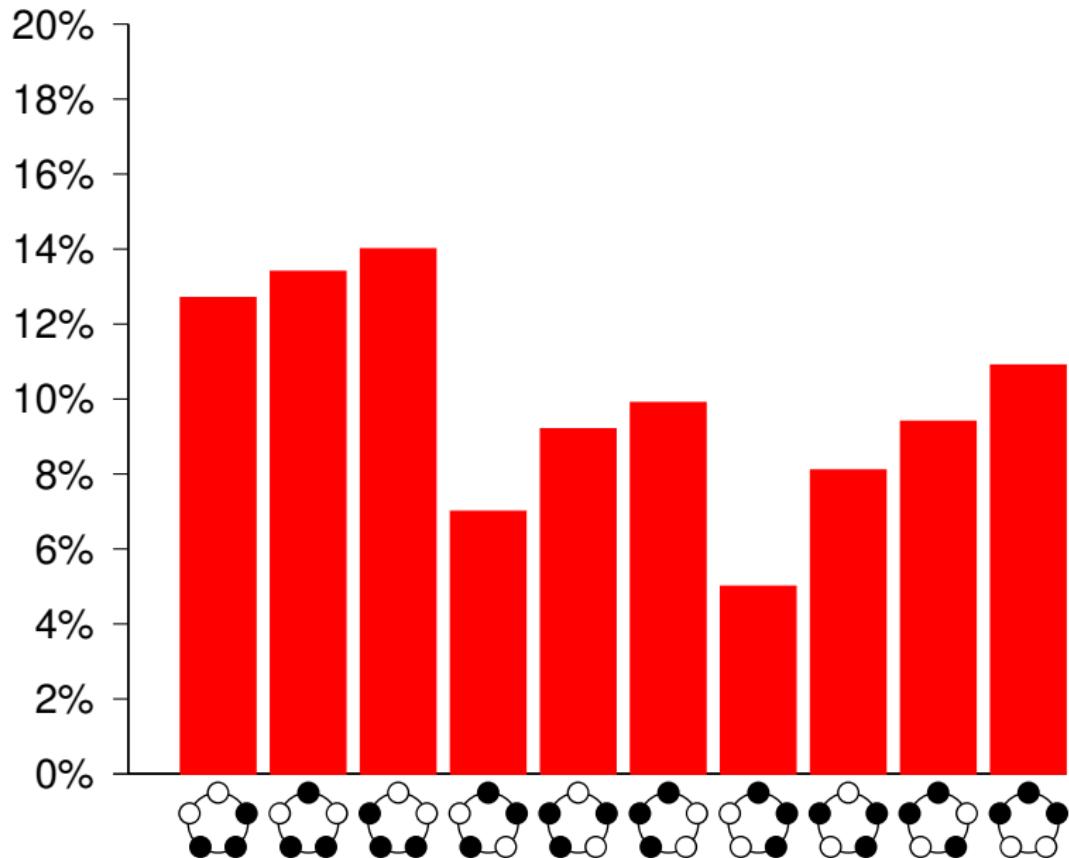
# Stationary distribution



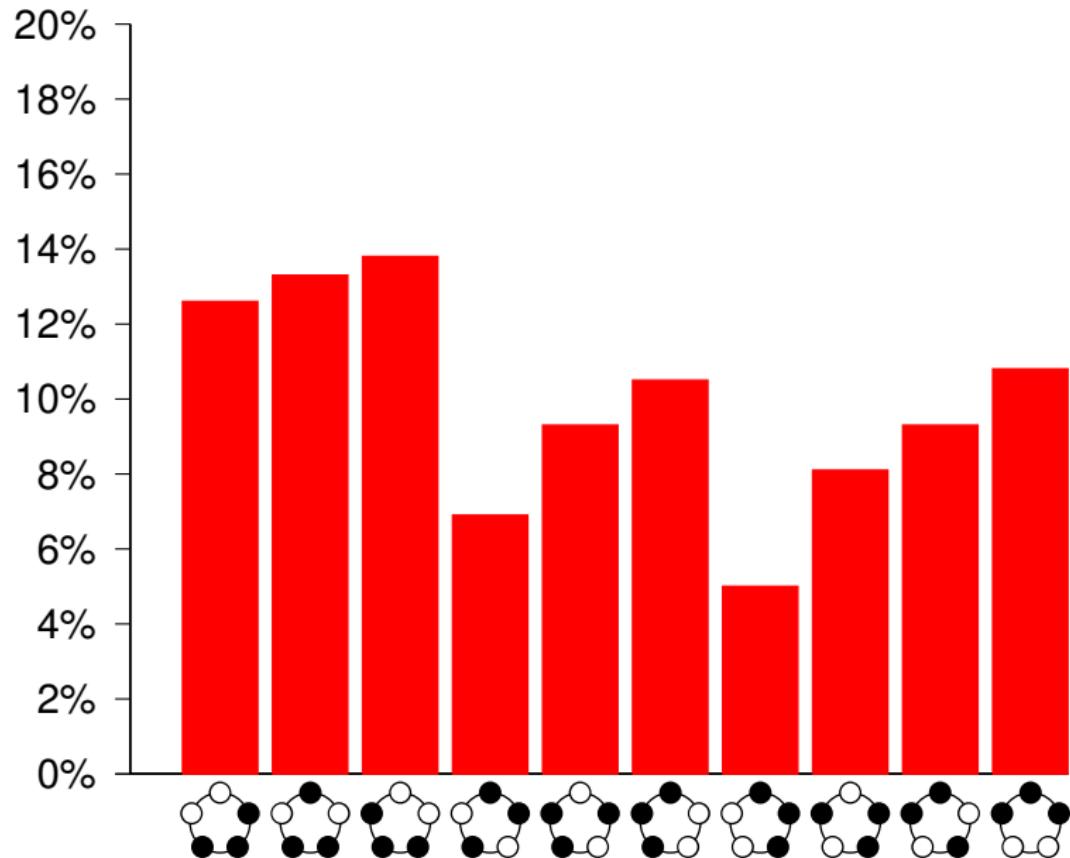
# Stationary distribution



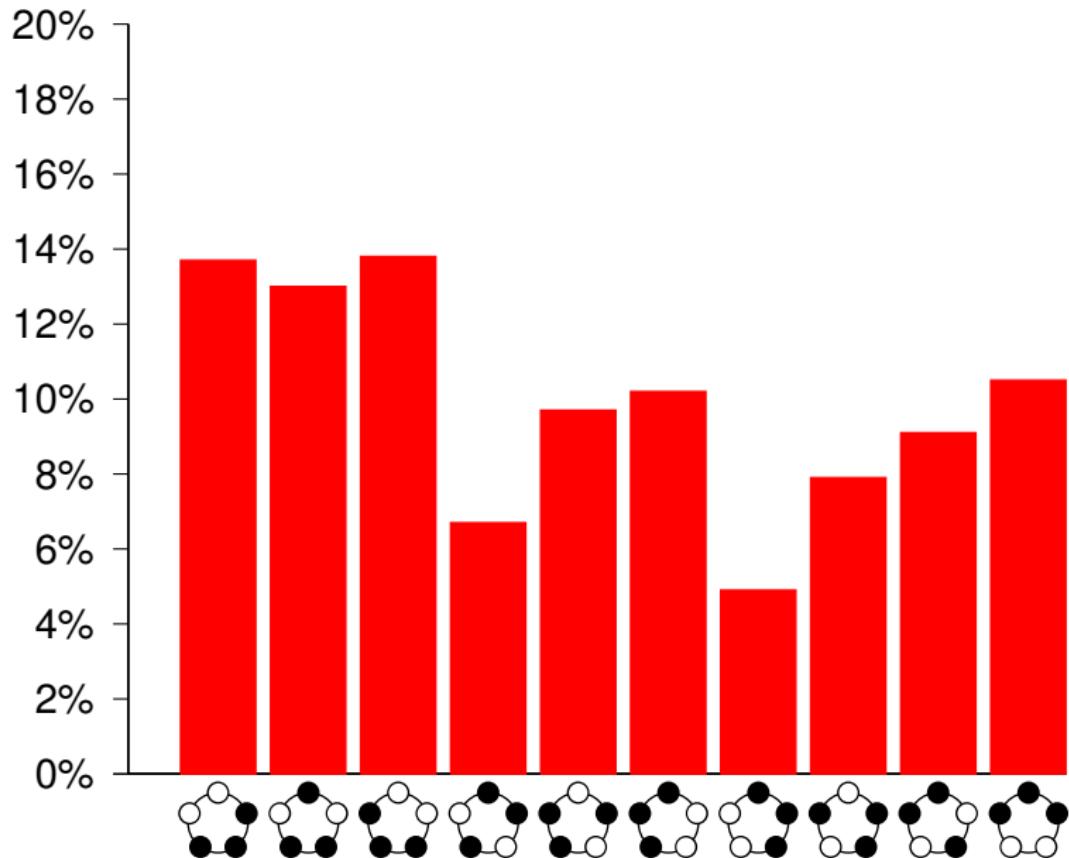
# Stationary distribution



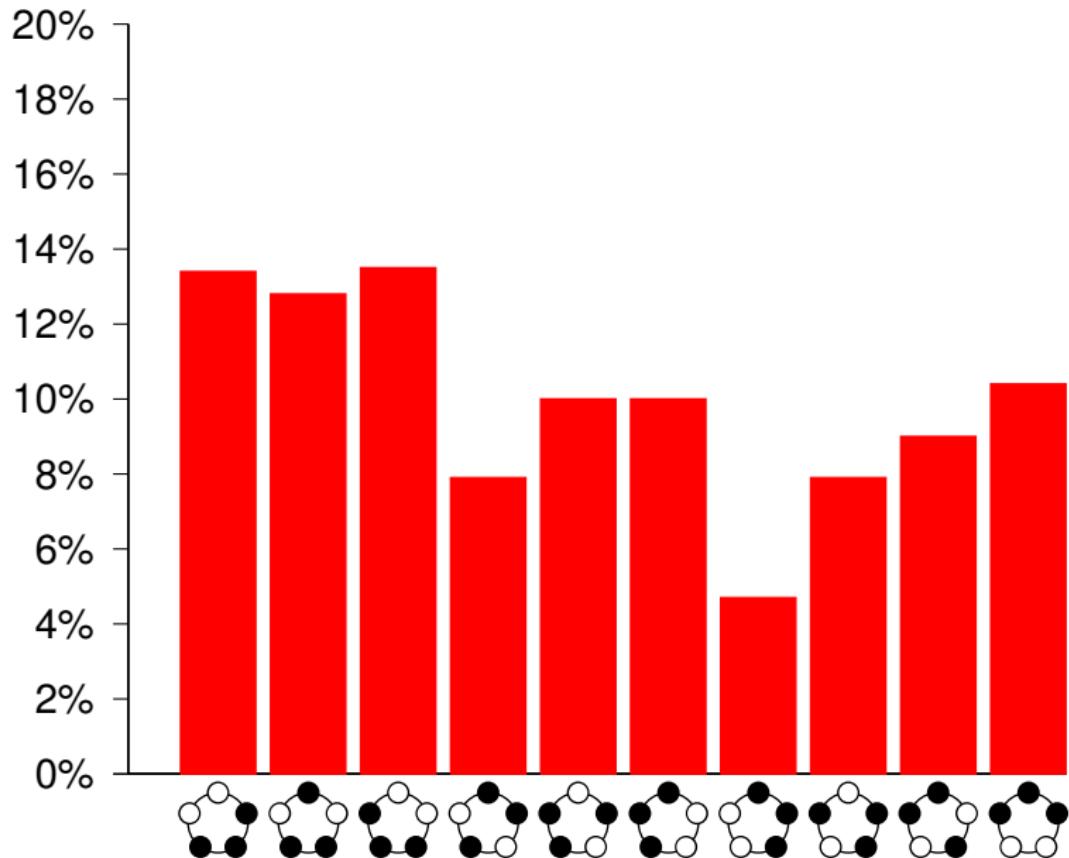
# Stationary distribution



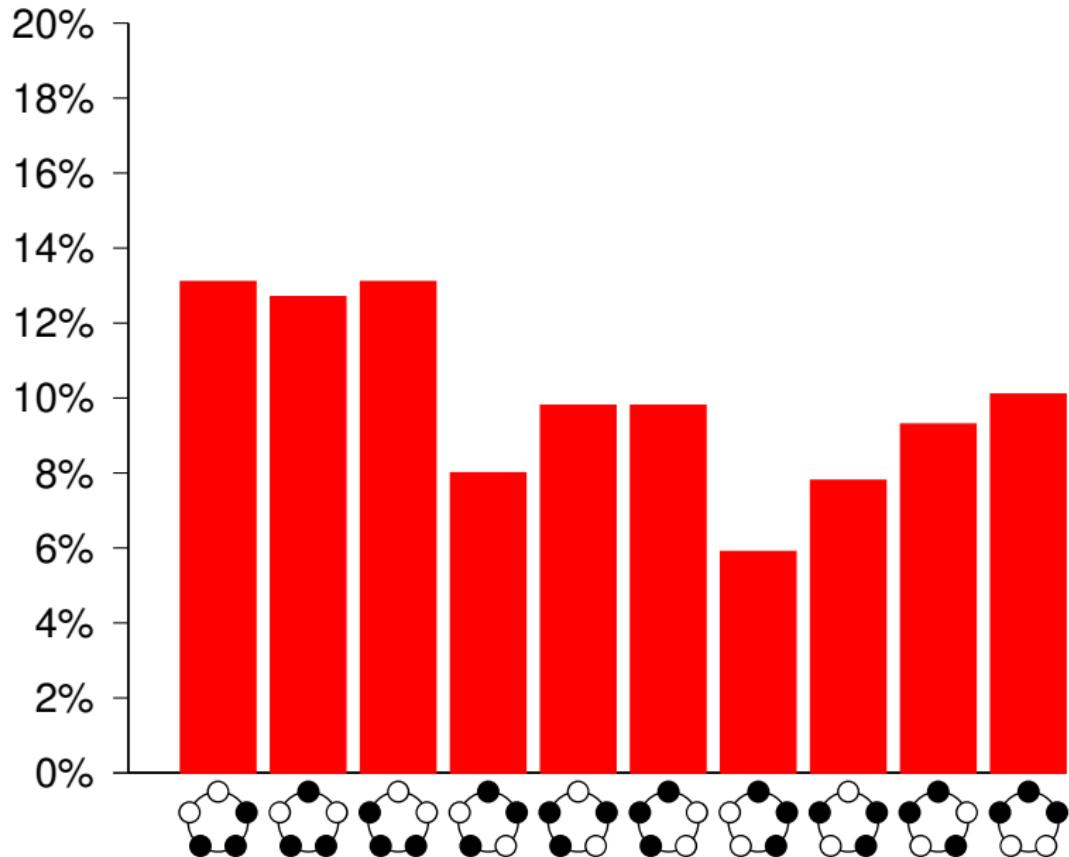
# Stationary distribution



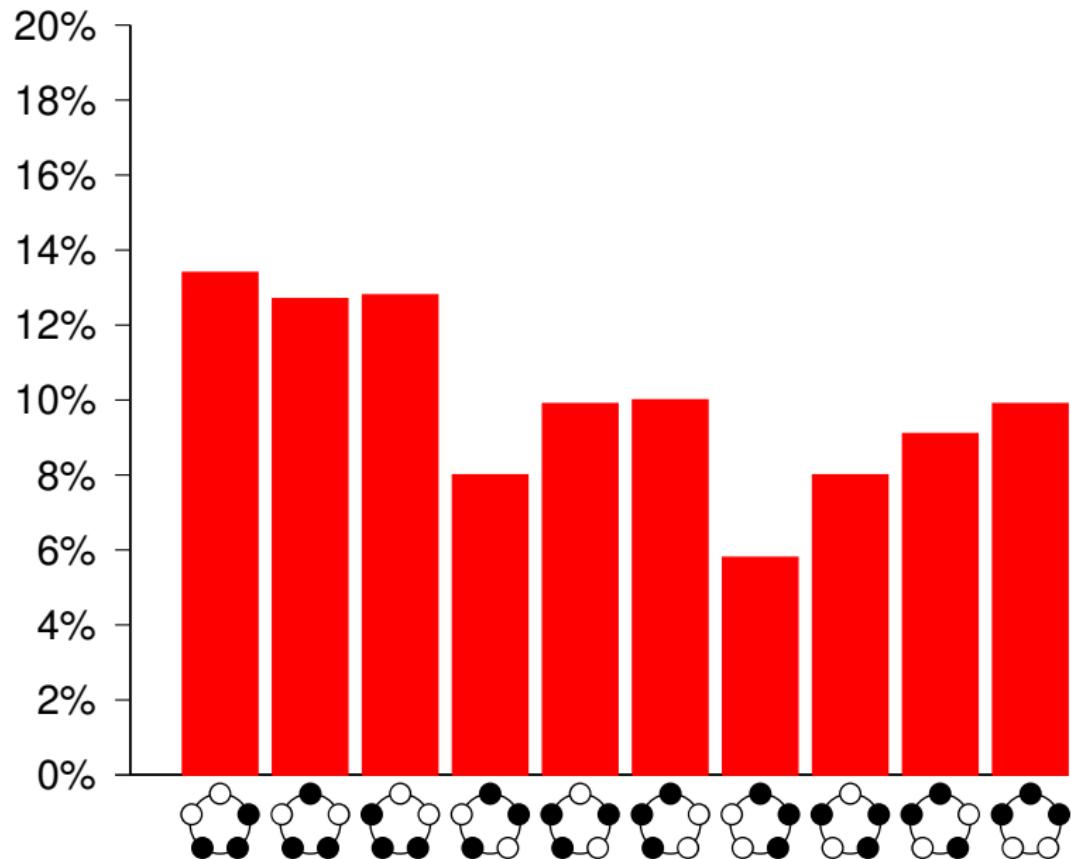
# Stationary distribution



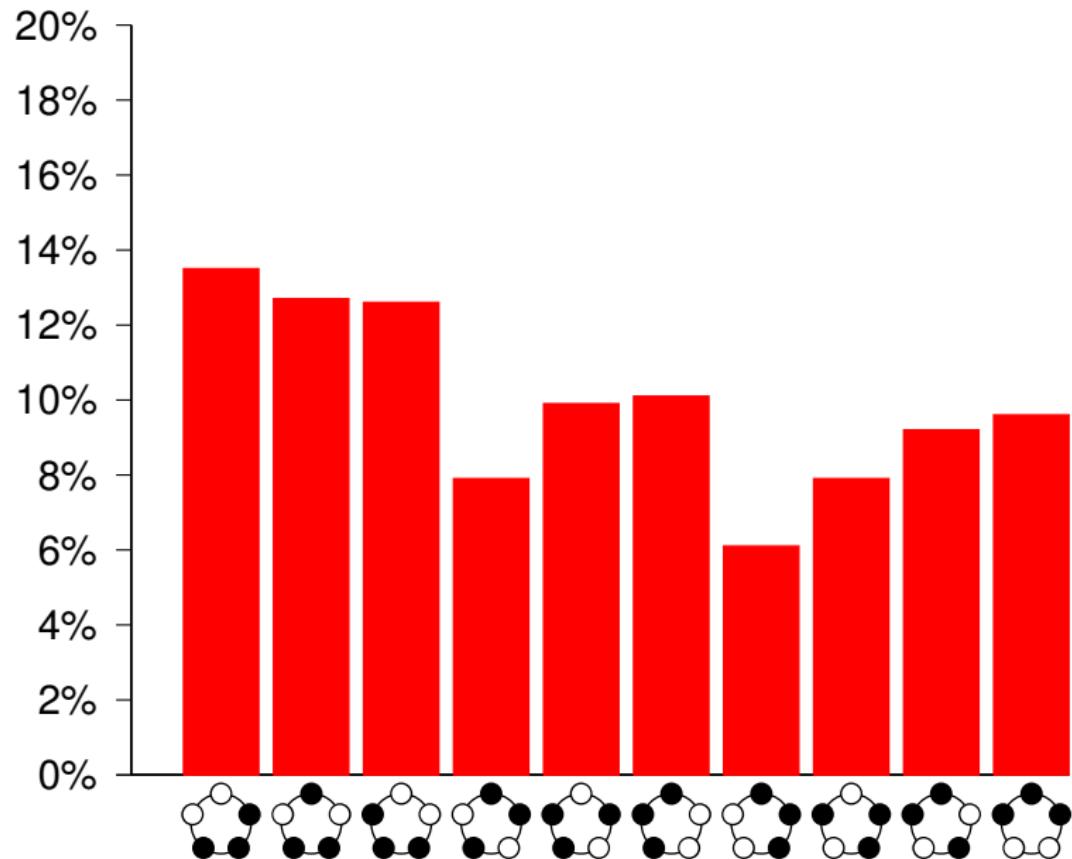
# Stationary distribution



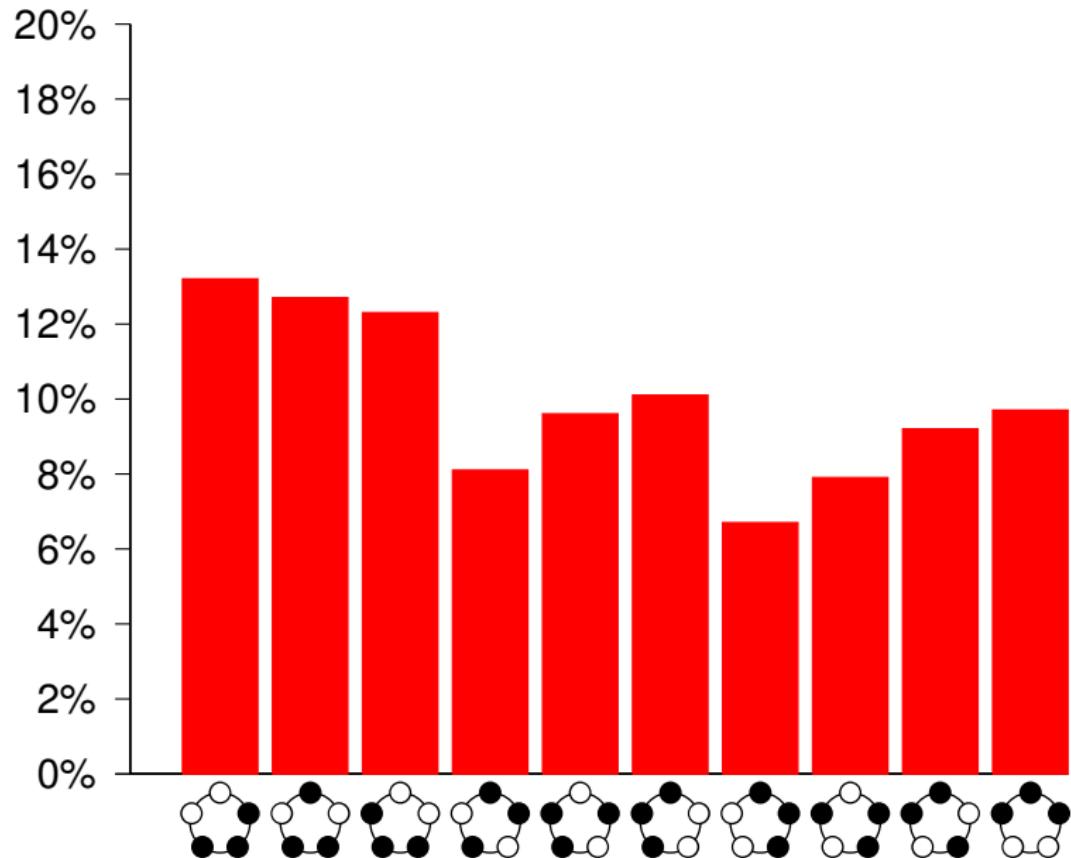
# Stationary distribution



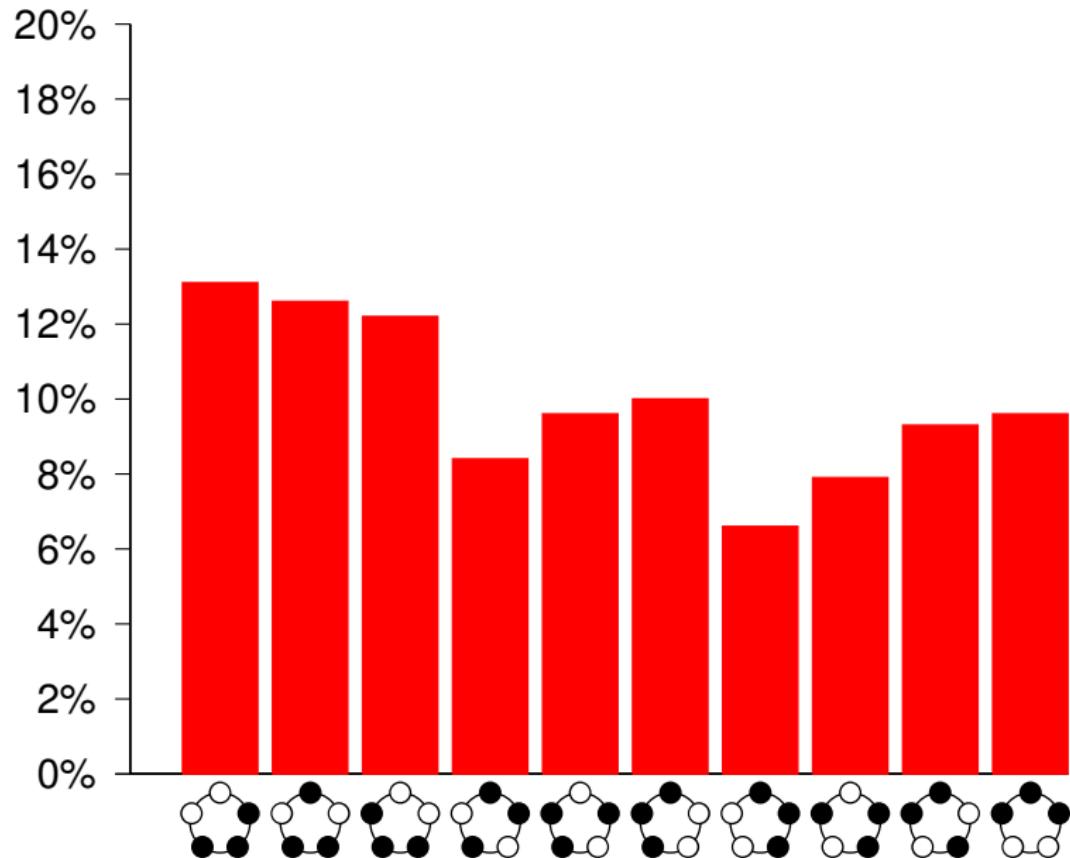
# Stationary distribution



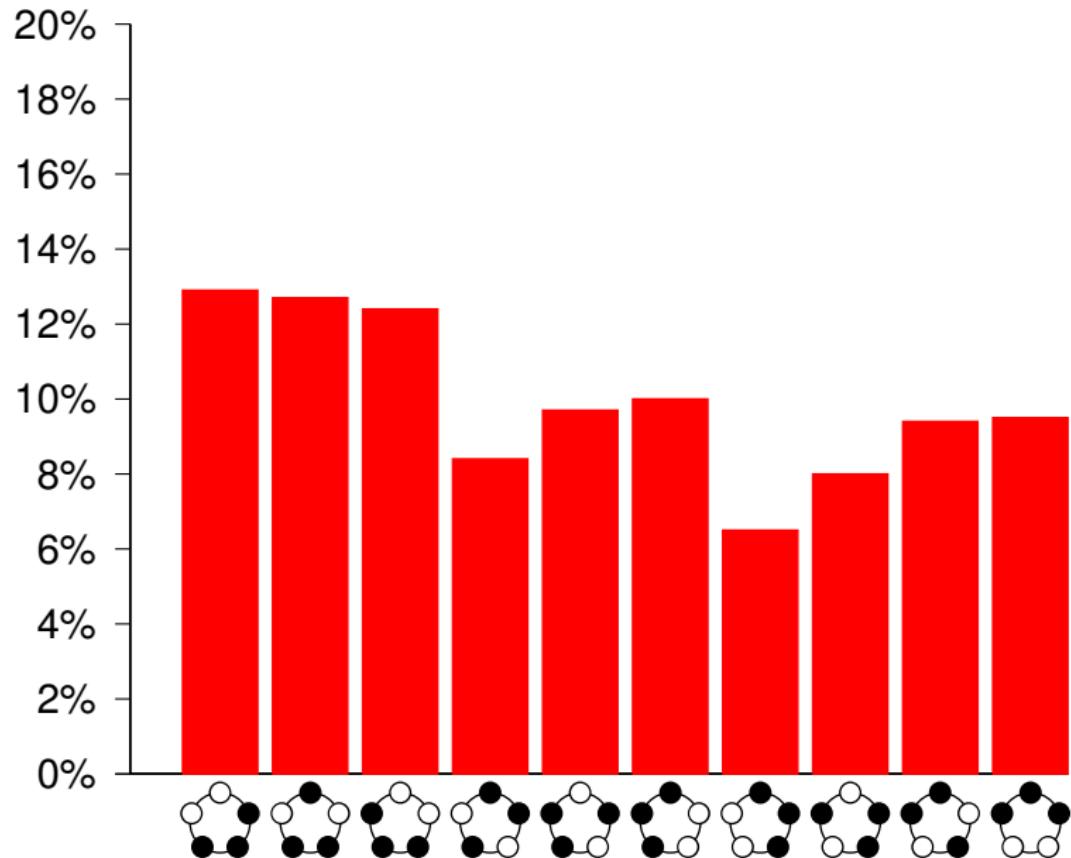
# Stationary distribution



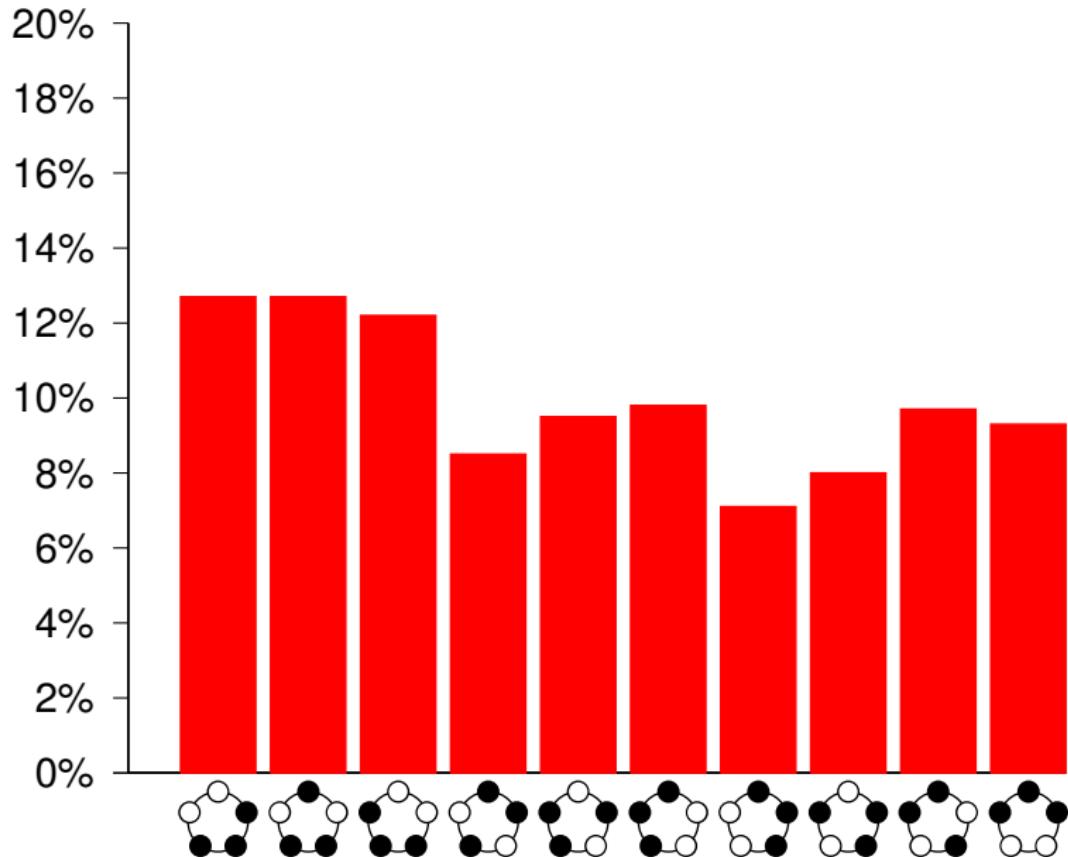
# Stationary distribution



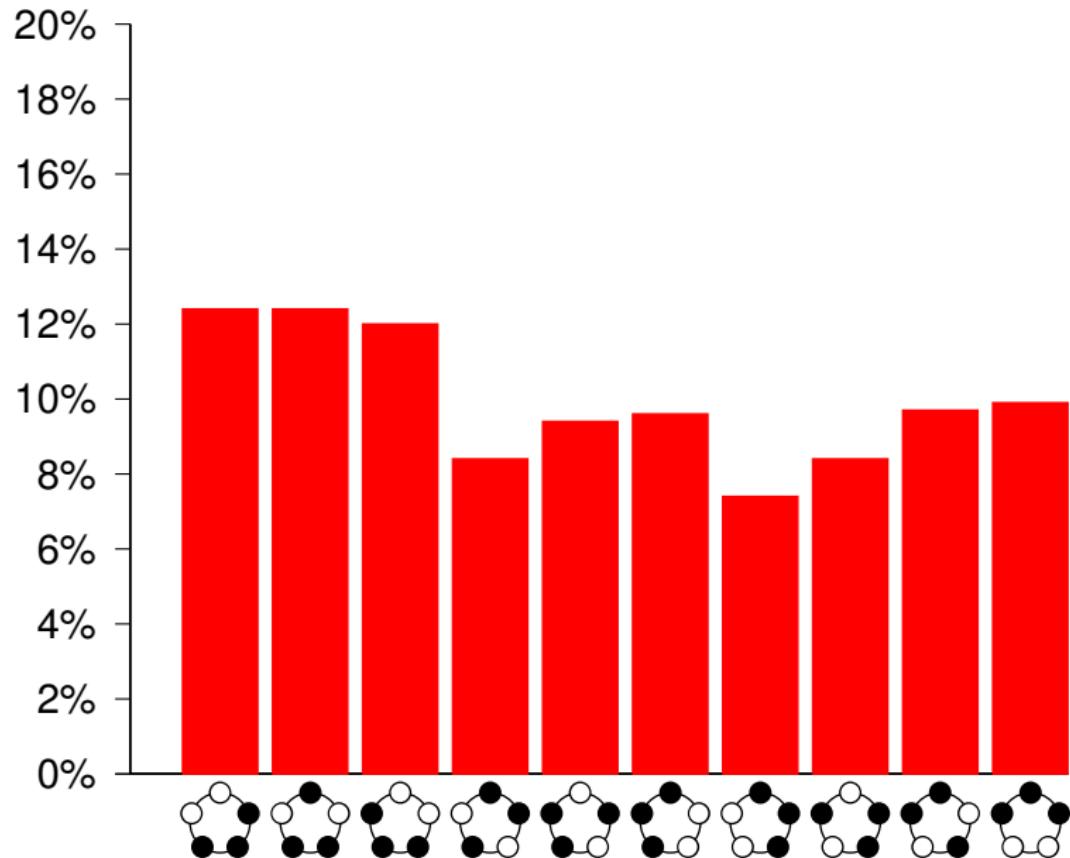
# Stationary distribution



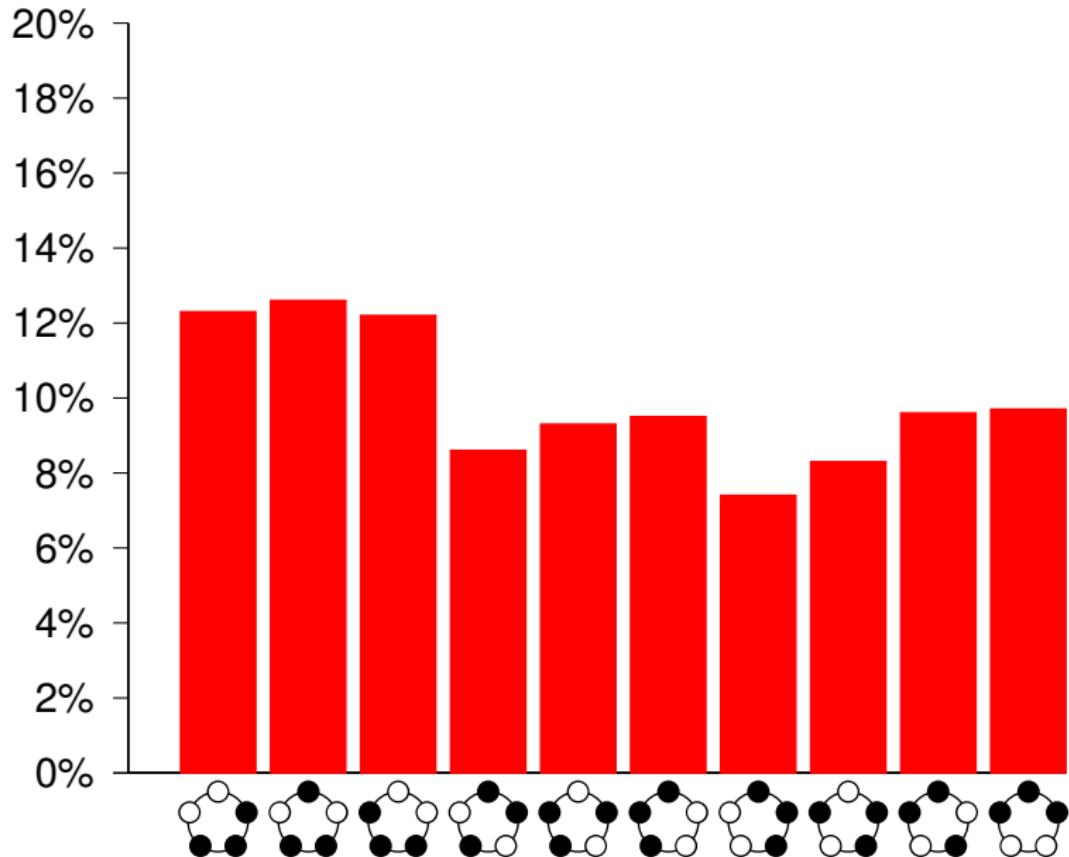
# Stationary distribution



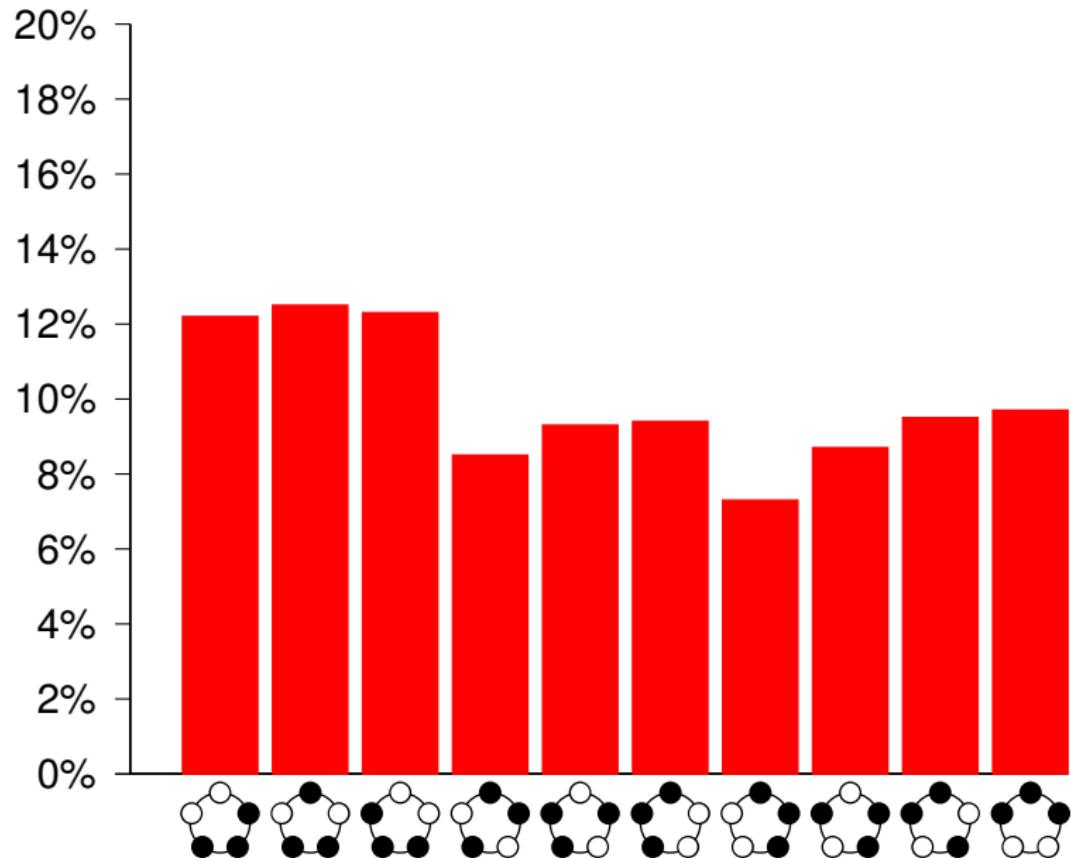
# Stationary distribution



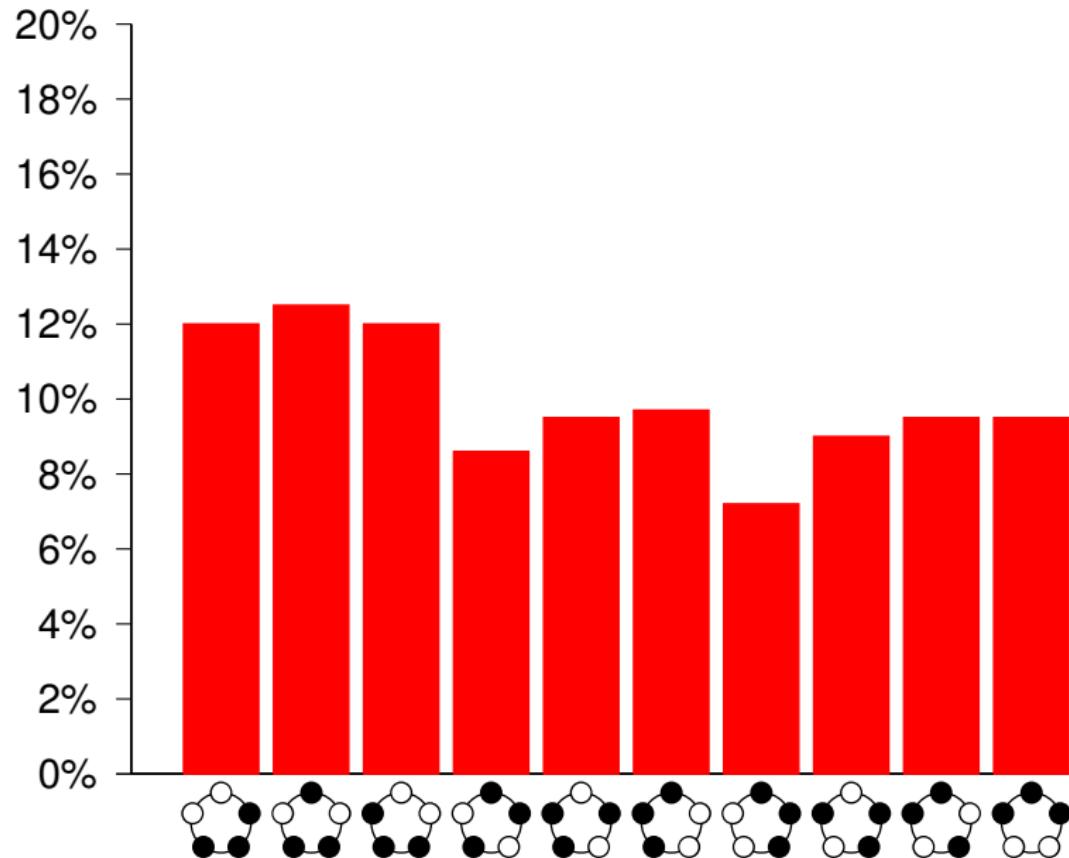
# Stationary distribution



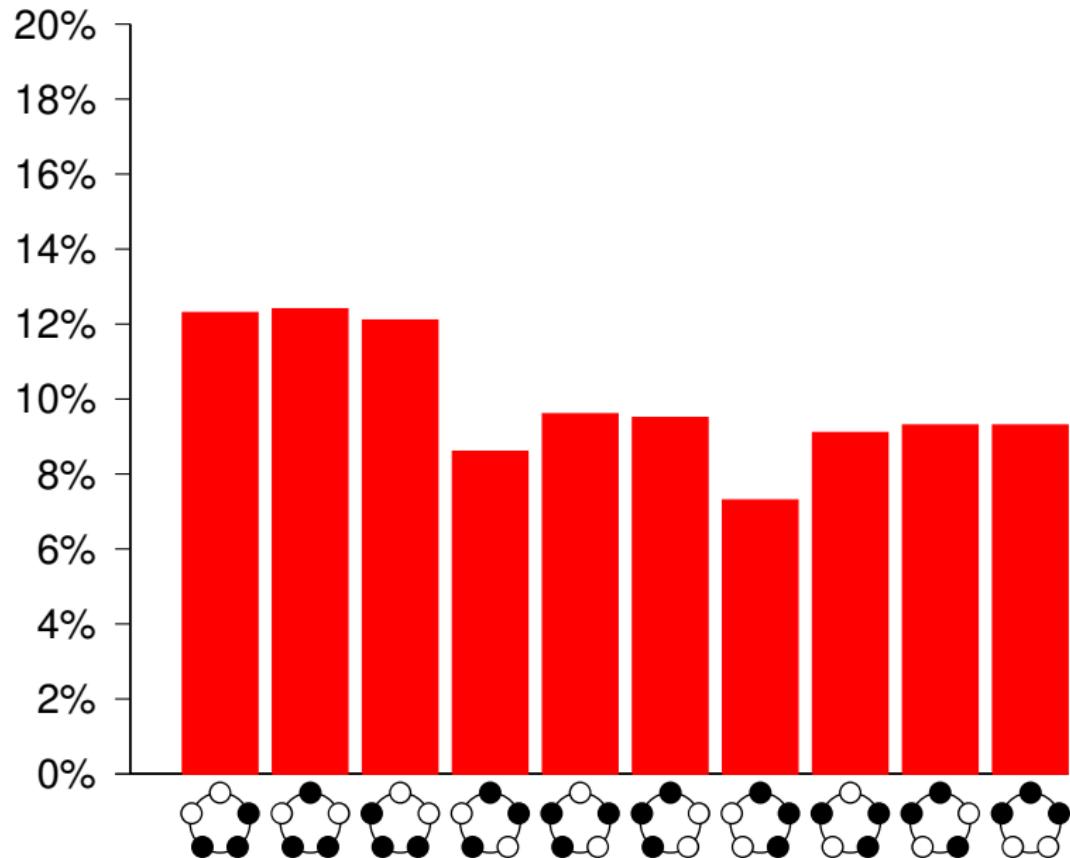
# Stationary distribution



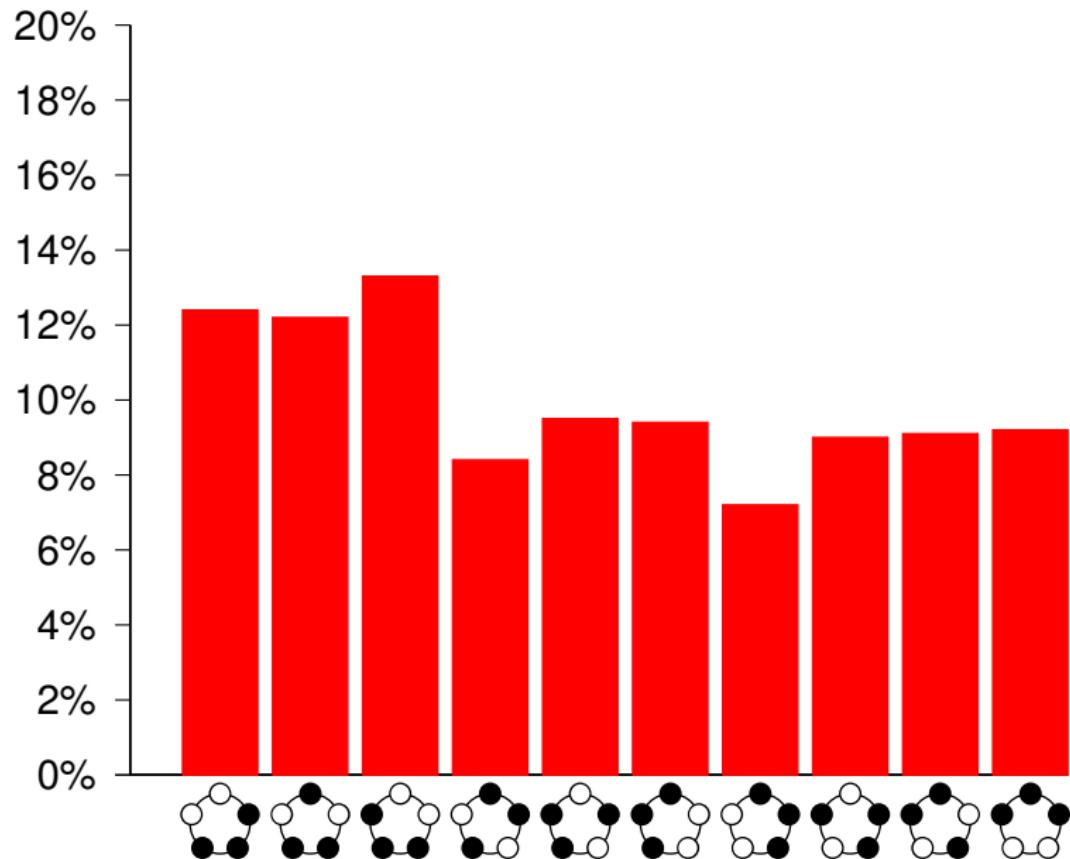
# Stationary distribution



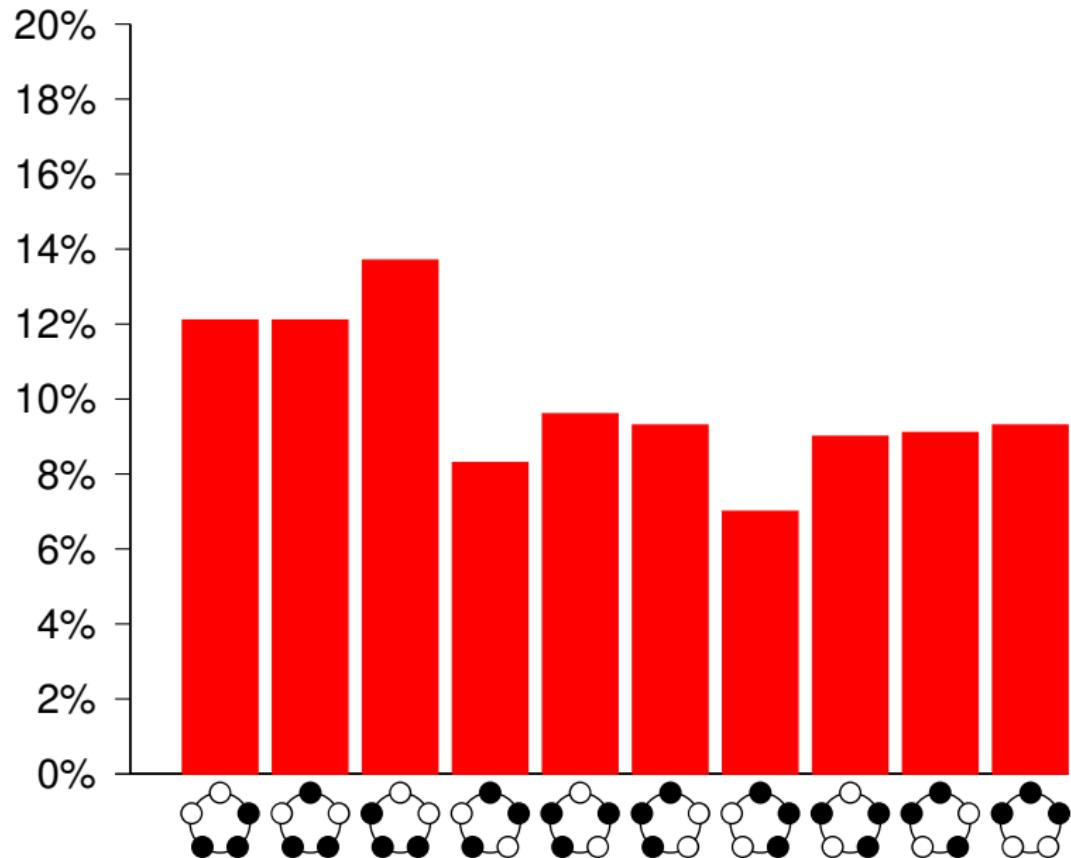
# Stationary distribution



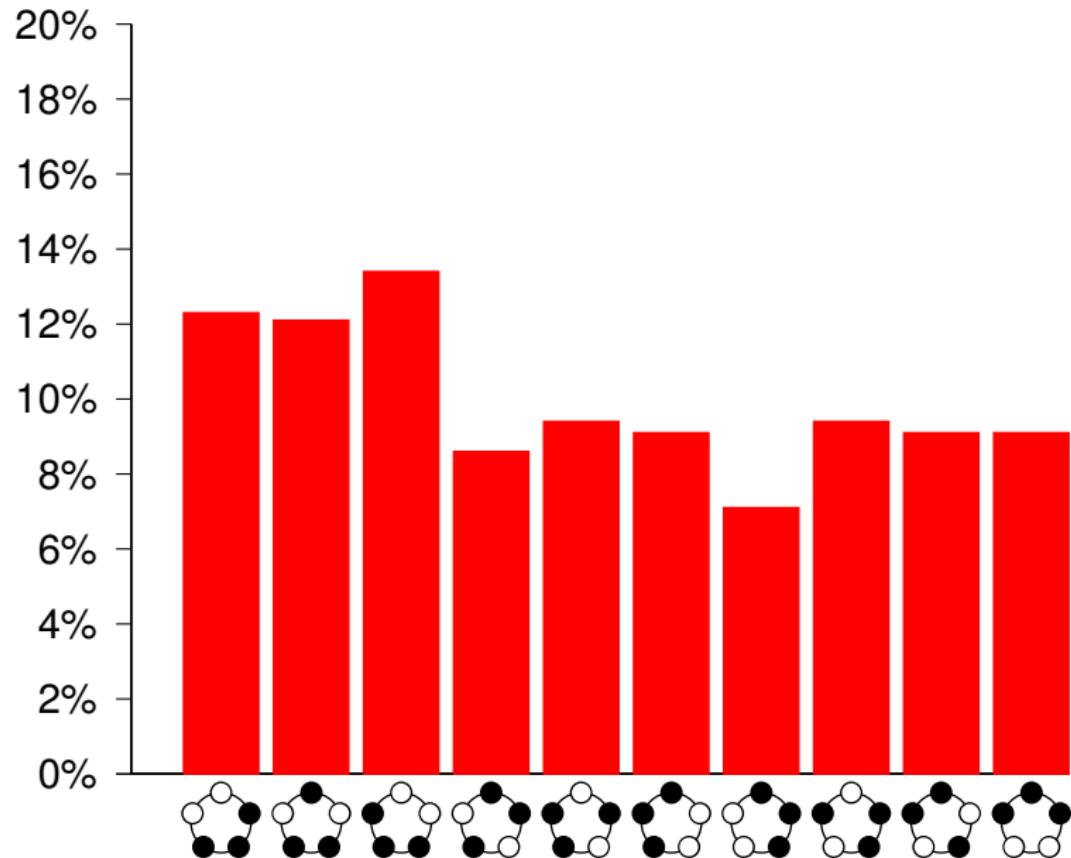
# Stationary distribution



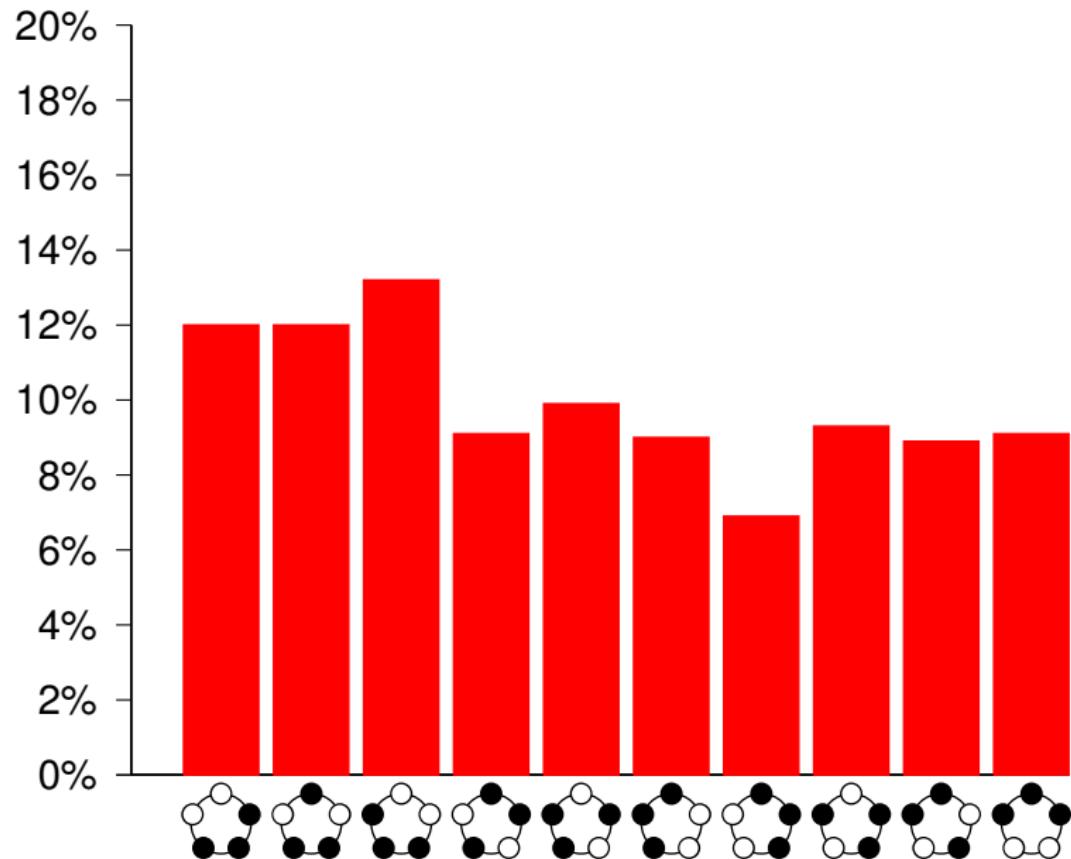
# Stationary distribution



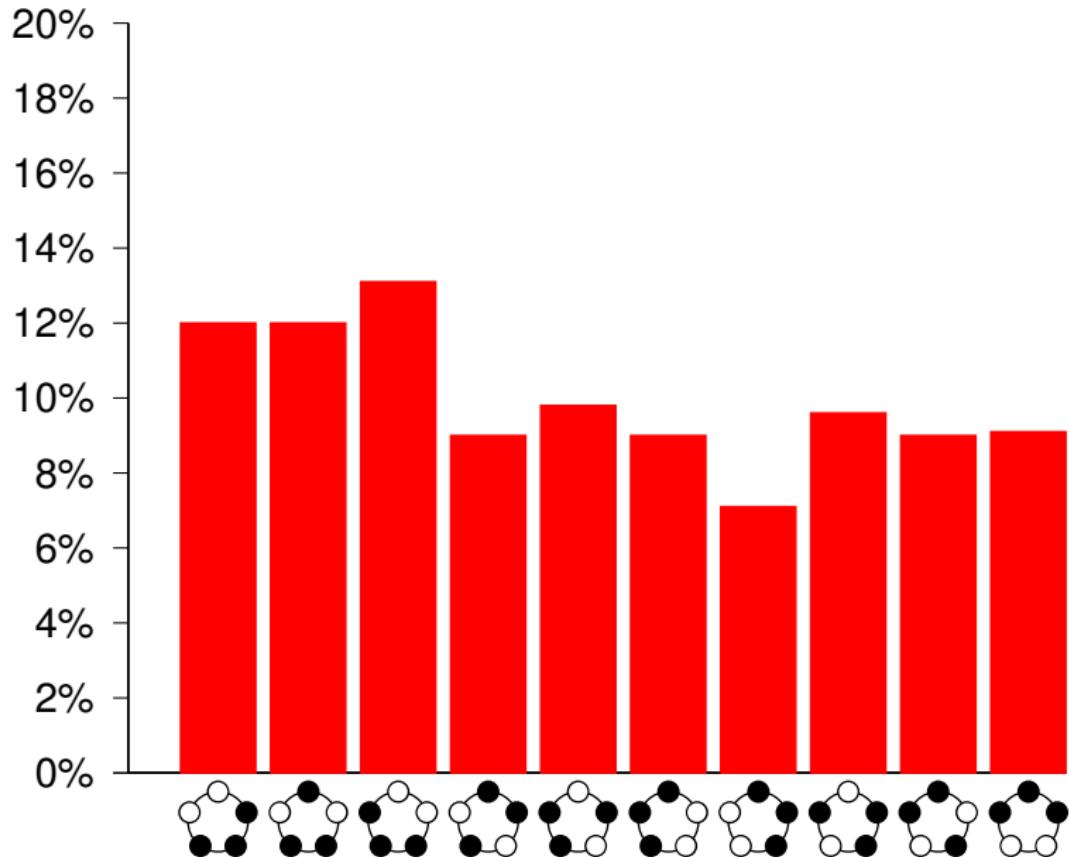
# Stationary distribution



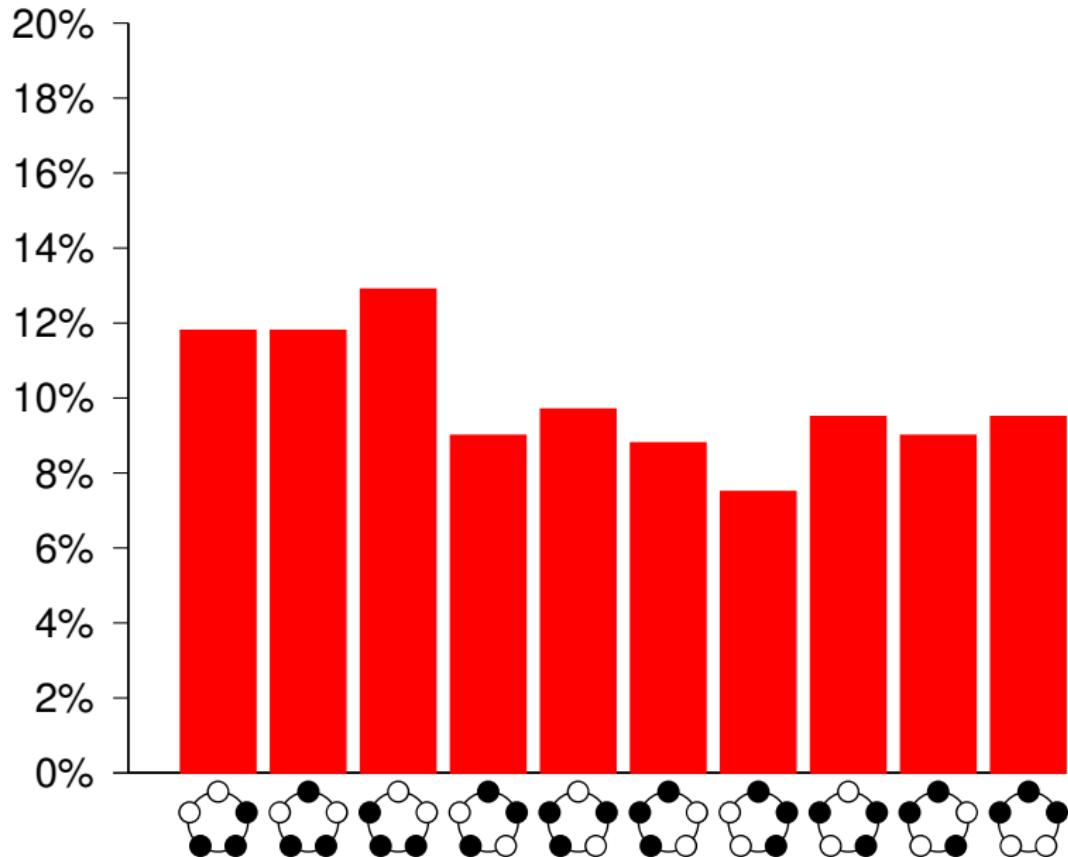
# Stationary distribution



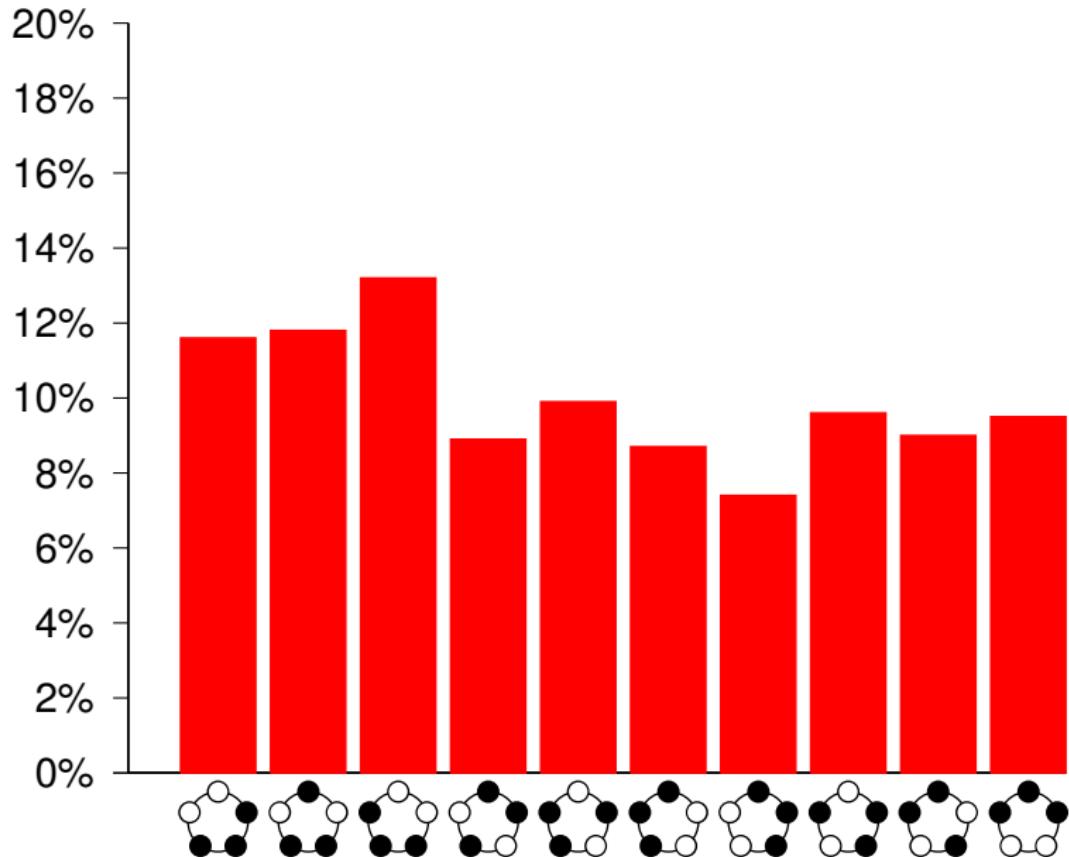
# Stationary distribution



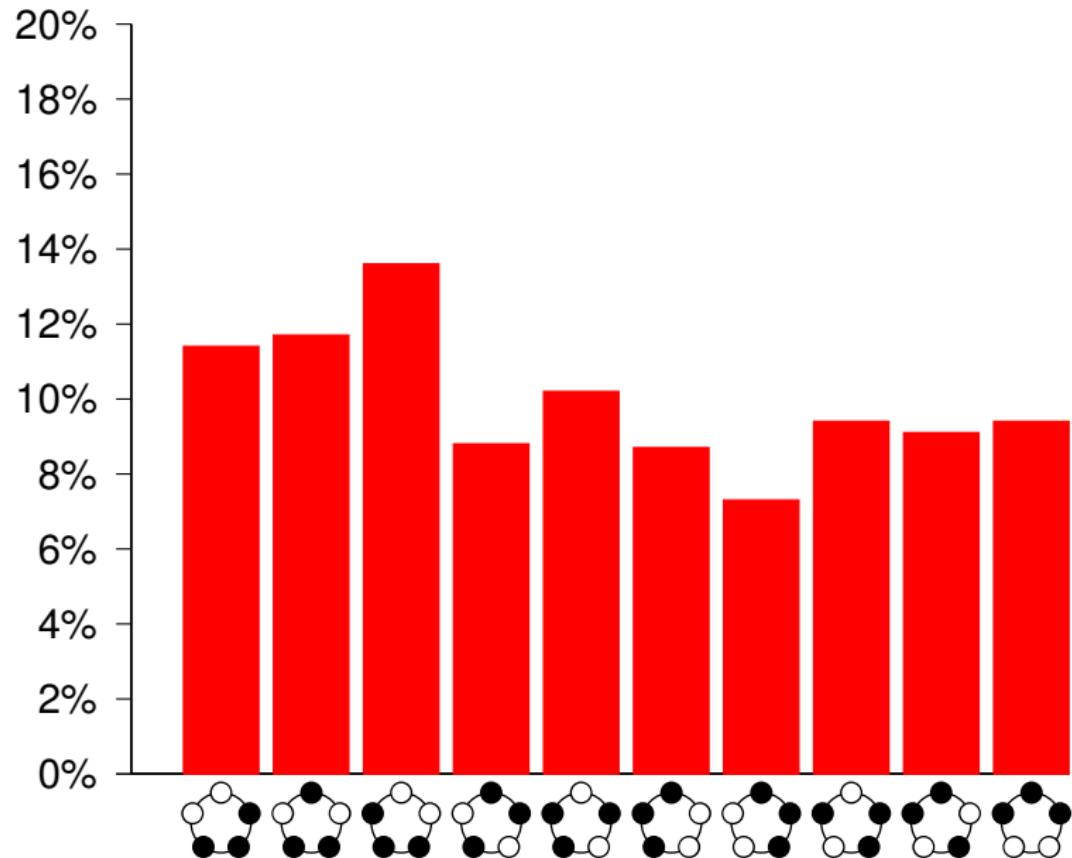
# Stationary distribution



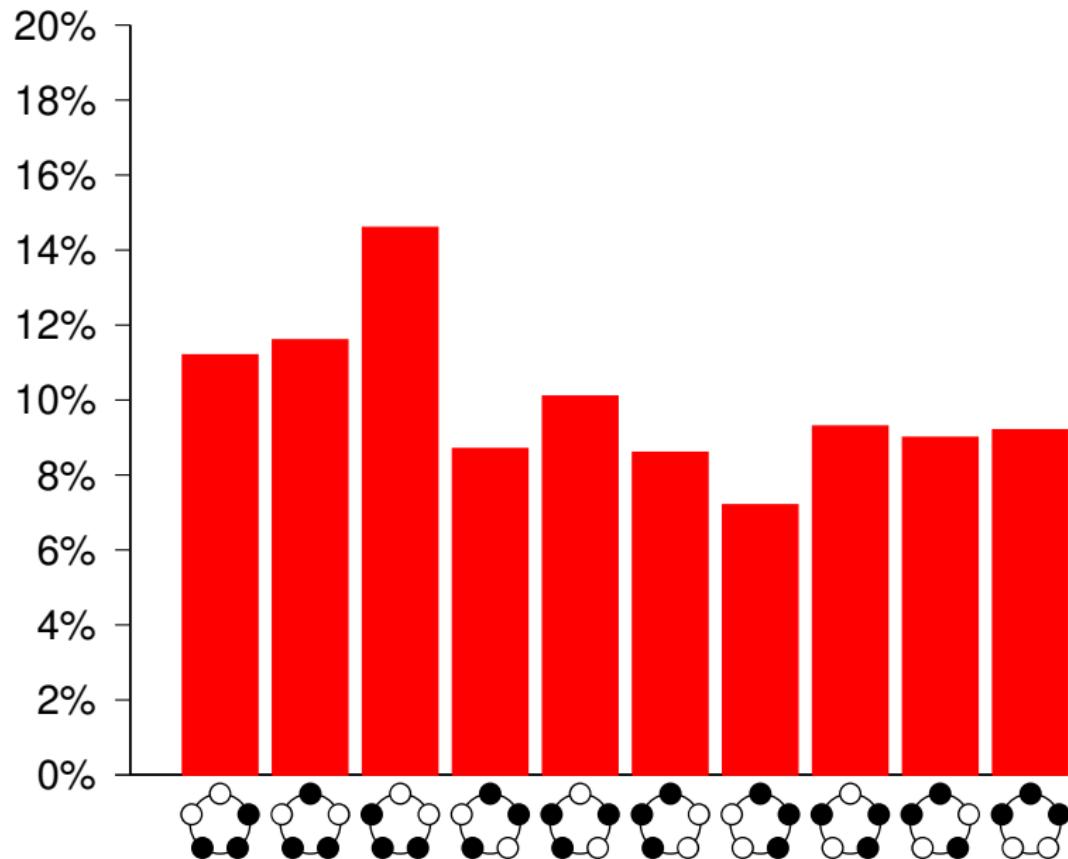
# Stationary distribution



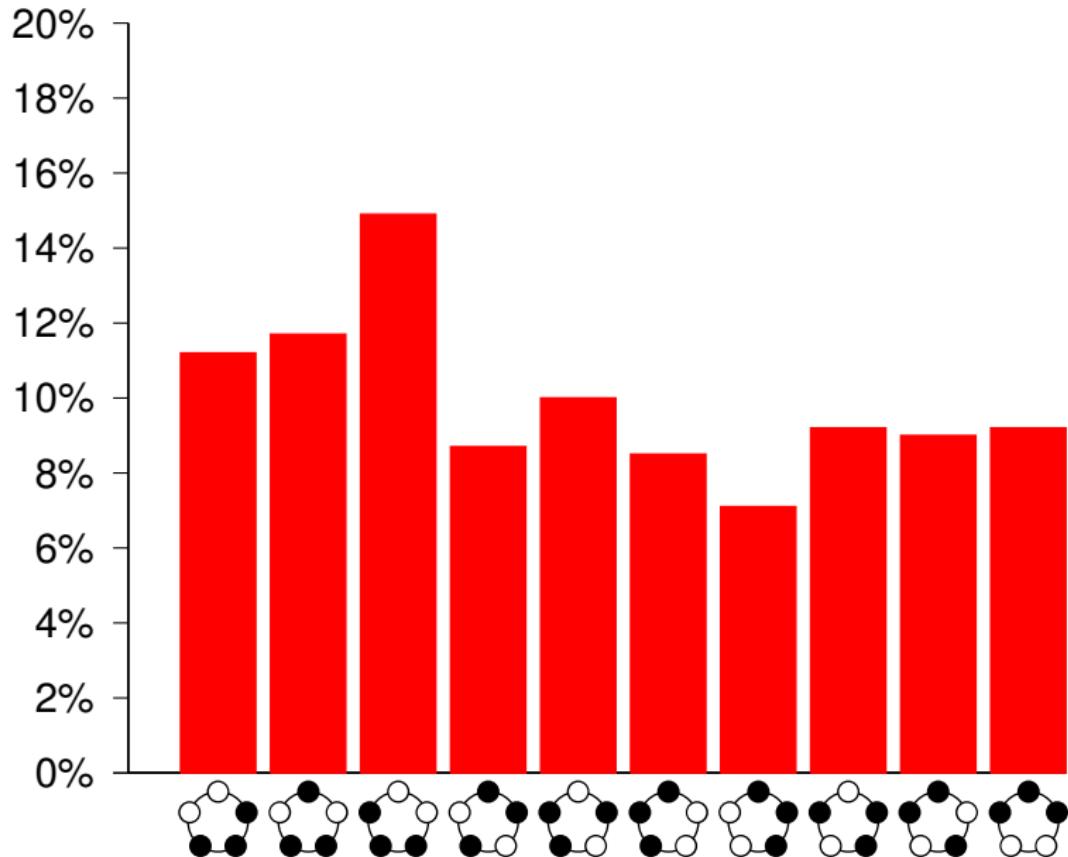
# Stationary distribution



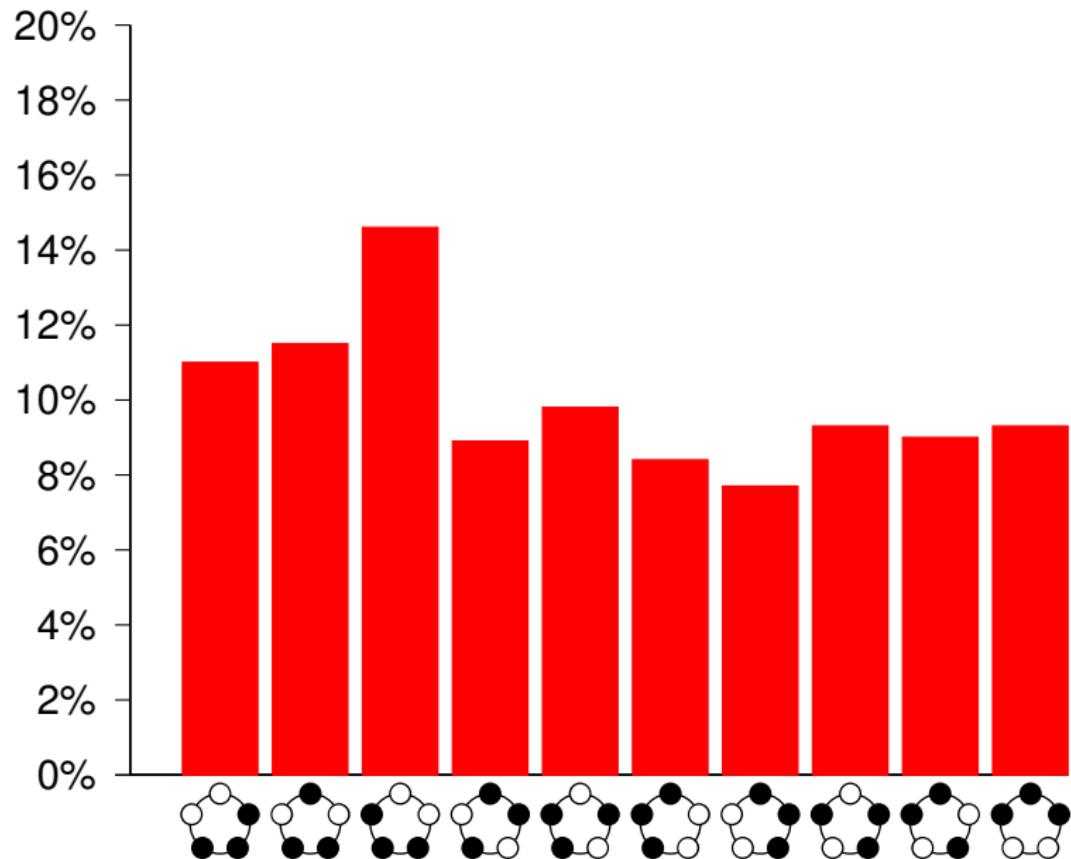
# Stationary distribution



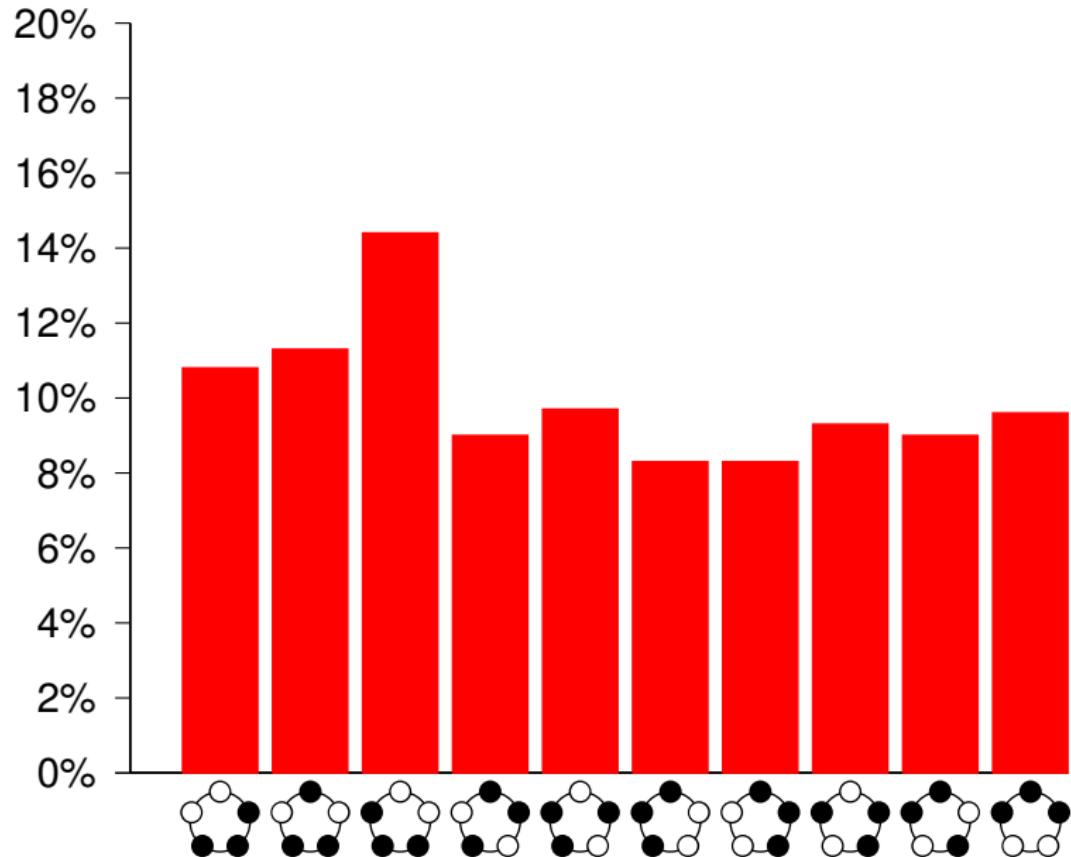
# Stationary distribution



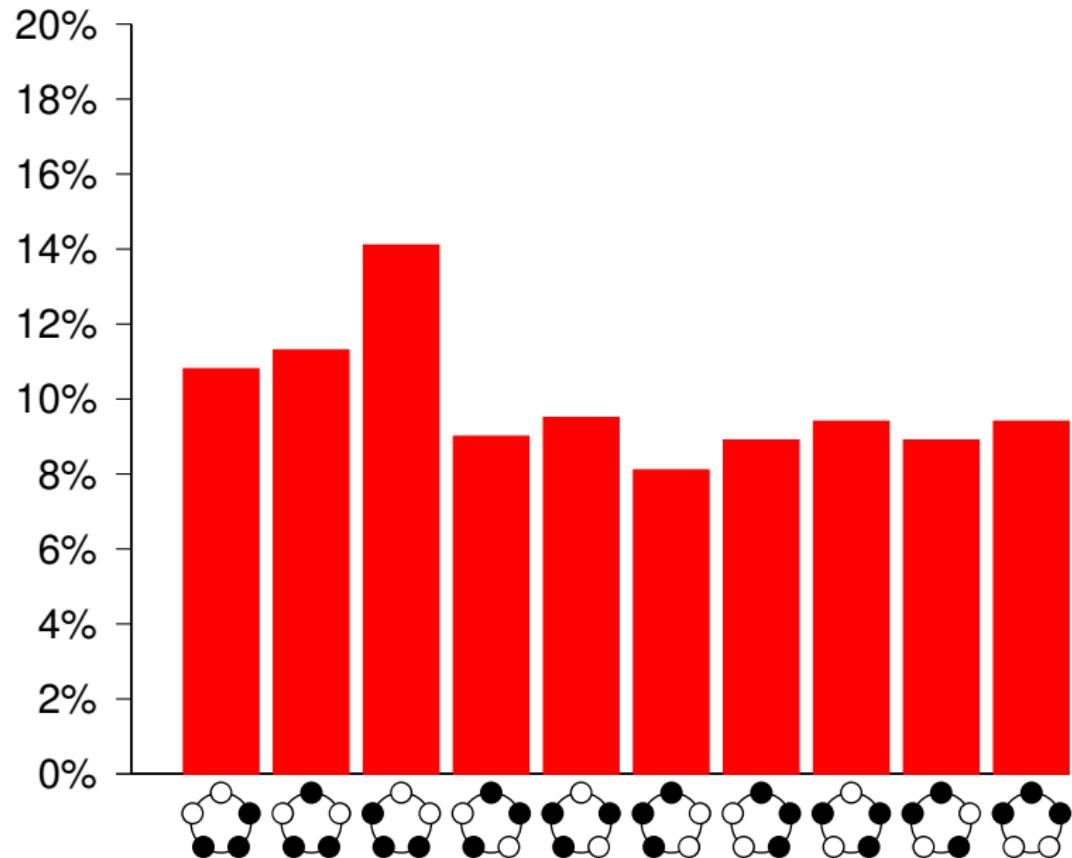
# Stationary distribution



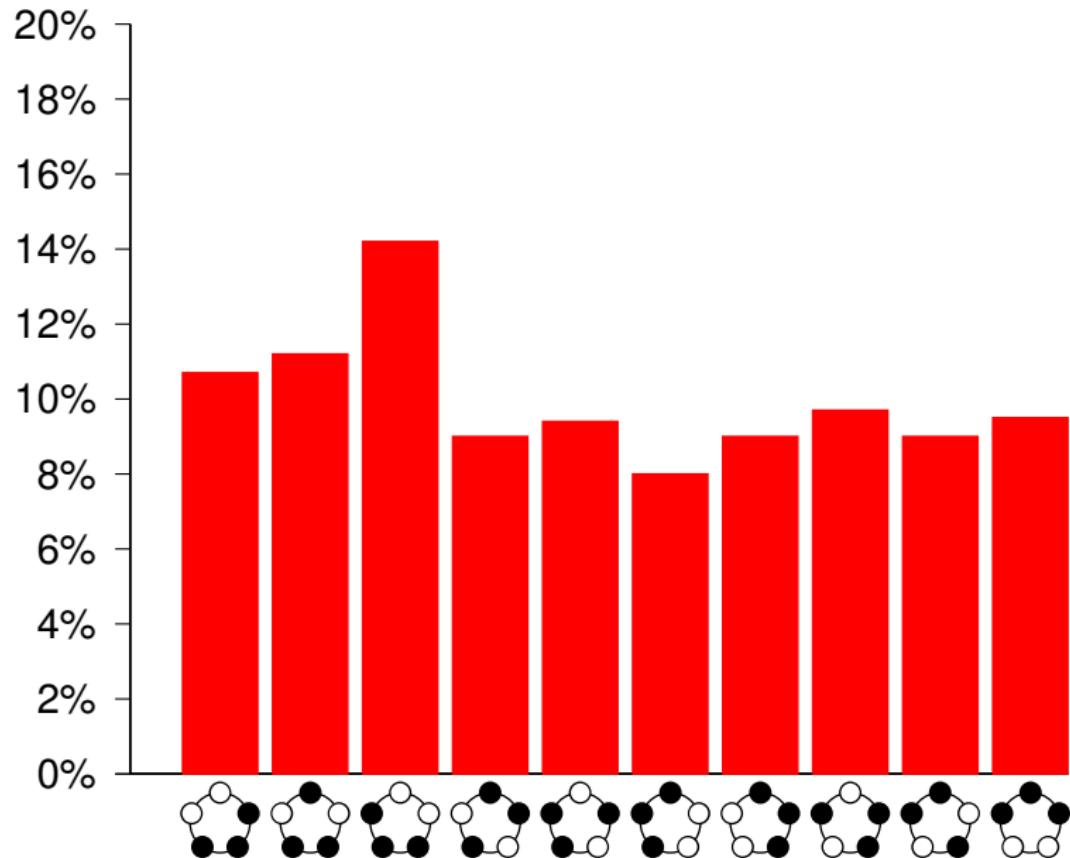
# Stationary distribution



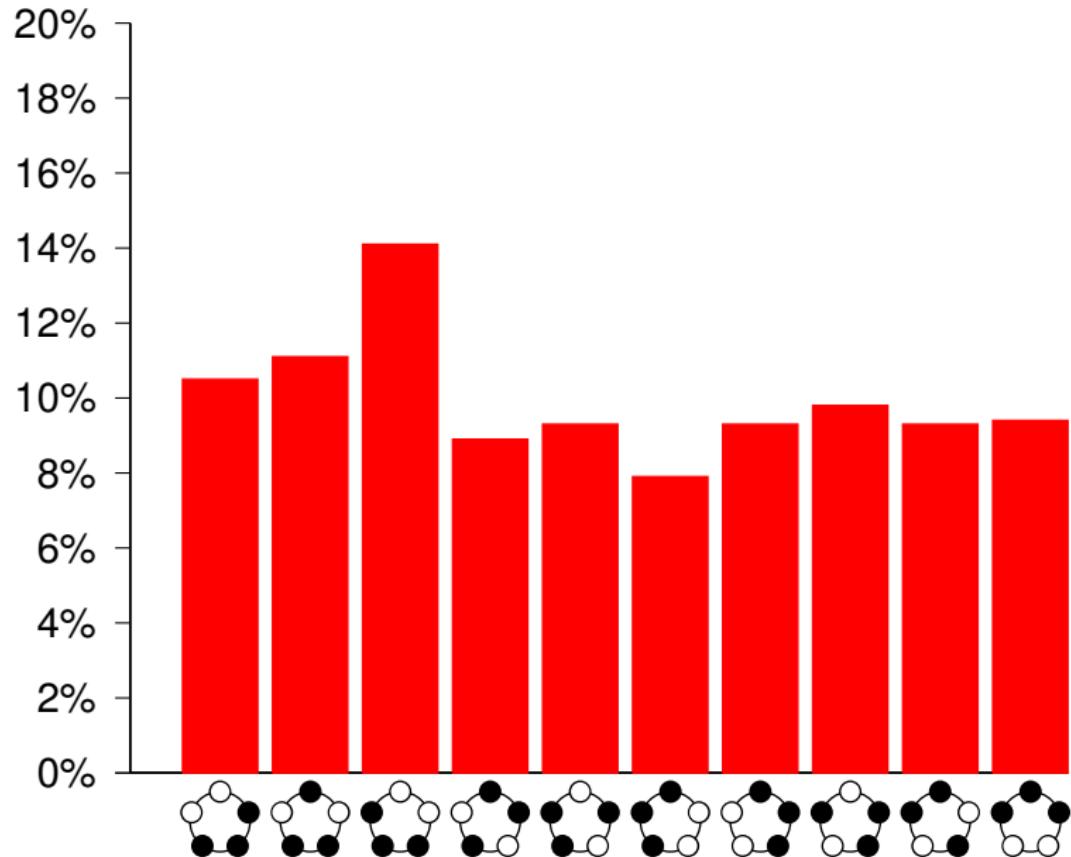
# Stationary distribution



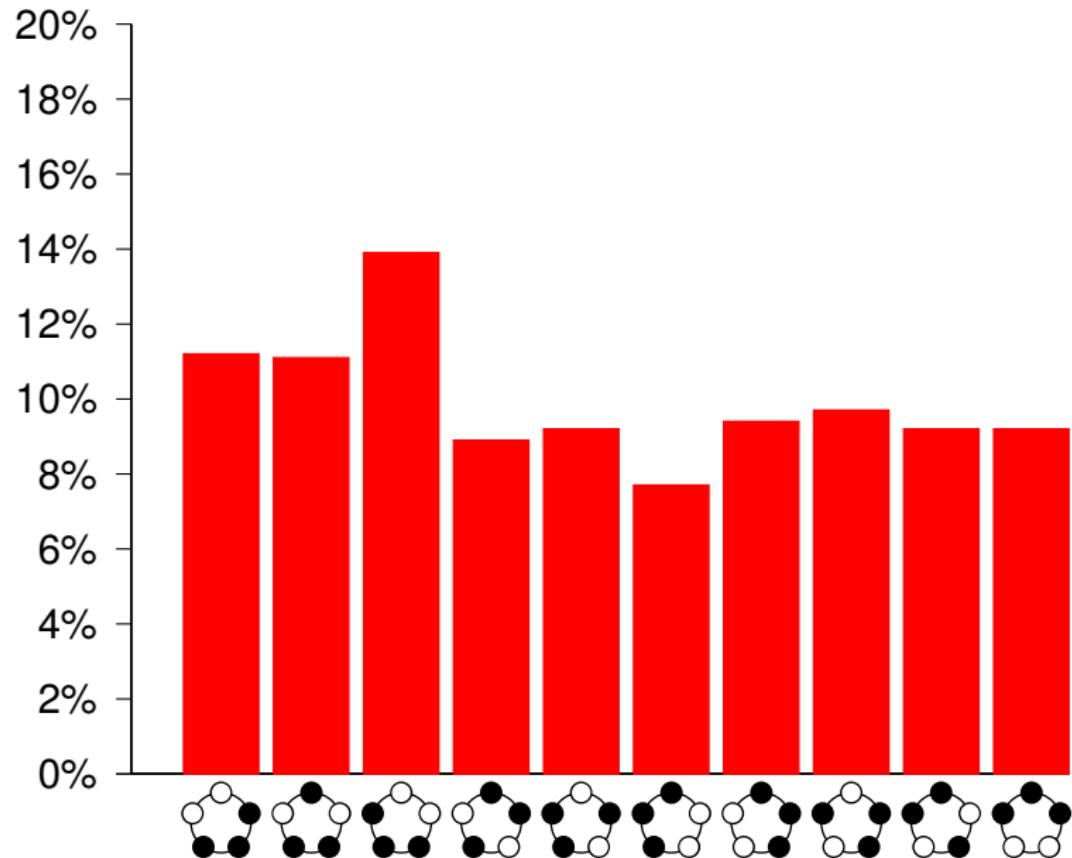
# Stationary distribution



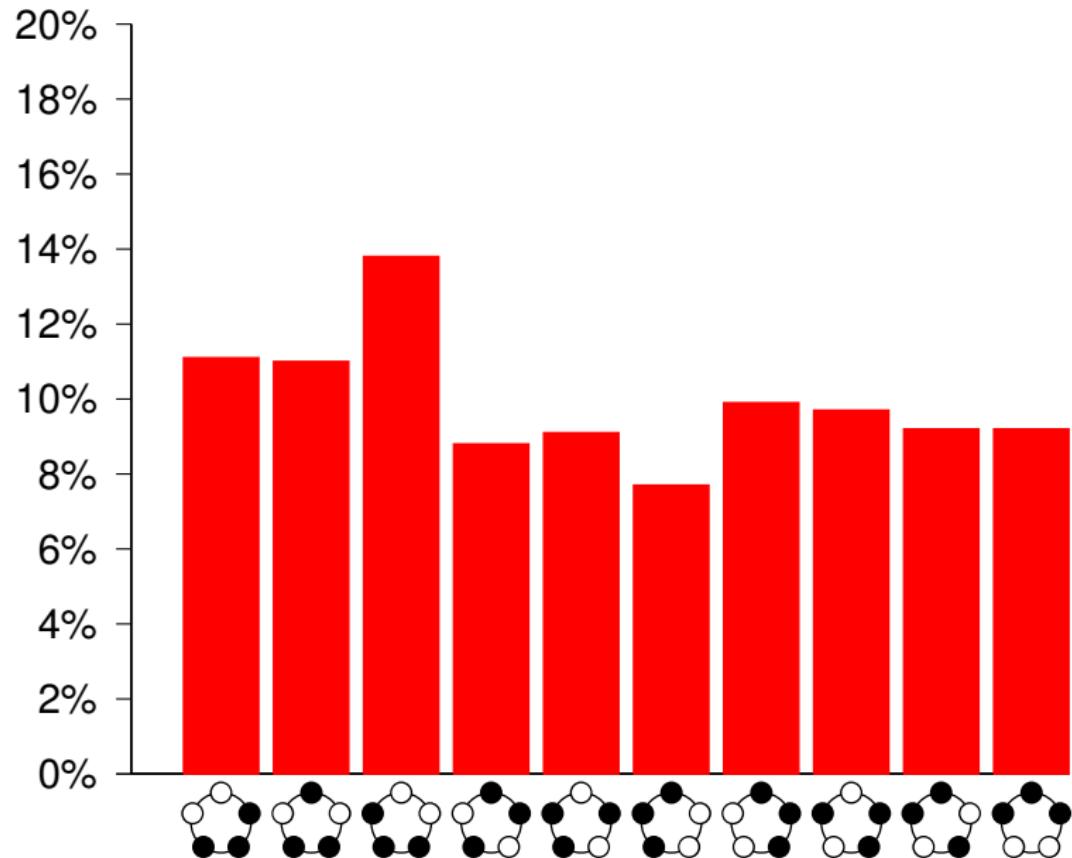
# Stationary distribution



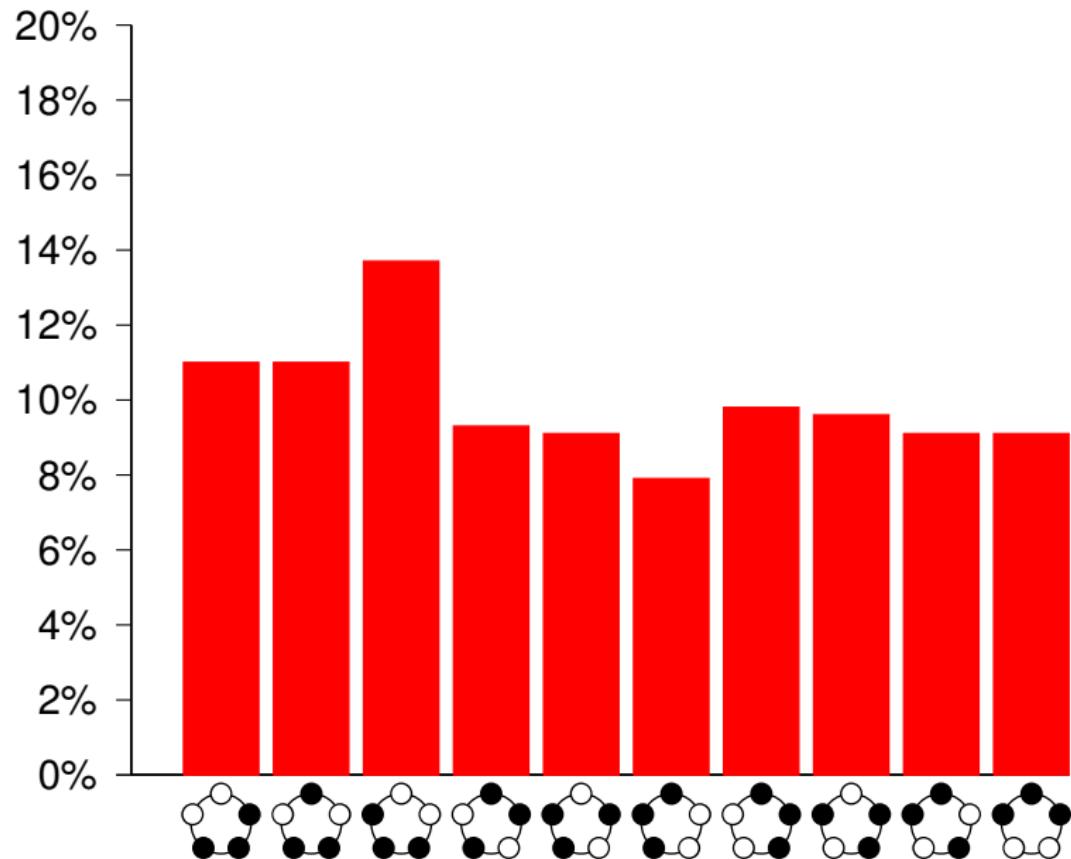
# Stationary distribution



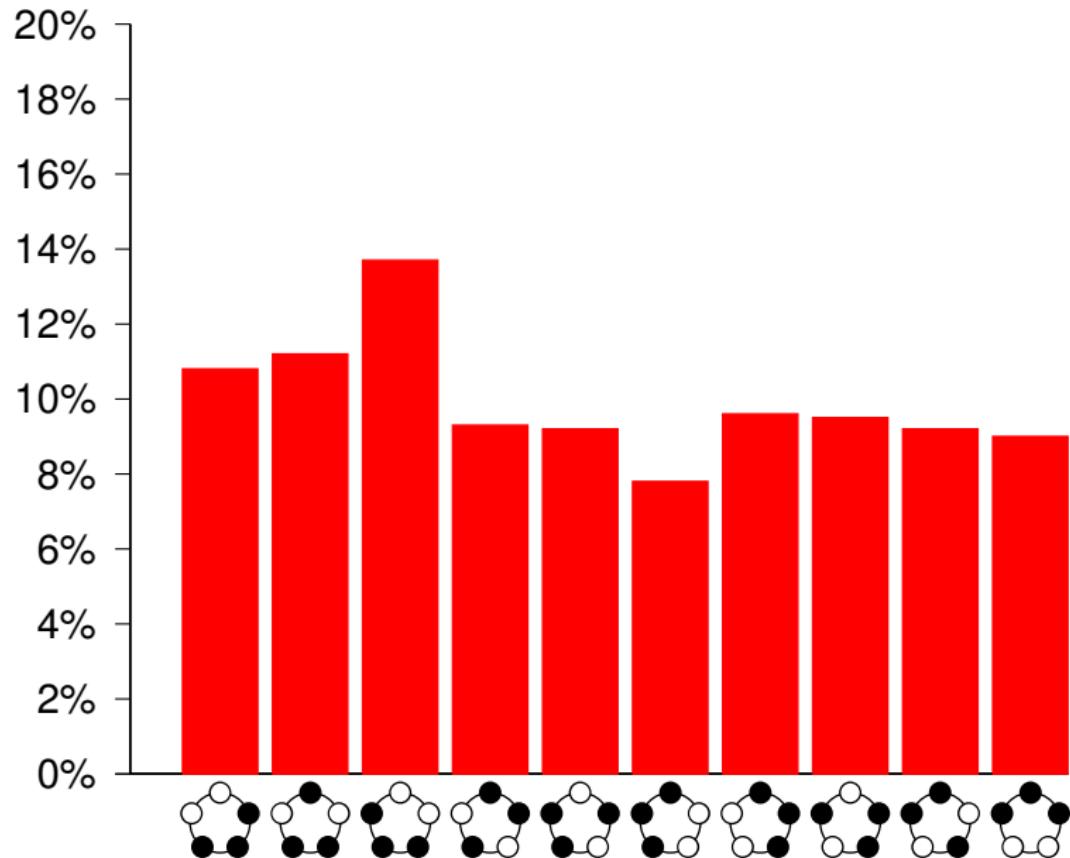
# Stationary distribution



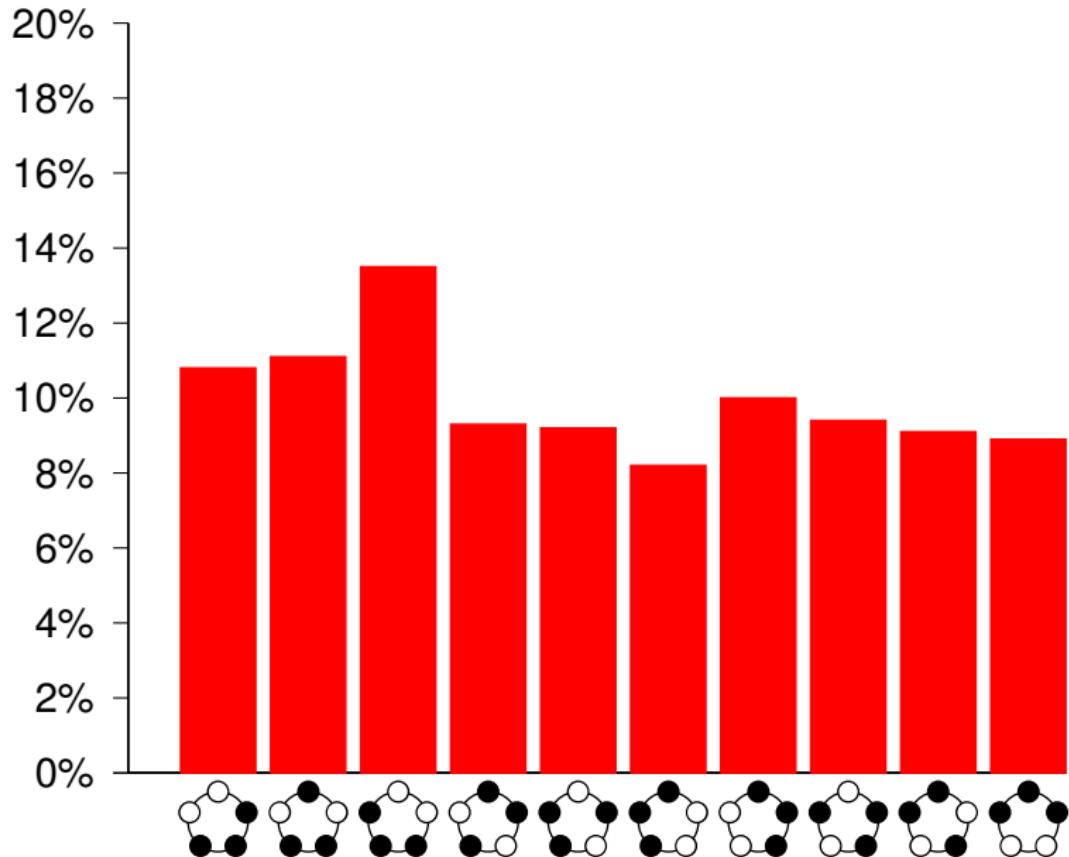
# Stationary distribution



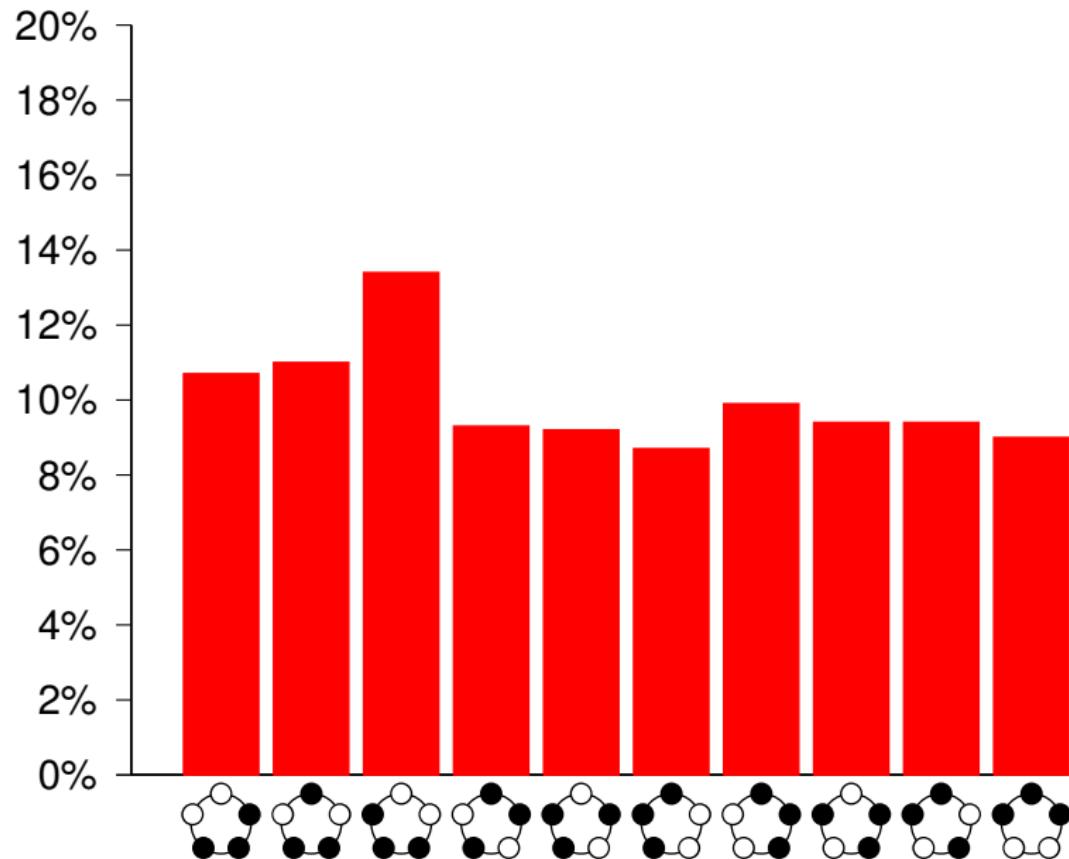
# Stationary distribution



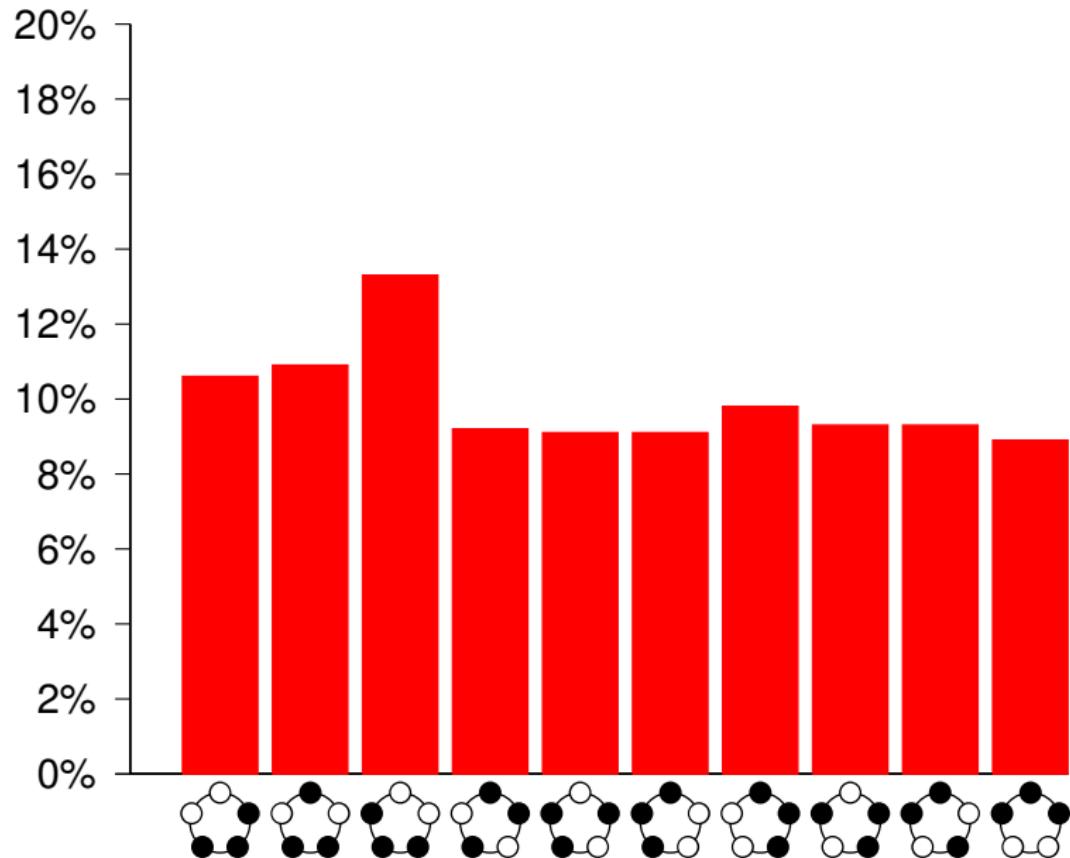
# Stationary distribution



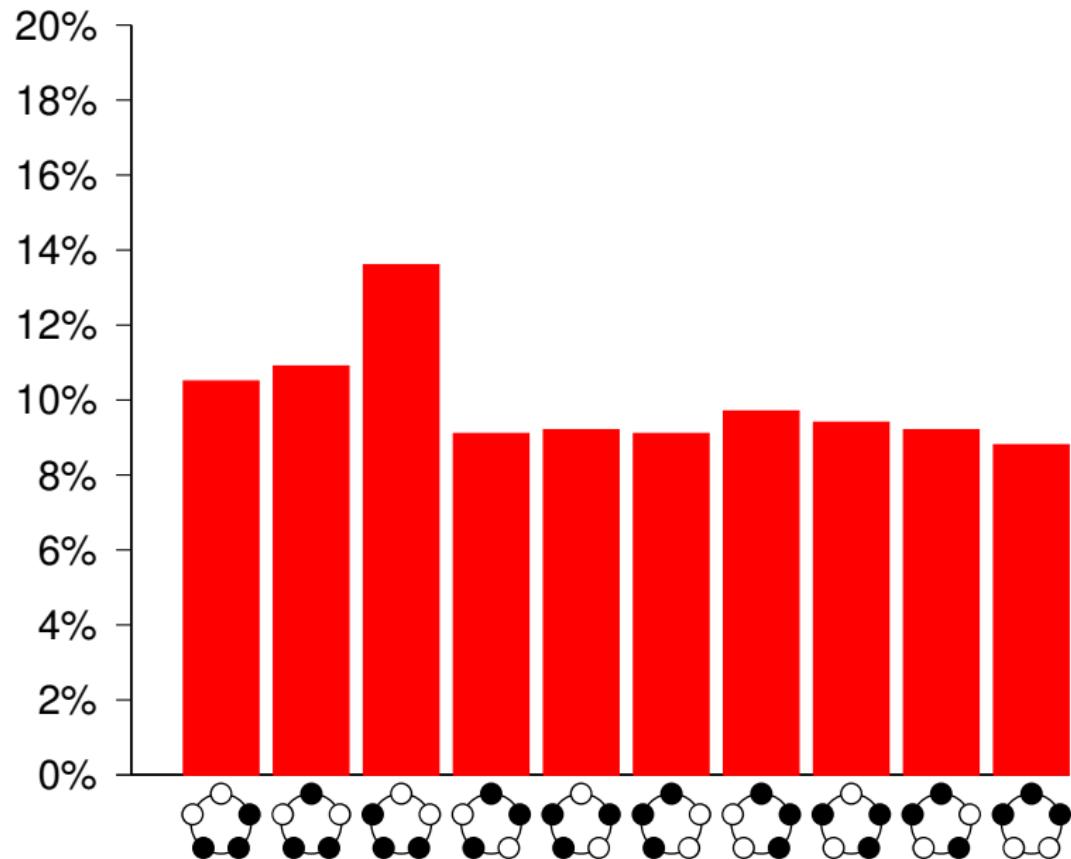
# Stationary distribution



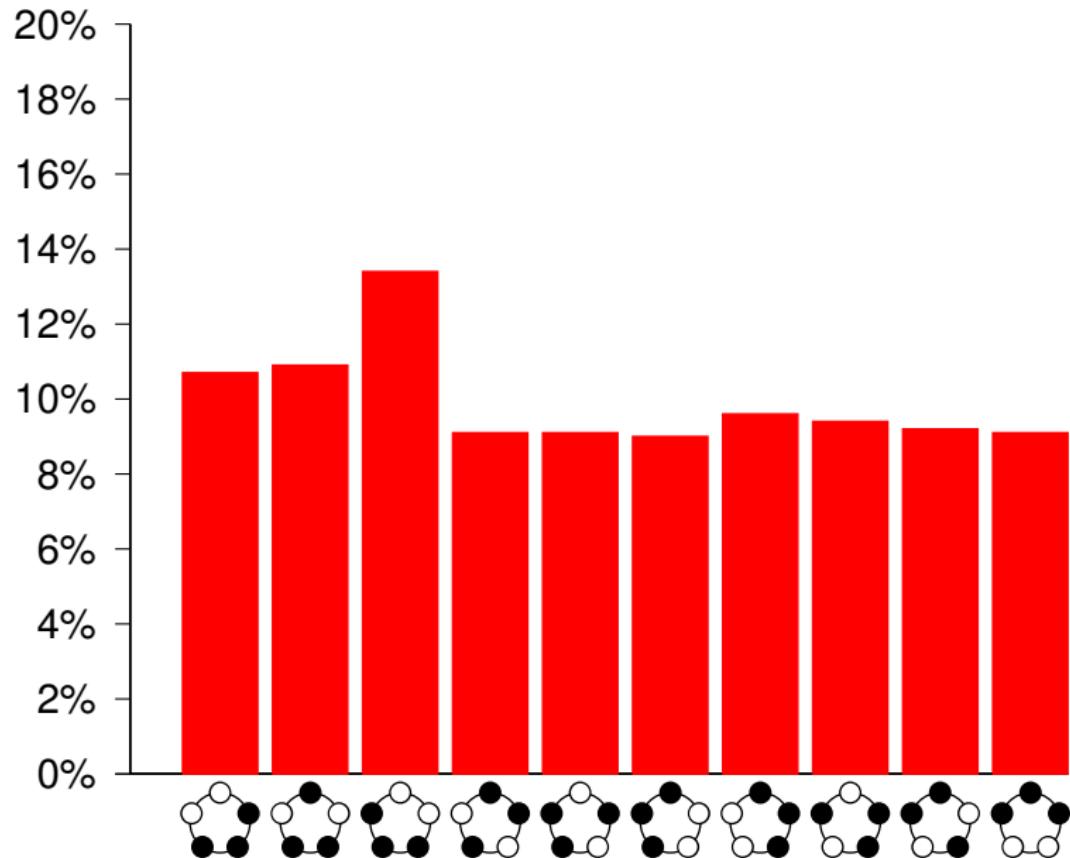
# Stationary distribution



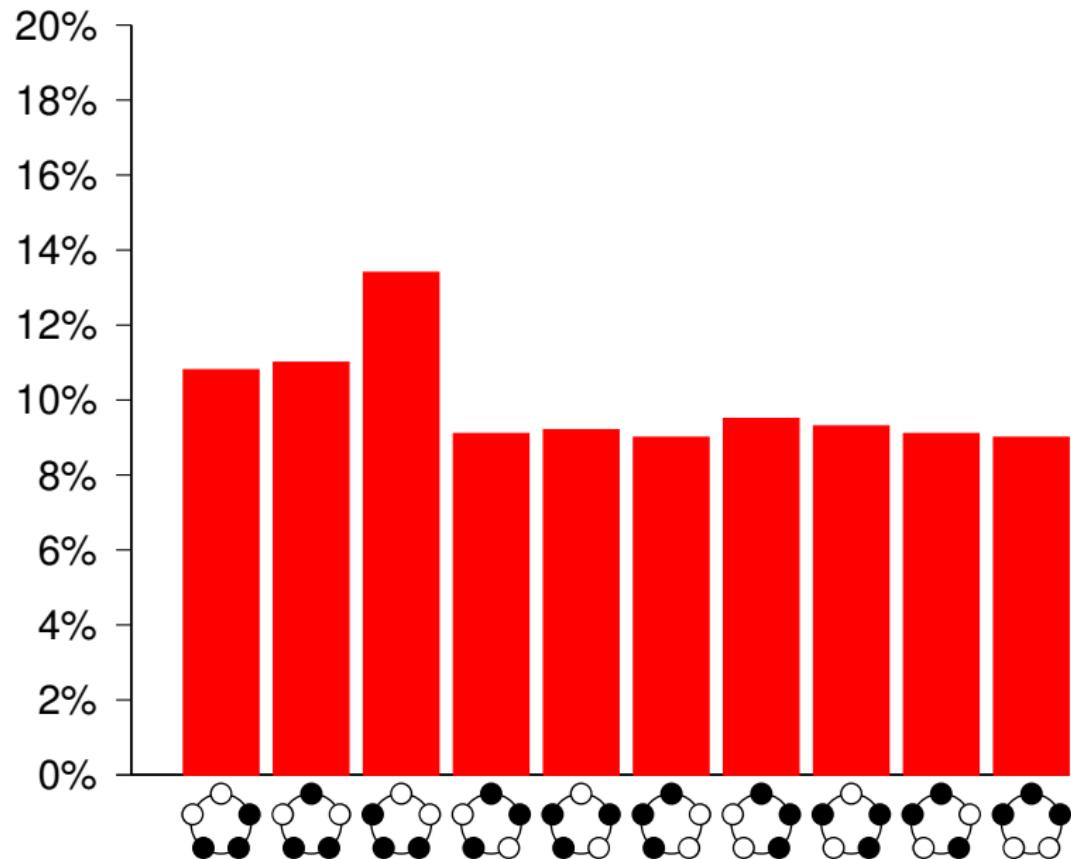
# Stationary distribution



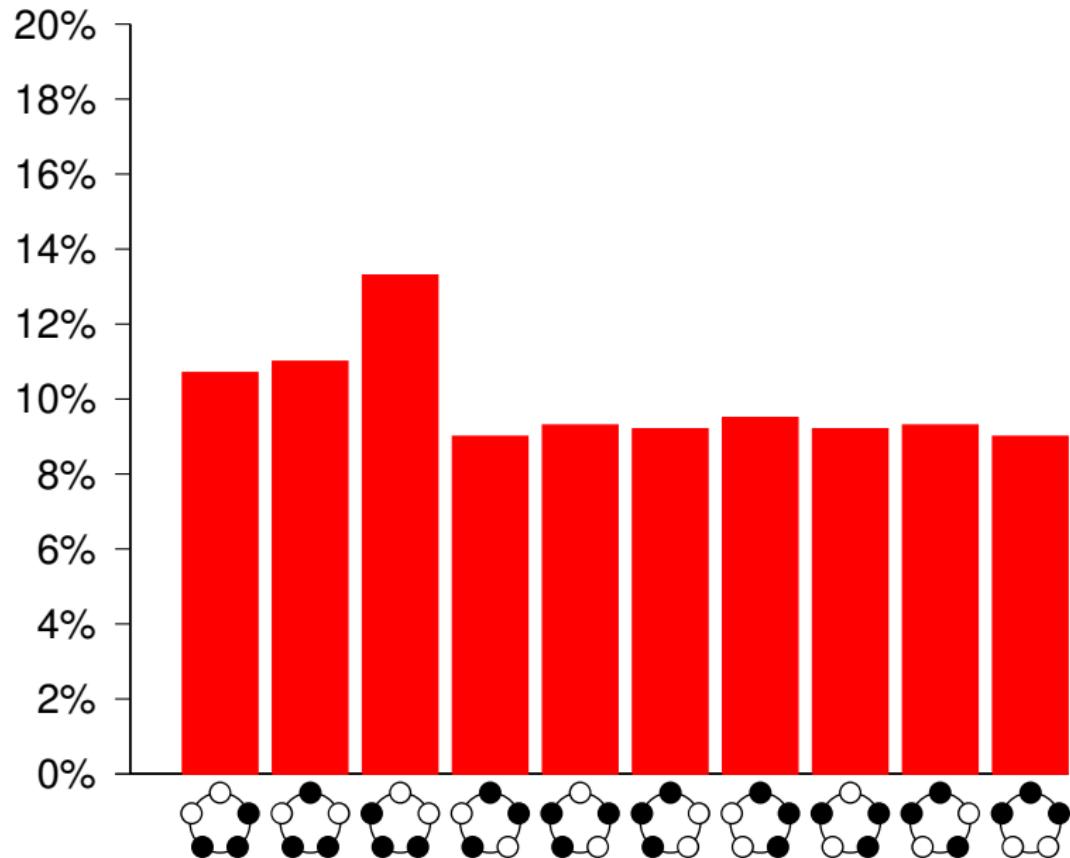
# Stationary distribution



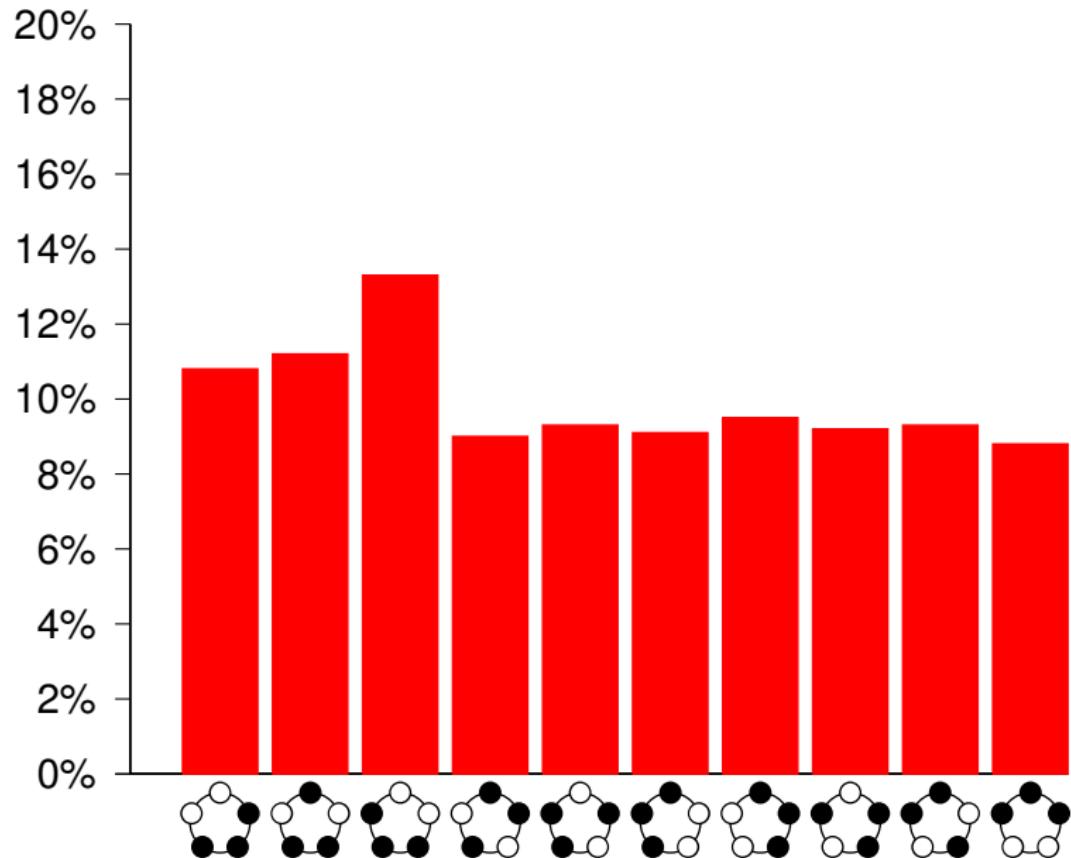
# Stationary distribution



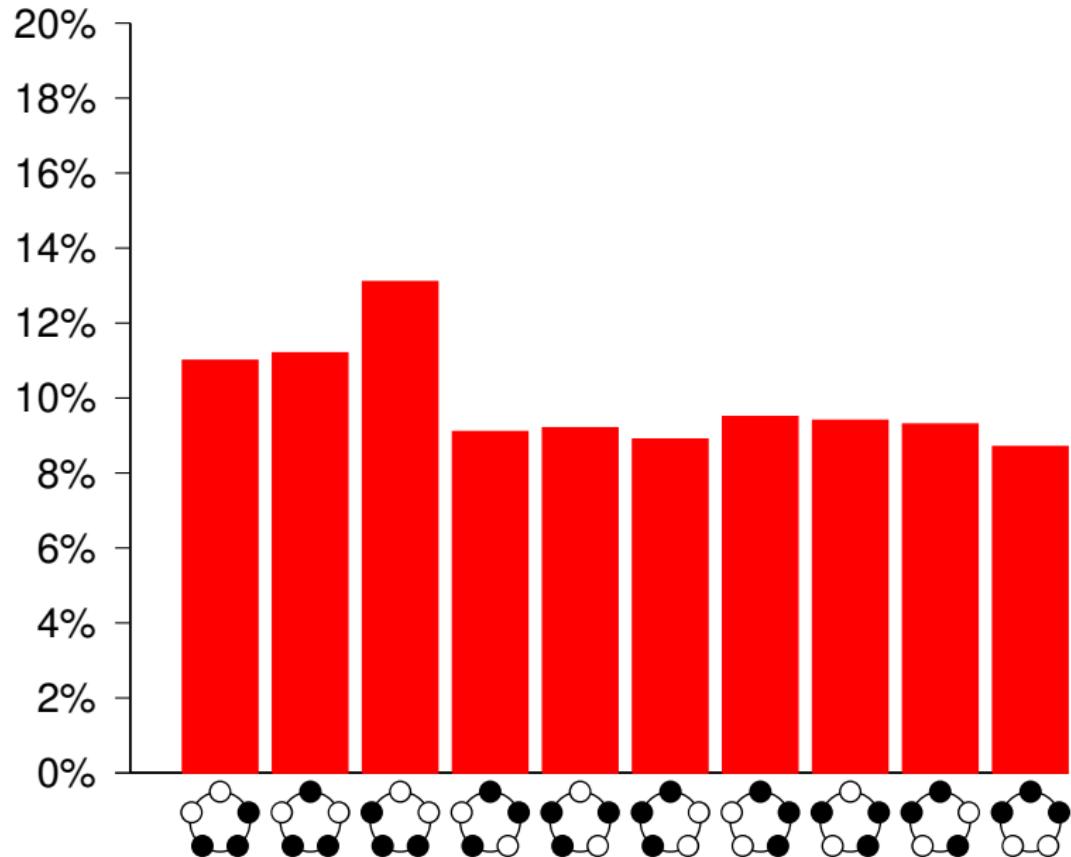
# Stationary distribution



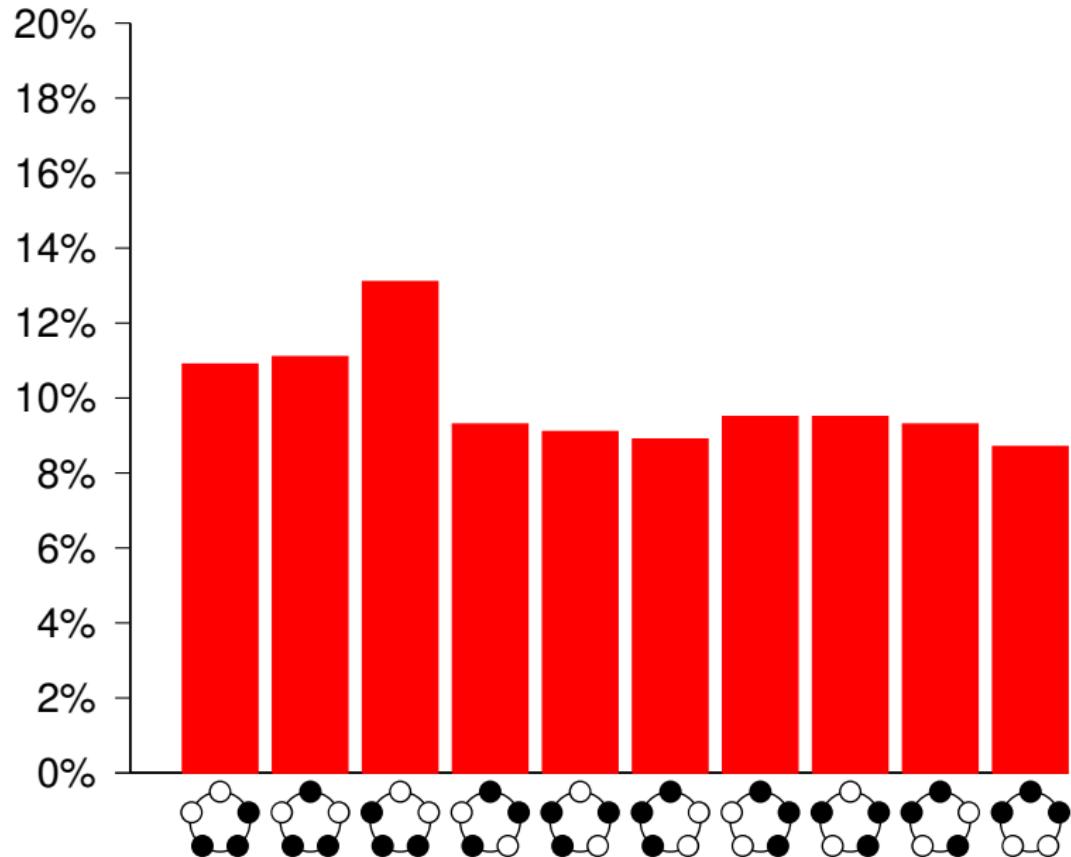
# Stationary distribution



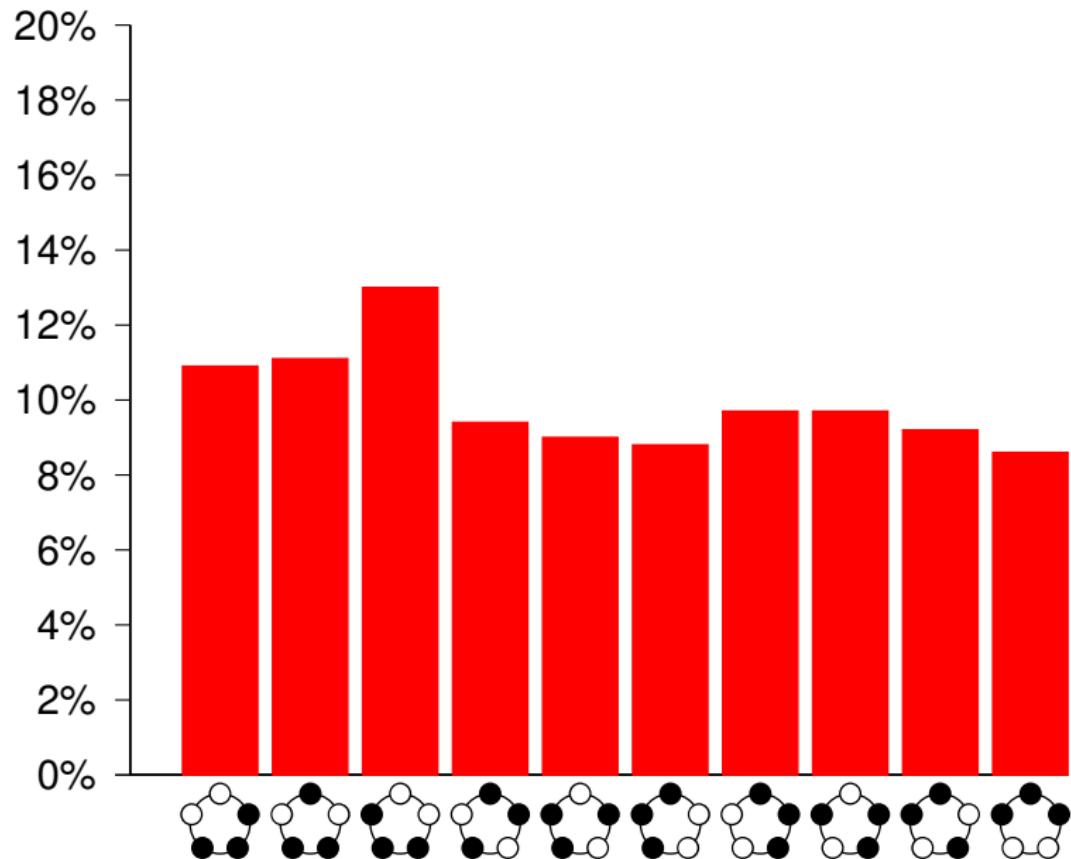
# Stationary distribution



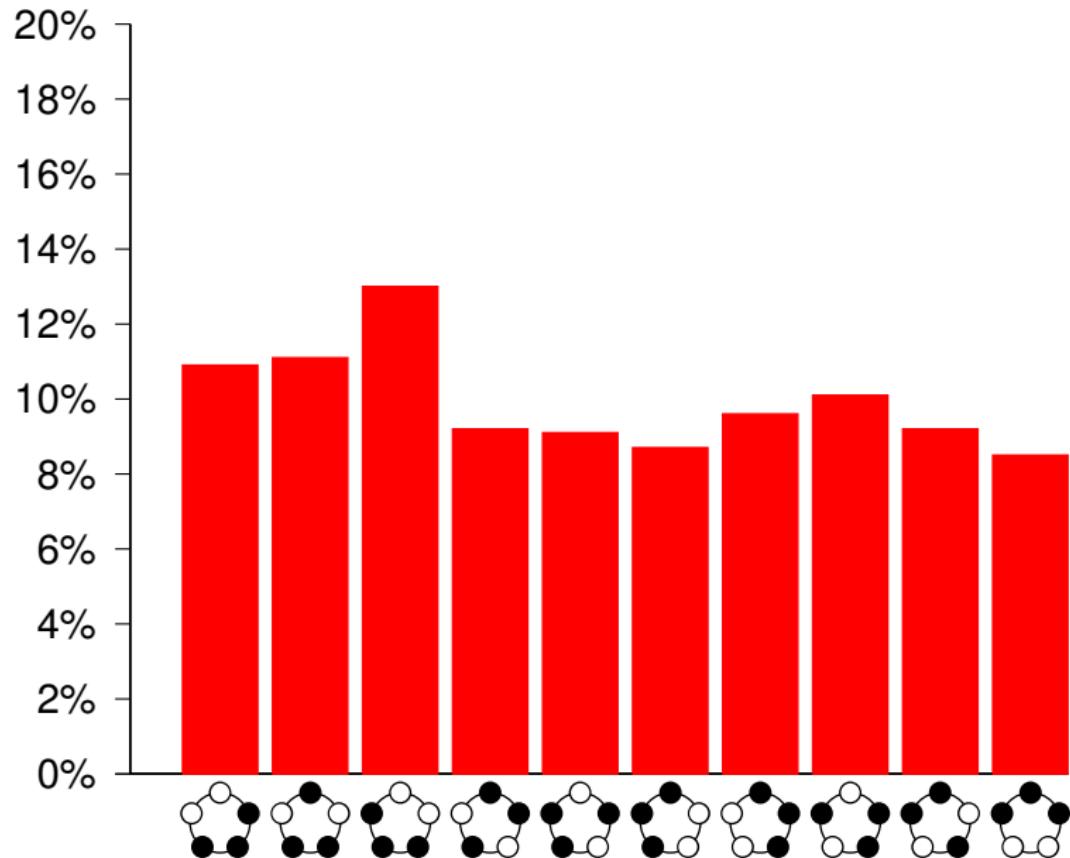
# Stationary distribution



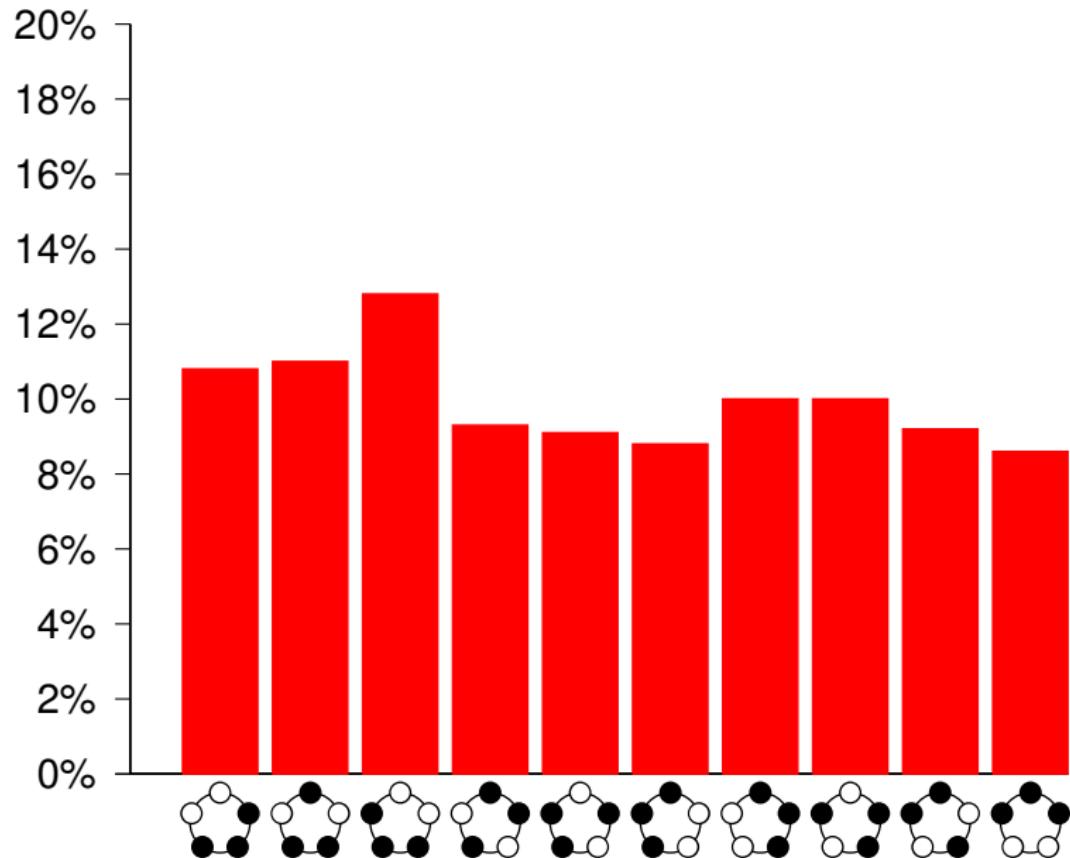
# Stationary distribution



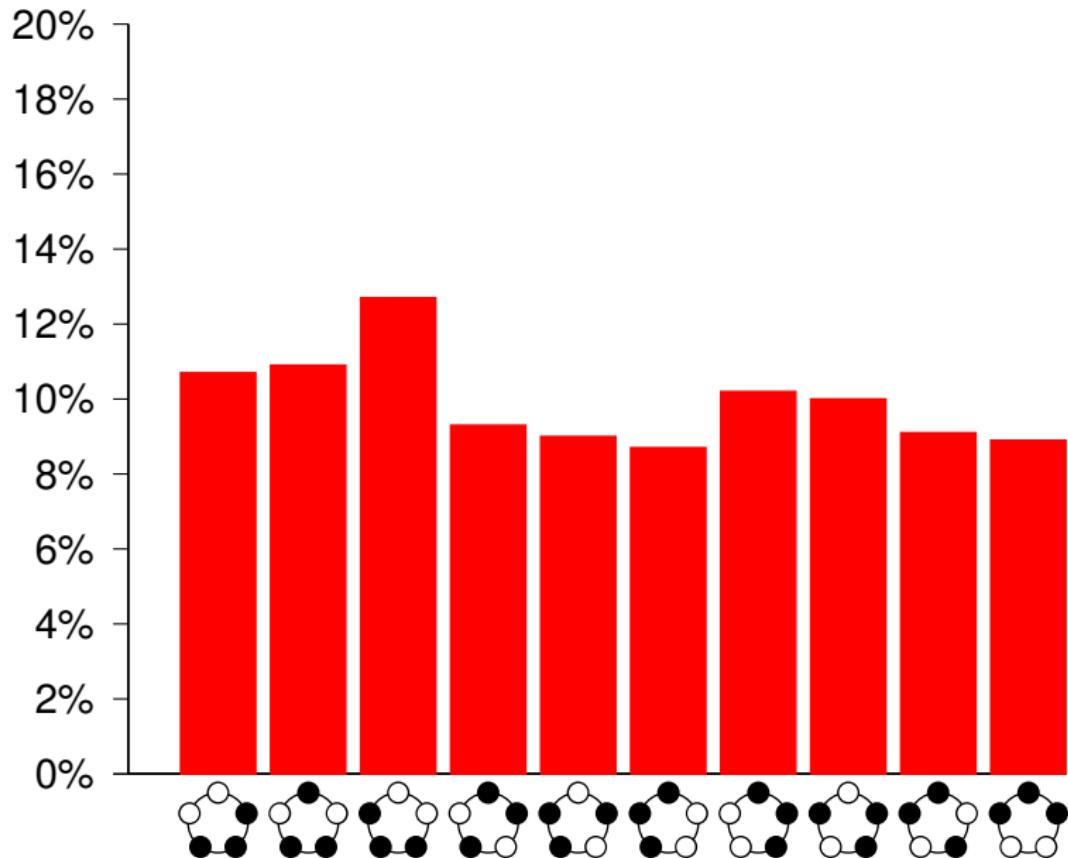
# Stationary distribution



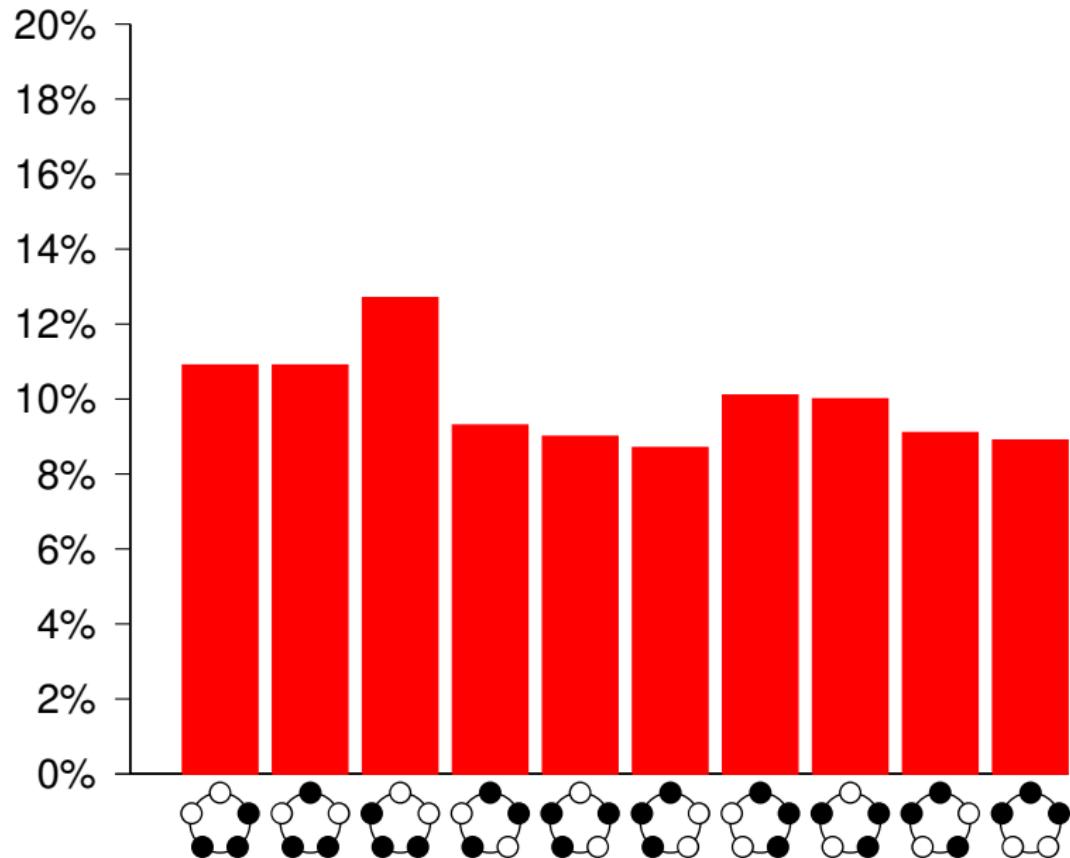
# Stationary distribution



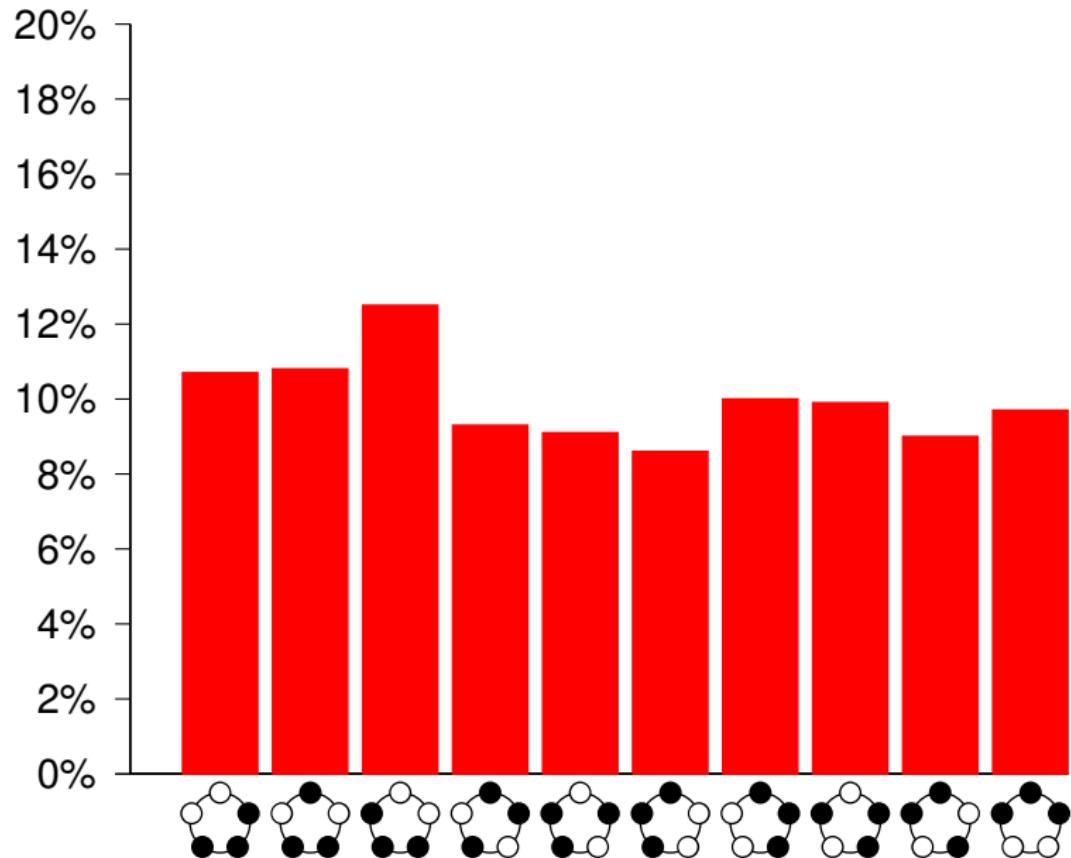
# Stationary distribution



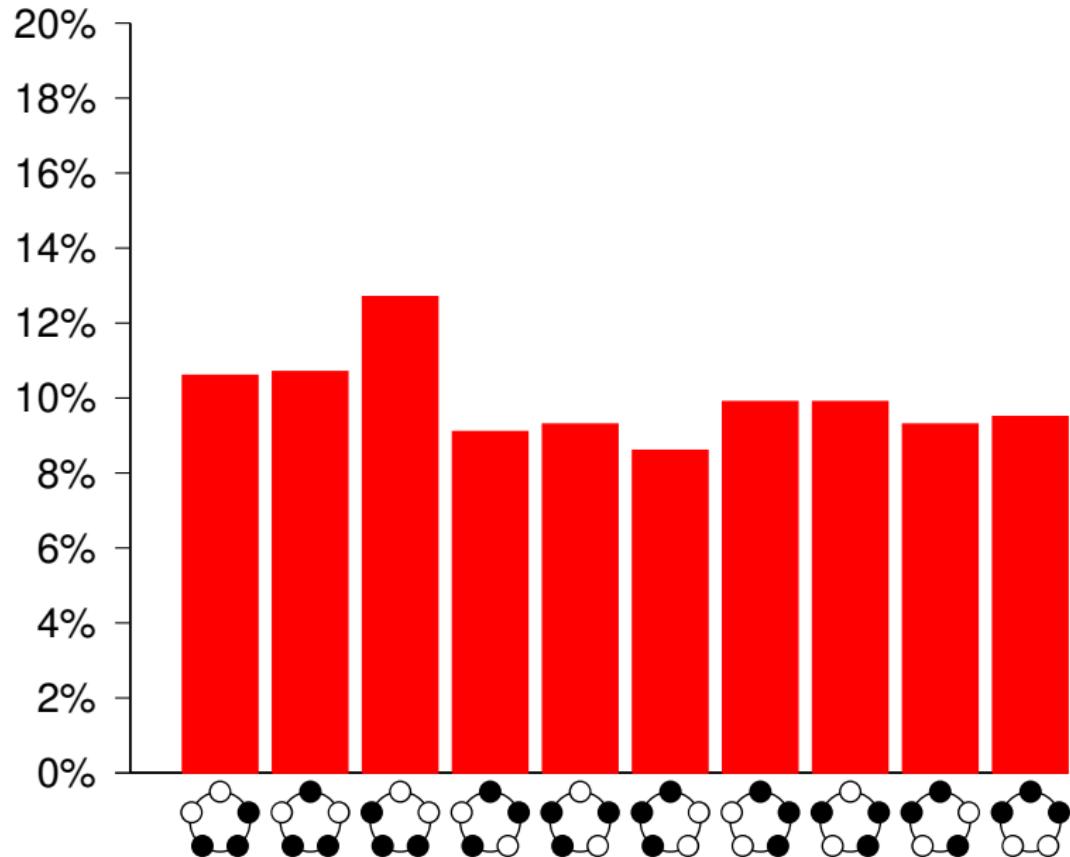
# Stationary distribution



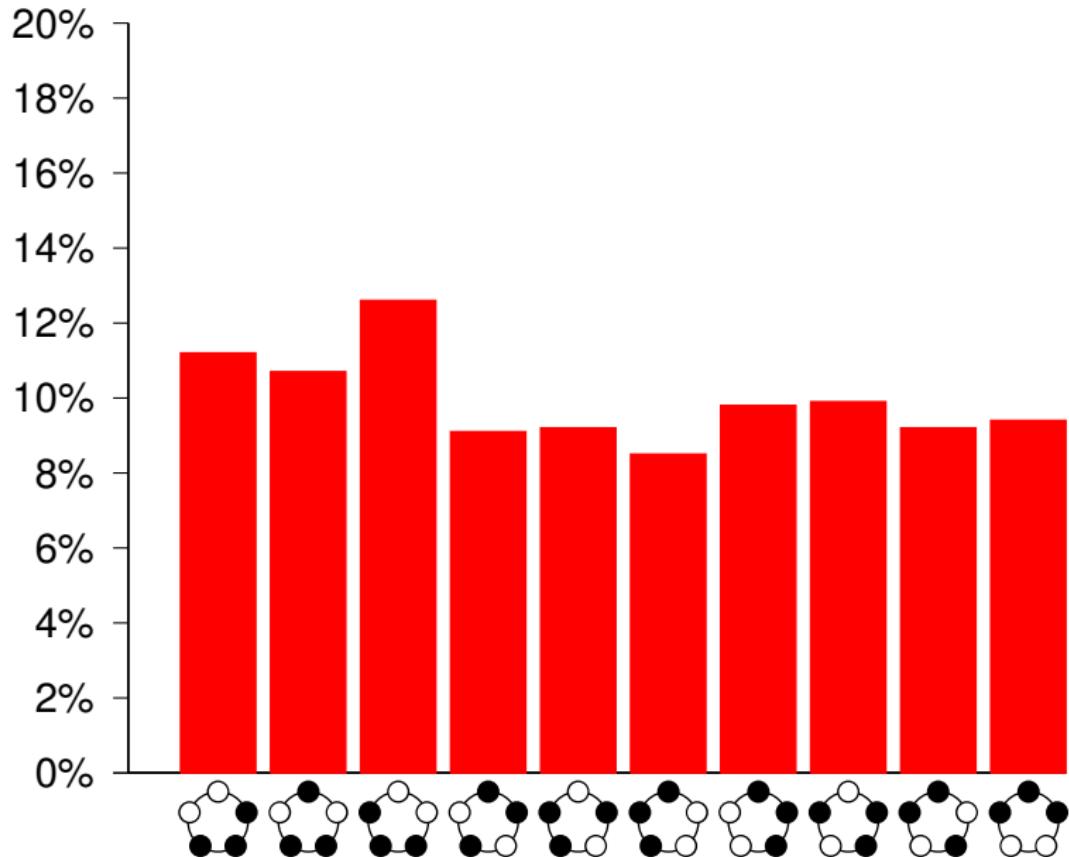
# Stationary distribution



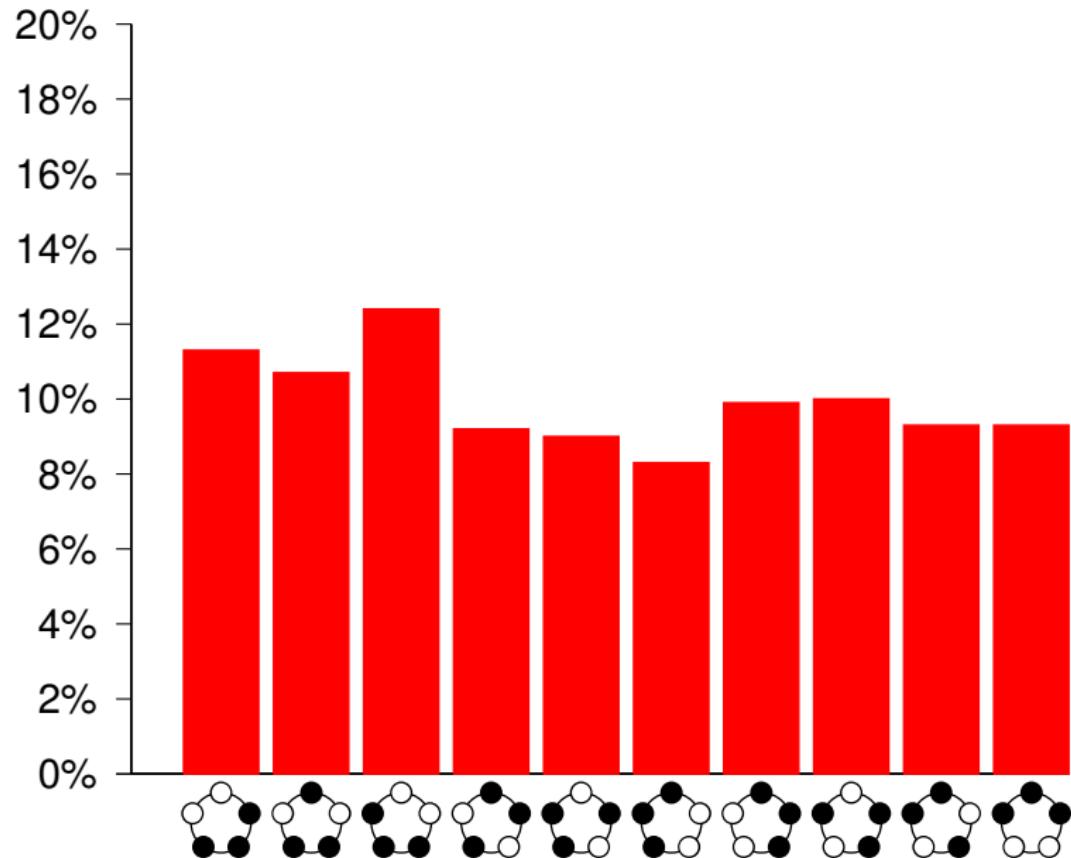
# Stationary distribution



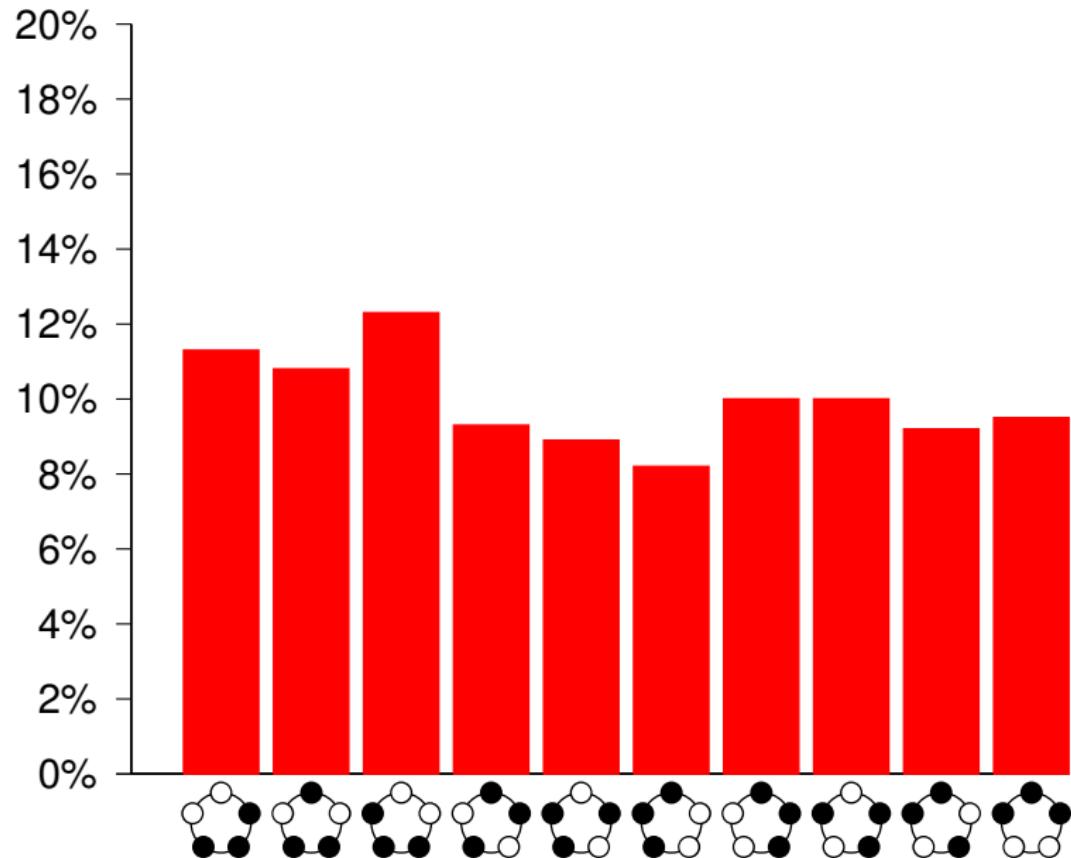
# Stationary distribution



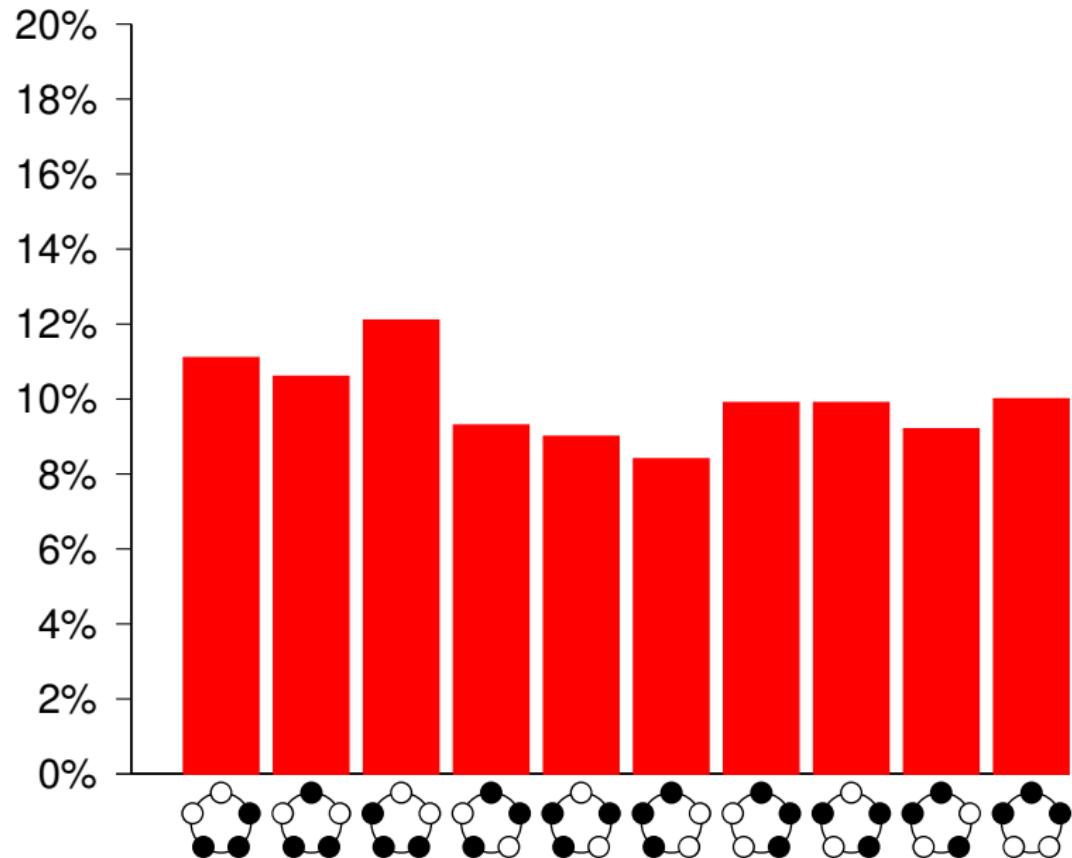
# Stationary distribution



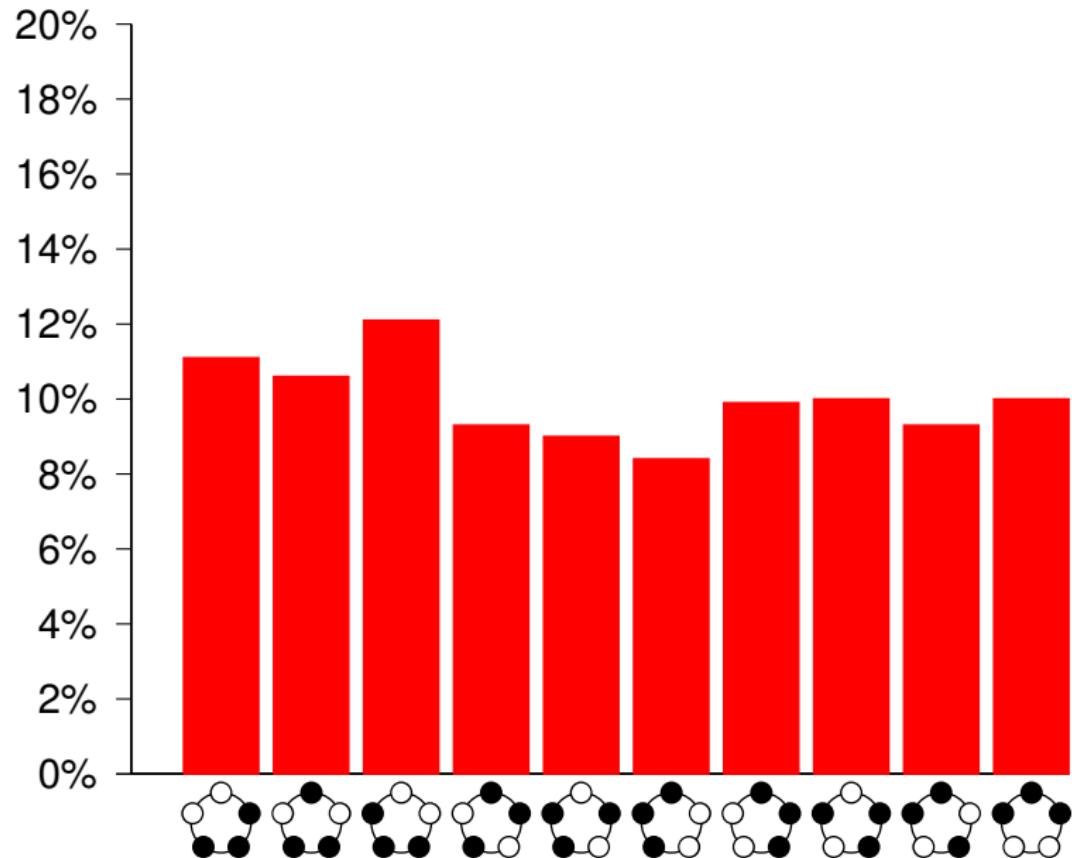
# Stationary distribution



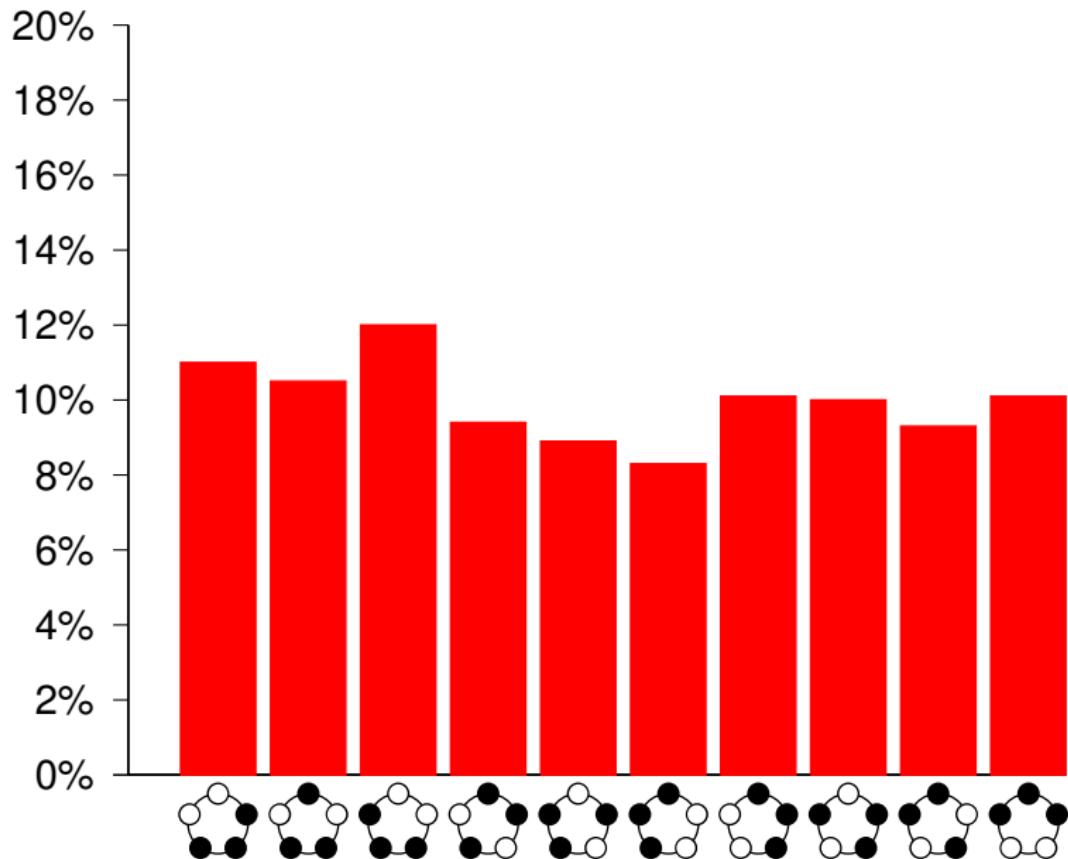
# Stationary distribution



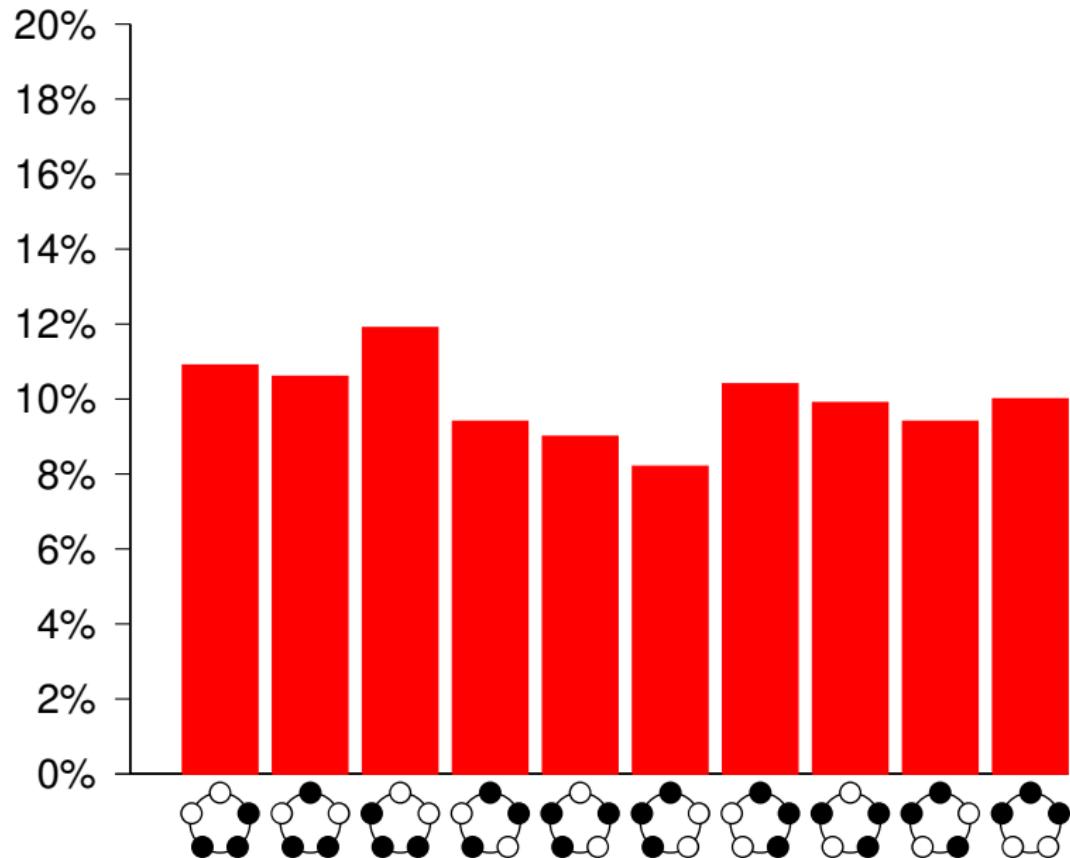
# Stationary distribution



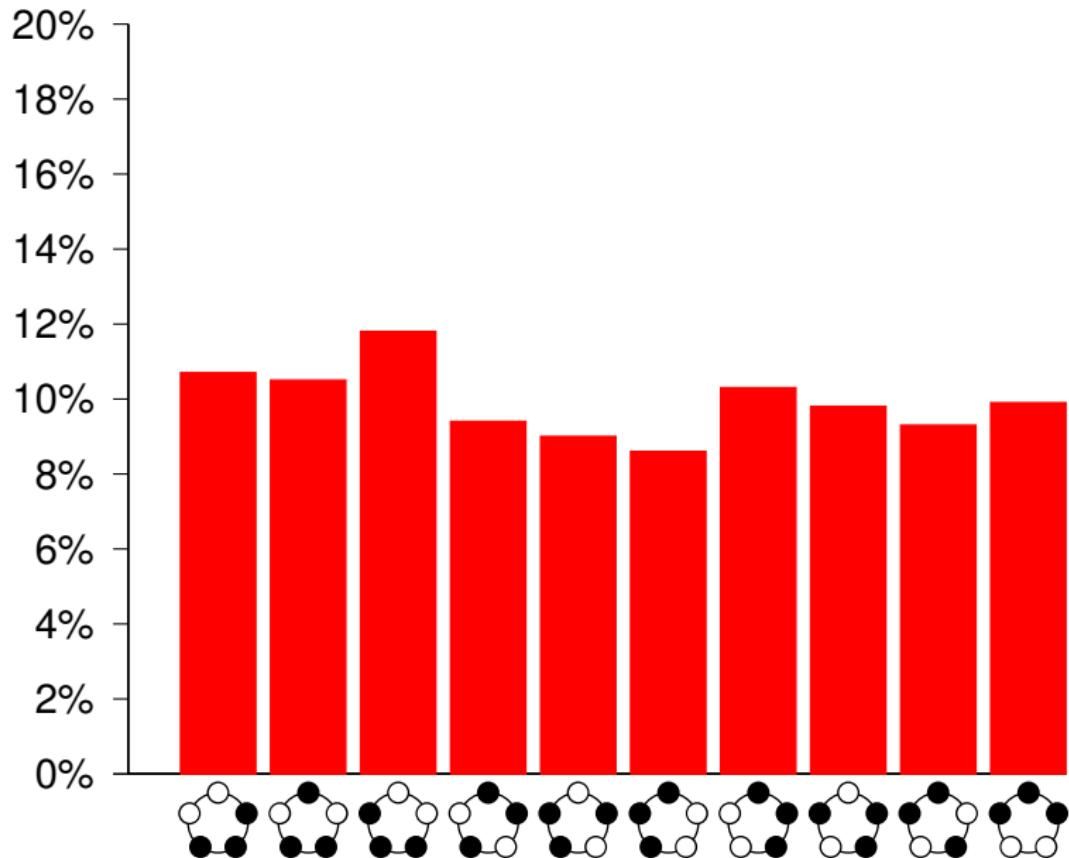
# Stationary distribution



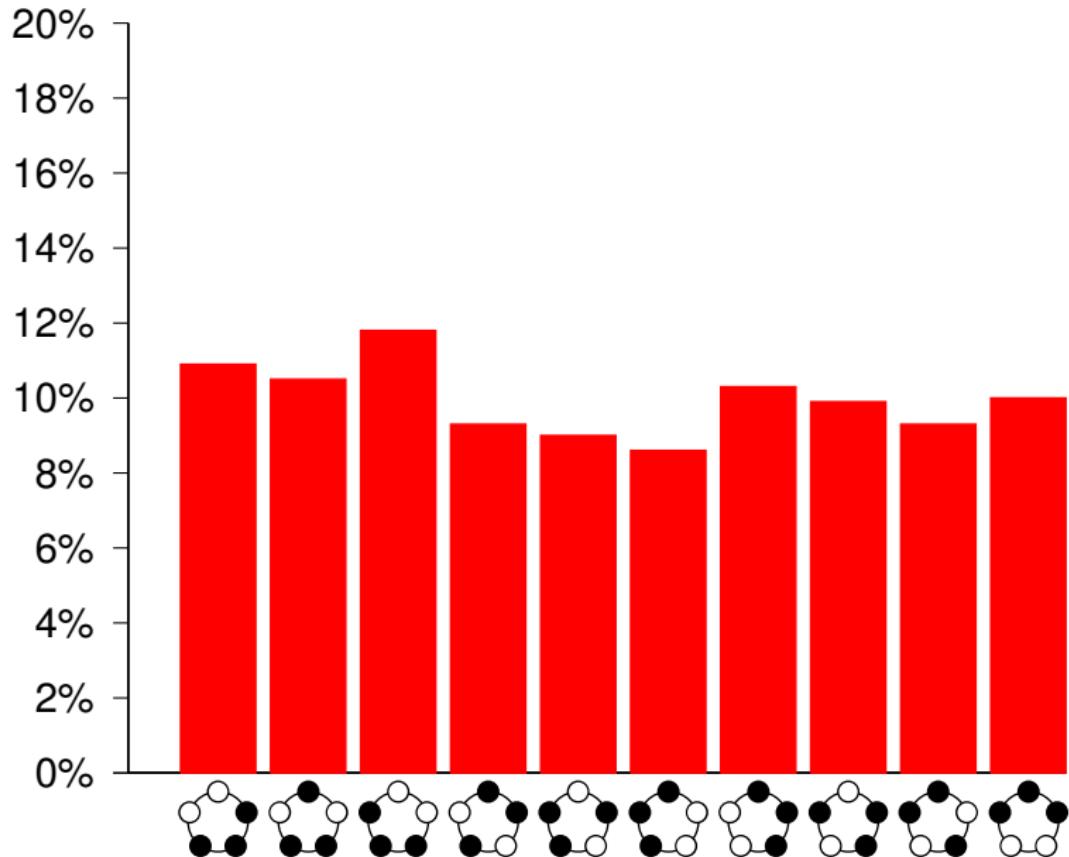
# Stationary distribution



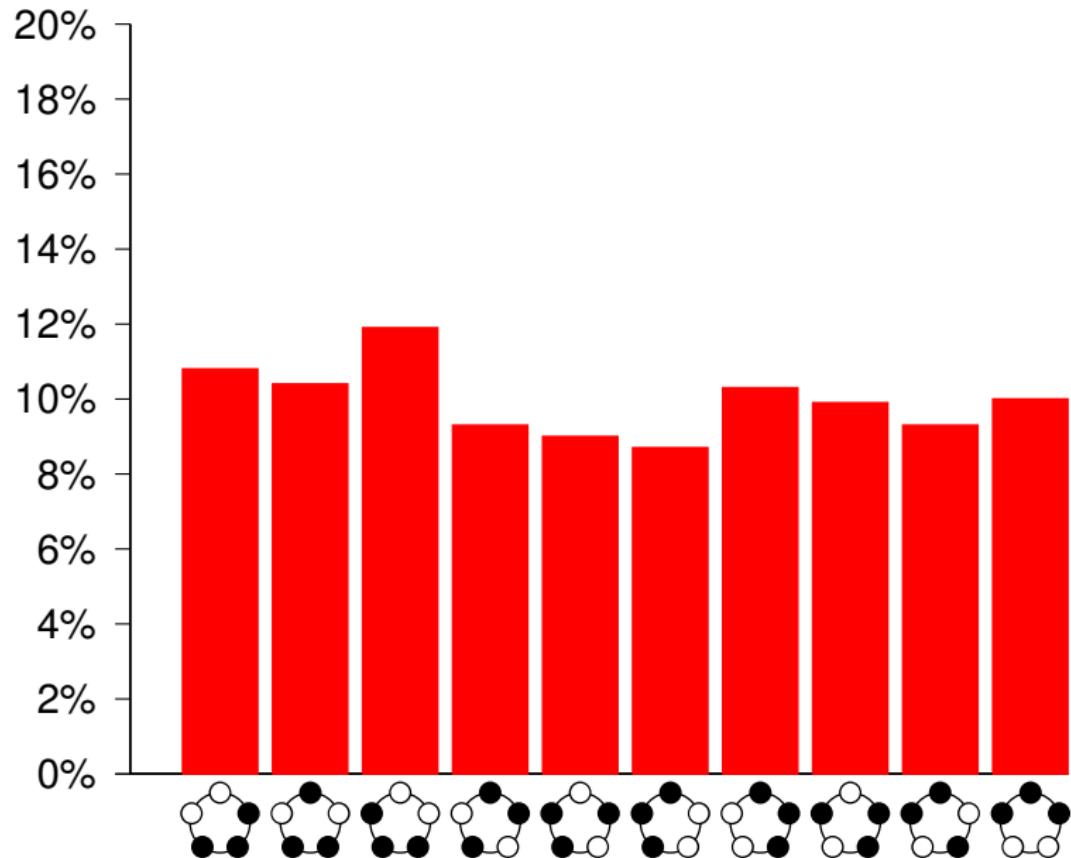
# Stationary distribution



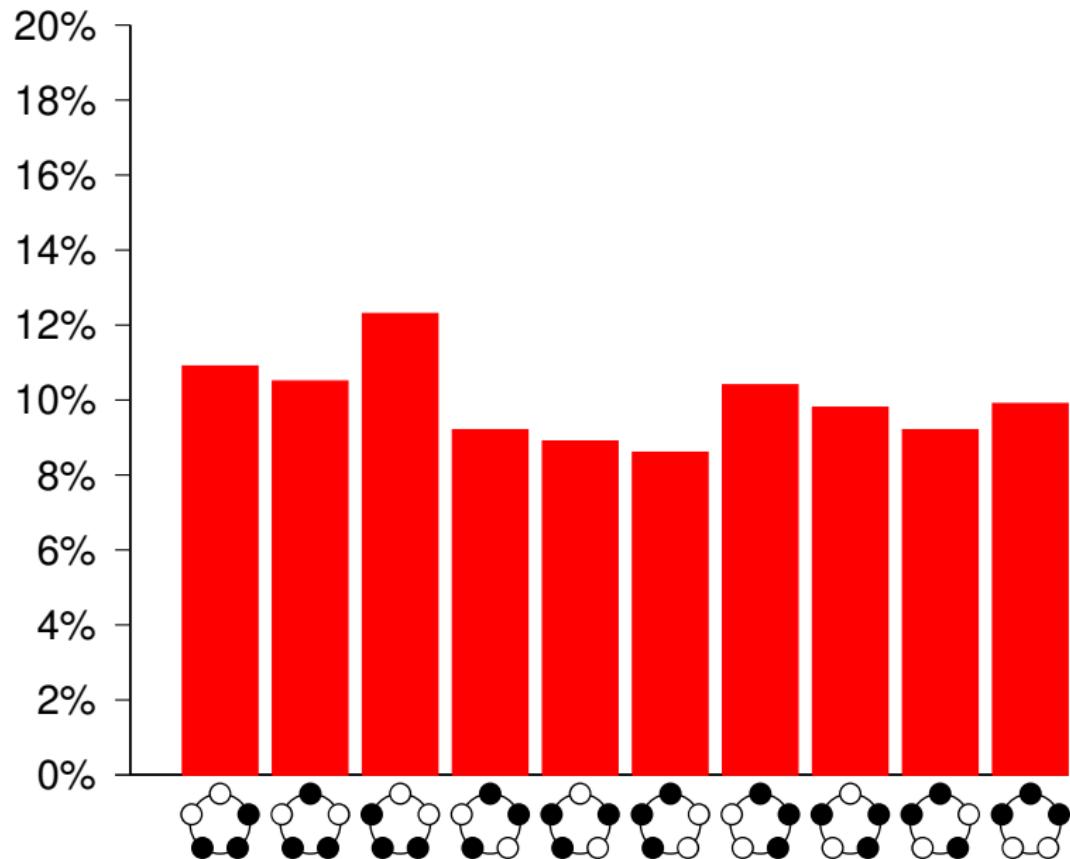
# Stationary distribution



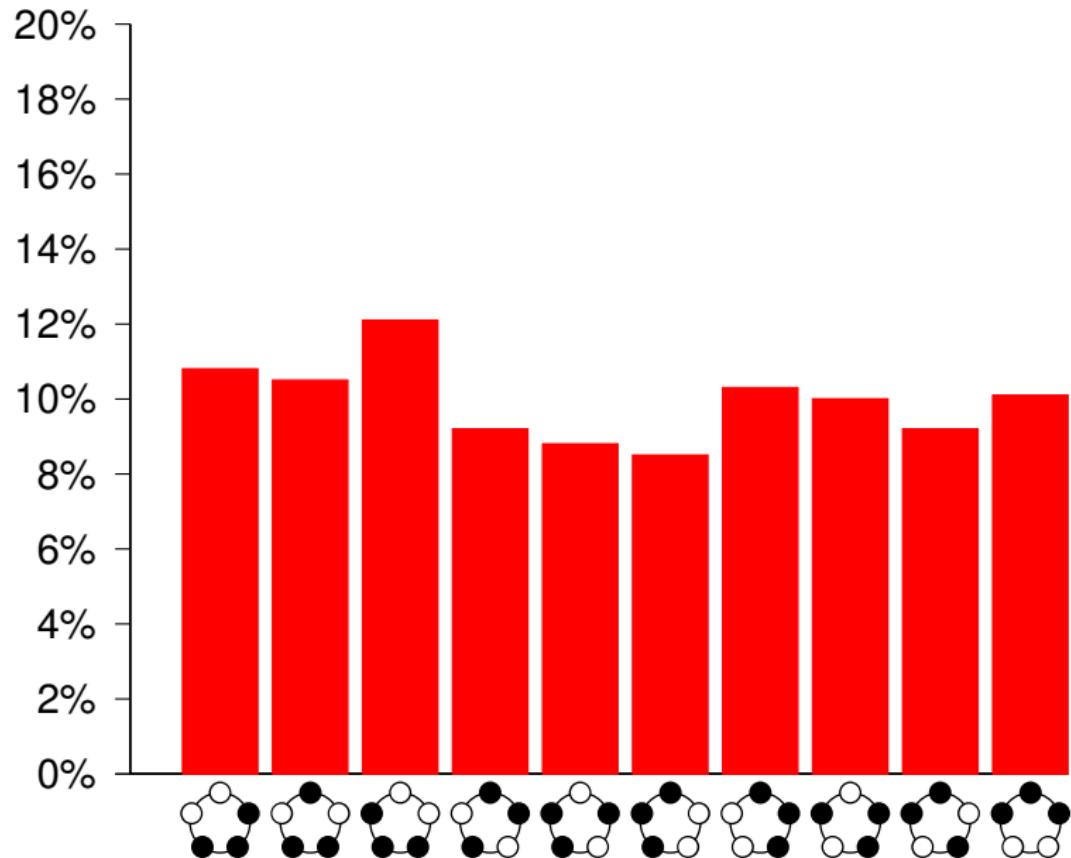
# Stationary distribution



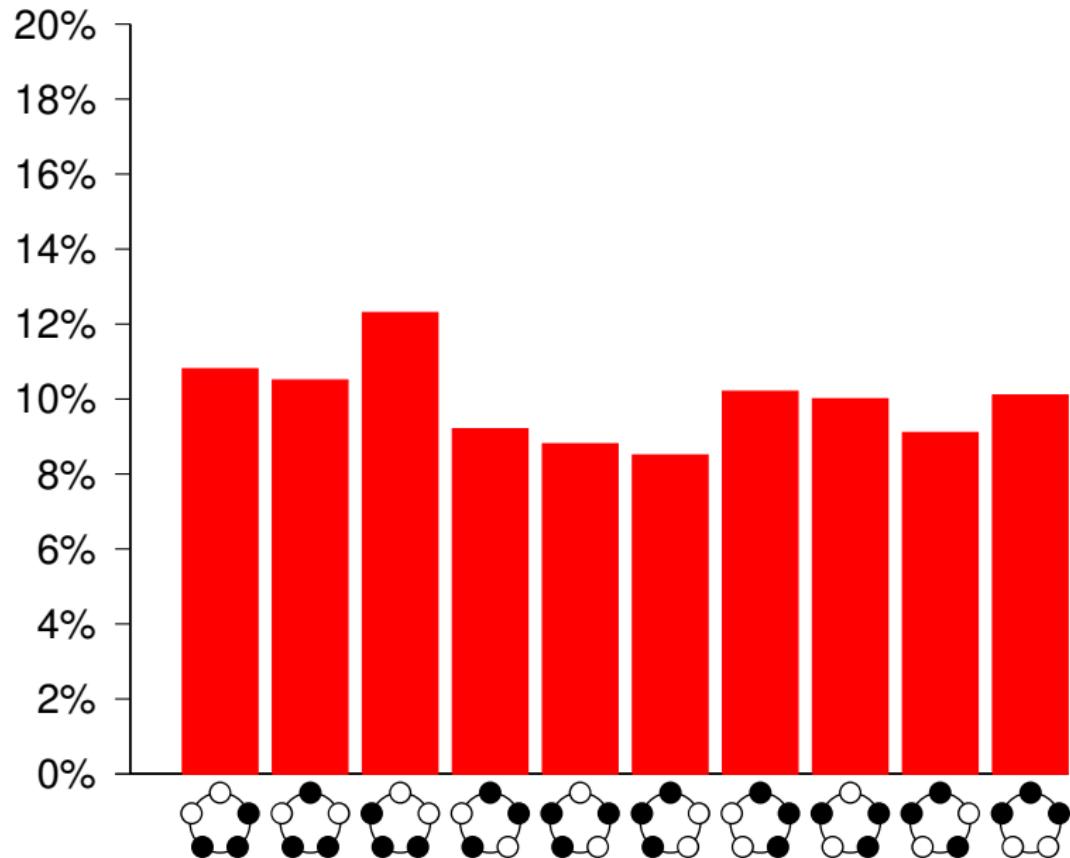
# Stationary distribution



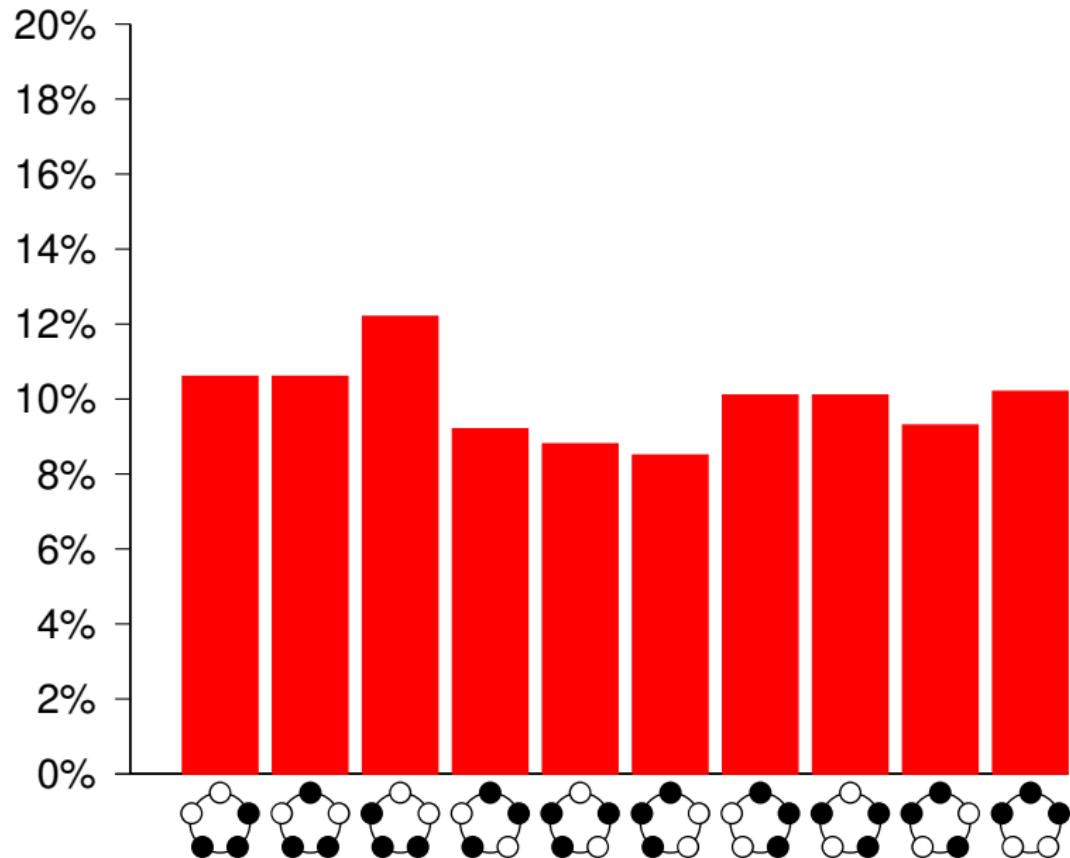
# Stationary distribution



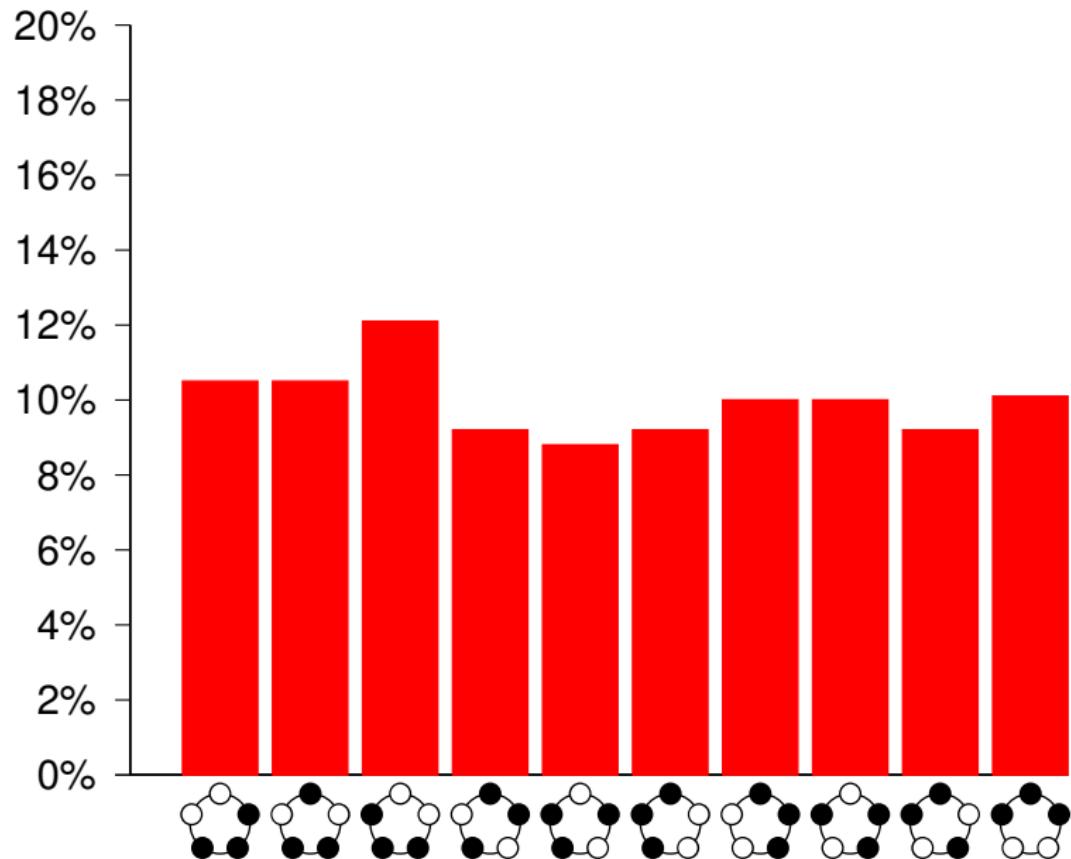
# Stationary distribution



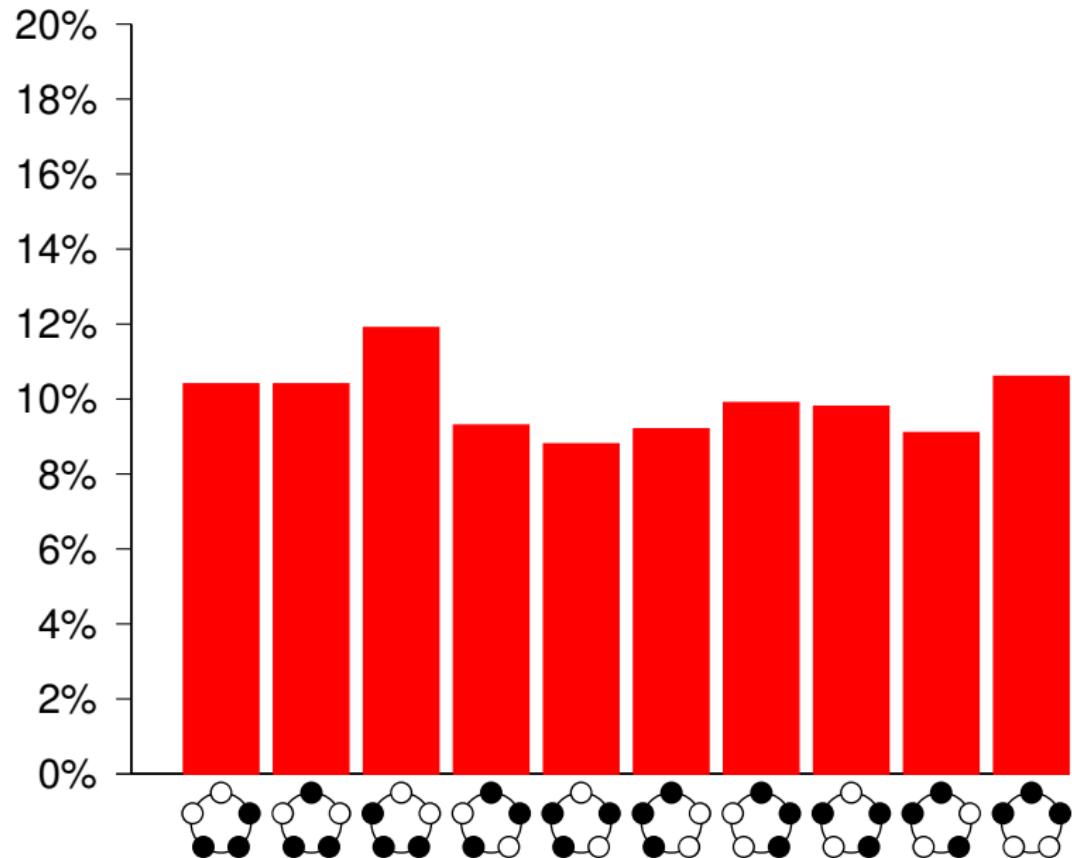
# Stationary distribution



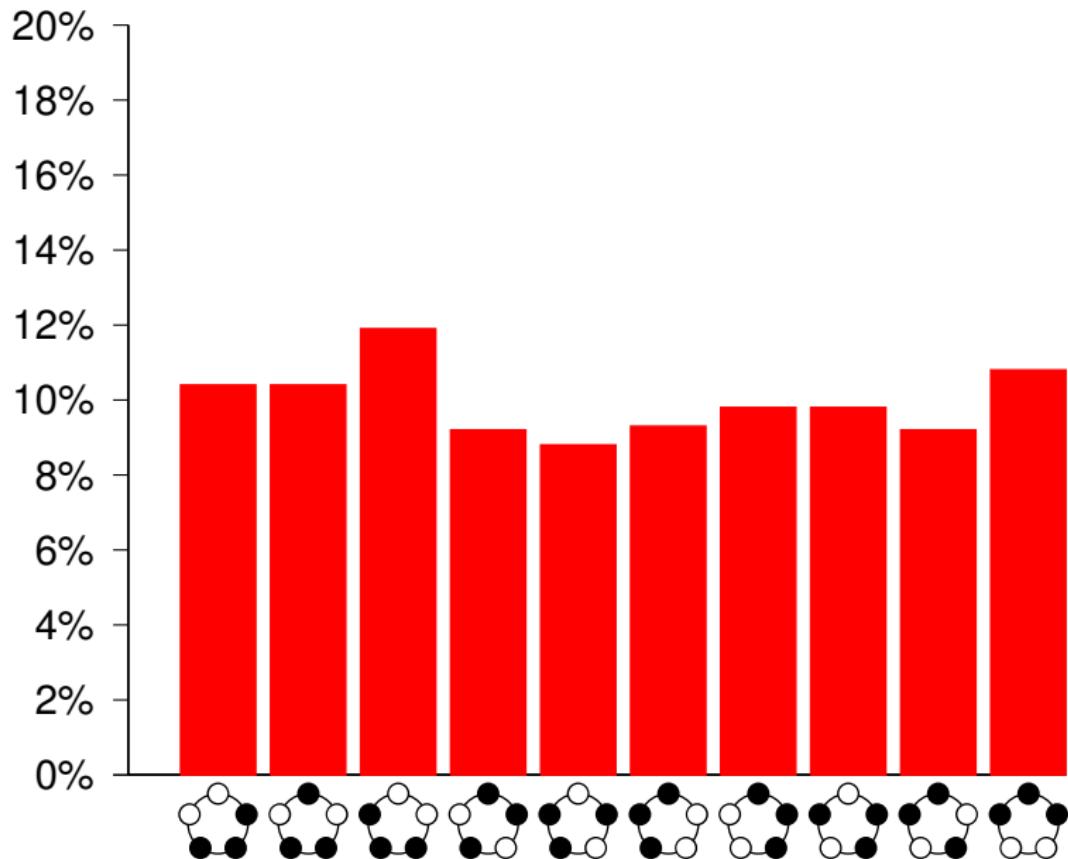
# Stationary distribution



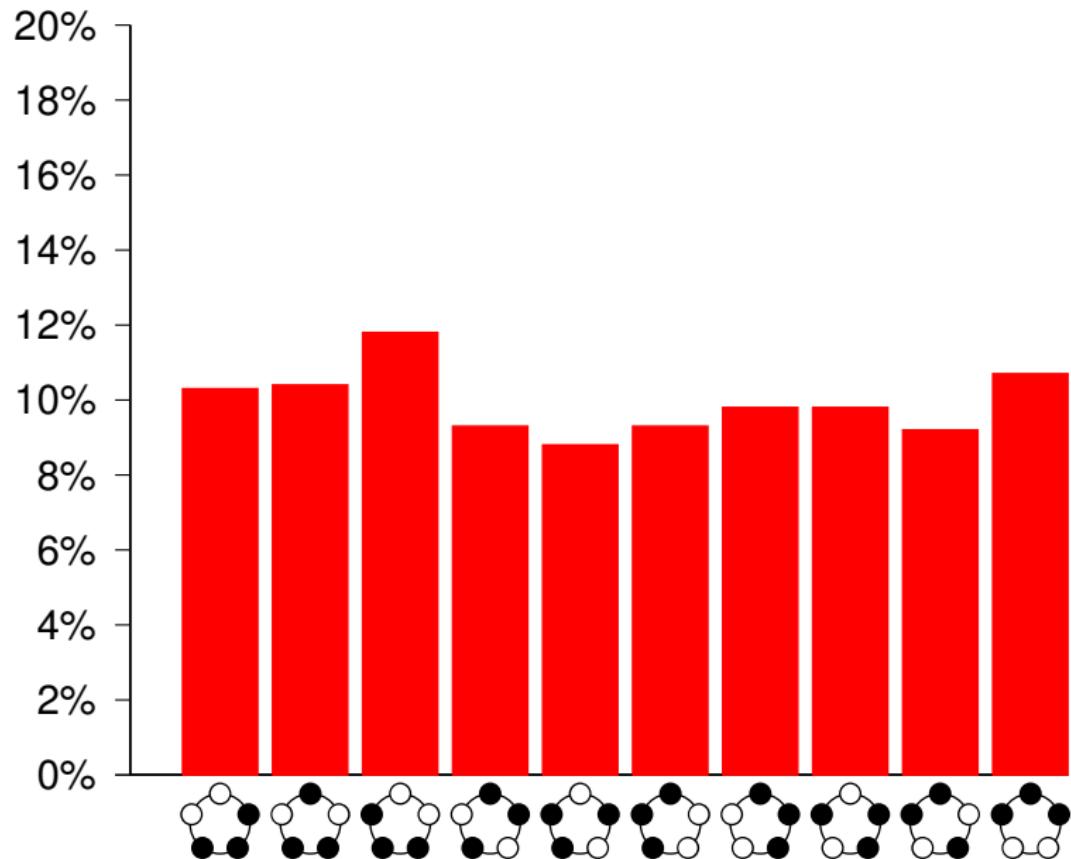
# Stationary distribution



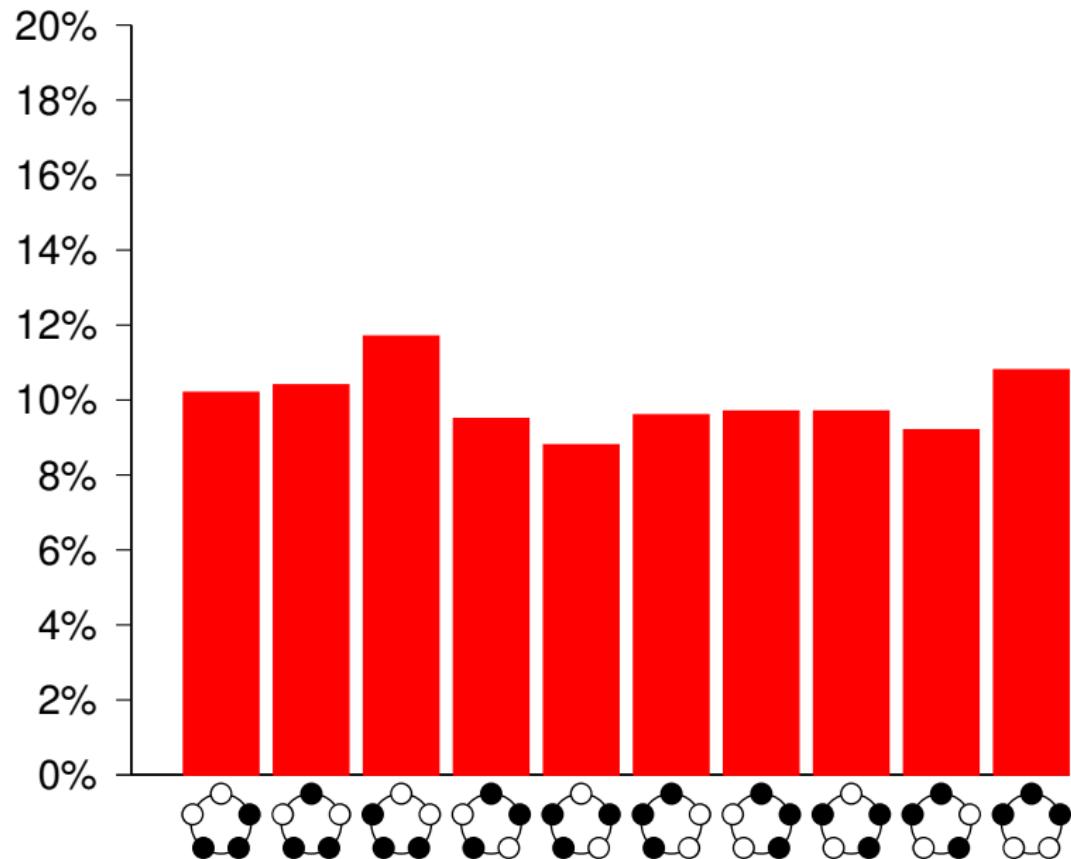
# Stationary distribution



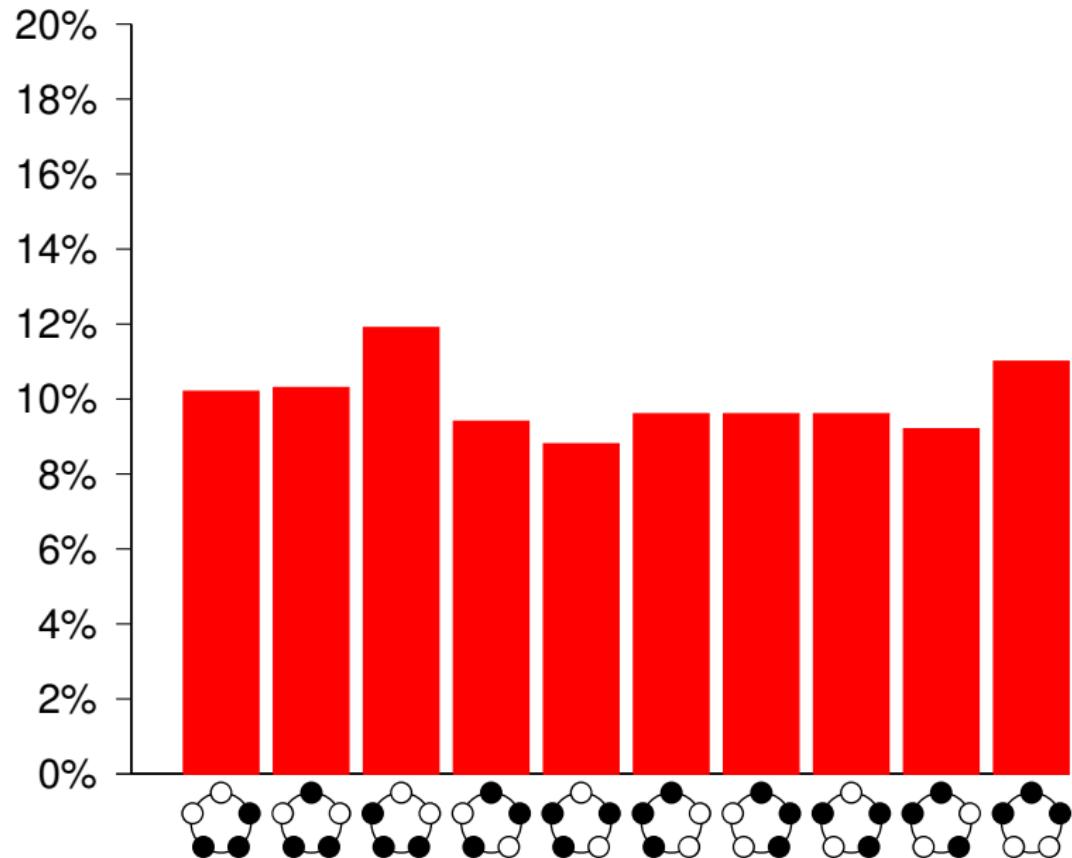
# Stationary distribution



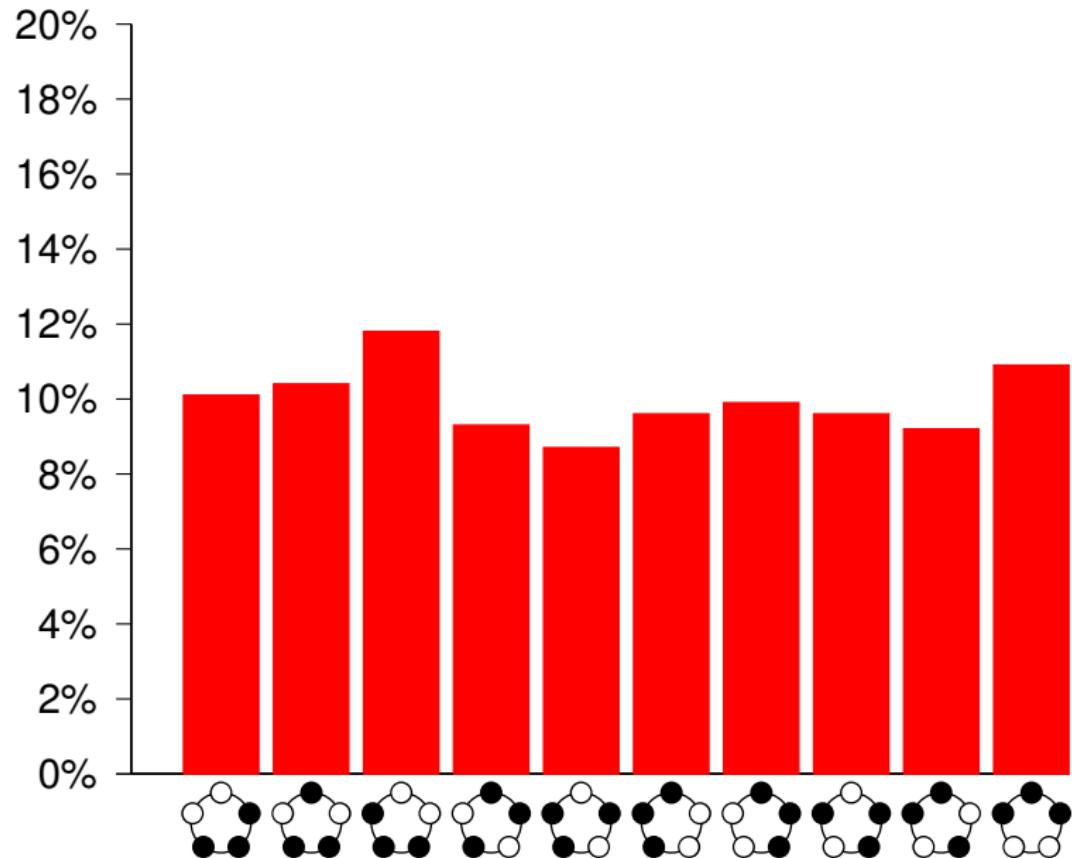
# Stationary distribution



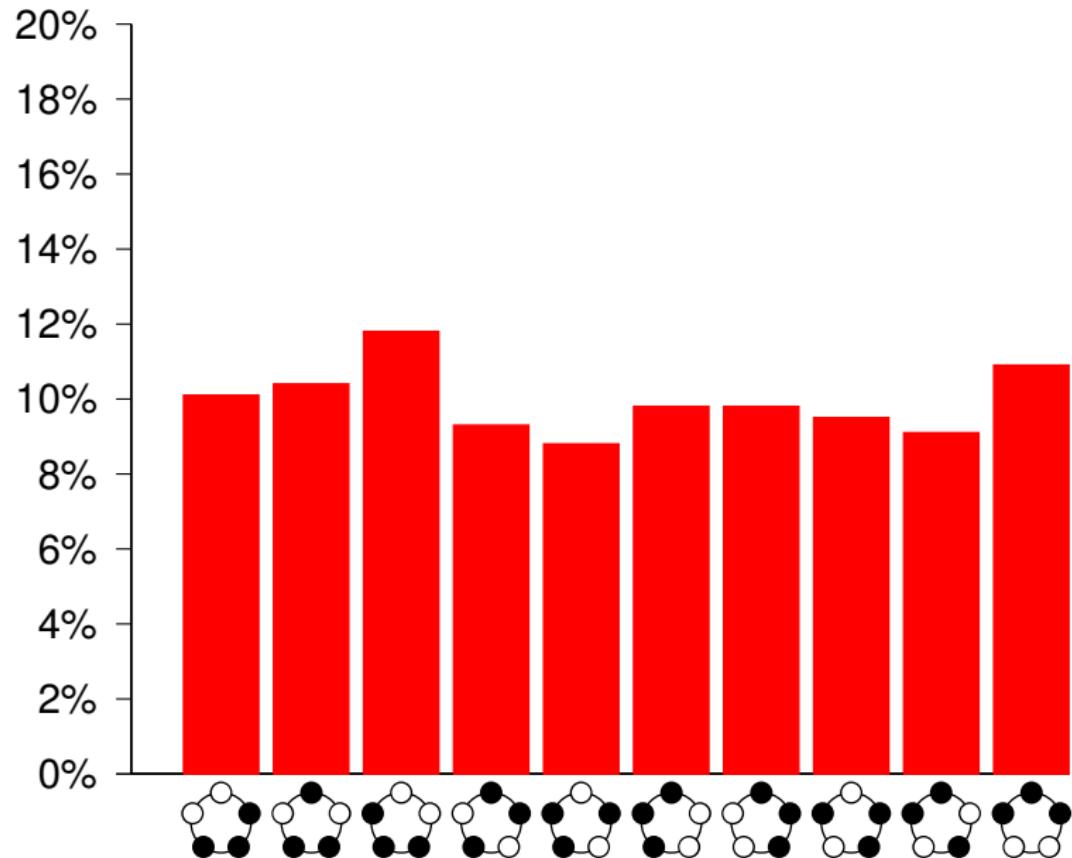
# Stationary distribution



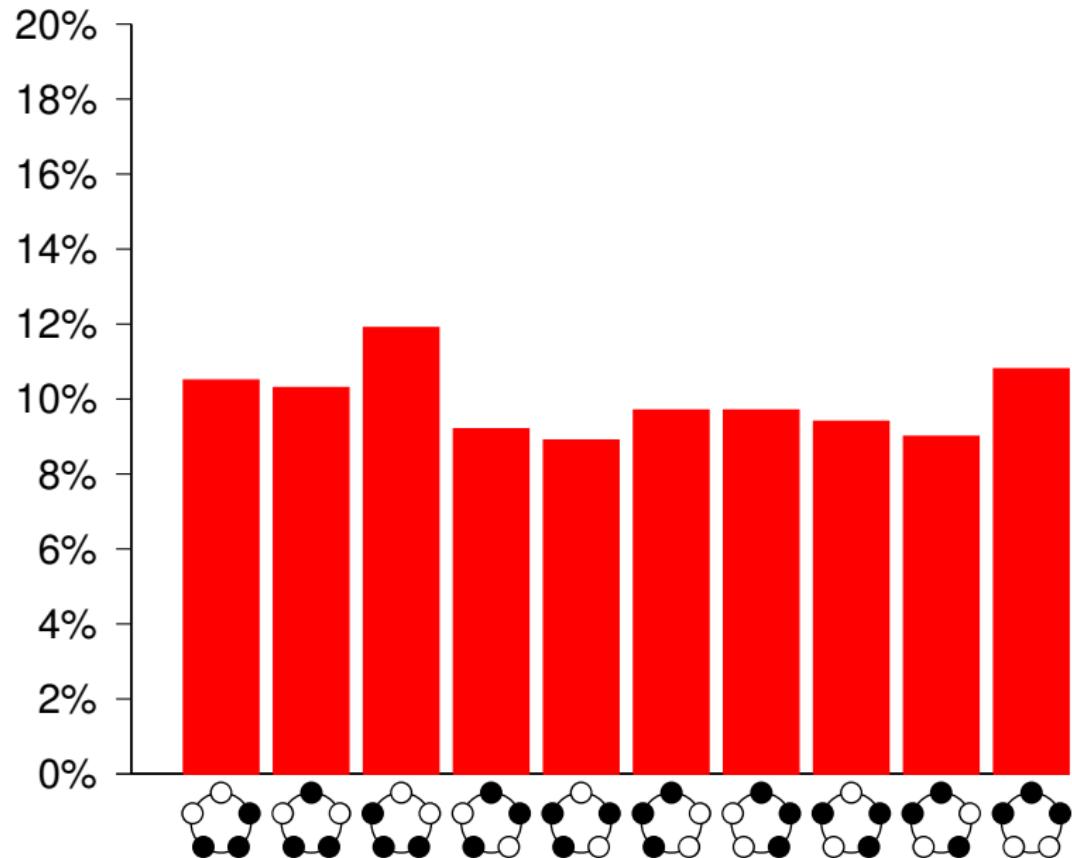
# Stationary distribution



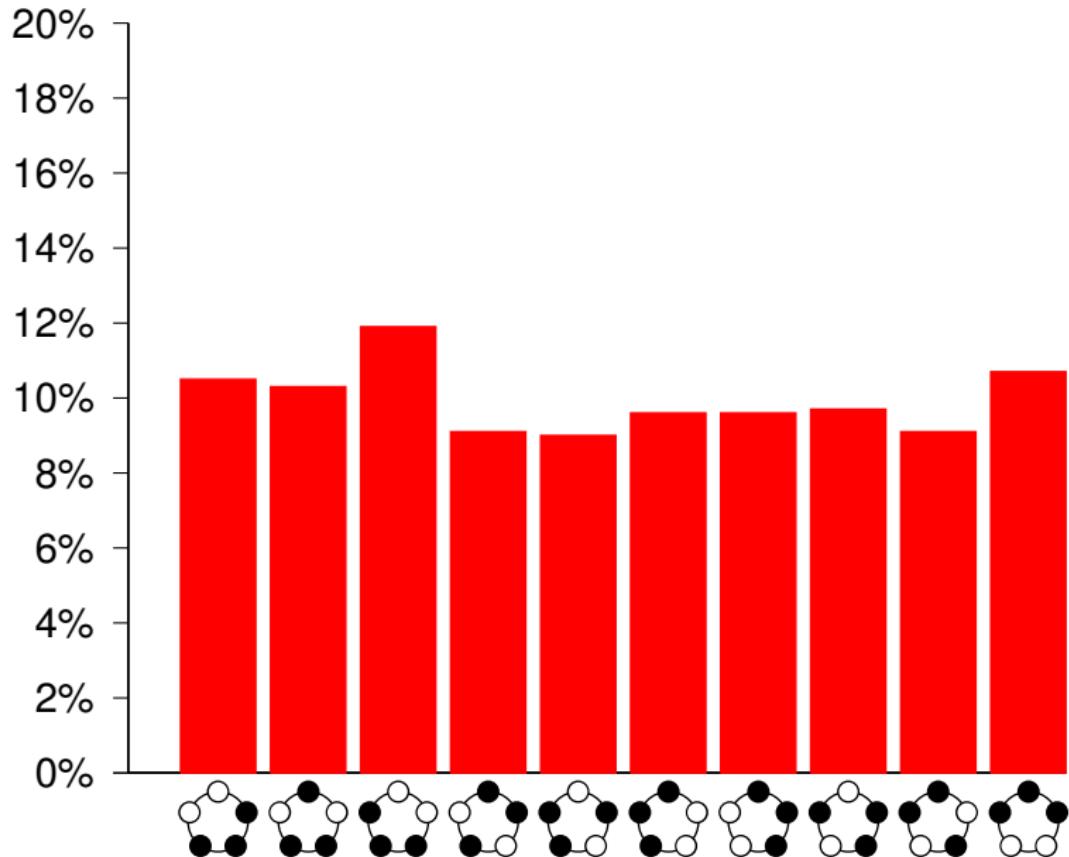
# Stationary distribution



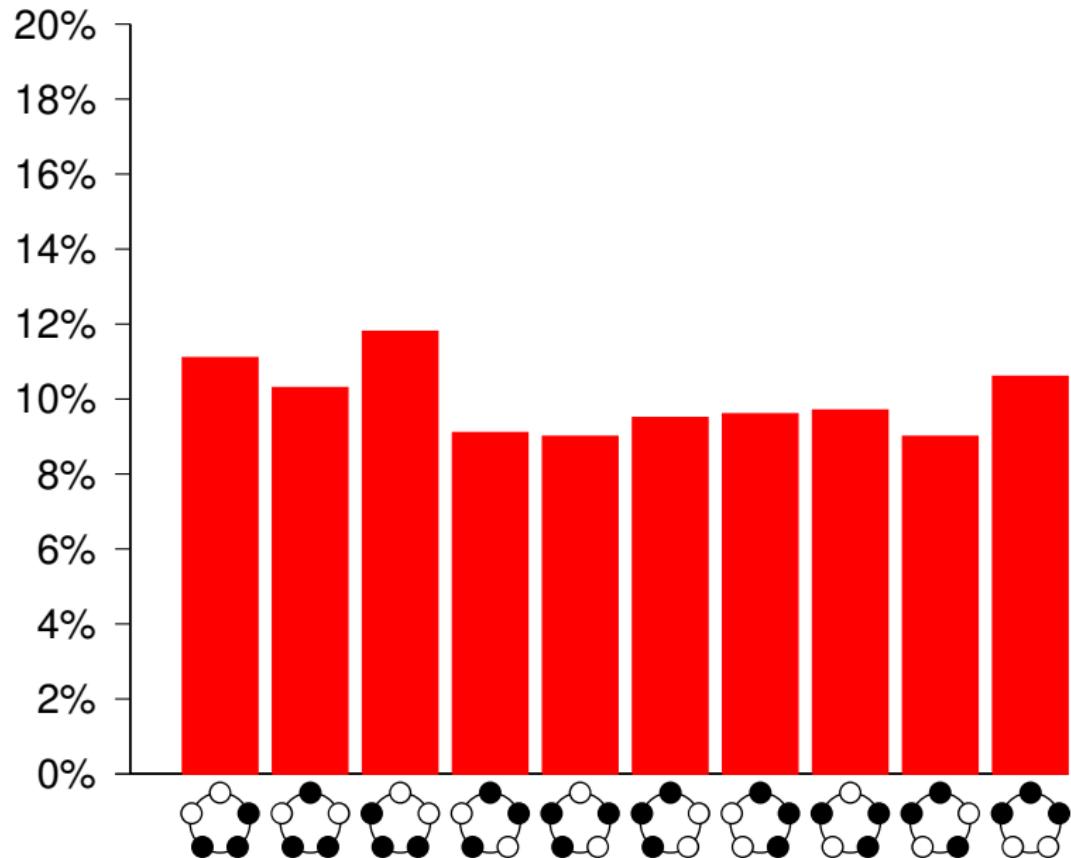
# Stationary distribution



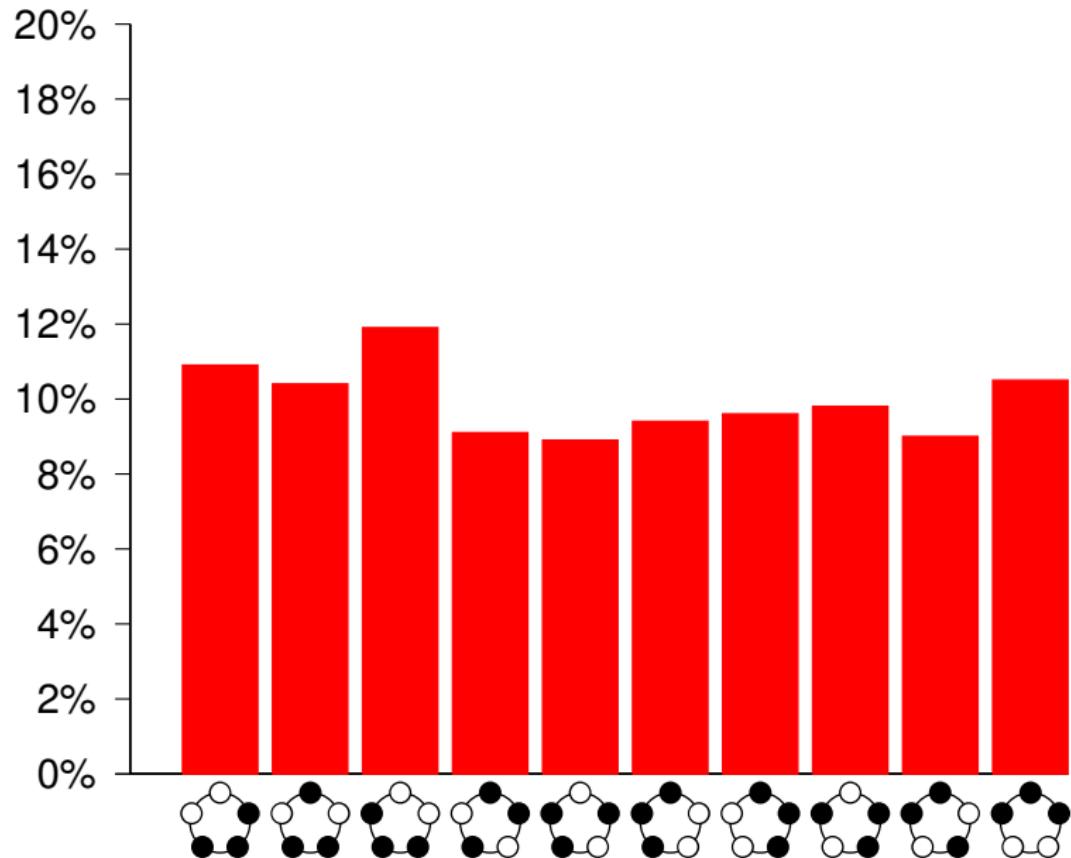
# Stationary distribution



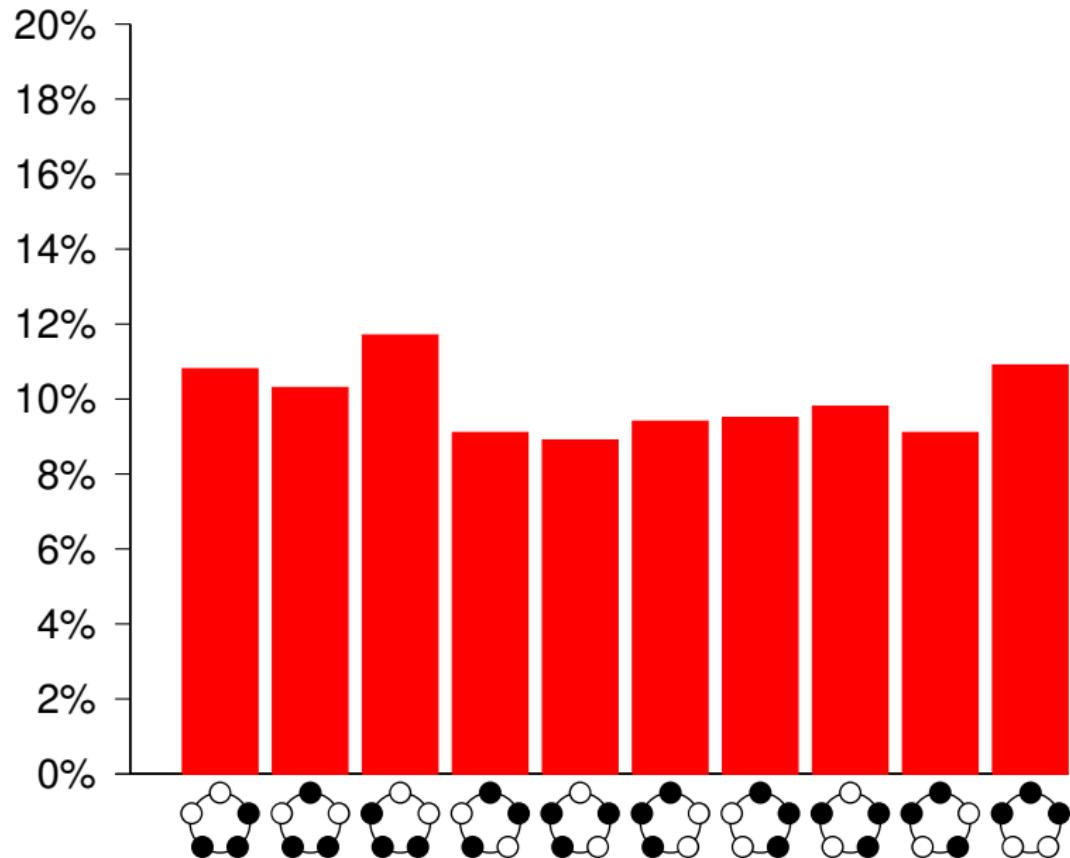
# Stationary distribution



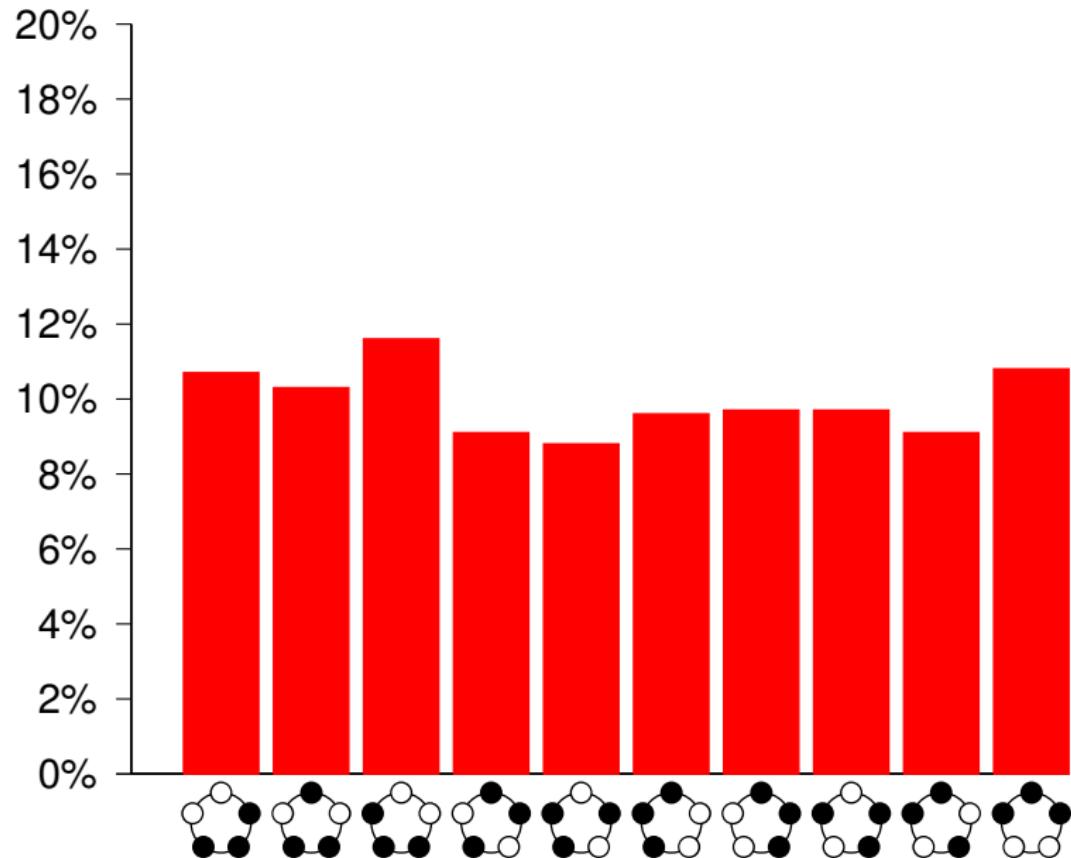
# Stationary distribution



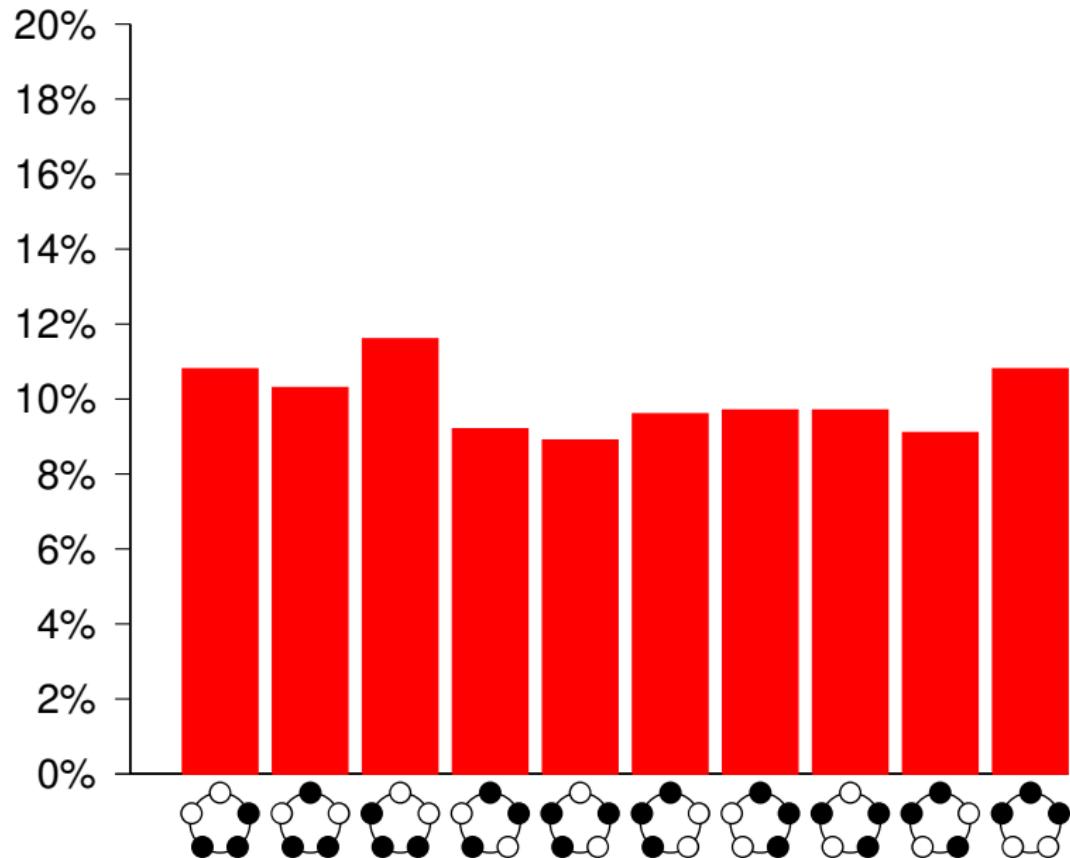
# Stationary distribution



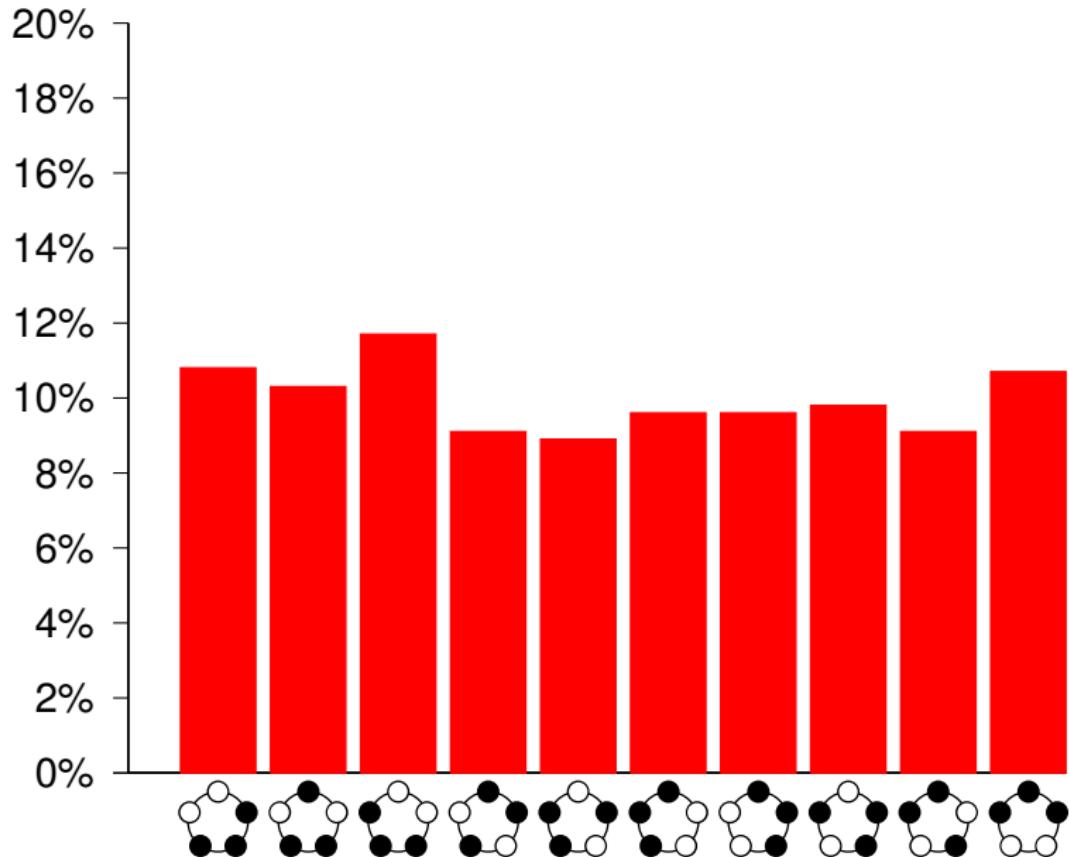
# Stationary distribution



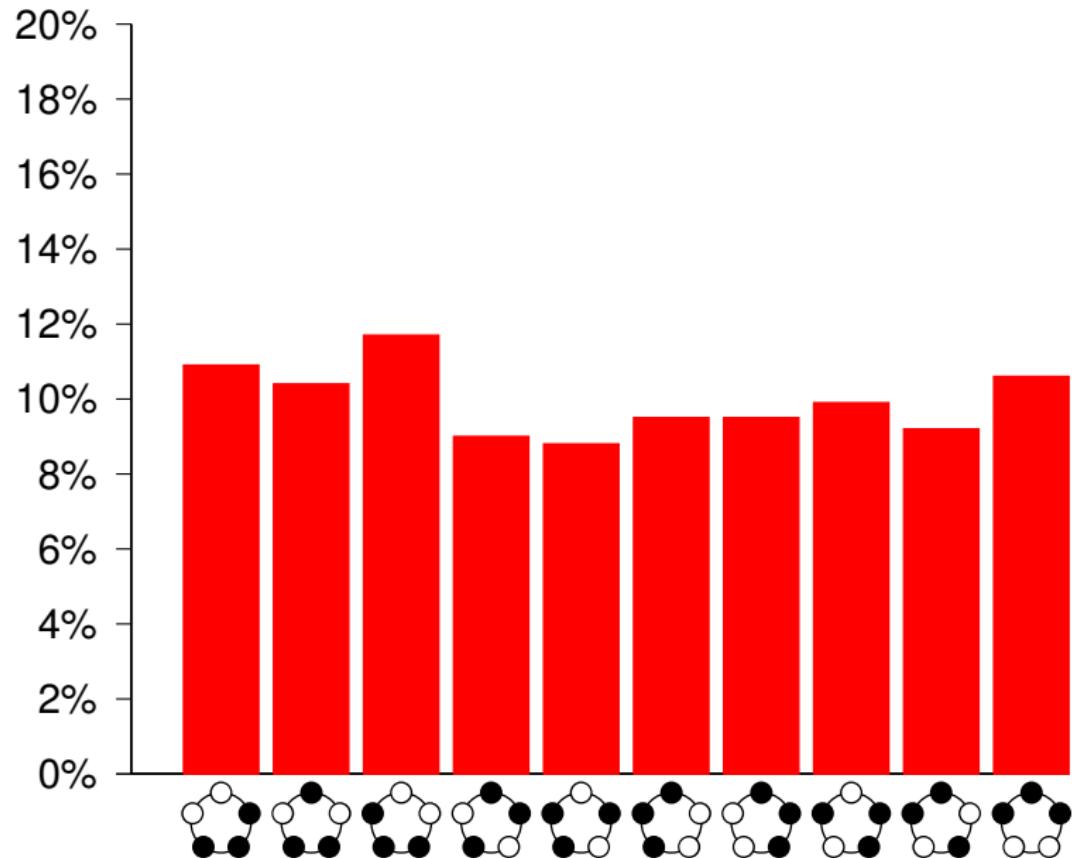
# Stationary distribution



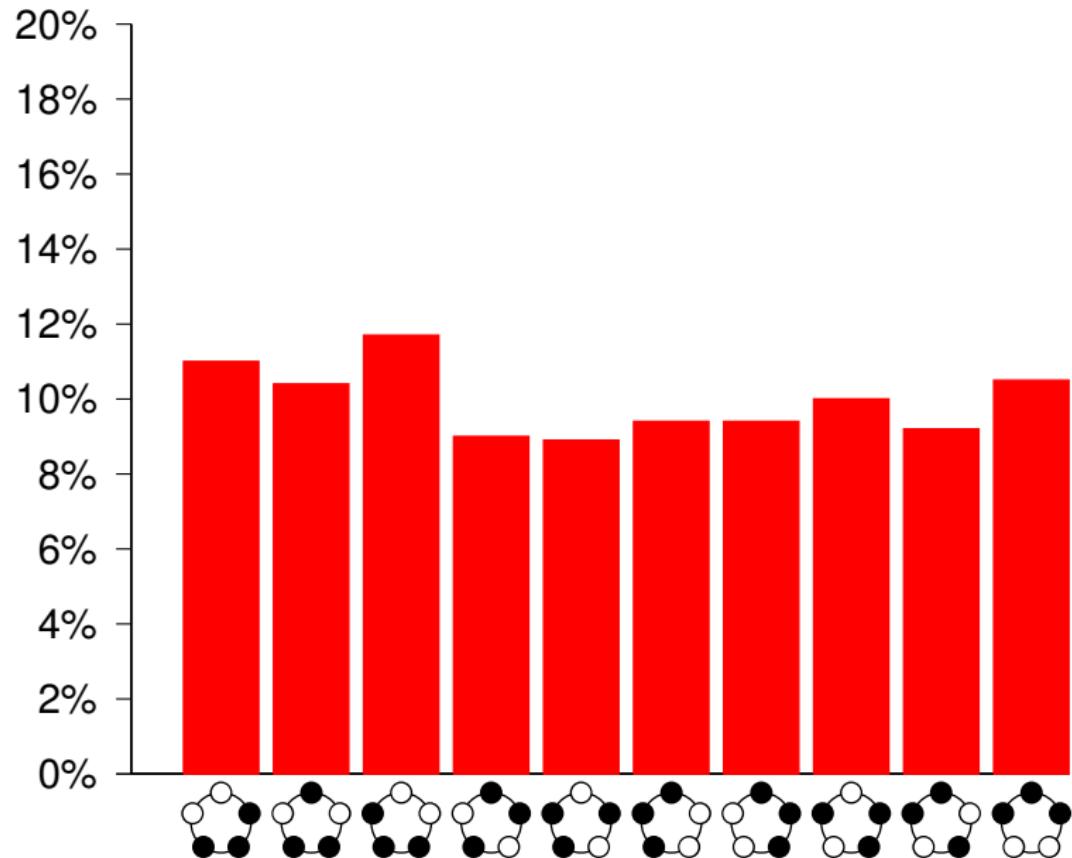
# Stationary distribution



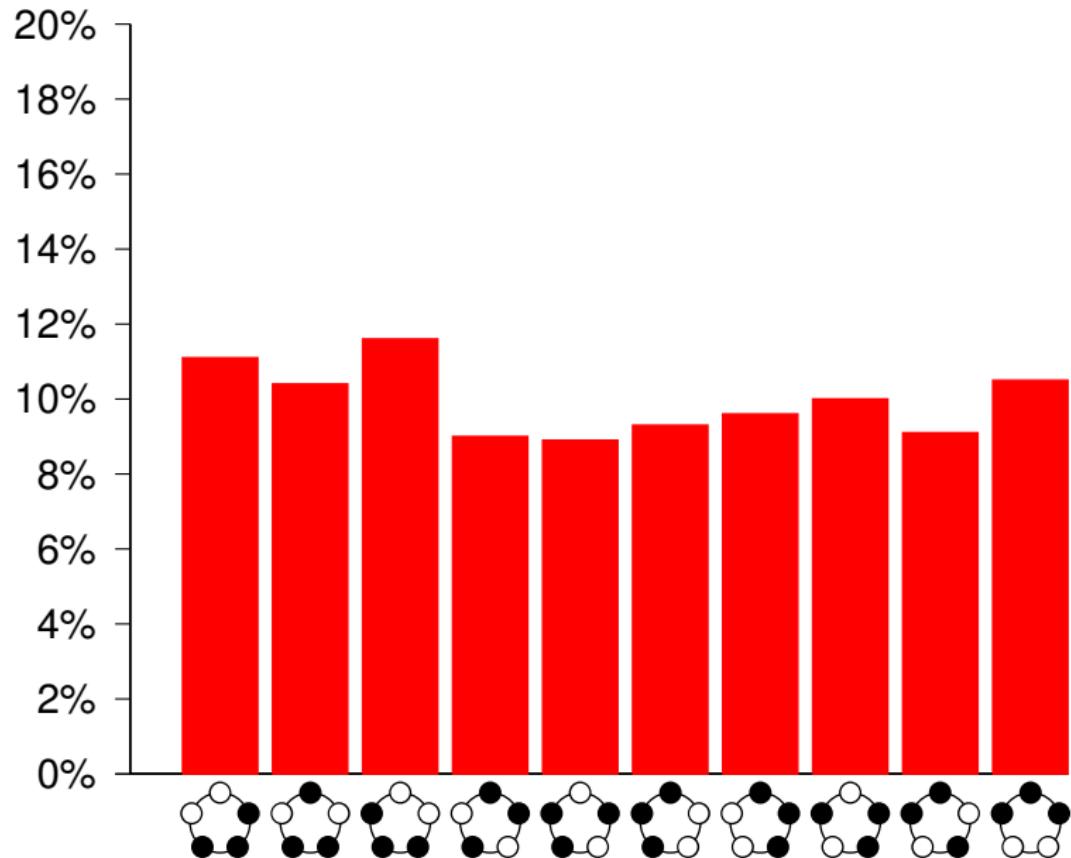
# Stationary distribution



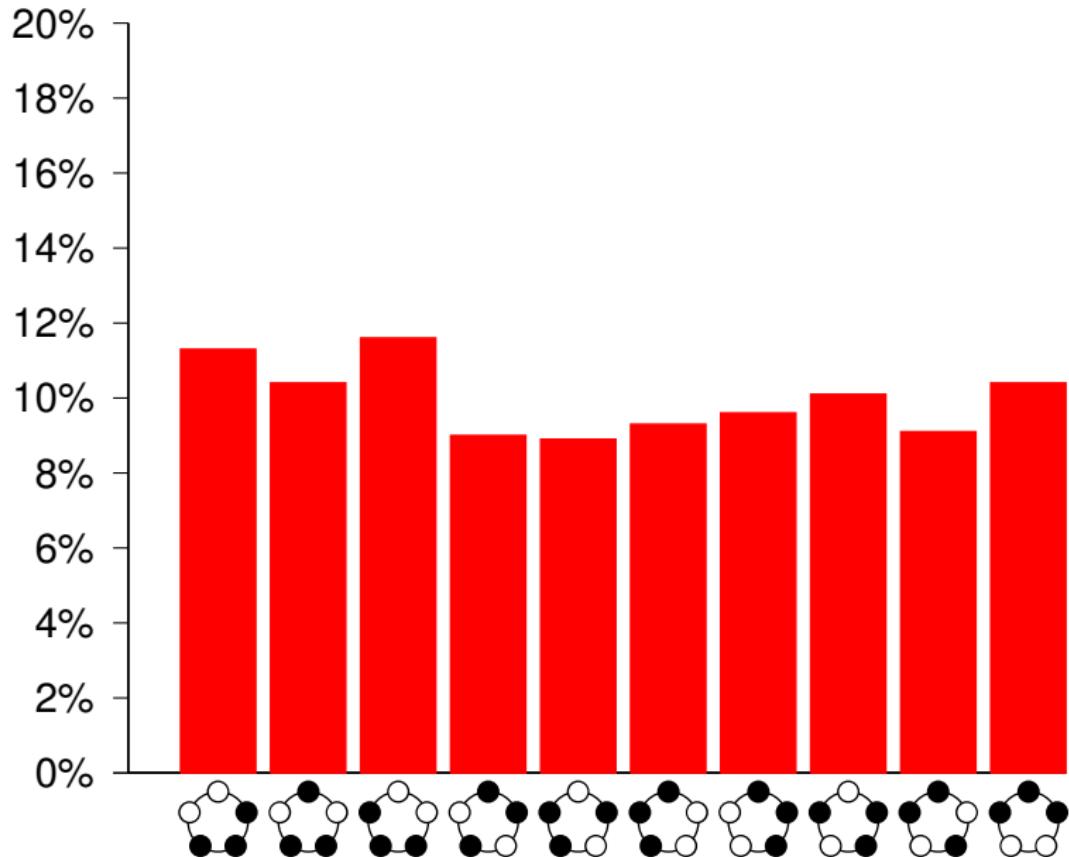
# Stationary distribution



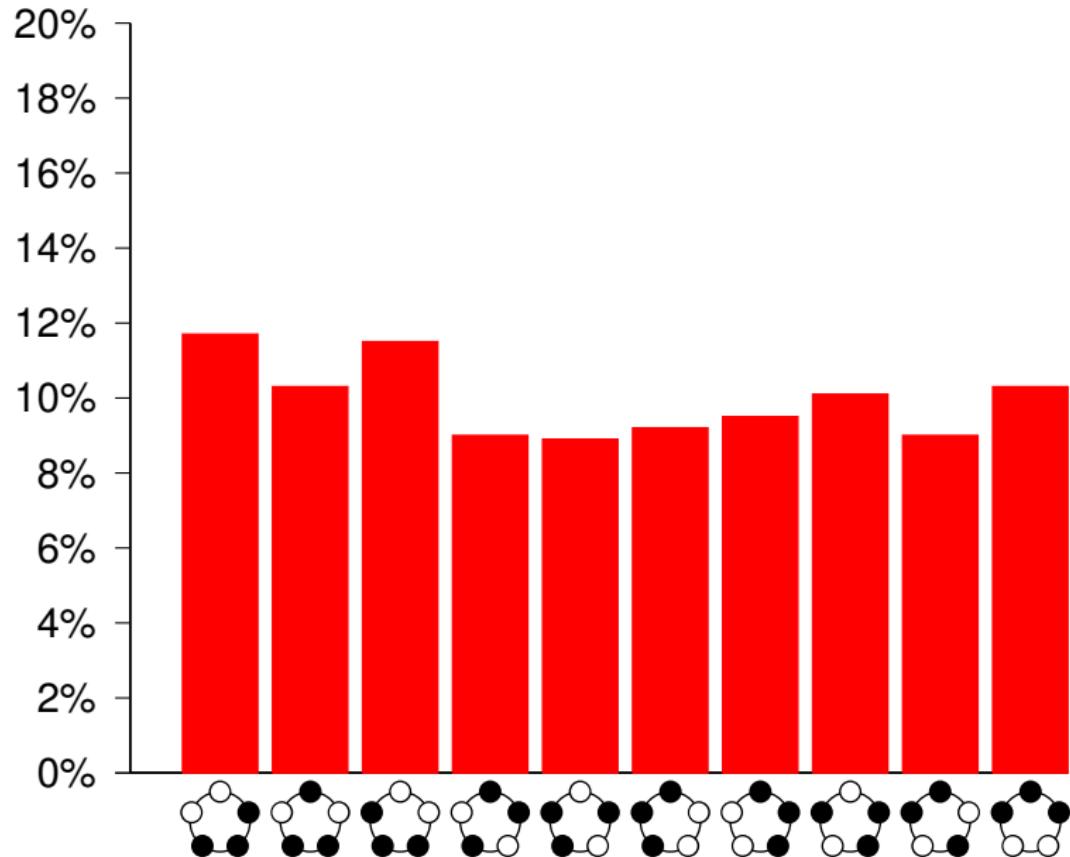
# Stationary distribution



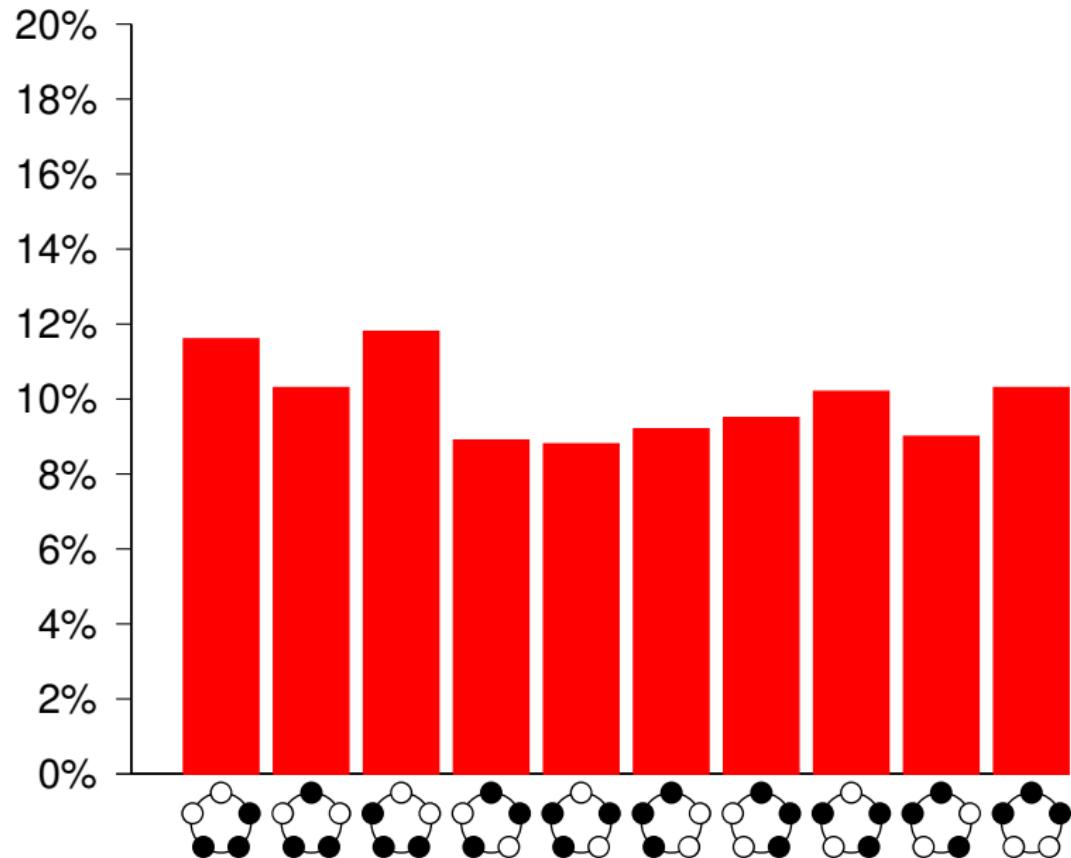
# Stationary distribution



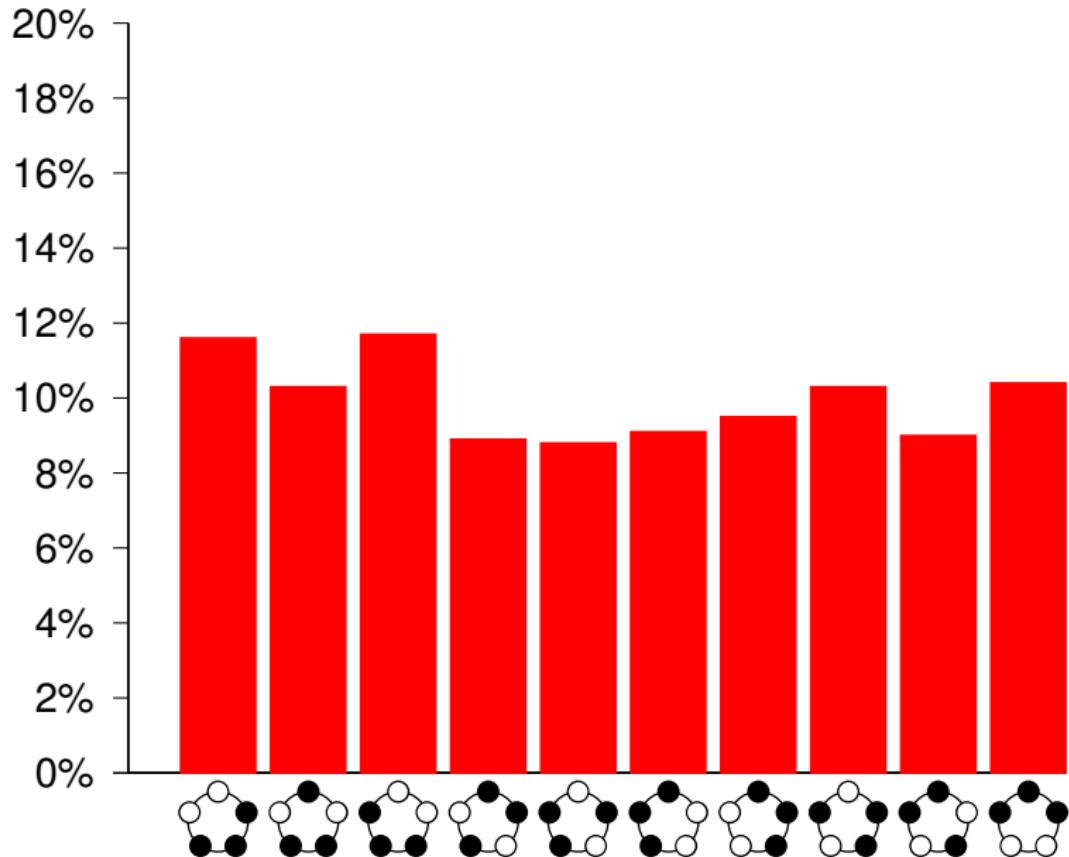
# Stationary distribution



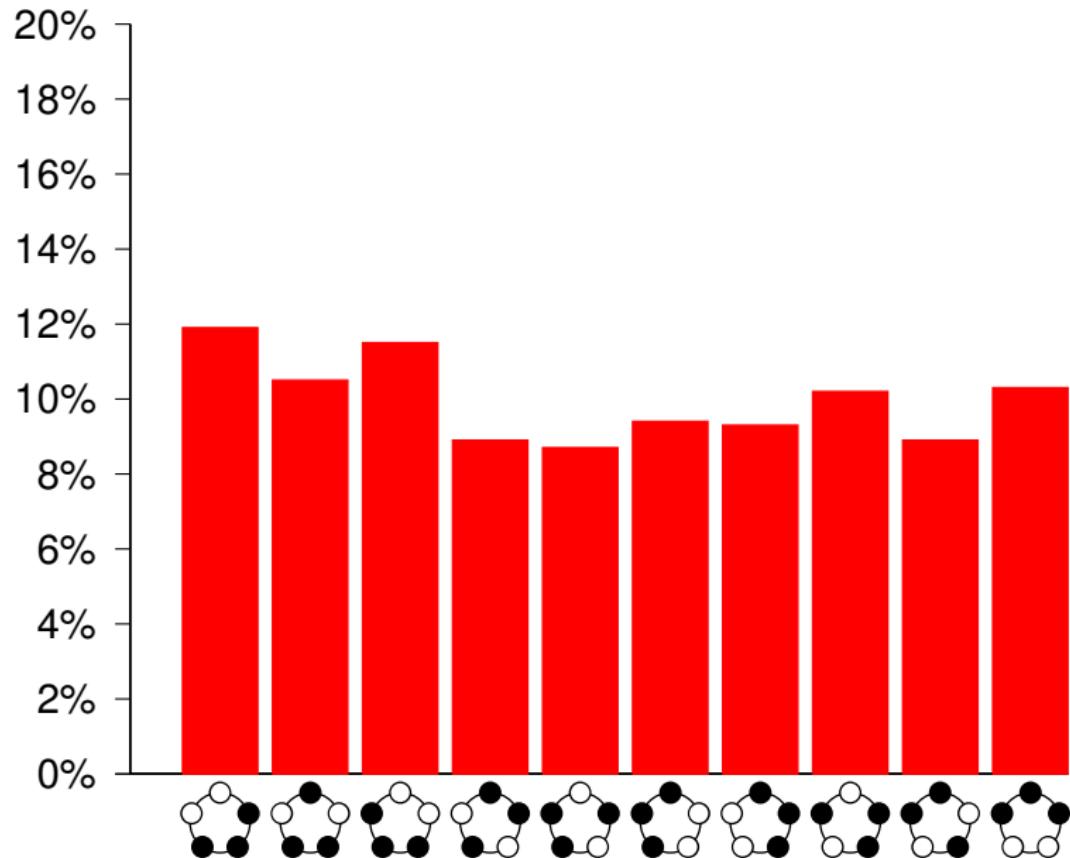
# Stationary distribution



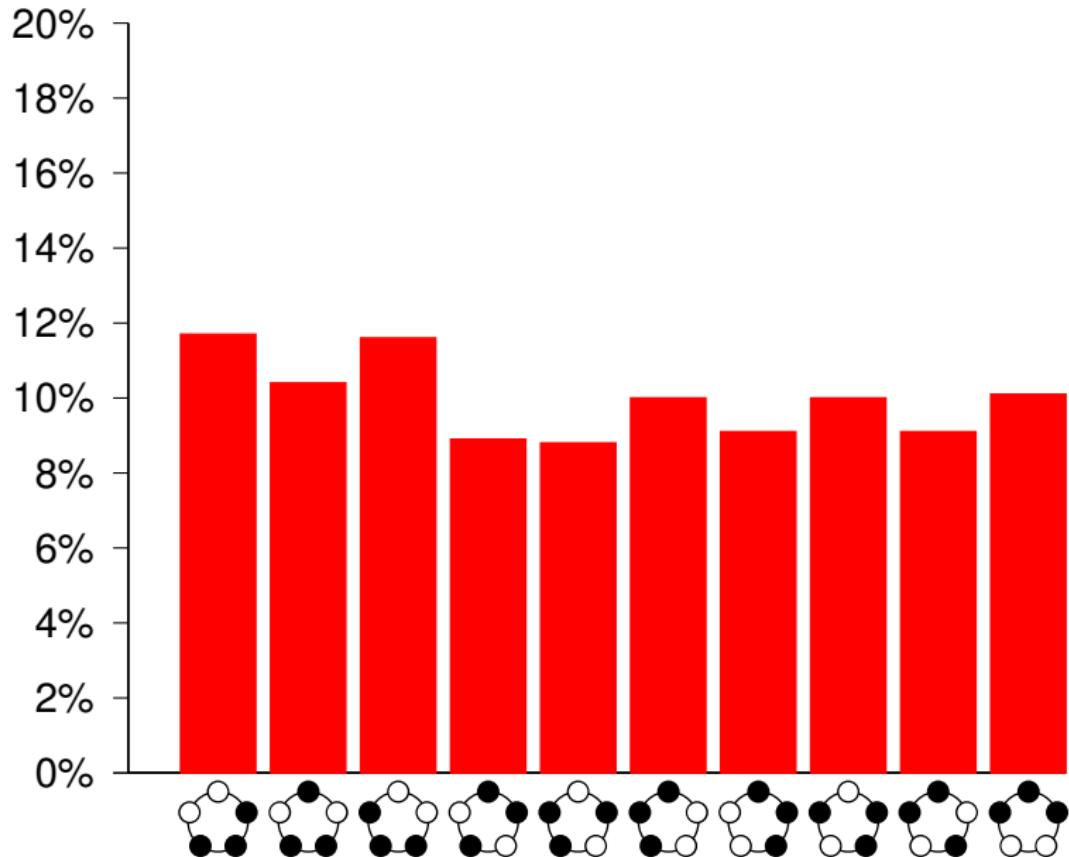
# Stationary distribution



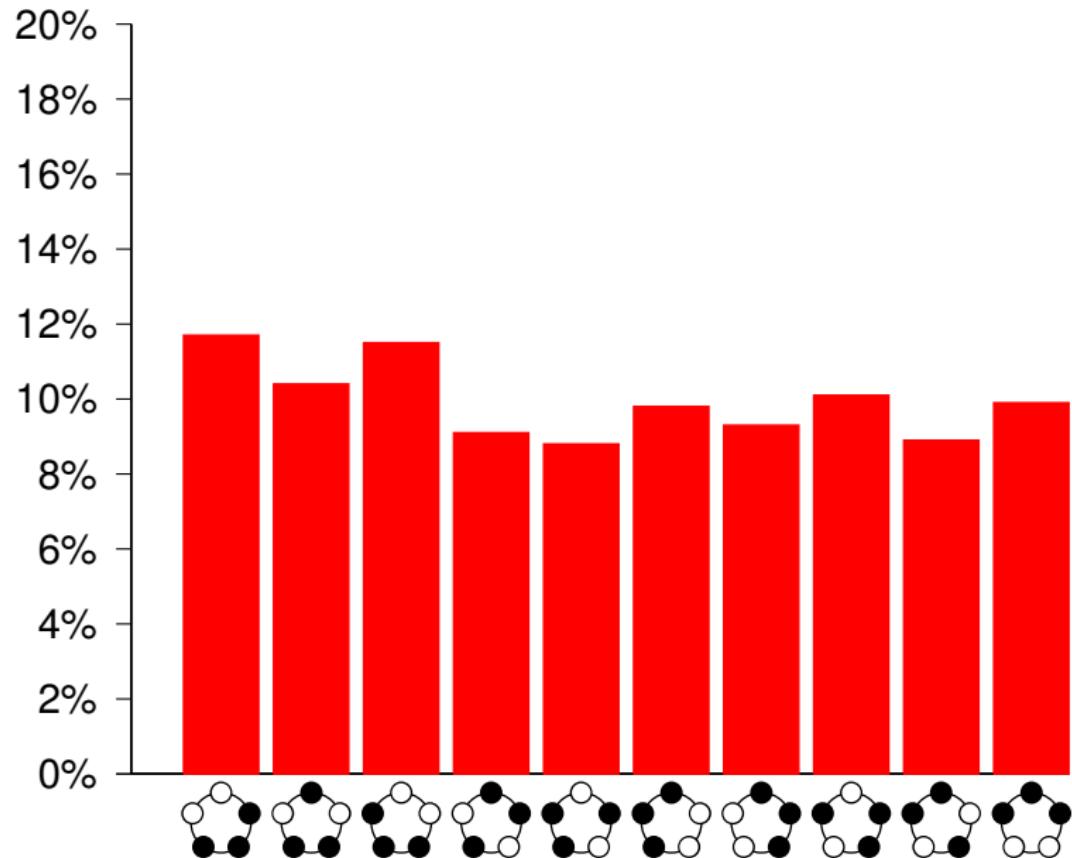
# Stationary distribution



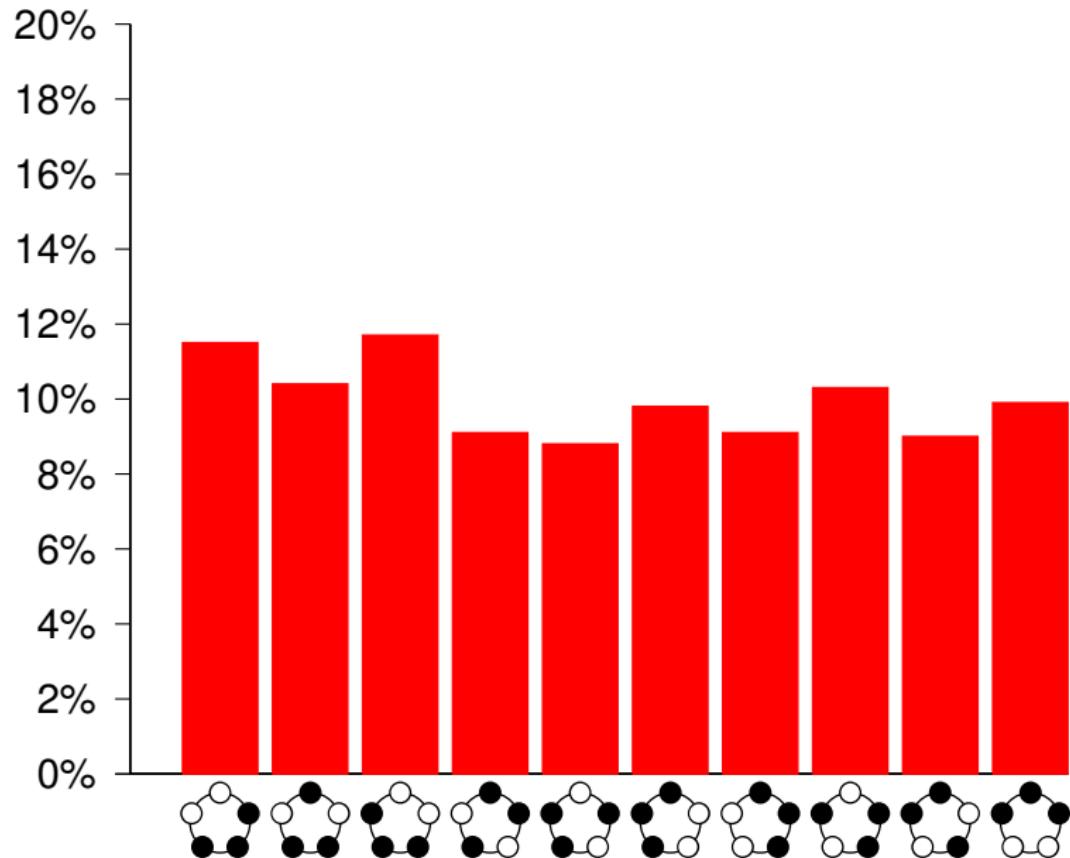
# Stationary distribution



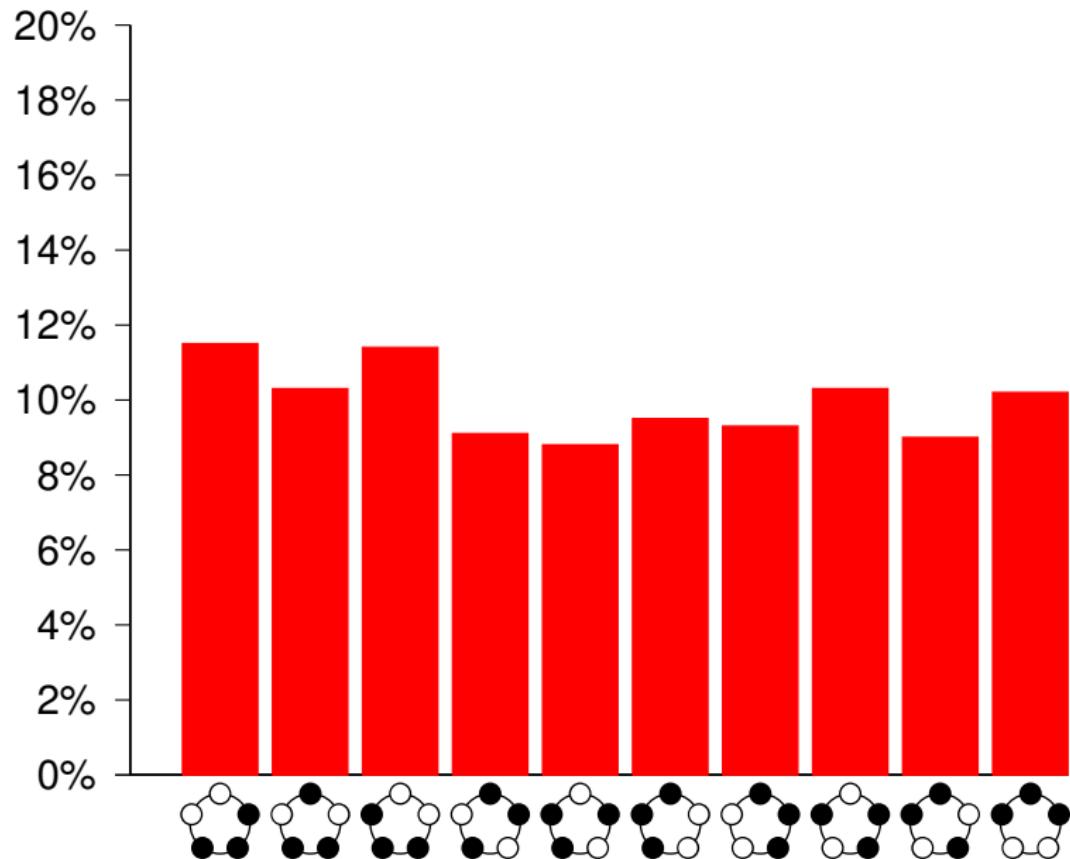
# Stationary distribution



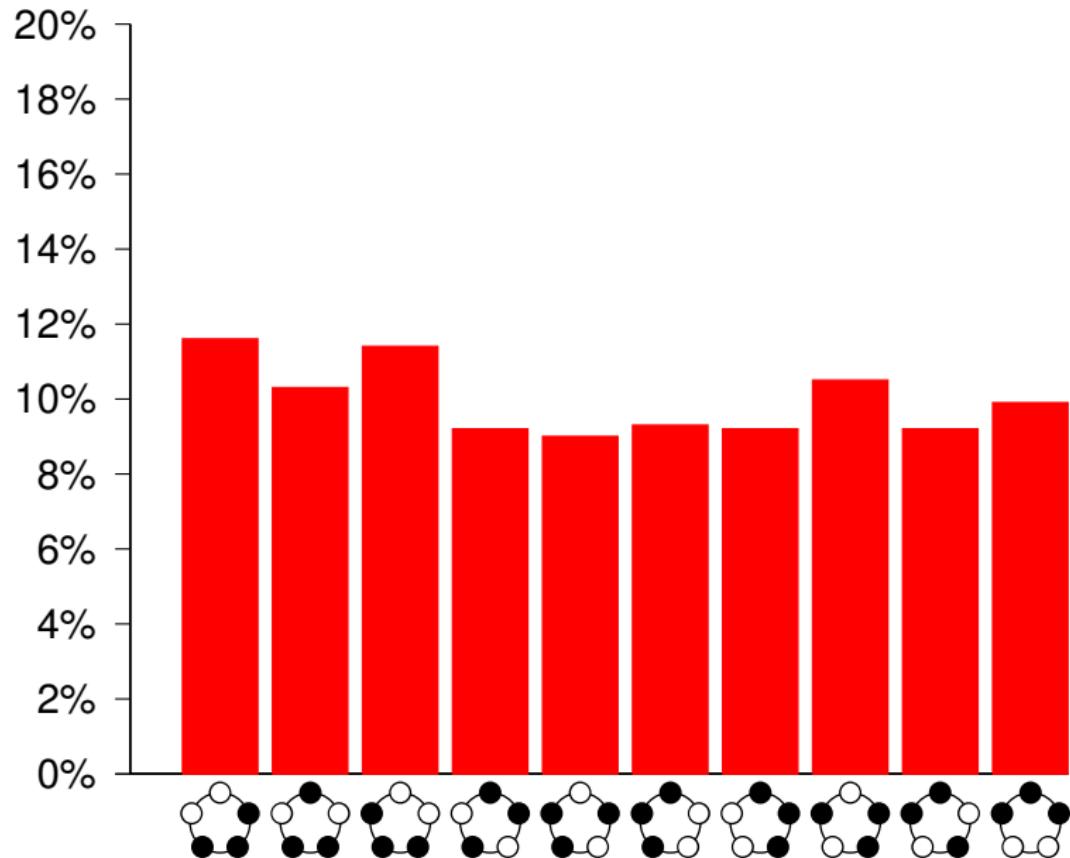
# Stationary distribution



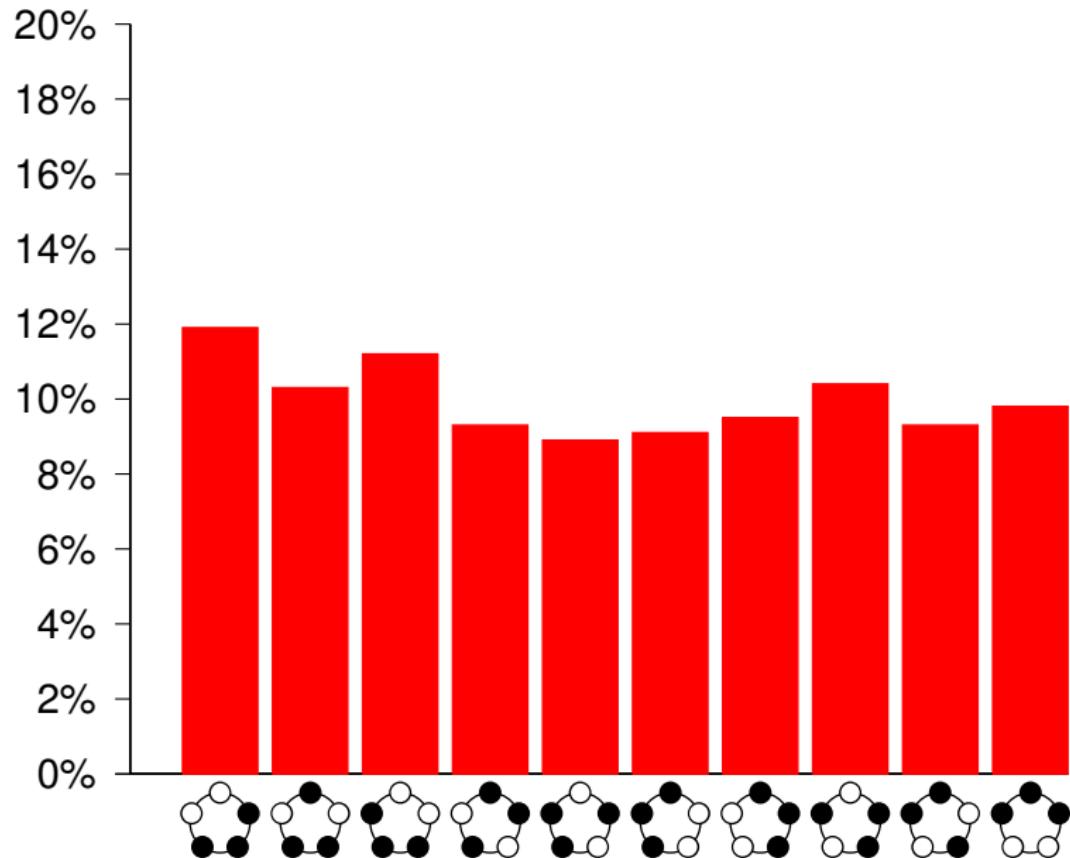
# Stationary distribution



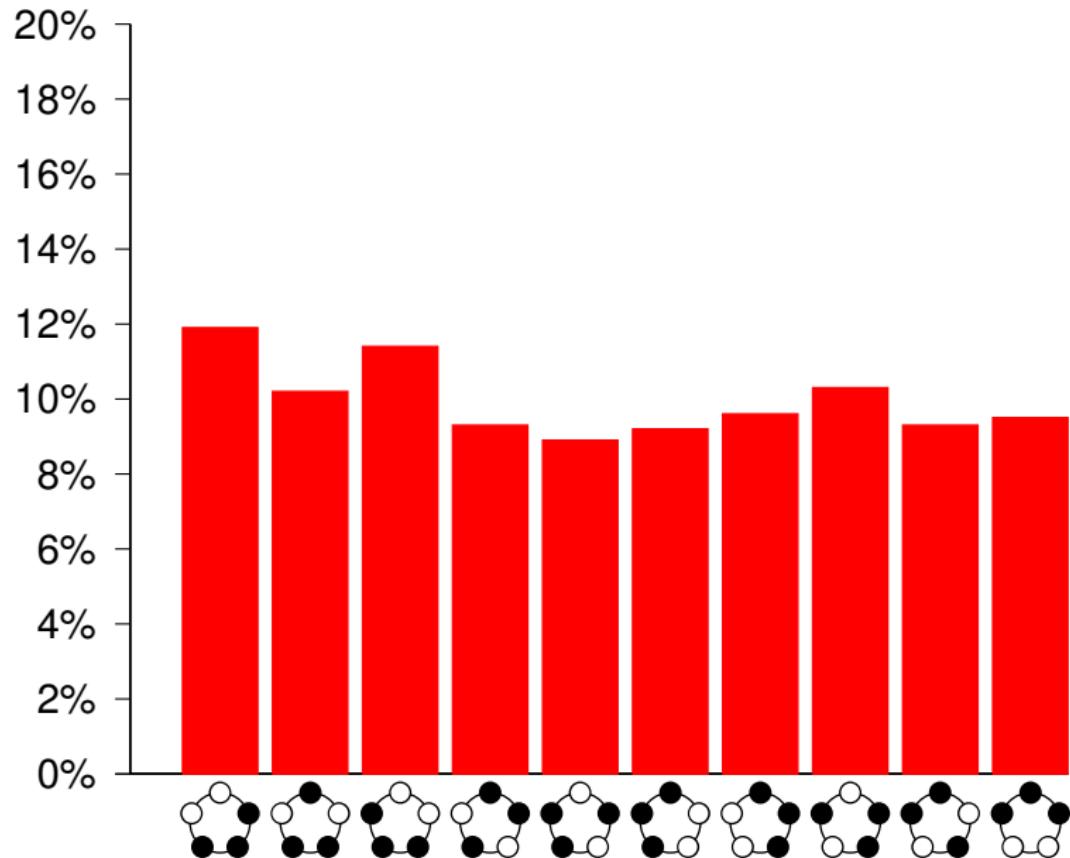
# Stationary distribution



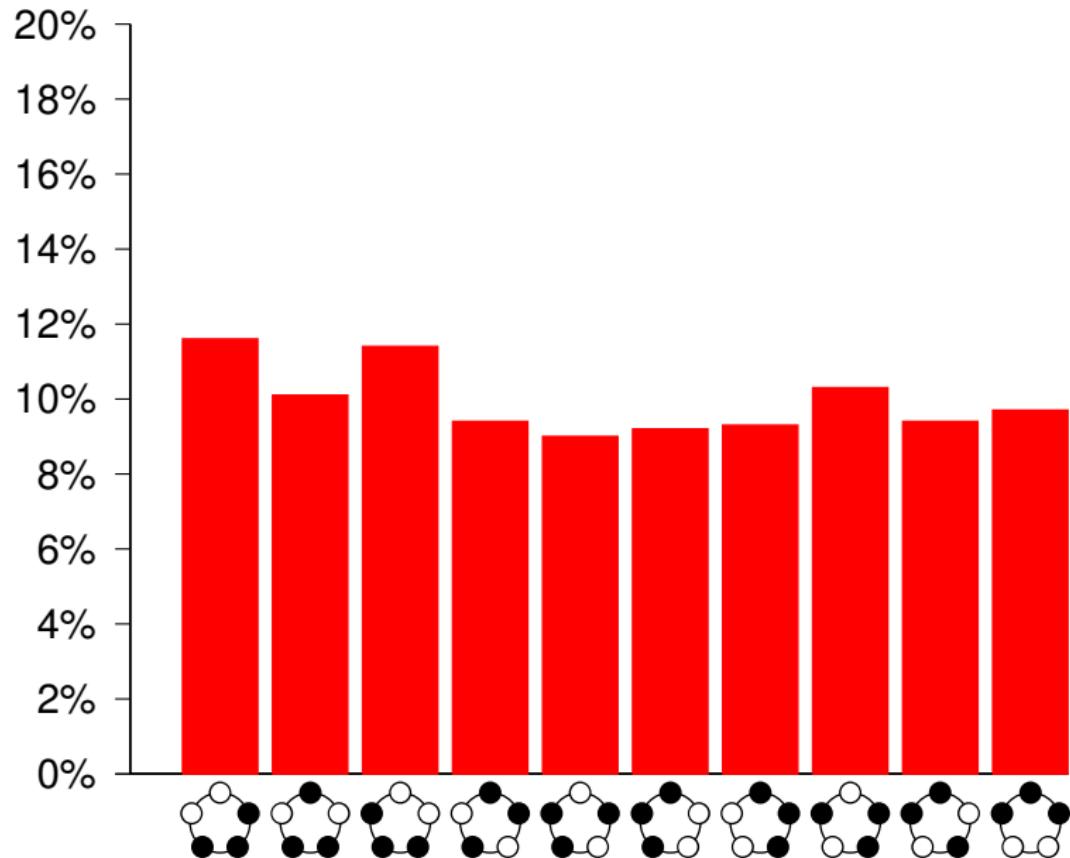
# Stationary distribution



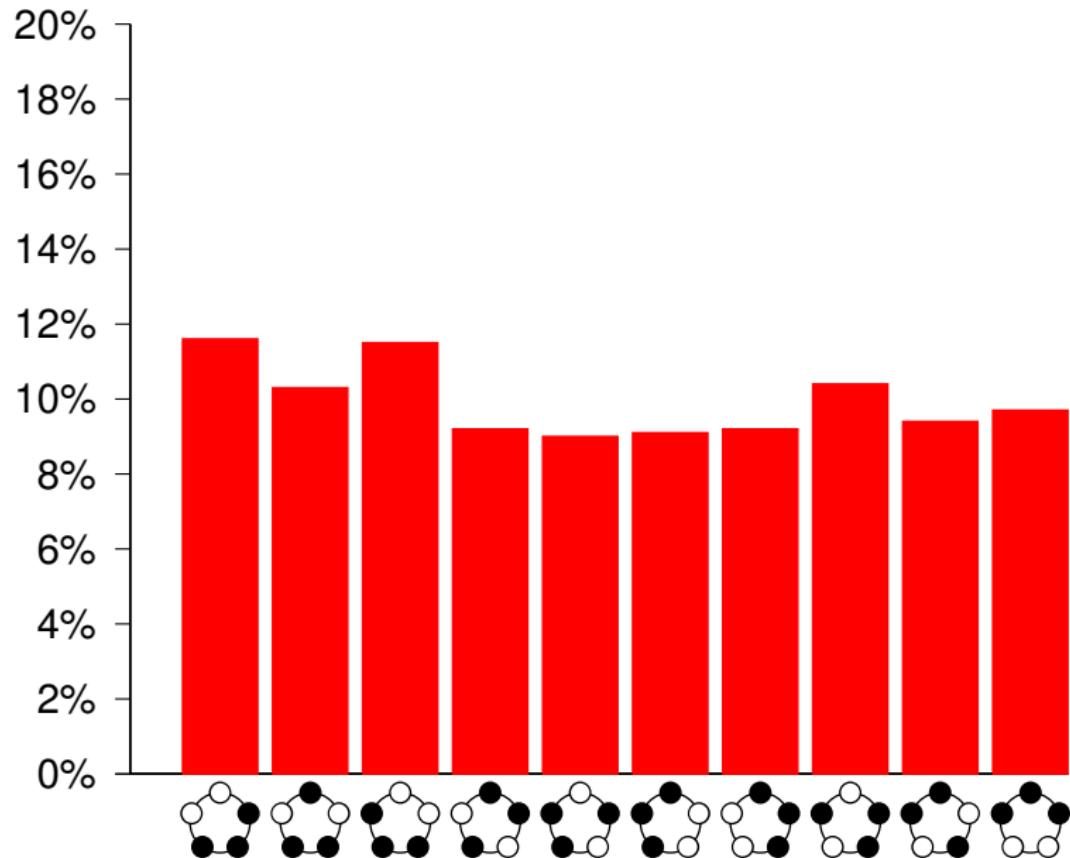
# Stationary distribution



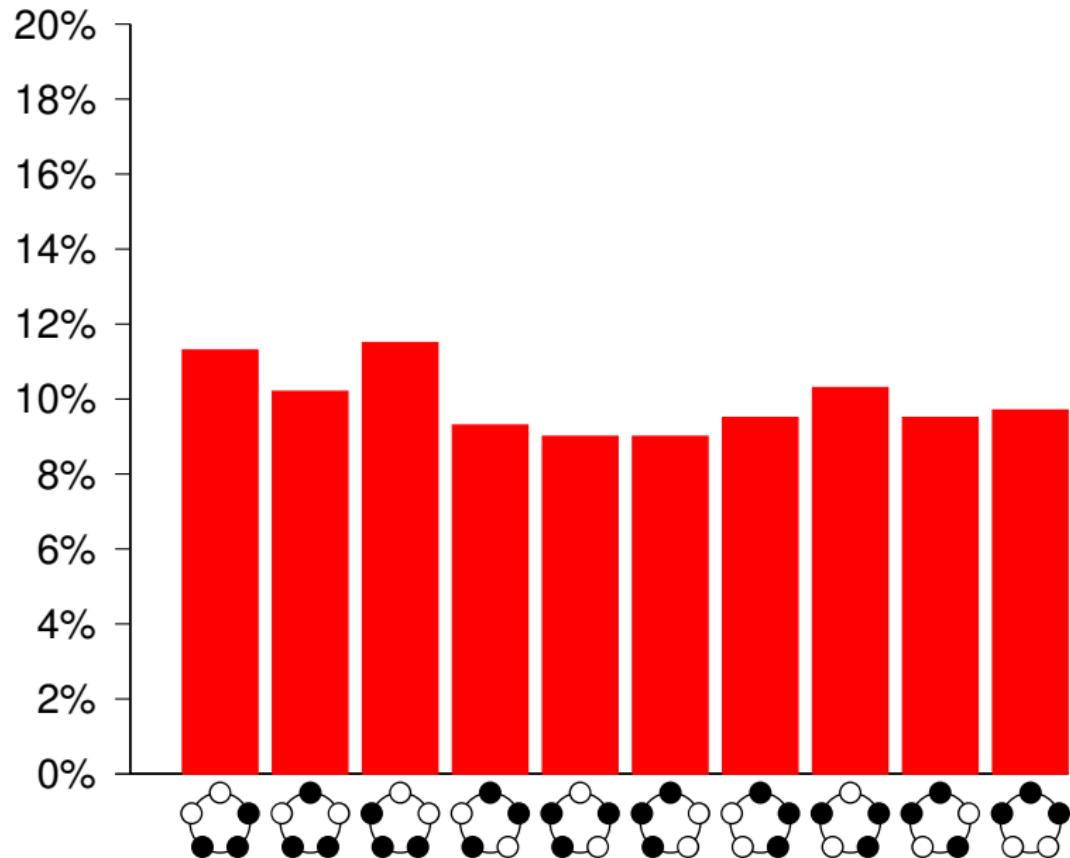
# Stationary distribution



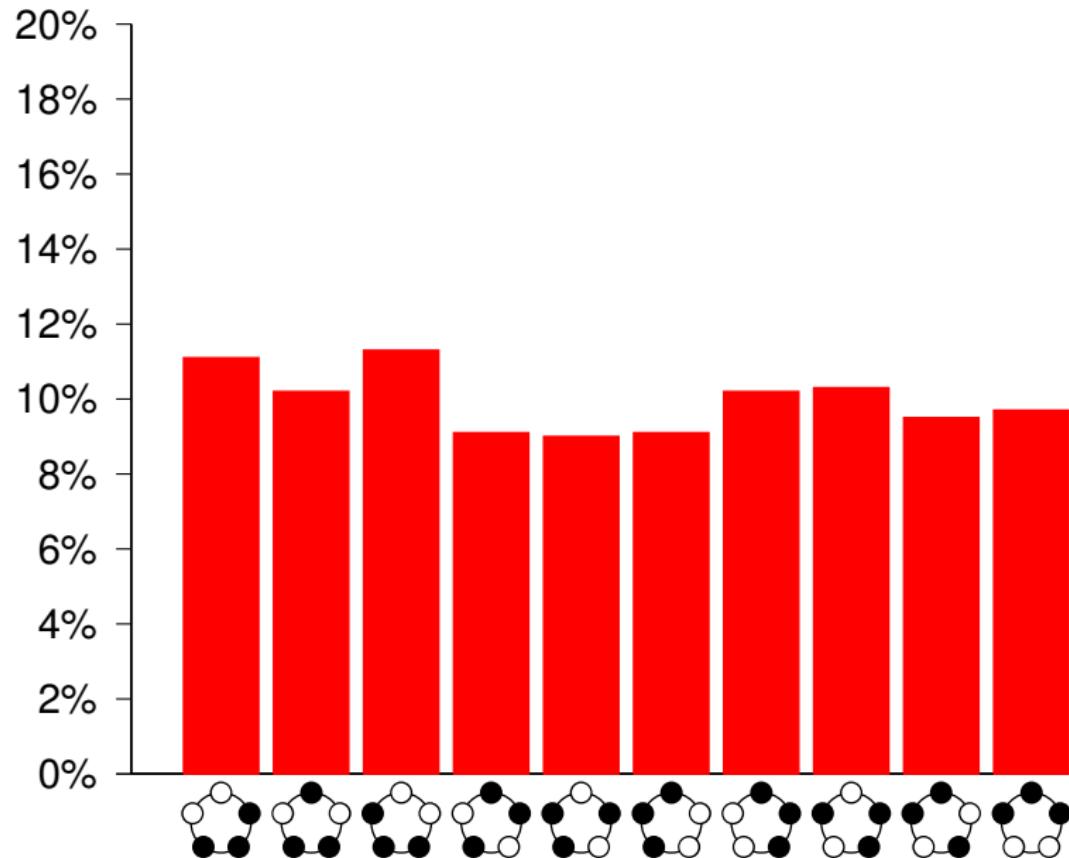
# Stationary distribution



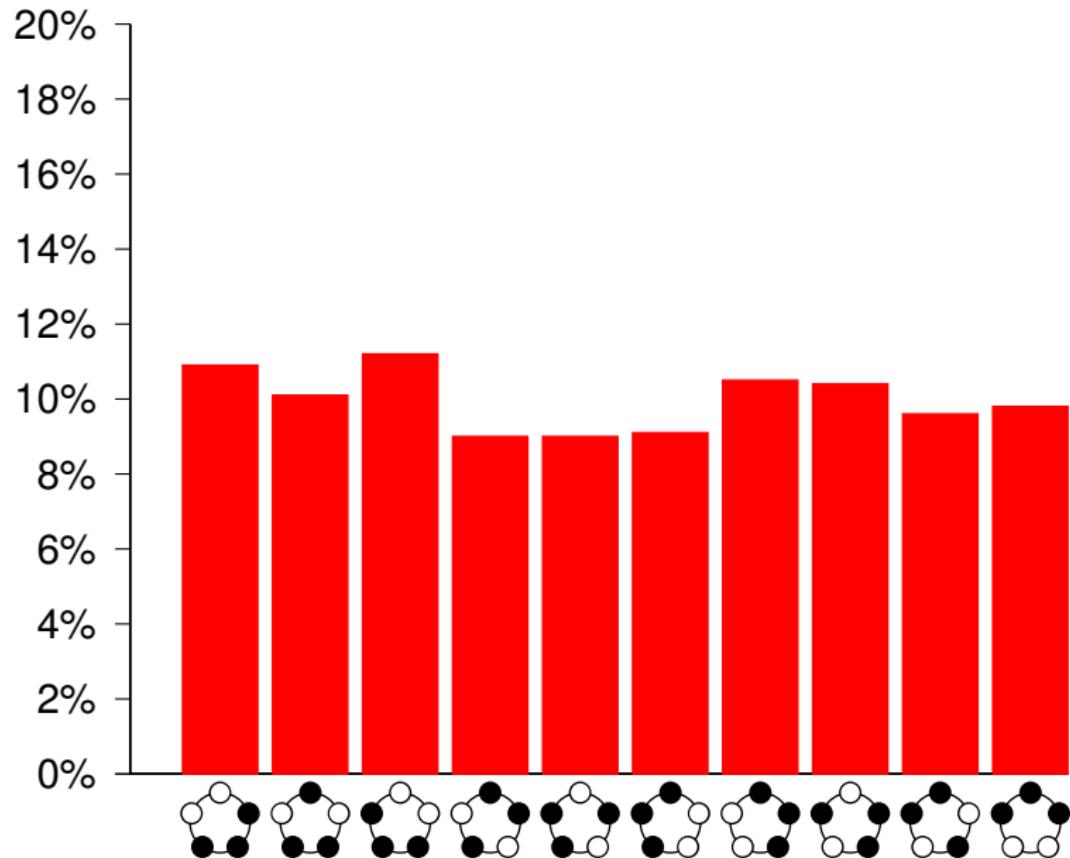
# Stationary distribution



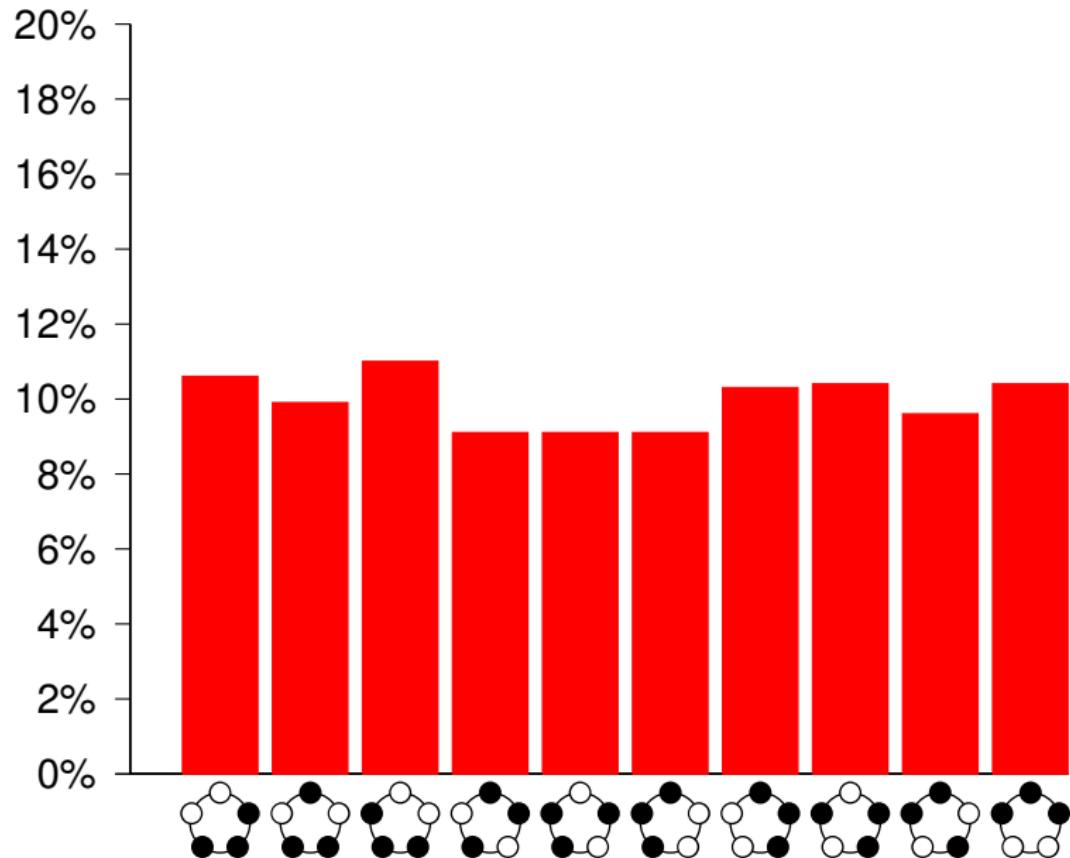
# Stationary distribution



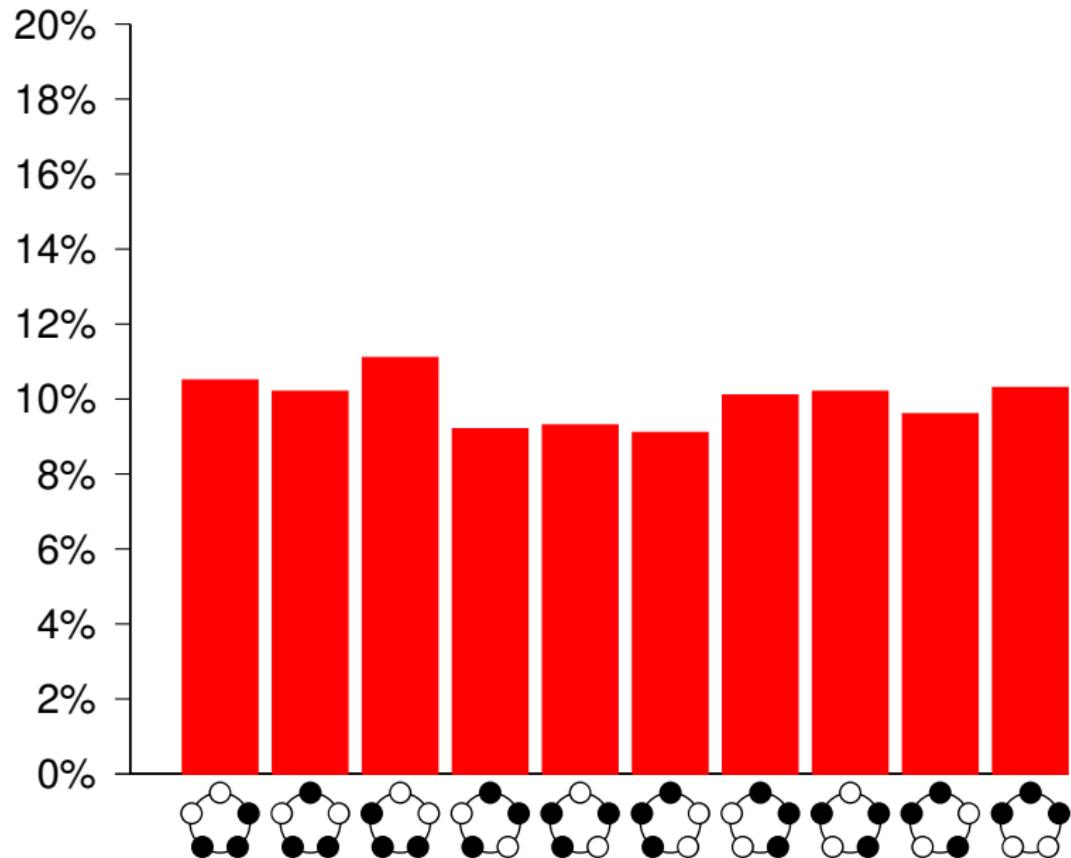
# Stationary distribution



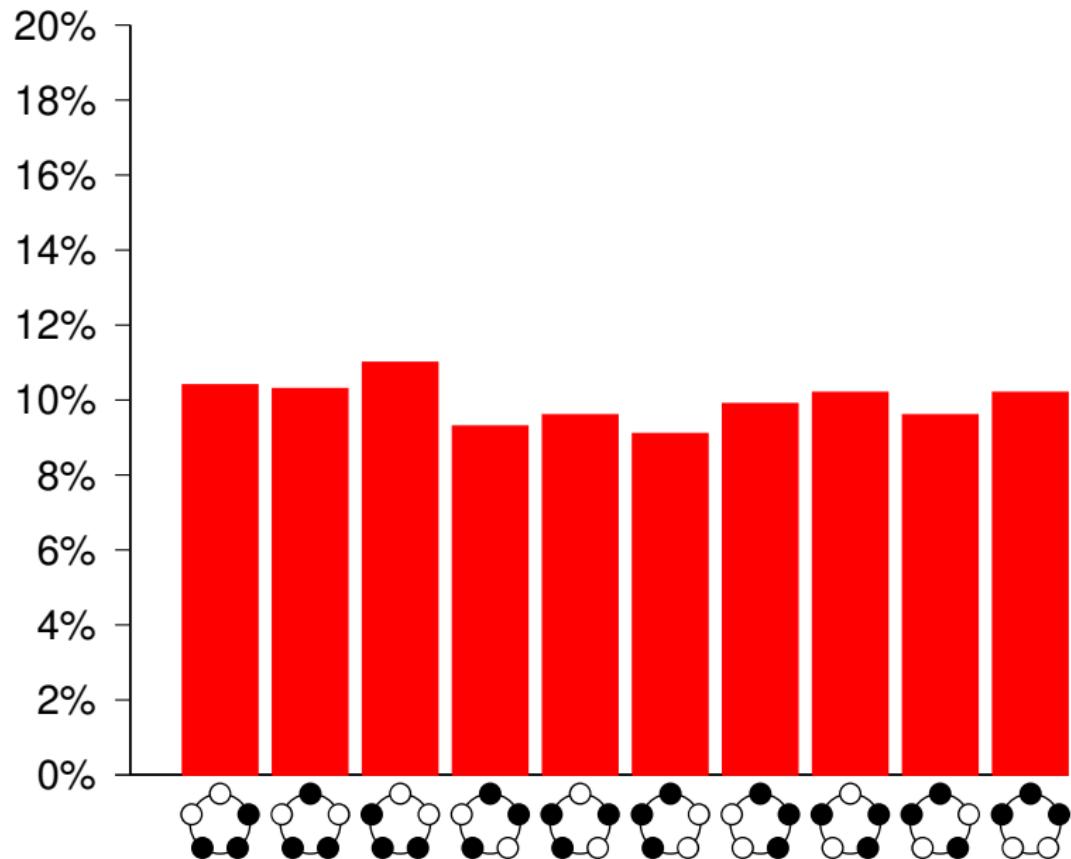
# Stationary distribution



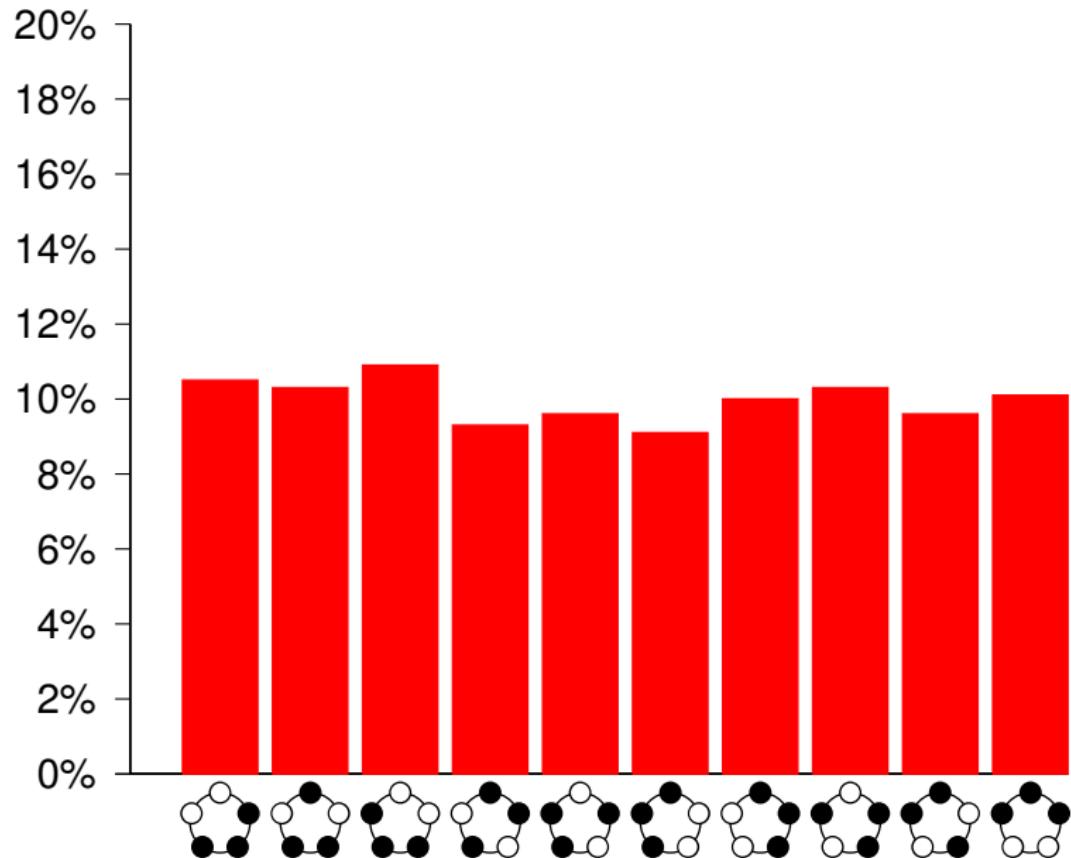
# Stationary distribution



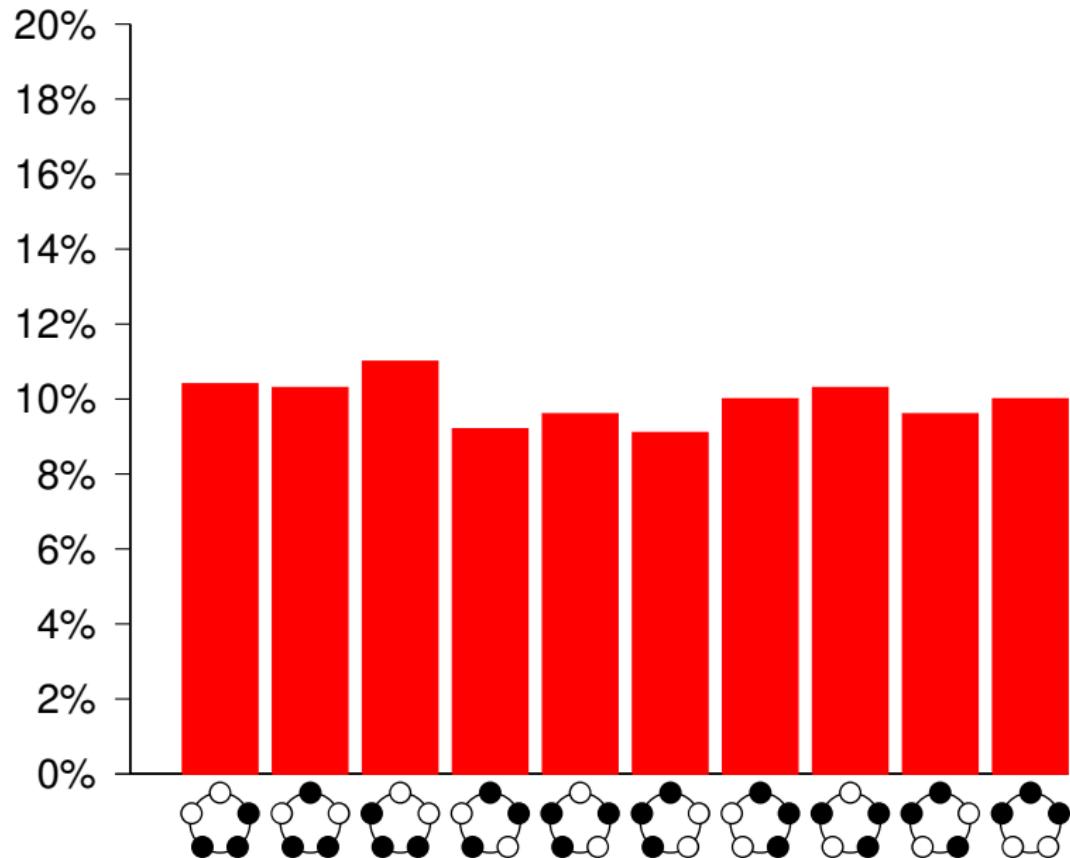
# Stationary distribution



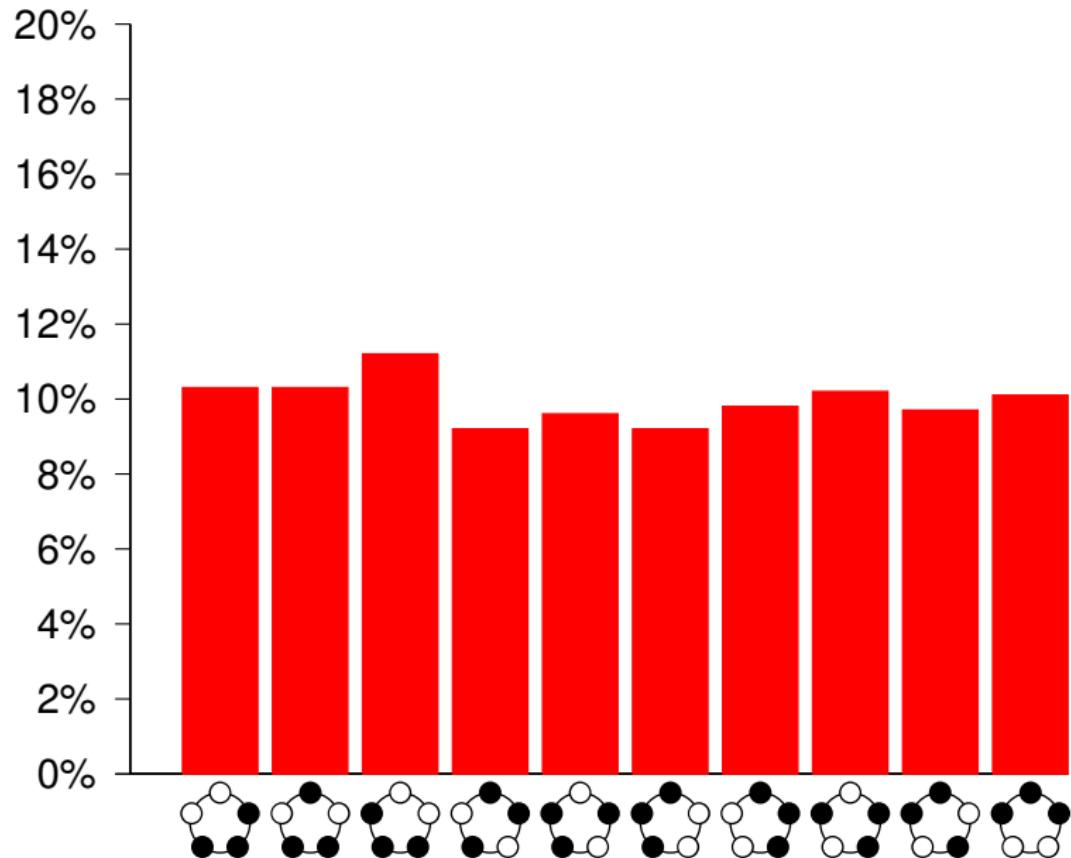
# Stationary distribution



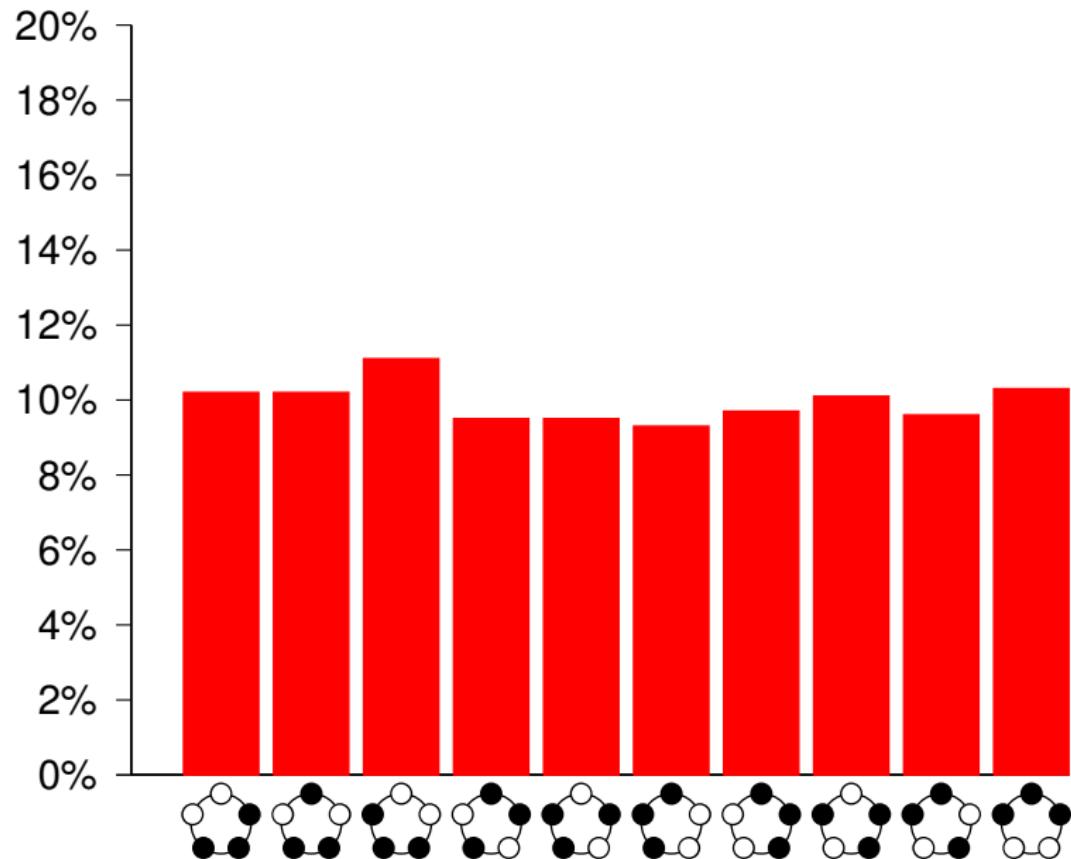
# Stationary distribution



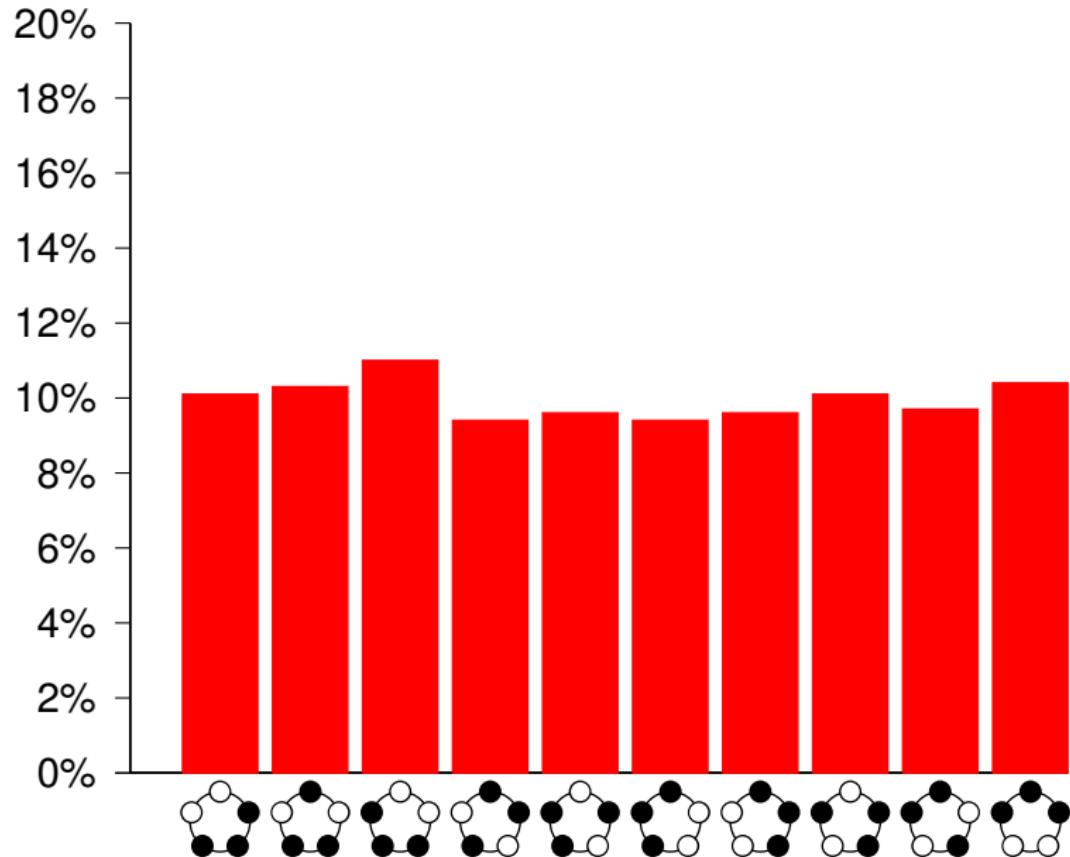
# Stationary distribution



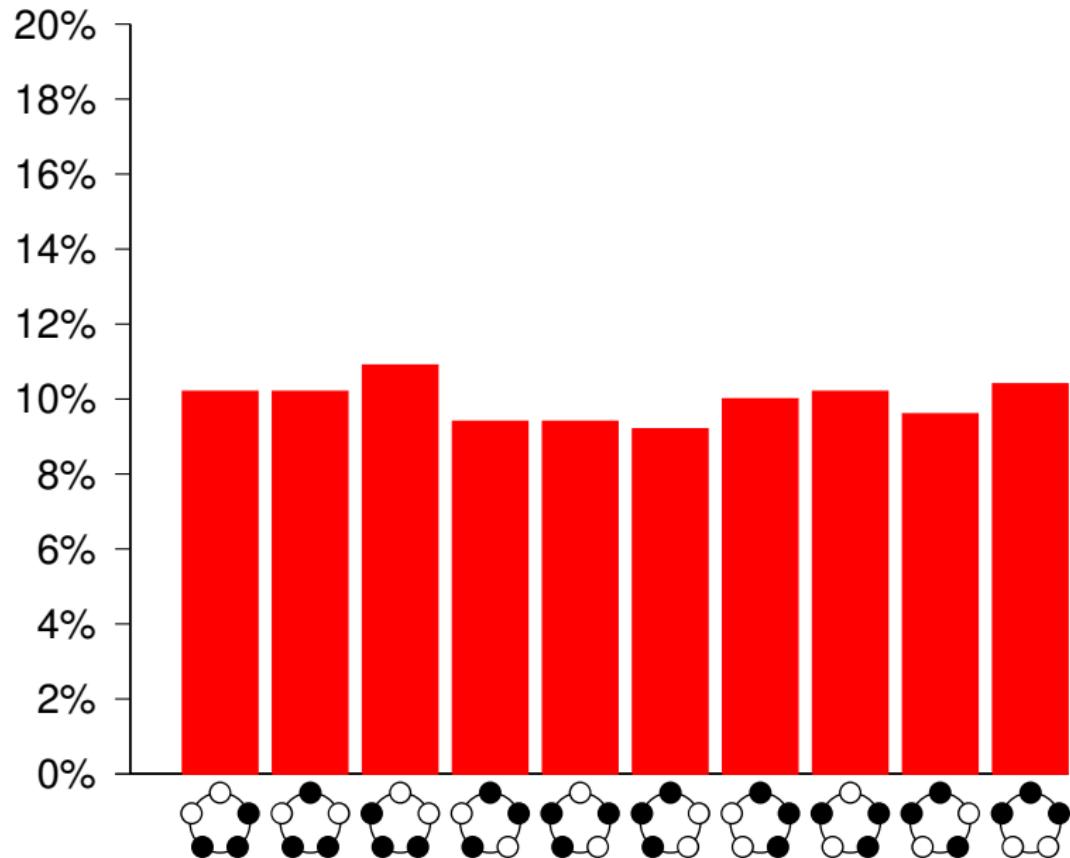
# Stationary distribution



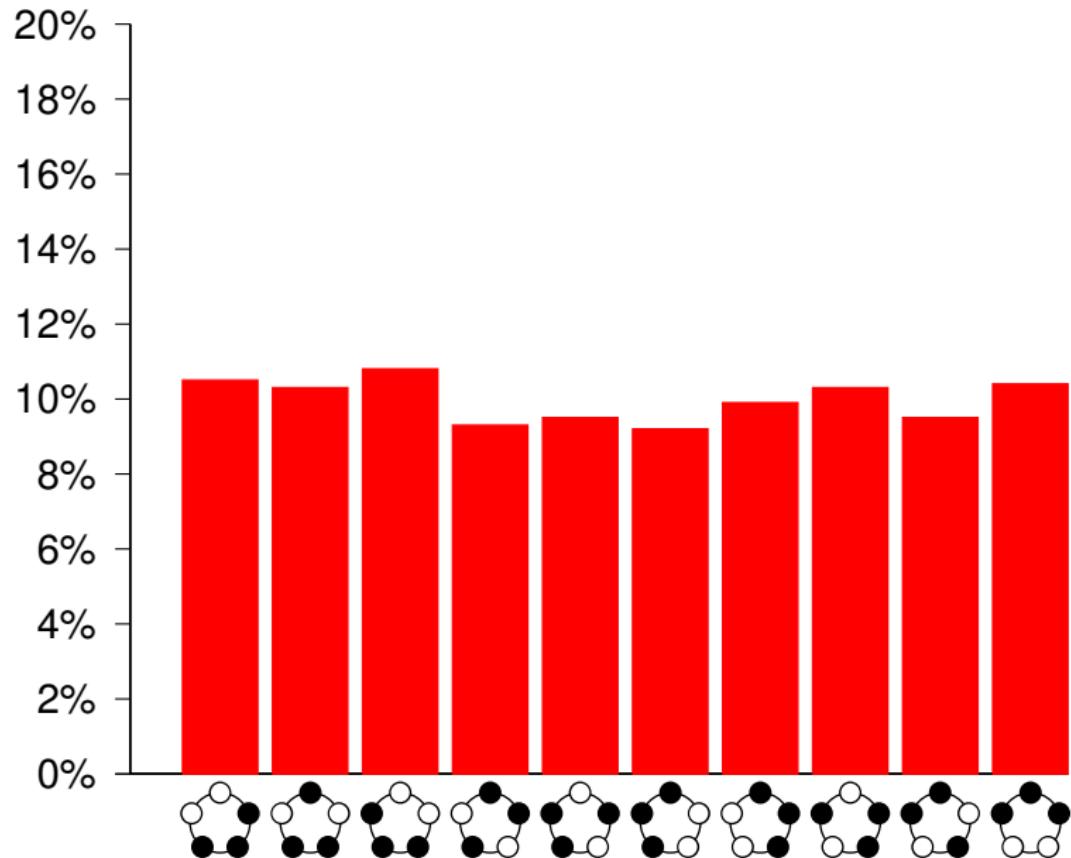
# Stationary distribution



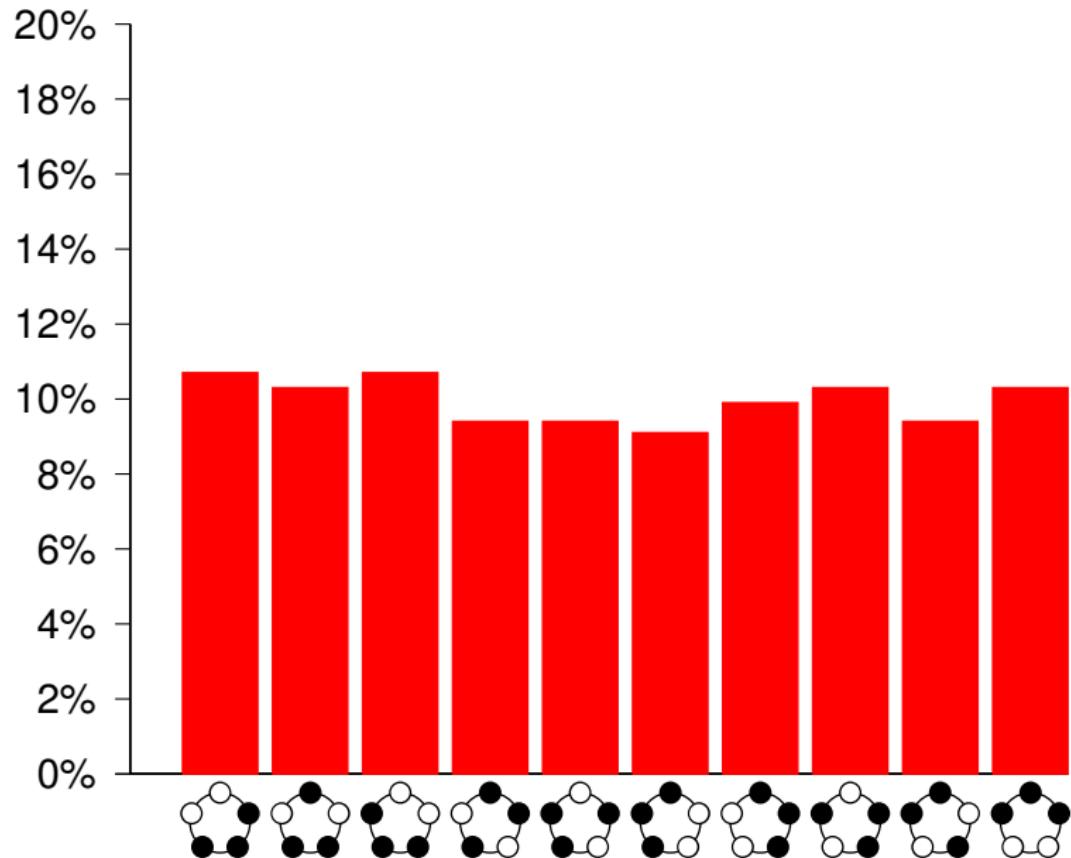
# Stationary distribution



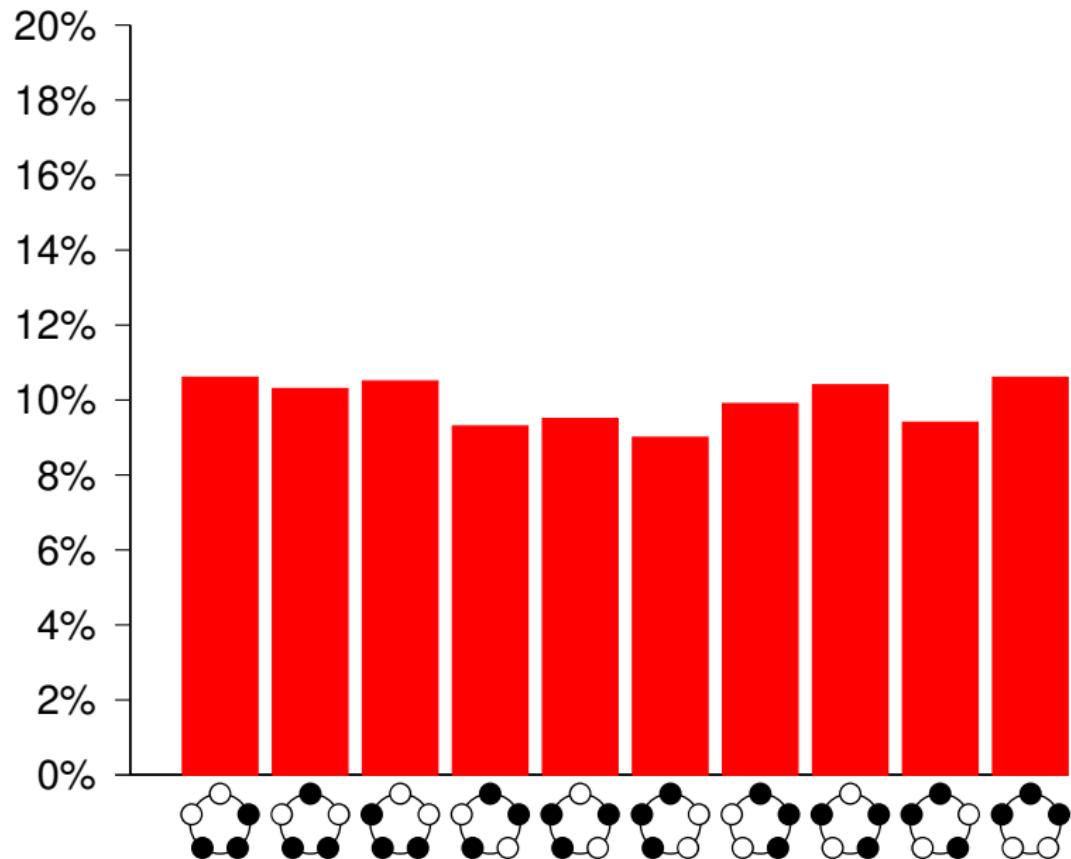
# Stationary distribution



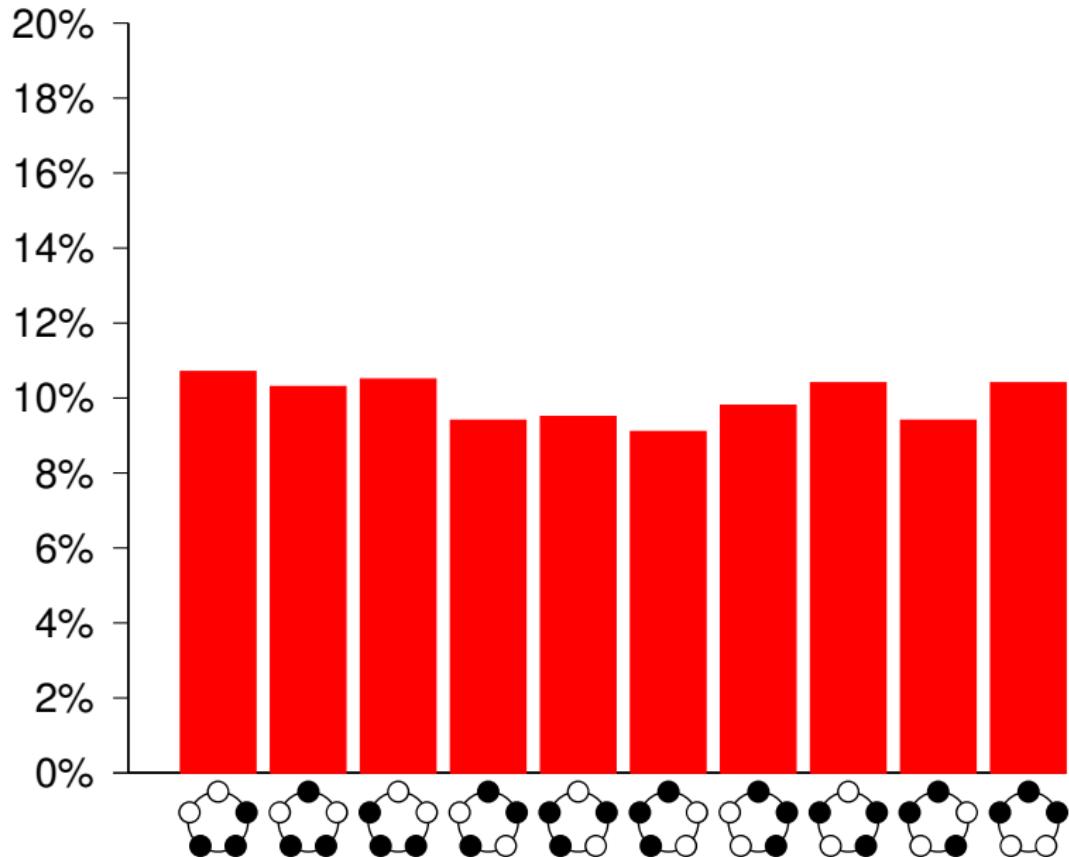
# Stationary distribution



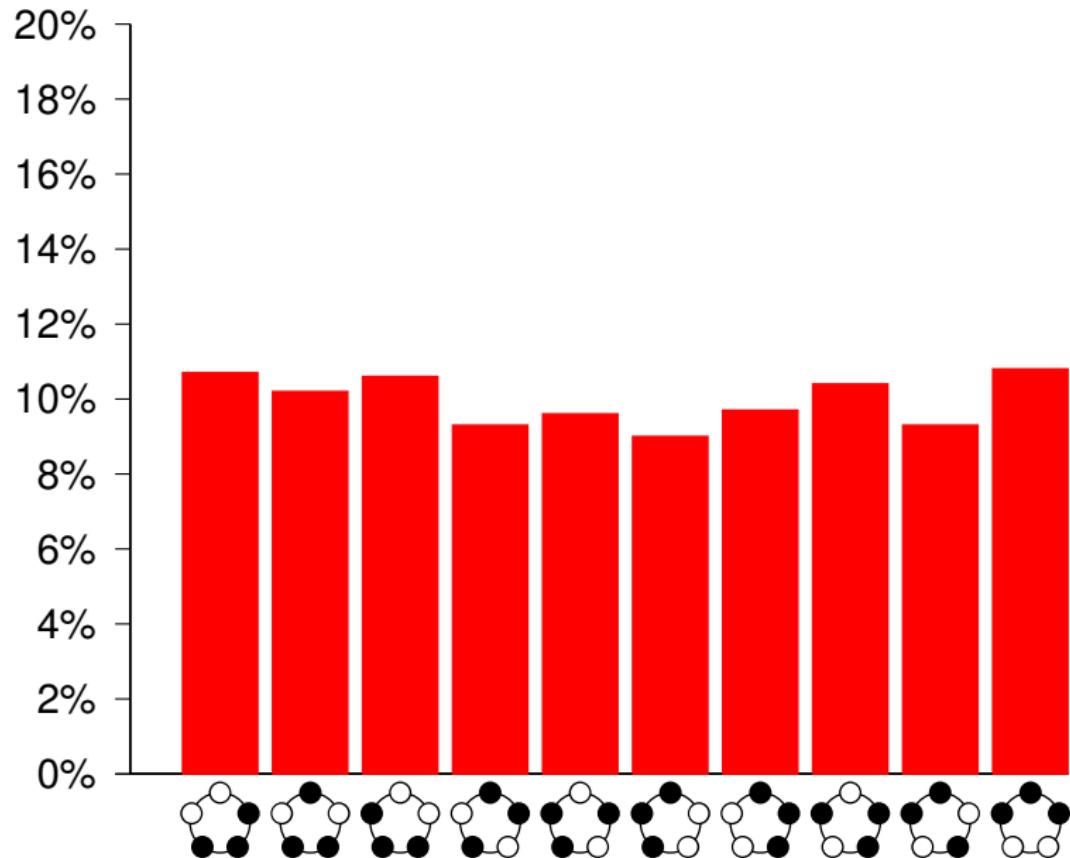
# Stationary distribution



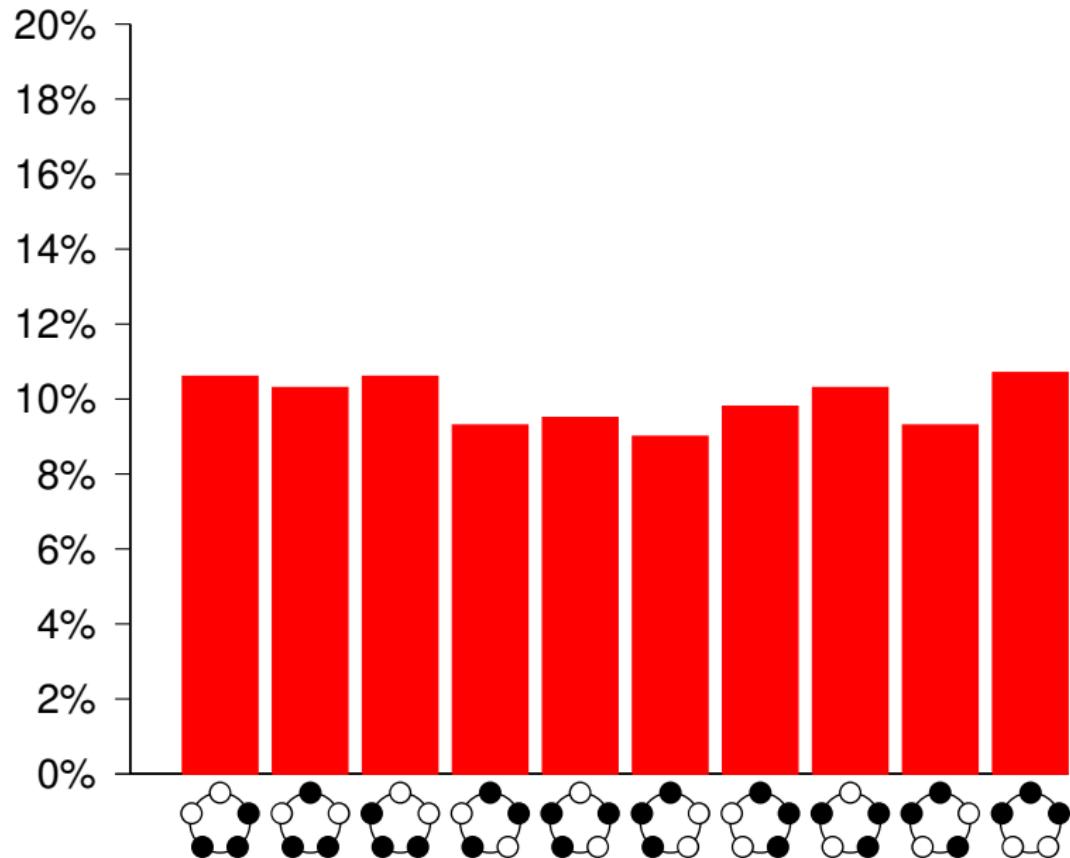
# Stationary distribution



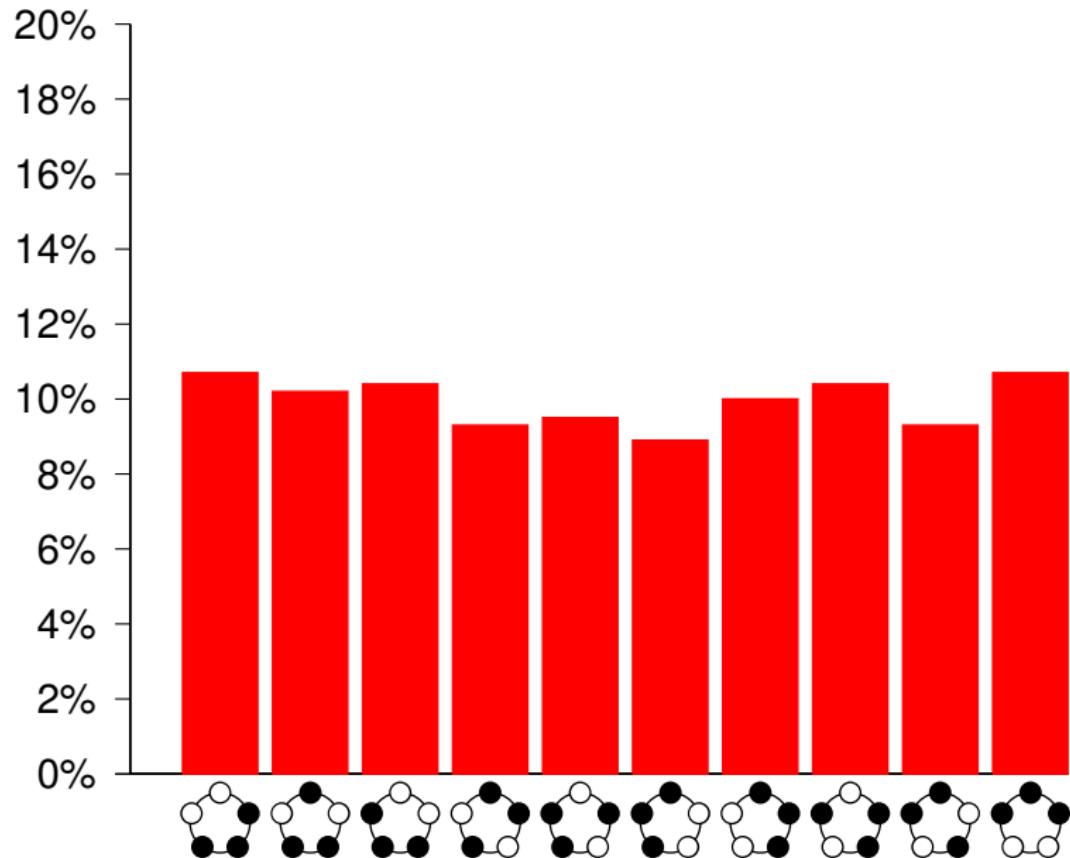
# Stationary distribution



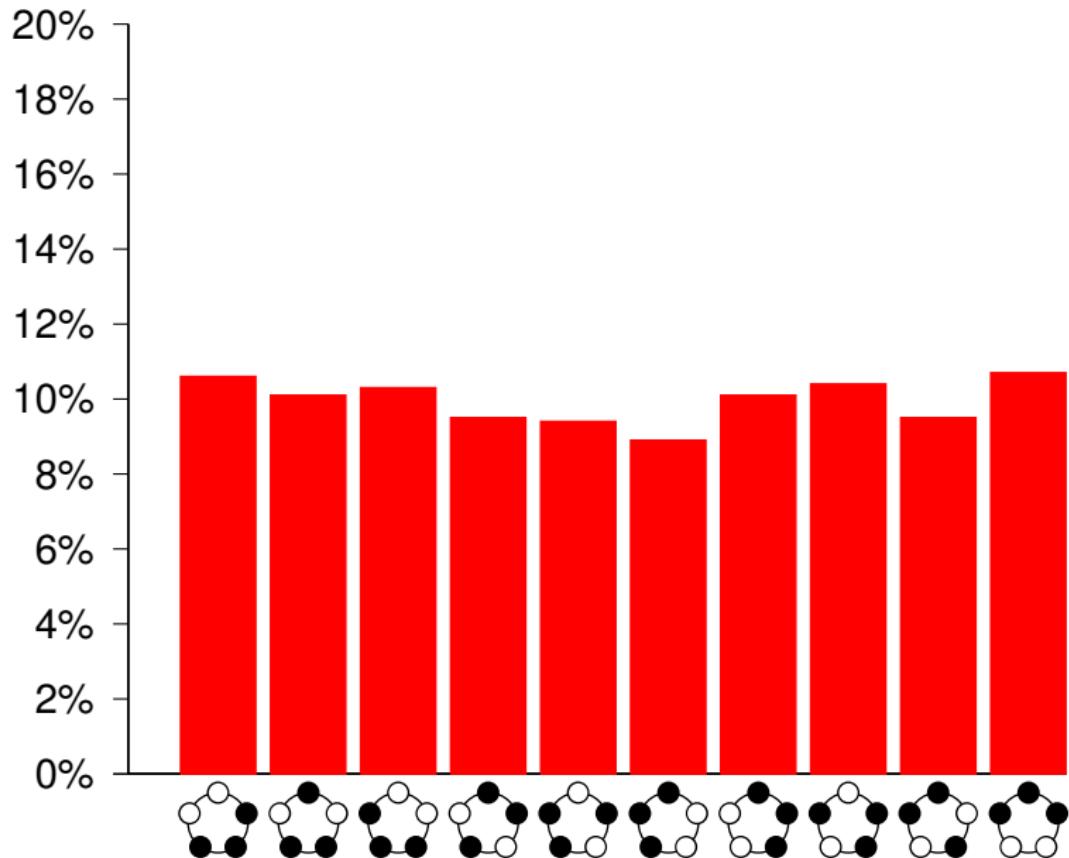
# Stationary distribution



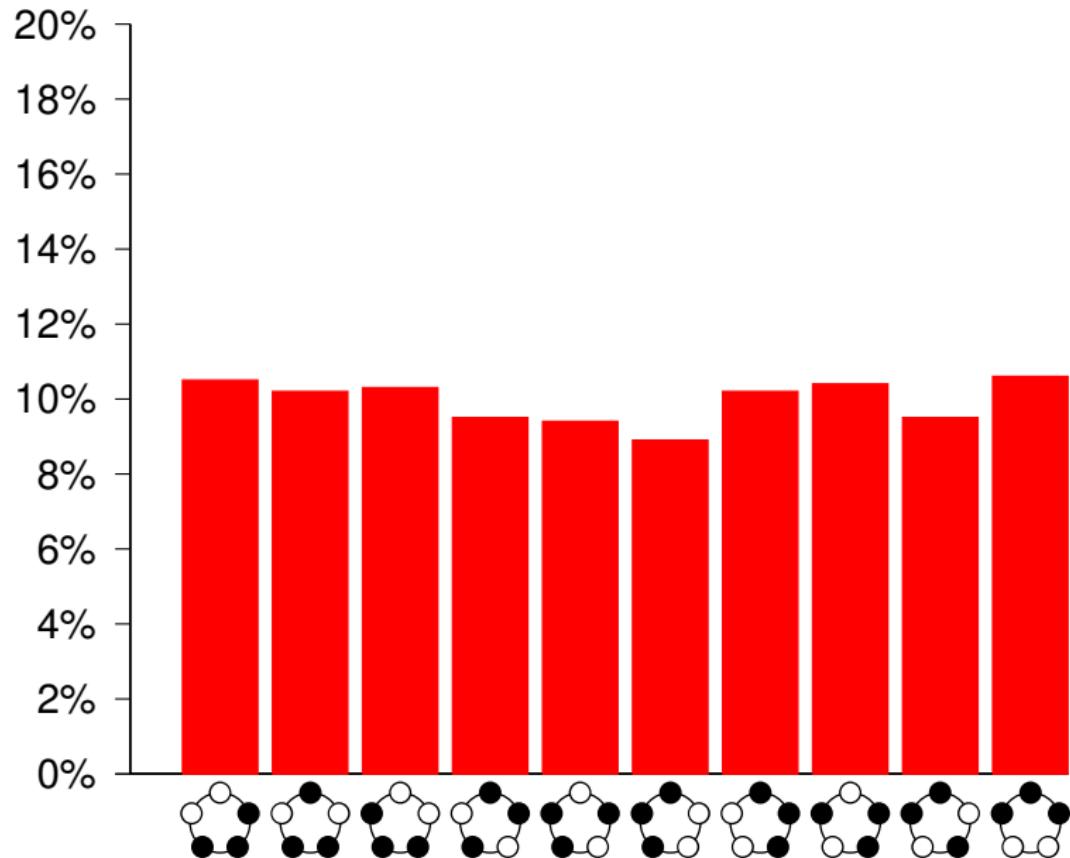
# Stationary distribution



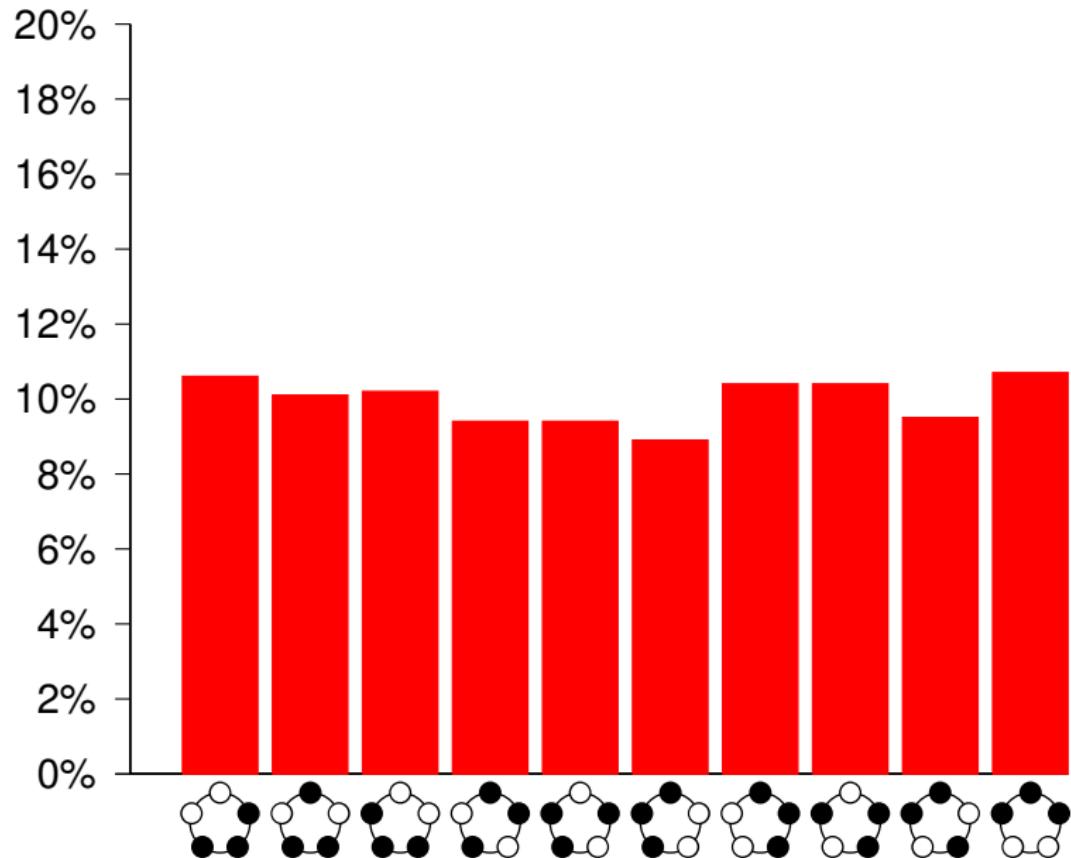
# Stationary distribution



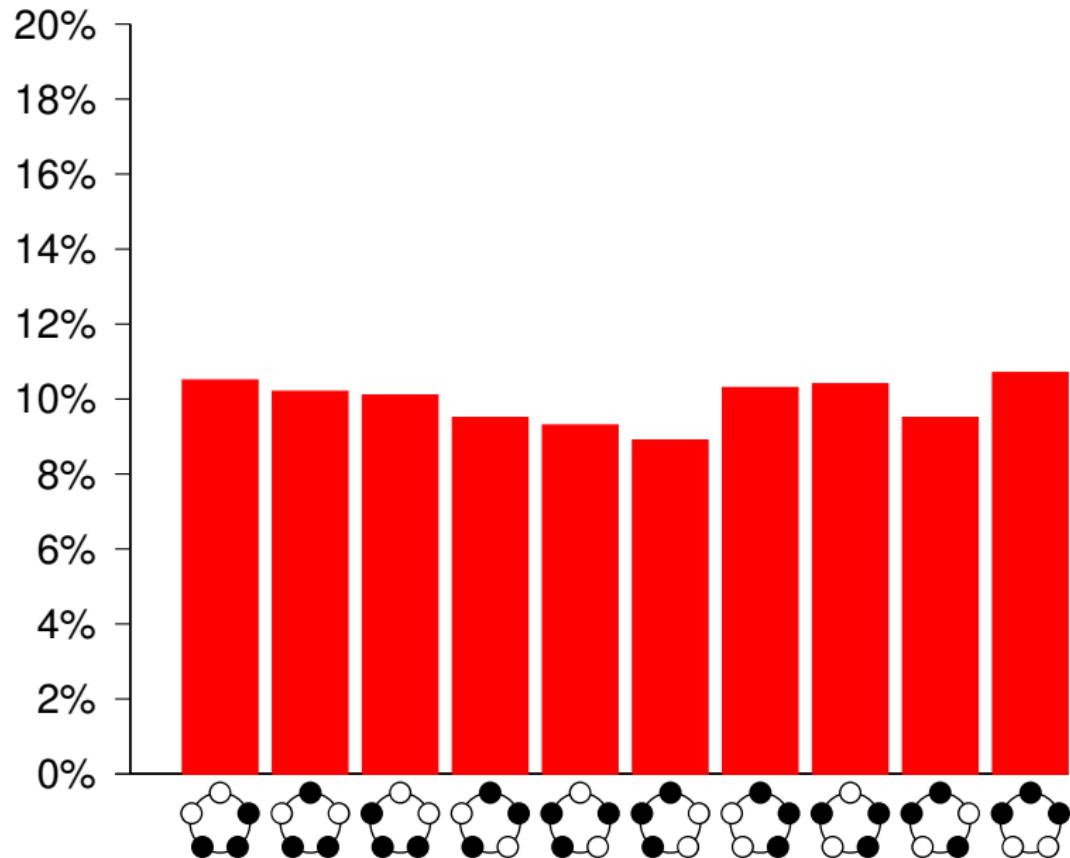
# Stationary distribution



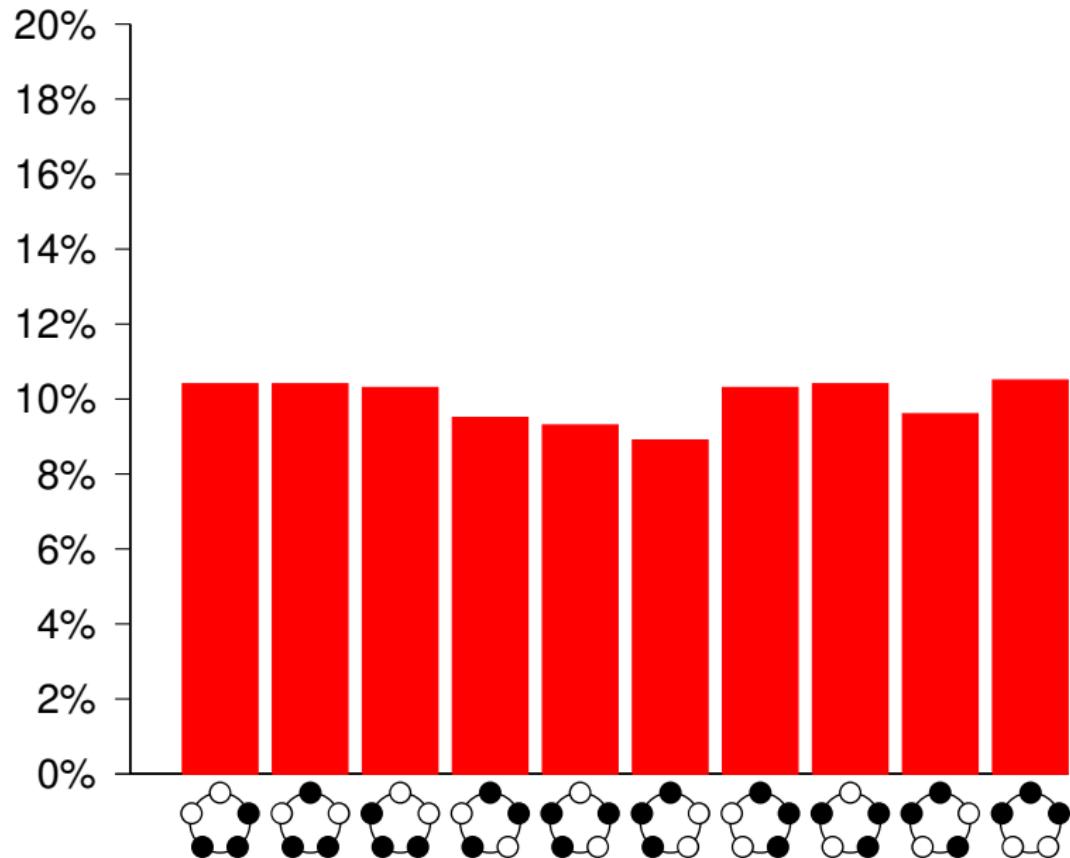
# Stationary distribution



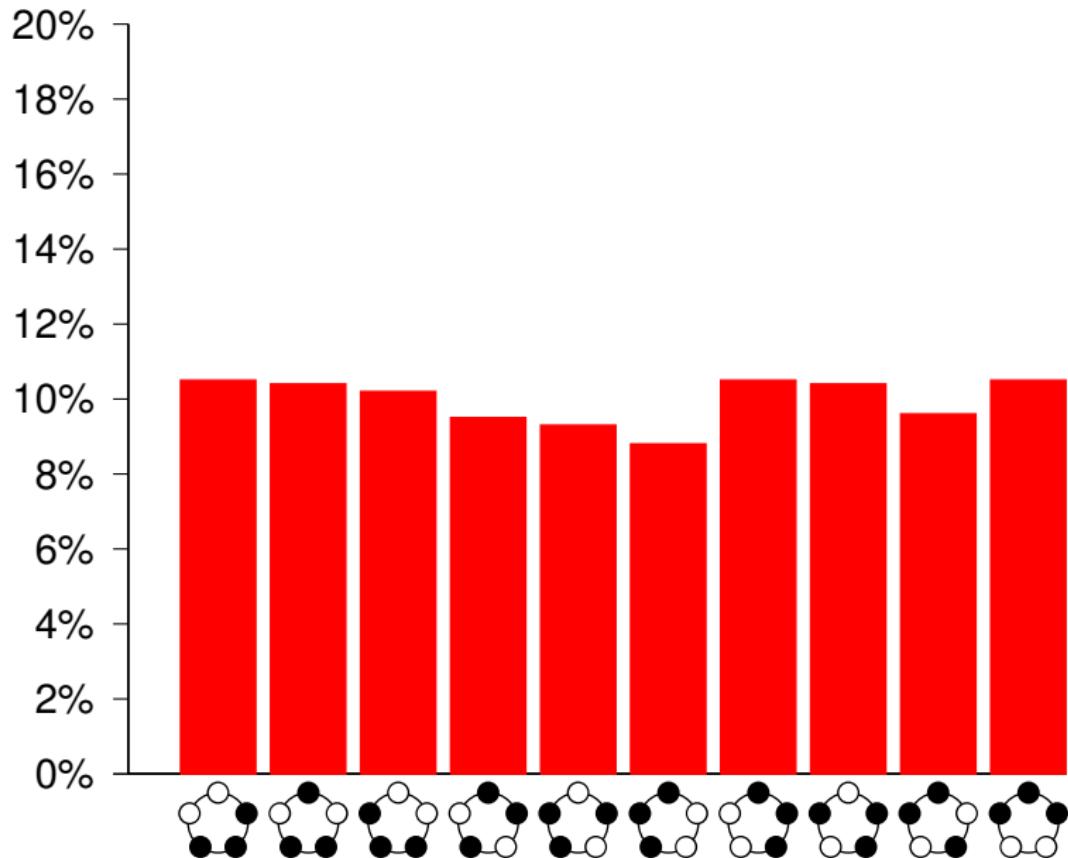
# Stationary distribution



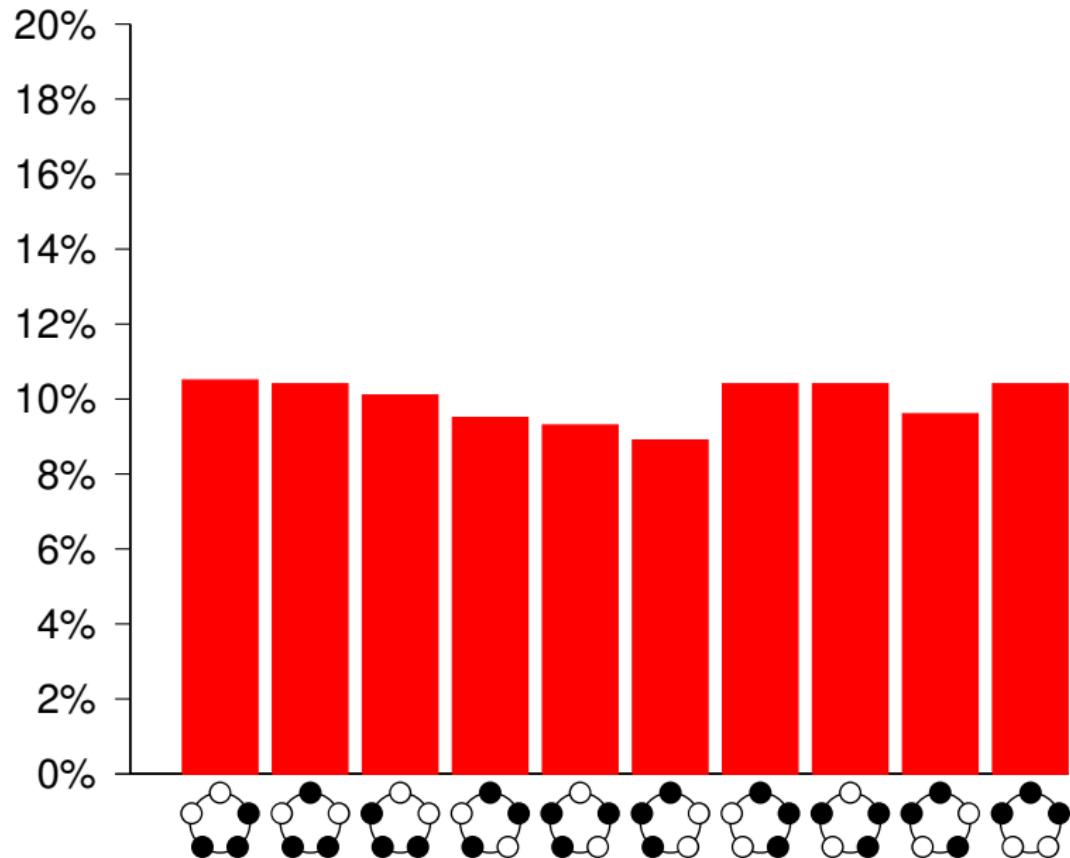
# Stationary distribution



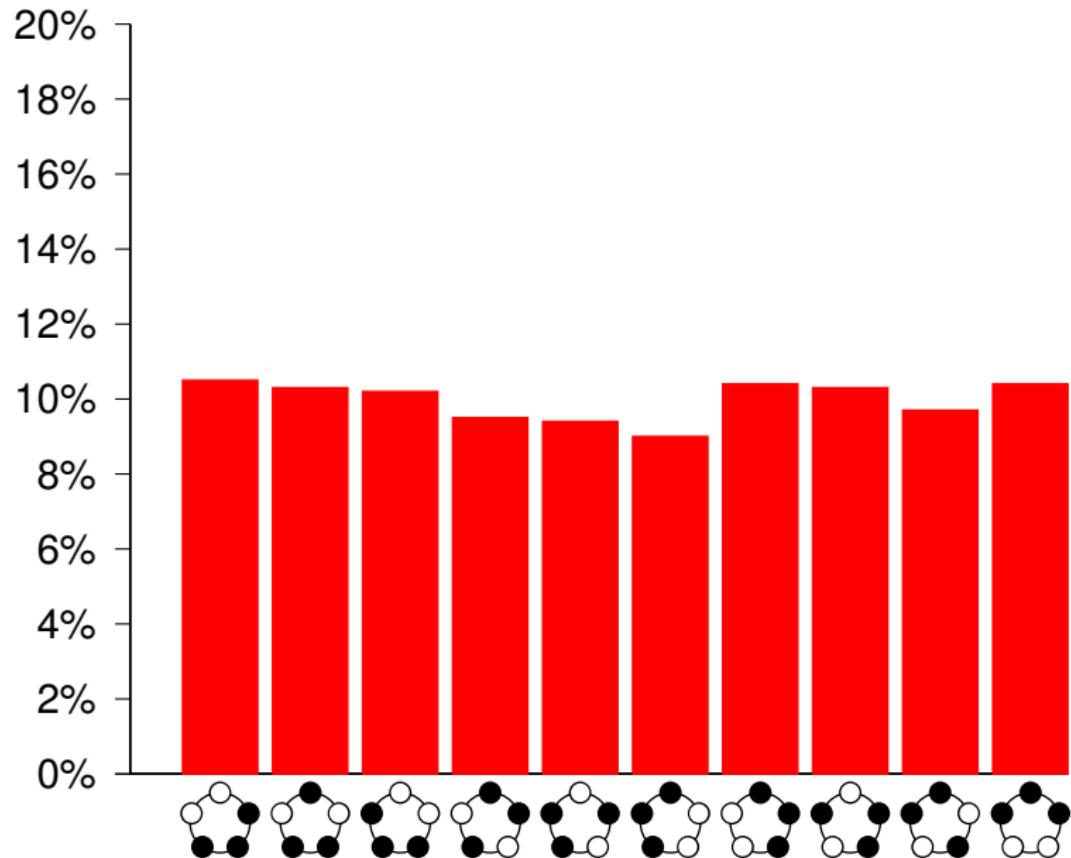
# Stationary distribution



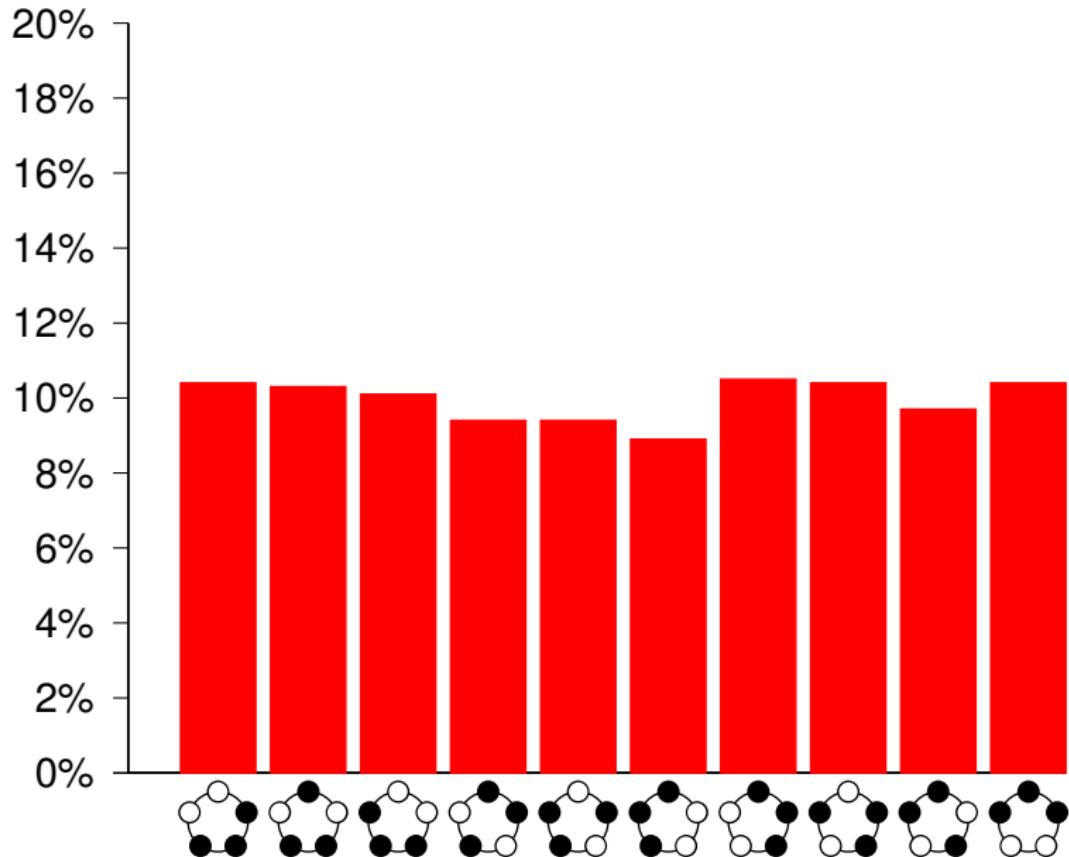
# Stationary distribution



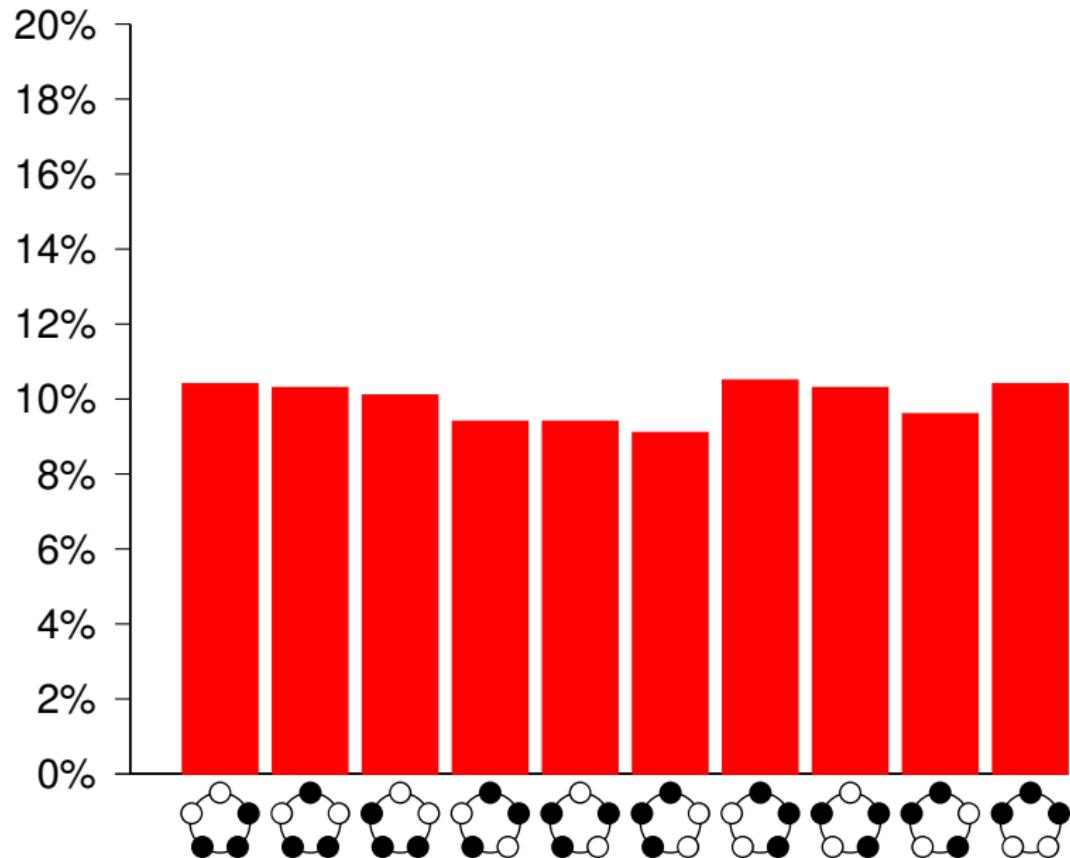
# Stationary distribution



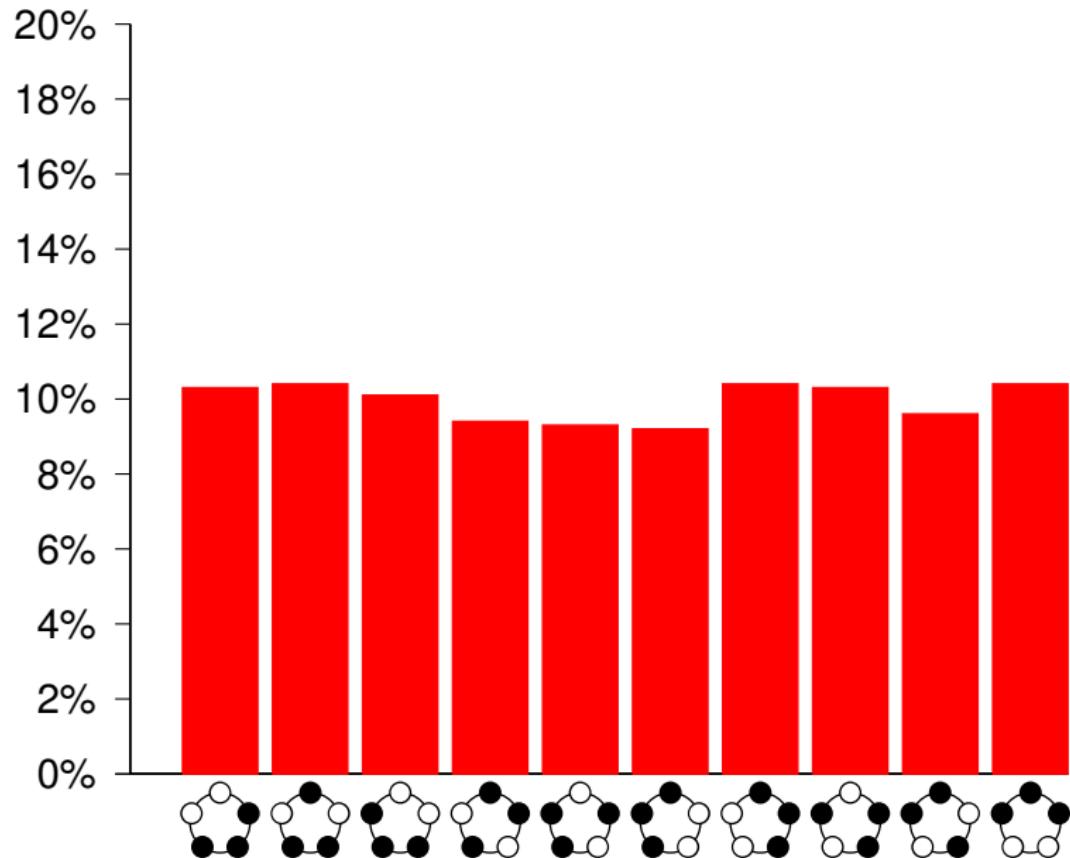
# Stationary distribution



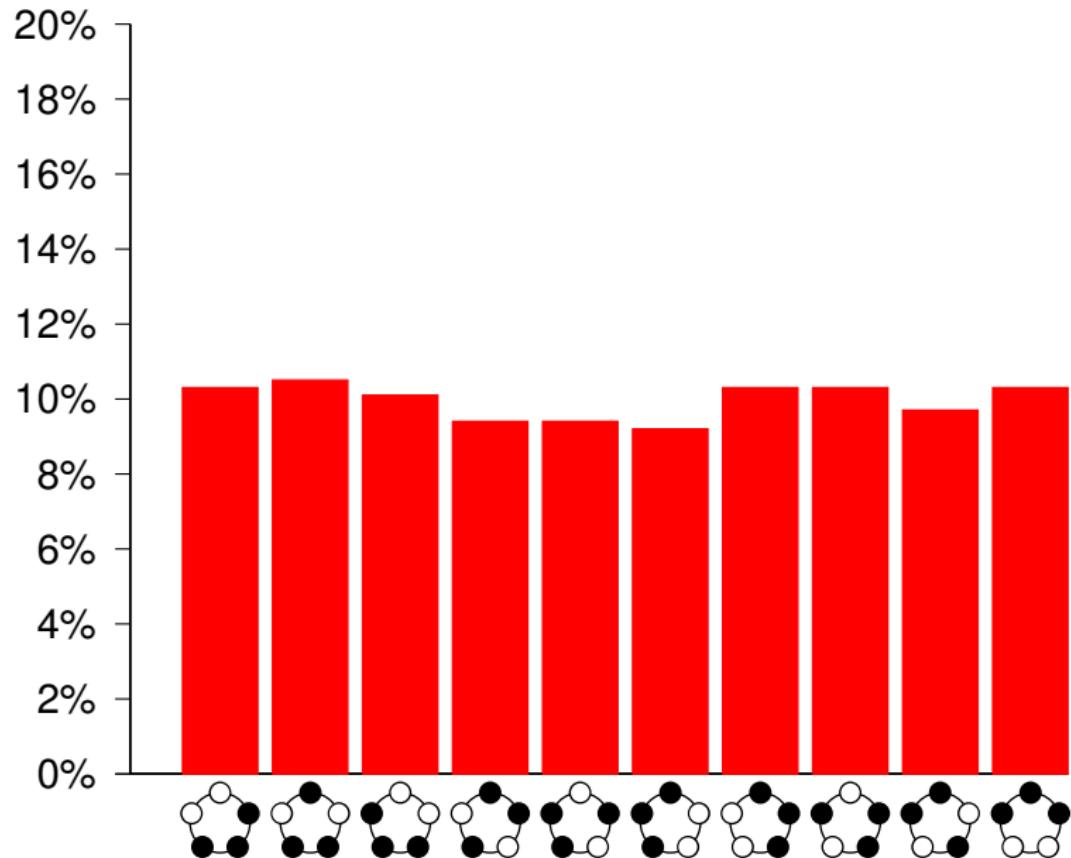
# Stationary distribution



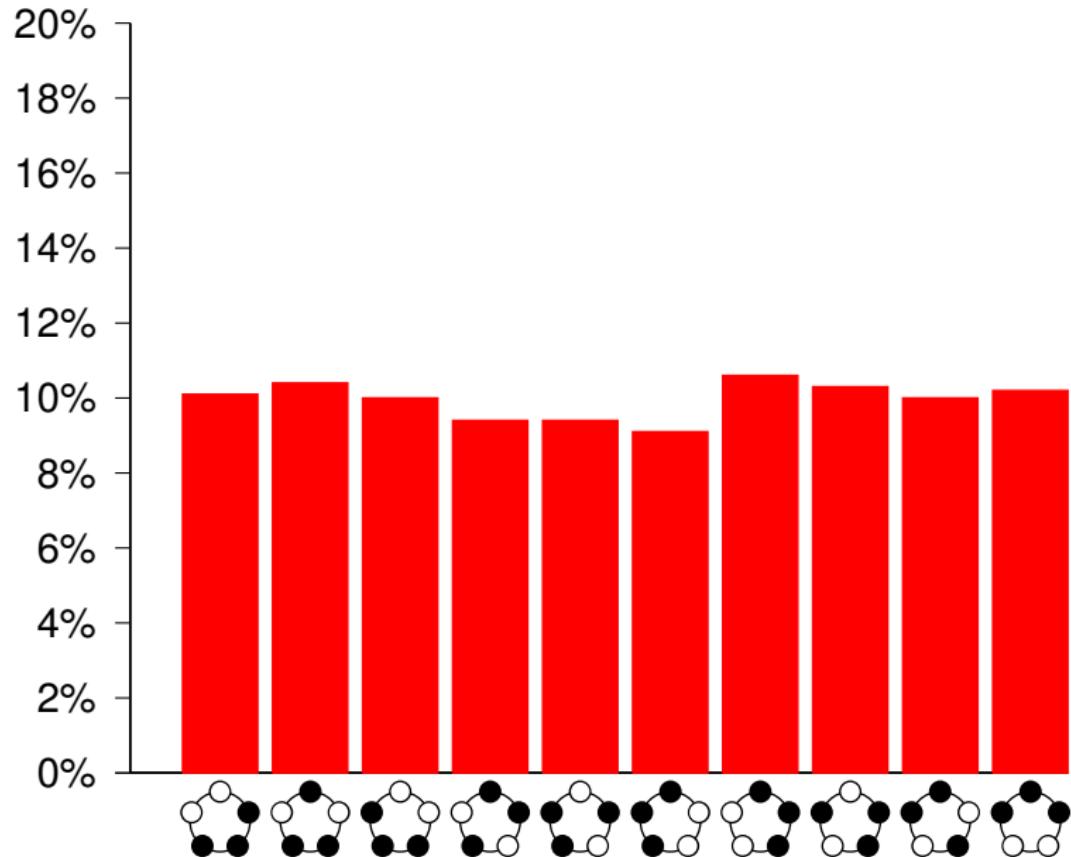
# Stationary distribution



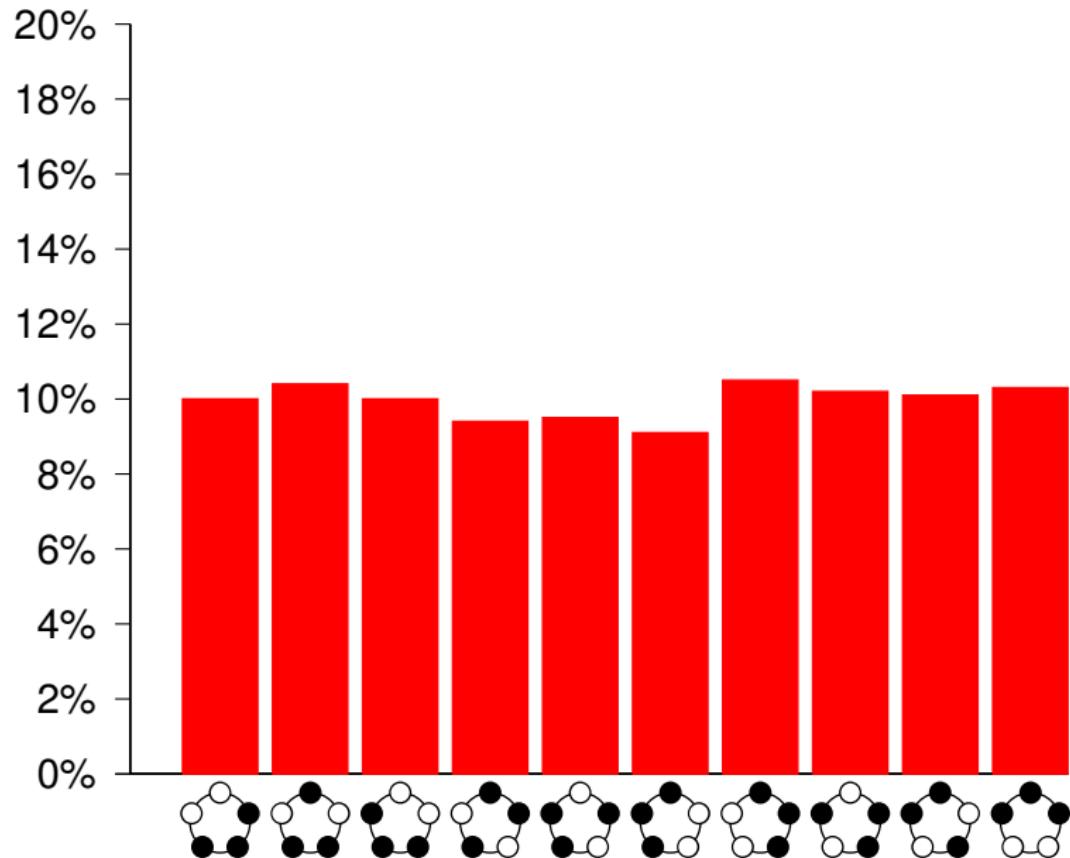
# Stationary distribution



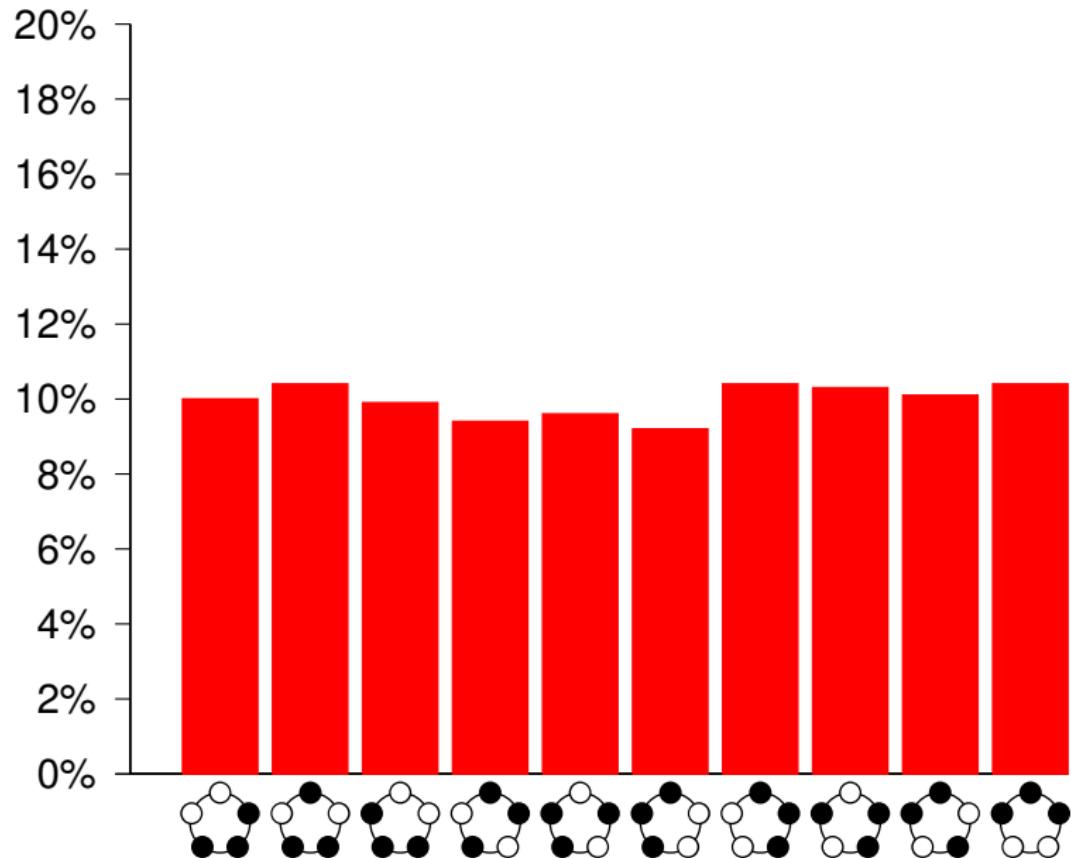
# Stationary distribution



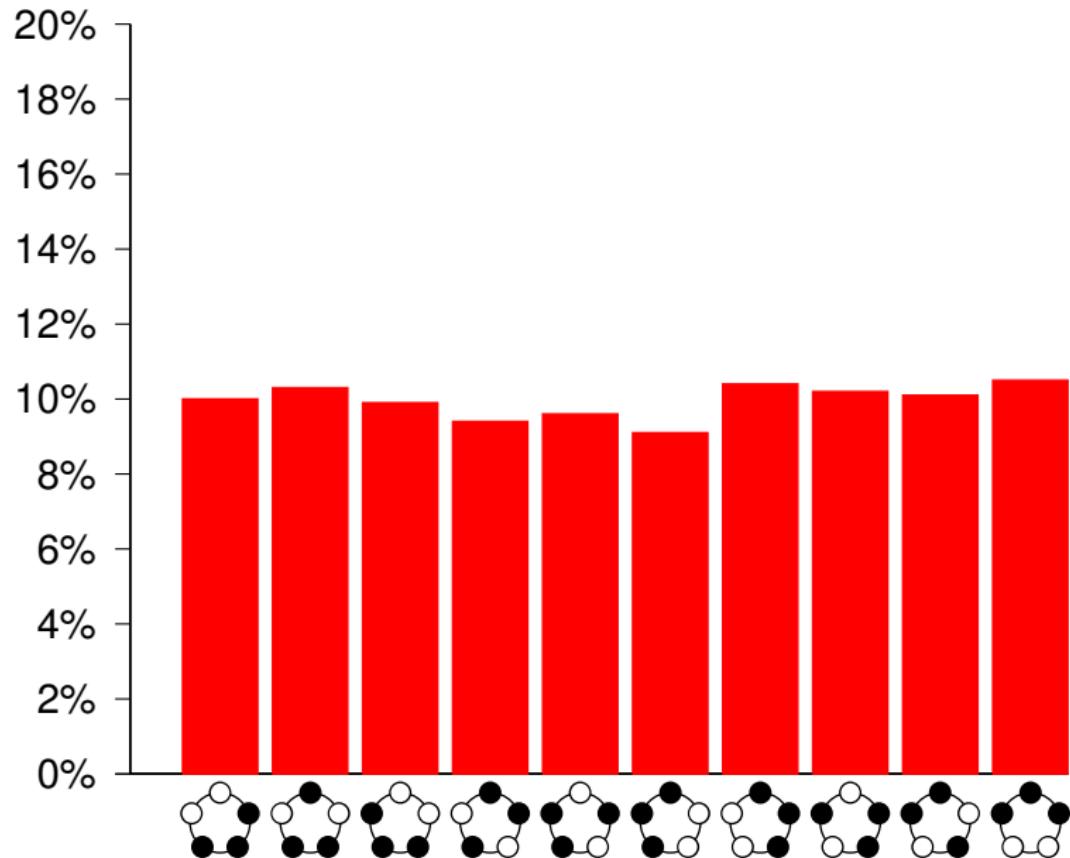
# Stationary distribution



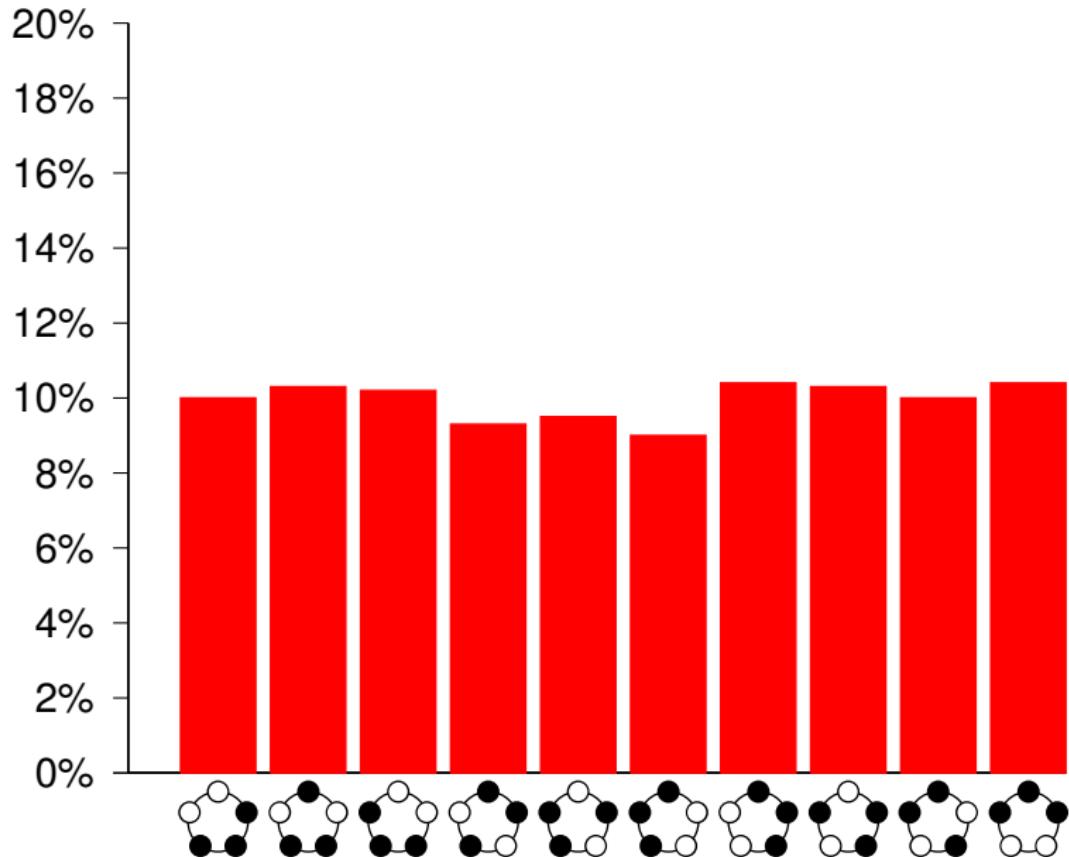
# Stationary distribution



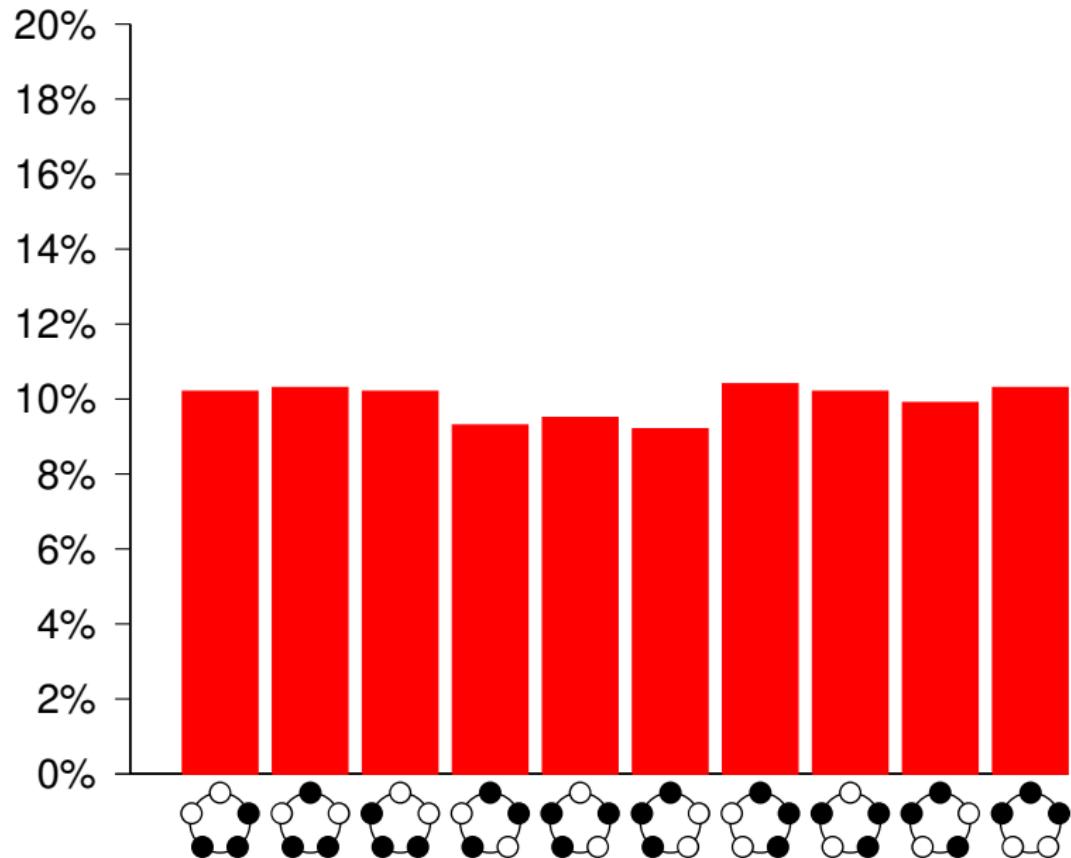
# Stationary distribution



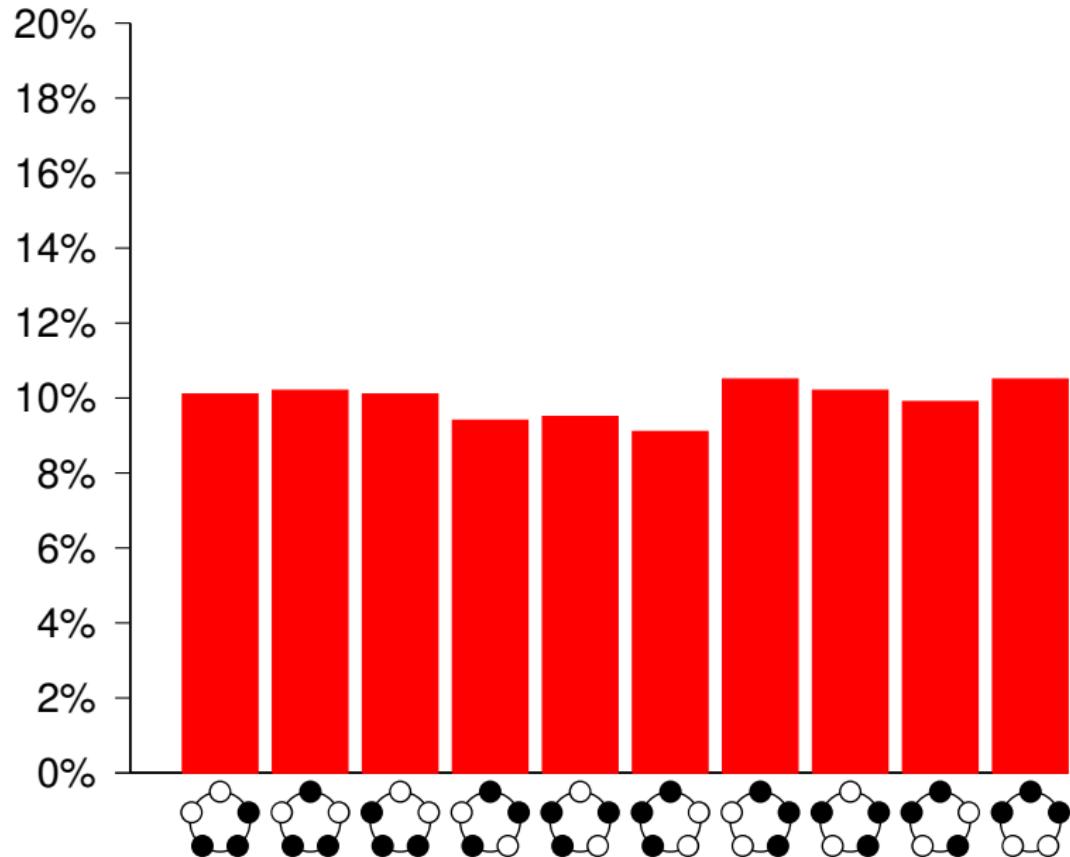
# Stationary distribution



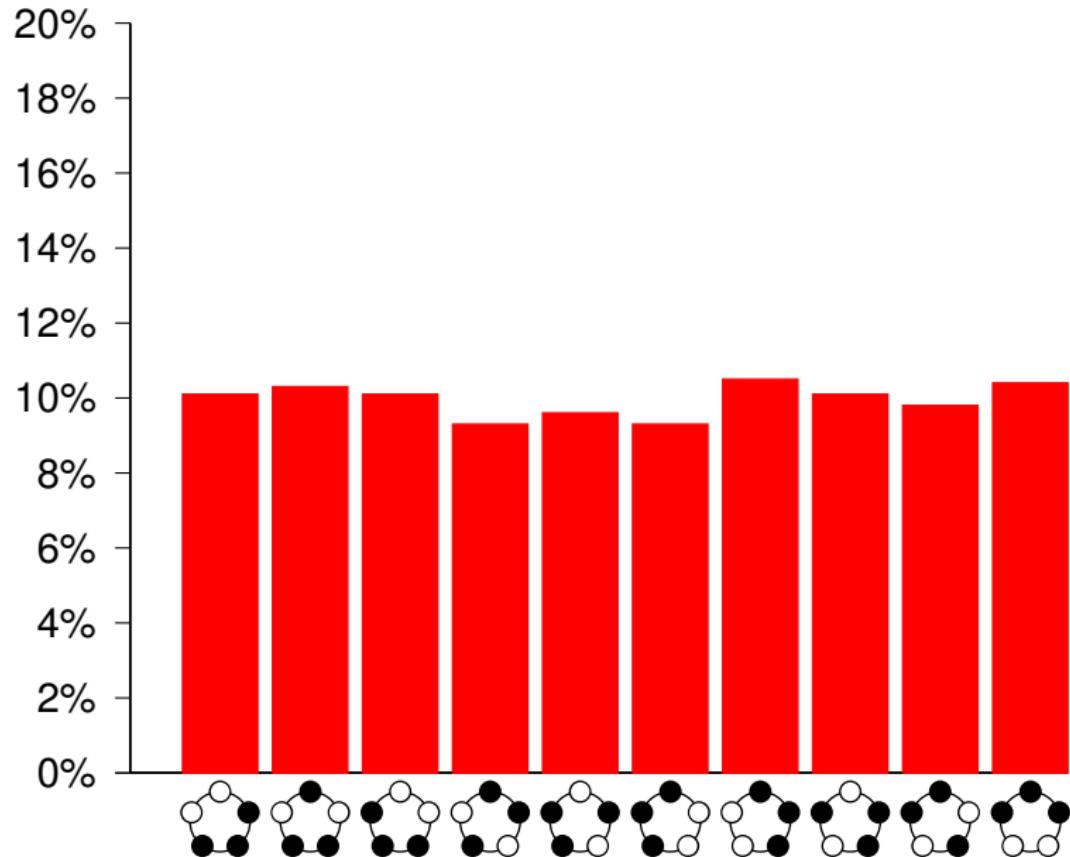
# Stationary distribution



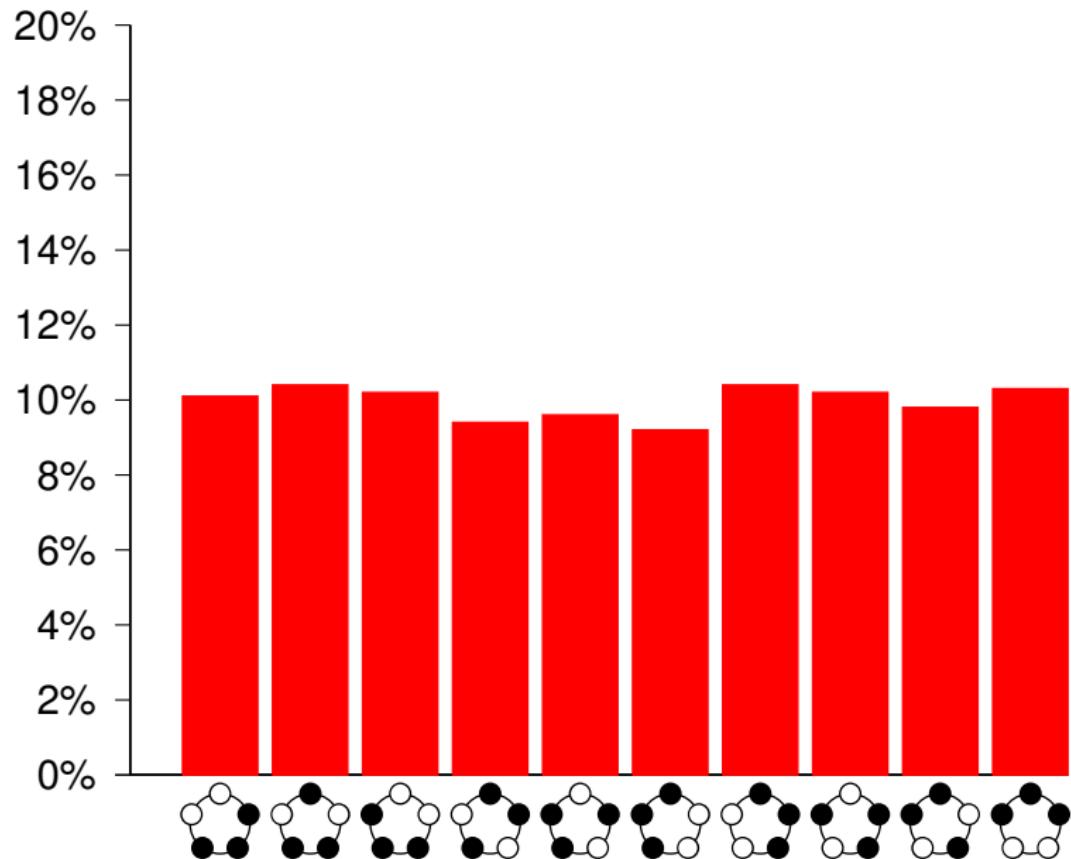
# Stationary distribution



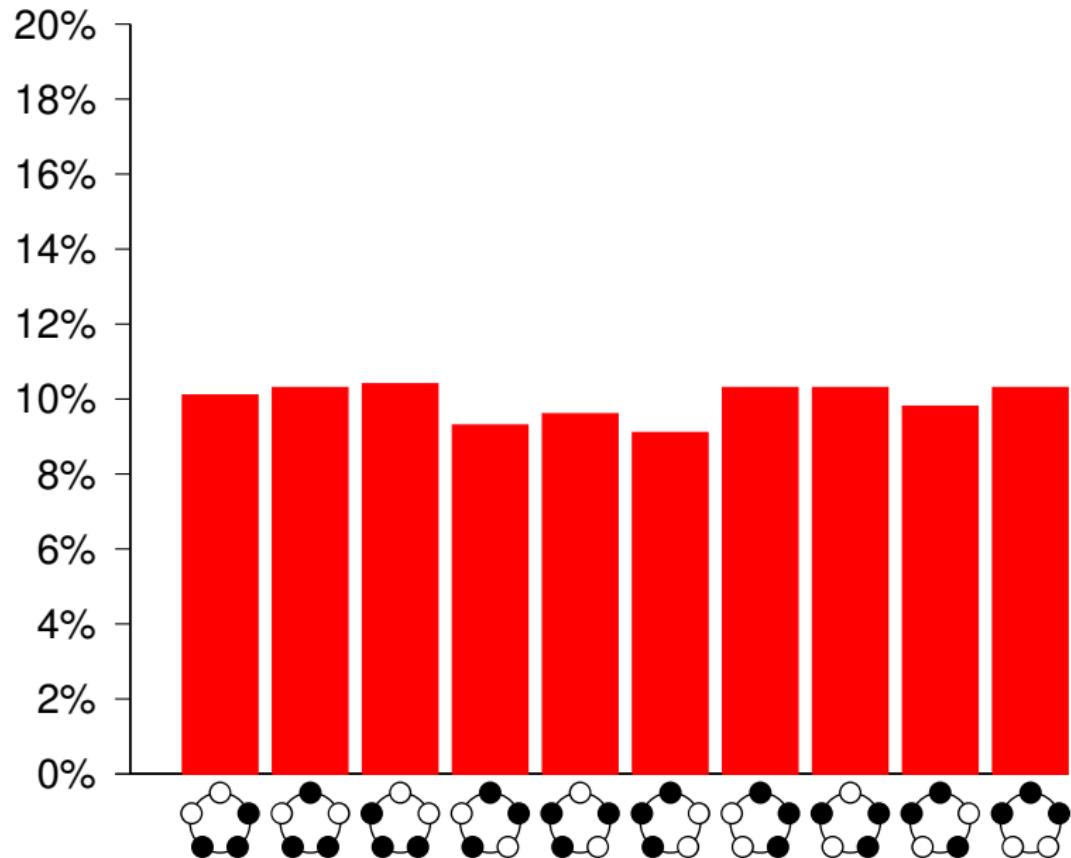
# Stationary distribution



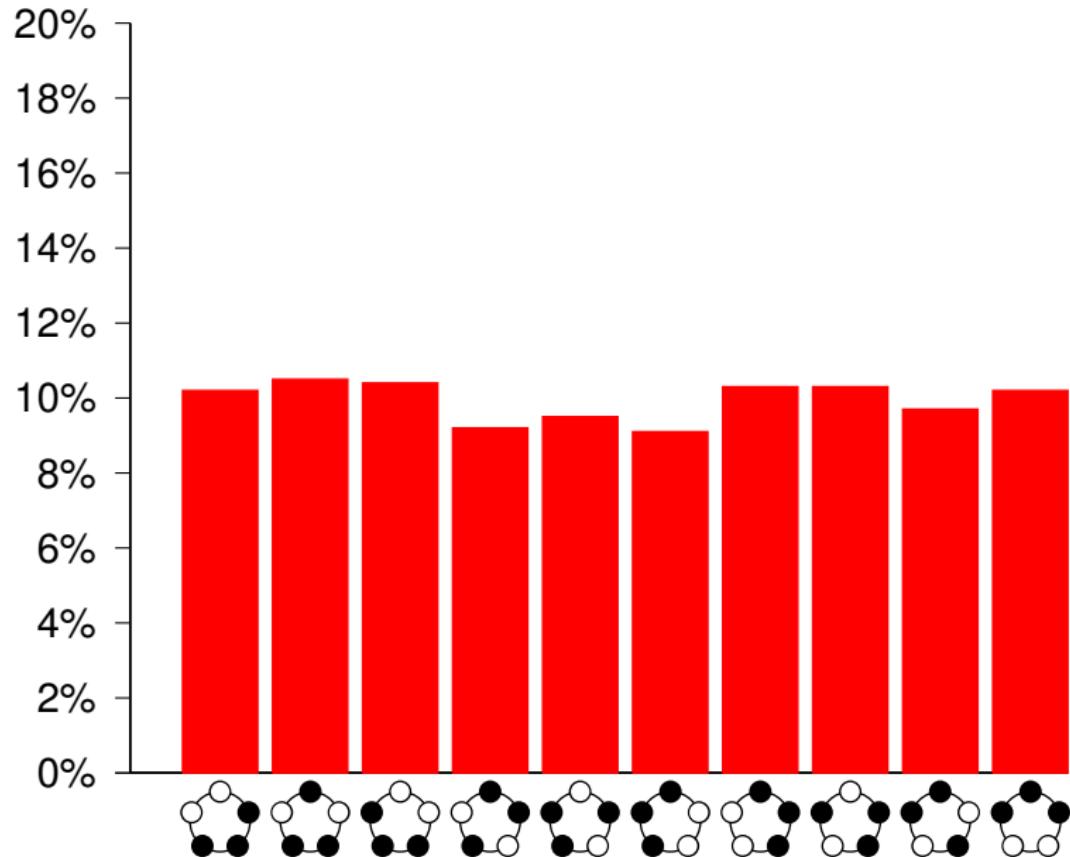
# Stationary distribution



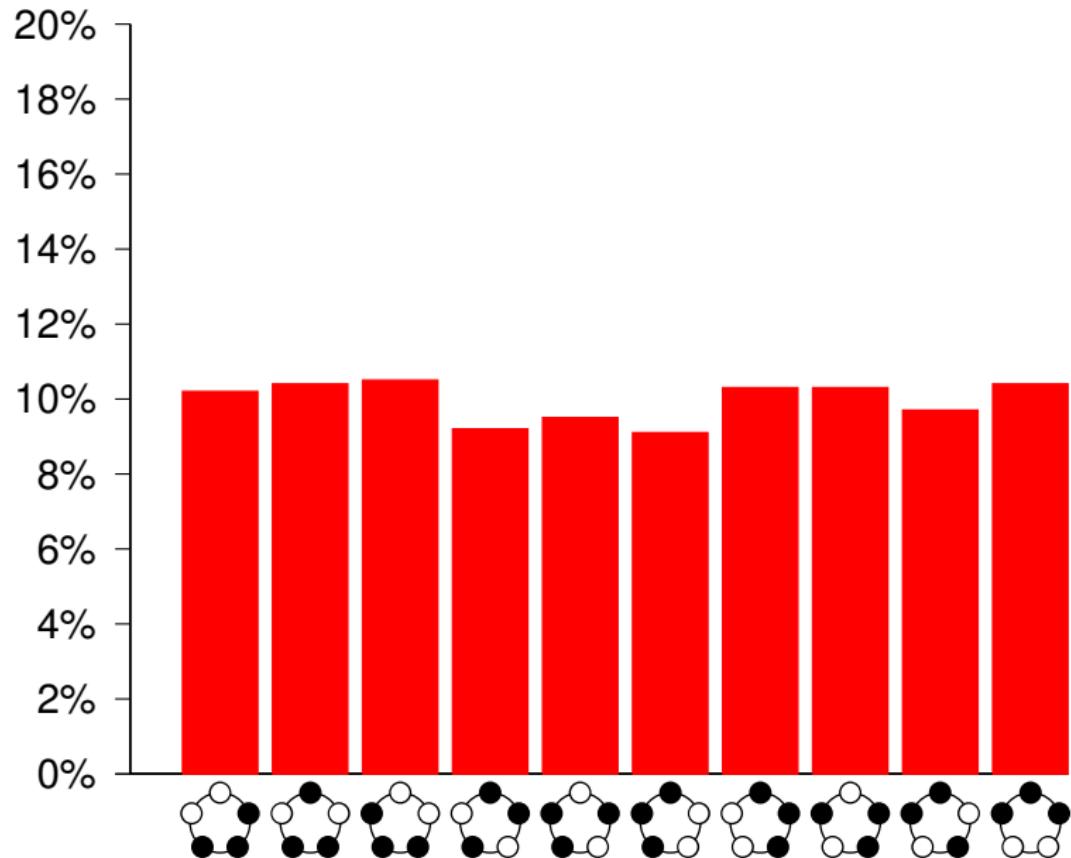
# Stationary distribution



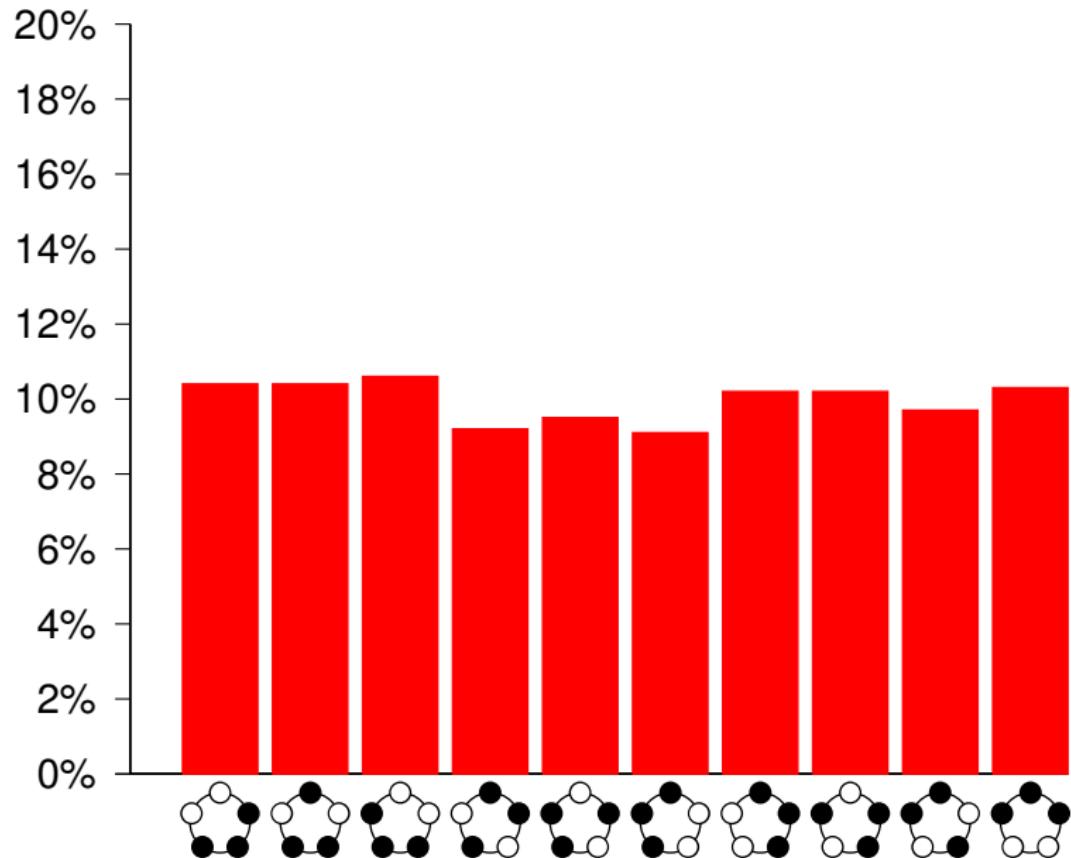
# Stationary distribution



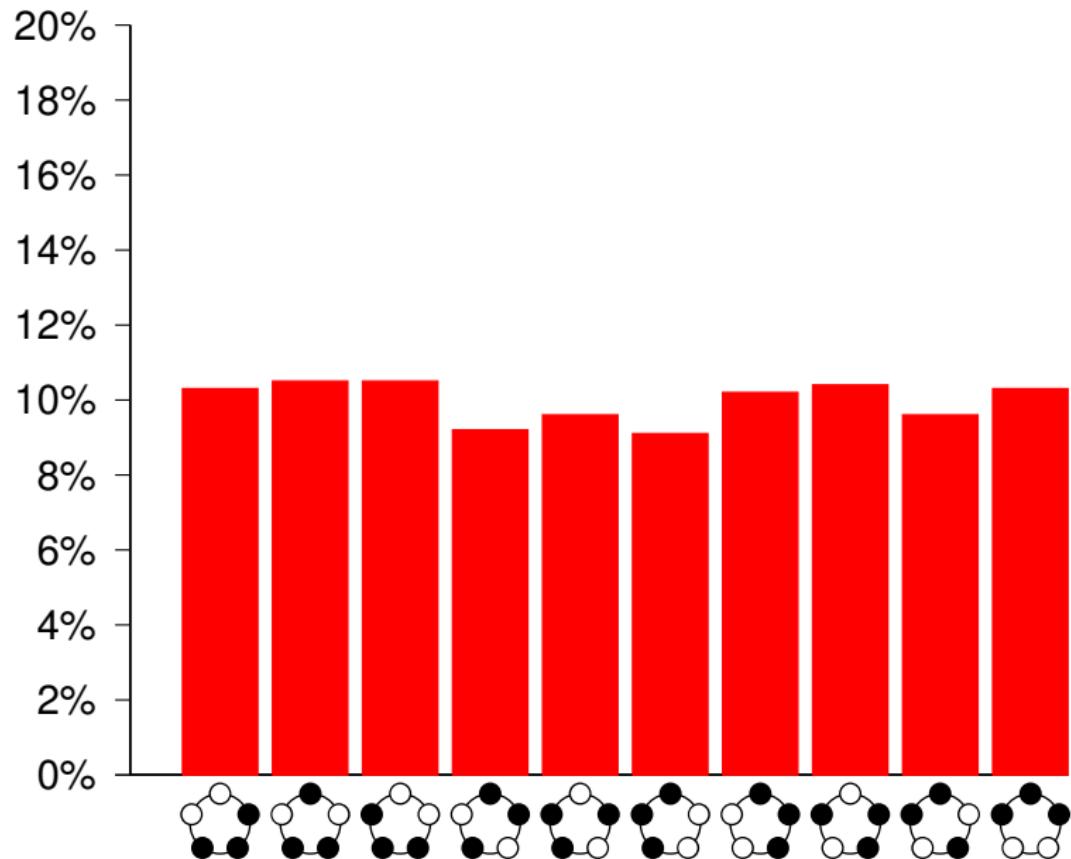
# Stationary distribution



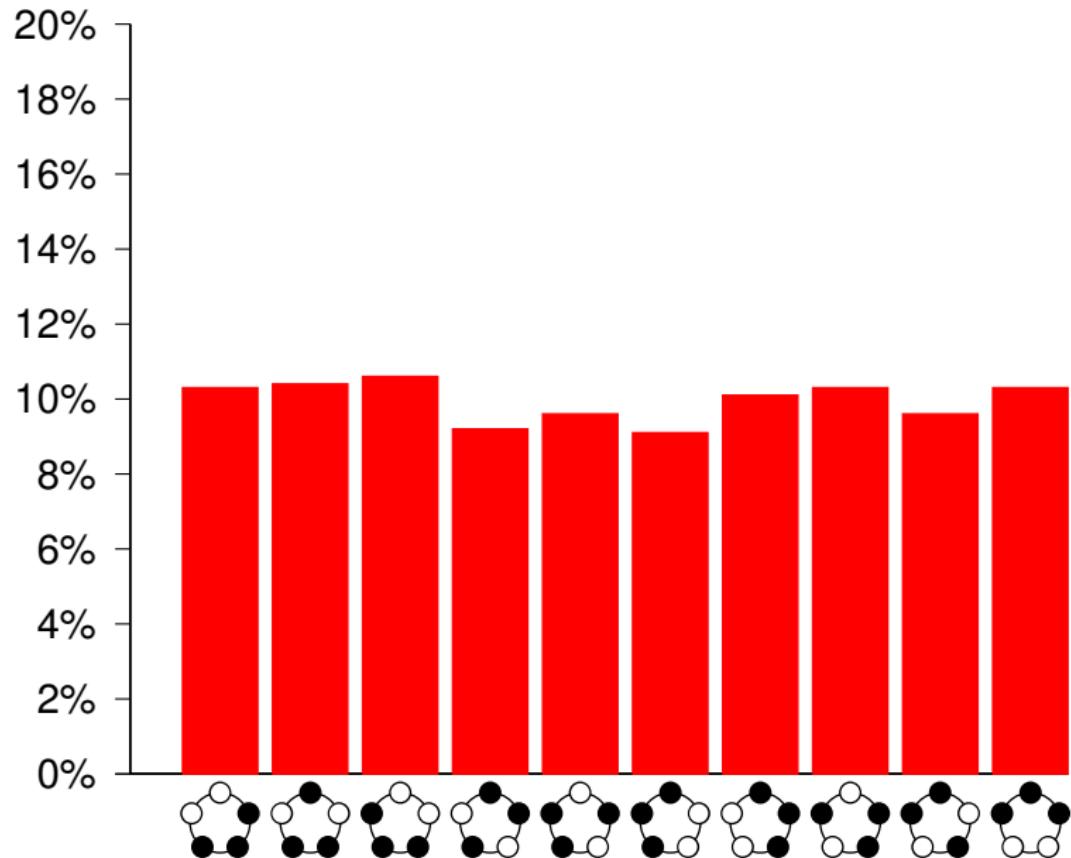
# Stationary distribution



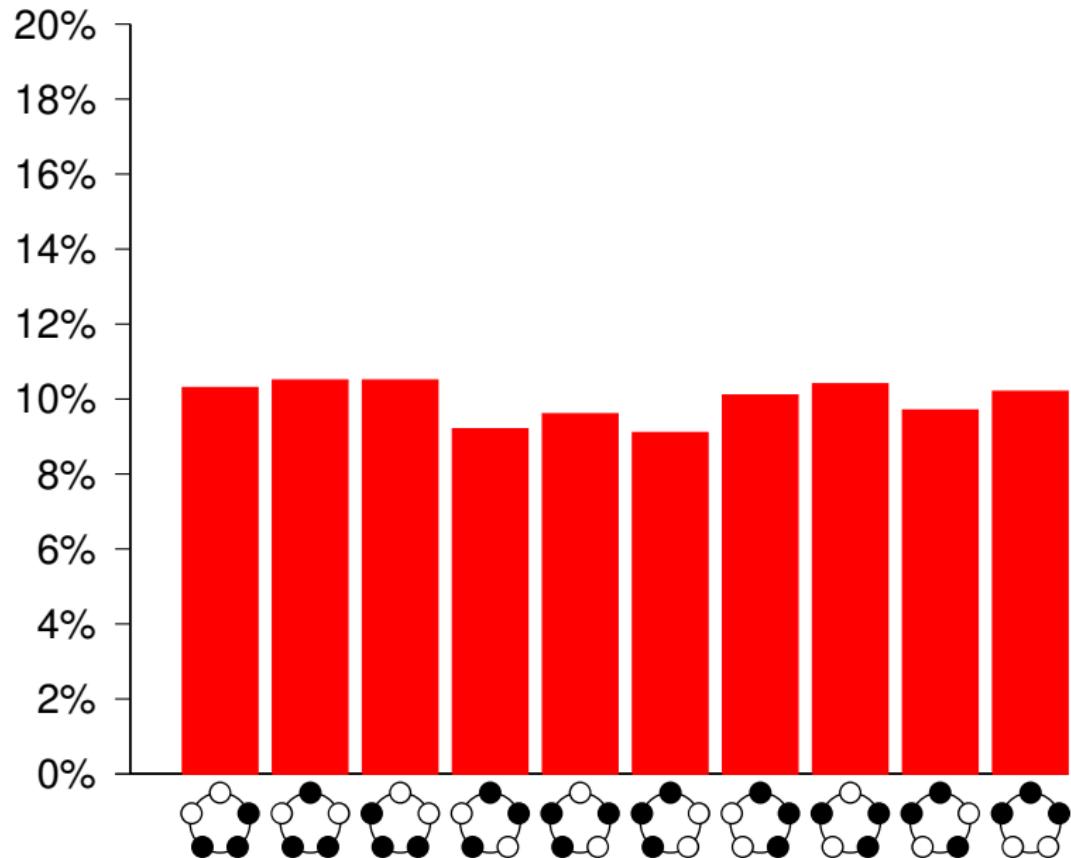
# Stationary distribution



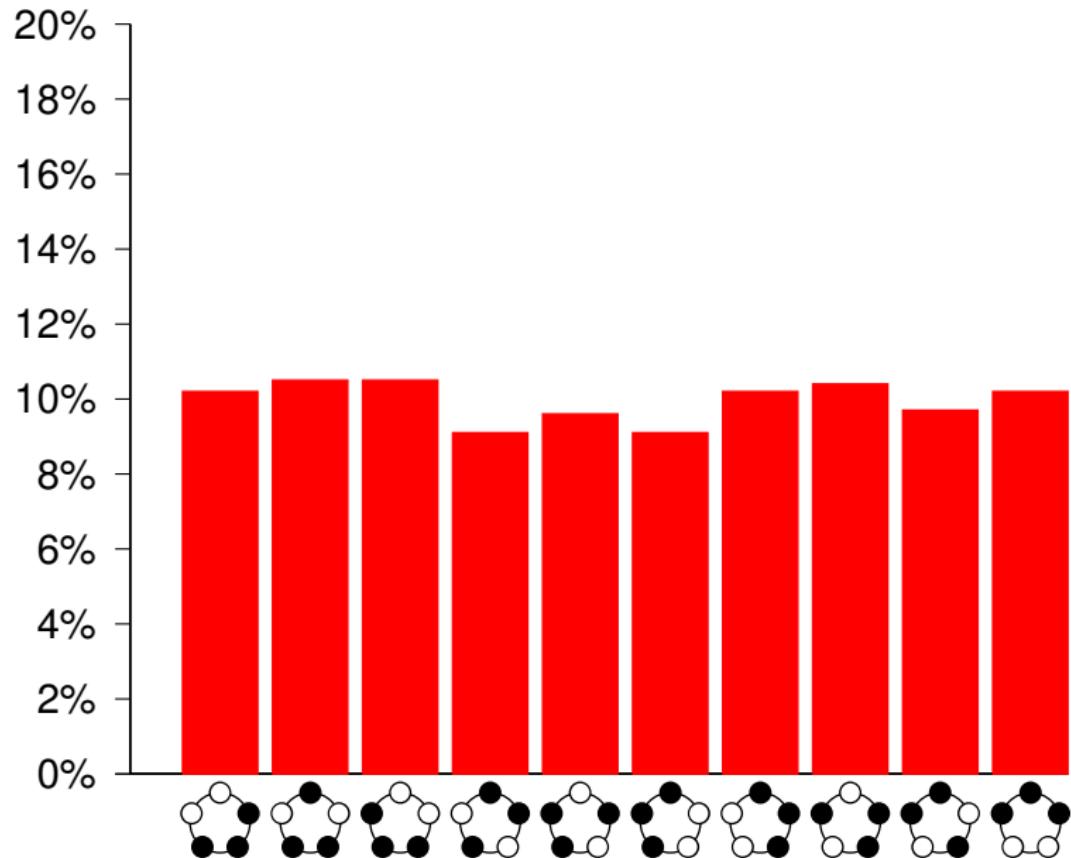
# Stationary distribution



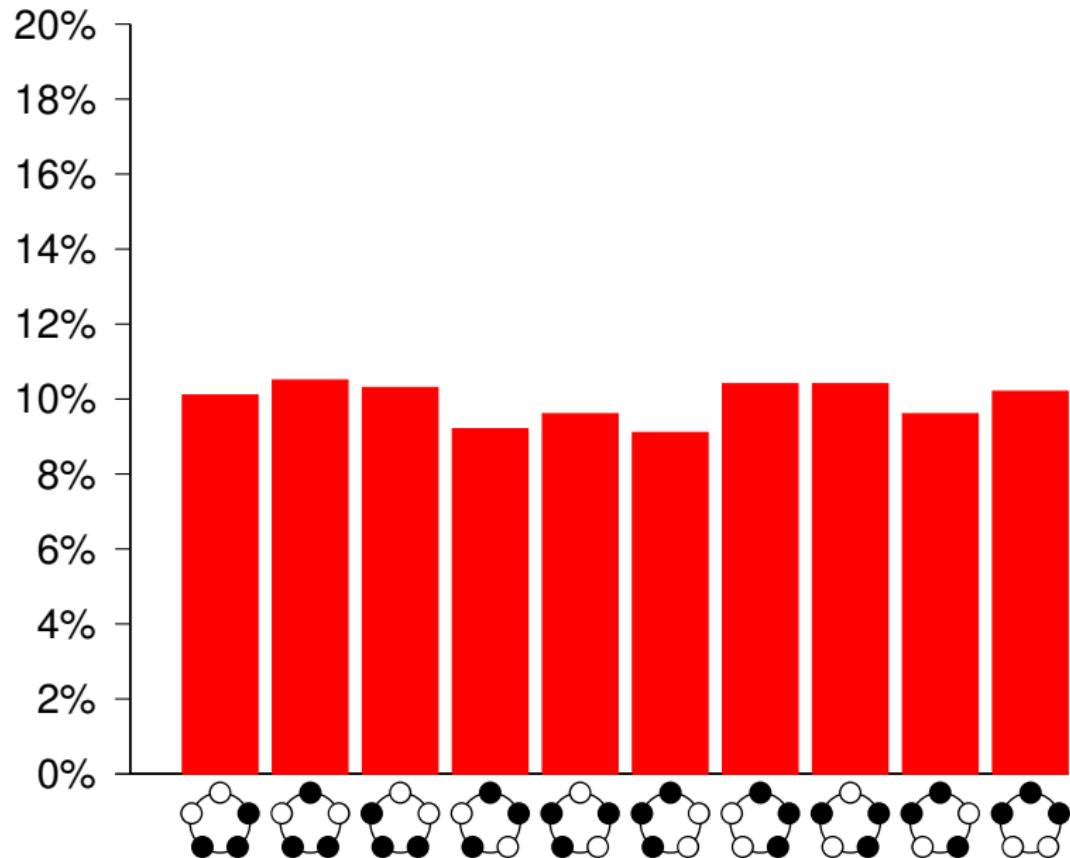
# Stationary distribution



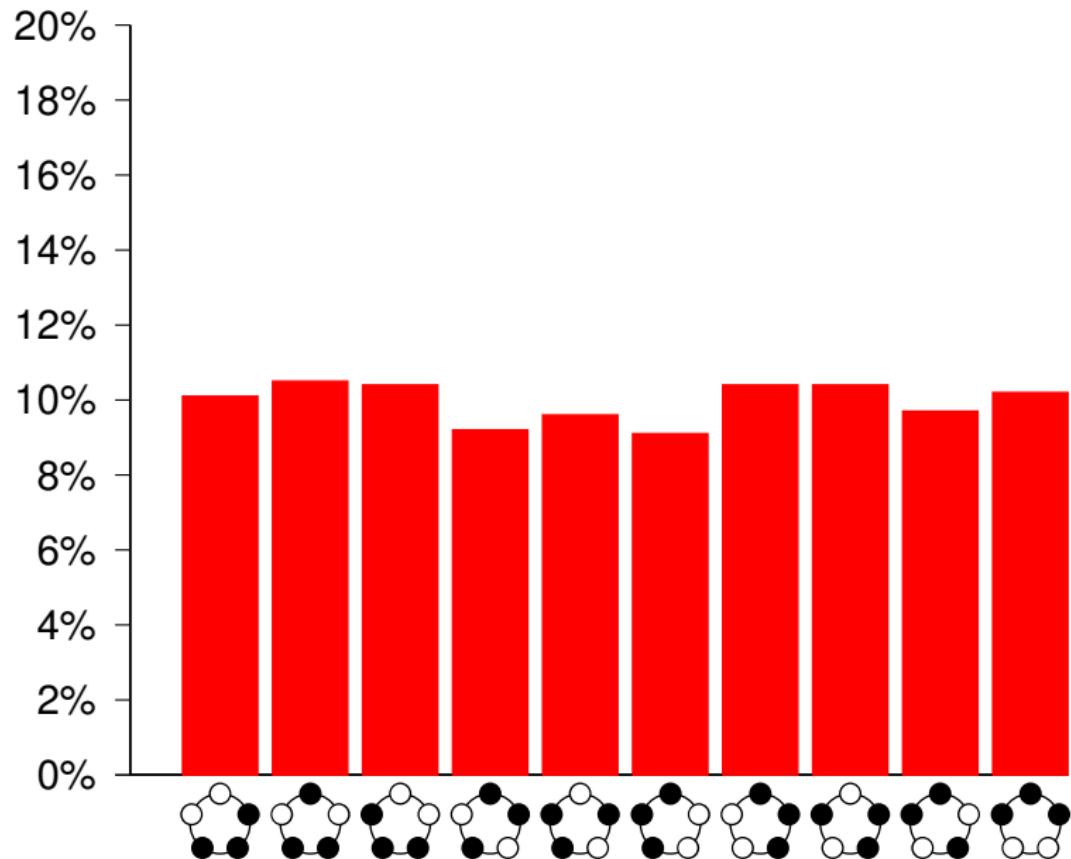
# Stationary distribution



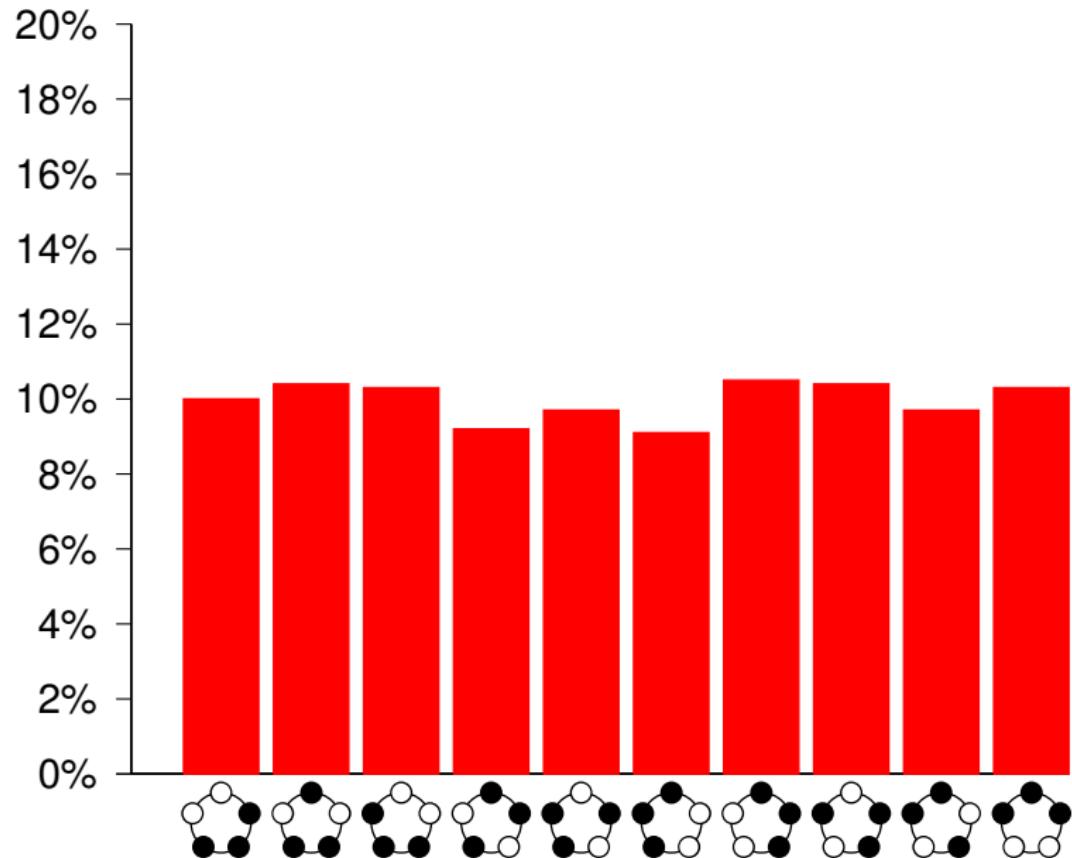
# Stationary distribution



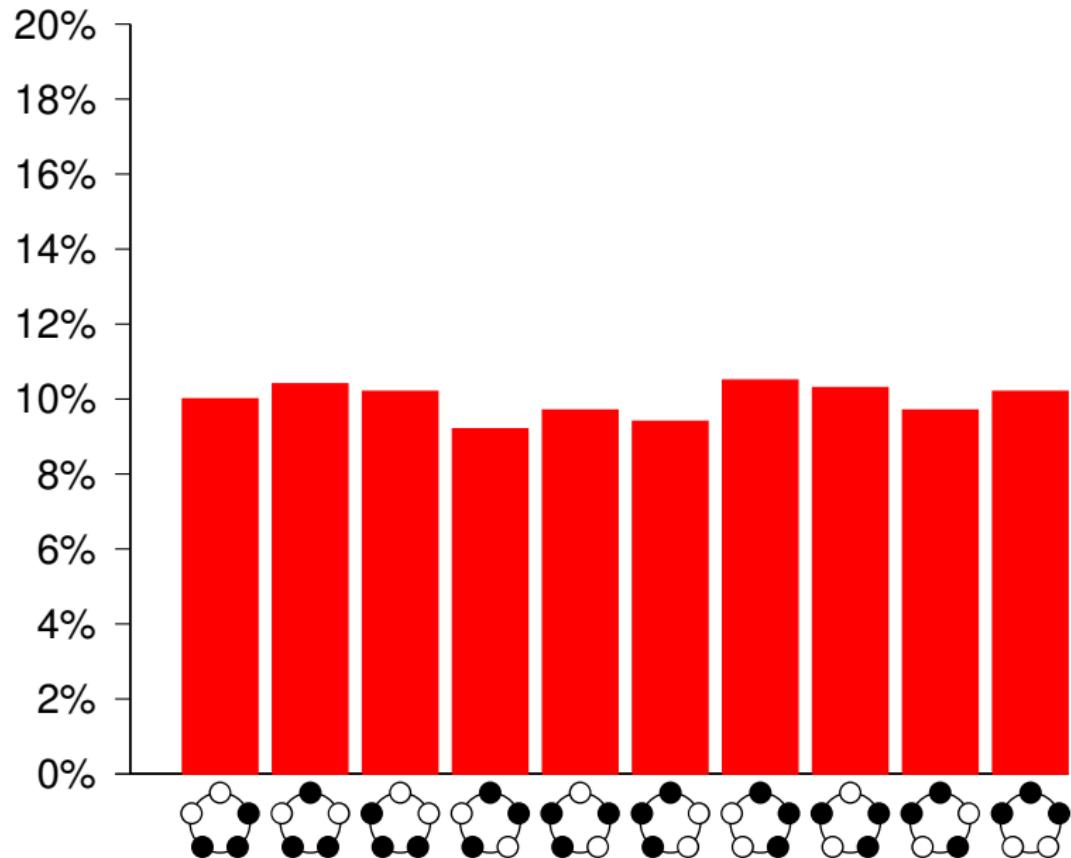
# Stationary distribution



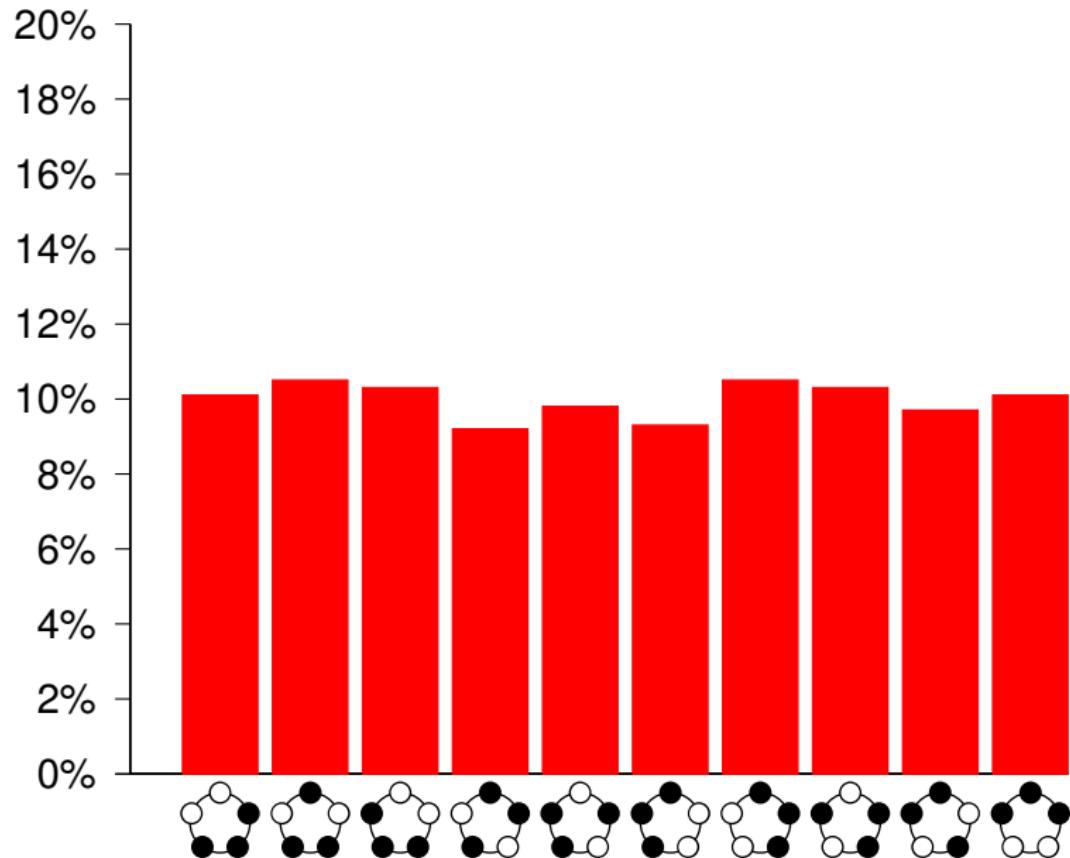
# Stationary distribution



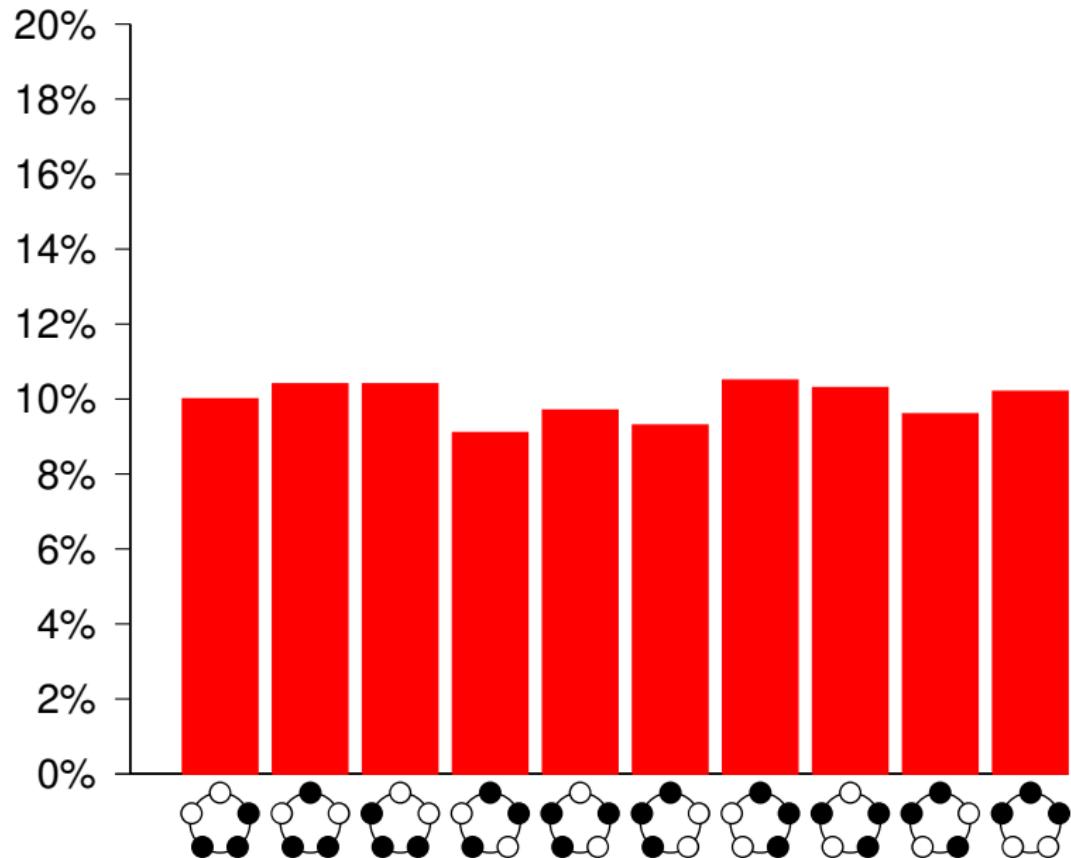
# Stationary distribution



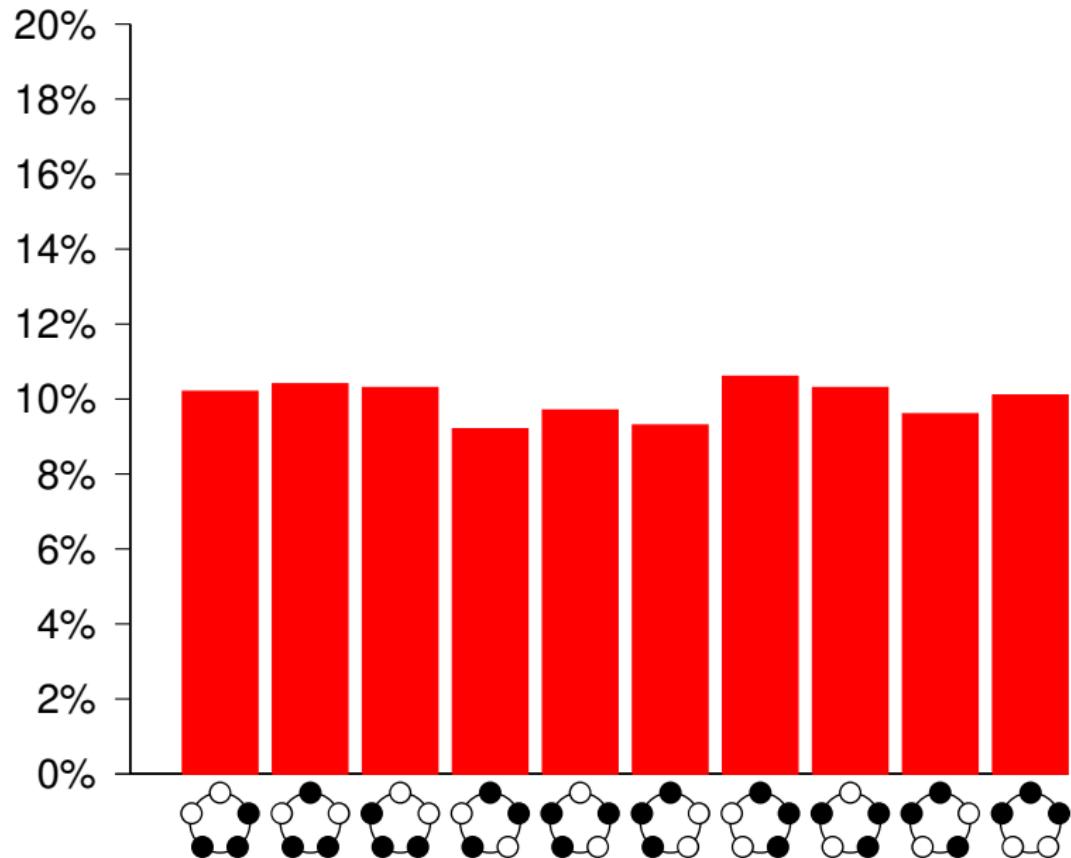
# Stationary distribution



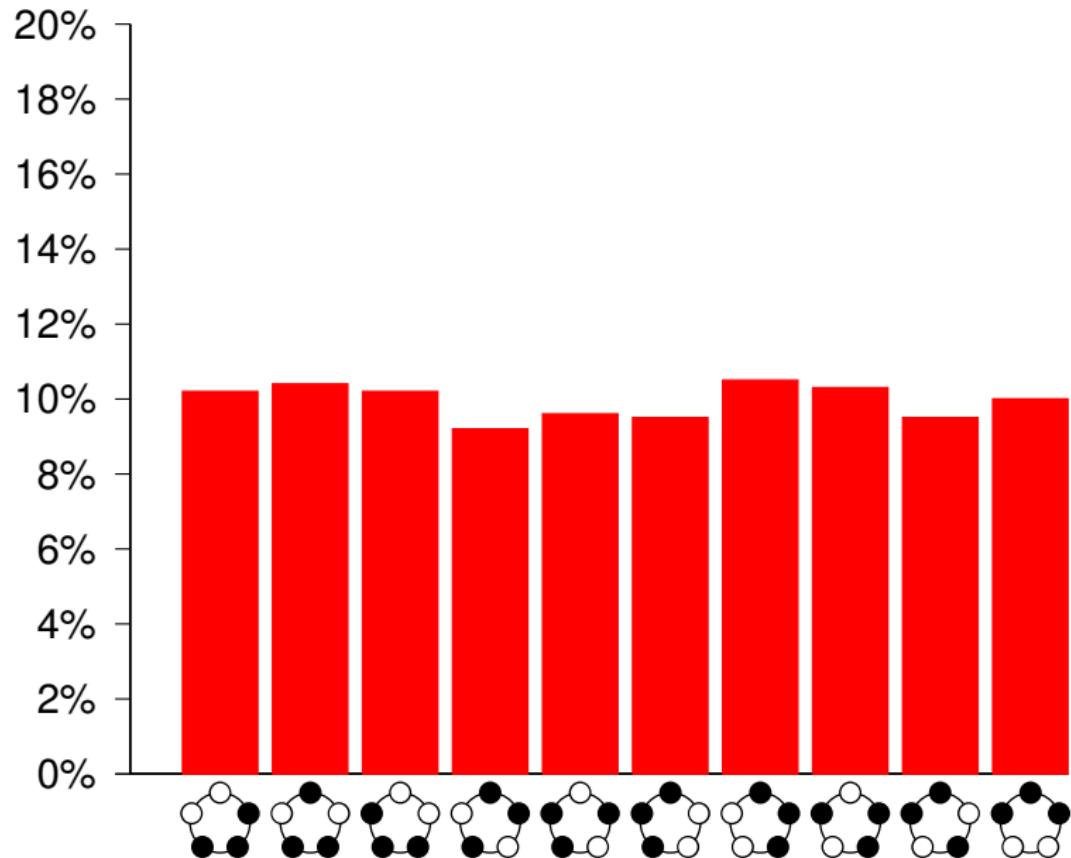
# Stationary distribution



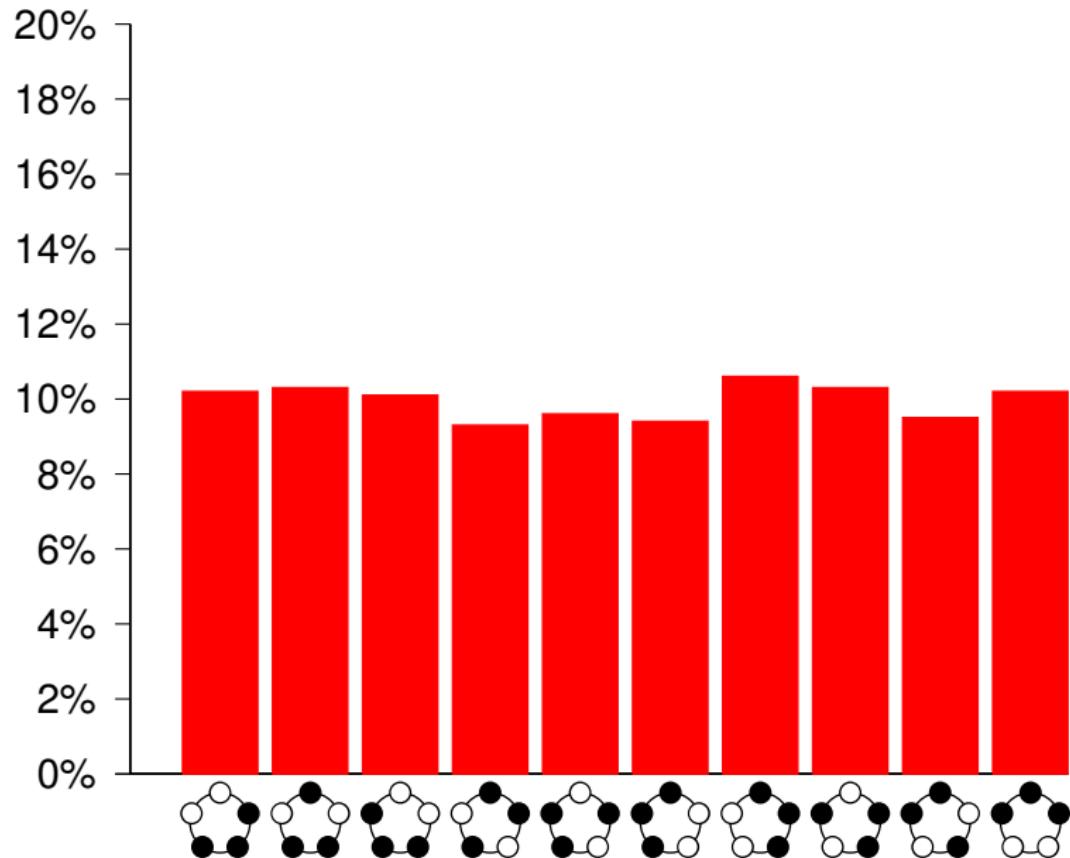
# Stationary distribution



# Stationary distribution



# Stationary distribution



# The infinite model

Take now  $N$  (the number of slots) and  $m$  (the number of balls) to infinity such that  $m/N \simeq \varrho$ .

# The infinite model

Take now  $N$  (the number of slots) and  $m$  (the number of balls) to infinity such that  $m/N \simeq \varrho$ .

$\varrho$  is the *density of particles*, or the probability that a given slot has a ball.

# The infinite model

Take now  $N$  (the number of slots) and  $m$  (the number of balls) to infinity such that  $m/N \simeq \varrho$ .

$\varrho$  is the *density of particles*, or the probability that a given slot has a ball.

Whether a slot has a ball and its neighbours have balls are less and less dependent of each other.

# The infinite model

Take now  $N$  (the number of slots) and  $m$  (the number of balls) to infinity such that  $m/N \simeq \varrho$ .

$\varrho$  is the *density of particles*, or the probability that a given slot has a ball.

Whether a slot has a ball and its neighbours have balls are less and less dependent of each other.

In the limit we obtain a model on  $\mathbb{Z}$ . In its stationary distribution we have a ball with probability  $\varrho$ , and don't have one with probability  $1 - \varrho$  independently for each slot.

## On large scales: hydrodynamics

Let us now look at the infinite model on the large scale, and let it evolve for a long time. If we change the initial density  $\varrho$  on the large ( $X$ ) scale, then the process will not be stationary anymore. Instead, its density will change on the large time scale ( $T$ ).

## On large scales: hydrodynamics

Let us now look at the infinite model on the large scale, and let it evolve for a long time. If we change the initial density  $\varrho$  on the large ( $X$ ) scale, then the process will not be stationary anymore. Instead, its density will change on the large time scale ( $T$ ).

- ▶ The *hydrodynamic flux*  $H := \mathbb{E}[\text{current of particles}]$  depends on the density of particles. So,  $H = H(\varrho)$ . For exclusion,  $H(\varrho) = \varrho(1 - \varrho)$ . 

## On large scales: hydrodynamics

Let us now look at the infinite model on the large scale, and let it evolve for a long time. If we change the initial density  $\varrho$  on the large ( $X$ ) scale, then the process will not be stationary anymore. Instead, its density will change on the large time scale ( $T$ ).

- ▶ The *hydrodynamic flux*  $H := \mathbb{E}[\text{current of particles}]$  depends on the density of particles. So,  $H = H(\varrho)$ . For exclusion,  $H(\varrho) = \varrho(1 - \varrho)$ . 
- ▶ If the process is *locally* in equilibrium, but changes over some *large scale* (variables  $X = \varepsilon i$  and  $T = \varepsilon t$ ), then

$$\partial_T \varrho(T, X) + \partial_X H(\varrho(T, X)) = 0$$

## On large scales: hydrodynamics

Let us now look at the infinite model on the large scale, and let it evolve for a long time. If we change the initial density  $\varrho$  on the large ( $X$ ) scale, then the process will not be stationary anymore. Instead, its density will change on the large time scale ( $T$ ).

- ▶ The *hydrodynamic flux*  $H := \mathbb{E}[\text{current of particles}]$  depends on the density of particles. So,  $H = H(\varrho)$ . For exclusion,  $H(\varrho) = \varrho(1 - \varrho)$ . 
- ▶ If the process is *locally* in equilibrium, but changes over some *large scale* (variables  $X = \varepsilon i$  and  $T = \varepsilon t$ ), then

$$\partial_T \varrho(T, X) + \partial_X H(\varrho(T, X)) = 0$$

- ▶ This is a *nonlinear partial differential equation*. This type is called a *conservation law*.

## On large scales: hydrodynamics

Let us now look at the infinite model on the large scale, and let it evolve for a long time. If we change the initial density  $\varrho$  on the large ( $X$ ) scale, then the process will not be stationary anymore. Instead, its density will change on the large time scale ( $T$ ).

- ▶ The *hydrodynamic flux*  $H := \mathbb{E}[\text{current of particles}]$  depends on the density of particles. So,  $H = H(\varrho)$ . For exclusion,  $H(\varrho) = \varrho(1 - \varrho)$ . 
- ▶ If the process is *locally* in equilibrium, but changes over some *large scale* (variables  $X = \varepsilon i$  and  $T = \varepsilon t$ ), then

$$\partial_T \varrho(T, X) + \partial_X H(\varrho(T, X)) = 0$$

- ▶ This is a *nonlinear partial differential equation*. This type is called a *conservation law*.
- ▶ These are fun.

## On large scales: hydrodynamics

Let us now look at the infinite model on the large scale, and let it evolve for a long time. If we change the initial density  $\varrho$  on the large ( $X$ ) scale, then the process will not be stationary anymore. Instead, its density will change on the large time scale ( $T$ ).

- ▶ The *hydrodynamic flux*  $H := \mathbb{E}[\text{current of particles}]$  depends on the density of particles. So,  $H = H(\varrho)$ . For exclusion,  $H(\varrho) = \varrho(1 - \varrho)$ . 
- ▶ If the process is *locally* in equilibrium, but changes over some *large scale* (variables  $X = \varepsilon i$  and  $T = \varepsilon t$ ), then

$$\partial_T \varrho(T, X) + \partial_X H(\varrho(T, X)) = 0$$

- ▶ This is a *nonlinear partial differential equation*. This type is called a *conservation law*.
- ▶ These are fun.
- ▶ (And difficult.)

# Characteristics (very briefly)

$$\partial_T \varrho + \partial_X H(\varrho) = 0$$

## Characteristics (very briefly)

$$\begin{aligned}\partial_T \varrho + \partial_X \mathcal{H}(\varrho) &= 0 \\ \partial_T \varrho + \mathcal{H}'(\varrho) \cdot \partial_X \varrho &= 0 \quad (\text{while smooth})\end{aligned}$$

## Characteristics (very briefly)

$$\partial_T \varrho + \partial_X H(\varrho) = 0$$

$$\partial_T \varrho + H'(\varrho) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = 0 \quad (\text{while smooth})$$

$$\frac{d}{dT} \varrho(T, X(T)) = 0$$

## Characteristics (very briefly)

$$\partial_T \varrho + \partial_X H(\varrho) = 0$$

$$\partial_T \varrho + H'(\varrho) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = 0 \quad (\text{while smooth})$$

$$\partial_T \varrho + \dot{X}(T) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = \frac{d}{dT} \varrho(T, X(T)) = 0$$

## Characteristics (very briefly)

$$\partial_T \varrho + \partial_X H(\varrho) = 0$$

$$\partial_T \varrho + H'(\varrho) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = 0 \quad (\text{while smooth})$$

$$\partial_T \varrho + \dot{X}(T) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = \frac{d}{dT} \varrho(T, X(T)) = 0$$

## Characteristics (very briefly)

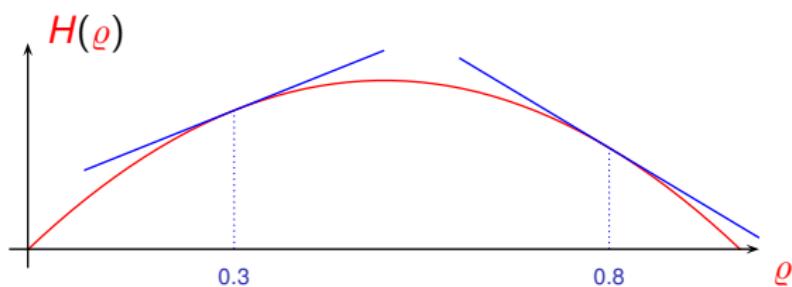
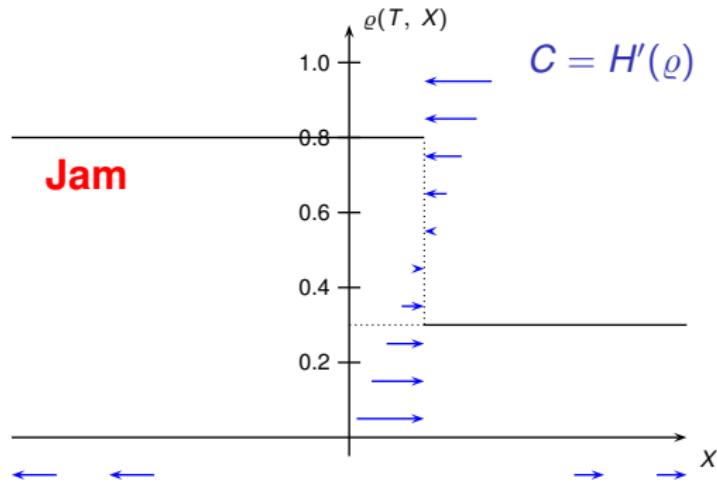
$$\partial_T \varrho + \partial_X H(\varrho) = 0$$

$$\partial_T \varrho + H'(\varrho) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = 0 \quad (\text{while smooth})$$

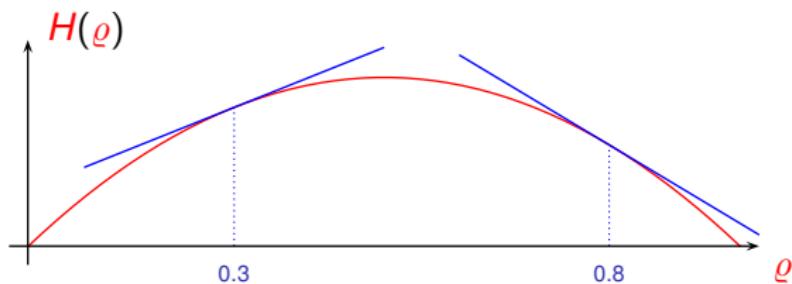
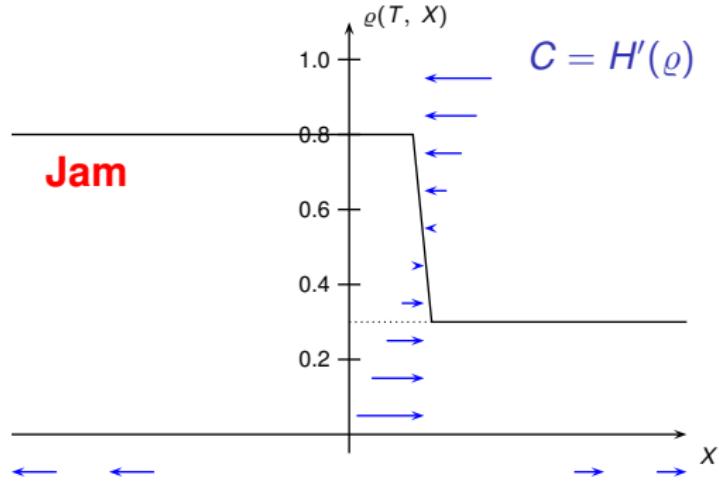
$$\partial_T \varrho + \dot{X}(T) \cdot \partial_X \varrho = \frac{d}{dT} \varrho(T, X(T)) = 0$$

So,  $\dot{X}(T) = H'(\varrho) =: C$  is the *characteristic speed*.

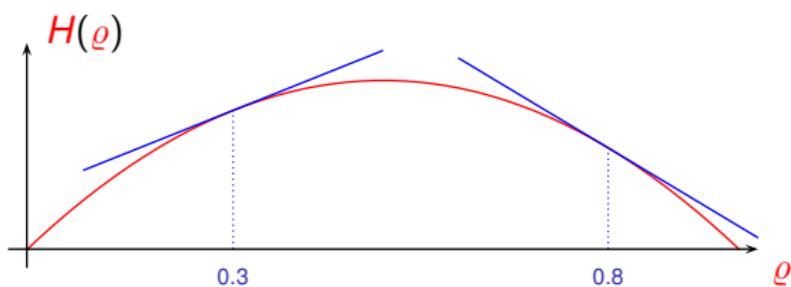
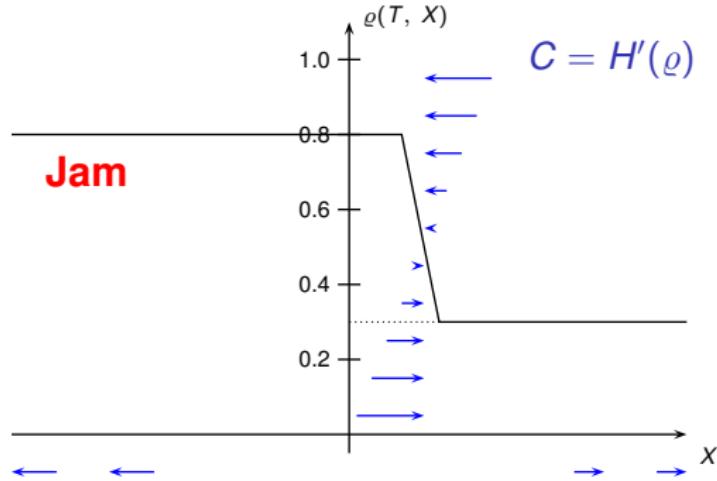
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



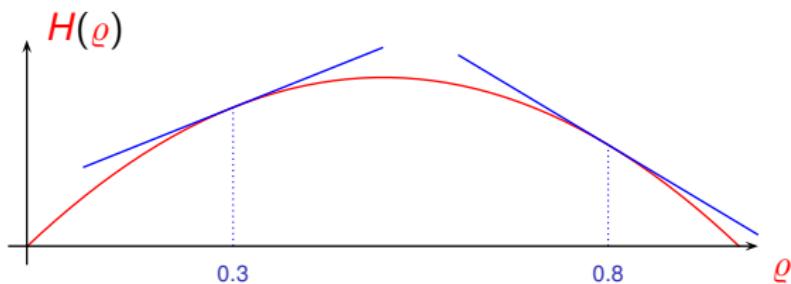
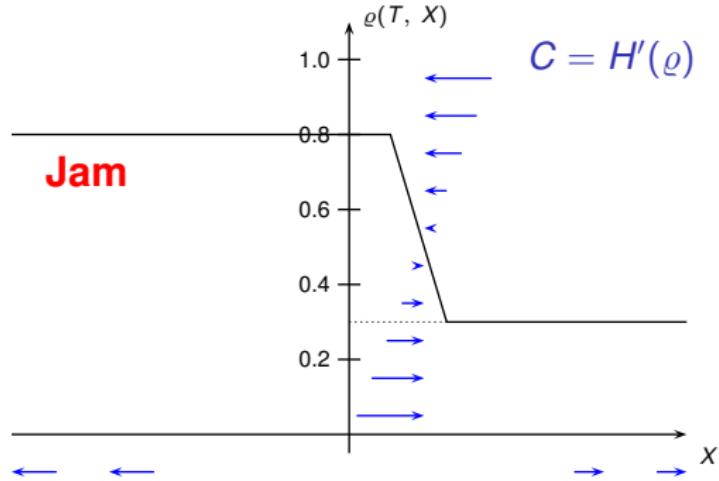
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



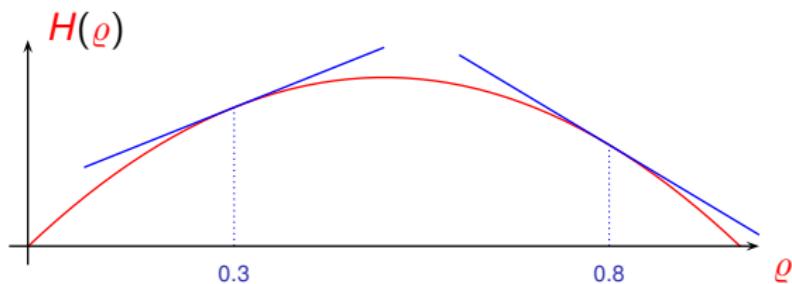
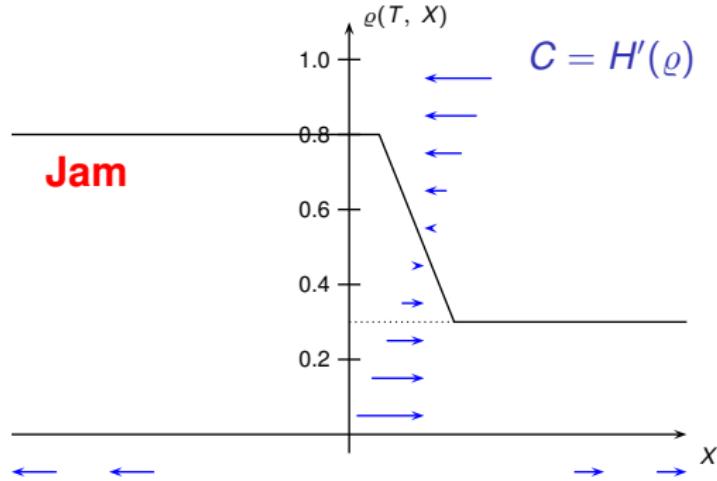
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



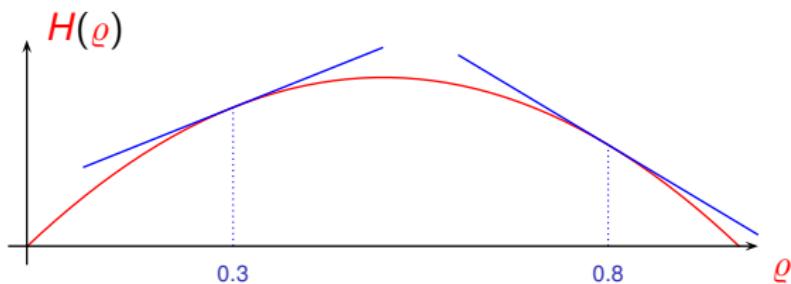
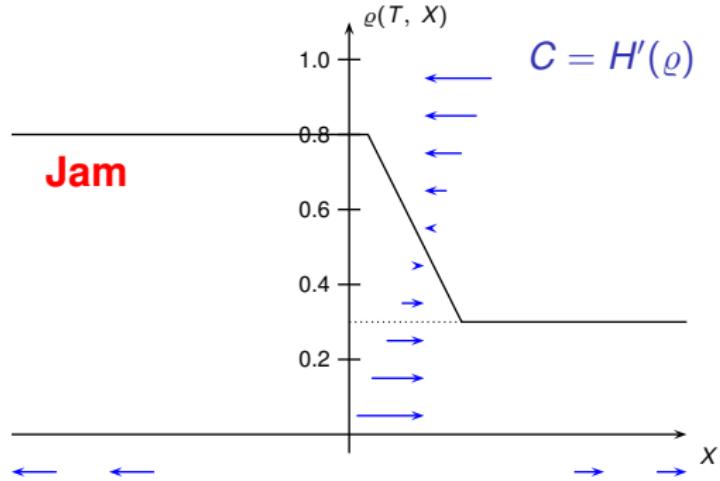
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



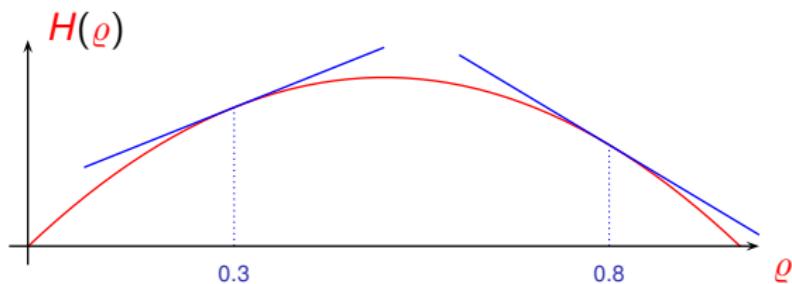
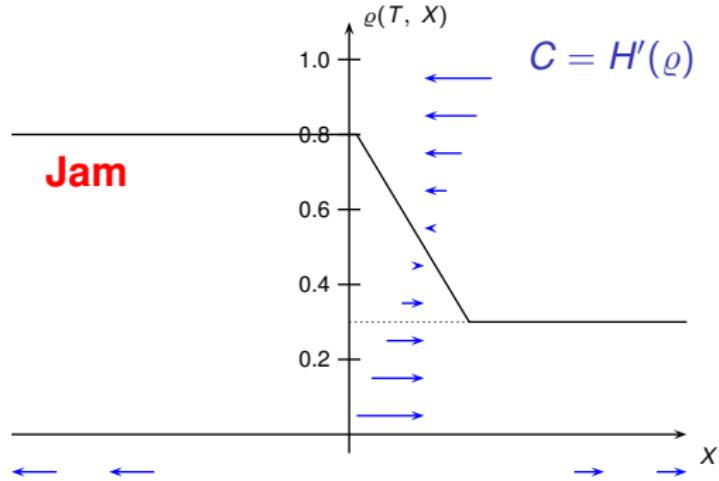
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



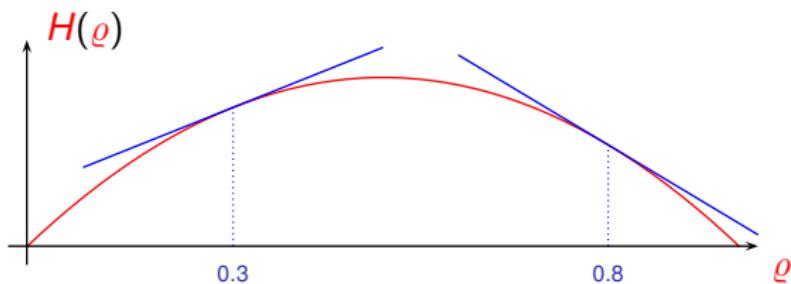
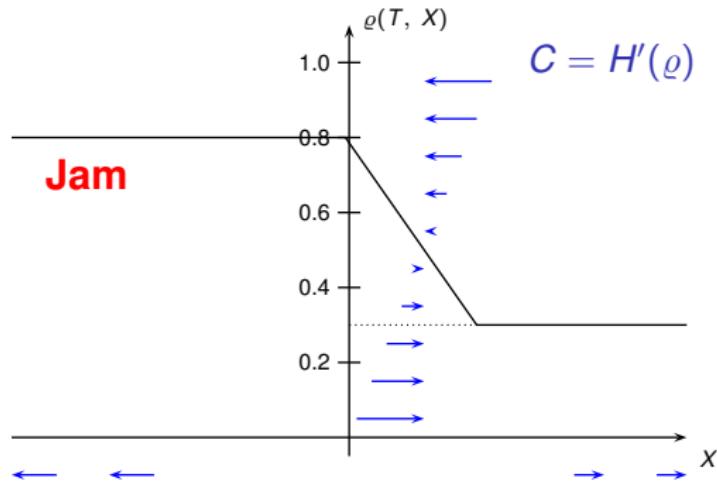
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



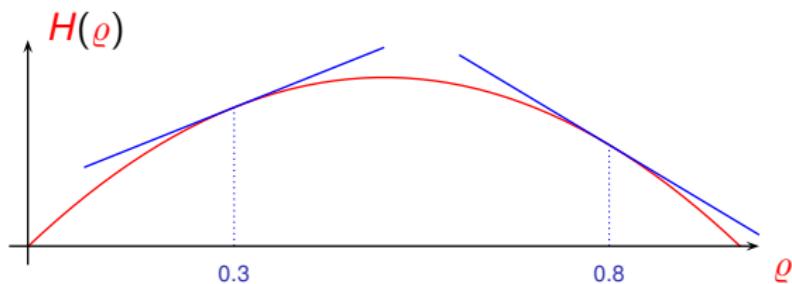
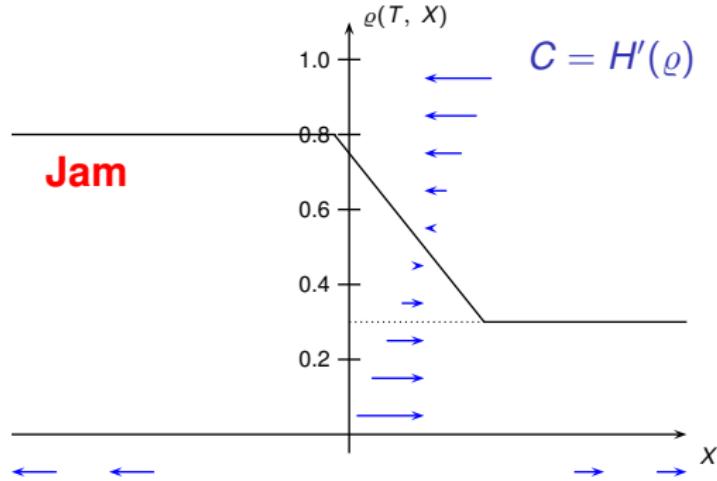
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



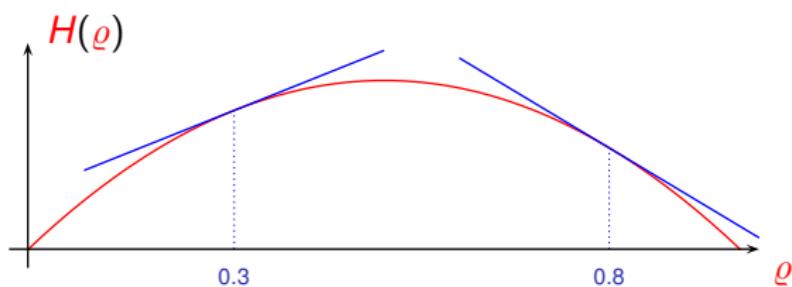
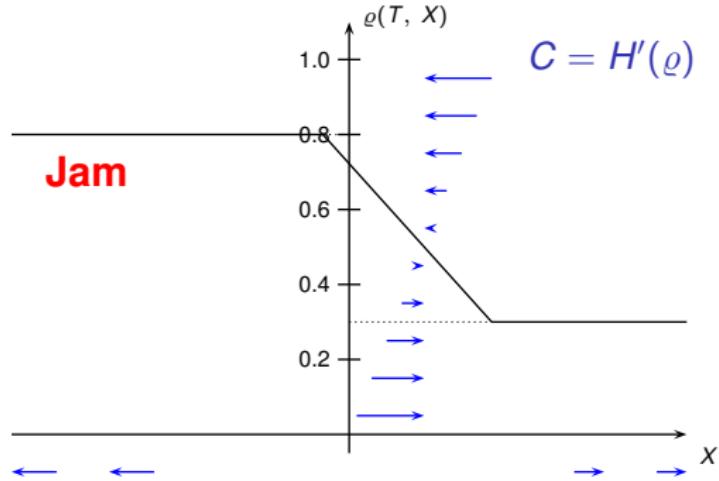
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



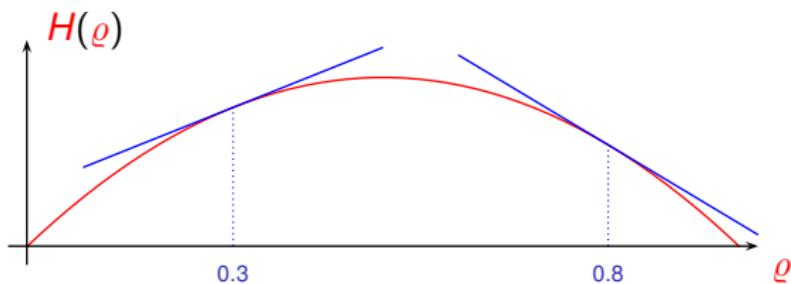
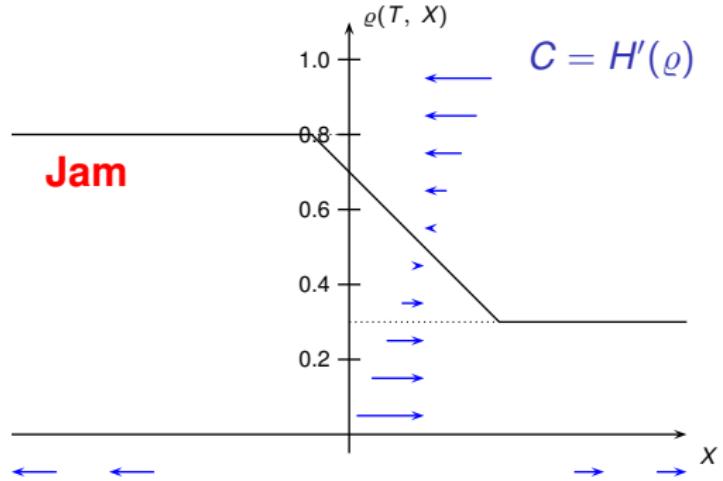
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



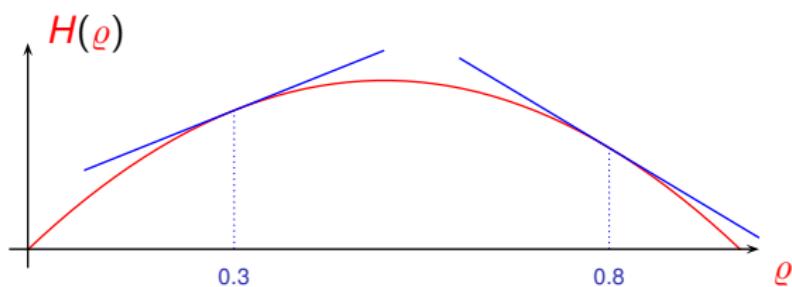
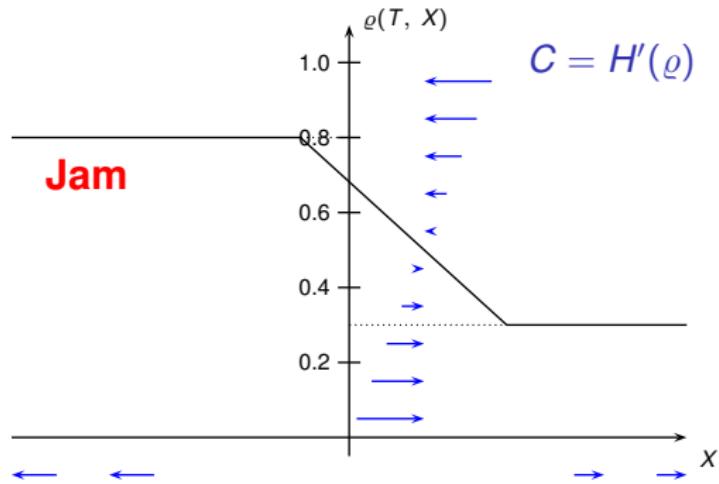
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



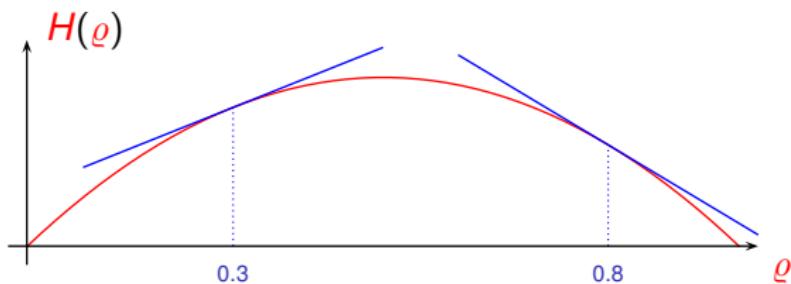
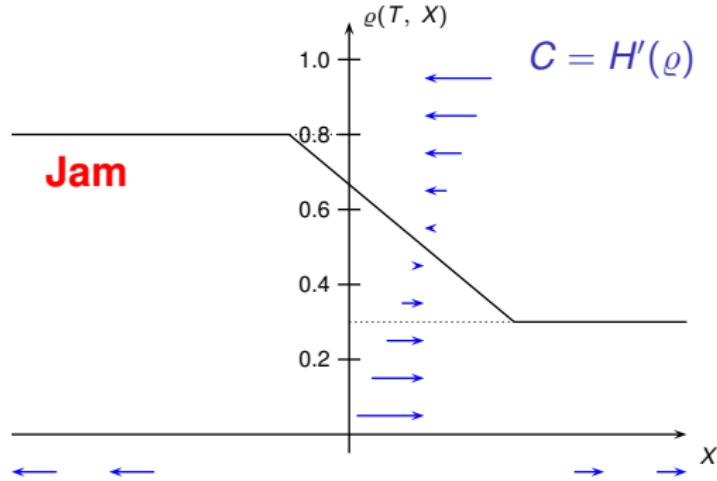
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



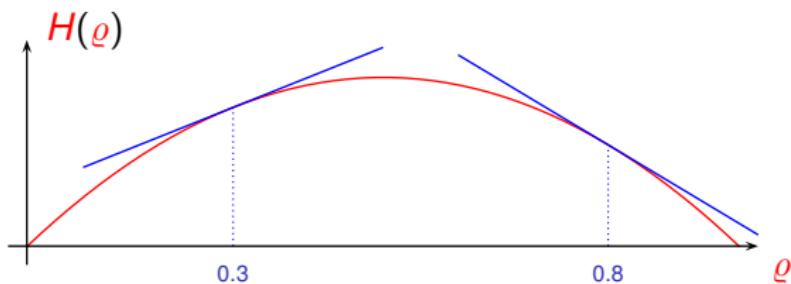
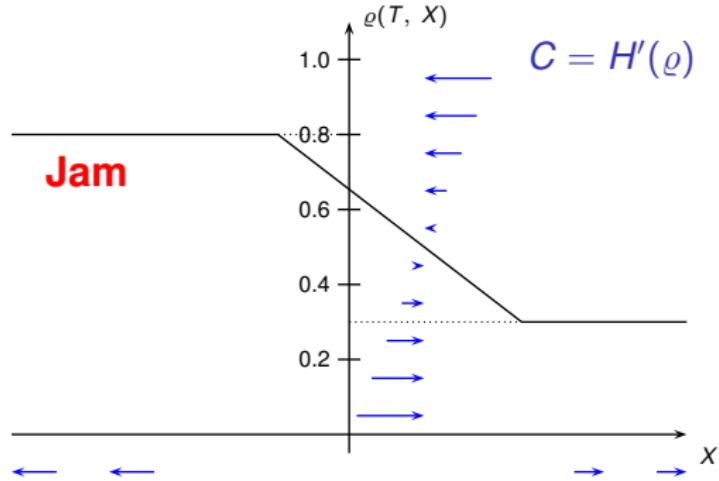
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



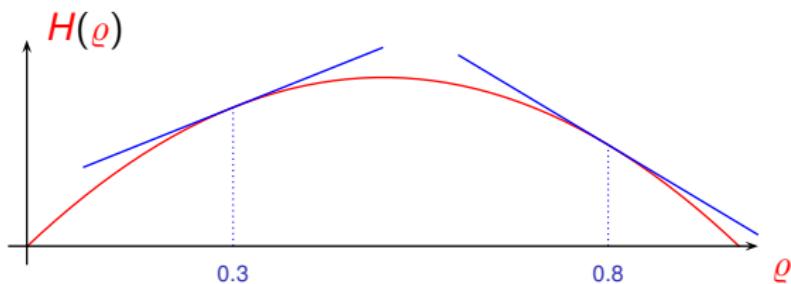
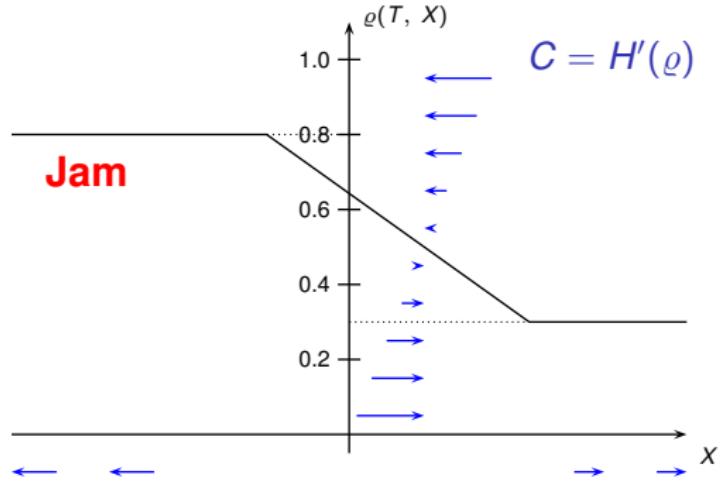
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



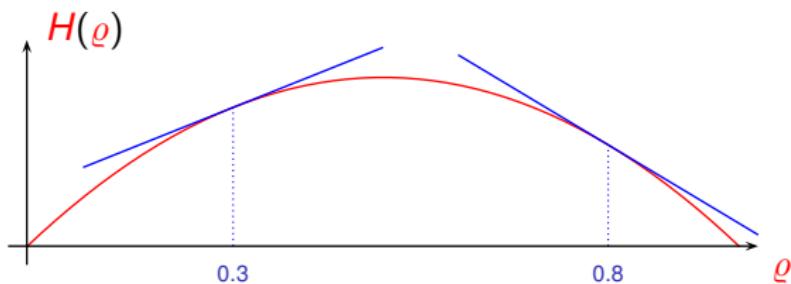
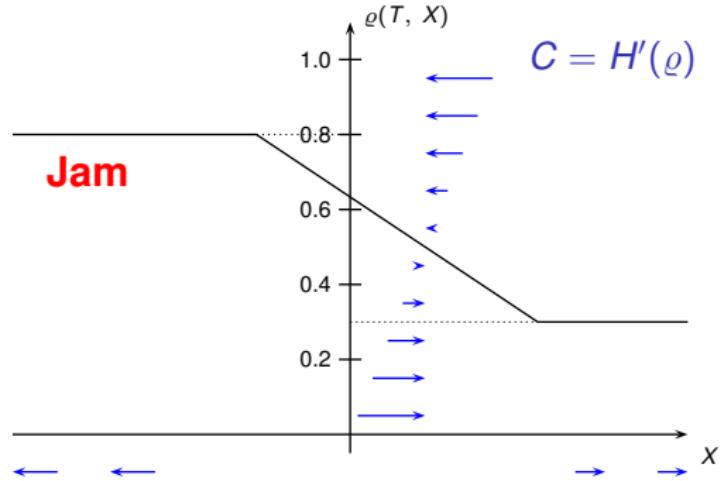
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



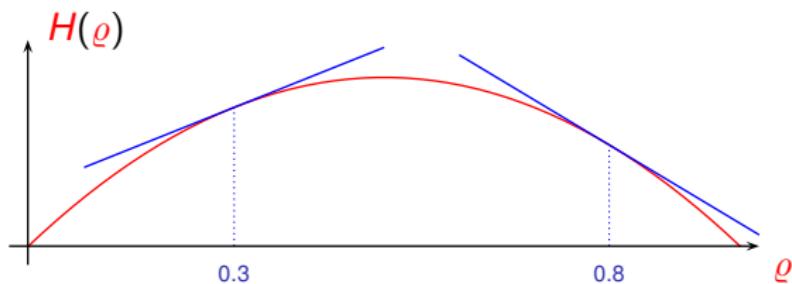
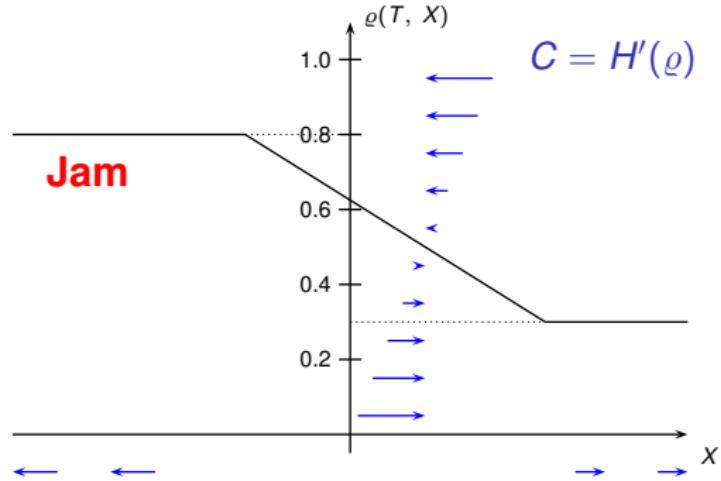
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



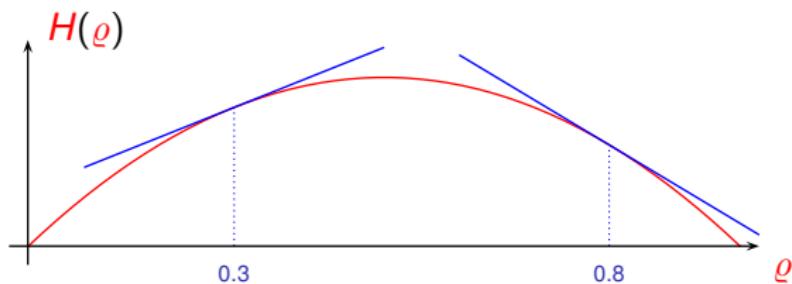
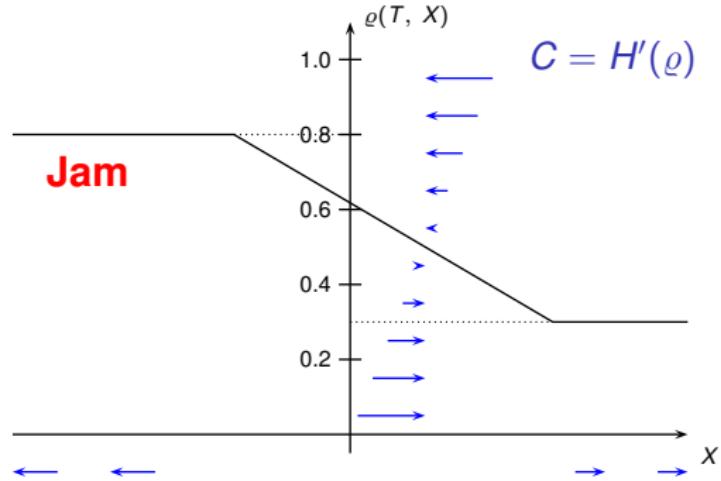
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



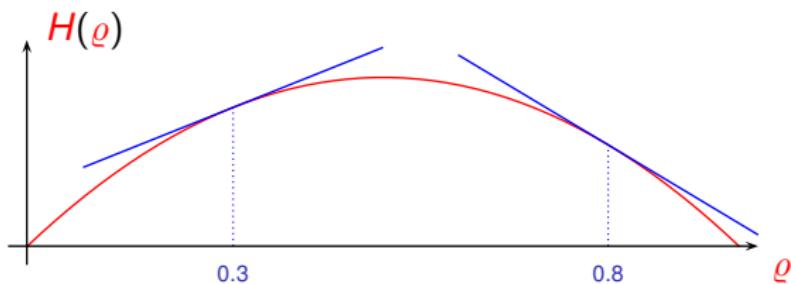
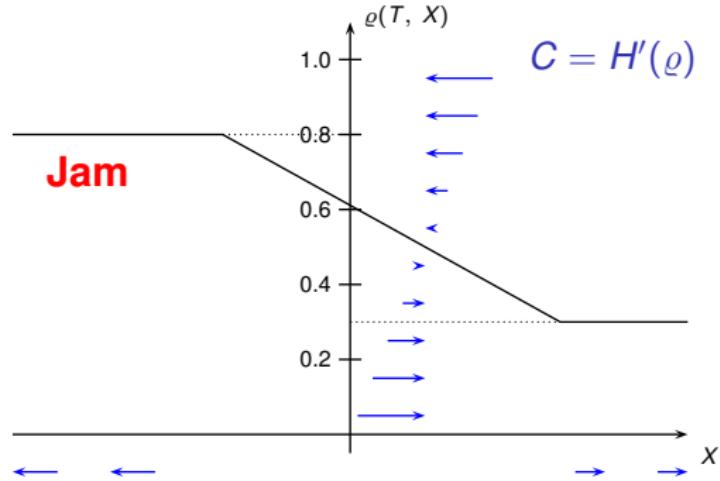
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



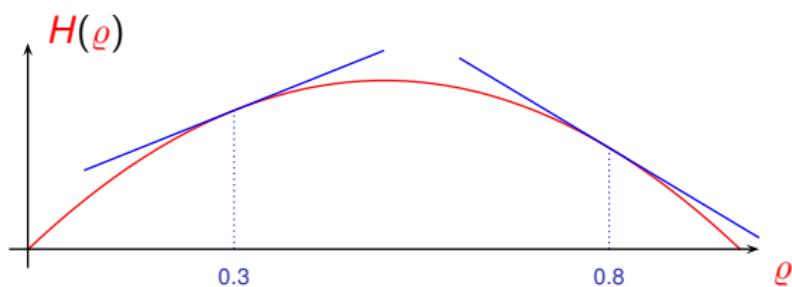
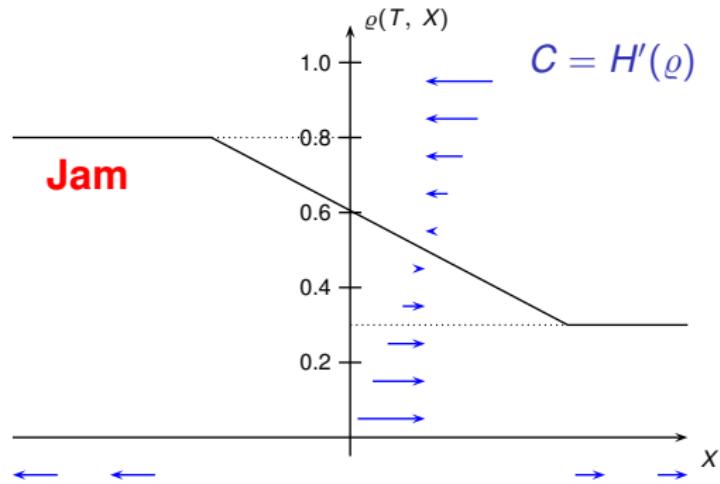
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



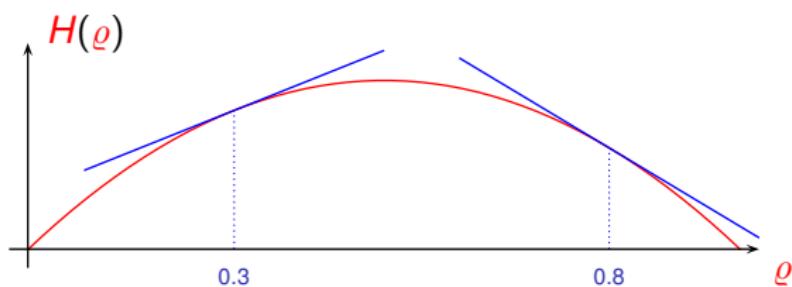
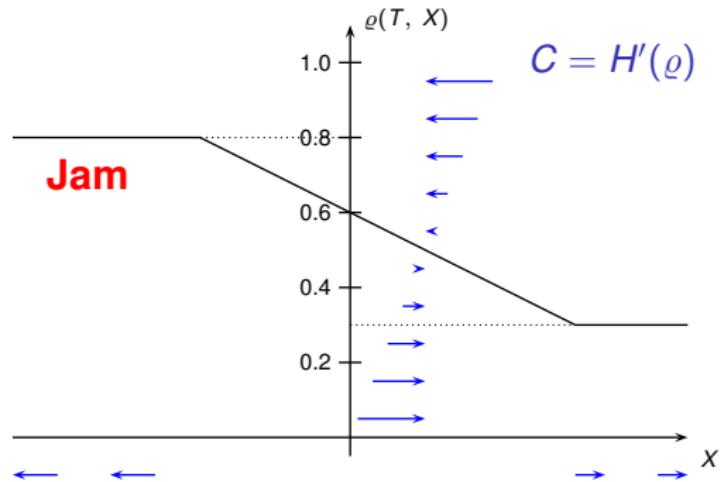
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



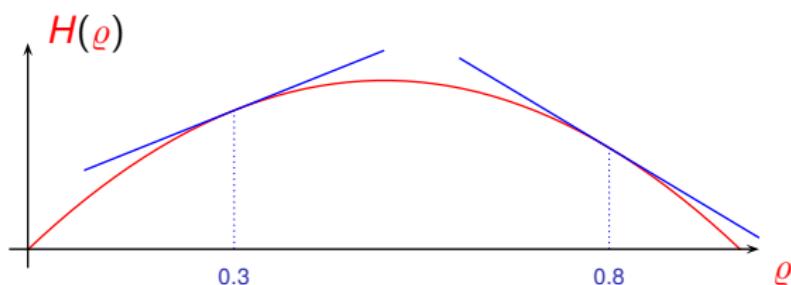
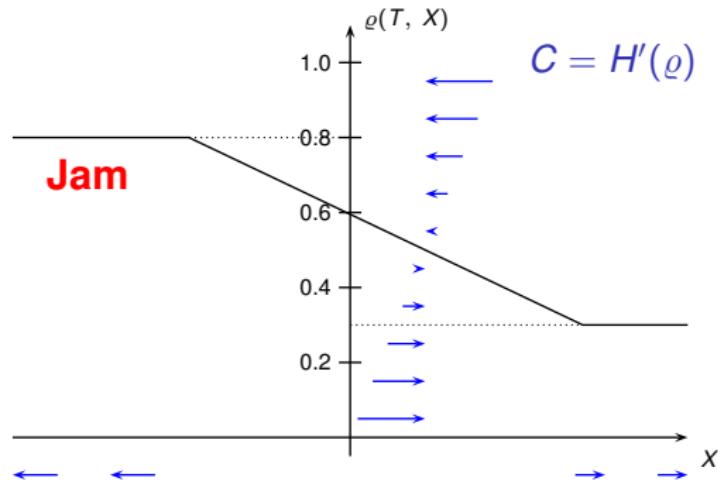
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



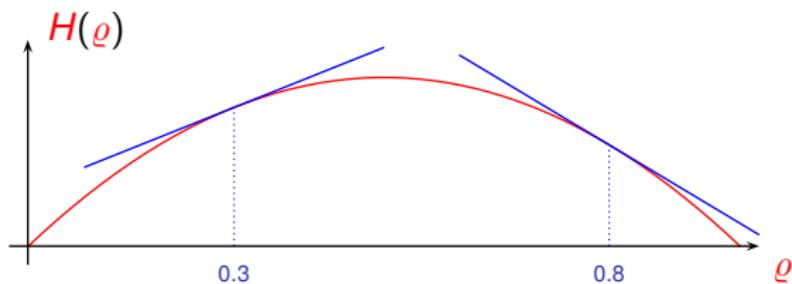
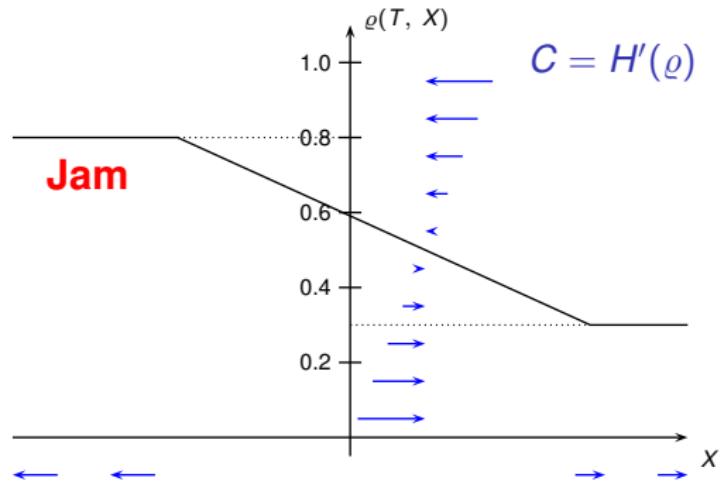
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



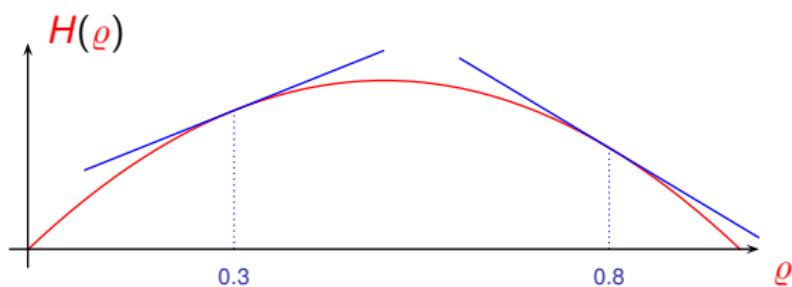
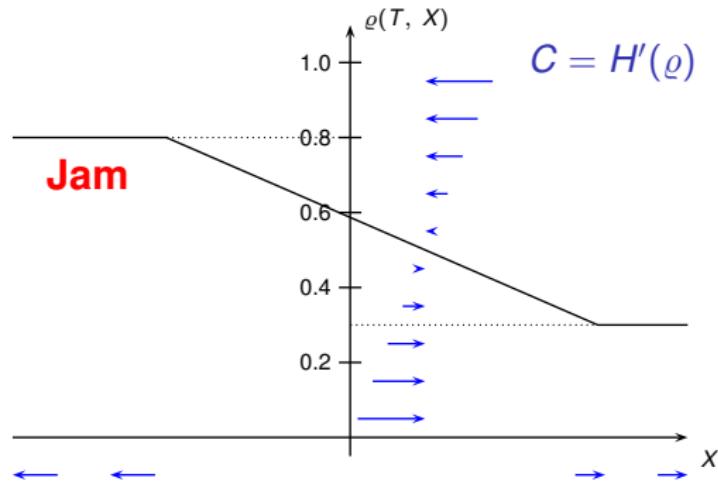
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



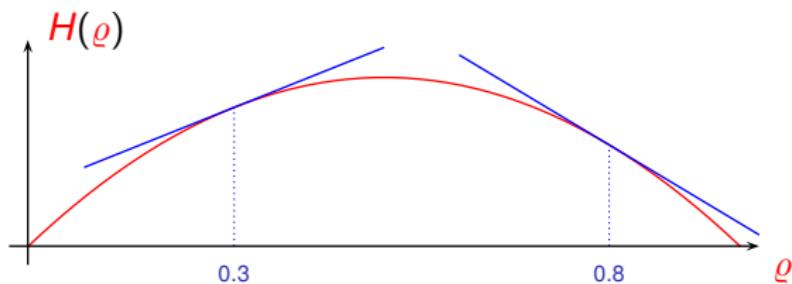
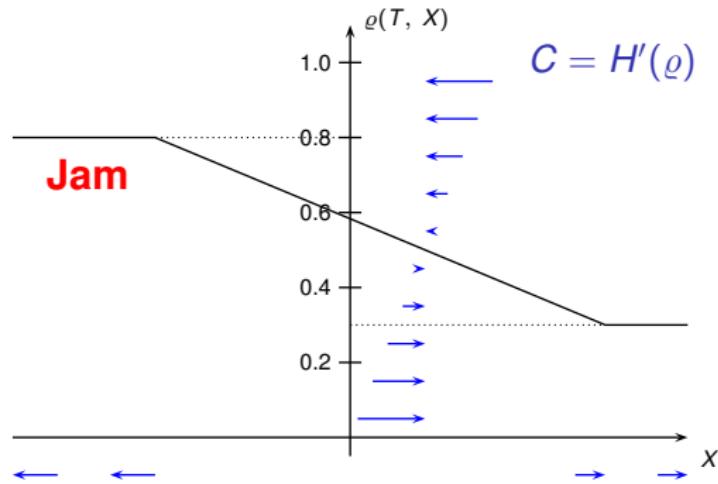
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



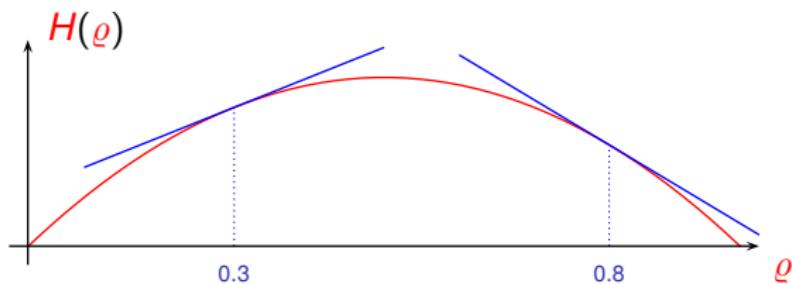
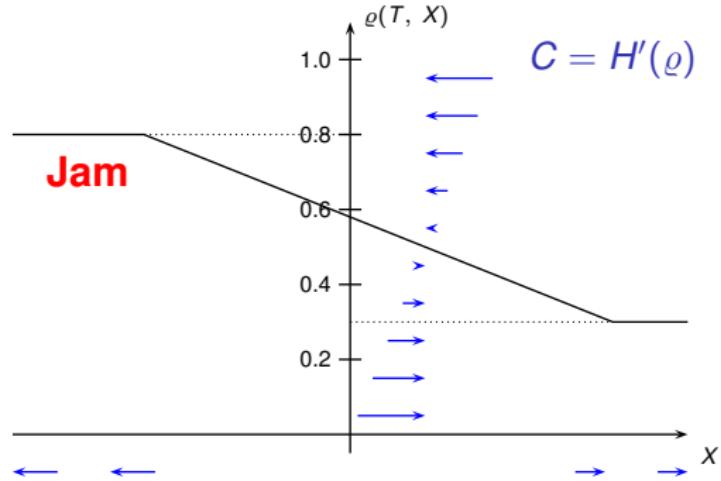
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



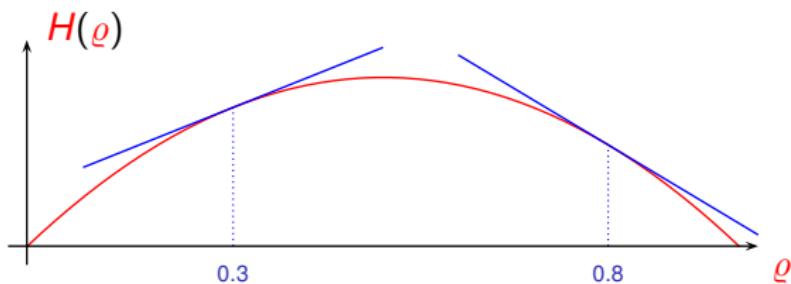
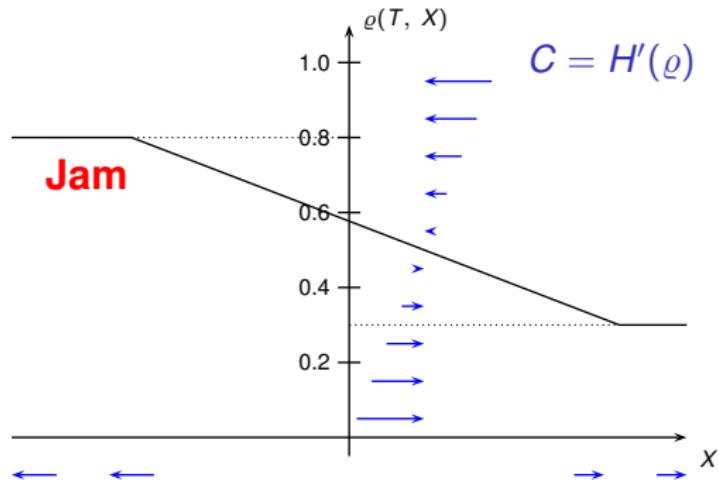
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



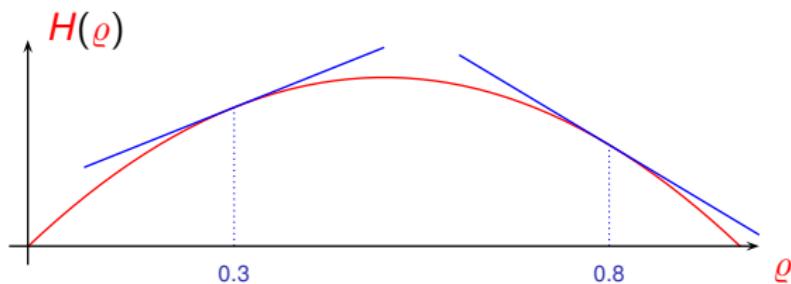
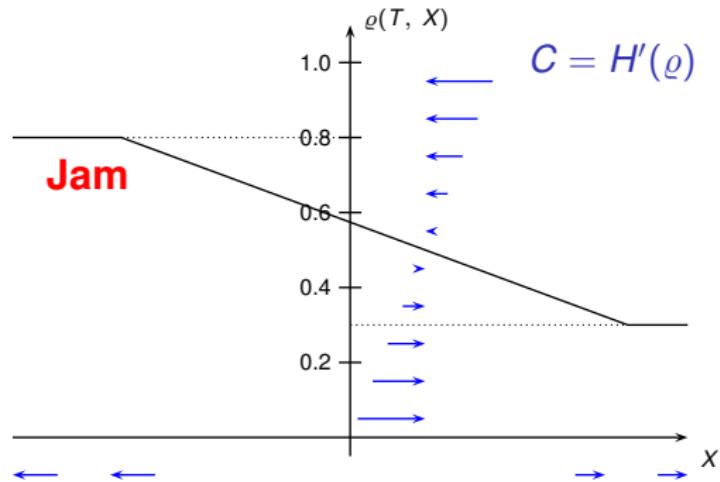
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



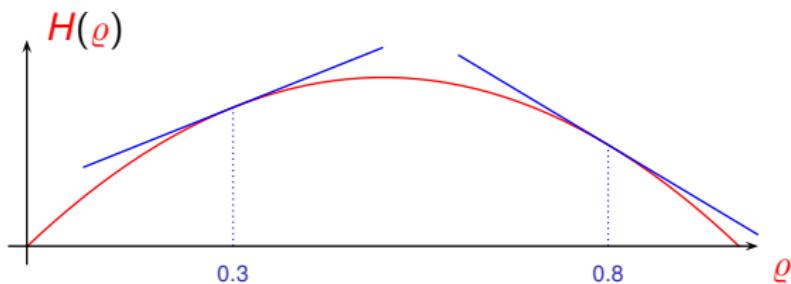
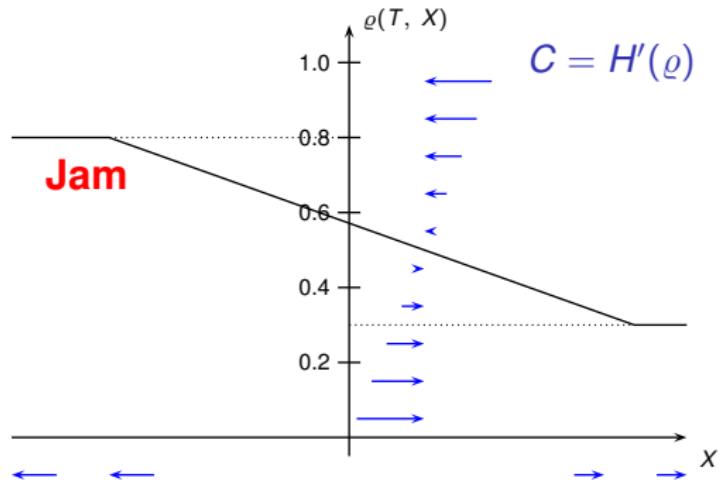
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



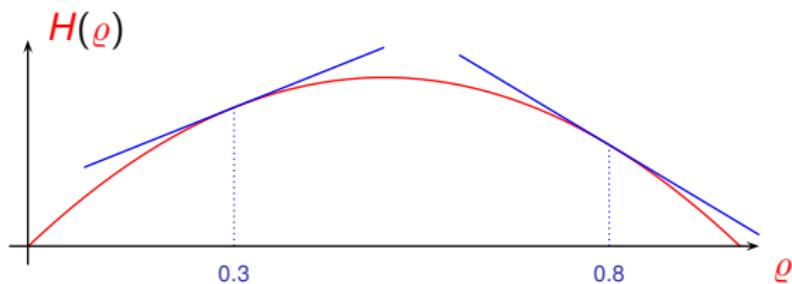
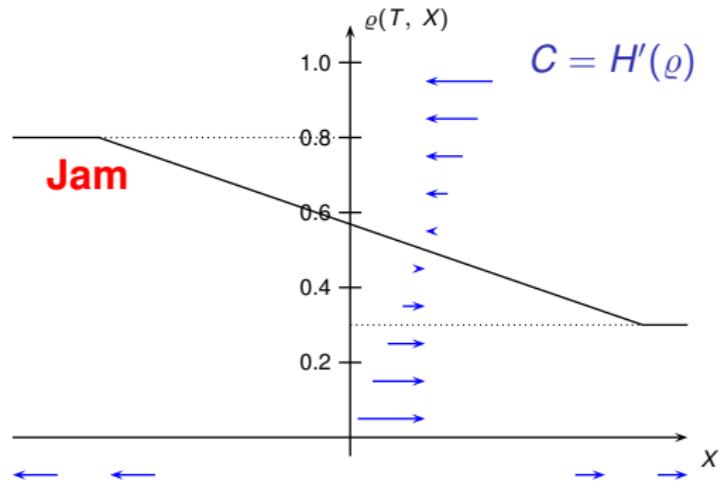
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



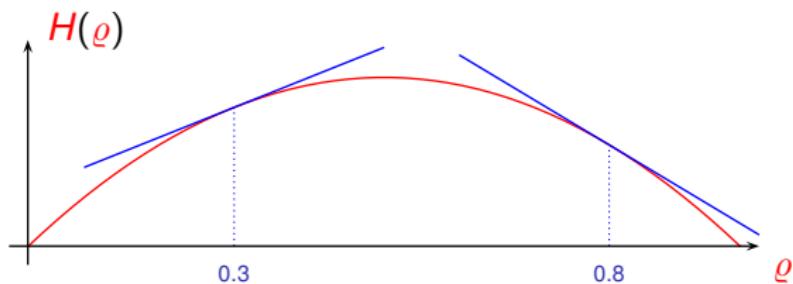
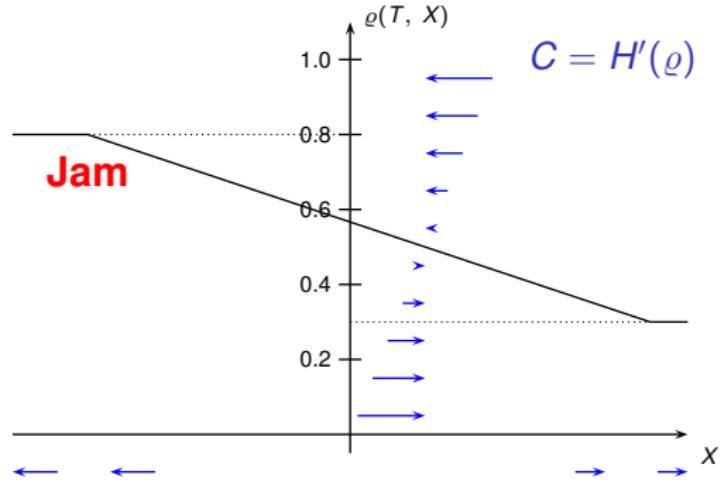
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



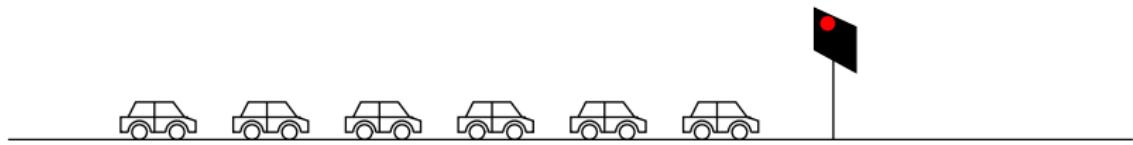
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



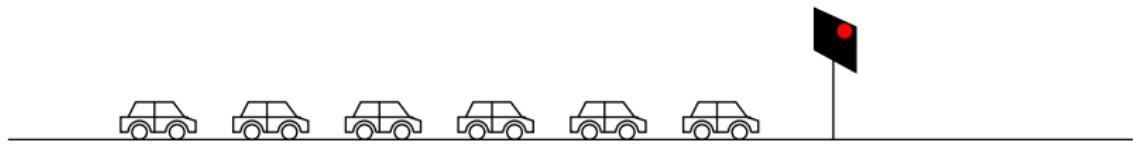
## Rescaled version: rarefaction fan



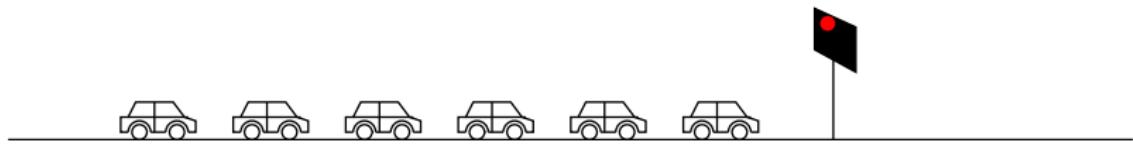
# Leaving a traffic jam



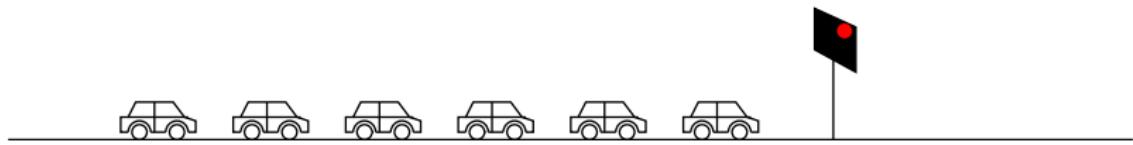
# Leaving a traffic jam



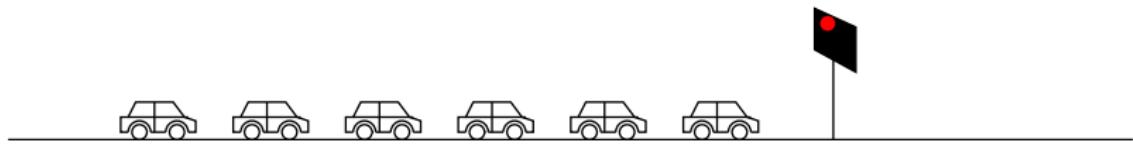
# Leaving a traffic jam



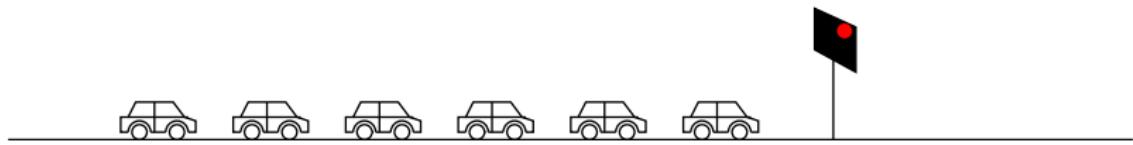
# Leaving a traffic jam



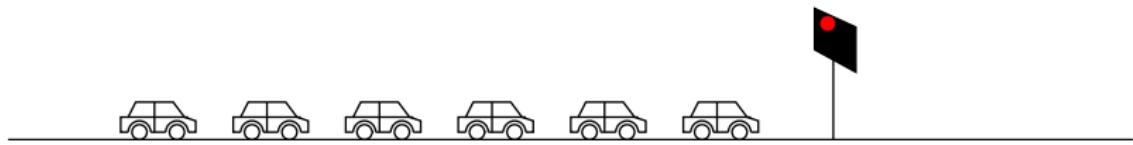
# Leaving a traffic jam



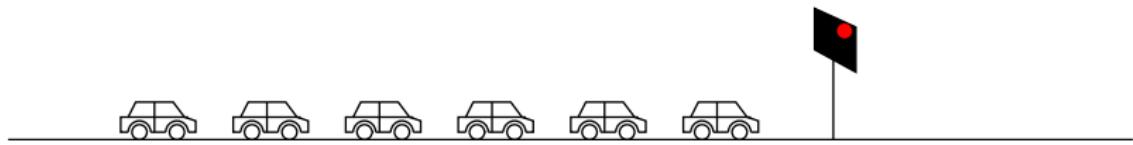
# Leaving a traffic jam



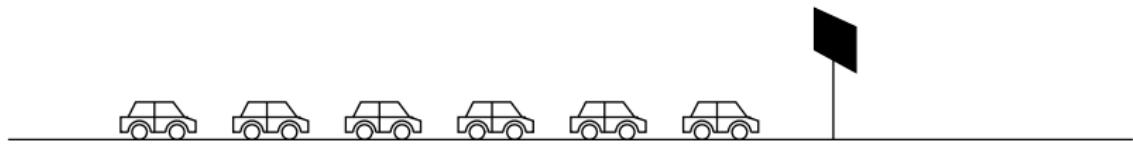
# Leaving a traffic jam



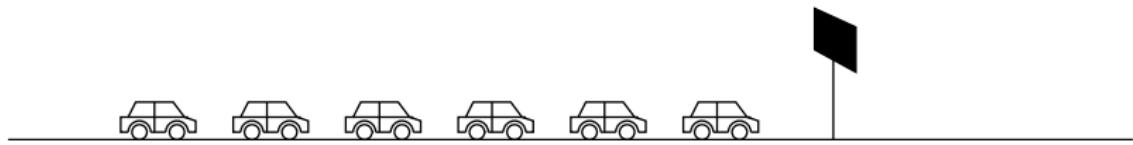
# Leaving a traffic jam



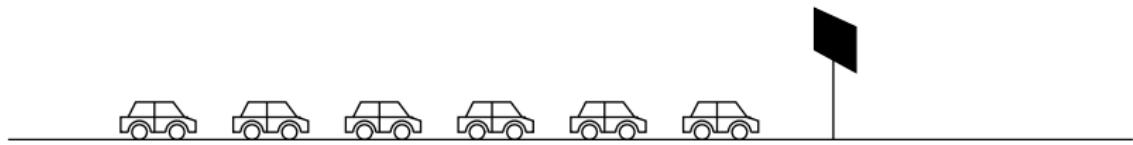
# Leaving a traffic jam



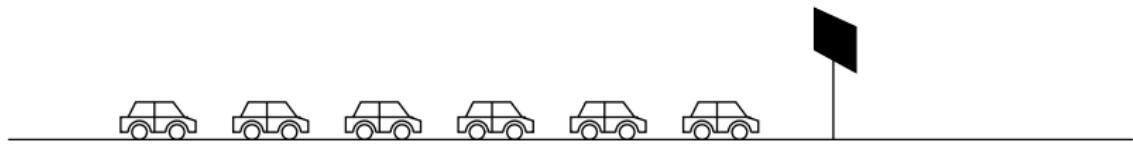
# Leaving a traffic jam



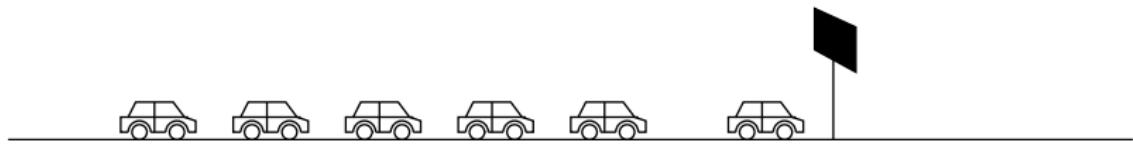
# Leaving a traffic jam



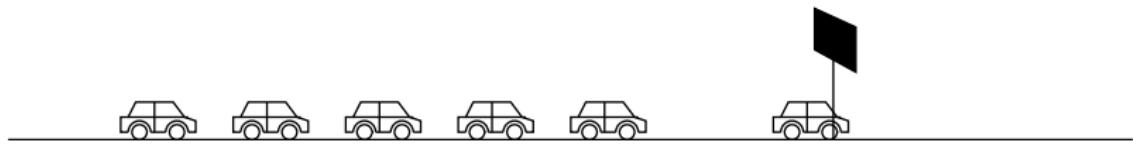
# Leaving a traffic jam



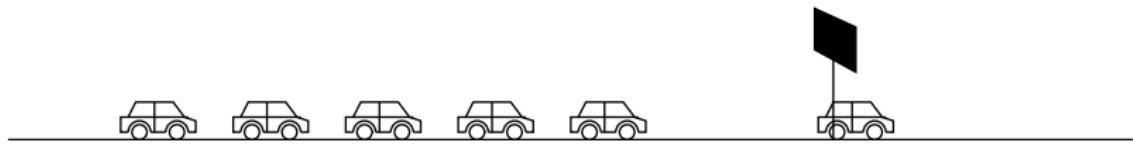
# Leaving a traffic jam



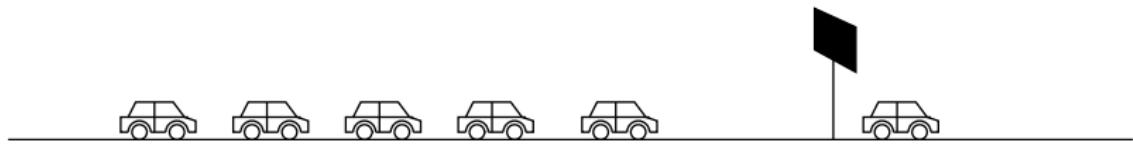
# Leaving a traffic jam



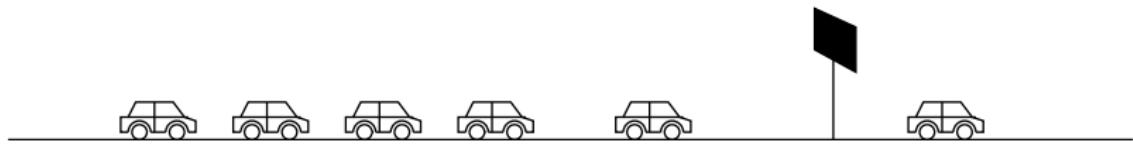
# Leaving a traffic jam



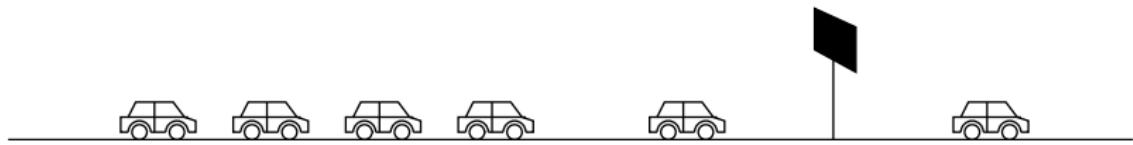
# Leaving a traffic jam



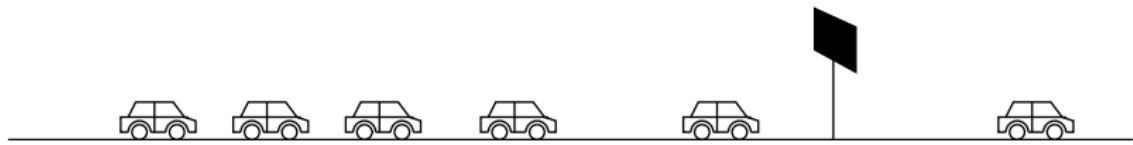
# Leaving a traffic jam



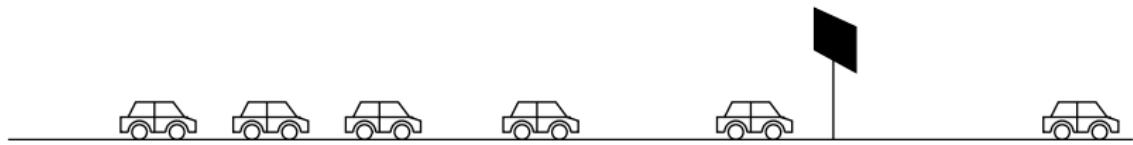
# Leaving a traffic jam



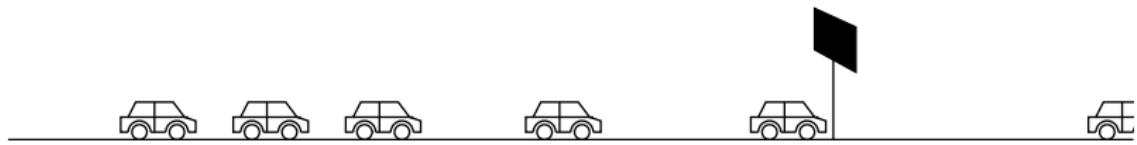
# Leaving a traffic jam



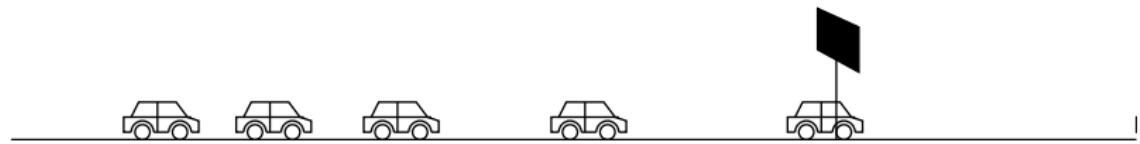
# Leaving a traffic jam



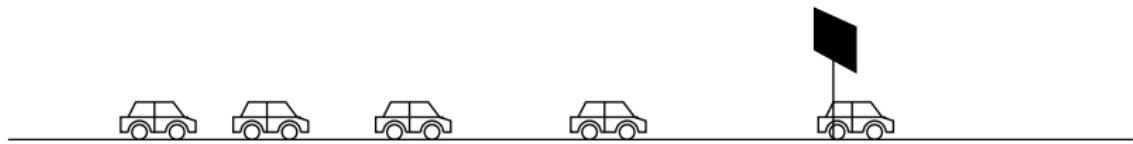
# Leaving a traffic jam



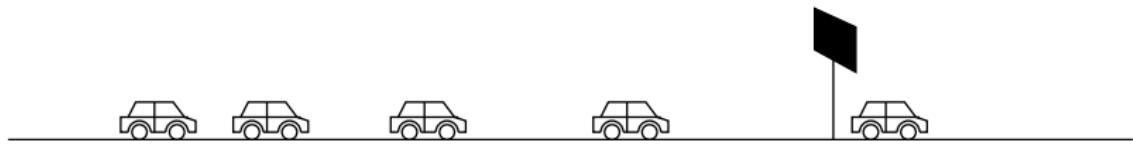
# Leaving a traffic jam



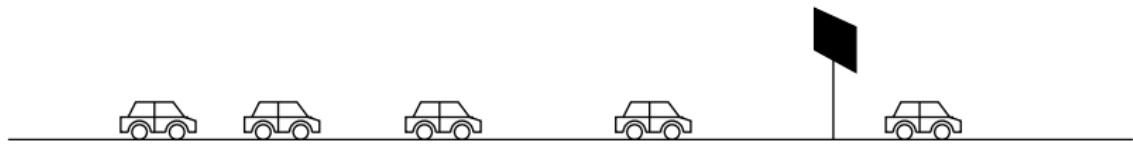
# Leaving a traffic jam



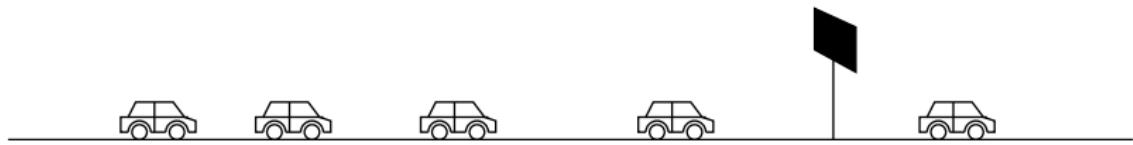
# Leaving a traffic jam



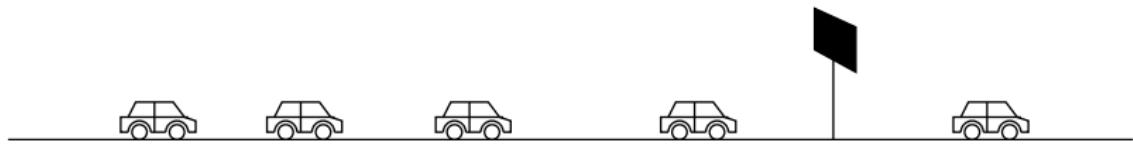
# Leaving a traffic jam



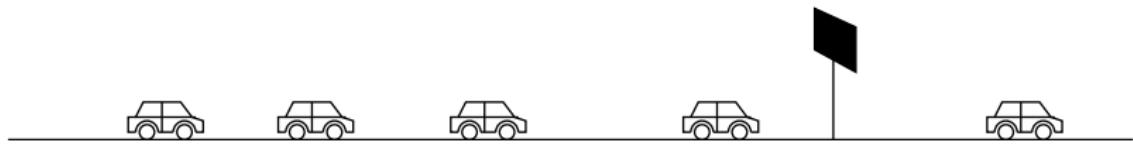
# Leaving a traffic jam



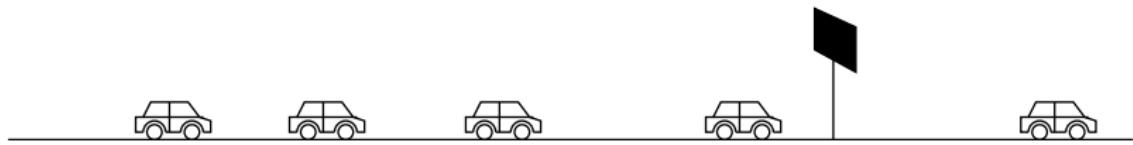
# Leaving a traffic jam



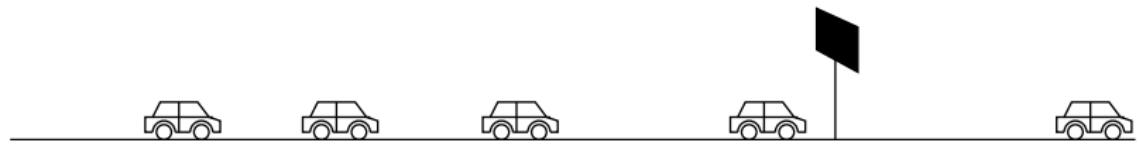
# Leaving a traffic jam



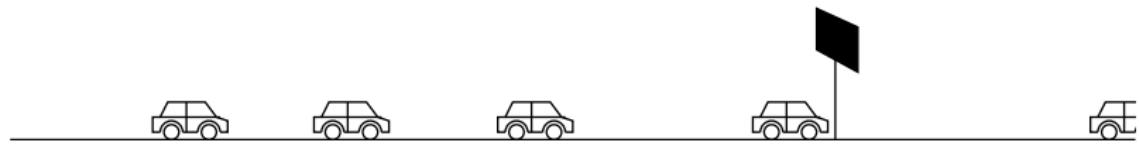
# Leaving a traffic jam



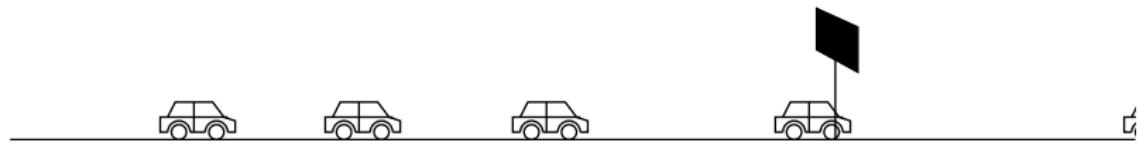
# Leaving a traffic jam



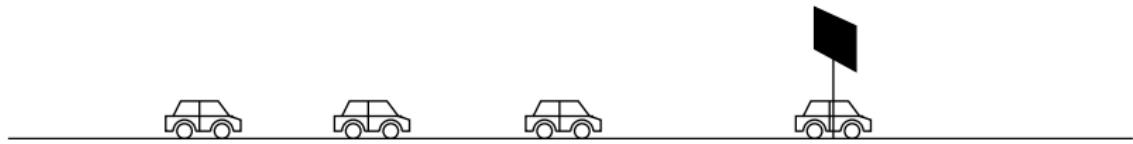
# Leaving a traffic jam



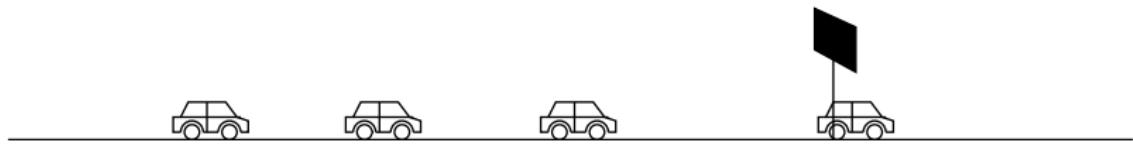
# Leaving a traffic jam



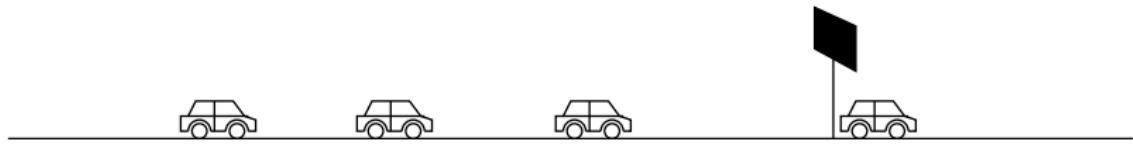
# Leaving a traffic jam



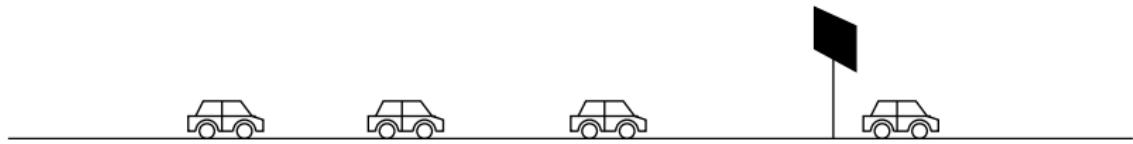
# Leaving a traffic jam



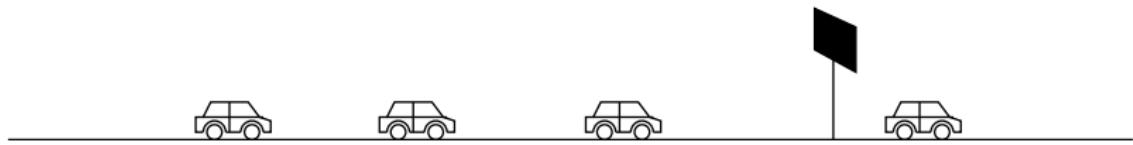
# Leaving a traffic jam



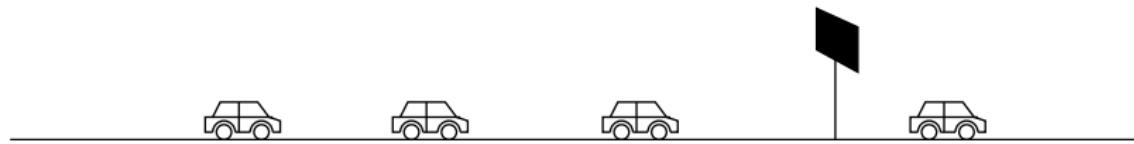
# Leaving a traffic jam



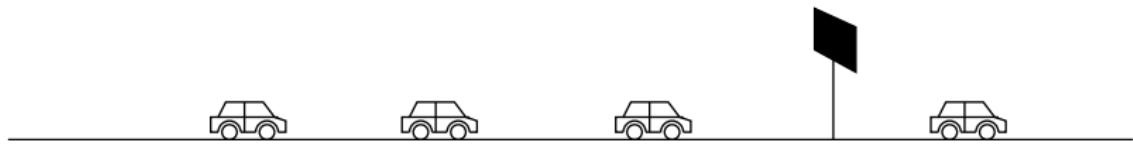
# Leaving a traffic jam



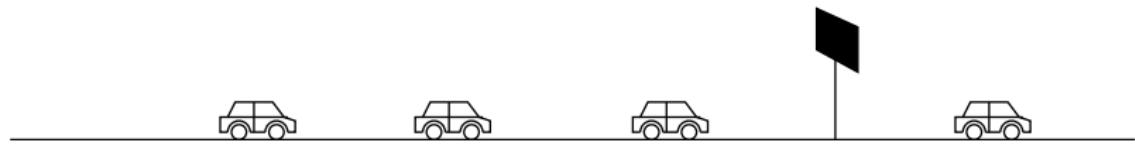
# Leaving a traffic jam



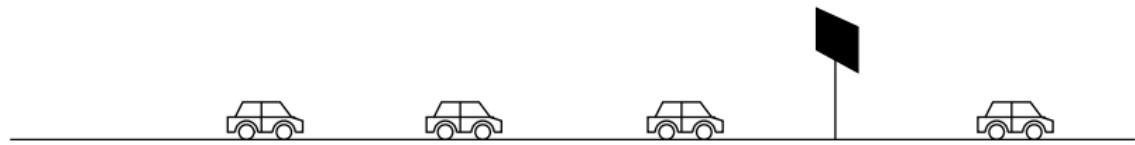
# Leaving a traffic jam



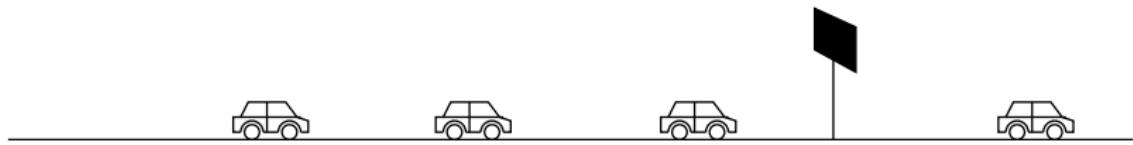
# Leaving a traffic jam



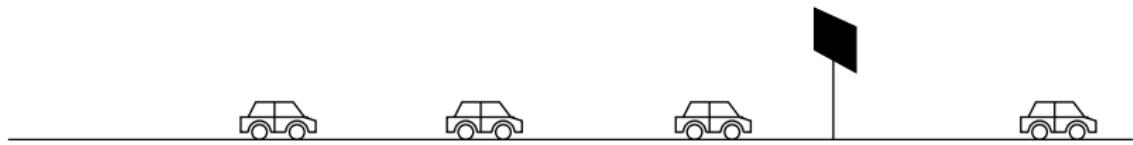
# Leaving a traffic jam



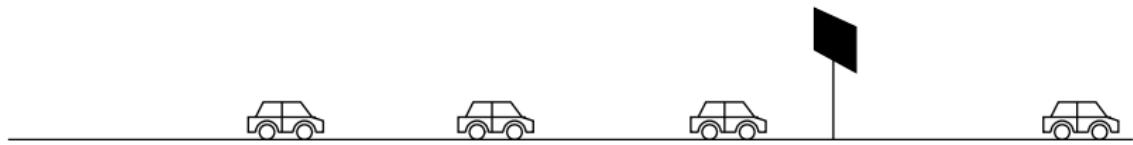
# Leaving a traffic jam



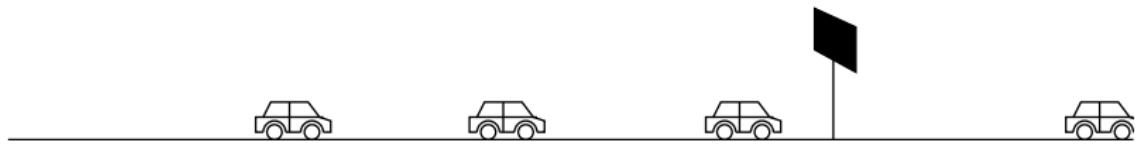
# Leaving a traffic jam



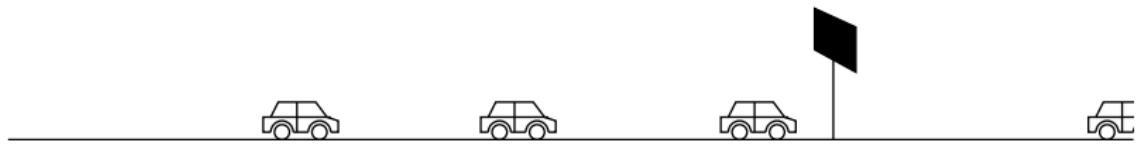
# Leaving a traffic jam



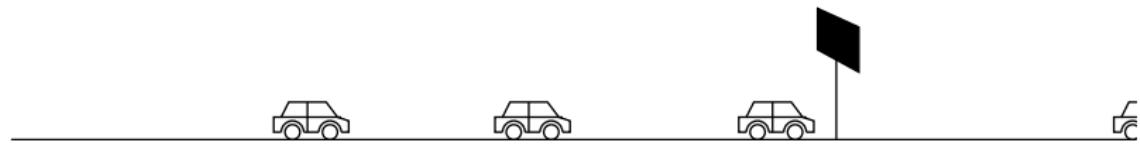
# Leaving a traffic jam



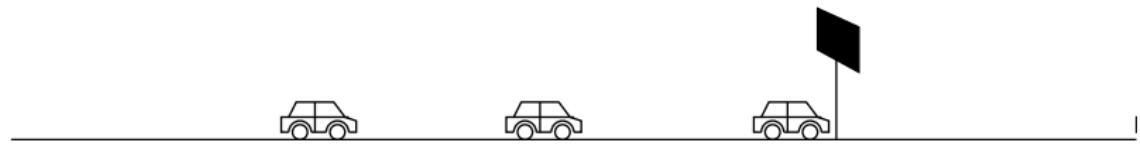
# Leaving a traffic jam



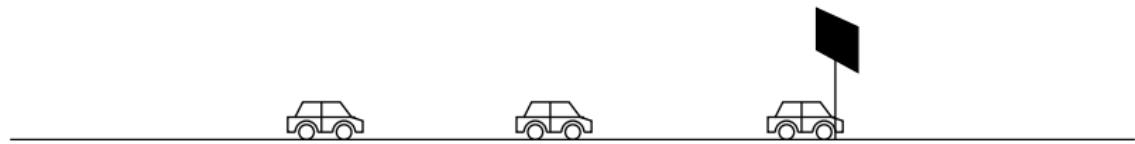
# Leaving a traffic jam



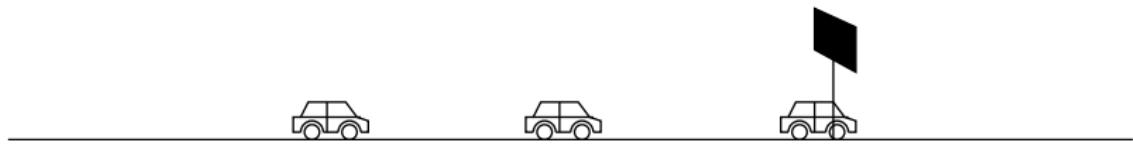
# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



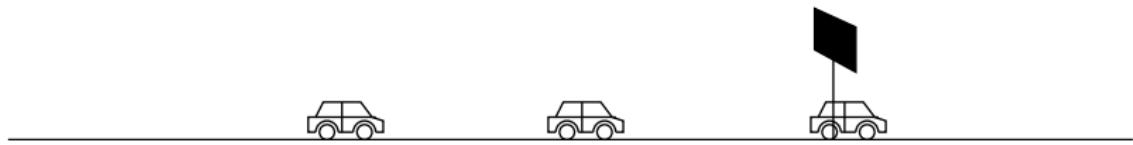
# Leaving a traffic jam



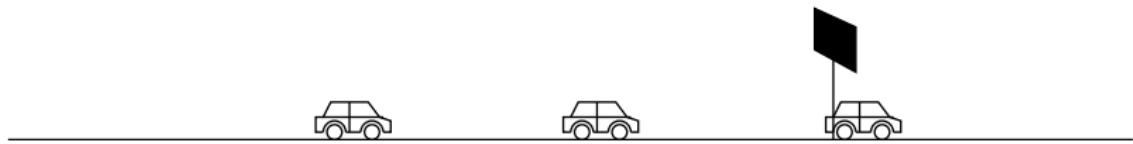
# Leaving a traffic jam



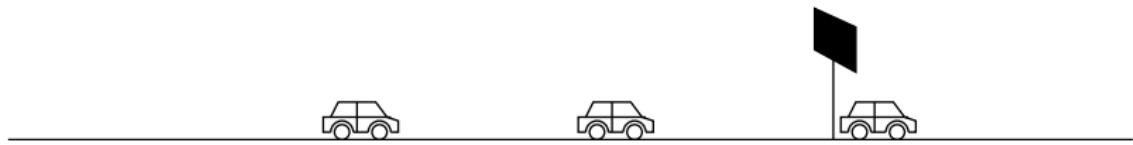
# Leaving a traffic jam



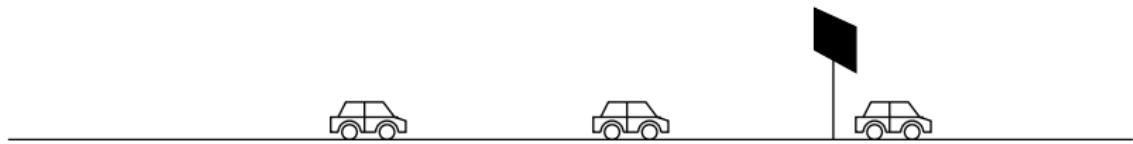
# Leaving a traffic jam



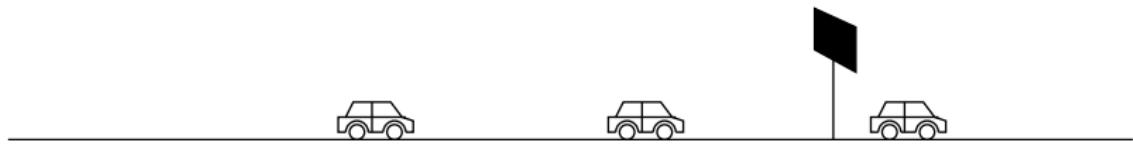
# Leaving a traffic jam



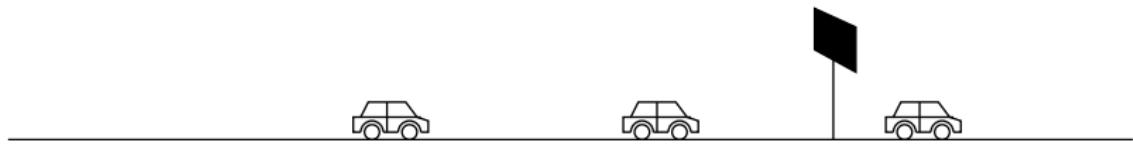
# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



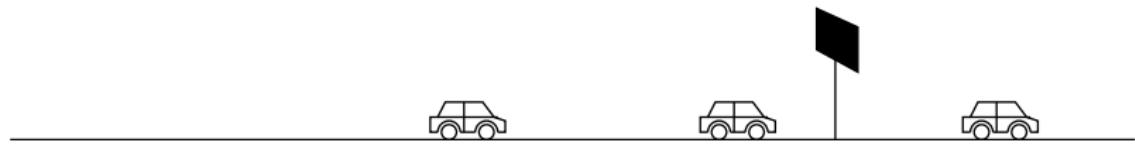
# Leaving a traffic jam



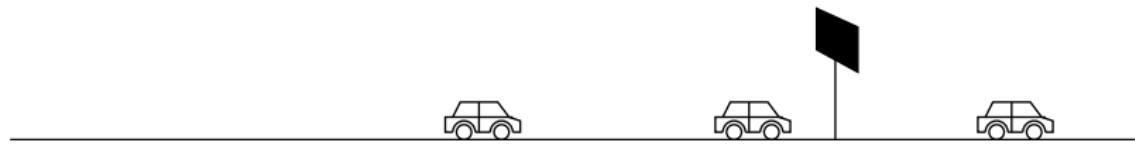
# Leaving a traffic jam



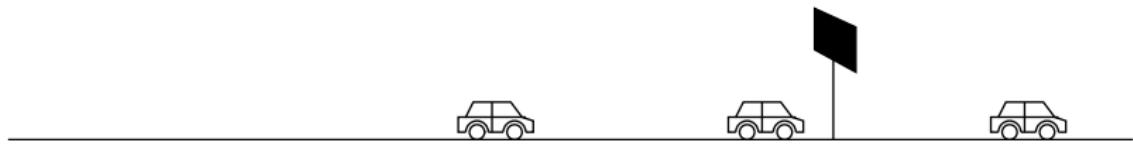
# Leaving a traffic jam



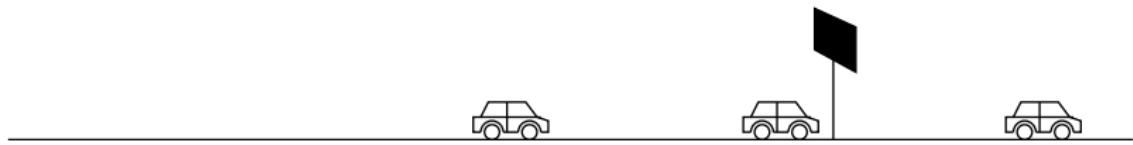
# Leaving a traffic jam



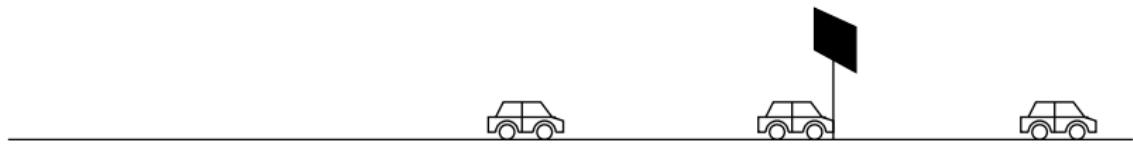
# Leaving a traffic jam



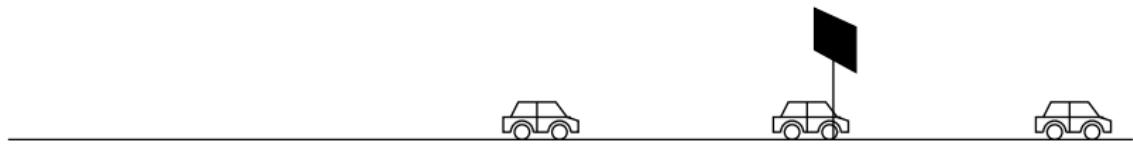
# Leaving a traffic jam



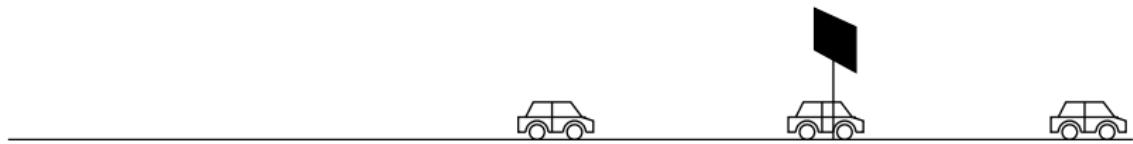
# Leaving a traffic jam



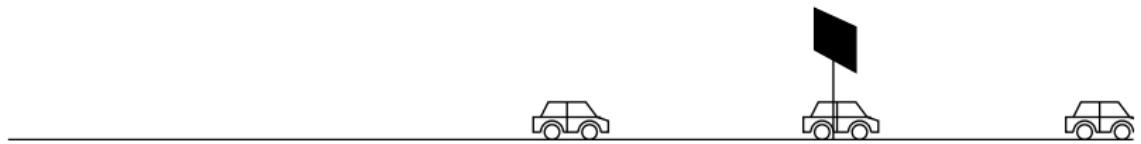
# Leaving a traffic jam



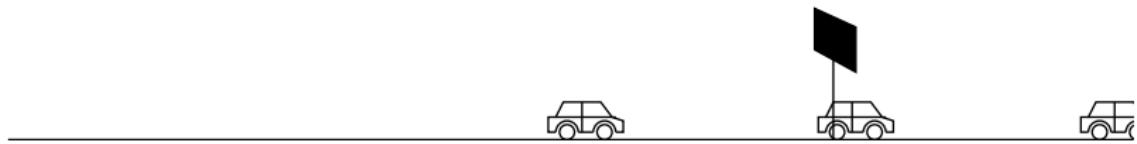
# Leaving a traffic jam



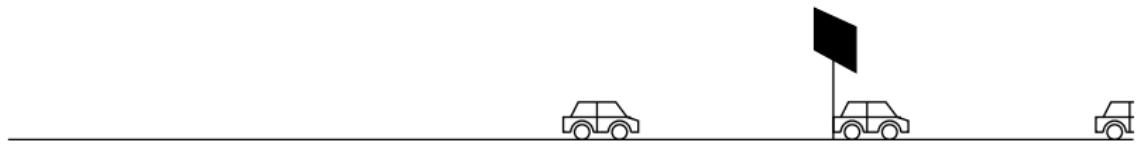
# Leaving a traffic jam



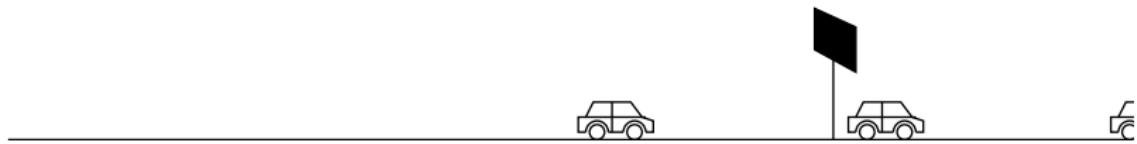
# Leaving a traffic jam



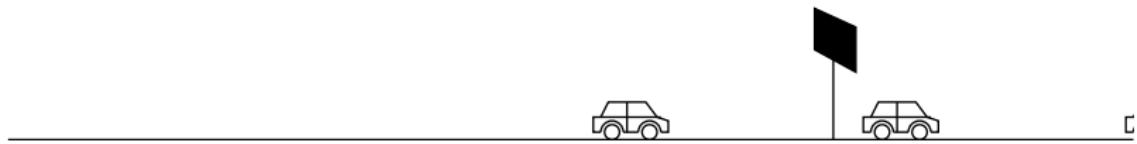
# Leaving a traffic jam



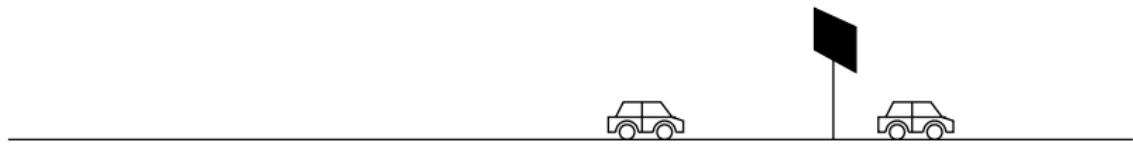
# Leaving a traffic jam



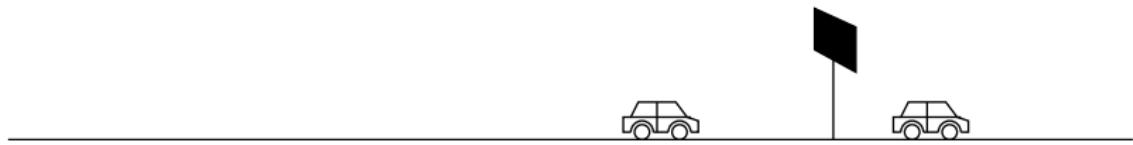
# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



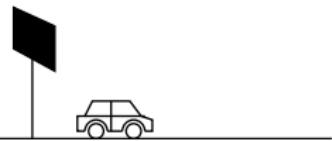
# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



# Leaving a traffic jam



Continuous, long acceleration for those starting from the rear

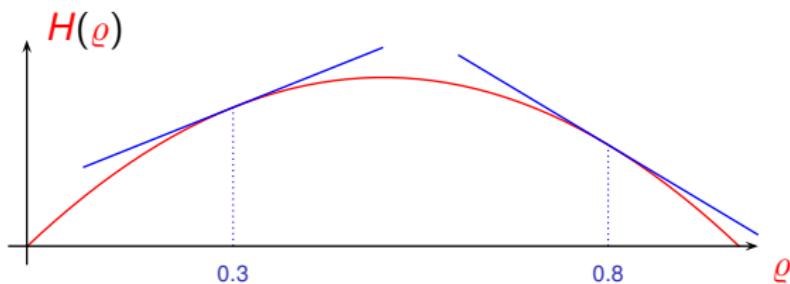
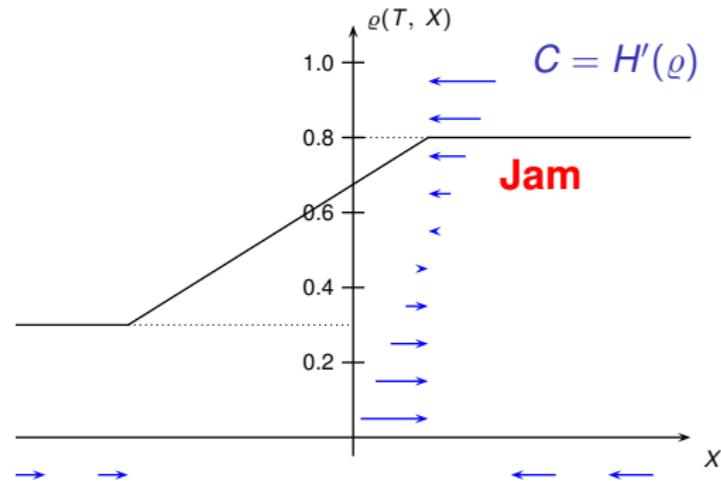
# Leaving a traffic jam



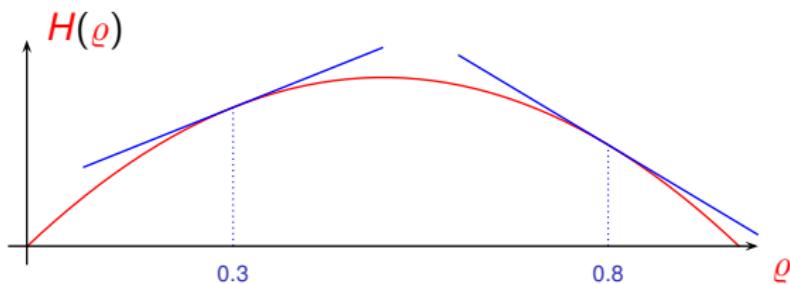
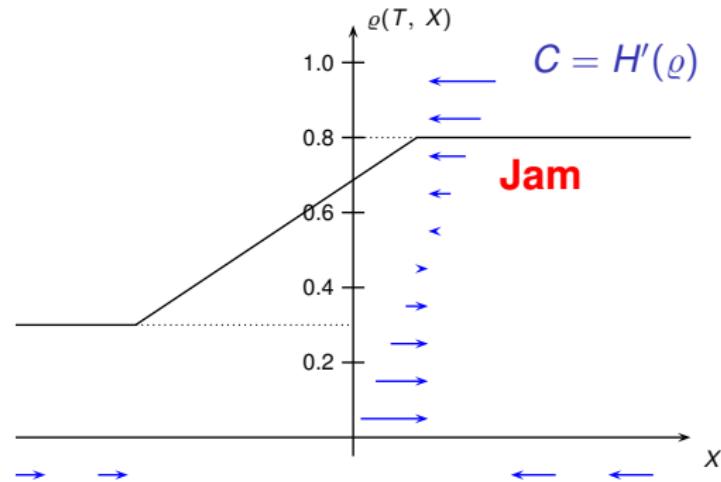
Continuous, long acceleration for those starting from the rear

Leaving a traffic jam is always soft, “blurry”.

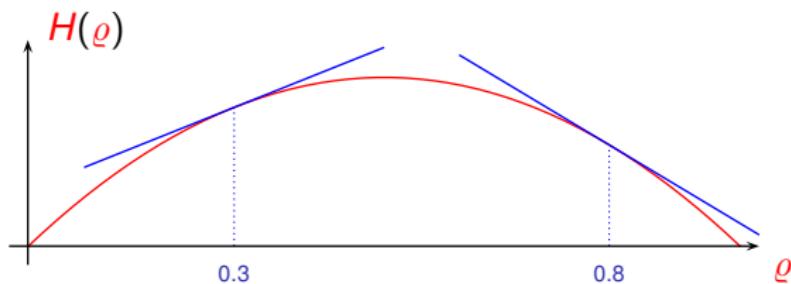
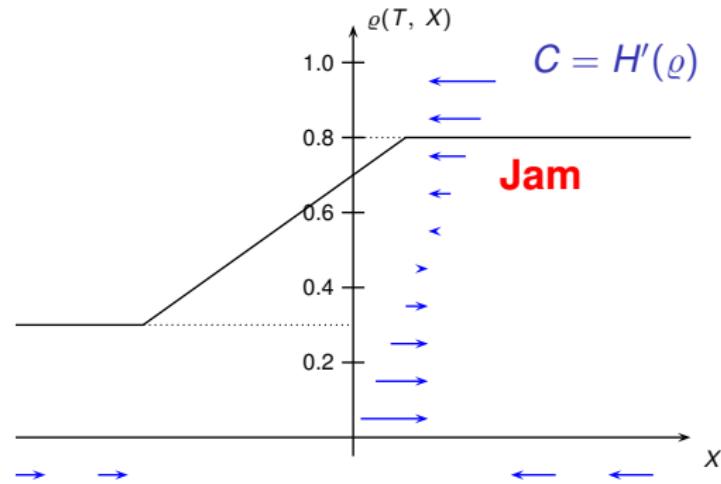
## Rescaled version: shock



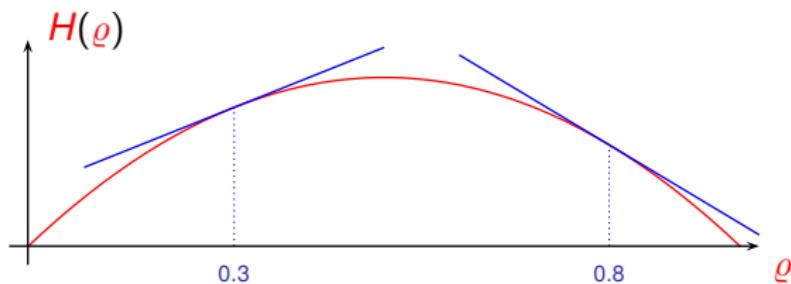
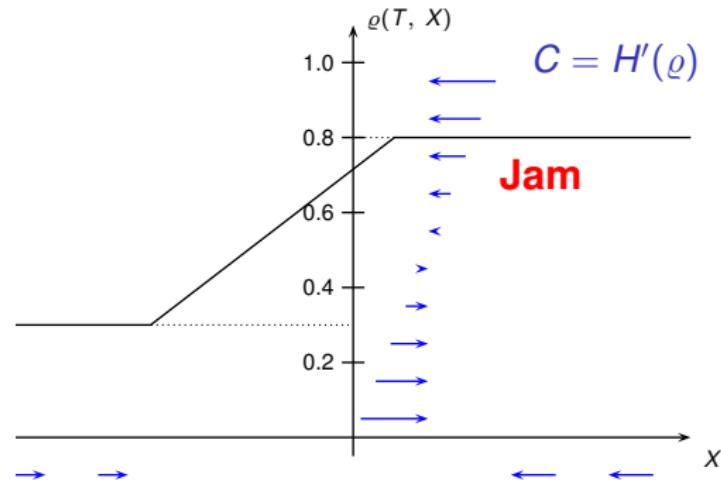
## Rescaled version: shock



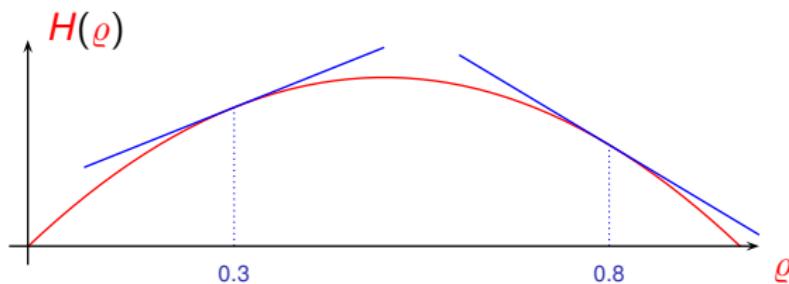
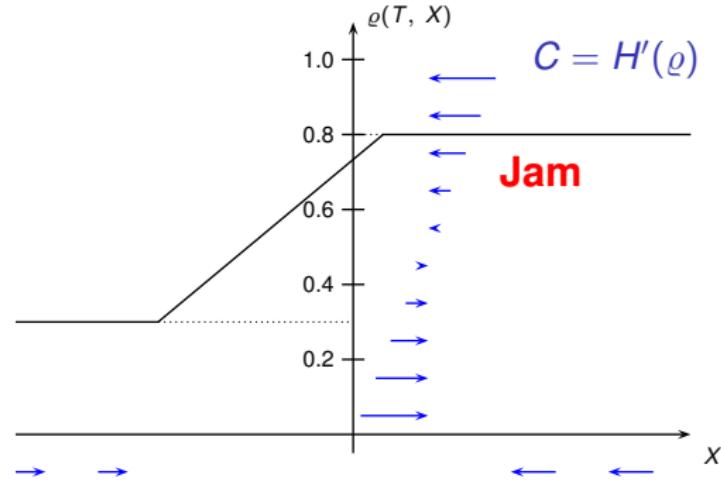
## Rescaled version: shock



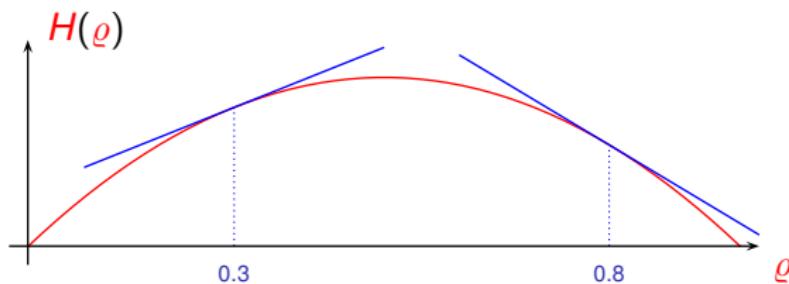
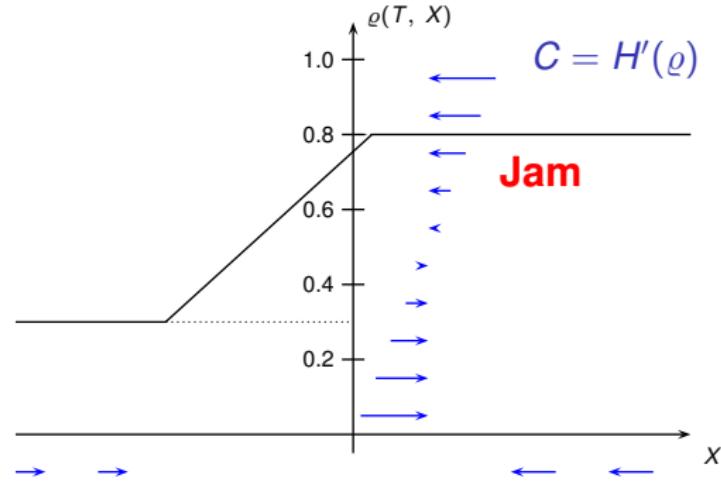
## Rescaled version: shock



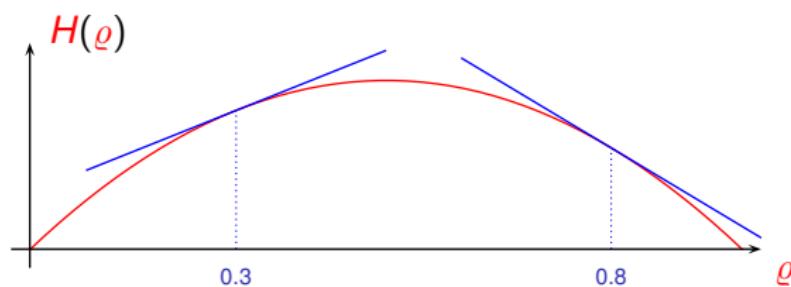
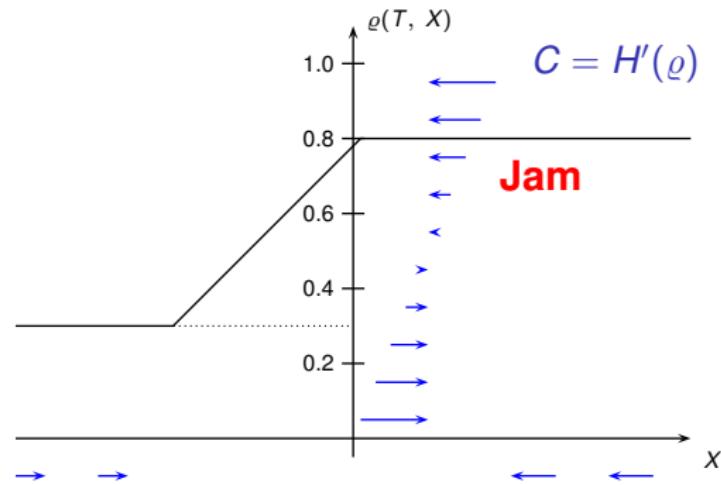
## Rescaled version: shock



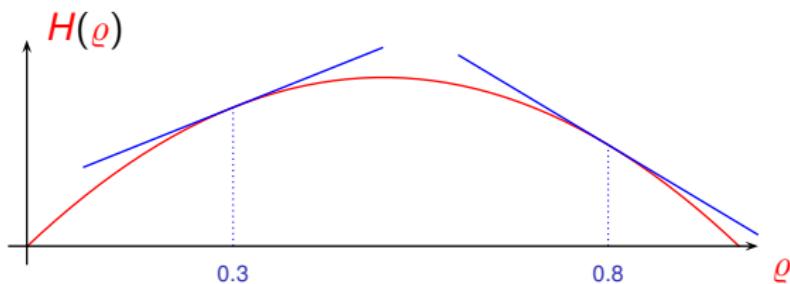
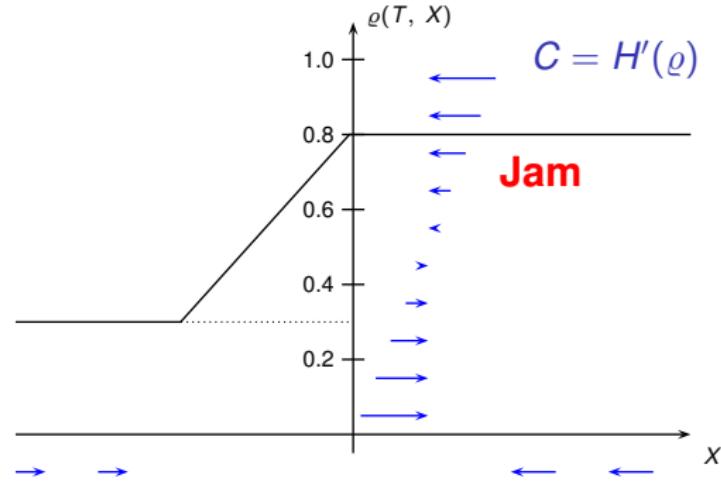
## Rescaled version: shock



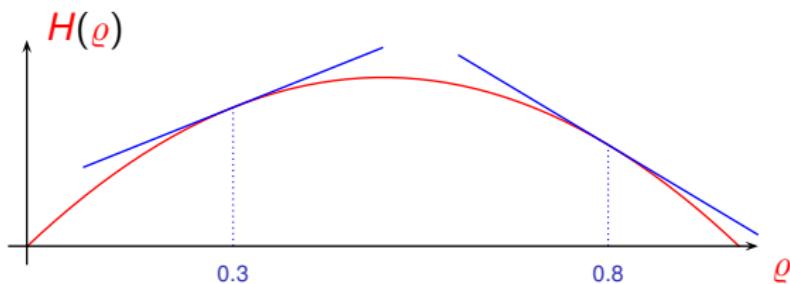
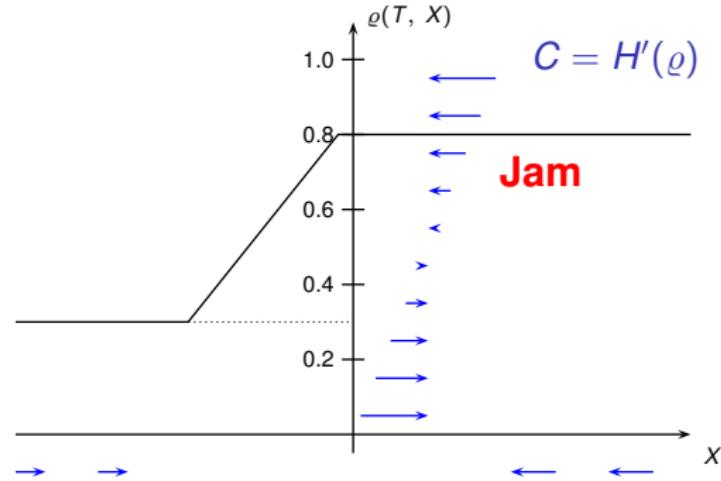
## Rescaled version: shock



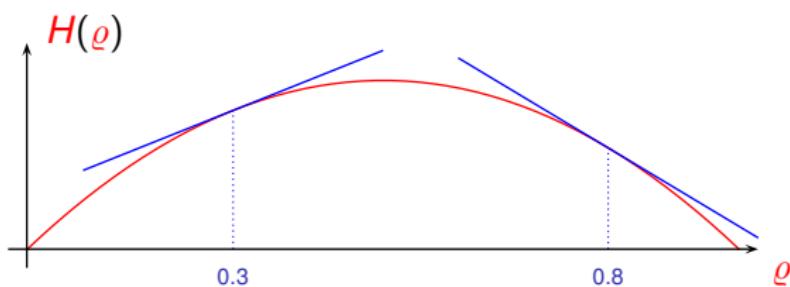
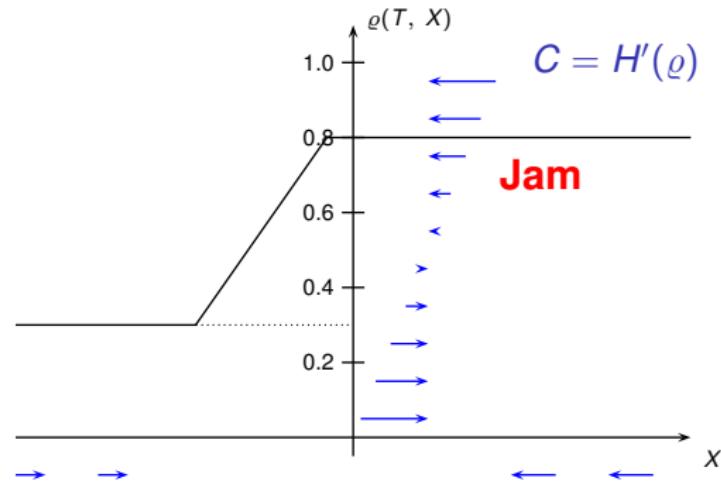
## Rescaled version: shock



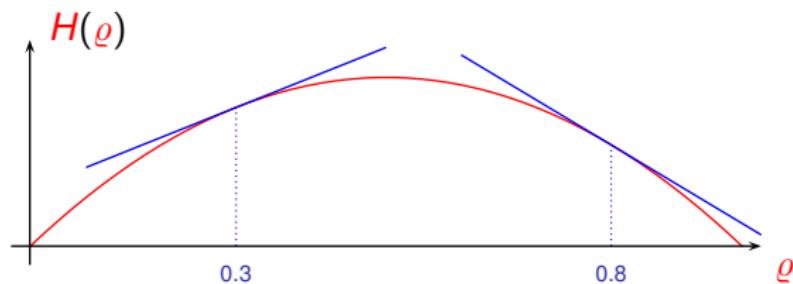
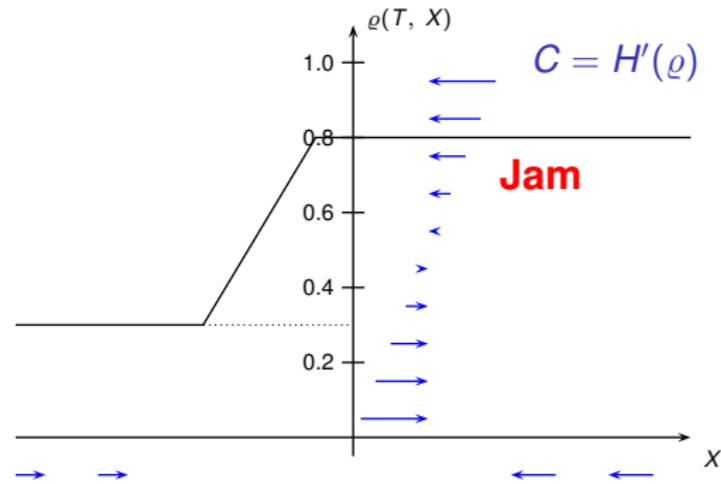
## Rescaled version: shock



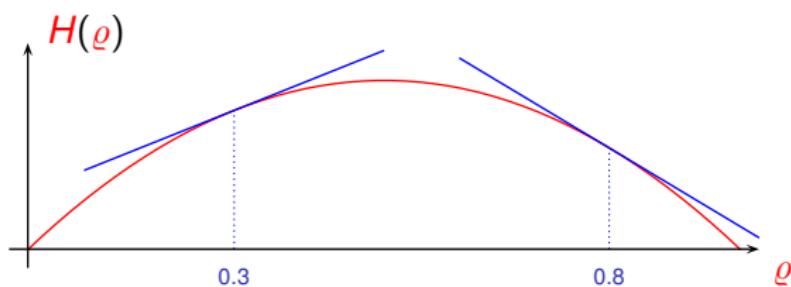
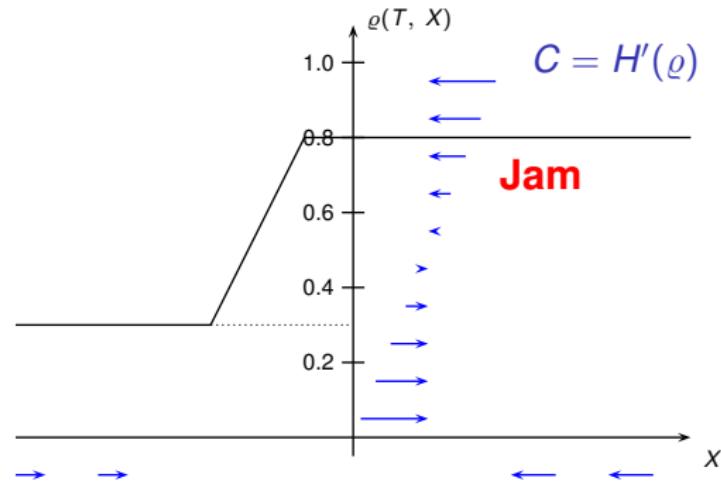
## Rescaled version: shock



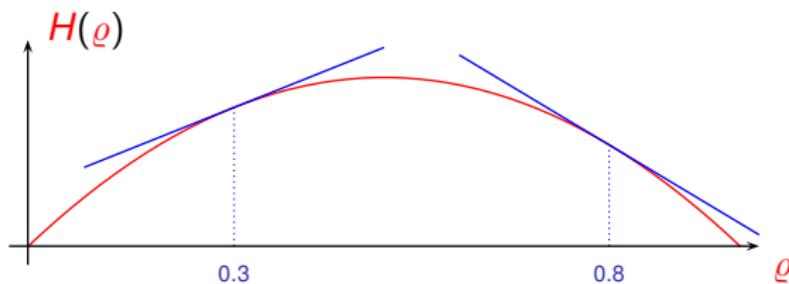
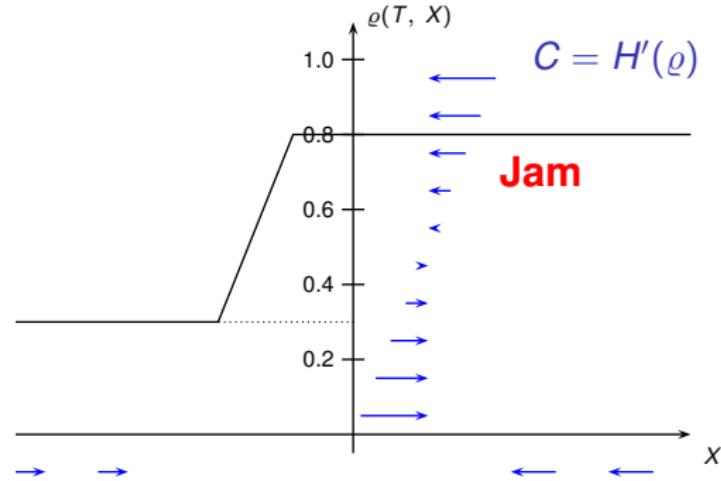
## Rescaled version: shock



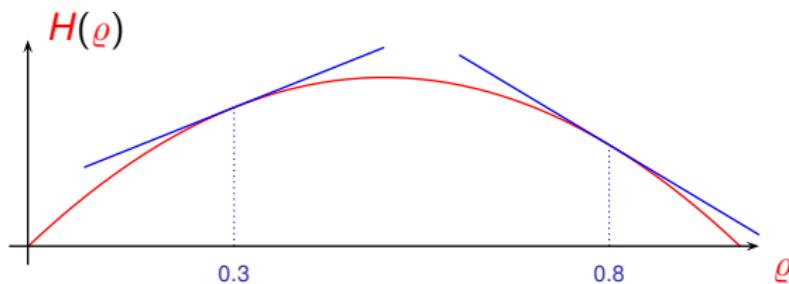
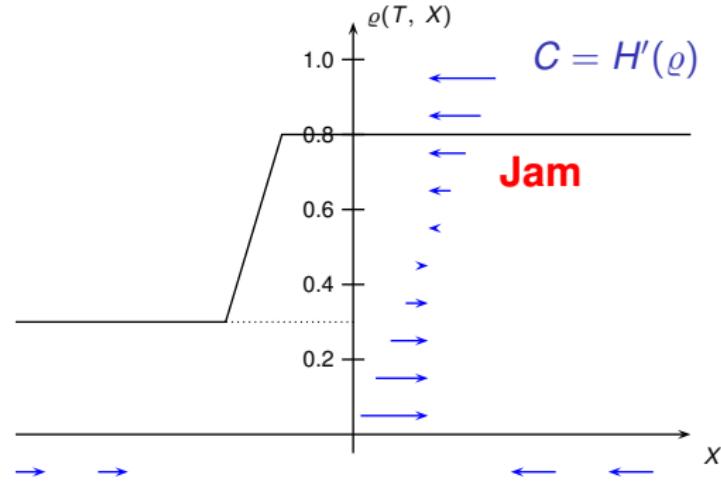
## Rescaled version: shock



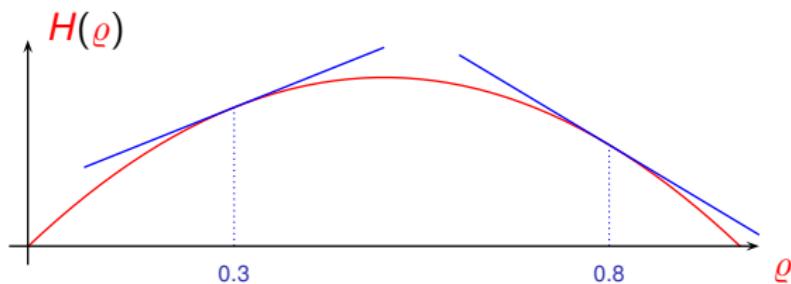
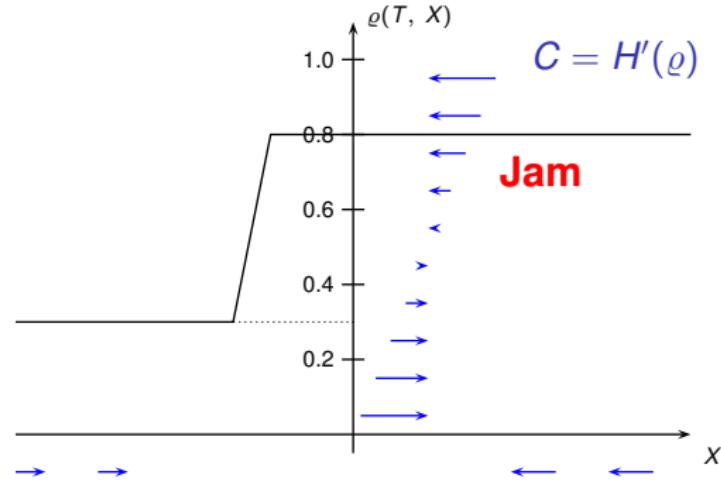
## Rescaled version: shock



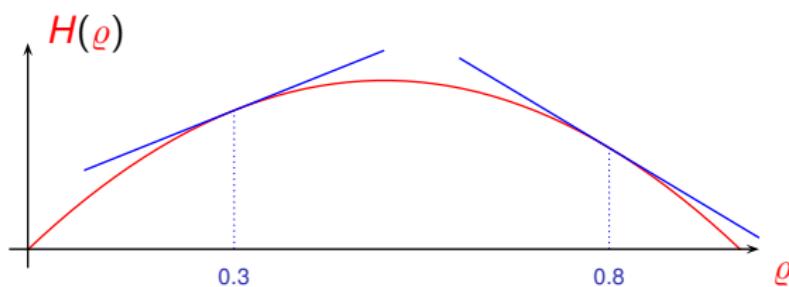
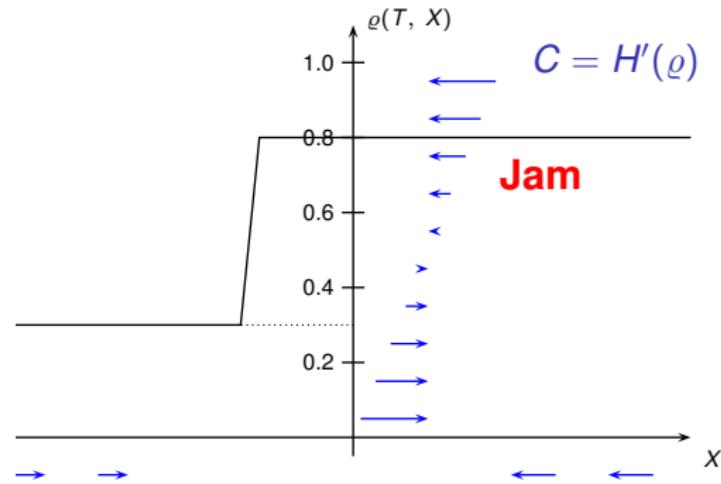
## Rescaled version: shock



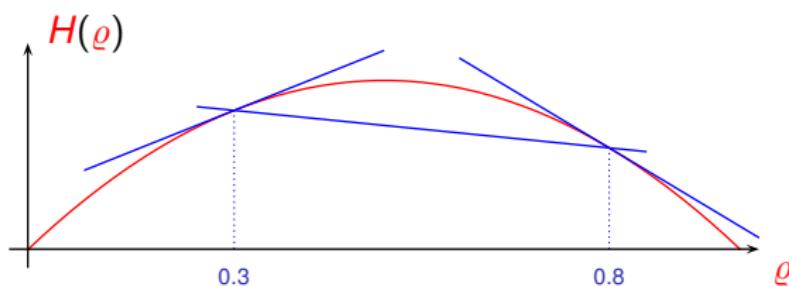
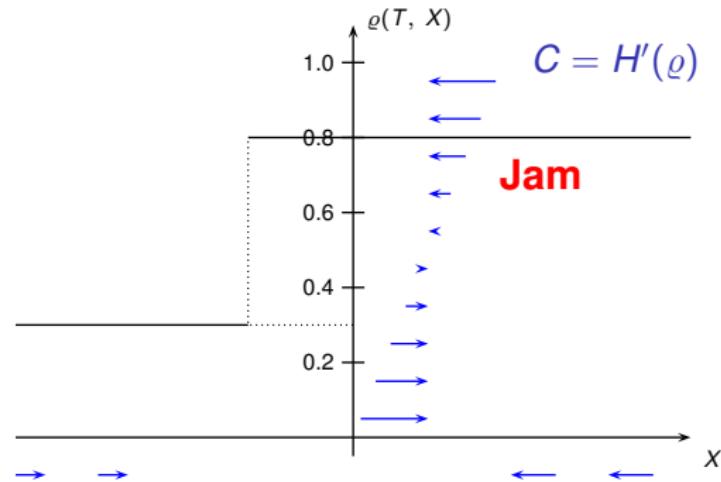
## Rescaled version: shock



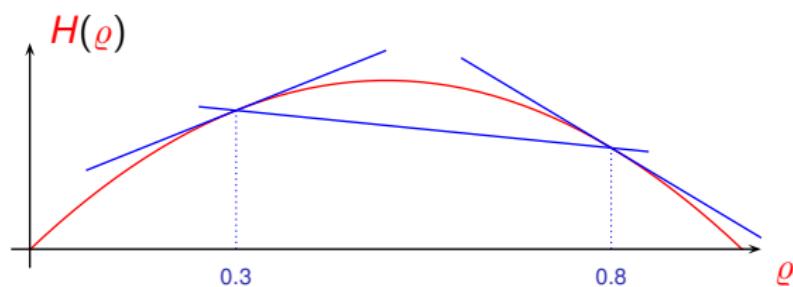
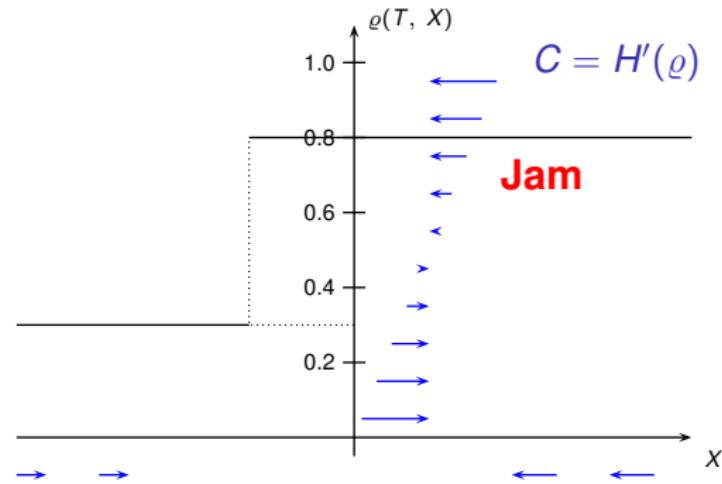
## Rescaled version: shock



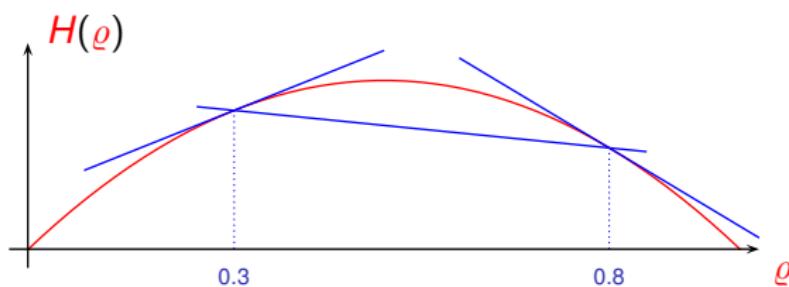
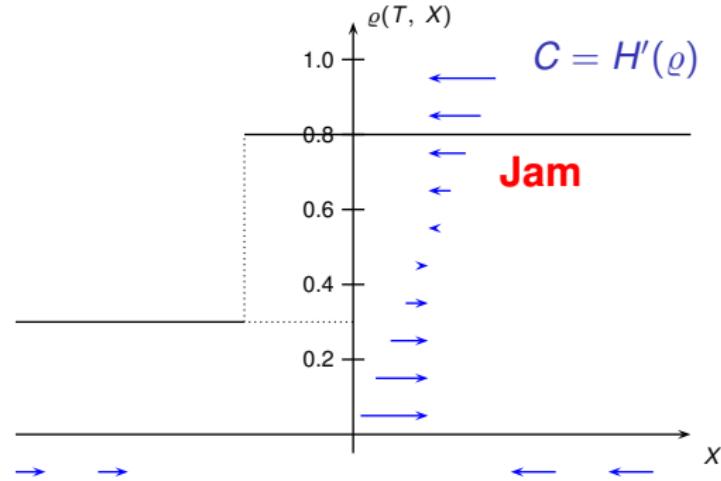
## Rescaled version: shock



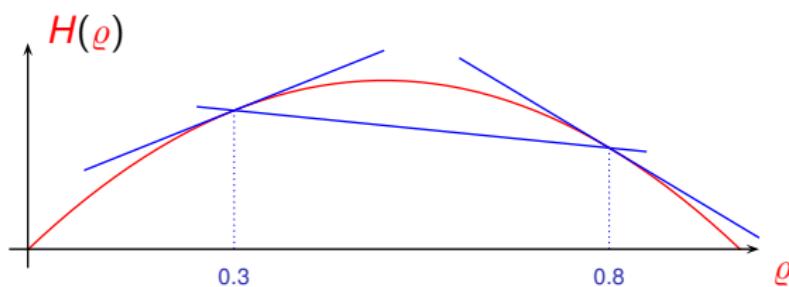
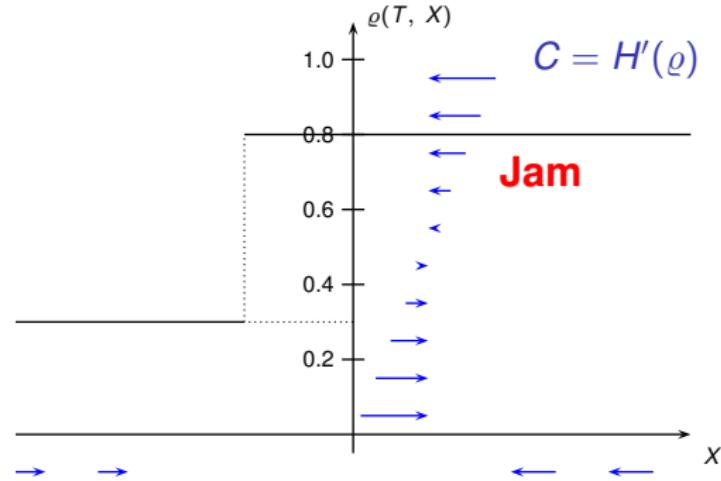
## Rescaled version: shock



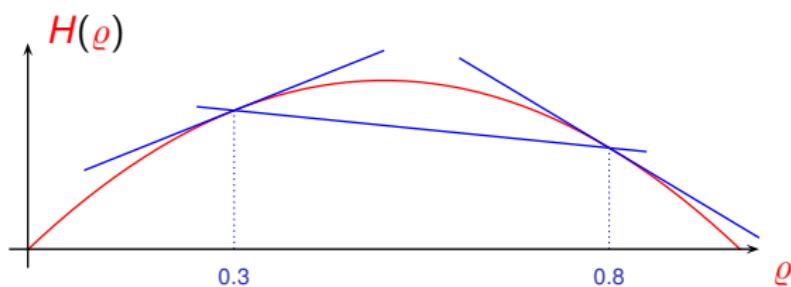
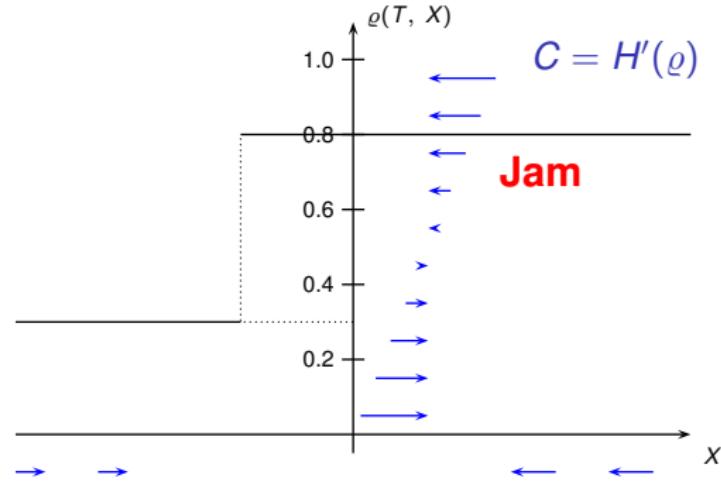
## Rescaled version: shock



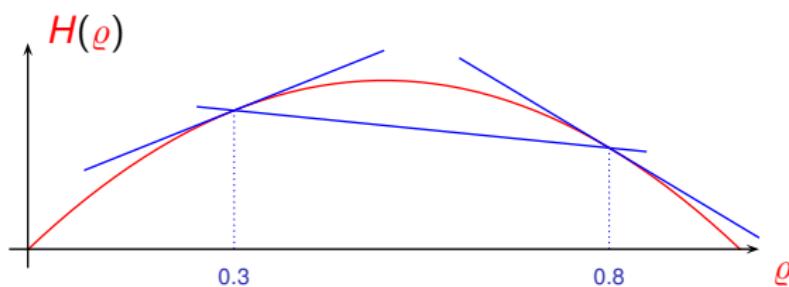
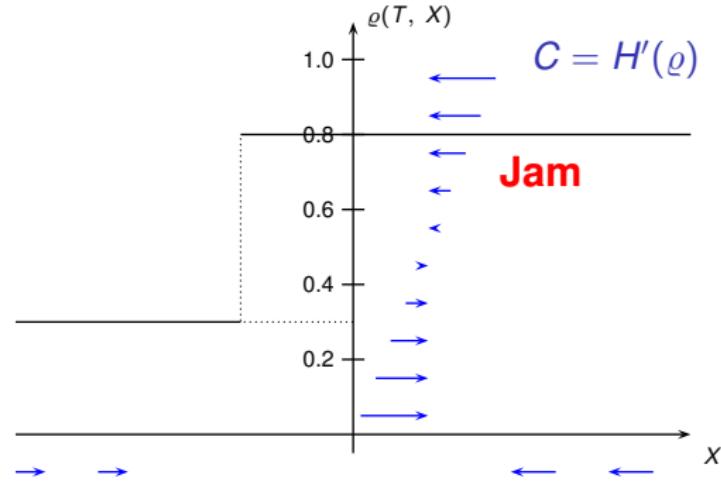
## Rescaled version: shock



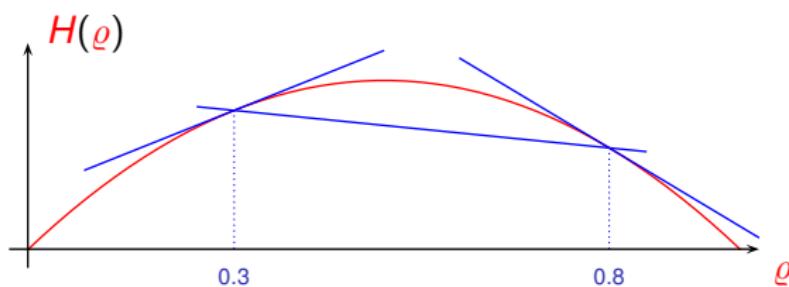
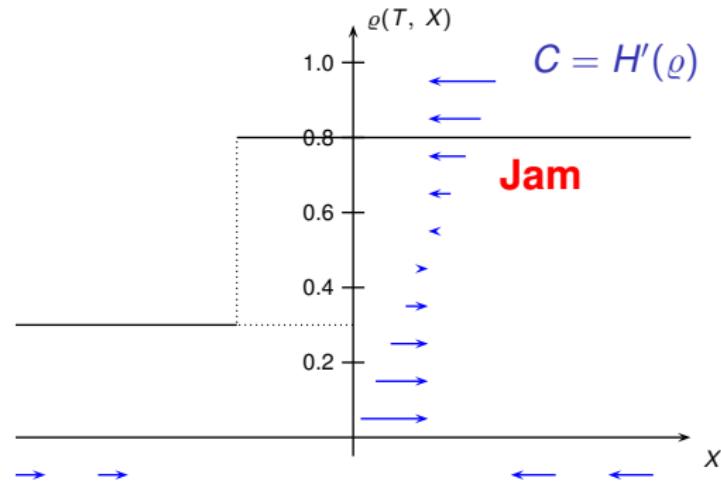
## Rescaled version: shock



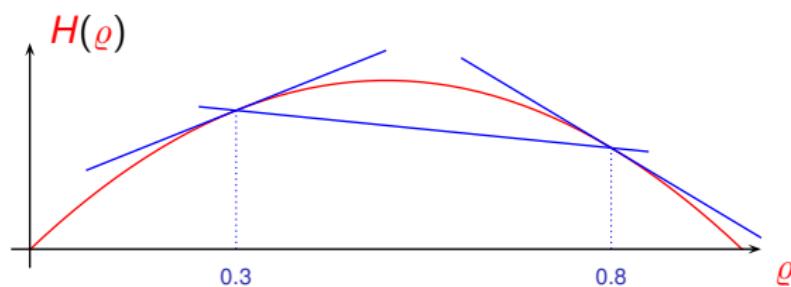
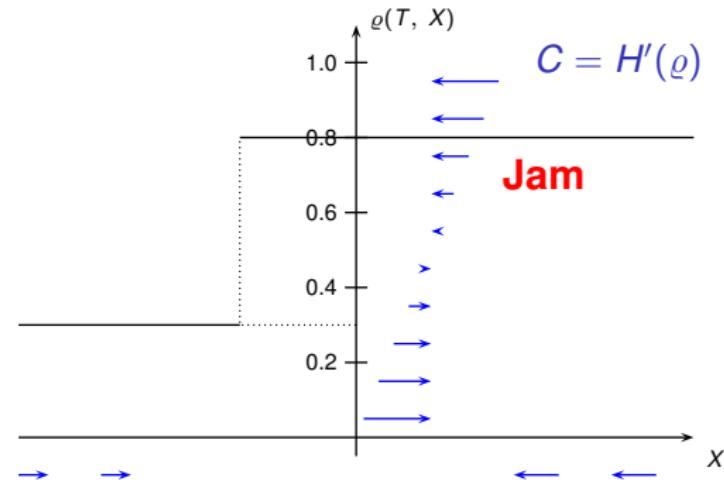
## Rescaled version: shock



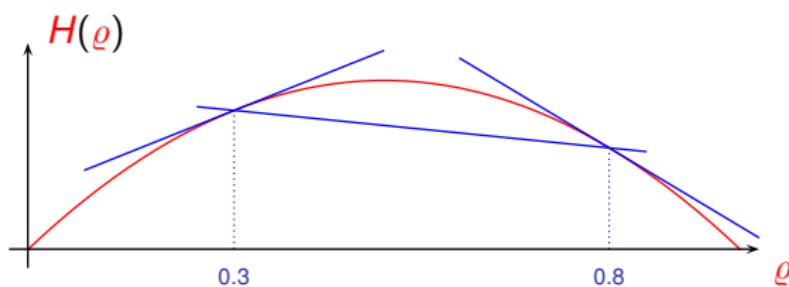
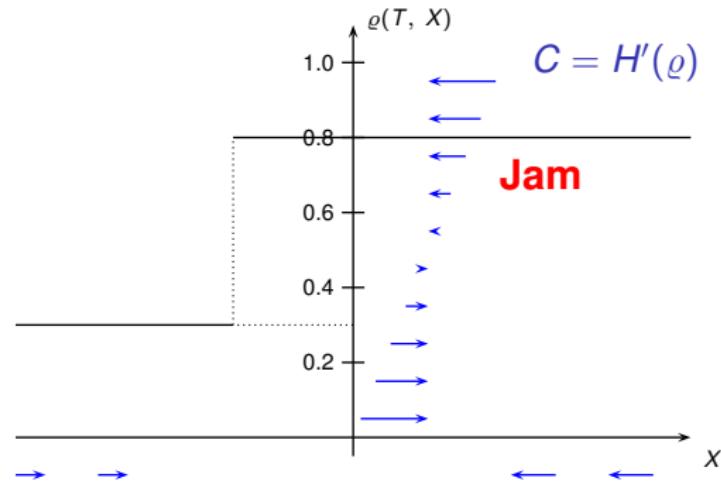
## Rescaled version: shock



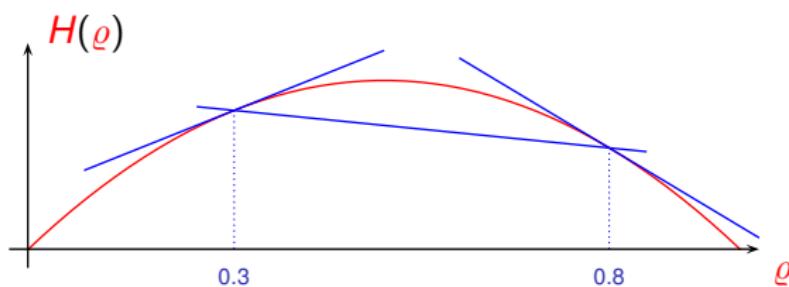
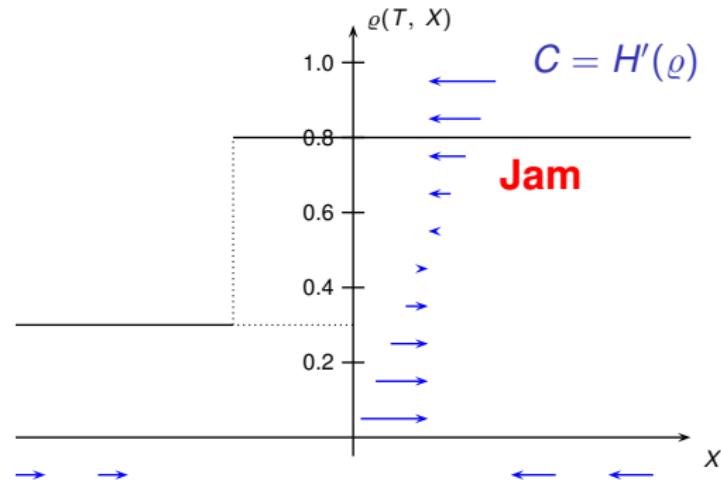
## Rescaled version: shock



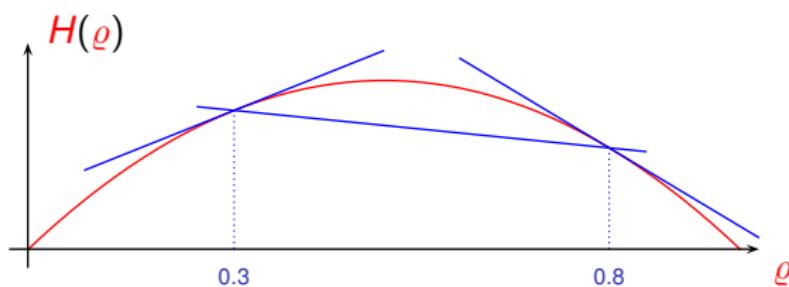
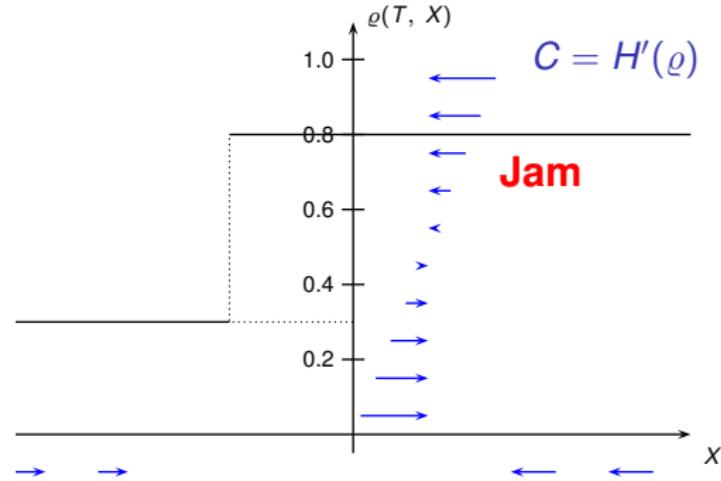
## Rescaled version: shock



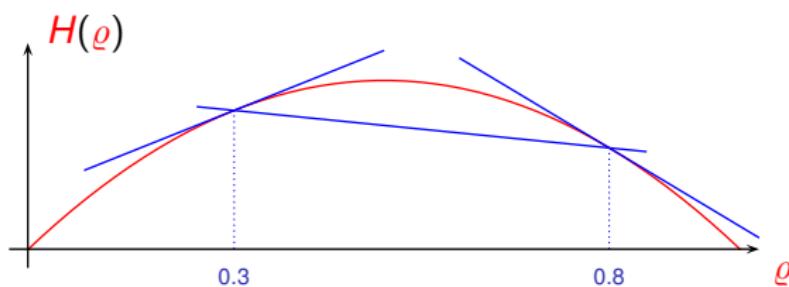
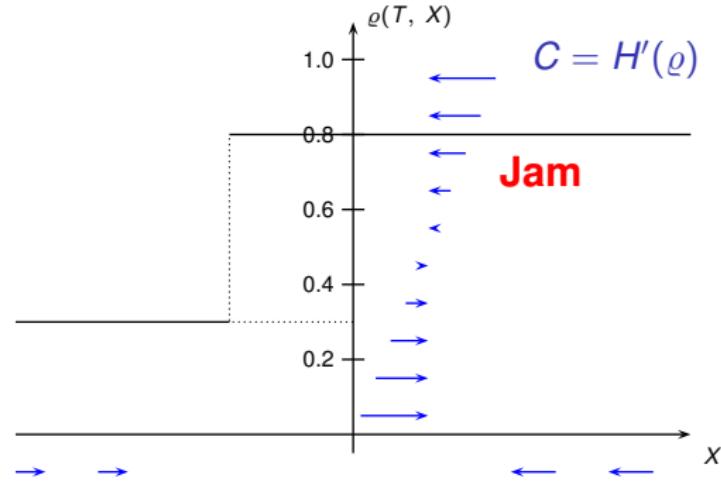
## Rescaled version: shock



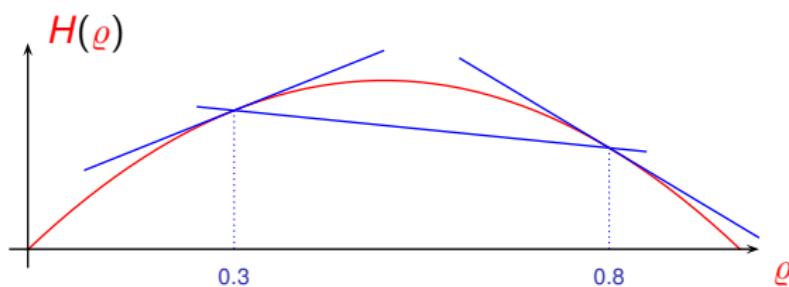
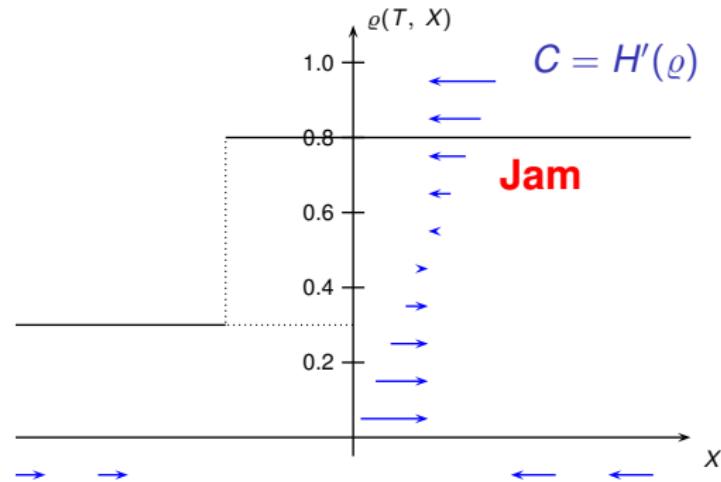
## Rescaled version: shock



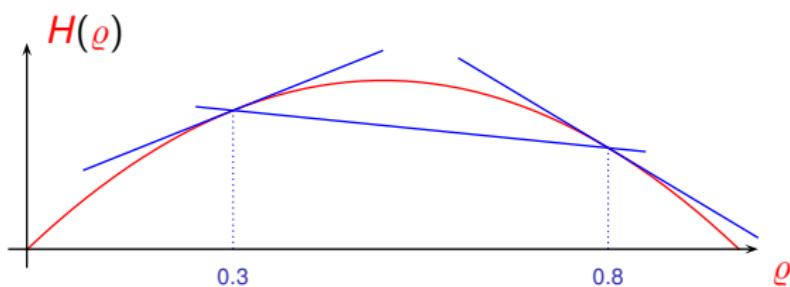
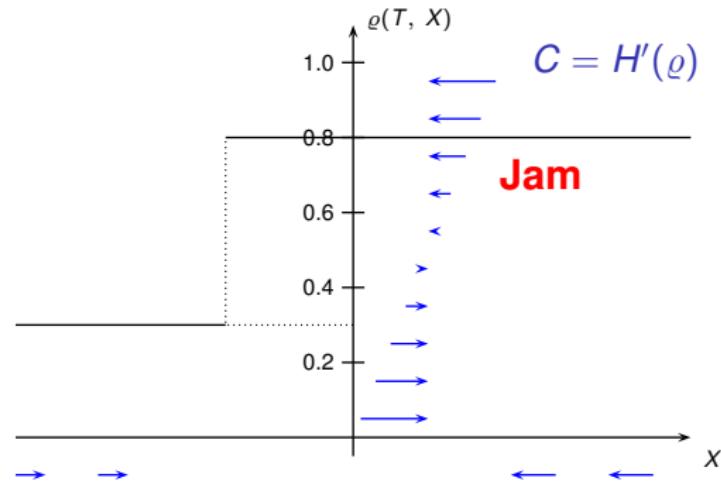
## Rescaled version: shock



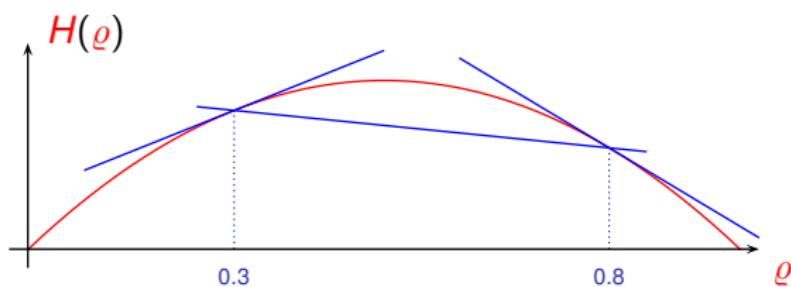
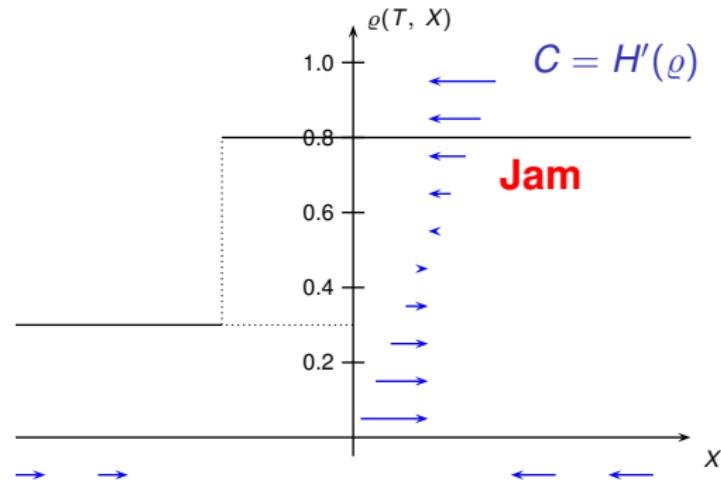
## Rescaled version: shock



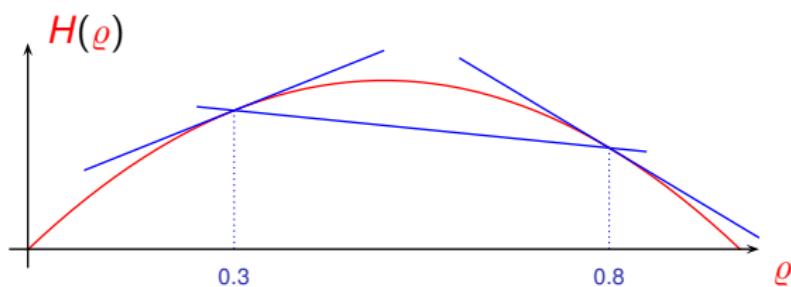
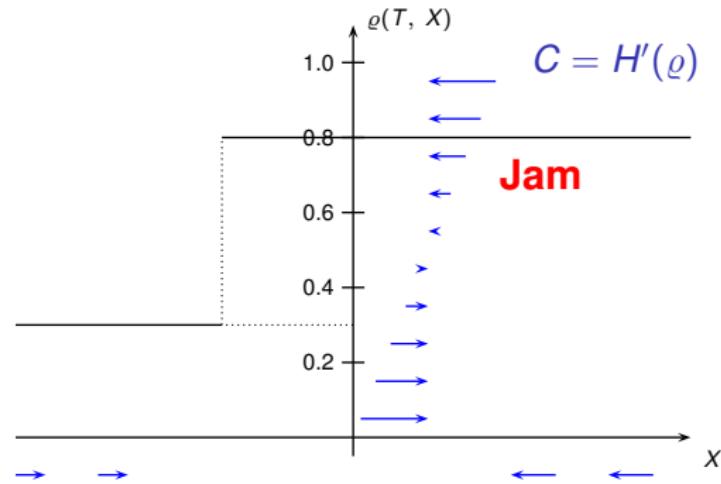
## Rescaled version: shock



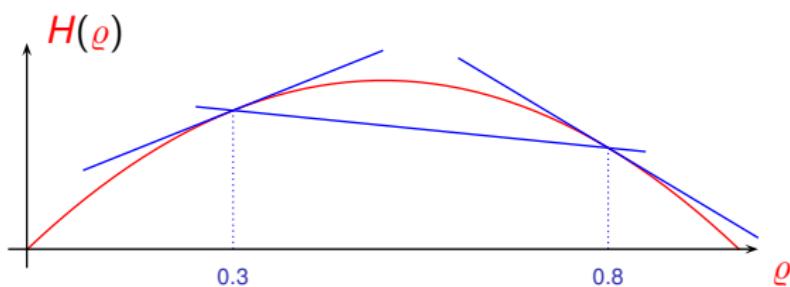
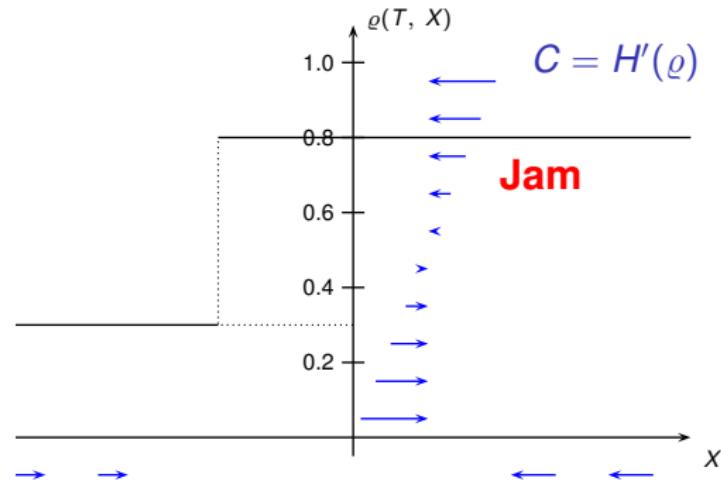
## Rescaled version: shock



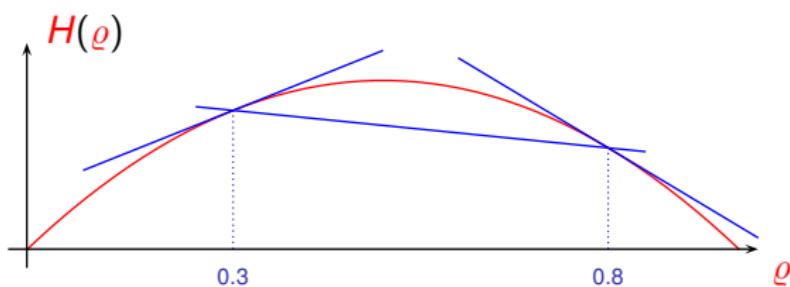
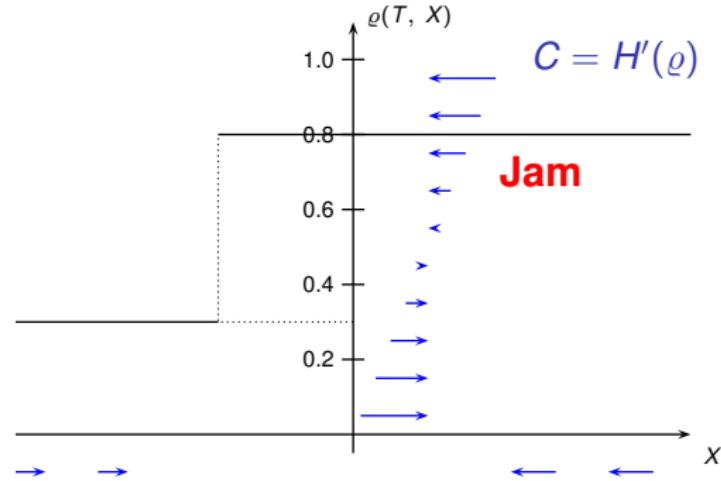
## Rescaled version: shock



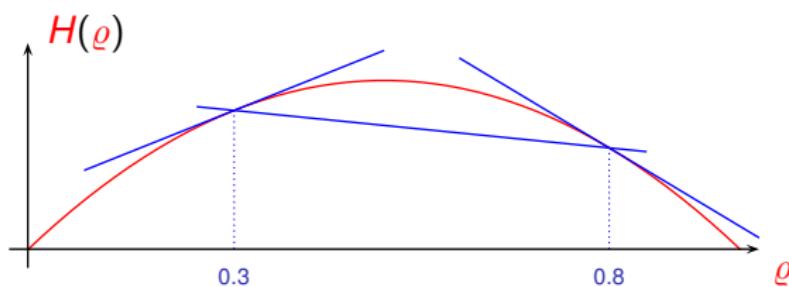
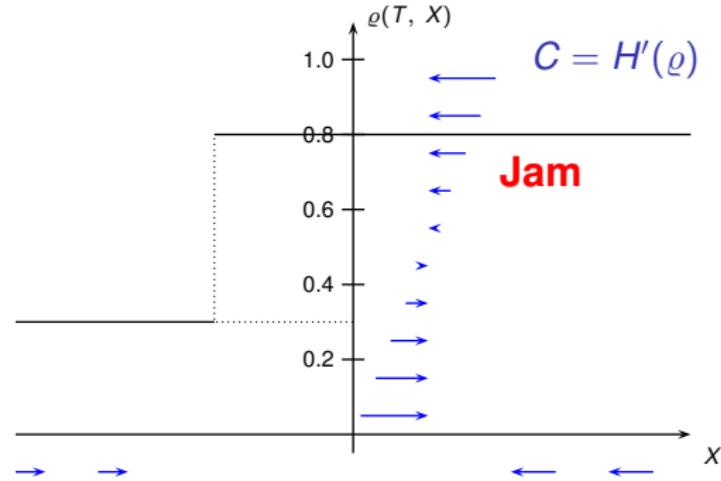
## Rescaled version: shock



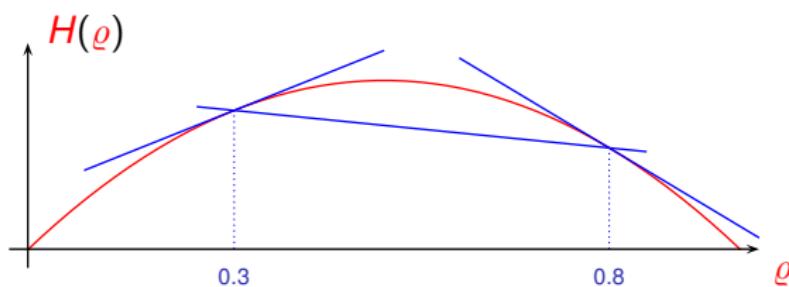
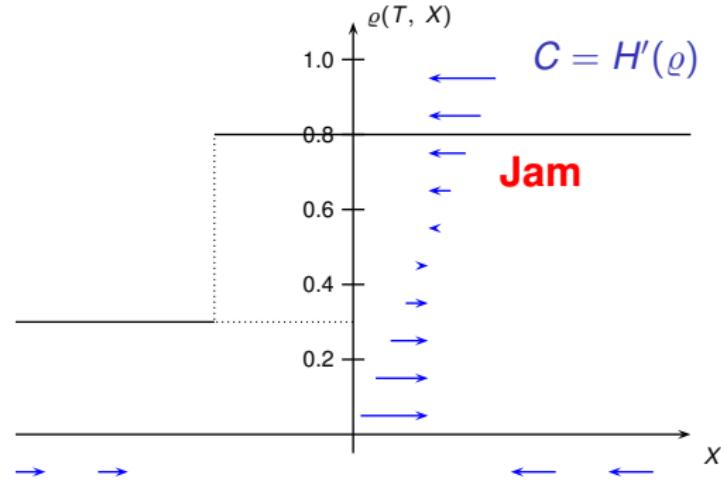
## Rescaled version: shock



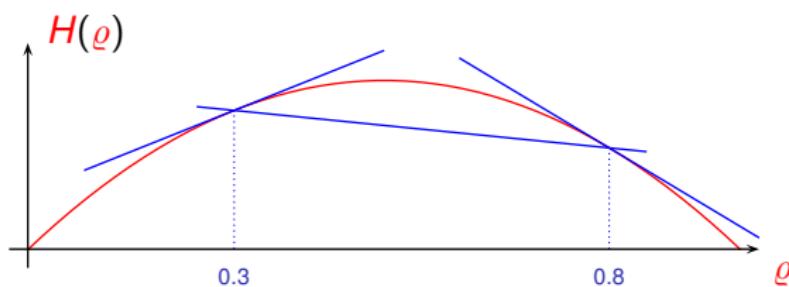
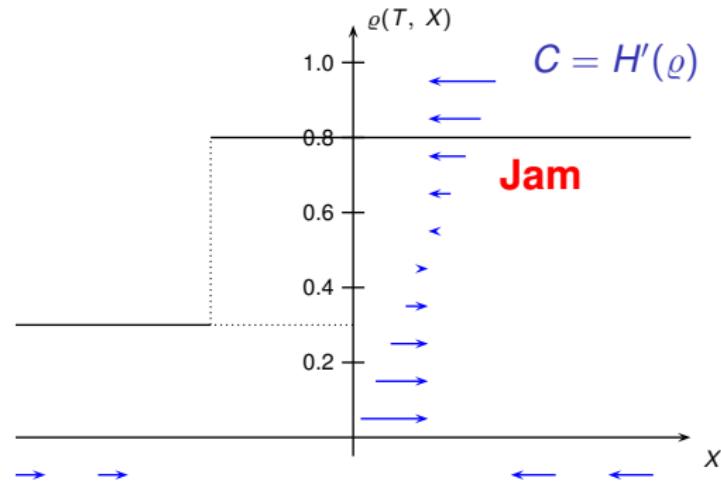
## Rescaled version: shock



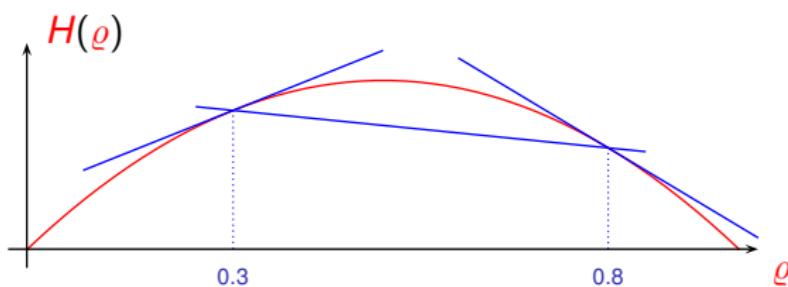
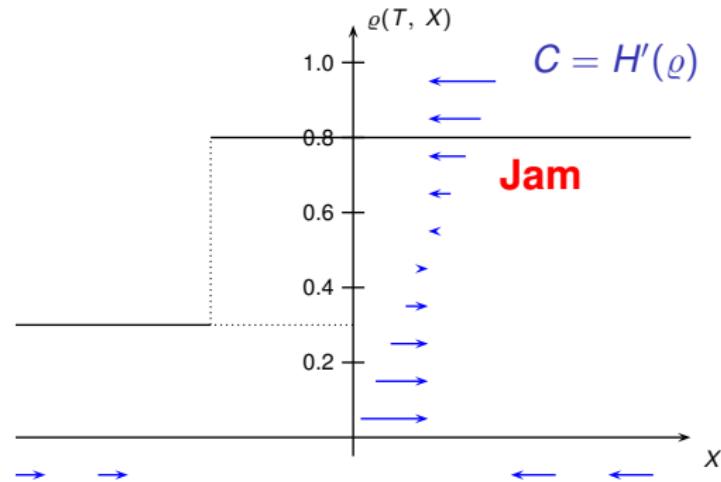
## Rescaled version: shock



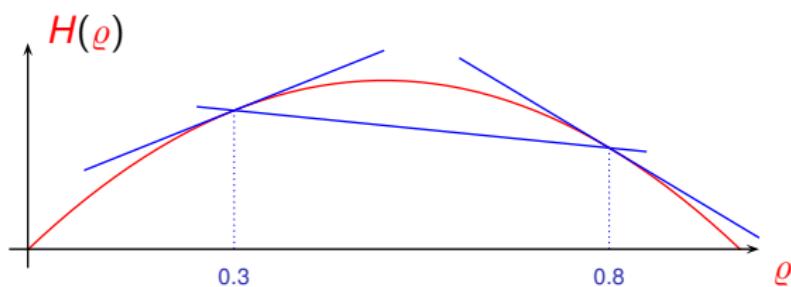
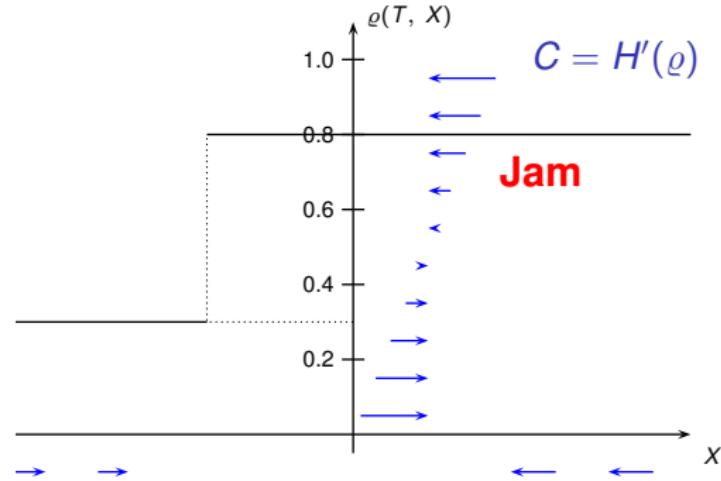
## Rescaled version: shock



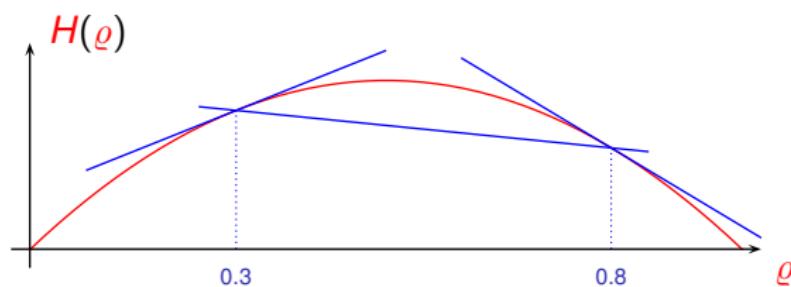
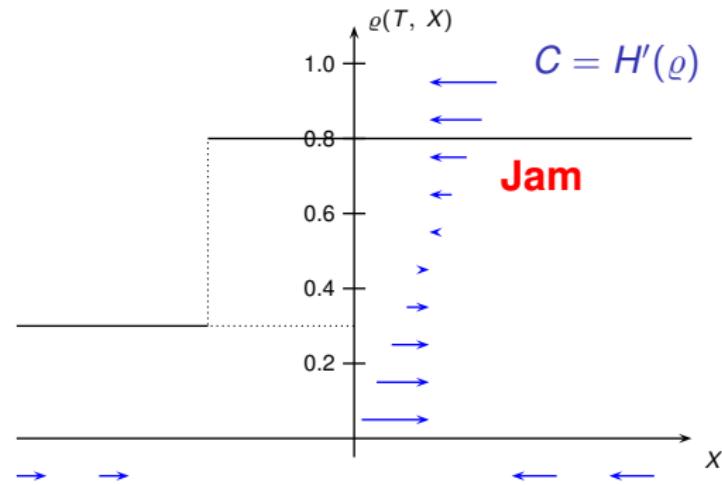
## Rescaled version: shock



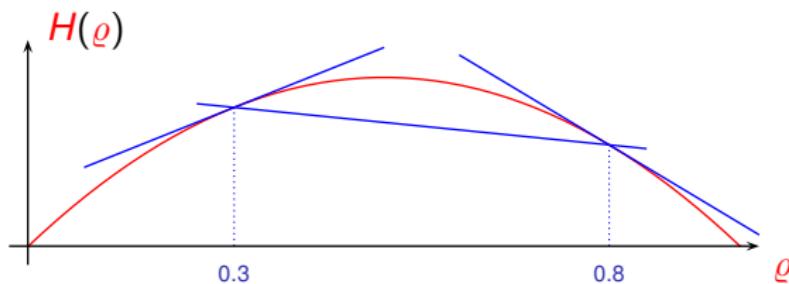
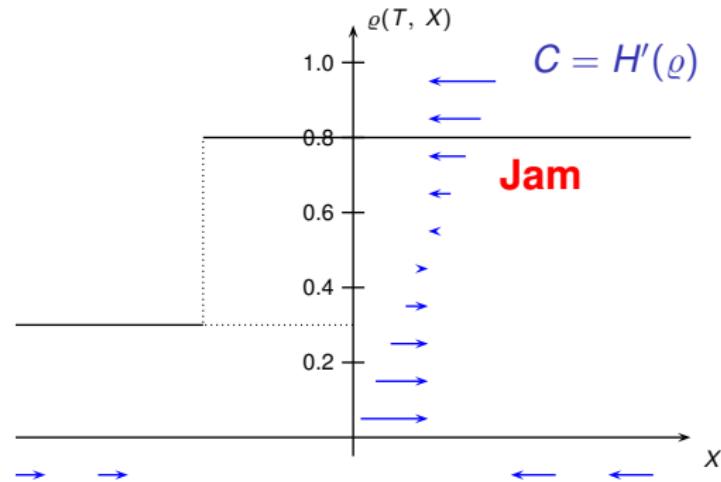
## Rescaled version: shock



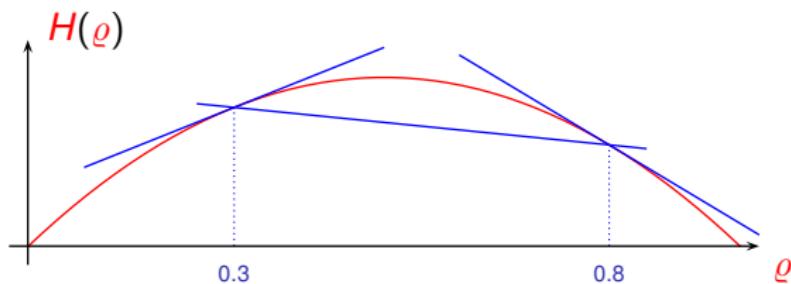
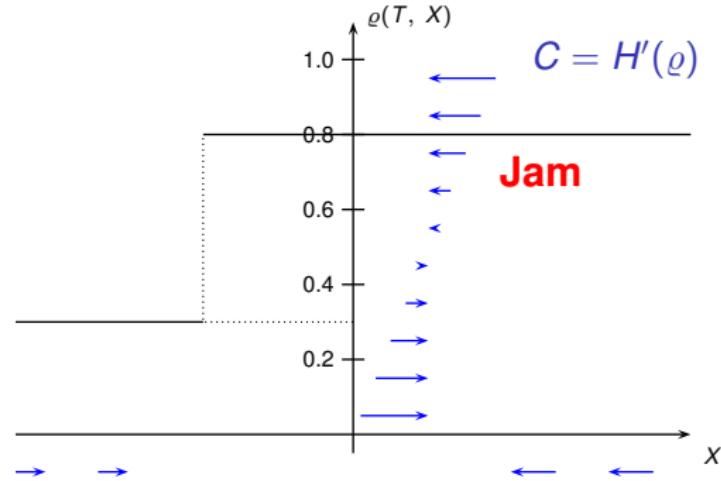
## Rescaled version: shock



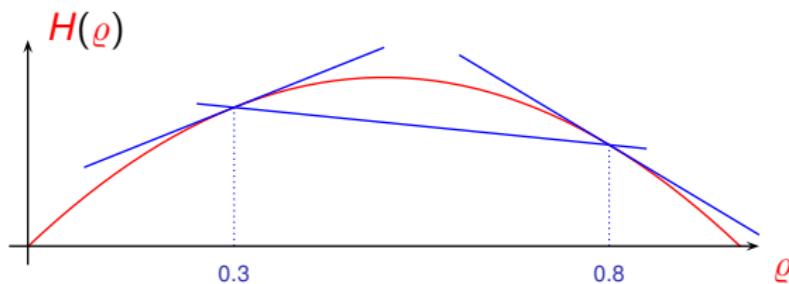
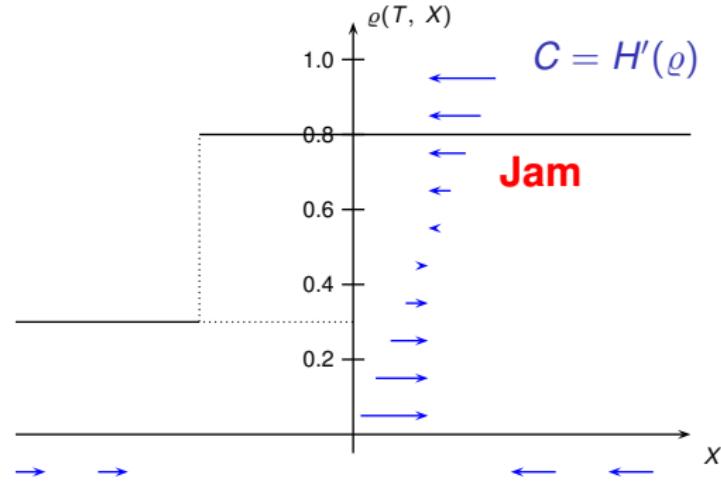
## Rescaled version: shock



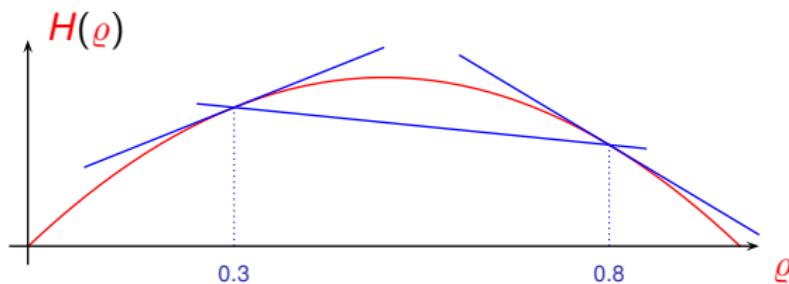
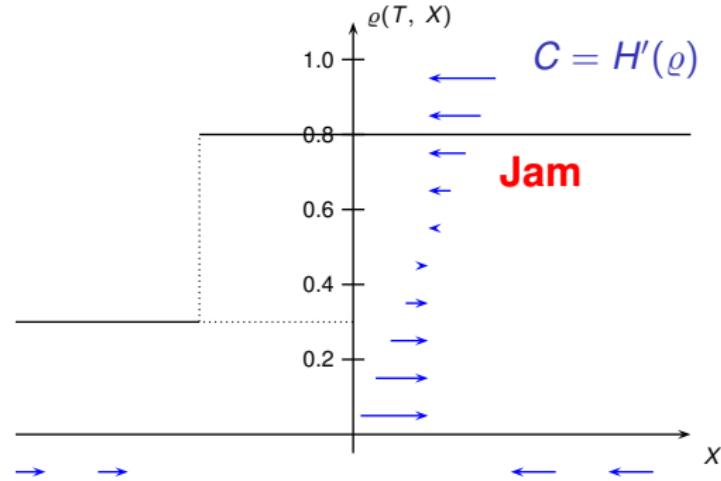
## Rescaled version: shock



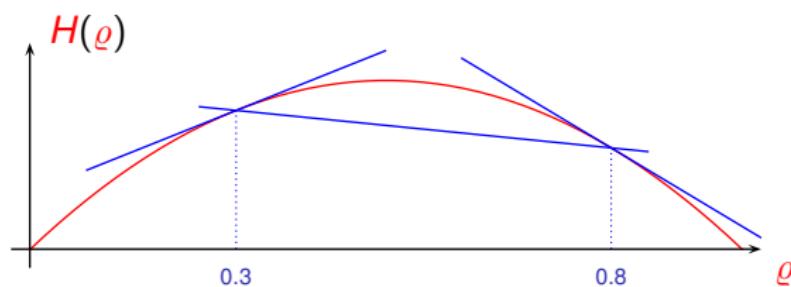
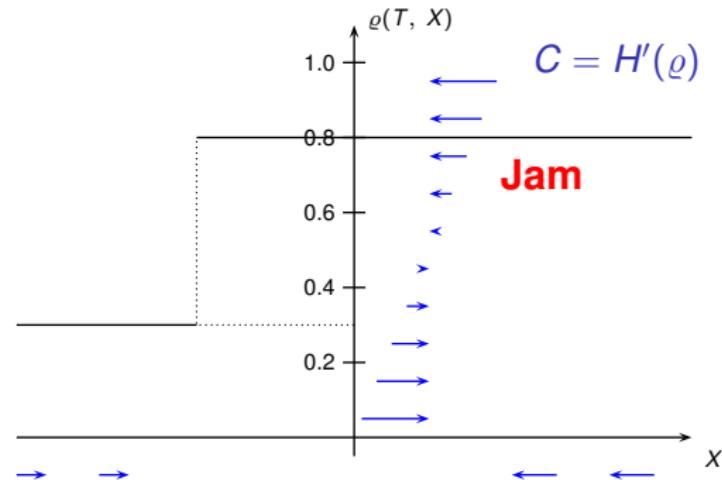
## Rescaled version: shock



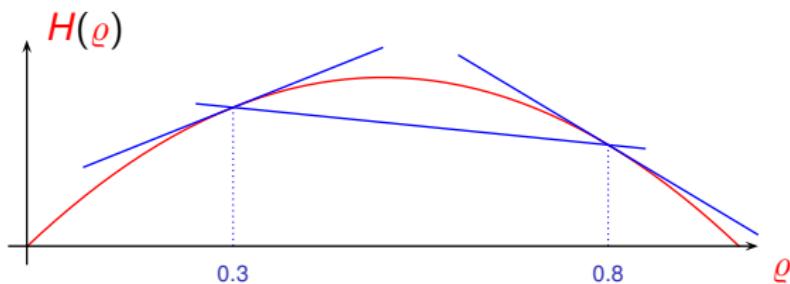
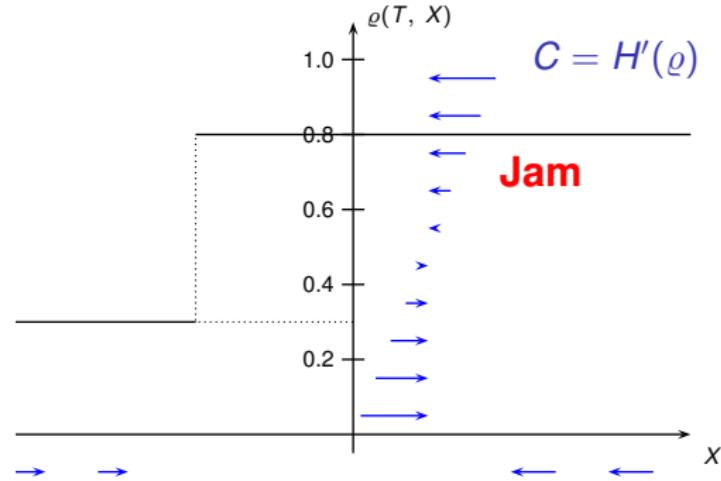
## Rescaled version: shock



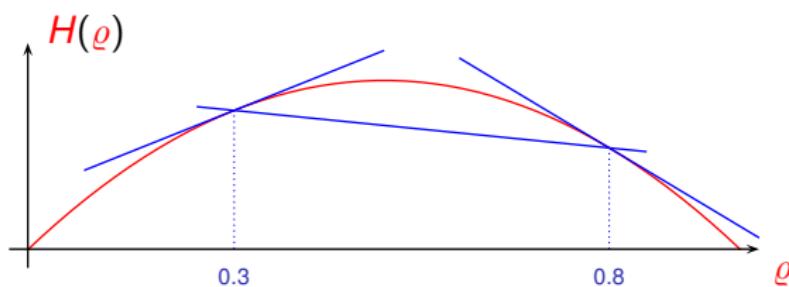
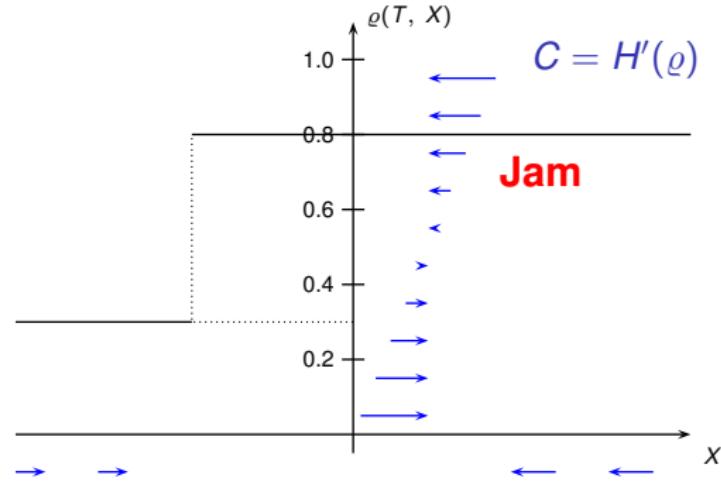
## Rescaled version: shock



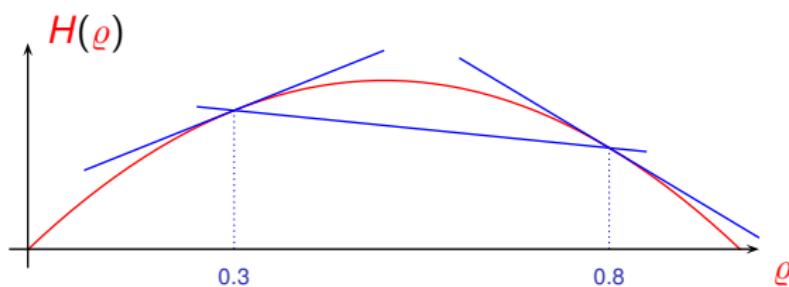
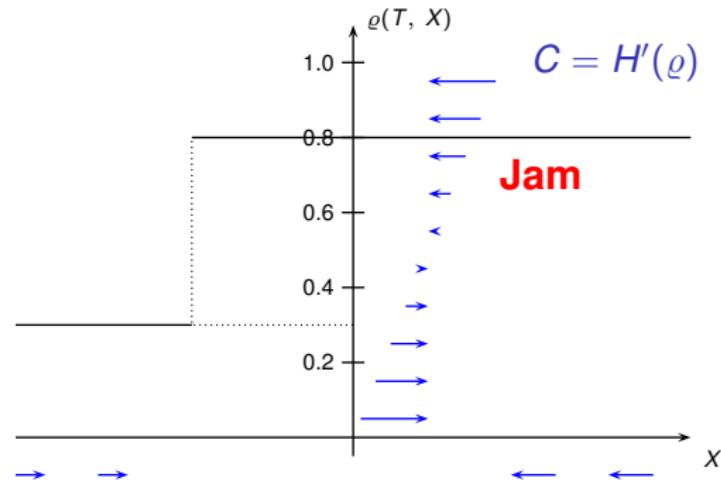
## Rescaled version: shock



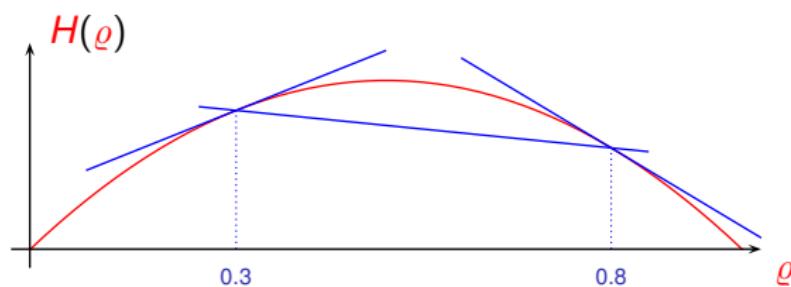
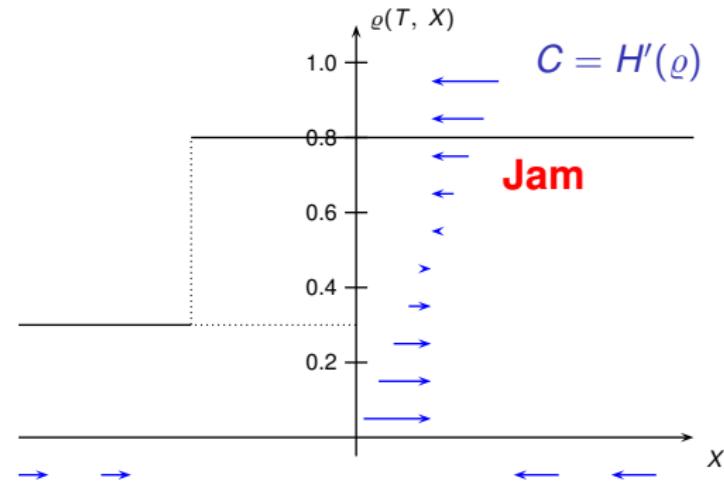
## Rescaled version: shock



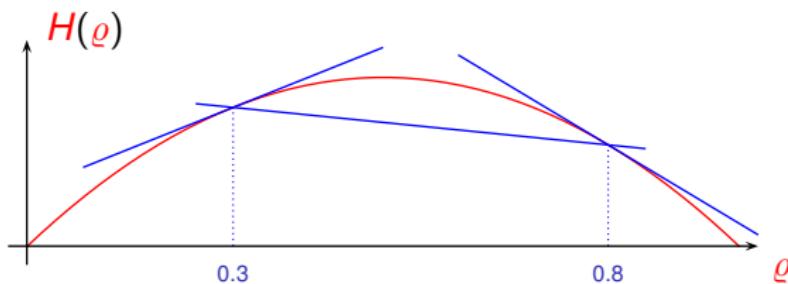
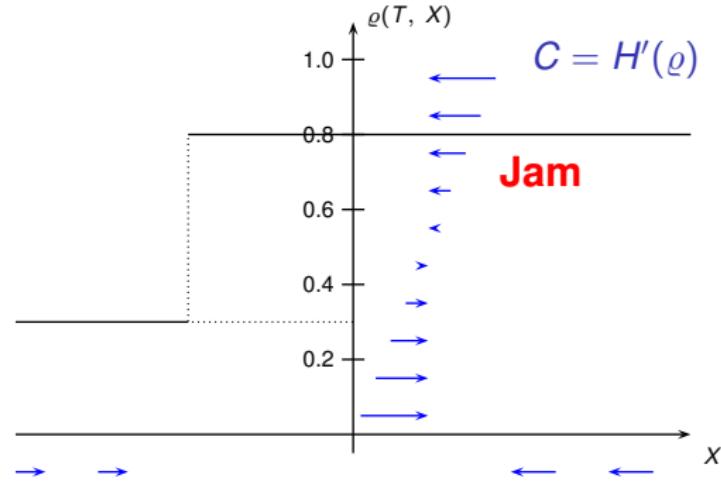
## Rescaled version: shock



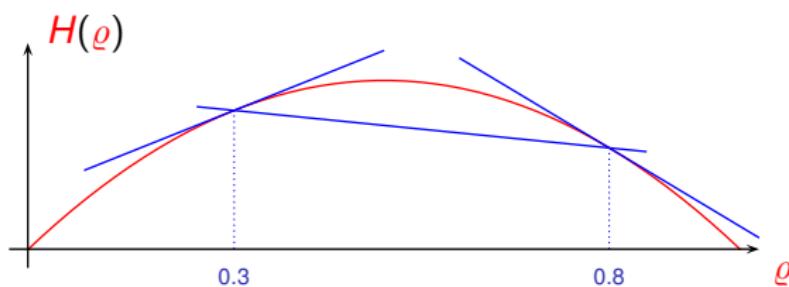
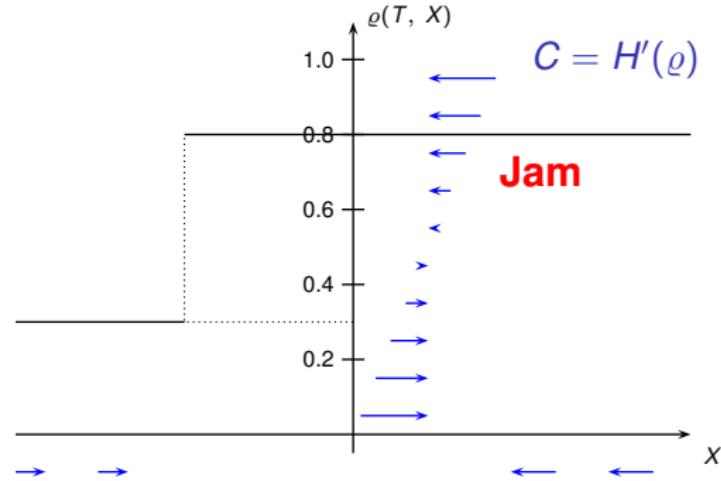
## Rescaled version: shock

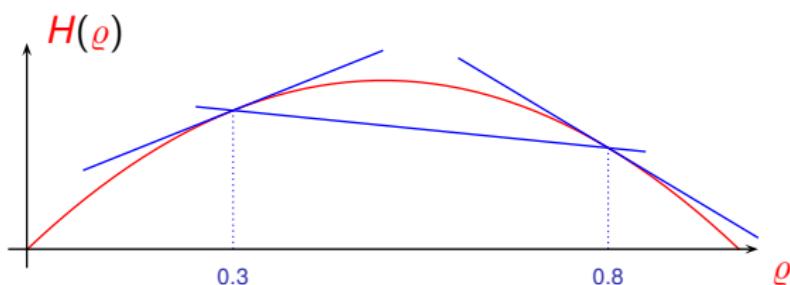
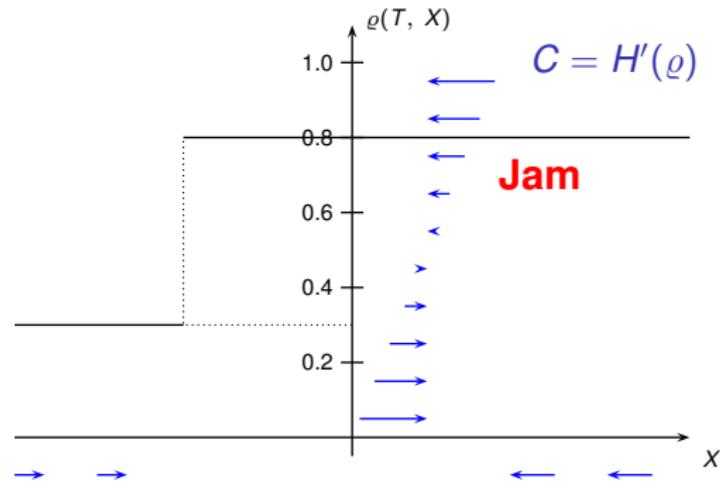


## Rescaled version: shock

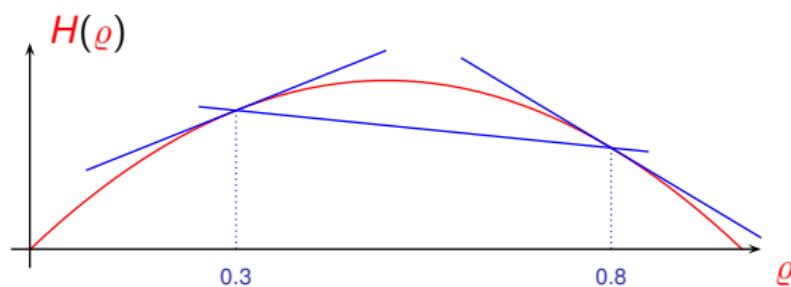
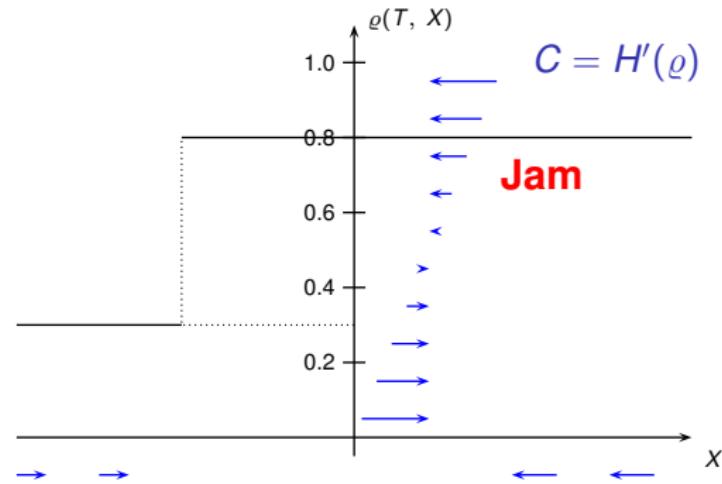


## Rescaled version: shock

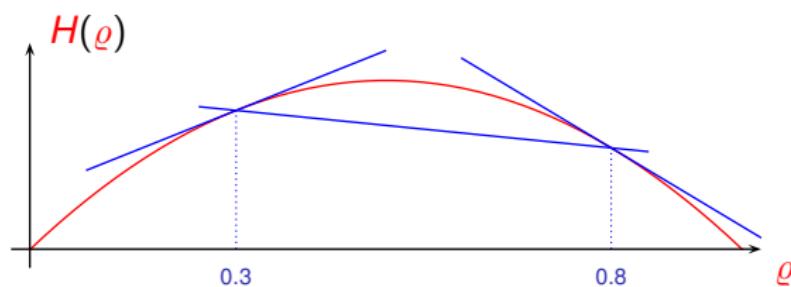
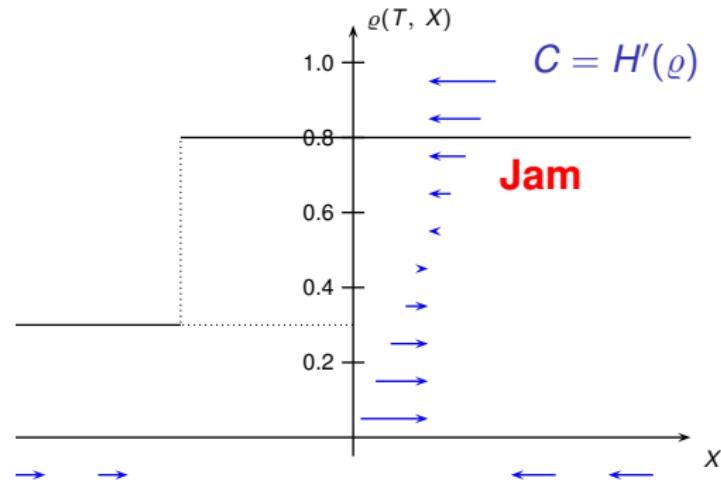




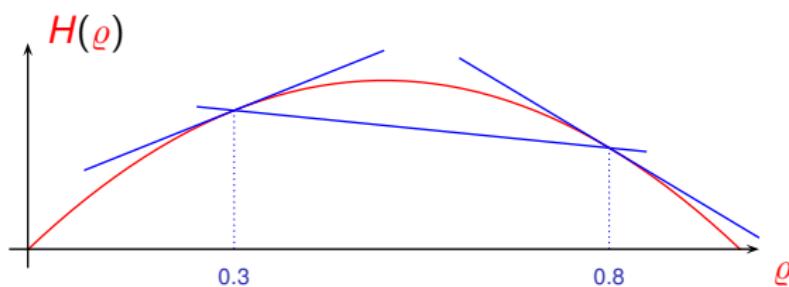
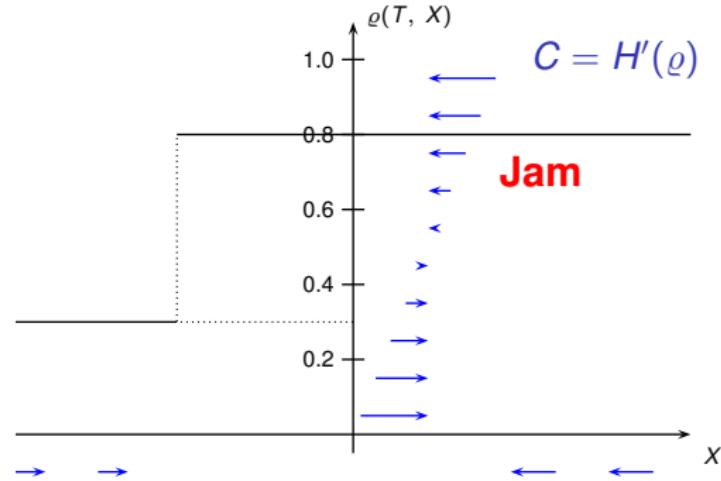
## Rescaled version: shock



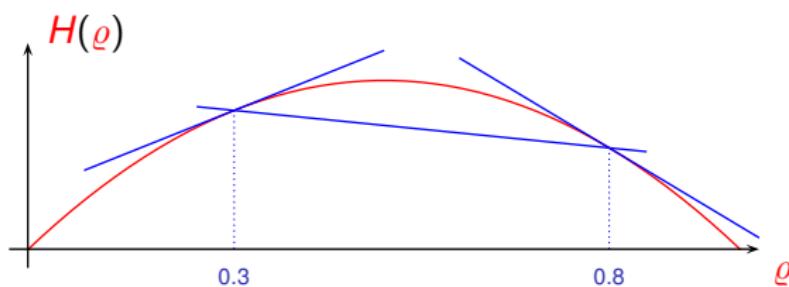
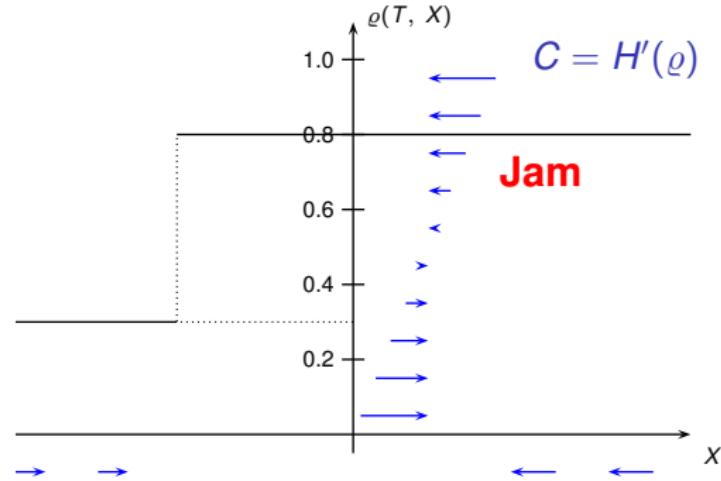
## Rescaled version: shock



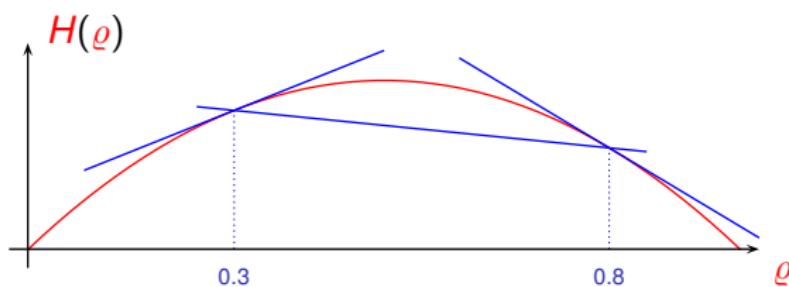
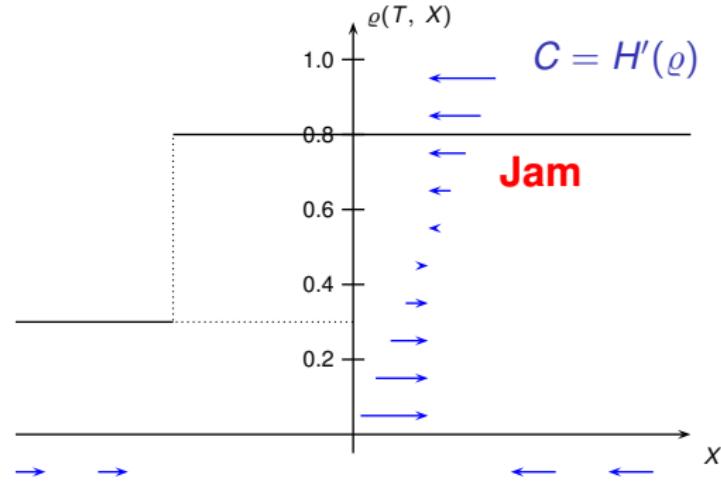
## Rescaled version: shock



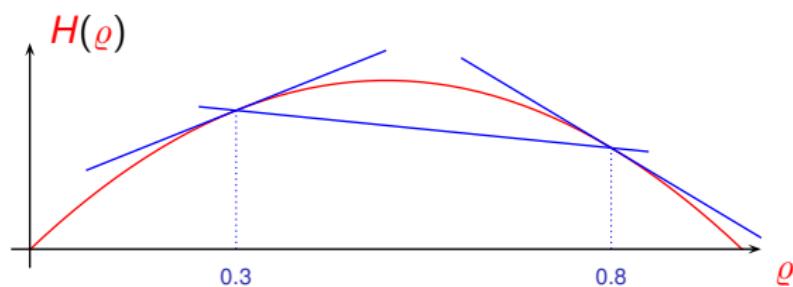
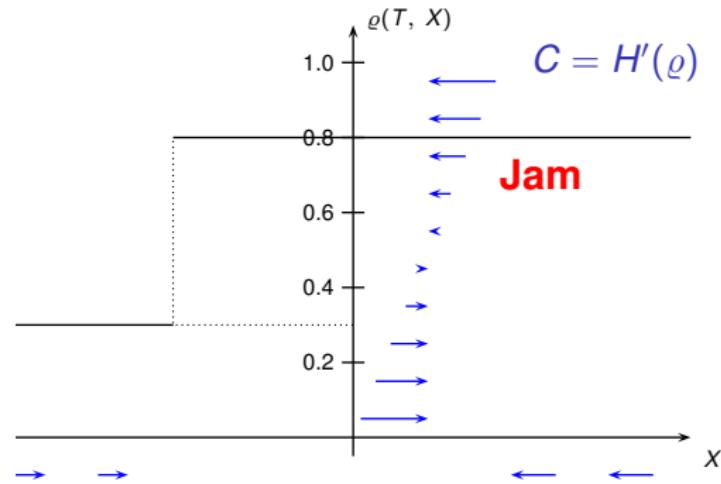
## Rescaled version: shock



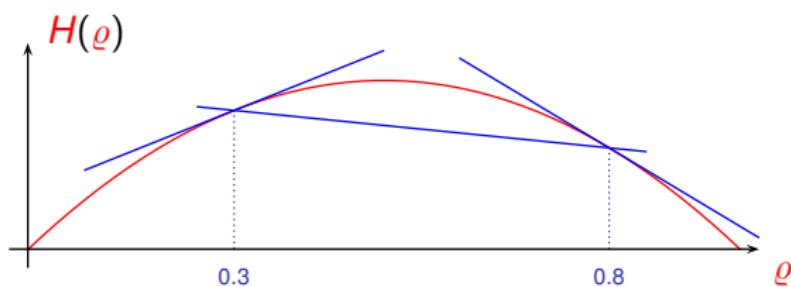
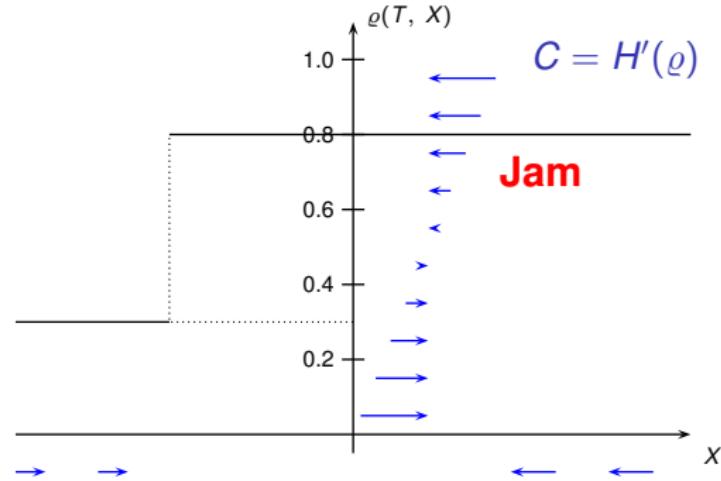
## Rescaled version: shock



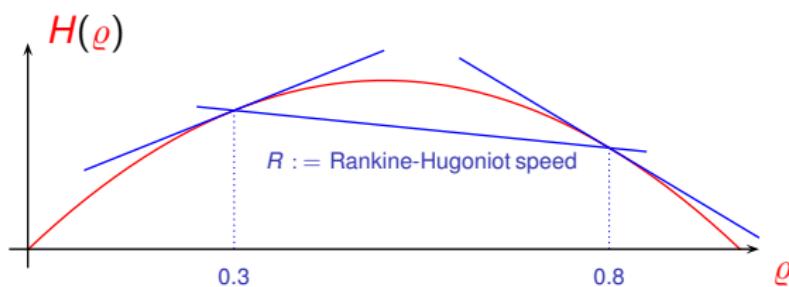
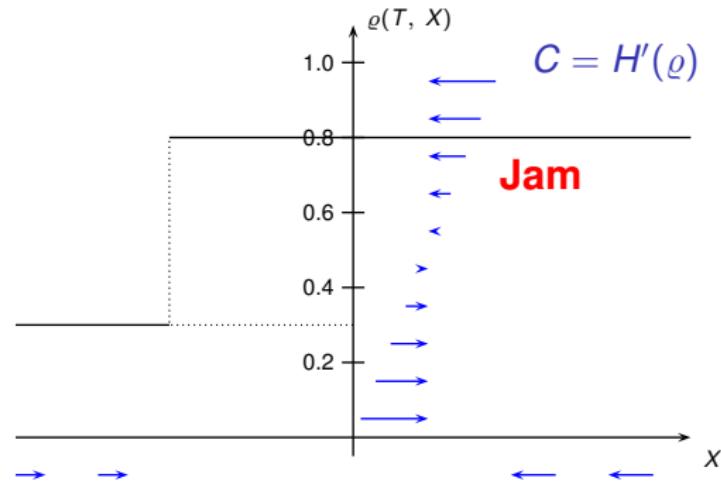
## Rescaled version: shock



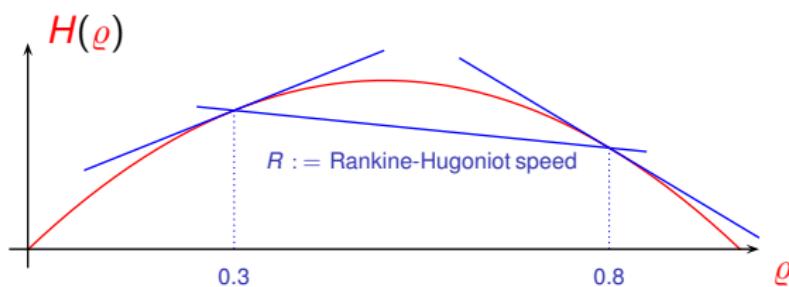
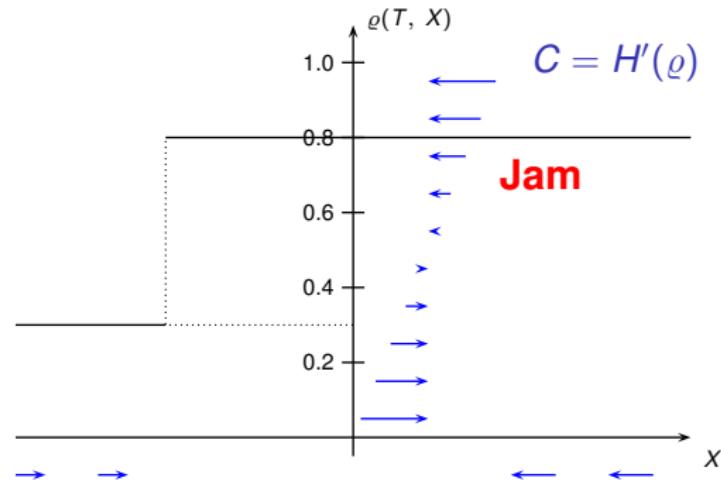
## Rescaled version: shock



## Rescaled version: shock



## Rescaled version: shock



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam

3



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



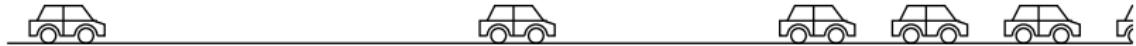
# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



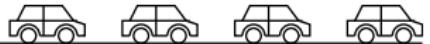
# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



# Arriving to a traffic jam



We notice the slow cars  $\rightsquigarrow$  strong braking immediately.

Arriving to a traffic jam is always sharp.

# Arriving to a traffic jam



We notice the slow cars  $\rightsquigarrow$  strong braking immediately.

Arriving to a traffic jam is always sharp.

This is one aspect that makes motorways dangerous places.

## Remarks.

- ▶ Of course there are much more sophisticated models for traffic modelling.

## Remarks.

- ▶ Of course there are much more sophisticated models for traffic modelling.
- ▶ <http://youtu.be/Suugn-p5C1M>

## Remarks.

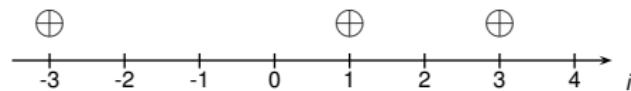
- ▶ Of course there are much more sophisticated models for traffic modelling.
- ▶ <http://youtu.be/Suugn-p5C1M>
- ▶ **TASEP** is already very interesting from the mathematics point of view, with many nice theorems and interesting open questions.

## Remarks.

- ▶ Of course there are much more sophisticated models for traffic modelling.
- ▶ <http://youtu.be/Suugn-p5C1M>
- ▶ **TASEP** is already very interesting from the mathematics point of view, with many nice theorems and interesting open questions.
- ▶ But we'll now go crazy with shocks and rarefaction fans.

# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

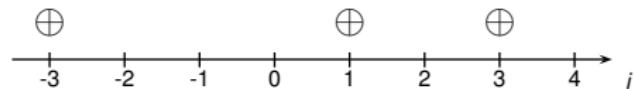
(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

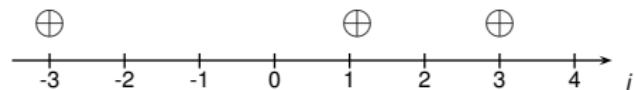
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

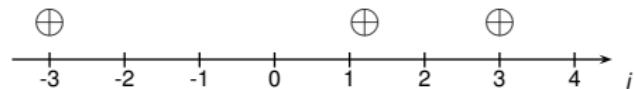
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

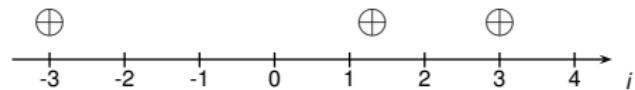
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

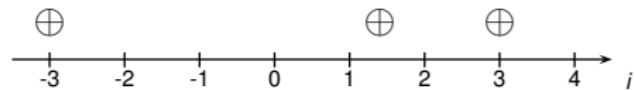
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

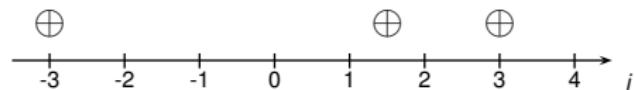
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

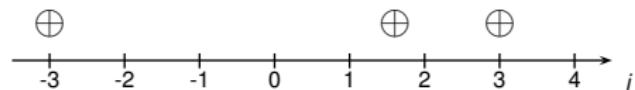
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

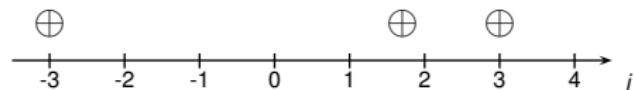
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

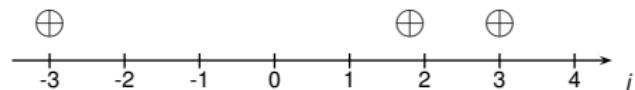
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

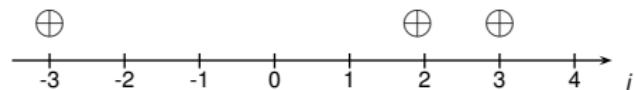
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

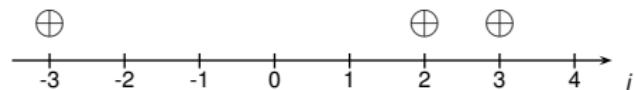
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

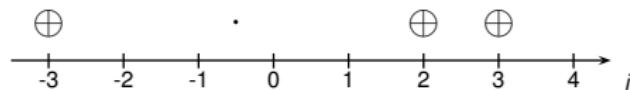
$\oplus$  to the right: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

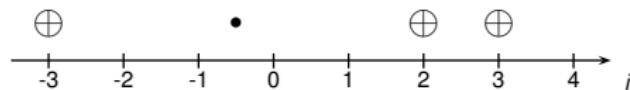
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

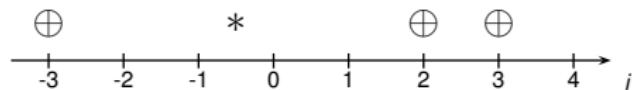
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

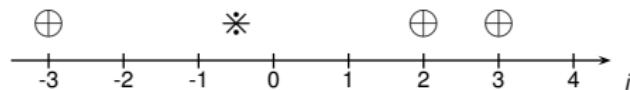
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

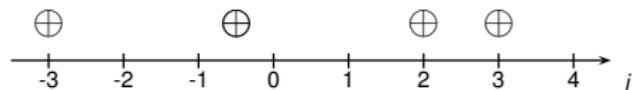
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

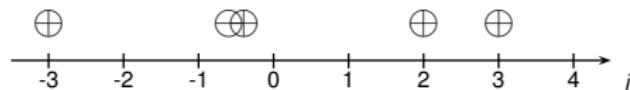
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

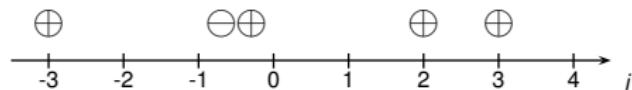
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

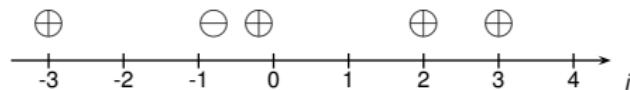
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

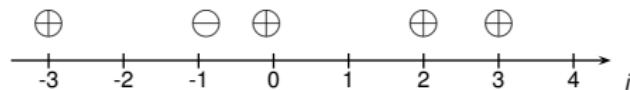
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

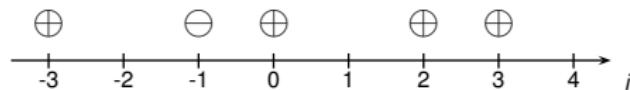
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

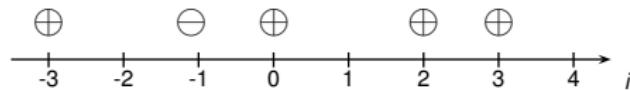
pair creation from vacuum: rate  $c$



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

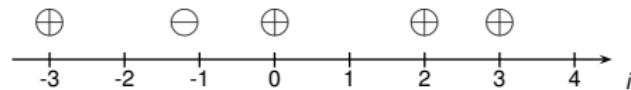
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

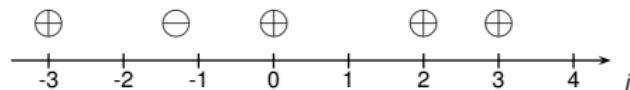
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

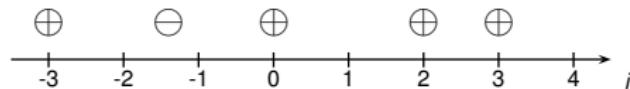
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

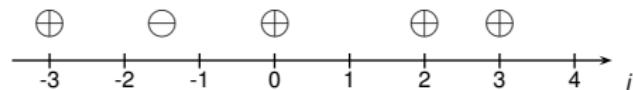
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

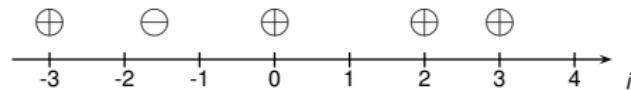
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

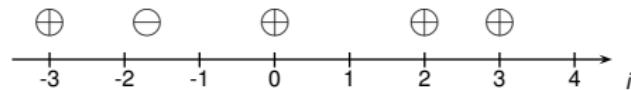
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

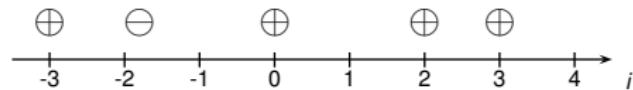
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

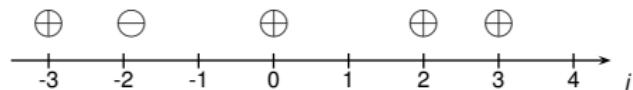
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

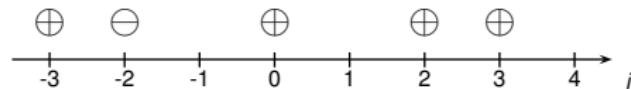
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

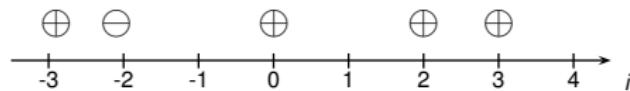
$\ominus$  to the left: rate 1



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

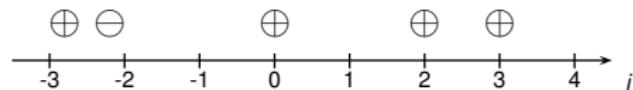
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

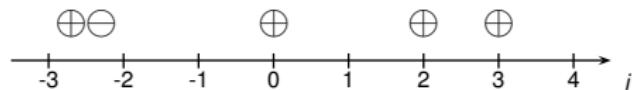
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

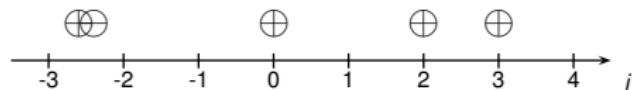
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

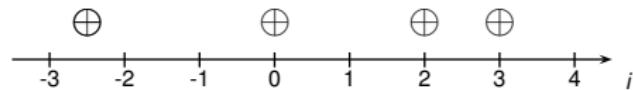
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

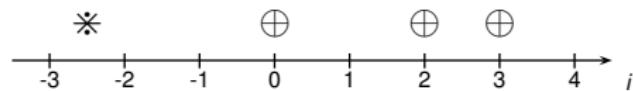
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

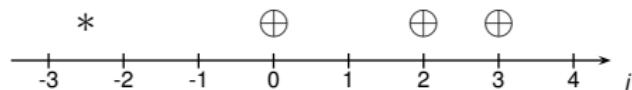
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

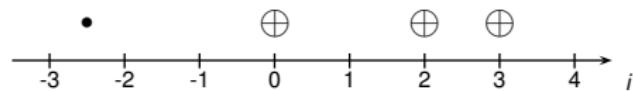
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

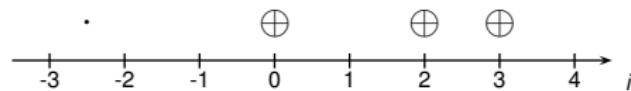
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

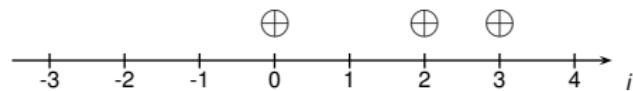
annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

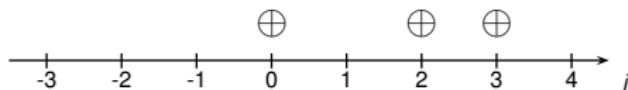
(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)

annihilation: rate 2



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

(Joint with A.L. Nagy, B. Tóth, I. Tóth)



The important stationary distributions are again i.i.d. on the set  $\{\ominus, 0, \oplus\}$ .

Calling  $\ominus = -1$ ,  $0 = 0$ ,  $\oplus = 1$ , the mean  $\varrho$  makes sense as a signed density of particles.

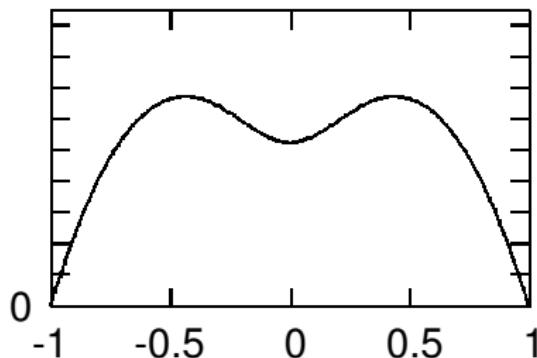
And  $H(\varrho)$  makes sense as a signed particle current.

## $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

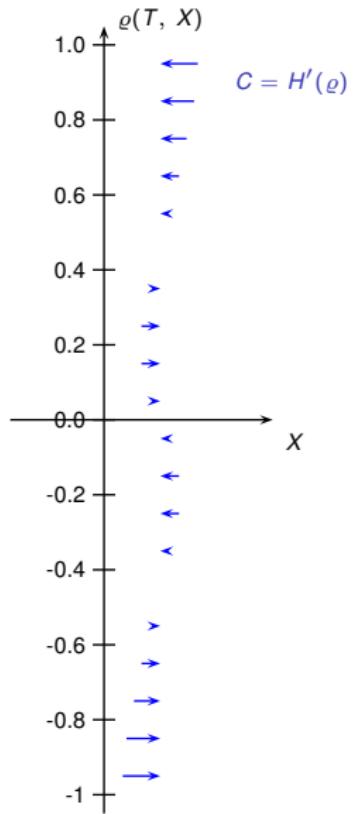
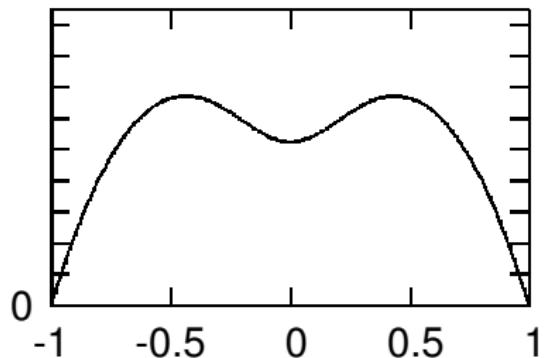
We still have

$$\partial_T \varrho(T, X) + \partial_X H(\varrho(T, X)) = 0.$$

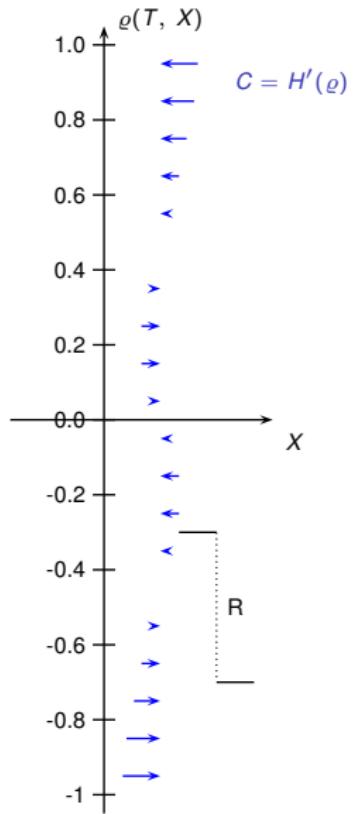
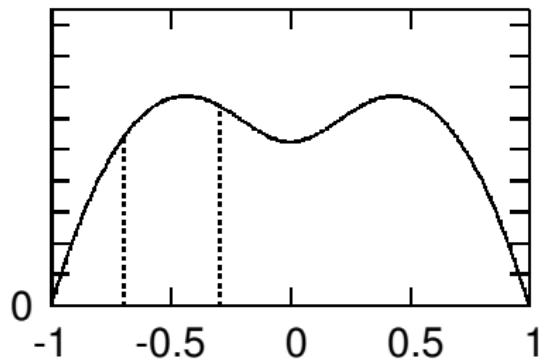
The hydrodynamic flux  $H(\varrho)$ , for certain  $c$ :



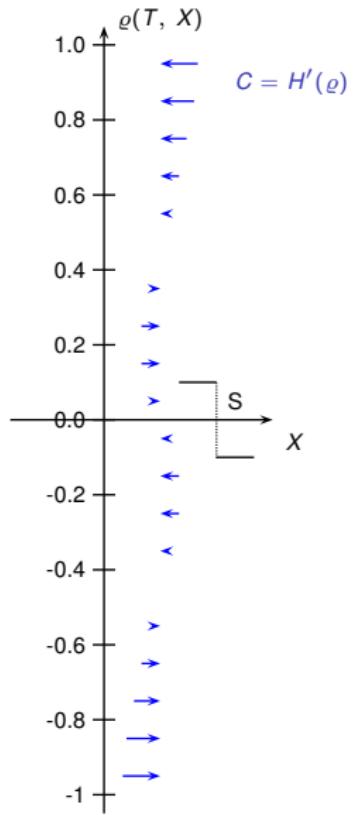
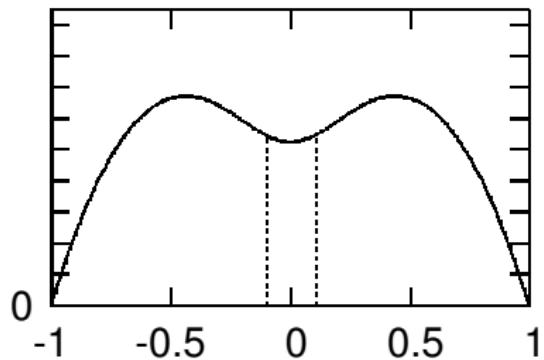
# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model



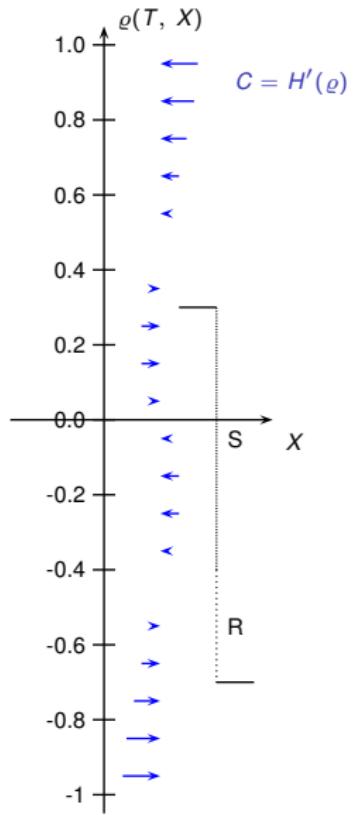
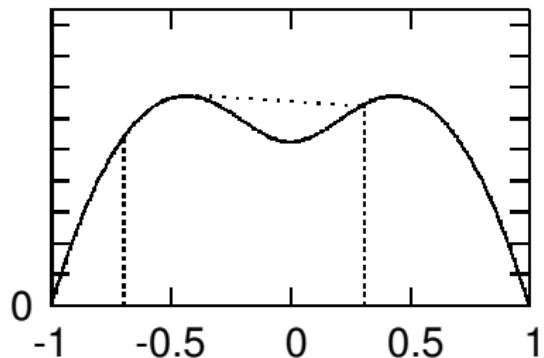
# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model



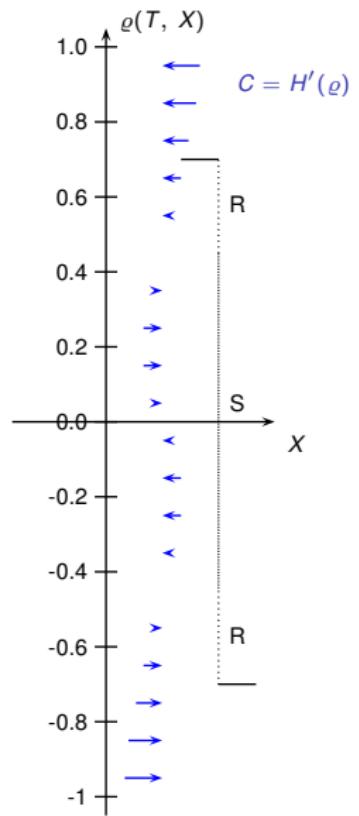
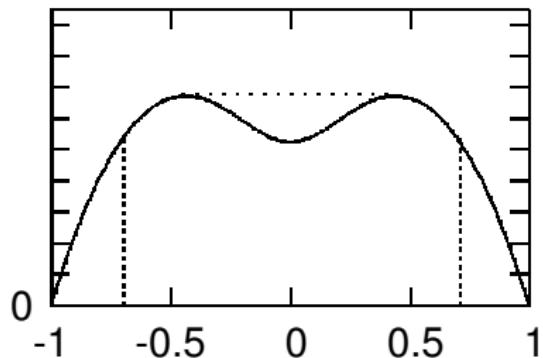
# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model



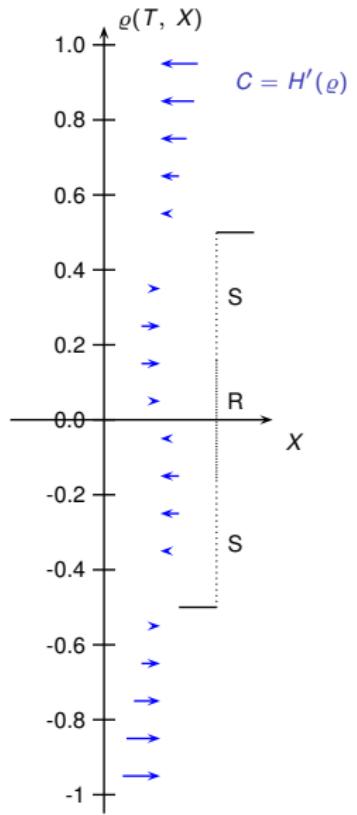
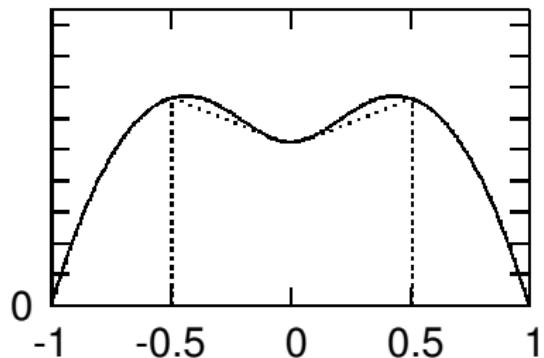
# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

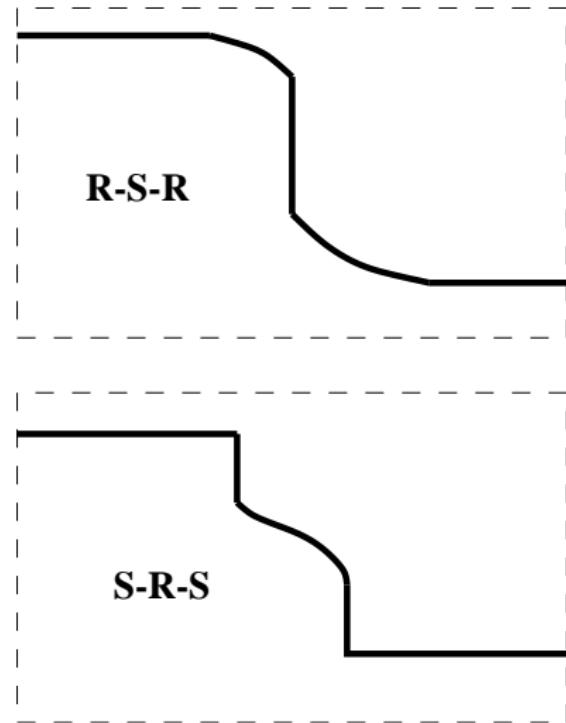


# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model



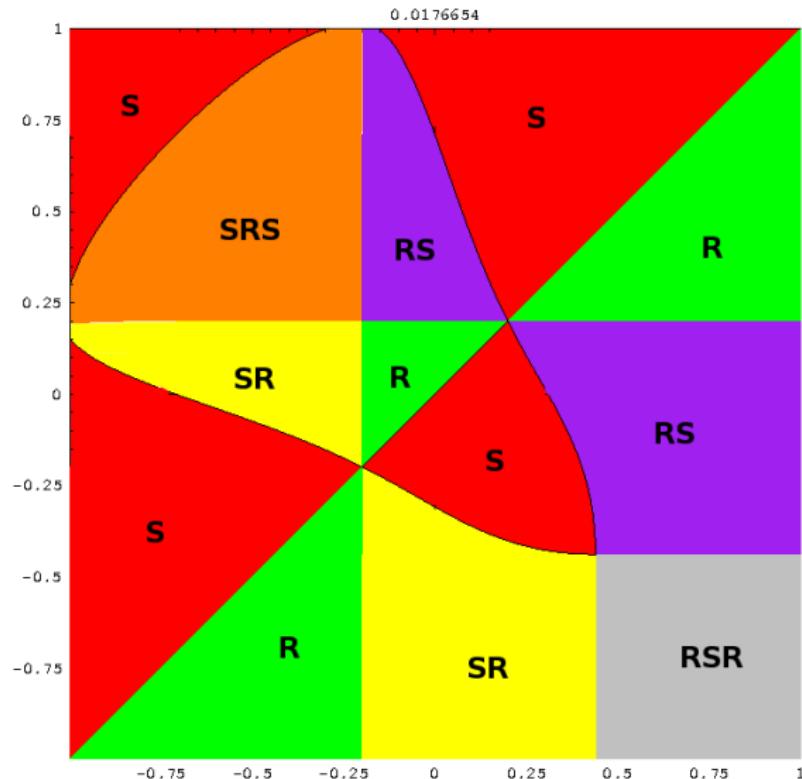
# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

Examples for  $\varrho(T, X)$ :



# $A \oplus \ominus 0$ model

Here is the full picture (**R**: rarefaction wave, **S**: Shock):



*Thank you.*